MINUTES

MONTANA SENATE 52nd LEGISLATURE - REGULAR SESSION

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

Call to Order: By Lawrence Stimatz, on February 15, 1991, at 3:00 p.m.

ROLL CALL

Members Present:

Lawrence Stimatz, Chairman (D) Cecil Weeding, Vice Chairman (D) John Jr. Anderson (R) Esther Bengtson (D) Don Bianchi (D) Steve Doherty (D) Lorents Grosfield (R) Bob Hockett (D) Thomas Keating (R) John Jr. Kennedy (D) Larry Tveit (R)

Members Excused: None.

- Staff Present: Michael Kakuk (EQC).
- Please Note: These are summary minutes. Testimony and discussion are paraphrased and condensed.
- Announcements/Discussion: Chairman Lawrence Stimatz asked Michael Kakuk, legal counsel to the committee, to present a summary of SB 212.

In Brief, Kakuk told the committee, SB 212 redefines appropriate to include instream uses and the bill includes the protection of public health as a beneficial use. Instream use is defined as a water use that is without a diversion and is within a natural or artificial stream, lake, pond, reservoir or wetland or other water course or body of water in order to provide, maintain or enhance fish and wildlife or recreational values or to protect the public health, Kakuk explained. Amendments for SB 212 bring into step the other relevant portions of existing Montana water law, he added.

Kakuk presented two water use scenarios to the committee: An individual wanting to apply for a new instream flow right permit and an individual wanting to purchase someone else's existing water rights from a willing seller and transfer that right to an

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instream flow right.

Initially, application is made for a new permit for a water use instream flow within a specific body of water, Kakuk said. The applicant is required to show 1. There are unappropriated waters in the source of supply. 2. They must show that the water rights of a prior appropriator will not be adversely affected. 3. The proposed use of water will be beneficial and is a reasonably necessary amount to provide, maintain or enhance fish and wildlife or recreational values or protect the public health. 4. The proposed use must be in the public interest. Under this criteria, Kakuk said, they must show that the existing demands of state water supply as well as projected demands, such as reservations of water for future beneficial purposes including municipal water supplies, irrigation systems, minimum stream flows and protection of existing water rights and aquatic rights, They must demonstrate the benefits to the applicant and are met. the state and show the affects on quantity and quality of water for existing beneficial uses plus discuss the feasibility and availability of using low quality water. 5. They must show the affects on private property rights by the contribution to saline seep. Finally, they must show the probable significant adverse environmental impacts of the proposed use of the water, as determined by the department, are not going to be significant. Amendments to the bill have been requested by the sponsor, Kakuk said.(EXHIBIT #1).

The final scenario regards a change in water appropriation rights Kakuk said. For an applicant who has a willing seller for a water right, application would be made for a change in water right from a consumptive use (irrigation) to a non-consumptive use (instream flow). There are four items to be considered in this change of use: 1. Proposed use will not adversely affect the water rights of other persons. 2. Proposed use will be beneficial. 3. Proposed use of water is a reasonable amount needed to provide maintain or enhance wildlife or recreational values. 4. A public interest test for new permits must also be satisfied.

HEARING ON SB 212

Presentation and Opening Statement by Sponsor:

Senator Don Bianchi, District 39, stated "we are embarking on a plan that will change the policies of this state as it relates to water. The plan will give all the people of this state an opportunity to own, use and enjoy this public resource. This plan corrects an injustice that has developed over the past century or longer that is fair, equitable and is based on the free market system of this great country. Article 9, Section 3 of the Constitution of Montana states that all waters within the state of Montana are the property of the public. As a public resource, therefore, water should be used in the public interest. All government agencies should protect the public trust values of water. Today, we have the opportunity to translate the public SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE February 15, 1991 Page 3 of 15

trust values and responsibilities of the Constitution. The protection of instream flows is first and foremost the protection of the public interest in free-flowing water. Although we have tried to protect instream flow values through a variety of policies including water reservations and water leasing studies, there is public demand to do more. We must protect the public trust values in water, Bianchi said. The question before us is "what is the best way to do this?"

Bianchi said he proposed that new water use permits for instream flow purposes be subject to rigorous and comprehensive public interest criteria. He asked the committee to consider, thoroughly, the benefits of the bill.

Proponents' Testimony:

Kathleen Hadley, Vice President, Montana Wildlife Federation, testified in support of SB 212. "Montana's most valuable resource, aside from its people, is not copper or gold, timber or cows or oil, its our water," Hadley said. "Water is a basic resource needed by our agricultural industry. Our present water laws do not protect all legitimate uses of our water. Each year over 2,000 miles of Montana streams are chronically dewatered. When our rivers run dry, floaters and fisherman stay home, valuable fish and wildlife resources are hurt, and production for hydroelectric generation decreases. Today, tourism is a very significant part of Montana economy and 100 years ago Montana did not have a national and international reputation for our fisheries and wildlife resources. As social and economic factors change in the state, there is a need to make changes in Montana water law, Hadley said. "We need to find a new balance in our water permitting system. One which will continue to protect existing water rights that will allow Montanans to file for instream permits and participate in the water permitting process," Hadley said.

"The Montana Wildlife Federation feels the present water permitting and adjudication system does not provide adequate protection for fish and wildlife resources nor for our tourism industry. We believe SB 212 will go a long way towards opening the water permitting process to Montanans. The bill will not injure existing water rights nor will it put instream flows ahead of any existing water rights or water right holders. It will simply allow us to get in line," Hadley said. SB 212 will also help slow the dewatering of our streams and lakes, she added.

John Duffield, professor of economics at the University of Montana, submitted testimony favoring SB 212. (EXHIBIT #1).

Emily Swanson testified on behalf of Patagonia, a designer and distributor of outdoor clothing. "We have brought part of our company to this state, 70 employees in Bozeman and 15 employees in Dillon and we are planning to bring our distribution center to Missoula in 1992 which will bring immediately at least 100 jobs to Missoula. We manufacture a full line of fishing goods, therefore, it is important to us to have water in the streams. "I think this bill offers a tool for improving the situation. I certainly don't want to see the viable agricultural industry in this state injured. I don't think this bill does that. I think Montana's challenge is to have both a viable agricultural community and a viable recreational one."

Stan Bradshaw, on behalf of Trout Unlimited, testified in support of SB 212 and offered amendments. (EXHIBIT #2).

Gene Quenemoen, Bozeman, testified in support of SB 212 on behalf of the Gallatin Wildlife Association.(EXHIBIT #3).

Bruce Farling, Deputy Director of the Clark Fork Coalition, submitted testimony in support of SB 212. (EXHIBIT #4).

Jim Jensen, Director, Montana Environmental Information Center, stated MEIC supports the bill because it "offers a fair and fairly moderate approach to solving a water problem."

Tony Schoonen, fishing guide, told the committee "49% of the people in this nation like to fish. It's a quick, clean renewable resource. Without instream flows, we cannot perpetuate our industry. SB 212 will help this." Schoonen said he felt he echoed the feelings of "many fishing guides in southwestern Montana."

Wade Fredenberg, fisheries biologist, Bozeman, testified on behalf of the American Fisheries Society. The Society contains over 100 fisheries biologists across Montana. "The Montana Chapter has voted to support SB 212 because, as professional biologists, depletion of water from our streams is the single most important factor that affects fish populations in this state. This bill presents a partial solution to this problem," Fredenberg said.

Noel Rosetta testified in support of SB 212 stating he also supports the family farm and the need to protect Montana's agriculture. "As a fisherman and a hunter, I believe agriculture is one of the best ways to preserve hunting and fishing in Montana. Our wild trout fisheries are in trouble today all the way from the headwaters to the river mouths. The threat comes from logging, pesticide use, overgrazing, road construction, etc. All of these combined are destructive to the complex interworkings of a stream ecology. None are more lethal to wild trout than a dried up stream bed. The time is right to protect our wild trout fisheries. They, too, are fragile and an important part of Montana's economy. I believe SB 212 is a reasonable step in that direction."

Jim McDermand, spokesman for the Medicine River Canoe Club in Great Falls, stated "SB 212 is one of the most important pieces of legislation in recent years." (EXHIBITS #5 and #6). SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE February 15, 1991 Page 5 of 15

Joe Gutkoski, landscape architect, told the committee "when you dry up a stream, you destroy the aquatic life of that stream. Some insects have a 45 year reproductive cycle. It takes 5 to 8 years of minimum flow to reestablish a fishery after it has dried up. SB 212 is a step forward to retain some instream flows to annually dewatered streams." Gutkoski said he didn't feel the bill threatened the agricultural community "at all because we're talking about willing buyers and willing sellers on water rights."

John Roylance, Whitehall, stated he didn't feel there was much justice in "5% of our citizens controlling a resource that 100% of our citizens depend upon. Water quantity affects not only the financial health of agriculture but the financial well being of other important industries, as well. We cannot afford to ignore the other 95% of our population. While I'm not jumping for joy at paying for something that is mandated by our constitution for public use, I am willing to do so, acknowledging that our system of appropriation is at the root of the problem."

