LC 1342

ment Suthing Murphy Statt 1 2 INTRODUCED BY 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ALLOW SCHOOL 4 DISTRICTS TO OPERATE LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAYS 5 UNDER CERTAIN EMERGENCY CONDITIONS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE б SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION; PROVIDING FOR 7 FORFEITURE OF A DISTRICT'S SHARE OF STATE EQUALIZATION FUNDS 8 WHEN A LESSER SCHOOL TERM IS NOT APPROVED; AMENDING SECTIONS 9 75-7402, AND 75-6902, R.C.M. 1947." 10 11 BE IT CNACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 12 Section 1. Section 75-7402, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 13 14 read as follows: "75-7402. School fiscal year. The school fiscal year 15 shall begin on the first day of July and end on the last day 16 of June. At least one hundred eighty (180) school days of 17 pupil instruction shall be conducted during each school 18 fiscal year, unless a variance for kindergarten has been 19 granted under section 75-7403. However, in the event the 20 trustees decide that due to severe weather conditions it is 21 advisable to temporarily close school to protect the health 22 and safety of the pupils, a school district may conduct 23 fewer than one hundred eighty (180) school days of pupil 24 instruction with the approval of the superintendent of 25

1	public instruction in accordance with policies of the board
2	of public education. Application for approval must be made
3	no more than ten (10) days following the occurrence of the
4	emergency and approval shall be limited to a total of not
5	more than three (3) such emergency days in any school fiscal
6	year. Unless a lesser number of days has been approved by
7	the superintendent of public instruction as provided above,
8	Any any district that fails to provide for at least one
9	hundred eighty (180) school days of pupil instruction shall
10	not be entitled to receive any apportionment of the state
11	interestandincome equalization funds. Any-such-forfeited
12	moneys-shall-be-apportioned-by-the-county-superintendentto
13	the-other-elementary-districts-of-his-county."
14	Section 2. Section 75-6902, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
15	read as follows:
16	"75-6902. Definition and calculation of average number
17	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or
18	"ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled,
19	full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district.
20	Average number belonging shall be computed by determining
21	the total of the aggregate days of attendance by regularly
22	enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal
23	year plus the aggregate days of absence by regularly
24	enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal
25	year, and by dividing such total by one hundred eighty
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## INTRODUCED BILL

(180). However, when a school district has approval to 1 operate less than one hundred eighty (180) school days under 2 section 75-7402, such total shall be divided by the actual 3 number of approved pupil instruction days. Attendance for a 4 part of a morning session or a part of an afternoon session 5 by a pupil shall be counted as attendance for one-half (1/2)6 7 day. In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a 8 program established under section 75-7507 prior to January 9 1, 1974, or pursuant to section 75-7507 (1), attendance at, or absence from, a regular session of the program for at 10 11 least two hours of either a morning or an afternoon session will be counted as one-half (1/2) of a day attended or 12 absent as the case may be. If a variance has been granted 13 14 as provided in section 75-7403, ANB will be computed in a 15 manner prescribed by the superintendent of public 16 instruction but in no case shall the ANB exceed one-half 17 (1/2) for each kindergarten pupil. When any pupil has been 18 absent, with or without excuse, for more than ten (10) 19 consecutive school days, including pupil instruction related days, his absence after the tenth (10th) day of absence 20 shall not be included in the aggregate days of absence and 21 22 his enrollment in the school shall not be considered in the 23 calculation of the average number belonging until he resumes 24 attendance at school.

25 If a student spends less than half his time in the

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regular program and the balance of his time in school in the 1 special education program, he shall be considered a 2 full-time special pupil but shall not be considered 3 regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. If a student spends 4 half or more of his time in school in the regular program 5 and the balance of his time in the special education program 6 he shall be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. 7 The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, 8 full-time pupils for the public schools of a district shall 9 be calculated, individually, for each school except that 10

(1) more than one school of a district, other than a junior high school in an elementary district which has been approved and accredited as a junior high school, is located within the incorporated limits of a city or town, the average number belonging of such schools shall be based on the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending such schools located within the

19 incorporated limits of a city or town;

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when:

(2) a junior high school which has been approved and
accredited as a junior high school is located within the
incorporated limits of a city or town in which a high school
is located, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils
of the junior high school shall be considered as high school
district pupils for the purposes of calculating the average

number belonging of the high schools located within the
 incorporated limits of such city or town;

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3 (3) a middle school has been approved and accredited, 4 in which case pupils below the seventh grade shall be 5 considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes, and 6 the seventh and eighth grade pupils shall be considered high 7 school pupils for ANB purposes; or

3 (4) a school has not been accredited by the board of 9 public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils 10 attending the nonaccredited school shall not be eligible for 11 average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an 12 average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be 13 used in determining the foundation program for such 14 district."

