Z/4400) BILL NO. 598
INTRODUCED BY Travis
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING SECTION
87-106, R.C.M. 1947, TO INCREASE THE ALLOWABLE LEVEL OF
PAYMENTS THAT MAY BE RECEIVED IN RETIREMENT BENEFITS BEFORE
DISQUALIFICATION FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS."
BE IT EMACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
Section 1. Section 87-106, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
read as follows:
"87-106. Disqualification for benefits. An individual
shall be disqualified for benefits
(a) If he has left work without good cause attributable
to the employment for a period of not less than two (2) nor
more than five (5) weeks (in addition to and immediately
following the waiting period), as determined by the division
according to the circumstances in each case; but, he shall
not be disqualified if the division finds that:
(1) He left his employment because of personal illness
or injury not associated with misconduct, or left his
employment upon the advice of a licensed and practicing
physician, and after recovering from his illness or injury
when recovery is certified by a licensed and practicing
physician, he returned to his employer and offered his

service and his regular or comparable suitable work was not available, if so found by the division, provided he is otherwise eligible.

(b) If he has been discharged:

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- (1) For misconduct connected with his work, or affecting his employment, for a period of not less than two (2) nor more than nine (9) weeks (in addition to and immediately following the waiting period), as determined by the division in each case according to the seriousness of the misconduct.
- (2) For gross misconduct connected with his work or committed on the employer's premises, as determined by the division, for a period of twelve (12) months.
- (c) If he failed, without good cause, either to apply for available and suitable work when so directed by the employment office or the division or to accept suitable work offered to him which he is physically able and mentally qualified to perform, or to return to his customary self-employment (if any) when so directed by the division. Such disqualification shall continue for the week in which such failure occurred and for not less than two (2) nor more than five (5) weeks in addition to the waiting week which immediately follow such week as determined by the division according to the circumstances in each case.
- 25 (1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable

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for an individual, the division shall consider the degree of 2 risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his 3 physical fitness and prior training, his experience and 4 previous earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects 5 for securing local work in his customary occupation, and the 6 distance of the available work from his residence.

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- (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this act to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- 12 (A) If position offered is vacant due directly to a 13 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute:
 - (B) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;
- 18 (C) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.
- 21 (d) For any week with respect to which the division 22 finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of 23 work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory. 24 establishment, or other premises at which he is or was last 25 employed, provided that this subsection shall not apply if

- it is shown to the satisfaction of the division that --
- (1) He is not participating in or financing or directly 2 3 interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work: and
- 5 (2) He does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which immediately before the commencement of the 7 stoppage, there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating in or financing or directly interested in the dispute; 9
 - Provided, that if in any case separate branches of work which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purpose of this subsection. be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment, or other premises: provided, further, that if the division, upon investigation, shall find that such labor dispute is caused by the failure or refusal of any employer to conform to the provisions of any law of the state wherein the labor dispute occurs or of the United States pertaining to collective bargaining, hours, wages or other conditions of work, such labor dispute shall not render the workers ineligible for benefits.
- 23 (e) For any week with respect to which he is receiving 24 or has received payment in the form of--
- 25 (1) Wages in lieu of notice or separation or

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termination allowance:

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- (2) Compensation for disability under the Workmen's Compensation Law or the Occupational Disease Law of this or any other state or under a similar law of the United States, provided, however, that when an injured claimant has ceased to draw compensation benefits and shall have returned to the labor market, he shall then be entitled to receive unemployment compensation benefits under this title, if he shall be otherwise qualified. Provided further, that compensation which is received as a payment for a permanent partial disability shall not be computed to be spread over a period of weeks in advance so as to bar the recipient from receiving unemployment compensation benefits under this title, provided the recipient has returned to the labor market and is otherwise qualified;
- (3) Benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act or any state unemployment compensation act or similar laws of any state or of the United States. This disqualification does not apply to any week with respect to which an individual is receiving or has received benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States, if such benefits are paid pursuant to section 87-129.
- Receipt of any wages, compensation or benefits as set forth in subsection (1), (2), or (3) above, after payment of