Janet Ellis, Montana Audubon Legislative Fund, stated that many members of audubon hunt and fish and all of the members care about wildlife. "We support this proposal. It will give us an important tool to work with. The concept is sound. (EXHIBIT #7).

Bill Holdorf, Skyline Sportsmen's Association, Butte, testified that SB 212 would help and support many of Montana's rivers. Holdorf noted that the Madison River was not dewatered even though it was used for irrigation.

Lorry Thomas, Anaconda Sportsmen's Club, said, "when the man upstairs dropped the snow and the rain, he dropped it for all of us and for all things."

Bob Bugni, Prickly Pear Sportsman Association, emphasized that SB 212 is "compromise legislation." (EXHIBIT #8).

Murray Carpenter, Missoula, stated that "instream flows are important to protect wildlife; SB 212 is a bargain for the state; everyone will benefit from this bill and no one will lose. The bill will have no affect whatsoever on anyone who has a valid existing water right. Instream flows have been considered of beneficial use in Montana since 1973. The main change needs to allow for transfer status equal to diverted or consumptive use. The legislative forum is the best place to resolve this issue. (EXHIBIT #9).

A listing of dewatered streams in Montana, prepared by the Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks, two newspaper articles from the Bozeman Chronicle as well as spending patterns of anglers is submitted as testimony for SB 212. (EXHIBIT #10).

W.F. Heinecke, Belgrade, submitted testimony favoring the bill. (EXHIBIT #11).

Pat Roylance, Whitehall, also submitted testimony in support of the bill. (EXHIBIT #12).

Allen Schallenberger, Sheridan, submitted written testimony is support of SB 212. (EXHIBIT #13).

Phil Smith, Montana Trophy Angler, Melrose, stated he was still suffering the consequences of the drought of 1988. "When the river is up," Smith said, "every town on the Big Hole is hustling and bustling. We depend on it. We're trying to work with the ranchers. We can with this bill which will help everybody. The way this bill is drafted, it does not require that there be no adverse affect on prior rights. I believe this is an oversight."

Testimony was received from the following agencies: Fish Wildlife and Parks, Instream Flow Policies in Western States (EXHIBITS #14, 15, 16); Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, Instream Flows in the Missouri River Basin (EXHIBIT #17); Bioeconomics Associates, Missoula, Market Value of Agricultural Water Leased for Instream Flows (EXHIBIT #18) and U.S. Department of the Interior, Western State Instream Flow Programs: A Comparative Assessment. (EXHIBIT #19).

Opponents' Testimony:

Senator Tom Beck, District 24, said he opposed SB 212, although he said he realized that both the proponents' and opponents' had "one thing in common: we realize that water is our most natural resource in this state. Water is that clean, colorless, odorless substance that is essential for all our lives and our plants. An organized system for the appropriation of our waters is needed. I feel we have a fairly reasonable process today. Can you imagine what we'd have today if we had allowed the sale of water from one entity to another? There is nothing in this bill that restricts the out of state sale of water. If you start selling water rights, you will never see it back on the land.. you'll see instream flow. Don't sell ourselves down that instream flow. This bill is not the way to solve our problems."

Jo Brunner, Montana Water Resources Association, stated MWRA is "adamantly opposed to SB 212." Brunner submitted petitions from landowners opposed to the bill as well as testimony from MWRA. (EXHIBITS #2, 2a, 3 and 3a).

Dave McClure, Lewistown, President of Montana Farm Bureau, said the Bureau opposed SB 212 (EXHIBIT #4) because of policy statements established by the Bureau's voting members. McClure said he was speaking on behalf of the Montana Grain Growers Organization, Montana WIFE (Women Involved in Farm Economics) and the Montana Farmer's Union.

Chuck Rein, a rancher from Big Timber and a member of the Board of Directors of the Montana Stockgrowers Association, testified on behalf of his ranch, his water rights, the Montana

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Stockgrowers Association, the Montana Wool Growers Association and Montana Cattlewomen. (EXHIBIT #5). Rein urged the committee to table SB 212.

Eugene Manley, Headwaters RC&D Agricultural Water Resources Committee, testified on behalf of the eight member counties. "SB 212 will start us down a river of no return," Manley said. (EXHIBIT #6).

Ted Doney, a Helena attorney who stated he works with water law, represented the Montana Dairymen's Association and told the committee that in the six years he has lobbied for the Association they had never before taken a position on any legislation until this bill. Doney said he wanted to go on record for the Association as being opposed to the bill but comments made today were his own personal views of the legislation.

Doney said he opposed the bill for two reasons: "the bill is premature and secondly it allows for private individuals and groups to obtain instream flows in their own names. The state currently has an existing leasing program to establish instream flows for recreational use. I was an active proponent of that legislation last session. There are consequences of establishing instream flow rights to the state, we need to work slowly...to see if the thing can be administered and see what impact it has on existing water rights, if any." Doney said he was the drafter of the legislation passed in 1973 (Water Use Act) that established for the first time in Montana, water reservations. "It was decided at that time not to allow private individuals or organizations to acquire instream flows," Doney said. "I think the bill would not only privatize, it would Ted Turnerize instream flows in Montana." Doney stated he felt the bill was "unmanageable" and urged the committee to allow the current water leasing process to go on.

Gary Spaeth, Montana Water User's Coalition, stated they "strenuously opposed this bill. Water is Montana's most important commodity," Spaeth said. "I feel almost all agricultural organization in Montana was opposed to the bill." Spaeth said he felt the bill was "going too far too fast."

E. Gardner Brownlee, retired district judge, Florence, urged the committee to kill SB 212. (EXHIBIT #7).

Representative Steve Benedict, District #64, opposed SB 212. (EXHIBIT #8).

Dennis Iverson, on behalf of the Stephens Administration, reminded the committee that the Administration recognizes the importance of instream flows and recognizes their value to fisheries, tourism and recreation. Iverson said, however, that the Administration is "terribly concerned about the impact of long-term transfers of water and the affect of permanently severing the land from the water." The water leasing program may be a "better way," Iverson said.

Ken Mesaros, Cascade rancher and member of the Montana Stockgrowers Association, stated he felt SB 212 was "probably the most dangerous piece of legislation to come before the state of Montana." (EXHIBIT #9).

Vernon Westlake, representing the Agricultural Preservation Association of Gallatin Valley, submitted testimony asking that SB 212 be killed or tabled. (EXHIBIT #10).

Jay Chamberlin, on behalf of Bitter Root Irrigation District, Hamilton, the Upper Milk River water users and the Flathead Joint Board of Control, testified in opposition to the bill. (EXHIBIT #11 and lla).

Dave Moss, on behalf of the Beaverhead County Commissioners, opposed SB 212. "We feel like we have all the water law we need," Moss said. "If you want to do something for us irrigators, help us finance improvements on existing storage facilities or build some new ones." (EXHIBIT #11b).

J.B. Anderson, Dillon, on behalf of the Big Hole Ranchers Association, told the committee that if SB 212 is passed, it "will open a Pandora's Box of litigation. The refiling of our water rights in 1981 has become known as the attorney welfare act. That act would pale by comparison to the potential for litigation contained in this bill." (EXHIBIT #11c).

Leonard Blixrud, Choteau, representing the Teton River Water Users Commission, stated: "When you divert water from the stream to the land, you don't lose it, you only slow it up. The people of Montana would be better served as it is now, with fisheries in irrigation storage reservoirs that have been planted with fish." (EXHIBIT #11d).

Willie Day, Glendive, representing Montana Farmers Union, Dawson County Conservation District, Dawson County Farmers Union and the Buffalo Rapids Irrigation Project, stated that SB 212 "guarantees that the waters of the Missouri and Yellowstone River can be diverted." The bill is not amendable, Day said. (EXHIBIT #11e).

Ward Jackson, Harris, rancher and irrigator stated "there are three principle things wrong with this legislation one of which includes the thousands of acres of swamps and marsh that have been created since irrigation. Many of these areas will be dried up when irrigators are encouraged to sell or lease their water rights which will kill fish and ruin duck habitat."

Robert Story Jr., Stillwater County Conservation District supervisor and Water Committee chairman for the Montana Association of Conservation Districts, submitted testimony opposing the bill. (EXHIBIT #12). Merle Lloyd, Executive Director, Grassroots for Multiple Use, testified against SB 212. (EXHIBIT #13).

John Mcdonald, representing irrigators in the Upper Flint Creek Valley, said they are opposed to SB 212. He said they questioned Fish Wildlife and Parks participation in water issues.

Michelle Carosa, on behalf of the Sweetgrass County Preservation Association, stated they "strongly urge that you table SB 212."

Bill Donald, Melville, stated he felt "one of the roles of government should be to protect and nurture the natural resources of Montana and not ship them to other states. I feel that's what this bill does and that's why I'm against it."

