1			Douse	BILL	ио. 243
2	INTRODUCED	BY	Menahan	K	lusance

OF APPREHENSION OF A YOUTH."

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS
10-1210 AND 10-1213; TO PROVIDE THAT VIOLATION OF CONSENT
ADJUSTMENT WITHOUT PETITION IS WITHIN THE DEFINITION OF
DELINQUENT YOUTH; AND TO DELETE THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE
POLICE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY A PROBATION OFFICER IN ALL CASES

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11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

12 Section 1. Section 10-1210, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 13 read as follows:

"10-1210. Consent adjustment without petition. (1)
Before a petition is filed, the probation officer may enter
into an informal adjustment, give counsel and advice to the
youth and other interested parties, if it appears:

- 18 (a) the admitted facts bring the case within the
 19 jurisdiction of the court;
- 20 (b) counsel and advice without filing a petition would
 21 pe in the best interests of the child and the public.
- 22 (2) Any probation or other disposition imposed under 23 this section against any youth must conform to the following 24 procedures:
 - (a) Every consent adjustment shall be reduced to

writing, signed by the youth and his parents or the person having legal custody of the youth.

- 3 (b) Approval by the youth court judge shall be 4 required where the complaint alleges commission of a felony 5 or where the youth has been or will be in any way detained.
- (3) An incriminating statement relating to any act or omission constituting delinquency or need of supervision made by the participant to the person giving counsel or advice in the discussions or conferences incident thereto shall not be used against the declarant in any proceeding under this act, nor shall the incriminating statement be admissible in any criminal proceeding against the declarant.
- 13 (4) The following dispositions may be imposed by informal adjustment:
- 15 (a) Probation:

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home:

- (b) Placement of the youth in a licensed foster home
 or other home approved by the court;
- 18 (c) Placement of the youth in a private agency
 19 responsible for the care and rehabilitation of such a youth,
 20 including but not limited to, a district youth guidance
- 22 (d) Transfer of legal custody of the youth to the 23 department of institutions, provided, however, that such 24 commitment shall not authorize the department of
- 25 institutions to place the youth in a detention facility as

LC 0805

defined by this act and such commitment shall not exceed a period of six (6) months without a subsequent order of the court, after notice and hearing.

(5) Violation of an agreement under this section is included within the definition of delinquent youth under section 10-1203 (12) (b), R.C.M. 1947."

- 7 Section 2. Section 10-1213, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 8 read as follows:
 - "10-1213. Release or delivery from custody. (1) Whenever a peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that a youth can be released to a person who has custody of the youth, then the peace officer may release the youth to that person upon receiving a written promise from the person to bring the youth before the probation officer at a time and place specified in the written promise; or a peace officer may release the youth under any other reasonable circumstances.
 - (2) Whenever the peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that the youth must be held in custody, then the peace officer must notify the probation officer without undue delay, and shall, as soon as practicable, provide the probation officer with a written report of his reasons for holding that youth in custody. If it is necessary to hold the youth pending appearance before the youth court, then the youth must be held in some place that has been approved

by the youth court and completely separated from adult offenders.

(3)—Whenever—any—peace—efficer—has—apprehended—a youthy—he—shall—immediately—notify—the—probation—officer—of such—fact—and—shally—as—soon—as—practicable,—provide—the probation—officer—with—a-written—report—of—his—reasons—for the—apprehension—"

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Approved by Committee on Judiciary

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1	Dause BILL NO. 243
2	INTRODUCED BY Manahan Musacul
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS
5	10-1210 AND 10-1213; TO PROVIDE THAT VIOLATION OF CONSENT
6	ADJUSTMENT WITHOUT PETITION IS WITHIN THE DEFINITION OF
7	DELINQUENT YOUTH; AND TO DELETE THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE
8	POLICE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY A PROBATION OFFICER IN ALL CASES
9	OF APPREHENSION OF A YOUTH."
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.1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISTATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
L2	Section 1. Section 10-1210, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to
L3	read as follows:
L 4	"10-1210. Consent adjustment without petition. (1)
.5	Before a petition is filed, the probation officer may enter
16	into an informal adjustment, give counsel and advice to the
L7	youth and other interested parties, if it appears:
L8	(a) the admitted facts bring the case within the
19	jurisdiction of the court;
20	(b) counsel and advice without filing a petition would
21	be in the best interests of the child and the public.
2 2	(2) Any probation or other disposition imposed under
23	this section against any youth must conform to the following
24	procedures:
25	(a) Every consent adjustment shall be reduced to

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having legal custody of the youth.
     (b) Approval by the youth court judge shall be
required where the complaint alleges commission of a felony
or where the youth has been or will be in any way detained.
     (3) An incriminating statement relating to any act or
omission constituting delinquency or need of supervision
made by the participant to the person giving counsel or
advice in the discussions or conferences incident thereto
shall not be used against the declarant in any proceeding
under this act, nor shall the incriminating statement be
admissible in any criminal proceeding against the declarant.
     (4) The following dispositions may be imposed by
informal adjustment:
     (a) Probation;
     (b) Placement of the youth in a licensed foster home
or other home approved by the court;
     (c) Placement of the youth in a private agency
responsible for the care and rehabilitation of such a youth,
including but not limited to, a district youth guidance
home:
     (d) Transfer of legal custody of the youth to the
department of institutions, provided, however, that such
commitment shall not authorize the department
institutions to place the youth in a detention facility as
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writing, signed by the youth and his parents or the person

defined by this act and such commitment shall not exceed a period of Six (6) months without a subsequent order of the court, after notice and hearing.

