INTRODUCED BY Thomas.

Requested by Jept of Bevenue 1 84-301, R.C.M. 1947, TO PLACE CENTRALLY ASSESSED UTILITY 6 ALLOCATIONS IN CLASS NINE." 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 3 Section 1. Section 84-301, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 \*84-301. Classification of property for taxation. For 11 the purpose of taxation the taxable property in the state 12 shall be classified as follows: 13 Class One. The annual net proceeds of all mines and 14 mining claims, after deducting only the expenses specified 15 and allowed by section 84-5403; also where the right to 16 enter upon land, to explore or prospect, or dig for oil, 17 gas, coal or mineral is reserved in land or received by 18 mesne conveyance (exclusive of leasehold interests), devise 19 or succession by any person or corporation, the surface 20 title to which has passed to or remains in another, the 21 state department of revenue shall determine the value of the 22 right to enter upon said tract of land for the purpose of 23 digging, exploring, or prospecting for gas, oil, coal or 24 same shall be placed in this minerals, and the

classification for the purpose of taxation. Class Two. All agricultural and other tools, implements and machinery, gas and other engines and boilers, threshing machines and outfits used therewith, automobiles, motor trucks and other power-driven cars, vehicles of all kinds except mobile homes, boats and all watercraft, harness, saddlery and robes and except as provided in Class Five (b) of this section, all poles, lines, transformers, transformer stations, meters, tools, improvements, machinery and other 10 property used and owned by all persons, firms, corporations. 1.1 and other organizations which are engaged in the business of 12 furnishing telephone communications, exclusively to rural 13 areas, or to rural areas and cities and towns provided that 14 any such city or town has a population of eight hundred 15 (800) persons or less; and provided further, that the 16 average circuit miles for each station on the system is more 17 than one and one-quarter (1 1/4) miles. 18 Class Three, Livestock, poultry and unprocessed products of both; stocks of merchandise of all sorts. 19 together with furniture and fixtures used therewith. except 20 21 mobile homes; and all office or hotel furniture and 22 fixtures. Class Four. (a) All land, town and city lots, with 23 improvements, and all trailers affixed to land owned, 24

leased, or under contract or purchase by the trailer owner,

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manufacturing and mining machinery, fixtures and supplies,
except as otherwise provided by the constitution of Montana,
and except as such property may be included in Class Five,
Class Seven or Class Eight.

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- (b) Mobile homes without regard to the ownership of the land upon which they are situated, except those held by a distributor or dealer of mobile homes as part of his stock in trade, and except as such property may be included in Class Eight.
- Class Five. (a) All moneys and credits, secured or unsecured, including all state, county, school district and other municipal bonds, warrants and securities, without any deduction or offset; provided, however, that the terms "moneys and credits" as herein used shall not embrace the moneyed capital employed in the banking business by any banking corporation or individual in this state.
- (b) All poles, lines, transformers, transformer stations, meters, tools, improvements, machinery and other property used and owned by co-operative rural electrical and co-operative rural telephone associations organized under the laws of Montana except those within the incorporated limits of a city or town in which less than ninety-five per cent (95%) of the electric consumers and/or telephone users are served by a co-operative organization, and as to the property enumerated in this sub-section (b) within

- 1 incorporated limits of a city or town in which less than
- 2 ninety-five per cent (95%) of the electric consumers or
- 3 users will be served by a co-operative organization, such
- 4 property shall be put in Class Two.

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5 (c) All unprocessed agricultural products either on the
6 farm or in storage, irrespective of whether said products
7 are owned by the elevator, warehouse or flour mill owner or
8 company storing the same, or any other person whomsoever,
9 except all perishable fruits and vegetables in farm storage
10 and owned by the producer, and excepting livestock and

poultry and the unprocessed products of both.

