Introduced by


A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO LICENSE AND TAX SLOT MACHINES AND TO UTILIRE THE FUNDS DERIVED TO PROVIDE revenue, to provide penalties for violation thereof and to REPEAL SECTIONS 94-8-428, 94-8-429, AND 94-8-431, R.C.M. 1947."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
Section 1. Short title. This act may be cited as"The slot Machine Act of 1975".

Section 2. Purpose. The purpose of this act is to provide another source of revenue by licensing and taxing slot mixchines.

Section 3. Definitions. As used in this act:
(1) "Slot machine" means any mechanical, electrical, or other device, contrivance or machine which, upon insertion of a coin, token, or similar object therein, or upon payment of any consideration, is available to play or operate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of the skill of the operator or application of the element of chance, or both, may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the machine to receive cash, premiums, merchandise, tokens, or any thing of value, whether the
payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner.
(2) "Licensed wholesaler" means any person licensed under the provisions of this act who is engaged in the business of leasing or selling slot machines.
(3) "Licensed retailer" means any person, corporation, or partnership that holds a valid business license from the local government in which the business is located.
(4) "Licensee" means any qualified person to whora a license has been issued under this act.
(5) "Person" means a natural person, firm, association, corporation, or other legal entity.
(6) "Department" means department of revenue.

Section 4. Department of revenue licensing authority. (1) The department is designated as the licensing authority for wholesale licenses under this act. The department shall enforce the terms and provisions of this act, and shall:
(a) Grant or refuse licenses under this act. The department, on its own motion based on reasonable grounds, or on complaint made and after investigation and public hearing, at which the licensee is afforded an opportunity to be heard, may suspend or revoke any license issued by the department for any violation by the licensee or any officer, director, agent, member, or employee of that licensee of the provisions of this act or any rule authorized hereunder.
Notice of suspension or revacation, as well as notice of hearing, shall be given by certified mail to the iicensee at the address contained on the license.
(b) Supervise the administration of this act and adopt, amend, and repeal rules governing the operation and conduct of slot machines.
(c) Hear and determine at public hearing all complaints against any licensee, and administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and production of papers, books, and records necessary to the determination of any hearing so held.
(d) Keep records of all actions and transactions of the department concerning this act.
(e) Report annually to the governor or legislature respecting the administration of this act, including an accounting of all licenses issued and moneys collected and make recomendations in regard to legislation.
(f) Enforce the provisions of this act. The department, its members and agents have the powers of peace officers, and are authorized to arrest any person violating any provision of this act, and to file a complaint before any court of competent jurisdiction, and to lawfully search and seize and use as evidence, any unlawful or unlawfully possesmad license, slot machine, or insigrata found in the potsesisien of any person or place.
(g) Remove from the premises of a licensed retailer any or all slot machines, when that retailer is in violation of this act. This licensed retailer shall not operate, control or own any other slot machines until the penalty for violation of this act has been paid.
(2) Proceedings to suspend or to revoke any license shall be brought by the department in accordance with the Montana Administrative Procedure Act. Tine department may stop the operation of slot machines by notice to a licensee pending hearing, in which case the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) days of notice.
(3) When a license is ordered suspended or revaked, the licensee shall surrender the license to the department on or before the effective date of the suspension or revocation. No license is valid beyond the effective date of the suspension or revocation, whether surrendered or not.
(4) In addition to any other penalty imposed under this act the department may declare the violator ineligible to operate or control slot machines for no more than two (2) years after the declaration.

Section 5. Wholesale license. (1) Each wholesaler shall obtain a license from the department before engaging in the business of wholesaler.
(2) A separate application and a separate license is required for each place of business owned, controlled, or
operated by the licensed wholesaler within the state of Montana.
(3) Application forms supplied by the department shall contain:
(a) the type and general description of applicant's organization;
(b) names and home addresses of all owners, stating whether or not principals of these organizations have been convicted of a felony;
(c) identification of each convicted individual; and
(d) other pertinent information as the department requires by rule.
(4) All applicants for a wholesaler's license and all persons, owners, or others who have a financial interest in the applicant's organization shall be at least eighteen (18) years of age and a resident of the state at least five (5) years prior to the date of application.
(5) Each application for a wholesaler's license shall be accompanied by a fee of five hundred dollars (\$500).
(6) The department shall adopt proper insignia to indicate the applicable fee has been paid. The fee shall be collected before the department issues the insignia, unless the licensed wholesaler is allowed a credit under section 6 of this act. Other requirements applicable to insignia are:
(a) only licensed wholesalers shall purchase insignia;
(b) 1icensed wholesalers shall affix insignia to slot machines prior to transfer to a licensed retailer or any use by the licensed wholesaler; and
(c) licensed wholesalers shall not resell insignia, but may return them to the department for a refund.