- unemployment benefits, and with respect to the same week for which unemployment benefits were received. will thereupon require such individual to repay such unemployment benefits and the division may collect such unemployment benefits in the same manner as provided for collection of benefits under section 87-145 (d).
- 7 (f) During the school year (within the autumn, winter and spring seasons of the year) or the vacation periods within such school year or during any prescribed school term if claimant is a student regularly attending an established educational institution. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this subsection, no otherwise eligible individuals shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training approved by the division, nor shall such individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he is in training approved by the division by reason of the application of provisions in subsection (c) of this section or the application of provisions in section 87-105 (c).
 - (g) Where retired and receiving retirement compensation paid in whole or in part from funds furnished by an employing unit, which when prorated on a weekly basis. exceeds two (2) times the average weekly benefit amount paid during the last fiscal year, such disqualification to be applied as follows: All wages earned by such individual in

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- the employment from which he has been retired shall not be considered or included in determining his wage credits or weekly benefit amount under sections 87-103 and 87-105. This disqualification does not extend to the receipt of benefits under the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.
- (h) For any week wherein claimant leaves her most recent employment during pregnancy, and due to such pregnancy, and such disqualifications shall continue through the period of pregnancy unless claimant presents evidence of 10 her physical ability to work at such employment. At any time 11 after the seventh month of pregnancy a claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of physical 12 ability to work at such employment. Further, at any time 13 14 during the first two (2) months following childbirth, a 15 claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of 16 her physical ability to work at such employment. In any of cases set forth hereinbefore, such evidence of 17 the 18 eligibility must be in the form of certificate of a duly licensed physician that such claimant is physically able to 19 20 work at her most recent employment, and such evidence must be presented as often as requested by the division." 21

Approved by Committee on State Administration

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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING SECTION
5	87-106, R.C.M. 1947, TO INCREASE THE ALLOWABLE LEVEL OF
6	PAYMENTS THAT MAY BE RECLIVED IN RETIREMENT BENEFITS BEFORE
7	DISQUALIFICATION FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS."
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Ll	read as follows:
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١3	shall be disqualified for benefits
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L6	more than five (5) weeks (in addition to and immediately
17	following the waiting period), as determined by the division
18	according to the circumstances in each case; but, he shall
L9	not be disqualified if the division finds that:
20	(1) He left his employment because of personal illness
21	or injury not associated with misconduct, or left his
22	employment upon the advice of a licensed and practicing
23	physician, and after recovering from his illness or injury
	when recovery is certified by a licensed and practicing
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25	physician, he returned to his employer and offered his

- service and his regular or comparable suitable work was not available, if so found by the division, provided he is otherwise eligible.
 - (b) If he has been discharged:

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the misconduct.

- 5 (1) For misconduct connected with his work, or affecting his employment, for a period of not less than two (2) nor more than nine (9) weeks (in addition to and immediately following the waiting period), as determined by the division in each case according to the seriousness of
- 11 (2) For gross misconduct connected with his work or
 12 committed on the employer's premises, as determined by the
 13 division, for a period of twelve (12) months.
- 14 (c) If he failed, without good cause, either to apply
 15 for available and suitable work when so directed by the
 16 employment office or the division or to accept suitable work
 17 offered to him which he is physically able and mentally
 18 qualified to perform, or to return to his customary
 19 self-employment (if any) when so directed by the division.
 20 Such disqualification shall continue for the week in which
- 21 such failure occurred and for not less than two (2) nor more
- 22 than five (5) weeks in addition to the waiting week which
- 23 immediately follow such week as determined by the division
- 24 according to the circumstances in each case.
- 25 (1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable

- for an individual, the division shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience and previous earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and the distance of the available work from his residence.
- 7 (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act,
 8 no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be
 9 denied under this act to any otherwise eligible individual
 10 for refusing to accept new work under any of the following
 11 conditions:
- 12 (A) If position offered is vacant due directly to a 13 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;