- (d) The dwelling house, and the lot on which it is erected, owned and occupied by any resident of the state, who has been honorably discharged from active service in any branch of the armed forces, who is rated one hundred per cent (100%) disabled due to a service-connected disability by the United States veterans administration or its successors.
- In the event of the veteran's death, the dwelling house, and the lot on which it is erected, so long as the widow remains unmarried and the owner and occupant of the property, shall remain within this classification.
- Class Six. Property formerly included in this class is now classified by section 84-308, R.C.M. 1947.
- 25 Class Seven. (a) All new industrial property. New

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industrial property shall mean any new industrial plant, including land, buildings, machinery and fixtures which, in the determination of the state department of revenue, is used by a new industry during the first three (3) years of operation not having been assessed prior to July 1, 1961, within the state of Montana. New industry shall mean any person, corporation, firm, partnership, association, or other group which establishes a new plant or plants in this state for the operation of a new industrial endeavor, as distinguished from a mere expansion, reorganization, or merger of an existing industry or industries. Provided, however. that new industrial property shall be limited to industries that manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process or fabricate materials, or do similar work in which capital and labor are employed and in which materials unserviceable in their natural state are extracted, processed or made fit for use or are substantially altered or treated so as to create commercial products or materials; and in no event shall the term new industrial property be included to mean property used by retail or wholesale merchants, commercial services any type, agriculture, trades or professions. And provided further, that new industrial property shall not be included to mean property which is used or employed in any industrial plant which has been in operation in this state for three (3) years or longer. Any person, corporation,

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firm, partnership, association or other group seeking to qualify its property for inclusion in this class shall make application to the state department of revenue in such manner and form as may be required by said department.

Class Eight. Any improvement on real property, trailers affixed to land or mobile home belonging to any person who qualifies under any one or more of the hereinafter set forth categories, valued at not more than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars (\$17,500), which is owned or under a contract for deed, and which is actually occupied by:

- 11 (1) a widow sixty-two (62) years of age or older,
  12 whether with or without minor dependent children, who
  13 qualifies under the income limitations of (4), or
- 14 (2) a widower sixty-five (65) years of age or older, 15 whether with or without minor dependent children, who 16 qualifies under the income limitations of (4), or
- 17 (3) a widow with minor or dependent children regardless
  18 of age, who qualifies under the income limitations of (4),
  19 or
- 20 (4) a recipient of retirement benefits whose income 21 from all sources is not more than four thousand dollars 22 (\$4,000) for a single person and five thousand two hundred 23 dollars (\$5,200) for a married couple per annum. Provided, 24 further, that one who applies for classification of property 25 under this class must make an affidavit to the state

state department of revenue supplied without cost to the 3 applicant, as to his income, if applicable, as to his retirement benefits, if applicable, or, as to his marital 5 status, if applicable, and to the fact that he or she 6 actually occupies such improvements with right of the county 7 welfare board to investigate the applicant, on the 8 completion of the form, as to answers given on the form. Provided, further, that the value of said property shall not 10 increase during the life of the recipient of retirement 11 benefits or widow or widower covered under this class. For 12 purposes of the affidavit required for classification of 13 property under this class, it shall be sufficient if the 14 applicant signs a statement swearing to or affirming the 15 correctness of the information supplied, whether or not the 16 statement is signed before a person authorized to administer 17 . oaths, and mails the application and statement to the 18 department of revenue. This signed statement shall be 19 treated as a statement under oath or equivalent affirmation 20 for purposes of section 94-7-203, R.C.M. 1947, relating to 21 the criminal offense of false swearing. 22 Class Nine. All Centrally assessed utility allocations 23 except as provided in Class Two for rural telephones and 24 Class Five (b) for cooperatives, and all other property not

department of revenue on a form as may be provided by the

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-7--End-

included in the eight (8) preceding classes."

## STATE OF MONTANA

REQUEST NO. 116-75

## FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request received Jan. 29 , 19 75	. , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note
for House Bill 320 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1	965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly.
Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members	
of the Legislature upon request.	

## **DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:**

An act to include centrally assessed utility allocations except rural telephones and cooperatives in class nine for property tax purposes.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

Public utility property which is assessed by the state and allocated to the counties is not specifically included in any class under current law and is therefore assumed to be class nine property. Class nine includes property not included in the eight preceding classes. Thus, House Bill 320 merely clarifies current practice and would have no fiscal impact.

BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

SECOND READING
MISSING

INTRODUCED BY Thomas.