(5) Violation of an agreement under this section is included within the definition of delinquent youth under section 10-1203 (12) (b), R.C.M. 1947.

7 Section 2. Section 10-1213, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to 8 read as follows:

"10-1213. Release or delivery from custody. (1) Whenever a peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that a youth can be released to a person who has custody of the youth, then the peace officer may release the youth to that person upon receiving a written promise from the person to bring the youth before the probation officer at a time and place specified in the written promise; or a peace officer may release the youth under any other reasonable circumstances.

(2) Whenever the peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that the youth must be held in custody, then the peace officer must notify the probation officer without undue delay, and shall, as soon as practicable, provide the probation officer with a written report of his reasons for holding that youth in custody. If it is necessary to hold the youth pending appearance before the youth court, then the youth must be held in some place that has been approved

by the youth court and completely separated from adult offenders.

(3)--Whenever-any--peace--officer--has--apprehended--a youthy-he-shall-immediately-notify-the-probation-officer--of such--fact--and--shally--as-soon-as-practicabley-provide-the probation-officer-with-a-written-report-of-his--reasons--for the-apprehension."

1			Dause BIL	L NO. 245
2.	INTRODUCED	BY	Menahan	Muranel

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS
10-1210 AND 10-1213; TO PROVIDE THAT VIOLATION OF CONSENT
ADJUSTMENT WITHOUT PETITION IS WITHIN THE DEFINITION OF
DELINQUENT YOUTH; AND TO DELETE THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE
POLICE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY A PROBATION OFFICER IN ALL CASES

OF APPREHENSION OF A YOUTH."

10

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 10-1210, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to

13 read as follows:

14 "10-1210. Consent adjustment without petition. (1)
15 Before a petition is filed, the probation officer may enter
16 into an informal adjustment, give counsel and advice to the
17 youth and other interested parties, if it appears:

- 18 (a) the admitted facts bring the case within the 19 jurisdiction of the court;
- 20 (b) counsel and advice without filing a petition would
 21 be in the best interests of the child and the public.
- 22 (2) Any probation or other disposition imposed under
 23 this section against any youth must conform to the following
 24 procedures:
- 25 (a) Every consent adjustment shall be reduced to

writing, signed by the youth and his parents or the person having legal custody of the youth.

- (b) Approval by the youth court judge shall be required where the complaint alleges commission of a felony or where the youth has been or will be in any way detained.
- 6 (3) An incriminating statement relating to any act or
 7 omission constituting delinquency or need of supervision
 8 made by the participant to the person giving counsel or
 9 advice in the discussions or conferences incident thereto
 10 shall not be used against the declarant in any proceeding
 11 under this act, nor shall the incriminating statement be
 12 acmissible in any criminal proceeding against the declarant.
- 13 (4) The following dispositions may be imposed by 14 informal adjustment:
- 15 (a) Probation;
- (b) Placement of the youth in a licensed foster homeor other home approved by the court;
- 18 (c) Placement of the youth in a private agency
 19 responsible for the care and rehabilitation of such a youth,
 20 including but not limited to, a district youth guidance
- 21 home;

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(d) Transfer of legal custody of the youth to the department of institutions, provided, however, that such commitment shall not authorize the department of

- defined by this act and such commitment shall not exceed a period of six (6) months without a subsequent order of the court, after notice and hearing.
- 4 (5) Violation of an agreement under this section is
 5 included within the definition of delinquent youth under
 6 section 10-1203 (12) (b), R.C.M. 1947.
 - Section 2. Section 10-1213, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

- "10-1213. Release or delivery from custody. (1) whenever a peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that a youth can be released to a person who has custody of the youth, then the peace officer may release the youth to that person upon receiving a written promise from the person to bring the youth before the probation officer at a time and place specified in the written promise; or a peace officer may release the youth under any other reasonable circumstances.
- (2) Whenever the peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that the youth must be held in custody, then the peace officer must notify the probation officer without undue delay, and shall, as soon as practicable, provide the probation officer with a written report of his reasons for holding that youth in custody. If it is necessary to hold the youth pending appearance before the youth court, then the youth must be held in some place that has been approved

by the youth court and completely separated from adult offenders.

(3)—Whenever—eny—peace—officer—has—apprehended—a youthy—he-shall-immediately—notify—the-probation—officer—of such—fact—and—shally—as-soon—as-practicable,—provide—the probation—officer—with—a-written—report—of-his—reasons—for the-apprehension."

SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 243

That House Bill No. 243, third reading, be amended as follows:

1. Amend title, line 4.

Following: "AMEND"
Strike: "SECTIONS"
Insert: "section"

2. Amend title, line 5.

Strike: "10-1210 AND"

3. Amend title, lines 5 through 7.

Following: "10-1213;"

Strike: "TO PROVIDE THAT VIOLATION OF CONSENT ADJUSTMENT

WITHOUT PETITION IS WITHIN THE DEFINITION OF

DELINQUENT YOUTH; AND"

4. Amend page 1, section 1, lines 12 through line 6 on page 3.

Following: "Section 1."

Strike: Section 1 in its entirety

Renumber: Subsequent section

44th Legislature HB 0243/02

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 243
2	INTRODUCED BY MENAHAN, DUSSAULT
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS
5	SECTION 10-1210AND 10-1213; TO-PROVIDE-THAT-VIOLATION-OF
6	CONSENT-ADGUSTERST-WITHOUT-PETITION-36-WITHIN-THE-BEFINITION
7	OF-BESINGUENT-YOUTH; AND TO DELETE THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE
8	POLICE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY A PROBATION OFFICER IN ALL CASES
9	OF APPREHENSION OF A YOUTH."
Ł0	
1I	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	Section-1:Section-10-1210;-RrC:M:-1947;-is-amended-to
13	read-as-foliows:
14	#10-1210Consent-adjustmentwithoutpetition(1)
15	Beforea-petition-is-filed,-the-probation-officer-may-enter
16	into-an-informal-adjustmenty-give-counsel-and-advice-tothe
17	youth-and-other-interested-parties,-if-it-appears:
18	(a)theadmittedfactsbringthecasewithin-the
19	jurisdiction-of-the-court;
20	(b)counsel-and-advice-without-filing-a-petition-would
21	be-in-the-best-interests-of-the-child-and-the-public-
22	(2)Any-probation-or-other-dispositionimposedunder
23	this-section-against-any-youth-must-conform-to-the-following
24	procedures:

(a)--Every--consent--adjustment--shall--be--reduced--to

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2	having-legal-custody-of-the-yeath.
3	<pre>fb)Approvadbytheyouthcourtjudgeshallbe</pre>
4	required-where-the-complaint-alleges-commission-of-afelony
5	orwhere-the-youth-has-been-or-will-be-in-any-way-detained.
6	(3)An-incriminating-statement-relating-to-any-astor
7	omissionconstitutingdelinquencyorneed-of-supervision
8	made-by-the-porticipant-tothepersongivingcounselor
9	adviceinthediscussions-or-conferences-incident-therete
10	shall-not-be-used-against-the-declarantinanyproceeding
11	underthisactynorshall-the-incriminating-statement-be
12	admissible-in-any-criminal-proceeding-against-the-declarant.
13	(4)Thefollowingdispositionsmaybeimposedby
14	informal-edjustment:
15	(a)Probation;
16	(b)Placementofthe-youth-in-a-licensed-foster-home
1.7	or-other-home-approved-by-the-courty
18	(c)Placementcftheyouthinaprivateagency
19	responsible-for-the-care-and-rehabilitation-of-such-a-youth;
20	includingbutnotlimitedtoya-district-youth-guidence
21	home;
22	(d)Transfer-of-legal-exstodyoftheyouthtothe
23	departmentofinstitutionsyprovidedyhowevery-that-such
24	commitmentshallnotauthorizethedepartmentof
25	institutionstoplace-the-youth-in-a-detention-facility-as

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defined-by-this-act-and-such-commitment-shall-not-exceed--a
period--of--six-(6)-months-without-a-subsequent-order-of-the
courty-after-notice-and-hearing;

(5)--Victation-of-an-agreement-under--this--scotion--is included--within--the--definition--of-delinquent-youth-under section-18-1283-(12)-(b)--R-8-M---1947-

Section <u>1</u>. Section 10-1213, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:

"10-1213. Release or delivery from custody. (I) Whenever a peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that a youth can be released to a person who has custody of the youth, then the peace officer may release the youth to that person upon receiving a written promise from the person to bring the youth before the probation officer at a time and place specified in the written promise; or a peace officer may release the youth under any other reasonable circumstances.

(2) Whenever the peace officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that the youth must be held in custody, then the peace officer must notify the probation officer without undue delay, and shall, as soon as practicable, provide the probation officer with a written report of his reasons for holding that youth in custody. If it is necessary to hold the youth pending appearance before the youth court, then the youth must be held in some place that has been approved

by the youth court and completely separated from adult offenders.

(3)—Whenever—any—peace—officer—has—apprehended—a youthy—he-shall-immediately—notify—the-probation—officer—of such-fact—and-shally—as—soon—as—practicabley—provide—the probation—officer—with—a-written-report—of-his-reasons—for the-apprehension."