Section 6. Wholesaler credit. (1) Each licensed wholesaler shall pay on a cash basis for one (1) complete calendar year, before he is eligible to delay payment as provided in this section.
(2) The department shall permit a licensed wholesaler to pay for the insignia purchased within thirty (30) days after the date of purchase if that wholesaler files with the department a bond issued by a surety company, approved by the department, of insurance as to solvency and responsibility and authority to transact business in the state, for any amount the department may fix, but not in excess of an amount equal to to the maximum insignia purchase incurred for any thirty (30) day period in the previous calendar year.
(3) The amount of the bond required above may be adaed to the amount of any other bond which a wholesaler furnishes to the state of Montana so that only one (1) bond may be provided for the total amount.

Section 7. Cash basis only. No rental, sale, or delivery of slot machines shall be made to any licensed
retailer, except for cash paid on or before the date of delivery. A correctly dated check which is honored upon presentment shall be considered as cash for purposes of this section.

Section 8. Wholesale license renewal. -- display. (1) Wholesale licenses may be renewed annually upon payment of the annual fee and shall be effective for one (1) year, without proration.
(2) Each license shall be prominently displayed on the licensed premises, and a separate license shall be displayed at each place of business owned, controlled, or operated by the licensed wholesaler.
(3) Retail licenses shall be renewed as provided by the applicable local government.
section 9. Tax on slot machines. There is an annual tax of five hundred dollars (\$500) levied on each slot machine owned, controlled, or operated in the state of Montana. This tax is payable by the licensed retailer at a time prescribed by the department. The department shall allocate from the tax on each machine as follows:
(a) to general revenue of the state - $\$ 250$;
(b) to general fund of the county in which the machine is located - \$125; and
(c) to general fund of the city or town in which the machine is located- $\$ 125$.

Section 10. Machines per licensed retailer. The total number of slot machines offered for play by any licensed retailer shail not exceed four (4) machines.

Section 11. Interstate shipment. Every common carrier hauling, transporting, or shipping into or out of the state of Montana, from or to any other state, any slot machine shall report in writing the shipments or deliveries to the department, on forms furnished by the department, giving the date, the person to whom the same was consigned and delivered, the quantity as shown by the bill of lading and other information as the department may require.

All slot machines without the required insignia affixed may only be transported into or out of the state by common carrier or United States mail.

Section 12. Intrastate shipment. (1) It shall be unlawful for any person, except a licensed wholesaler, to possess, transport into, receive, carry, or move from place to place within this state any slot machines which do not bear the insignia required by this act, except in the following cases:
(a) when in interstate commerce; or
(b) when transported from a manufacturer directly to a licensed wholesaler.
(2) Any motor vehicle, airplane, conveyance, vehicle, or other means of transportation, in which slot machines are -8-
unlawfully transported, together with the slot machines and other equipment or personal property used in connection with that transportation, and found in that means of transportation, are subject to seizure by the department or any peace officer.
(3) If no application for return is made as provided in section 13 of this act, upon completion of all legal and department proceedings, the seized items shall be sold for a reasonable price at public auction and the funds obtained disbursed as provided in section 94-8-412, R.C.M. 1947.

Section 13. Seizure of slot machine. Upon the seizure of any slot machine and within two (2) days thereafter, the person or officer making the seizure shall deliver an inventory of the property seized to the person from whom the seizure was made, if known, and file a copy thereof with the department. The person from whom the seizure was made, or any other person claiming an interest in the property seized, may apply for its return as provided in sections 95-713 through 95-716, R.C.M. 1947.

Section 14. Grievance procedure -- hearing under Administrative Procedure Act. Any person aggrieved by any action of the department may apply to the department, in writing, for a hearing or rehearing thereon within thirty (30) days after the action of the department or its duly authorized agents. The department shall promptly consider
the application, set it for hearing and notify the applicant of the time and place fixed for that hearing or rehearing, which may be at its office or in the county of the applicant. Any hearing shall be held in accordance with the Montana Administrative Procedure Act. After a hearing or rehearing, the department may make any order it deems proper and lawful and shall furnish a copy thereof to the applicant. The department, on its own initiative, may order a hearing on any matter concerned with the administration of this act, upon at least ten (l0) days notice in writing to the person or persons to be investigated.

Section 15. Appeal to district court. Any person aggrieved by any action or decision of the department, made under the provisions of this act, may appeal therefrom to the district court of the county where appellant resides, in accordance with the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 16. Gambling on a cash basis. (1) In every gambling game conducted under any gambling law of this state the consideration paid for the chance to play shall be cash. Every participant shall present the money with which he intends to play the gambling game at the time the game is played. No check, credit card, note, I.O.U., or other evidence of indebtedness shall be offered or accepted as part of the price of participating in a gambing game or as
payment of a gambling debt.
(2) No action based on a gambling debt is maintainable in a court of this state.