Allen Martinell, President Water Users Irrigation Company, owners of Lima Dam, opposed SB 212. (EXHIBIT #14).

Richard Gosman, Vice-President, Water Users Irrigation Company, also opposed SB 212. (EXHIBIT #15).

Donald Berg, Martinsdale, Chairman of the Montana Stockgrower's Water Committee, stated he was "very strongly opposed to SB 212." (EXHIBIT #16).

Ole Ueland, Silver Bow, lifetime rancher and irrigator, opposed the bill. (EXHIBIT #17).

Gerald Smith, Gladda, farmer and rancher and operator of a small water system, stated that the Montana Land and Mineral Owners Association of Havre, American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Montana Rural Water Systems were all opposed to SB 212.

Mildred Hodge, Corvallis Grange, stated the 120 members are opposed to SB 212.

Grace Ward, Hamilton, said, "I am definitely opposed to 212."

John Murphy, Circle, President of the Montana Wool Growers Association, submitted testimony in opposition to the bill. (EXHIBIT #18).

Patty Hansen, Lingenfelter Hansen Ranch, Gold Creek, testified against SB 212. (EXHIBIT #19).

Bill Garrison, Glen, on behalf of Garrison Ranchers, Inc. and Madison, Beaverhead and Silver Bow Counties, testified against SB 212. "It looks like it would be out of reason to pass a bill like this before we pass the present adjudication of Montana water not knowing how much water we are using right now. Passing this bill could have a negative affect on future upstream storage projects in Montana water basins." (EXHIBIT #20). SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE February 15, 1991 Page 10 of 15

Oris A. Olsen, on behalf of 250 voters from Pinesdale, stated "when water is diverted it can dry up many wells because the water is not getting to the aquifer that feeds their streams and wells. I hope you people can understand what your putting other people up against. We do oppose this bill."

Jim Schofield, Ravalli Drilling and Bitter Root Valley well contractor, said he opposed the bill "for a multitude of reasons but mainly because I don't think the DNRC or Water Rights Bureau should have the power or authority to decide on instream use."

Jim Hansen, Sweet Grass County Farm Bureau, said he would "like to know what will happen when 5% of the population (farmers and ranchers) can no longer grow crops to feed the remaining 95%?"

Tack Van Cleve, Melville, past president of the Dude Rancher's Association, said that for 70 years his family had brought "brand new money, outside money" into Montana in the recreation business. We are opposed to this bill."

Orville Lamerst, Wheatland County, said he opposed SB 212.

Don J. Marchesseault, District Director of District 2, Montana Farm Bureau and a member of the Beaverhead Water Co., said he opposed passage of SB 212. (EXHIBIT #21).

Mrs. Van Cleve, Melville rancher, said she felt "SB 212 was a sure-fired recipe for disaster in Montana. Please defeat it."

Ralph Mannox, on behalf of Montana State Grange, asked "to go on record opposed to the bill."

Shirley Bugli, Water Chairmwoman for W.I.F.E. (Women in Farm Economics) testified against the bill. (EXHIBIT #22).

Roger Ward, irrigator, said he was opposed to the bill.

Wally Close, Twin Bridges, testified on behalf of his neighbors who oppose SB 212. Close said the irrigators "are NOT wasting water in Clark Canyon Dam."

A spokeswoman for the Choteau Hutterites expressed opposition to SB 212 on behalf of 4,000 Hutterites.

Dave Jones, President Montana Rural Water Systems, testified against SB 212. (EXHIBIT #23).

The following individuals submitted testimony opposing SB 212:

Monte Clemow, Big Hole Ranchers and Montana Water Resources Association.(EXHIBIT #23a). SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE February 15, 1991 Page 11 of 15

Gary Ruff, President of the Montana Cattle Feeder Association, Custer. (EXHIBIT #24).

Alton E. and Helen Thomson, Mike and Irene Thomson, Linda and John Robel, Arlene and Marc Sande and Vernon Sande. (EXHIBIT #25).

Elmer Coscik, Mammoth Ditch Co. (EXHIBIT #26).

Robert Taylor, Billings. (EXHIBIT #27).

James Balker, Belgrade. (EXHIBIT #28).

Dorothy Jackson and Robert Teague opposed the bill. (EXHIBIT #29).

S.A. Taylor, Mammoth Ditch Company. (EXHIBIT #30).

Peggy Olson Trenk, Executive Director WETA, Western Environmental Trade Association. (EXHIBIT #31).

Kenneth L. Kershner, Corvallis. (EXHIBIT #32).

Greg Rice, Harrison. (EXHIBIT #33).

Warren Johnson and Dwight E. Thiessen, Richland County. (EXHIBIT #34).

Vernon Woolsey, Water Commissioner, Biterroot River and Burnt Fork Creek, Stevensville. (EXHIBIT #35).

John Venhuizer. (EXHIBIT #36).

Petition from water users on the Big Hole and Beaverhead Basins from Madison, Beaverhead and Silver Bow Counties. (EXHIBIT #37).

Elmer D. Severson, Flying E Ranch, Stevensville. (EXHIBIT #38).

Dave Strobel, Chairman, Prairie County Conservation District. (EXHIBIT #39).

Dave Jones, President, Montana Rural Water Systems. (EXHIBIT #40).

Rafter Ranch, Inc., Donald H. Jones, President. (EXHIBIT #41).

Soap County Cattle Co., Larry Kone, president. (EXHIBIT #42).

Petition from Augusta area residents. (EXHIBIT #43).

Lloyd DeBruycrer. (EXHIBIT #44).

Larry J. Brooke, Pony. (EXHIBIT #45).

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to do anything. Storage may be a partial solution for instream use but there aren't any people interested in instream use that can participate in storage projects right now because there is no guarantee that the water they store has any right to stay instream. We're asking the committee to consider the opportunity for people in the state, the non-irrigators, to participate in this program of storing water for the purposes of fish, wildlife and health or whatever reasons they want to put it in streams. I think it's a matter of fairness...that the rest of us in this state who are not necessarily land owners or irrigators, have an opportunity to use water for other things than diversionary uses."

"Can we maintain Montana's irrigated agricultural industry and have enough water for streams? I say yes, because on the average only 1 out of every 5 acre feet of Montana water that is diverted is being used by crops. It is very likely, with a cooperative effort from sports people, irrigators and government agencies, that we can improve the ways we use the public's water. Maintain agriculture production and have adequate stream flows. SB 212 gives us just a start in this process.. it is not a fast fix...at best is probably a 50 or 60 year program. It was brought to you in the light of cooperation and sincerity to help maintain the agricultural economic basins in this state and also have some future economic developments such as recreation. The bill is a fair request."

ADJOURNMENT

Adjournment At: 7:48 p.m.

Lawrence Stimatz, Chairman

Roberta Opel, Secretary

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Daniel L. Bell, Dan Bell Masonry, Victor. (EXHIBIT #46).

Allyn W. O'Hair, President O'Hair Ranch Company, Livingston. (EXHIBIT #47).

Jack Iman, Chairman Bitterroot Conservation District, Hamilton. (EXHIBIT #48).

Clint and Atha Stagner, Harlowtton. (EXHIBIT #49).

Steve Mayernik, Stockett. (EXHIBIT #50).

Bob Anderson. (EXHIBIT #51).

John J. Munson. (EXHIBIT #52).

William B. Taylor, Belgrade. (EXHIBIT #53).

Louise Steingruber, Willow Creek. (EXHIBIT #54).

Charles W. Proff, Dutton. (EXHIBIT #55a).

Richard Gosman, Vice President, Water Users Irrigation Company. (EXHIBIT #55b).

Bob Wertheimer, Wertheimer Ranch, Utica. (EXHIBIT #56).

Virge Holliday, Wilsall. (EXHIBIT #57).

David T. Dearman, Wilsall. (EXHIBIT #58)

Verna Lou Landis, Wilsall. (EXHIBIT #59).

Jaci Dearman, Dearman Ranch, Wilsall. (EXHIBIT #60).

Louise and John Monroe. (EXHIBIT #61).

Robert Schmidt, Victor. (EXHIBIT #62),

Richard Waddell, Wilsall. (EXHIBIT #63).

Bob Ross, Bozeman. (EXHIBIT #64).

Melvin Novak, Nashua. (EXHIBIT #65).

Bob and Linda Davis. (EXHIBIT #66).

Steve and Sue Tibbetts, Terry. (EXHIBIT #67).

David J. Maclay, Missoula. (EXHIBIT #68).

Raymond Strasheim, Buffalo Irrigation Project, Terry. (EXHIBIT #69).