Requested by Jept. of Bevenue 1

34-301. R.C.M. 1947. TO PLACE CENTRALLY ASSESSED UTILITY ALLOCATIONS IN CLASS NINE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 84-301, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 9 10 read as follows:

\*84-301. Classification of property for taxation. For the purpose of taxation the taxable property in the state shall be classified as follows:

Class One. The annual net proceeds of all mines and mining claims, after deducting only the expenses specified and allowed by section 84-5403; also where the right to enter upon land, to explore or prospect, or dig for oil, coal or mineral is reserved in land or received by mesne conveyance (exclusive of leasehold interests), devise or succession by any person or corporation, the surface title to which has passed to or remains in another, the state department of revenue shall determine the value of the right to enter upon said tract of land for the purpose of digging, exploring, or prospecting for gas, oil, coal or minerals, and the same shall be placed in this

classification for the purpose of taxation. 1

2 Class Two. All agricultural and other tools, implements and machinery, gas and other engines and boilers, threshing machines and outfits used therewith, automobiles, motor trucks and other power-driven cars, vehicles of all kinds except mobile homes, boats and all watercraft, harness, saddlery and robes and except as provided in Class Five (b) 7 of this section, all poles, lines, transformers, transformer stations, meters, tools, improvements, machinery and other 10 property used and owned by all persons, firms, corporations, and other organizations which are engaged in the business of 11 12 furnishing telephone communications, exclusively to rural areas, or to rural areas and cities and towns provided that 13 14 any such city or town has a population of eight hundred 15 (600) persons or less; and provided further, that the average circuit miles for each station on the system is more 16 17 than one and one-guarter (1 1/4) miles.

Class Three. Livestock, poultry and unprocessed products of both; stocks of merchandise of all sorts. together with furniture and fixtures used therewith, except mobile homes; and all office or hotel furniture and fixtures.

Class Four. (a) All land, town and city lots, with improvements, and all trailers affixed to land owned, leased, or under contract or purchase by the trailer owner,

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- (b) Nobile homes without regard to the ownership of the land upon which they are situated. except those held by a distributor or dealer of mobile homes as part of his stock in trade, and except as such property may be included in Class Eight.
- Class Five. (a) All moneys and credits, secured or unsecured, including all state, county, school district and other municipal bonds, warrants and securities, without any deduction or offset; provided, however, that the terms "moneys and credits" as herein used shall not embrace the moneyed capital employed in the banking basiness by any banking corporation or individual in this state.
- (b) All poles, lines, transformers, transformer stations, meters, tools, improvements, machinery and other property used and owned by co-operative rural electrical and co-operative rural telephone associations organized under the laws of Montana except those within the incorporated limits of a city or town in which less than ninety-five per cent. (95%) of the electric consumers and/or telephone users are served by a co-operative organization, and as to the enumerated in this sub-section (b) within property

- incorporated limits of a city or town in which less than 1. ninety-five per cent (95%) of the electric consumers or 2 users will be served by a co-operative organization, such property shall be put in Class Two.
- (c) All unprocessed agricultural products either on the 5 farm or in storage, irrespective of whether said products are owned by the elevator, warehouse or flour mill owner or company storing the same, or any other person whomsoever, except all perishable fruits and vegetables in farm storage 9 10 and owned by the producer, and excepting livestock and 11 poultry and the unprocessed products of both.
  - (d) The dwelling house, and the lot on which it is erected, owned and occupied by any resident of the state. who has been honorably discharged from active service in any branch of the armed forces, who is rated one hundred per cent (100%) disabled due to a service-connected disability by the United States veterans administration or its successors.
- In the event of the veteran's death, the dwelling 19 house, and the lot on which it is erected, so long as the widow remains unmarried and the owner and occupant of the property, shall remain within this classification. 22
- Class Six. Property formerly included in this class is 23 now classified by section 84-308, R.C.M. 1947. 24
- Class Seven. (a) All new industrial property. New 25

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- (1) a widow sixty-two (62) years of age or older, whether with or without minor dependent children, who qualifies under the income limitations of (4), or
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- 17 (3) a widow with minor or dependent children regardless
  18 of age, who qualifies under the income limitations of (4),
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  - (4) a recipient of retirement benefits whose income from all sources is not more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a single person and five thousand two hundred dollars (\$5,200) for a married couple per annum. Provided, further, that one who applies for classification of property under this class must make an affidavit to the state