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- (B) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;
- (C) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.
- (d) For any week with respect to which the division finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which he is or was last employed, provided that this subsection shall not apply if

- l it is shown to the satisfaction of the division that--
- 2 (1) He is not participating in or financing or directly
 3 interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of
 4 work: and
- 5 (2) He does not belong to a grade or class of workers
 6 of which immediately before the commencement of the
 7 stoppage, there were members employed at the premises at
 8 which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating in
 9 or financing or directly interested in the dispute;
- Provided, that if in any case separate branches of work

 which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in

 separate premises are conducted in separate departments of

 the same premises, each such department shall, for the

 purpose of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate

 factory, establishment, or other premises; provided,
- 16 further, that if the division, upon investigation, shall
- 17 find that such labor dispute is caused by the failure or
- 18 refusal of any employer to conform to the provisions of any
- 19 law of the state wherein the labor dispute occurs or of the
- 20 United States pertaining to collective bargaining, hours,
- 21 wages or other conditions of work, such labor dispute shall
- 22 not render the workers ineligible for benefits.
- 23 (e) For any week with respect to which he is receiving
- 24 or has received payment in the form of--
- 25 (1) Wages in lieu of notice or separation or

termination allowance;

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- (2) Compensation for disability under the Workmen's 2 3 Compensation Law or the Occupational Disease Law of this or any other state or under a similar law of the United States, 4 provided, however, that when an injured claimant has ceased to draw compensation benefits and shall have returned to the 7 labor market, he shall then be entitled to receive unemployment compensation benefits under this title, if he 9 be otherwise qualified. Provided further, that shall compensation which is received as a payment for a permanent 10 11 partial disability shall not be computed to be spread over a period of weeks in advance so as to bar the recipient from 12 receiving unemployment compensation benefits under this 13 title, provided the recipient has returned to the labor 14 15 market and is otherwise qualified;
- 16 (3) Benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance 17 Act or any state unemployment compensation act or similar 18 laws of any state or of the United States. 19 disqualification does not apply to any week with respect to 20 which an individual is receiving or has received benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or 21 22 of the United States, if such benefits are paid pursuant to 23 section 87-129.
- Receipt of any wages, compensation or benefits as set forth in subsection (1), (2), or (3) above, after payment of

- unemployment benefits, and with respect to the same week for which unemployment benefits were received, will thereupon require such individual to repay such unemployment benefits and the division may collect such unemployment benefits in the same manner as provided for collection of benefits under section 87-145 (d).
- 7 (f) During the school year (within the autumn, winter and spring seasons of the year) or the vacation periods 9 within such school year or during any prescribed school term 10 if claimant is a student regularly attending an established 11 educational institution. Notwithstanding any other 12 provisions in this subsection, no otherwise eligible individuals shall be denied benefits for any week because he 13 is in training approved by the division, nor shall such 14 15 individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in 16 which he is in training approved by the division by reason 17 of the application of provisions in subsection (c) of this 18 section or the application of provisions in section 87-105 19 (c).
 - (g) Where retired and receiving retirement compensation paid in whole or in part from funds furnished by an employing unit, which when prorated on a weekly basis, exceeds two (2) times the average weekly benefit amount paid during the last fiscal year, such disqualification to be applied as follows: All wages earned by such individual in

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the employment from which he has been retired shall not be considered or included in determining his wage credits or weekly benefit amount under sections 87-103 and 87-105. This disqualification does not extend to the receipt of benefits under the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.

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(h) For any week wherein claimant leaves her most recent employment during pregnancy, and due to such pregnancy, and such disqualifications shall continue through the period of pregnancy unless claimant presents evidence of her physical ability to work at such employment. At any time after the seventh month of pregnancy a claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of physical ability to work at such employment. Further, at any time during the first two (2) months following childbirth, a claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of her physical ability to work at such employment. In any of the cases set forth hereinbefore, such evidence of eliqibility must be in the form of certificate of a duly licensed physician that such claimant is physically able to work at her most recent employment, and such evidence must be presented as often as requested by the division."