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Petition from Roundup citizens ADAMANTLY opposed. (EXHIBIT #70). Melvin Underdal, Shelby. (EXHIBIT #71). Joe Meyer, Bitterroot Stockgrowers Association. (EXHIBIT #72). Colleen Meyer, Western Montana Chapter of WIFE. (EXHIBIT #73). Rosemarie Neuman, Bitterroot Stockgrowers Association. (EXHIBIT #74). George R. Swan, Ruby River Water Users Association. (EXHIBIT #75). Water Commissioners from Ward Irrigation District. (EXHIBIT #76). Margie and Jon Lienemann, Hamilton. (EXHIBIT #77). John Venhuizen, Potato Growers of Montana. (EXHIBIT #78). George C. Ferguson, Sula. (EXHIBIT #79). Juanita Ferguson, Sula. (EXHIBIT #80). Margie J. Mickesell, Sula. (EXHIBIT #81). John Mihesall, Sula. (EXHIBIT #82). John Robbins, Stevensville. (EXHIBIT #83). Marvin and Betty Witzsteon. (EXHIBIT #84). Smith 6 Bar S Livestock, Glen. (EXHIBIT #85). Eugene Graf, III, Bozeman. (EXHIBIT #86). David J. Maclay, Missoula. (EXHIBIT #87). Ann Craft, Hamilton. (EXHIBIT #88). Dan Hurwitz, Cross H Ranch Co. (EXHIBIT #89). Allen Scallard, Manhattan. (EXHIBIT #90). John Patterson, Patterson Land & Livestock Company, Inc. (EXHIBIT **#91).** Kenneth Kershner, Stevensville and Earl F. Wolfe, Corvallis. (EXHIBIT #92). A petition with two signatures from individuals opposing the bill. (EXHIBIT #93).

William Stench, Sheridan. (EXHIBIT #94).

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Roy Lake, Ronan. (EXHIBIT #95).

Ruby Valley Conservation District. (EXHIBIT #96).

Larry Fasbender, Fishing Outfitters Association of Montana. (EXHIBIT #97).

Pageville Canal Company, Gary Giem, President. (EXHIBIT #98).

Dean Hall, Billings. (EXHIBIT #99).

Madelen Taylor, Mammoth Ditch. (EXHIBIT #100).

George G. Waldner, New Rockport Colony. (EXHIBIT #101).

John Willard, Billings. (EXHIBIT #102).

Colleen Meyer, Stevensville. (EXHIBIT #103).

Gloria Paladiuk, Sidney. (EXHIBIT #104).

George Swan, Sheridan. (EXHIBIT #105).

Dale Venhyizen, Manhattan, Montana Hereford Association. (EXHIBIT #106).

Dave E. Wipf, White Sulphur Springs. (EXHIBIT #107).

Theresa Yadon,, Manhattan, asked that SB 212 BE TABLED. (EXHIBIT 108).

Questions From Committee Members:

There were no questions from the committee.

Closing by Sponsor:

Senator Bianchi stated SB 212 will allow individuals to receive and hold water rights and permits without requiring that water be diverted from a stream to protect fish, wildlife, and recreation and the public health. "SB 212 allows instream uses of water to be treated the same as all other uses of water. The bill asks for the public to have a fair shake at a public resource. SB 212 does not, in any way, alter the prior appropriations doctrine and does not change principles of water rights. The question of severability is established by law and is clearly given appropriation against adverse affects caused by changes," Bianchi said.

"The water right now can, and is, on a daily basis, separated from the land. This is in the law and has been this way forever. We've had changes of use in this state since the 1800's. We're asking that water go from a diverted use to an instream use. It's done strictly on a voluntary basis. We are not requiring ranchers SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE February 15, 1991 Page 15 of 15

to do anything. Storage may be a partial solution for instream use but there aren't any people interested in instream use that can participate in storage projects right now because there is no guarantee that the water they store has any right to stay instream. We're asking the committee to consider the opportunity for people in the state, the non-irrigators, to participate in this program of storing water for the purposes of fish, wildlife and health or whatever reasons they want to put it in streams. I think it's a matter of fairness...that the rest of us in this state who are not necessarily land owners or irrigators, have an opportunity to use water for other things than diversionary uses."

"Can we maintain Montana's irrigated agricultural industry and have enough water for streams? I say yes, because on the average only 1 out of every 5 acre feet of Montana water that is diverted is being used by crops. It is very likely, with a cooperative effort from sports people, irrigators and government agencies, that we can improve the ways we use the public's water. Maintain agriculture production and have adequate stream flows. SB 212 gives us just a start in this process.. it is not a fast fix...at best is probably a 50 or 60 year program. It was brought to you in the light of cooperation and sincerity to help maintain the agricultural economic basins in this state and also have some future economic developments such as recreation. The bill is a fair request."

ADJOURNMENT

Adjournment At: 7:48 p.m.

Lawrence Stimatz, Chairman

Roberta Opel, Secretary

LS/ro

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO.
DATE 2-12-71
BALL MO SO 212

WAR IN AN INCOME.

Amendments to Senate Bill No. 212 First Reading Copy

Requested by Senator Bianchi For the Committee on Natural Resources

> Prepared by Michael S. Kakuk January 29, 1991

1. Title, line 11. Strike: "85-2-401,"

2. Page 16, line 9.
Following: line 8
Insert:
 "(a), there are unappropriated waters in the source of
supply;
 (b) the water rights of a prior appropriator will not be
adversely affected;"
Renumber: subsequent subsections

3. Page 21, line 12 through page 22, line 3. Strike: section 6 in its entirety. Renumber: subsequent sections

4. Page 23, line 3.
Following: line 2
Insert: "(e) For proposed changes to instream use:

(i) the proposed use of water is in an amount reasonably necessary to provide, maintain, or enhance fish and wildlife or recreation values or protect public health; and

(ii) the proposed use is reasonable as provided in subsection 85-2-311(2)(c)."

5. Page 28, line 23. Following: line 22 Insert: "(e) For proposed changes to instream use: (i) the proposed use of water is in an amount reasonably necessary to provide, maintain, or enhance fish and wildlife or recreation values or protect public health; and (ii) the proposed use is reasonable as provided in subsection 85-2-311(2)(c)."

6. Page 34, line 9. Following: "<u>right</u>" Insert: "or a portion of a water right"

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PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 212 Proposed by Montana Trout Unlimited February 15, 1991

At page 3, line 4, strike ", or use for instream use".

At page 3, line 7, strike "; or" and insert "."

At page 3, line 9, strike "." and insert "; or"

At page 3, after line 9, insert "(d) in the case of a qualified conservation group, to apply water to an instream use."

At page 3, line 16, strike "(ii) the protection of public health;".

- more St Health Wept.)

At page 4, line 24, strike "or to protect public health",/and, after "values", insert "."

At page 5, line 11, insert "(15) "Qualified conservation group" means any group qualified under section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has among its purposes the protection of fisheries, wildlife, recreation, or instream values."

At page 5, line 12, strike "(15)' and insert "(16)".

At page 5, line 16, strike "(16)" and insert "(17)".

At page 5, line 20, strike "(17)" and insert "(18)".

At page 5, line 22, strike "(18)" and insert "(19)".

At page 5, line 24, strike "(19)" and insert "(20)".

At page 6, line 1, strike "(20)" and insert "(21)".

At page 6, line 11, stike "' or use for instream use".

At page 6, line 12, strike "or".

At page 6, line 14, strike "." and insert ", or"

At page 6, line 15, insert "(c) in the case of a qualified conservation group, to apply water to an instream use."

At page 6, line 21, strike "(ii) the protection of public health; and".

At page 8, line 12, insert " (14) 'Qualified conservation group' means any group qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that has among its purposes the protection of fisheries, wildlife, recreation, or instream flows."

At page 8, line 13, strike "(14)" and insert "(15)".

At page 8, line 17, strike "(15)" and insert "(16)". At page 8, line 21, strike "(16)" and insert "(17)". At page 8, line 23, strike "(17)" and insert "(18)". At page 8, line 25, strike "(18)" and insert "(19)". At page 9, line 26, strike "(19)" and insert "(20)". At page 22, line 9, below the existing language, insert "(2) In the case of a change to an instream use the recipient of the right must be a public agency or a qualified conservation group." At page 22, line 10, strike "(2)" and insert "(3)". At page 23, line 3, strike "(3)" and insert "(4)". At page 24, line 3, strike "(4)" and insert "(5)". At page 24, line 13, strike "(5)" and insert "(6)". At page 26, line 10, strike "(6)" and insert "(7)". At page 27, line 20, strike "(7)" and insert "(8)". At page 27, line 2, strike "(8)" and insert "(9)". At page 27, line 10, strike "(9)" and insert "(10)". At page 27, line 13, strike "(10)" and insert "(11)". At page 27, line 18, strike "(11)" and insert "(12)". At page 28, line 6, below the eixisting language, insert "(2) In the case of a change to an instream use the recipient of the right must be a public agency or a qualified conservation group." At page 28, line 7, strike "(2)" and insert "(3)". At page 28, line 23, strike "(3)" and insert "(4)". At page 29, line 23, strike "(4)" and insert "(5)". At page 30, line 8, strike "(5)" and insert "(6)". At page 32, line 5, strike "(6)" and insert "(7)". At page 32, line 15, strike "(7)" and insert "(8)". At page 32, line 22, strike "(8)" and insert "(9)". At page 33, line 5, strike "(9)" and insert "(10)". At page 33, line 8, strike "(10)" and insert "(11)".

