[^0]Any distributor paying the gasoline license tax to this state erroneously shall be allowed a credit or refund of the anount of tax so paid.
(2) The application for refund shall be a signed statement on a form furnishec by the cepartment, accompaniec? by the original invoice or invoices issued to the claimant at the time of purchase and delivery, showing the total amount of gasoline purchased, the total amount of gasoline on which a refund is claimed, and the amount of the tax claimed for refund. Such further information pertaining to such claim shall be furnished as required by the department, provided that gallons of gasoline used off the roadways, where not verifiable by records of actual use, may be estimated by the applicant according to the following schedule:
(a) on the first one thousand (1,000) gallons of gasoline purchased, or any part thereof, forty-five per cent (45\%) of gasoline purchasea.
(b) on the next one thousand (1,000) galions of gasoline purchased, or any part thereof, sixty per cent (60\%) of gasoline purchased.
(c) on the next one thousand (1,000) gallons of gasoline parchased, or any part thereof, sixty-five per cent (65\%) of gasoline purchased.
(d) on any gasoline purchased in excess of three
thousand (3,000) gallons, seventy per cent (708) of gasolire purchased.

If any invoice is either lost or destroyed, the purchaser may support his claim for refunc by swmitting an affidavit relating the circumstances of such loss or cestruction and by producing such other evidence as may be requirec by the departnent.
(3) Any applicant who does not elect to estimate the offthighway use of gasoline according to the scherule in subsection (2) shail maintain records as providec for in this subsection.
(a) Highway and off-highway use of casoline from common storage. Gasoline purchased and cielivered into bulk storage for use in motor vehicles on public roads anc nonhighway use must be Eully accountec for by cetail withdrawal records to accurately show the manner in which used. Gasoline on hand, ueterminきट by actual measurement, shall be deducter from a claim and shall be reportec as an openinc inventory on the nest claim. Crecit for the inventory is allowed on the neyt claim if filed withir fourteen (14) months from the filing date of the claim which established the inventory.
(b) Highway and off-highway use of gasoline from separate storage. If separate storage tanks are maintained for highway use and off-highway use, the bulk purchase invoices shall be so marked by the dealer at the time of
delivery. No further record is required, provided that no gasoline is withcirawn from the off-highway tank for licensed vehicles. Withdrawal of gasoline from the off-highway tank for licensed vehicles will invalidate this method of detemining refundable gallonage.
(c) Use of gasoiine from restricted use storage. Special storage facilities in tine woods, or in farm fields, or for other uses for certain periods, must be identifiec and explained. If such storage is used entirely for off-highway purposes and is not used in licensed vehicles, no records will be required other than purchase invoices showing the delivery into such storage.
(d) Gasoline purchased for other than bulf: storage. Fuel purchased in small containers for nonhighway use must be identified on the purchase invoice and no further record is required.
(e) Resellers. Service stations, buik dealers ane marinas must prepare a separate and complete invoice for each witharawal of gasoline for own use upon which a refund is to be claimed.
(f) Proof of highway use. When no highvay use of gasoline is deducted from the clain, the applicant must substantiate purchases of gasoline and miles traveled for iicensec motor vehicles upon request of the department.
(g) Any person who operates a licensed motor vehicle on
and off the public roads for commercial purposes may claim refund of the state license tax on the gasoline used to operate the vohicle on roads or property in private ownership, if suci person nas maintained the following records:
(i) the total number of highway miles operated by each licenseà motor vehicle, including private passenger cars;
(ii) total gallons of gasoline used in each vehicle to include both refund and nonrefund use;
(iii) purchase invoices supporting all gasoline handled through bulk storage, as well as all fuels purchased at service stations or received from other sources. Highway use for each vehicle may be determined by actual measurement, or may be computed by dividing the average miles per gallon highway operation consumption rate into the number of highway miles operated.
(4) A school district that operates a school bus, as defined by section 75-7002, that is owned by a school district or other public agency may claim a refund of the state license tax on the gasoiine used for transporting pupils to or from school or to or from school functions.
tht (5) All applications for refunds shall be filed with the department of revenue within fourteen (14) months after the date on which the gasoline was purchased as shown by invoices or after the date on which the tax was
erroneously paic. Provided, however, that a distributor may file a claim for refund of taxes erroneously paid within three (3) years after the date of such erroneous payment. The department shall have one hundred twenty (129) days after receiving the clain to approve or reject it. If approved, the department shall issue a credit in Iieu of refund for the amount of the claim, if the claimant is a distributor. For all other persons, a warrant shall be drawn upon the state treasurer for the amount of the claim.
+5t (6) Should the department of revenue find that the statement contains errors which are not fraudulently inserted, it may correct the statement and approve it as correcter, or the department may require the claimant to file an amended statement. If the state department of revenue determines that any claim has been fraudulently presentec or is supported by invoice or invoices fraudulently made or altered or that any statement in the claim or affidavit is willfully false and made for the purpose of misleading, the department may reject such claim in full. If a ciaim is rejected, the department may suspenc claimant's right to refund for a period not to exceed one (1) Year.
t6t (7) Any person, other than a licensed distributor, shall obtain a license from the state department of revenue prior to selling gasoline on which a refund may be claimed.