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 598
2	INTRODUCED BY TRAVIS
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING SECTION
5	87-106, R.C.M. 1947, TO INCREASE THE FLLOWABLE LEVEL OF
6	PAYMENTS THAT MAY BE RECEIVED IN RETIREMENT BENEFITS BEFORE
7	DISQUALIFICATION FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND FOR RETIRED
8	FEDERAL PERSONNEL."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	Section 1. Section 87-106, R.C.N. 1947, is amended to
12	read as follows:
13	"87-106. Disqualification for benefits. An individual
14	shall be disqualified for benefits
15	(a) If he has left work without good cause attributable
16	to the employment for a period of not less than two (2) nor
17	more than five (5) weeks (in addition to and immediately
18	following the waiting period), as determined by the division
19	according to the circumstances in each case; but, he shall
20	not be disqualified if the division finds that:
21	(1) He left his employment because of personal illness
22	or injury not associated with misconduct, or left his
23	employment upon the advice of a licensed and practicing
24	physician, and after recovering from his illness or injury
25	when recovery is certified by a licensed and practicing

- physician, he returned to his employer and offered his service and his regular or comparable suitable work was not available, if so found by the division, provided he is otherwise eligible.
 - (b) If he has been discharged:

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- 6 (1) For misconduct connected with his work, or
 7 affecting his employment, for a period of not less than two
 8 (2) nor more than nine (9) weeks (in addition to and
 9 immediately following the waiting period), as determined by
 10 the division in each case according to the seriousness of
 11 the misconduct.
- 12 (2) For gross misconduct connected with his work or
 13 committed on the employer's premises, as determined by the
 14 division, for a period of twelve (12) months.
 - (c) If he failed, without good cause, either to apply for available and suitable work when so directed by the employment office or the division or to accept suitable work offered to him which he is physically able and mentally qualified to perform, or to return to his customary self-employment (if any) when so directed by the division. Such disqualification shall continue for the week in which such failure occurred and for not less than two (2) nor more than five (5) weeks in addition to the waiting week which immediately follow such week as determined by the division

according to the circumstances in each case.

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HB 0598/02

(1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable
for an individual, the division shall consider the degree of
risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his
physical fitness and prior training, his experience and
previous earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects
for securing local work in his customary occupation, and the
distance of the available work from his residence.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this act to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- 13 (A) If position offered is vacant due directly to a 14 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;
 - (B) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;
 - (C) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.
 - (d) For any week with respect to which the division finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which he is or was last

employed, provided that this subsection shall not apply if
it is shown to the satisfaction of the division that--

- (1) He is not participating in or financing or directly
 interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of
 work; and
 - (2) He does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which immediately before the commencement of the stoppage, there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating in or financing or directly interested in the dispute;
 - Provided, that if in any case separate branches of work which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purpose of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment, or other premises; provided, further, that if the division, upon investigation, shall find that such labor dispute is caused by the failure or refusal of any employer to conform to the provisions of any law of the state wherein the labor dispute occurs or of the United States pertaining to collective bargaining, hours, wages or other conditions of work, such labor dispute shall
- 24 (e) For any week with respect to which he is receiving 25 or has received payment in the form of--

not render the workers ineligible for benefits.

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(1) Wages in lieu of notice or separation or termination allowance;

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- (2) Compensation for disability under the Workmen's Compensation Law or the Occupational Disease Law of this or any other state or under a similar law of the United States, provided, however, that when an injured claimant has ceased to draw compensation benefits and shall have returned to the labor market, he shall then be entitled to receive unemployment compensation benefits under this title, if he shall be otherwise qualified. Provided further, that compensation which is received as a payment for a permanent partial disability shall not be computed to be spread over a period of weeks in advance so as to bar the recipient from receiving unemployment compensation benefits under this title, provided the recipient has returned to the labor market and is otherwise qualified;
- (3) Benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act or any state unemployment compensation act or similar laws of any state or of the United States. This disqualification does not apply to any week with respect to which an individual is receiving or has received benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States, if such benefits are paid pursuant to section 87-129.