At page 33, line 13, stirke "(11)" and insert "(12)".

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At page 34, starting at line 9, strike subsection (3) in its entirety.

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SB212

Testimony of Gene Quenemoen on behalf of the Gallatin Wildlife Association

Mr. Chairman, members of the committee

My name is Gene Quenemoen and I am speaking on behalf of the Gallatin Wildlife Association of Bozeman.

The Gallatin Wildlife Association supports SB212. We feel there is a demand for a minimum amount of free flowing water in traditionally flowing streams through all seasons of the year. This demand did not exist a century ago when water rights laws were being developed. Now that conditions have changed there is a need to establish institutions which will facilitate transfers of water to new uses.

The free enterprise market system of willing buyers and willing sellers has proven to be very efficient in allocating scarce resources to the needs of people. In recent years the world has become acutely aware of this fact. In addition the market system is a better way to allocate resources than to fight over them in court.

SB212 proposes to create conditions that will let the market system work to resolve problems of water use. It does not take anyones property or alter the prior appropriations doctrine. It protects existing water rights against any adverse impact from changing water use. SB212 would resolve the problem of dewatered streams and simultaneously provide additional opportunities and options for farmers and ranchers who own water rights.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in favor of this bill.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES	
EXHIBIT NO	
WITNESS STATEMENT DATE 2-15-91	
To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.	
Dated this 15 day of $-eb$, 1991.	
Name: Bisce Farling	
Address: Box 7593	
17: (50.114 117 59307	
Telephone Number: 542-0539	
Representing whom? (lurk fork Continion	
Appearing on which proposal?	
SB 217	
Do you: Support?_X Amend? Oppose?	
Comments:	
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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES	19
EXHIBIT NO. 4	
DATE SB212	
BALL MA 2-15-71	

Testimony of Bruce Farling on S.B. 212. Given to the Montana Senate Committee on Natural Recources, February 15, 1991.

Mr. Chairman and members of the committee I'm Bruce Farling, deputy director of the Clark Fork Coalition, a regional conservation group from western Montana that works to protect and enhance the water quality and aquatic resources of the Clark Fork watershed.

We are a conservation group of a different stripe, having distinguished ourselves at least partly by identifying common interests of conflicting parties then working up agreements on matters affecting water quality. We have negotiated agreements with Stone Container Corp., MOntana Power, Burlington Northern, the City of Missoula, and currently are trying to put together a joint venture with Champion International for cooperative projects that rehabilitate streams on its industrial forestlands. We also recently took part in an 8-month dialogue and negotiation with the major players in water allocation in the upper clark Fork basin -- including irrigators, utilities and agencies -- in an attempt to resolve the sticky problem of who gets what water from where and when. These discussions may result soon in a landmark agreement that could lead to a cooperative problem solving on water allocation disputes in the upper Clark Fork Counrty. If it succeeds, it could also be a model for resolving disputes in some of Montana's other overappropriated basins.

We have long been involved in water allocation issues and as a result become fairly familiar with Montana's water use system and the Montana Water Use Act. We are therefore confused as to why there is so much opposition to Sen. Bianchi's measure, a bill that we urge this committee to endorse. Despite the outcry we have heard today and in the last Legislature, we have yet to hear compelling and substantive arguments on how S.B. 212 will adversely affect valid existing water rights. The bill nicely dovetails with the prior appropriation system, recognizes valid existing rights and includes a transfer mechanism already recognized in the law -- one based on a willing seller, willing buyer premise.

Moreover this bill merely recognizes the obvious: In-stream flows are a valuable use of Montana's waters. Everyone in this room needs in-stream flows, be they for fishing and recreation, dilution of effluents from your community's sewage treatment plant or job-producing industrial facility, or for the hydroelectric power that lights your reading lamp or fires the pump that runs your sprinkler irrigation system. We need in-stream flows for fish, wildlife and recreation, for sure. But we also need them to reduce the effects pollutants have on stream water that recharges aquifers used for domestic use, and for local economic development and example of the latter being the 423 million Missoula and its businesses have sunk into their riverside park system, a major cog in the city's future economic

Activities of Provide Florting, p. 2

Ex. 4 2-15-91 SB 212

development plans.

S.B. 212 -bild is a moderate approach -- inbdeed it's really just one building block -- that helps satisfy the varied demands Montanans place on their streams. It will not result in a flood of in-stream flow purchases, as some opponents fear. Neither the water nor money are there. But it will help guarantee that when water is needed in a critical situation in a specific stream, some mechanism exists to deliver that water, but only after cooperative efforts between prospective purchaser and seller have succeeded.

Montanans need to stop fighting each other over water. The real threat isn't the guy next door with the shovel, or the guy from the city with the fishing rod. It's the out of state industrial and water interests that smack their lips over the bounties of our rivers. They are in corporate boardrooms in New York, Denver and San Francisco, or downstream in the lower Missouri River states, or in California where there is no shortage of crackpot ideas to steal our water, nor shortage of money to employ them. We have to stop haggling among ourselves lest we wake up and find our water sprinkling lawns in Los Angeles or slurrying our coal to the midwest. Passage of this bill will demonstrate that we can come together, that we can extend hands across the irrigation ditch for the prosperity of all Montanans.

One more thing. Montana is an urban state. It has been since the 1960 census, and according to the last count it is increasingly becoming more so. One way or the other, I suspect sometime in the not too distant future, urban Montanans will figure out some way to ensure their interests in water -- which unfortunately many of today's irrigators consider adverse -- are satisfied. Our water laws will be changed sometime. It's important to this state and its valuable agricultural industry that ranchers and farmers not do themselves a disservice and instead become a cooperative member in molding that change. Digging heels in on bills such as this may make for good solidarity out on the back forty today, but it doesn't bode well for ensuring that all Montanans -- rural and urban -- are involved in shaping the water future for this state. I urge you again, to recommend to the full Senate, passage of SB 212. Thank you.

	SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE
WITNESS STATEMENT	DATE 2-15-91 BAL NO. SUB 2-12
To be completed by a person testifying or a their testimony entered into the record.	person who wants
Dated this 1.5th day of February	_, 1991.
Name: James W. McDermand	
Address: 3805 4th Ave South	
Great Falls, MT 59405	
Telephone Number: 761-0303	
Representing whom?	
Medicine. River Cance. Club -	
Appearing on which proposal?	
$\frac{5.6 \ 2.12}{\text{Do you: Support? } X \qquad \text{Amend?}}$	
See written testimony attached.	
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH TH	IE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

Medicine River Canoe Club

Great Falls, Montana

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 2
DATE 2-13-91
m m B 212

February 15, 1991

Senate Natural Resources Committee State Capitol Helena, Montana

Chairman Stimatz and Members of the Committee:

My name is Jim McDermand; I am the spokesman for the Medicine River Canoe Club in Great Falls. Having a vested interest in water issues, our organization feels that Senate Bill 212 is one of the most important pieces of legislation in recent years.

It is our rivers and streams, yours and mine, that are being dried up. It is our fish that are dying. Dewatering not only affects our fish but all species of wildlife that live in the impacted ecosystem. In fact, our very lifestyle and the things we cherish in the "last best place" are being diminished by the continuing problem of rivers being reduced to trickles or even drained dry.

We are hypocritical in advertising for tourism by promoting blue ribbon trout streams and abundant water for recreation but, when tourists arrive, they are seeing barren stream beds and nearly empty reservoirs. It may be very difficult to influence them to return. Currently the upstream states of the Missouri River Basin, including Montana, are fighting for the right to keep water in their reservoirs for recreation. Yet, ironically, Montana has done nothing at this time to insure its own instream flows to help fill these reservoirs.

We can not successfully enter the 21st century with water laws devised in the 19th century---antiquated laws dictating that only water <u>diverted</u> from a river serves a beneficial use. We do not blame our forefathers for the laws they formulated; they met the needs of that era. However, we will all have to share the blame if we do not revise those laws to meet the needs of todays society---a society that increasingly values fish and wildlife and recognizes its enhancement of our lives and our economy.

SB 212 is a viable first step in that process because it would place instream water appropriations on an equal footing with other appropriations. We must acknowledge

that water rights for instream flows should be as valid as water rights now granted for other purposes.

The water leasing bill of the '89 session (HB707) was a valiant effort to address problems with dewatered streams. The parties that authored this legislation were under extreme pressure in the last days of the session to produce a compromise bill. Despite the best efforts of those involved, the resultant leasing bill became an administrative nightmare and, consequently, no leases have been consummated. It is unfortunate that it has proven unworkable. SB 212 overcomes those problems by making the leasing process simpler, by making it statewide so it can truly address all our dewatering problems, and by allowing it to occur only between a willing water right owner and a willing lessee.