The application for license shall contain the applicant's name, address, place or places of business in the state of Montana, and other information which may be required by the department. Iicenses issued shall bear a license number and the date of issuance. The department shall keep a record of all licenses issued, canceled, or suspended. A nontransferable license shall be issued for three (3) years upon payment of a fee of three ollars (\$3). Licenses must be renewed and the fee paid every three (3) years from date of issuance.

Any person failing to comply with this subsection shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) or more than two hundred dollars (\$200) or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not less than ten (10) days or more than sixty (60) days, or both fine and imprisonment."
-End-

# STATE OF MONTANA 

REQUEST NO.

## FISCAL NOTE

In compliance with a written request received -.-January 24 1975 , there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for House Bill 240 pursuant to Chapter 53, Laws of Montana, 1965 - Thirty-Ninth Legislative Assembly. Background information used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Office of Budget and Program Planning, to members of the Legislature upon request.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

House Bill 240 authorizes claims for refund of the state gasoline license tax by certain school districts.

## ASSUMPTIONS:

1. There are presently 578 school buses operated by school districts in Montana.
2. The average school bus travels 70 miles per day, 180 days per year, using an average of 7 MPG of gasoline.
3. Present state gasoline tax rate is 7 cents per gallon.

| FISCAL IMPACT: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FY 76 |  | FY 77 |  |
| Estimated revenue from gasoline license tax under existing law | \$ 36,240,280 |  | \$ 38,532,333 |  |
| Estimated revenue from gasoline license tax under proposed law |  | 67,200 |  | 59,252 |
| Estimated decrease in revenue from gasoline license tax | \$ | 73,080 | \$ | 73,080 |

## LOCAL IMPACT:

The savings to particular school districts should be reflected in lower school mill levies.

## CONCLUSIONS:

Enactment of House Bill 240 will result in an estimated reduction in gasoline license tax collections of $\mathbf{\$ 1 4 6 , 0 0 0}$ during the biennium..



[^0]:    INTRODUCED BY Sunce Bill no. 240

    A BILI FOR AN ACT ENTITEED: "AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 84-1855, R.C.M. 1947, TO AUTHORIZE CLAIMS FOR REFUND OF THE STATE GASOLINE LICENSE TAX BY CERTAIN SCHOOL DIS'TRICMS."
    be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:
    Section 1. Section 34-1855, R.C.M. 1947, is amended to read as follows:
    -84-1855. Refund of gasoline license tax-procedure. (1) Any person who shall purchase and use any gasoline, on which the Montana gasoline license tax has been paid, for operating , or propelling stationary gasoline engines, tractors used off the public highways and streets, motorboats, or for cleaning or dyeing, or for any comercial use other than propeiling vehicles upon any of the public highways or streets of this state, shall be allowed a refund of the amount of tax paid directly or indirectly on the gasoline so used. Providec, that such refund or drawback should in no instance exceed the tax paid or to be paid, to the state of Montana $[$, and no refund shall be allowed of that portion of the tax per gallon upon aviation gasoline allocated to the board of aeronautics by section 1-501, R.C.M. 1947].

