INTRODUCED BY LEE Healy E. Smith

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 69-5201, R.C.M. 1947, TO PERMIT THE HOSPITAL RELATED FACILITY KNOWN AS OUTPATIENT FACILITY -- B TO INCLUDE OBSERVATION BEDS."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 69-5201, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

"69-5201. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

injured, disabled, or sick persons. Services provided may or may not include obstetrical care. A health care facility in order to be licensed as a hospital must have an organized medical staff; shall provide twenty-four (24) hour nursing care by licensed professional nurses and shall be in compliance with the regulations for licensed hospitals as promulgated and adopted by the state department of health and environmental sciences.

1 (2) "Hospital related facility" means a facility 2 licensed by the department of health and environmental 3 sciences to provide any or all of the following: diagnosis; treatment; medical or nursing care or medically related 5 renabilitation services. Such facilities include, but are not limited to, outpatient facilities, public health 7 centers, rehabilitation facilities, long-term facilities. infirmaries. mental health and mental retardation institutions, alcohol and drug 10 centers and half-way houses. A health care facility in order 11 to be licensed as a "hospital related facility" shall be in 12 compliance with the regulations, for the specific category 13 of facility, as promulgated and adopted by the state 14 department of health and environmental sciences.

(a) "Outpatient facility" means a place, located in or apart from a hospital, which provides to ambulatory patients not requiring hospitalization the services of persons licensed to practice medicine or dentistry in the state of Montana, and which makes provision for its patients to receive a reasonably full range of physical or mental diagnostic and treatment services.

22 (i) "Outpatient facility - A" is operated as an organizational component of a hospital and may establish observation beds. "Observation beds" are those beds established for use by an outpatient recovering from minor

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- surgery or other treatment and will be occupied for a period of time not in excess of six (6) hours.
- 3 (ii) "Outpatient facility B" is operated apart from a 4 hospital and may not include observation beds.

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- (b) "Public health centers" means a publicly owned facility utilized by a local health unit for the provision of public health services, including related public facilities such as laboratories, clinics, and administrative offices operated in connection with public health centers.
- 10 (c) "Rehabilitation facility" means a facility
  11 providing community service which is operated for the
  12 primary purpose of assisting in the rehabilitation of
  13 disabled persons through an integrated program under
  14 competent professional supervision including: medical
  15 services and evaluation; and psychological, social and
  16 vocational services and evaluation.
  - d) "Long-term care facility" means a place which provides skilled nursing care to a total of two (2) or more persons or personal care to more than three (3) persons, who by reason of illness or disability are unable to properly care for themselves and are not related to the owner or administrator by blood or marriage, and may be defined as follows:
- (i) "Skilled nursing facilities" are establishmentsfurnishing continuous skilled nursing care and related

- l services twenty-four (24) hours a day.
- 2 (ii) \*Intermediate care facilities A\* are
  3 establishments furnishing limited skilled nursing care and
  4 personal care.
- 5 (iii) "Intermediate care facilities B" are 6 establishments providing only personal care and services to 7 residents.
- 8 (iv) "Combination facilities" are establishments
  9 providing two (2) or more of the following services: skilled
  10 nursing care and intermediate care A and/or B.
- 11 (v) Hotels, motels, boarding houses, rooming houses, or
  12 similar accommodations providing for transients, students,
  13 or persons not requiring institutional health care are not
  14 considered to be long-term care facilities.
- 15 (e) "Infirmary" means a facility located in a 16 university, college, government institution, or industry, 17 for the treatment of the sick or injured.
- 18 (i) "Infirmary A" provides outpatient and inpatient
  19 care.
- 20 (ii) "Infirmary B" provides outpatient care only.
- 21 (3) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, 22 association or corporation, or governmental unit.
- 23 (4) "Governmental unit" means the state, a state 24 agency, any county, municipality, political subdivision of 25 the state or an agency of any political subdivision.

- 1 (5) "Resident" means a person who is in a long-term
  2 care facility as a patient or for personal care.
- (6) "Health care facility" means a hospital, hospital
   related facility or long-term care facility."

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