Another admirable aspect of the leasing provision is that a water right owner could earn additional income by leasing unneeded portions of his appropriation, yet still retain his full water right for future use. This would help alleviate some of the wasteful effects of the "use it or lose it" principle that forces water right owners to divert water even when they really don't need all of it.

This is a thoroughly researched and well formulated piece of legislation. Now is the time to prepare for problems of future droughts. Let's step out of the 1800's and into the 21st century. Please pass SB212.

Sincerely,

Janes W. Mislieund

James W. McDermand, Spokesman Medicine River Canoe Club 3805 Fourth Avenue South Great Falls, MT 59405

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Address: 8 SUCARBI	MT. 597	75 ⁶ 1
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

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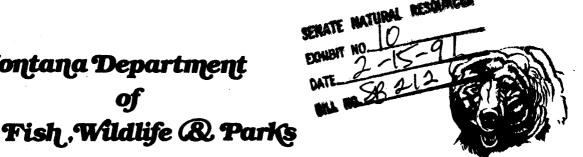
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Dated this 15 day of February, 199	91.
Name: Jaret Ellis	
	<u>,</u>
Address:	
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Dated this 15 day of FEB , 1991.
Name: BOB BUGNI
Address: 2545 PRICKLY PEAR AVE
EAST HELENA
Telephone Number: 227-8749
Representing whom?
PRICKY PEAR SPORTSMAN ASSN
Appearing on which proposal?
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Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
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Dated this 15^{74} day of	Felduary	, 1991.
Name: MURRAL CA	RPENTER	
Address: 402 5	3rd W	
MISSOULA M	IT 59801	
Telephone Number: (406)	728-8572	
Representing whom?		
Appearing on which proposed $5, B, 212$	osal?	
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January 24, 1991

DEWATERED STREAMS LIST

The following is a preliminary list of Montana streams that support important fisheries or contribute to important fisheries (i.e., provide spawning and rearing habitats) that are significantly dewatered by man-caused flow depletions. Dewatering refers to a reduction in streamflow beyond the point where stream habitat is adequate for fish. Most man-made dewatering occurs during the irrigation season (July-September). Although most dewatering is caused by irrigation withdrawals, a few of the listed waters are dewatered through dam manipulations for both agricultural use and power production.

Dewatered streams are separated into two categories:

Montana Department

- 1. <u>Chronic problem</u> -- streams where dewatering is a significant problem in virtually all years; and
- Periodic problem -- streams where dewatering is a significant 2. problem only in drought or water-short years.

Each listed stream shows the length (in miles) of the dewatered reach. For larger/longer streams, the boundaries of the dewatered reach (Point A - Point B) are given.

For streams which have no reach boundaries given (i.e., Point A -Point B), the miles shown as dewatered are from the mouth upstream.

The dewatered reaches shown are typical for the stream. However, the number of miles dewatered in a given stream may vary somewhat from year to year depending upon water available in the stream system.

The list, which was compiled by DFWP's regional fisheries biologists from field observations, is the initial effort by DFWP to document the state's dewatered streams. Some streams may have been missed outright while others were left out because supporting evidence of the fishery value was lacking. The list will be revised as more information becomes available.

This initial list includes a total of 208 stream reaches (2,540 miles) which are chronically dewatered and 83 stream reaches (1,238 miles) which are periodically dewatered. The reaches do not overlap between categories.

drg

CHRONIC DEWATERING

STREAM AND REACH

MILES DEWATERED

<u>Beaverhead-Red Rock River Drainage</u> Beaverhead River	
West Side Canal - mouth	39
Big Sheep Creek BLM Boundary - Red Rock River	3
Blacktail Deer Creek	-
Axes Canyon Rd - Beaverhead River Horse Prairie Creek	5.5
Red Butte - Clark Canyon Reservoir Junction Creek	15
I-15 - Red RockRiver	4
Rattlesnake Creek Dillon/Argenta Rd mouth	7.5
Red Rock River	
Dell-Briggs Ranch	<u>6</u> 80
<u>Big Hole River Drainage</u>	
Alder Creek Big Hole River	0.1
Big Lake Creek - Swamp Creek	9
Glen Bridges - mouth Birch Creek	24.4
Beaverhead/Willow Ditch - mouth	9.8
Governor Creek Wise River	5
Wise River Ditch - mouth	5

<u>Bitterroot River Drainage</u>	
Bear Creek (North and South Channels)	5
Big Creek	3
Bitterroot River	
Corvallis-Stevensville	17
Blodgett Creek	1
Burnt Fork Creek	5
Carlton Creek	5
Lolo Creek	3
Lost Horse Creek	2
Mill Creek	3
Mill Creek (Trib. to Lolo Creek)	0.5
O'Brien Creek	1.5
Rock Creek	5

Skalkaho Creek South Fork of Lolo Creek Sweathouse Creek Sweeney Creek Tin Cup Creek	$ \begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 0.5 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ \underline{2} \\ 60.5 \\ \end{array} $
<pre>Blackfoot River Drainage Arrastra Creek Stream mile 2.5-2.0 Blackfoot River Seven-up Pete Creek - Poorman Cr. Blanchard Creek Chamberlain Creek Chamberlain Creek Clearwater River Cottonwood Creek Stream mile 10.0-4.4 Gallagher Creek Jefferson Creek Nevada Creek Stream mile 40.0-34.0 Stream mile 31.7-6.4 No-Name Creek North Fork of Blackfoot River River mile 12.0-6.2 Owl Creek Poorman Creek Stream mile 7.0-0.5 Wales Creek Washington Creek Sections 24 and 26 Wilson Creek</pre>	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5\\ 11\\ 1.2\\ 0.5\\ 3.5\\ 5.6\\ 3\\ 1\\ 6\\ 25.3\\ 0.5\\ 5.8\\ 4.3\\ 2\\ 6.5\\ 1.9\\ 1\\ 0.8\\ 80.4 \end{array}$
Dearborn River Drainage Dearborn River Bean Lake Canal - mouth Middle Fork Dearborn River Flathead River Drainage Lost Creek 4 miles Above Lore Lake - Stillwater River Mount Creek	44 <u>4</u> 48 7
Welcome Springs - mouth South Fork Flathead River Hungry Horse Dam - mouth	5 [°] 5.3

Walker Creek Entire Length

 $\frac{7}{24.3}$

<u>Flint Creek Drainage (Clark Fork)</u> Cow Creek Douglas Creek Bliet Greek	3 2
Flint Creek Georgetown Lake - mouth Gird Creek Henderson Creek	42.4 1
USFS Boundary - mouth Lower Willow Creek Reservoir - mouth	4 9.4
Marshall Creek USFS Boundary - mouth	<u>5</u> 66.8
<u>Gallatin River Drainage</u> Baker Creek Big Bear Creek Bridger Creek Gallatin River	10 5 10
Gallatin Gateway - Mouth Hyalite (Middle) Creek South Cottonwood Creek	38 20 <u>6</u> 89
<u>Jefferson River Drainage</u> Antelope Creek Boulder River	7
Boulder - Cold Springs Fish Creek Jefferson River	36 10
Headwaters - mouth Little Boulder River North Willow Creek Pipestone Creek South Boulder River South Willow Creek Whitetail Creek	84 10 9 8 10 8 <u>24</u>
	206

<u>Judith River Drainage</u>	
Judith River	
Ackley Canal - Ross Fork	<u>22</u>
-	22

3

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<u>Kootenai River Drainage</u>	
Grave Creek	
Glen Lake Diversion Dam -	
Fortine Creek	5
Indian Creek	
Burma Road - mouth	3
Kootenai River	• •
Libby Dam - Montana/Idaho border	45
Phillips Creek	
US/Canada Border - Sophie Lake	3
Pleasant Valley Fisher River	
Lost Prairie - Loon Lake	25
Sinclair Creek	
Source - mouth	4
Therriault Creek	
Glen Lake Irrigation Diver	· · · ·
US Hwy 93	2
	87

<u>Little Blackfoot River Drainage</u>		·	
Carpenter Creek	4.8		
Dog Creek	2		
Galleger Creek	2 3		
Gimlet Creek	2		
Jefferson Creek	1		
Little Blackfoot River			
Elliston - mouth	25.5		
No Name Creek	0.5		
North Trout Creek	5.1		
Ophir Creek	4		
Sixmile Creek	9		
Snowshoe Creek			
USFS Boundary - mouth	6		
Spotted Dog Creek			
Private Reservoir - mouth	2.5		
Threemile Creek	8		
Washington Creek	1		
Willson Creek	_0.8		
	75.2		