Section 17. Cheating unlawful. It shall be unlawful to conduct or participate in a gambling game authorized by this act or any other gambling law in any manner which results in cheating, misrepresentation, or other disreputable tactics which distract from a fair and equal chance for all participants or which otherwise affects the outcome of the gambling game.

Section 18. Minors not permitted to participate. No person under the age of eighteen (18) years shall be permitted to operate a slot machine and no licensee shall allow any person under eighteen (18) years to operate a slot machine.

Section 19. Prohibition against playing where no proper insignia. No person shall use or play a slot machine not having affixed thereto the insignia required by this act.

Section 20. Assistance of county attorneys and local peace officers. The department may call to its assistance, any county attorney or any peace officer, in this state, who shall assist the department in the enforcement of this act.

Section 21. Venue. Venue for any violation of this act lies in the judicial district where the department -11-
maintains its principal office. The department may sue the violator for the amount of any unpaid tax or fee and costs, including reasonable expenses. Where the court finds the failure to pay the tax has been willful, the court shall assess damages in treble the amount of the tax or fee due.

Section 22. Violation -- public nuisance. Every person having possession or control of, or who maintains a building or place where slot machines are played in violation of this act, or permits the same to be carried out in any place or building possessed, controlled, or maintained by him, is guilty of maintaining and keeping a public nuisance and the building or place so used, together with the personal property and fixtures used in connection therewith shall be considered a public nuisance, and the person shall be enjoined and the building or place, personal property and fixtures abated as a public nuisance, under section 94-8-107, R.C.M. 1947.

Section 23. Violation -- a misdemeanor. Any person violating any provision of this act, except as provided in section 24 of this act, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), or more than two thousand dollars $(\$ 2,000)$, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six (6) months, or by imprisonment in the state prison for any term not to exceed five (5) years, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Section 24. Special penalty. Any person who tampers, as defined in section 94-2-101 (62), R.C.M. 1947, with a slot machine in any manner which lowers the gross revenue computation of any slot machine, or any person who manufactures a slot machine which can be tampered with in a manner which lowers the gross revenue computation of any slot machine commits a felony and upon conviction shall be imprisoned in the state prison for a term not less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years.

Section 25. Prior laws still in effect. To the extent that they are not specifically superseded by provisions of this act or any other gambling law, the provisions of sections 94-8-401 through 94-8-431, R.C.M. 1947, remain in effect.

Section 26. Severability. If a part of this act is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of this act is invalid in one (1) or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

Section 27. Repealer. Sections 94-8-428, 94-3-429, and 94-3-431, R.C.M. 1947, are repealea.

Section 28. Effective date. This act is effective January $1,1976$.

In compliance with a written request received February $11,19 \ldots$, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for $\qquad$ pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty -Ninth Legislative Assembly. Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

House Bill 510 provides for a $\$ 500$ license per year for wholesalers of slot machines and a $\$ 500$ annual tax per slot machine for retailers, allocates 50\% of the retail tax proceeds to the state, $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ to the county and $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ to the city in which the machine is located, allows only four slot machines per licensed retailer, and provides penalties for violations. Effective date is January 1, 1976.

## ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Five wholesalers will purchase licenses in FY 76 and FY 77.
2. Approximately 1500 slot machines will be in operation in FY 76 and the Department of Revenue will require tax collections before the end of FY 76. Approximately 2500 slot machines will be in operation in FY 77 and the Department of Revenue will require tax collections before the end of FY 77.
3. One records clerk, one supervisor and two inspectors will be required to avitunister the proposed legislation.
4. Three automobiles and other capital equipment will be purchased in FY 76.

FISCAL IMPACT:

1. Estimated increase in revenue for General Fund, by source

FY 76

II. Estimated increase in expenditures, by category


CONCLUSION:
Enactment of House Bill 510 will result in a net increase in revenue to the General Fund of $\$ 860,653$ during the 1975.77 Biennium.
LOCAL IMPACT:
During the 1975-77 Biennium, $\$ 500,000$ would be allocated to cities and towns and $\$ 500,000$ would be allocated to counties.

TECHNICAL NOTE: Section 7, page 9 of the bill distributes $25 \%$ of the tax collected to the appropriate city or town but does not stipulate the distribution when the slot machine is not located within a city or town. The bill does not specifically provide for the distribution of the wholesale license proceeds. It was assumed in the fiscal note that the entire proceeds would accrue to the state's General Fund.


Office of Budget and Program Planning Date: February 17, 1975