1 department of revenue on a form as may be provided by the 2 state department of revenue supplied without cost to the 3 applicant, as to his income, if applicable, as to his retirement benefits, if applicable, or, as to his marital status, if applicable, and to the fact that he or she actually occupies such improvements with right of the county 7 welfare board to investigate the applicant, on the completion of the form, as to answers given on the form. 9 Provided, further, that the value of said property shall not 10 increase during the life of the recipient of retirement 11 benefits or widow or widower covered under this class. For purposes of the affidavit required for classification of 12 13 property under this class, it shall be sufficient if the 14 applicant signs a statement swearing to or affirming the 15 correctness of the information supplied, whether or not the 16 statement is signed before a person authorized to administer 17 oaths, and mails the application and statement to the 18 department of revenue. This signed statement shall be 19 treated as a statement under oath or equivalent affirmation 20 for purposes of section 94-7-203, R.C.M. 1947, relating to 21 the criminal offense of false swearing. 22 Class Nine. All Centrally assessed utility allocations 23 except as provided in Class Two for rural telephones and 24 Class Five (b) for cooperatives, and all other property not

included in the eight (8) preceding classes."

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44th Legislature HB 0320/02 HB 0320/02

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 320
2	INTRODUCED BY THOMAS
3	(REQUESTED BY DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE)
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION
6	84-301, R.C.M. 1947, TO PLACE CENTRALLY ASSESSED UTILITY
7	ALLOCATIONS IN CLASS NINE."
8	
9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
10	Section 1. Section 84-301, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
11	read as follows:
12	*84-301. Classification of property for taxation. For
13	the purpose of taxation the taxable property in the state
14	shall be classified as follows:
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16	mining claims, after deducting only the expenses specified
17	and allowed by section 84-5403; also where the right to
18	enter upon land, to explore or prospect, or dig for oil,
19	gas, coal or mineral is reserved in land or received by
20	mesne conveyance (exclusive of leasehold interests), devise
21	or succession by any person or corporation, the surface
22	title to which has passed to or remains in another, the
23	state department of revenue shall determine the value of the
24	right to enter upon said tract of land for the purpose of
25	digging, exploring, or prospecting for gas, oil, coal or

1 minerals, and the same shall be placed in this
2 classification for the purpose of taxation.

3 Class Two. All agricultural and other tools, implements 4 and machinery, gas and other engines and boilers, threshing 5 machines and outfits used therewith, automobiles, motor trucks and other power-driven cars, vehicles of all kinds 7 except mobile homes, boats and all watercraft, harness, 8 saddlery and robes and except as provided in Class Five (b) 9 of this section, all poles, lines, transformers, transformer 10 stations, meters, tools, improvements, machinery and other 11 property used and owned by all persons, firms, corporations, and other organizations which are engaged in the business of 12 13 furnishing telephone communications, exclusively to rural 14 areas, or to rural areas and cities and towns provided that 15 any such city or town has a population of eight hundred 16 (800) persons or less; and provided further, that the 17 average circuit miles for each station on the system is more 18 than one and one-quarter (1 1/4) miles.

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- Class Four. (a) All land, town and city lots, with improvements, and all trailers affixed to land owned,

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leased, or under contract or purchase by the trailer owner,
manufacturing and mining machinery, fixtures and supplies,
except as otherwise provided by the constitution of Montana,
and except as such property may be included in Class Five,
Class Seven or Class Eight.

(b) Mobile homes without regard to the ownership of the land upon which they are situated, except those held by a distributor or dealer of mobile homes as part of his stock in trade, and except as such property may be included in Class Eight.

Class Five. (a) All moneys and credits, secured or unsecured, including all state, county, school district and other municipal bonds, warrants and securities, without any deduction or offset; provided, however, that the terms "moneys and credits" as herein used shall not embrace the moneyed capital employed in the banking business by any banking corporation or individual in this state.

(b) All poles, lines, transformers, transformer stations, meters, tools, improvements, machinery and other property used and owned by co-operative rural electrical and co-operative rural telephone associations organized under the laws of Montana except those within the incorporated limits of a city or town in which less than ninety-five per cent (95%) of the electric consumers and/or telephone users are served by a co-operative organization, and as to the

property enumerated in this sub-section (b) within incorporated limits of a city or town in which less than ninety-five per cent (95%) of the electric consumers or users will be served by a co-operative organization, such property shall be put in Class Two.