Lower Clark Fork River Drainage	
Boyer Creek	
Deemer Creek - mouth	2
Henry Creek	
Section 31 - mouth	2
Lynch Creek	
Section 10 - mouth	2
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<u>Madison River Drainage</u> Blaine Spring Creek Indian Creek Jack Creek Moore Creek North Meadow Creek Watkins Creek	5 6 5 <u>1</u> 27
<u>Marias River Drainage</u> Birch Creek Swift Dam - mouth Dupuyer Creek Above Dupuyer - mouth	61 <u>20</u> 81
Musselshell River Drainage American Fork Creek Big Elk Creek Careless Creek Bercail - Franklin Flatwillow Creek Durfee Creek - Petrolia Reservoir Musselshell River Martinsdale - Mosby North Fork Musselshell River Bair Reservoir - mouth South Fork Musselshell River Muddy Creek - mouth Spring Creek Swimming Woman Creek	$ \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 10 \\ 25 \\ 69 \\ 150 \\ 25 \\ 13 \\ 6 \\ 20 \\ 328 \\ \end{array} $
Rock Creek Drainage (Clark Fork) Brewster Creek North Fork Spring Creek Ranch Creek Ross's Fork South Fork Spring Creek Upper Willow Creek USFS Boundary - mouth	$ \begin{array}{r} 0.5\\3\\1\\5\\5\\-\underline{7.4}\\21.9\end{array} $
<u>Ruby River Drainage</u> Indian Creek National Forest - Leonard Slough Mill Creek National Forest - BN RR Bridge	8.5

5

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Ruby River	
Alder, MT - Clear Creek Thompson Ditch - mouth	10 18
Sweetwater Creek Irrigation Diversion - mouth Wisconsin Creek	3.3
National Forest - mouth	$\frac{7}{52.8}$
<u>Shields River Drainage</u> Bangtail Creek Canyon Creek Cottonwood Creek Rock Creek Willow Creek	5 0.7 5.9 2 <u>12.2</u> 25.8
<u>Smith River Drainage</u> Big Birch Creek Camas Creek North Fork of Smith River Dam - mouth Smith River	5 5 23
McKamey Diversion - mouth	<u>28</u> 61
<u>Sun River Drainage</u> Elk Creek	
Augusta vicinity Sun River	7
Diversion Dam - Fort Shaw	<u>60</u> 67
<u>Teton River Drainage</u> Deep Creek	
T23N, R5W, Sec 10 - mouth Spring Creek	5
Above Choteau - mouth Teton River	5
Bynum Diversion - mouth	<u>188</u> 198
<u>Upper Clark Fork River Drainage</u> Bear Creek	
Forks - Clark Fork River Blum Creek (Tributary to Gold Creek)	2.2 2

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Clark Fork River	<u> </u>
Racetrack - Rock Creek	92.7
Cottonwood Creek	0
USFS Boundary - mouth Crevise Creek (Tributary to Gold Creek)	8 2
Dempsey Creek	2
N-S Forks - mouth	8.4
Gold Creek	0.4
Pioneer - mouth	6.5
Harvey Creek	0.5
Hoover Creek	
Miller Lake - mouth	5.4
Lost Creek	
State Park - mouth	12
Mill Creek	
BA&P Tracks - Settling Ponds	6.6
Morris Creek	4
Peterson Creek	
USFS Boundary - mouth	10.5
Powell Creek	
Powell Lake - mouth	6.5
Racetrack Creek	11.3
USGS Station - mouth Rock Creek	11.3
Rock Creek Lake - mouth	10.9
Storm Lake Creek (Tributary to Warm	10.9
Spring Creek)	2
Swartz Creek	0.5
Taylor Creek	015
Lower Taylor Reservoir - mouth	4.7
Tigh Creek	1
Tin Cup Joe Creek	
Conley's Lake - mouth	5.2
Twin Lakes Creek (Tributary to Warm	
Spring Creek)	2
Warm Spring Creek	
Hwy 273 - mouth	8
Warm Spring Creek (near Garrison)	
Falls - mouth	5.4
Willow Creek	<u>с</u> г
Mt. Haggin WMA - Settling Ponds	$\frac{6.5}{224.8}$
	224.0
<u>Upper Missouri River Drainage</u>	
Beaver Creek (Tributary to Canyon	
Ferry Reservoir)	6
Confederate Creek (Tributary to	-

Confederate Creek (Tributary to Canyon Ferry Reservoir) Crow Creek Deep Creek Dry Creek

7

Duck Creek (Tributary to Canyon	
Ferry Reservoir)	3.5
Greyson Creek	4
Prickly Pear Creek East Helena - Lake Helena	8
Sixmile Creek	8 7
Tenmile Creek (Tributary to Prickly	,
Pear Creek)	13.5
/	74.0
Vollowstone Pivor Drainage	
<u>Yellowstone River Drainage</u> Big Creek	1.6
Big Timber Creek	
Boulder River	5 5 3
Bridger Creek	3
Clarks Fork of the Yellowstone	
State Line - Bluewater Creek	107
Deep Creek	3.3
East Boulder River	
Forest Boundary - mouth	7
Eightmile Creek	2
Elbow Creek	4
Elk Creek (Tributary to East	•
Boulder River)	2 3
Emigrant Creek Fridley Creek	0.1
Little Trail Creek	8
Lower Deer Creek	4
Mill Creek	0.7
Mission Creek	0.8
Pine Creek	1.6
Powder River	
Montana/Wyoming Border - mouth	217.5
Pryor Creek	21
Rock Creek (Tributary to Clarks	
Fork of Yellowstone)	
Red Lodge - mouth	41
Sage Creek (Tributary to Shoshone-	
Bighorn River)	10
Reservation Boundary - State Line Sixmile Creek	18 3
Soap Creek (Tributary to Bighorn	3
River)	9
Strawberry Creek	1
Suce Creek	1 .5
Trail Creek	5
Upper Deer Creek	5
	480.1

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PERIODIC DEWATERING

STREAM AND REACH

MILES DEWATERED

Beaverhead - Red Rock River Drainage	
Beaverhead River	
Clark Canyon Dam - West Side Canal	21
Big Beaver Creek	0.7
Blacktail Deer Creek	
West Fork - Axes Canyon Rd.	19.8
Bloody Dick Creek (Tributary to	_
Horse Prairie Creek)	10
Grasshopper Creek	
Polaris - Bannock	14
Frenchy Place Placer - mouth	6
Jones Creek	
BLM Boundary - mouth	1.5
Little Sheep Creek	
Road Crossing - mouth	7.5
Medicine Lodge Creek (Tributary to	
Horse Prairie Creek)	
Ayers Canyon - mouth	16.8
Peet Creek	
Jones Diversion - mouth	1.7
Sage Creek	
Rock Island Ranch - mouth	11
Trail Creek (Tributary to Horse	
Prairie Creek)	
Source - mouth	7
Bource - mouch	$\frac{7}{117}$
	11/
Rig Holo River Drainage	
Big Hole River Drainage	
Big Hole River	22 4
Hamby Creek - Big Lake Creek	23.4
Swamp Creek - Glen Bridges	84.5
Big Lake Creek	7.5
Canyon Creek	6
Deep Creek	5.1
Divide Creek	9.5
Doolittle Creek	1.5
Fishtrap Creek	2.4
Francis Creek	7.7
Jerry Creek	3.1
Johnson Creek	3.7
Moose Creek	3.0
Mussigbrod Creek	9.4
North Fork Big Hole River	25
Pintlar Creek	10.8
Rock Creek	3

Rock Creek 3 Rock Creek (Tributary to Big Lake Cr) 7

<u>Jefferson River Drainage</u> Hells Canyon Creek Willow Creek	2 <u>10</u> 12
<u>Kootenai River Drainage</u>	
Fortine Creek Crystal Lake - mouth	5
Libby Creek US 2 Bridge - mouth	14
Pinkham Creek Still Cr. in Sec. 3 - mouth	15
Young Creek Sec. 15-16 Crossing - mouth	
sec. 15-10 crossing - mouth	<u>5</u> 39
<u>Madison River Drainage</u> Ruby Creek	<u>1</u> 1
	1
<u>Milk River Drainage</u>	
Beaver Creek Ft. Assiniboine - mouth	6
Clear Creek Rd - mouth	
clear creek Rd - mouth	<u>15</u> 21
<u>Musselshell River Drainage</u> Cottonwood Creek	<u>6</u> 6
	6
Shields Driver Drainage	
Brackett Creek Flathead Creek	14 12
Shields River	_82
	108
<u>Smith River Drainage</u> Hound Creek	
East Fork - mouth Sheep Creek	25
Jumping Creek - mouth	30

Ashley Creek	
US Hwy. 2 Bridge - mouth	20
Blaine Creek	
Above Lake Blaine - Lake Blaine	3
Brower Spring	
Hwy 424 - Kalispell	8
Dayton Creek	
Co. Line - mouth	10
Echo Creek	
Sec. 27 - mouth	3
Garnier Creek	
USFS - mouth	3
Lynch Creek	
Sec. 12 - mouth	5
Meadow Creek (Big Fork)	
USFS - mouth	3
Ronan Creek	
Lake Mary Ronan - mouth	5
Spring Creek	
North of Kalispell	5
Trumbull Creek	
USFS - Rose Crossing	<u>20</u>
	85