25 Receipt of any wages, compensation or benefits as set

forth in subsection (1), (2), or (3) above, after payment of unemployment benefits, and with respect to the same week for which unemployment benefits were received, will thereupon require such individual to repay such unemployment benefits and the division may collect such unemployment benefits in the same manner as provided for collection of benefits under section 87-145 (d).

- (f) During the school year (within the autumn, winter and spring seasons of the year) or the vacation periods within such school year or during any prescribed school term if claimant is a student regularly attending an established educational institution. Notwithstanding other provisions in this subsection, no otherwise eligible individuals shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training approved by the division, nor shall such individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he is in training approved by the division by reason of the application of provisions in subsection (c) of this section or the application of provisions in section 87-105 (c).
- 21 (g) Where retired and receiving retirement compensation
 22 paid in whole or in part from funds furnished by an
 23 employing unit, which when prorated on a weekly basis,
 24 exceeds two (2) times the average weekly benefit amount paid
 25 during the last fiscal year, such disqualification to be

applied as follows: All wages earned by such individual in the employment from which he has been retired shall not be considered or included in determining his wage credits or weekly benefit amount under sections 87-103 and 87-105. This disqualification DOES NOT APPLY TO RETIRED FEDERAL PERSONNEL, AND does not extend to the receipt of benefits under the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.

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(h) For any week wherein claimant leaves her most recent employment during pregnancy, and due to such prequancy, and such disqualifications shall continue through the period of pregnancy unless claimant presents evidence of her physical ability to work at such employment. At any time after the seventh month of pregnancy a claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of physical ability to work at such employment. Further, at any time during the first two (2) months following childbirth, a claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of her physical ability to work at such employment. In any of cases set forth hereinbefore, such evidence of eligibility must be in the form of certificate of a duly licensed physician that such claimant is physically able to work at her most recent employment, and such evidence must be presented as often as requested by the division."

44th Legislature HB 0598/02 HB 0598/02

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LO	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
Ll	Section 1. Section 87-106, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
L2	read as follows:
L3	"87-106. Disqualification for benefits. An individual
L 4	shall be disqualified for benefits
15	(a) If he has left work without good cause attributable
L6	to the employment for a period of not less than two (2) nor
L7	more than five (5) weeks (in addition to and immediately
18	following the waiting period), as determined by the division
19	according to the circumstances in each case; but, he shall
20	not be disqualified if the division finds that:
21	(1) He left his employment because of personal illness
22	or injury not associated with misconduct, or left his
23	employment upon the advice of a licensed and practicing

physician, and after recovering from his illness or injury

when recovery is certified by a licensed and practicing

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- physician, he returned to his employer and offered his service and his regular or comparable suitable work was not available, if so found by the division, provided he is otherwise eligible.
 - (b) If he has been discharged:
- 6 (1) For misconduct connected with his work, or
 7 affecting his employment, for a period of not less than two
 8 (2) nor more than nine (9) weeks (in addition to and
 9 immediately following the waiting period), as determined by
 10 the division in each case according to the seriousness of
 11 the misconduct.
- 12 (2) For gross misconduct connected with his work or 13 committed on the employer's premises, as determined by the 14 division, for a period of twelve (12) months.
- 15 (c) If he failed, without good cause, either to apply 16 for available and suitable work when so directed by the 17 employment office or the division or to accept suitable work 18 offered to him which he is physically able and mentally qualified to perform, or to return to his customary 19 20 self-employment (if any) when so directed by the division. Such disqualification shall continue for the week in which 21 22 such failure occurred and for not less than two (2) nor more than five (5) weeks in addition to the waiting week which 23 immediately follow such week as determined by the division 24

according to the circumstances in each case.