(c) All unprocessed agricultural products either on the farm or in storage, irrespective of whether said products are owned by the elevator, warehouse or flour mill owner or company storing the same, or any other person whomsoever, except all perishable fruits and vegetables in farm storage and owned by the producer, and excepting livestock and poultry and the unprocessed products of both.

(d) The dwelling house, and the lot on which it is erected, owned and occupied by any resident of the state, who has been honorably discharged from active service in any branch of the armed forces, who is rated one hundred per cent (100%) disabled due to a service-connected disability by the United States veterans administration or its successors.

In the event of the veteran's death, the dwelling house, and the lot on which it is erected, so long as the widow remains unmarried and the owner and occupant of the property, shall remain within this classification.

Class Six. Property formerly included in this class is now classified by section 84-308, R.C.M. 1947.

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1 Class Seven. (a) All new industrial property. New industrial property shall mean any new industrial plant, 2 3 including land, buildings, machinery and fixtures which, in the determination of the state department of revenue, is used by a new industry during the first three (3) years of 5 operation not having been assessed prior to July 1. 1961. within the state of Montana. New industry shall mean any 7 person, corporation, firm, partnership, association, or other group which establishes a new plant or plants in this 9 state for the operation of a new industrial endeavor, as 10 11 distinguished from a mere expansion, reorganization, or merger of an existing industry or industries. Provided. 12 however, that new industrial property shall be limited to 13 industries that manufacture, mill, mine, produce, process or 14 fabricate materials, or do similar work in which capital and 15 labor are employed and in which materials unserviceable in 16 17 their natural state are extracted, processed or made fit for use or are substantially altered or treated so as to create 18 19 commercial products or materials; and in no event shall the term new industrial property be included to mean property 20 21 used by retail or wholesale merchants, commercial services 22 any type, agriculture, trades or professions. And 23 provided further, that new industrial property shall not be included to mean property which is used or employed in any 24 industrial plant which has been in operation in this state 25

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for three (3) years or longer. Any person, corporation,
firm, partnership, association or other group seeking to
qualify its property for inclusion in this class shall make
application to the state department of revenue in such
manner and form as may be required by said department.

Class Eight. Any improvement on real property, trailers affixed to land or mobile home belonging to any person who qualifies under any one or more of the hereinafter set forth categories, valued at not more than seventeen thousand five hundred dollars (\$17,500), which is owned or under a contract for deed, and which is actually occupied by:

- 12 (1) a widow sixty-two (62) years of age or older, 13 whether with or without minor dependent children, who 14 qualifies under the income limitations of (4), or
- 15 (2) a widower sixty-five (65) years of age or older, 16 whether with or without minor dependent children, who 17 qualifies under the income limitations of (4), or
- 18 (3) a widow with minor or dependent children regardless
  19 of age, who qualifies under the income limitations of (4),
  20 or
  - (4) a recipient of retirement benefits whose income from all sources is not more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a single person and five thousand two hundred dollars (\$5,200) for a married couple per annum. Provided, further, that one who applies for classification of property

-6- HB 320

under this class must make an affidavit to the state 2 department of revenue on a form as may be provided by the 3 state department of revenue supplied without cost to the applicant, as to his income, if applicable, as to his retirement benefits, if applicable, or, as to his marital status, if applicable, and to the fact that he or she actually occupies such improvements with right of the county 7 8 welfare board to investigate the applicant, on the 9 completion of the form, as to answers given on the form. 10 Provided, further, that the value of said property shall not 11 increase during the life of the recipient of retirement 12 benefits or widow or widower covered under this class. For 13 purposes of the affidavit required for classification of 14 property under this class, it shall be sufficient if the 15 applicant signs a statement swearing to or affirming the 16 correctness of the information supplied, whether or not the statement is signed before a person authorized to administer 17 18 oaths, and mails the application and statement to the department of revenue. This signed statement shall be 19 20 treated as a statement under oath or equivalent affirmation 21 for purposes of section 94-7-203, R.C.M. 1947, relating to 22 the criminal offense of false swearing.

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- 1 (b) for cooperatives, and all other property not included in
- the eight (8) preceding classes."

-End-

HB 320

Class Nine. All Centrally assessed utility allocations

AFTER DEDUCTIONS OF LOCALLY ASSESSED PROPERTIES AND except

as provided in Class Two for rural telephones and Class Five