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## MISSING

SECOND READING

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INTRODUCED BY Carret Suchui Murphy Statt 1 2 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN. ACT TO ALLOW SCHOOL 4 DISTRICTS TO OPERATE LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAYS 5 UNDER CERTAIN EMERGENCY CONDITIONS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE 6 SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION; PROVIDING FOR 7 FORFEITURE OF A DISTRICT'S SHARE OF STATE EQUALIZATION FUNDS 8 WHEN A LESSER SCHOOL TERM IS NOT APPROVED; AMENDING SECTIONS 9 75-7402, AND 75-6902, R.C.M. 1947." 10 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 12 Section 1. Section 75-7402, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 13 14 read as follows: "75-7402. School fiscal year. The school fiscal year 15 shall begin on the first day of July and end on the last day 16 of June. At least one hundred eighty (180) school days of 17 pupil instruction shall be conducted during each school 18 fiscal year, unless a variance for kindergarten has been 19 granted under section 75-7403. However, in the event the 20 trustees decide that due to severe weather conditions it is 21 advisable to temporarily close school to protect the health 22 and safety of the pupils, a school district may conduct 23 fewer than one hundred eighty (180) school days of pupil 24 instruction with the approval of the superintendent of 25

THIRD READING

1	public instruction in accordance with policies of the board
2	of public education. Application for approval must be made
3	no more than ten (10) days following the occurrence of the
4	emergency and approval shall be limited to a total of not
5	more than three (3) such emergency days in any school fiscal
6	year. Unless a lesser number of days has been approved by
7	the superintendent of public instruction as provided above,
8	Any any district that fails to provide for at least one
9	hundred eighty (180) school days of pupil instruction shall
10	not be entitled to receive any apportionment of the state
11	interestandincome equalization funds. Any-such-forfeited
12	moneys-shall-bc-apportioned-by-the-county-superintendentto
13	the-other-elementary-districts-of-his-county."
14	Section 2. Section 75-6902, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
15	read as follows:
16	*75-6902. Definition and calculation of average number
16 17	"75-6902. Definition and calculation of average number belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or
17	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or
17 18	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or "ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled,
17 18 19	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or "ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district.
17 18 19 20	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or "ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district. Average number belonging shall be computed by determining
17 18 19 20 21	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or "ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district. Average number belonging shall be computed by determining the total of the aggregate days of attendance by regularly
17 18 19 20 21 22	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or "ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district. Average number belonging shall be computed by determining the total of the aggregate days of attendance by regularly enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	belonging (ANB). The term "average number belonging" or "ANB" shall mean the average number of regularly enrolled, full-time pupils attending the public schools of a district. Average number belonging shall be computed by determining the total of the aggregate days of attendance by regularly enrolled, full-time pupils during the current school fiscal year plus the aggregate days of absence by regularly

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(180). However, when a school district has approval to 1 operate less than one hundred eighty (180) school days under 2 section 75-7402, such total shall be divided by the actual 3 number of approved pupil instruction days. Attendance for a 4 part of a morning session or a part of an afternoon session 5 б by a pupil shall be counted as attendance for one-half (1/2)7 day. In calculating the ANB for pupils enrolled in a program established under section 75-7507 prior to January 8 9 1, 1974, or pursuant to section 75-7507 (1), attendance at, 10 or absence from, a regular session of the program for at 11 least two hours of either a morning or an afternoon session 12 will be counted as one-half (1/2) of a day attended or 13 absent as the case may be. If a variance has been granted 14 as provided in section 75-7403, ANB will be computed in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of public 15 instruction but in no case shall the ANB exceed one-half 16 17 (1/2) for each kindergarten pupil. When any pupil has been absent, with or without excuse, for more than ten (10) 18 19 consecutive school days, including pupil instruction related 20 days, his absence after the tenth (10th) day of absence 21 shall not be included in the aggregate days of absence and 22 his enrollment in the school shall not be considered in the 23 calculation of the average number belonging until he resumes 24 attendance at school.

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regular program and the balance of his time in school in the 1 special education program, he shall be considered a 2 full-time special pupil but shall not be considered 3 regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. If a student spends 4 half or more of his time in school in the regular program 5 and the balance of his time in the special education program 6 he shall be considered regularly enrolled for ANB purposes. 7 The average number belonging of the regularly enrolled, 8 full-time pupils for the public schools of a district shall 9 be calculated, individually, for each school except that 10 11 when:

12 (1) more than one school of a district, other than a 13 junior high school in an elementary district which has been 14 approved and accredited as a junior high school, is located 15 within the incorporated limits of a city or town, the 16 average number belonging of such schools shall be based on 17 the aggregate of all the regularly enrolled, full-time 18 pupils attending such schools located within the

19 incorporated limits of a city or town;

20 (2) a junior high school which has been approved and 21 accredited as a junior high school is located within the 22 incorporated limits of a city or town in which a high school 23 is located, all of the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils 24 of the junior high school shall be considered as high school 25 district pupils for the purposes of calculating the average -4-

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number belonging of the high schools located within the
 incorporated limits of such city or town;

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3 (3) a middle school has been approved and accredited, 4 in which case pupils below the seventh grade shall be 5 considered elementary school pupils for ANB purposes, and 6 the seventh and eighth grade pupils shall be considered high 7 school pupils for ANB purposes; or

3 (4) a school has not been accredited by the board of 9 public education, the regularly enrolled, full-time pupils 13 attending the nonaccredited school shall not be eligible for 11 average number belonging calculation purposes, nor will an 12 average number belonging for the nonaccredited school be 13 used in determining the foundation program for such 14 district."

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