(1) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the division shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety, and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience and previous earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and the distance of the available work from his residence.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this act, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this act to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- 13 (A) If position offered is vacant due directly to a 14 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute;
 - (B) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;
 - (C) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.
- 22 (d) For any week with respect to which the division
 23 finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of
 24 work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory,
 25 establishment, or other premises at which he is or was last

- employed, provided that this subsection shall not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of the division that--
- (1) He is not participating in or financing or directly
 interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of
 work; and
 - (2) He does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which immediately before the commencement of the stoppage, there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage occurs, any of whom are participating in or financing or directly interested in the dispute;
 - Provided, that if in any case separate branches of work which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purpose of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment, or other premises; provided, further, that if the division, upon investigation, shall find that such labor dispute is caused by the failure or refusal of any employer to conform to the provisions of any law of the state wherein the labor dispute occurs or of the United States pertaining to collective bargaining, hours, wages or other conditions of work, such labor dispute shall
- 24 (e) For any week with respect to which he is receiving
 25 or has received payment in the form of--

not render the workers ineligible for benefits.

HB 0598/02

HB 0593/02

(1) Wages in lieu of notice or separation or termination allowance:

- (2) Compensation for disability under the Workmen's Compensation Law or the Occupational Disease Law of this or any other state or under a similar law of the United States, provided, however, that when an injured claimant has ceased to draw compensation benefits and shall have returned to the labor market, he shall then be entitled to receive unemployment compensation benefits under this title, if he shall be otherwise qualified. Provided further, that compensation which is received as a payment for a permanent partial disability shall not be computed to be spread over a period of weeks in advance so as to bar the recipient from receiving unemployment compensation benefits under this title, provided the recipient has returned to the labor market and is otherwise qualified;
- (3) Benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act or any state unemployment compensation act or similar laws of any state or of the United States. This disqualification does not apply to any week with respect to which an individual is receiving or has received benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States, if such benefits are paid pursuant to section 87-129.
- 25 Receipt of any wages, compensation or benefits as set

- forth in subsection (1), (2), or (3) above, after payment of
 unemployment benefits, and with respect to the same week for
 which unemployment benefits were received, will thereupon
 require such individual to repay such unemployment benefits
 and the division may collect such unemployment benefits in
 the same manner as provided for collection of benefits under
 section 87-145 (d).
- (f) During the school year (within the autumn, winter and spring seasons of the year) or the vacation periods within such school year or during any prescribed school term if claimant is a student regularly attending an established educational institution. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this subsection, no otherwise eligible individuals shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training approved by the division, nor shall such individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he is in training approved by the division by reason of the application of provisions in subsection (c) of this section or the application of provisions in section 87-105 (c).
 - (g) Where retired and receiving retirement compensation paid in whole or in part from funds furnished by an employing unit, which when prorated on a weekly basis, exceeds two (2) times the average weekly benefit amount paid during the last fiscal year, such disqualification to be

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- applied as follows: All wages earned by such individual in the employment from which he has been retired shall not be considered or included in determining his wage credits or weekly benefit amount under sections 87-103 and 87-105. This disqualification DOES NOT APPLY TO RETIRED FEDERAL PERSONNEL, AND does not extend to the receipt of benefits under the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.
- 8 (h) For any week wherein claimant leaves her most 9 recent employment during pregnancy, and due to such 10 pregnancy, and such disqualifications shall continue through 11 the period of pregnancy unless claimant presents evidence of her physical ability to work at such employment. At any time 12 13 after the seventh month of pregnancy a claimant, to 14 establish eligibility, must present evidence of physical 15 ability to work at such employment. Further, at any time during the first two (2) months following childbirth, a 16 claimant, to establish eligibility, must present evidence of 17 13 her physical ability to work at such employment. In any of 19 cases set forth hereinbefore, such evidence of 20 eligibility must be in the form of certificate of a duly 21 licensed physician that such claimant is physically able to 22 work at her most recent employment, and such evidence must 23 be presented as often as requested by the division."