<u>Gallatin River Drainage</u>	
Bozeman (Sourdough) Creek	8
Gallatin River	
Spanish Creek - Gallatin Gateway	<u>10</u>
	18

<u>Musselshell River Drainage</u>	<u>6</u>
Cottonwood Creek	6
<u>Shields Driver Drainage</u>	14
Brackett Creek	12
Flathead Creek	<u>82</u>
Shields River	108
<u>Smith River Drainage</u> Hound Creek East Fork - mouth Sheep Creek Jumping Creek - mouth	25 30

Smith River	
Forks - McKamey Diversion	97
South Fork of Smith River	<u>_15</u>
	167

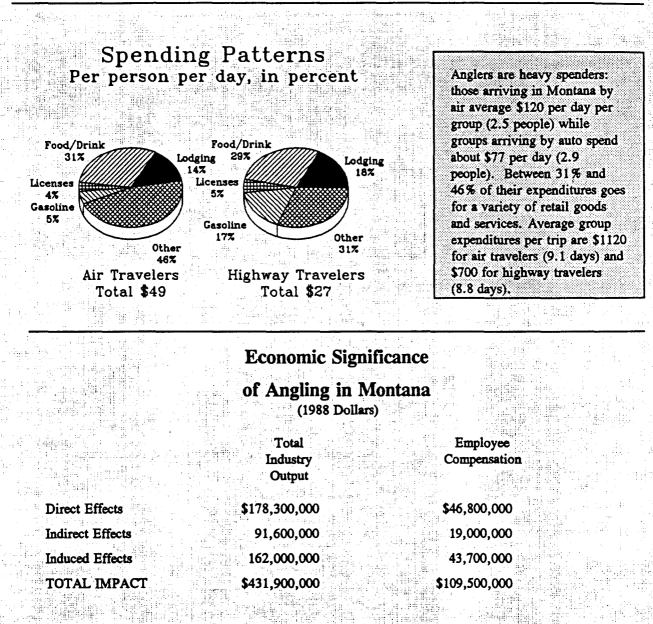
<u>Upper Missouri River Drainage</u>	
Little Prickly Pear Creek	
Canyon Creek - mouth	26
Missouri River	
Headwaters - Townsend	<u>42</u>
	68

Yellowstone River Drainage	
Bighorn River	
Afterbay Dam - Little Bighorn R.	42
Cedar Creek	0.7
Clarks Fork of the Yellowstone	
Bluewater Creek - mouth	32
Fishtail Creek (Tributary to	
Stillwater River)	
At Fishtail	2
Fleshman Creek	- 1
Locke Creek	0.3
Mill Creek	
Stream mile 4.9-0.7	4.2
Mol Heron Creek	0.8
Stillwater River	
Cliff Swallow - Rosebud Creek	11
Suce Creek	
Stream mile 3.0-1.5	1.5
Tongue River	
T&Y Diversion - mouth	20.4
Trail Creek	
Stream mile 31.2-17.7	13.5
Yellowstone River	
Springdale - Bighorn River	$\frac{179}{200}$
	308.4

	`	<u>Chronic</u>	<u>Periodic</u>
Total number of stream reaches		208	83
Total miles dewatered		2,539.9	1,237.6

dewater.fn/mp

Angling



These results may include the impacts from other market segments (such as developed campground camping). Therefore, the impacts from this market segment can not be combined with those of other segments as some overlap would occur.

Economic impacts of angling in Montana are considerable, accounting for about one-third of all impacts in Montana's non-resident tourism industry. The above impacts are for non-residents who indicated that fishing was a major reason for traveling to Montana and include the expenditures of groups that indicated their principle reason for visiting Montana was fishing. If only the expenditures of group members who fished are included, the economic significance is about 21% of that described above.

Bozeman Daily Chronicle Tuesday, April 17, 1990

OUR OPINION

Water for sharing

Other users besides agriculture have a stake in stream flows

Montana has experienced dramatic changes in its culture, government and economy since the 1860s, but one thing has remained as stagnant as swamp slime — water rights laws.

Montana started issuing water rights to ranchers and farmers back in the 1860s. The process remains largely unchanged 130 years later, all too often to the detriment of Montana streams.

A century ago, agriculture was the main user of water. In the semi-arid West, irrigation was essential to raise crops for a growing population.

Nowadays, many different users would like to lay claim to at least some of the water, but by law cannot.

Municipalities, utilities, fishermen, boaters and other recreationists all have an interest in seeing water flow down rivers and streams. But on hundreds of miles of streams every year, they see only sun-baked rocks and dried-up riverbeds, the result of heavy irrigation.

The Montana Wildlife Federation proposes sweeping amendments to water laws that could help curb dewatering and spread 'he water around.

One proposal would let private groups, such as Trout Unlimited or the Montana Wildlife Federation, buy water rights from farmers. Furthermore, the water could be kept in the stream, rather than having to remove it to retain a valid water right.

Another proposal would have the state establish minimum flows in important streams to protect fisheries from dewatering.

And a third step would require irrigators to pay a severance tax for water they take from streams. The revenue would be spent on water conservation projects to benefit agriculture as well as recreation.

The MWF water plan is bound , to be hotter than a pistol in the 1991 Legislature. And the group's promise to turn the water package into a ballot initiative if lawmakers fail to pass it will further fuel emotions.

Legislators botched their chance to pass a true water reform bill the last session. The result was a watered-down bill that lets the state lease water on five streams through 1993. The leasing program is a trial effort that will not do much to solve statewide stream dewatering problems.

Agriculture is still the most important segment of the state's economy. It must continue to get water from streams.

But the tourism industry is growing in importance. Farmers and ranchers now have a lot of company standing on the banks of those streams.

Back in the 1800s, Mark Twain observed that "whiskey's for drinkin', water's for fightin'." In 1990, water should be for sharin', too.

Eventually, e

Opinio

I'm basically simple-minded when it comes to visual art. My tastes run toward sunsets, desert scenes, sailing ships and that sort of lowbrow stuff, although I draw the line at clown portraits.

So as a lowbrow, I'll take the word of the experts and critics that the late Robert Mapplethorpe's controversial photography is brilliant art.

On the other hand, even someone ignorant of the finer points of art has a right to an opinion. And you don't have to be Archie Bunker to think that at least a few of Mapplethorpe's creations are revolting and disgusting.

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If an art expert spent a week trying to persuade me that there is artistic merit in one particular Mapplethorpe photograph, I would listen and try to be open-minded.

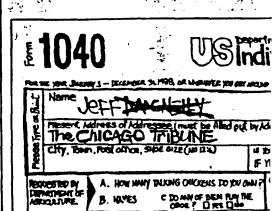
But at the end of the week, I would say: "I still think that a photo of one man making wee-wee in the mouth of another man is real sicko. Go hang it on your own living room wall, if you wish. I'd rather have a travel poster."

So I can understand why some people in Cincinnati are in an uproar because Mapplethorpe's work is being shown at that city's Contemporary Art Center.

There's nothing really wrong with an occasional uproar over an art exhibit. If nothing else, the publicity increases attendance at art galleries and gets protesters out into the fresh air, waving signs and shouting for the TV cameras.

If the right of artistic expression allows an art center to show a few revolting photographs, people have the right to march outside and shout: "That's really icky."

But I think the prosecutors in Cincinnati are being a bit silly to haul a grand jury to cluck-cluck at the exhibit and bring criminal charges against the director of the museum.





MISSOULIAN EDITORIAN

Plug holes in water law All users can benefit by adding efficiency to water-use formula

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ontana's most valuable resource isn't gold or timber or oil. It's water, Water is essential for all aspects of life in America's fourth-largest state. Montana's Yunparalleled fisheries and wildlife populations are directly linked to clean, abundant water, Rivers, lakes and creeks contribute immeasurably to the beauty that attracts tourists and sustains residents. Businesses and industries also rely on water as a raw material, a contributor to 3 industrial processes and a source of hydroelectric power. And farmers and ranchers depend on water for the irrigation necessary for agriculture C. Unfortunately, all but the last use agriculture - gets short shrift under state water regulations. In the eyes of the law, virtually all water is irrigation water. That's why hundreds of miles of Montana streams run dry each summer, thanks to the diversion of water for irrigation. The problem grows even worse in drought years.

There's hope for change, however. The Montana Wildlife Federation has embarked on a major campaign to bring Montana's water laws. into the 20th century. The MWF has proposed a series of changes aimed in part at using irrigation water more efficiently, allowing more water to remain in the stream. If the 1991 Legislature doesn't address the issue, MWE promises to pursue its proposal through a statewide initiative The proposal includes a severance tax on

water diverted from streams, the money to be used to finance projects aimed at improving irrigation efficiency; repair state-owned reservoirs and enforce water rights. Other elements of the proposal would: amend the so-called "use-it-orlose-it" rule, which requires you to remove water: from the stream in order to retain water rights: allow farmers and ranchers to sell or donate. water rights to groups interested in leaving the water in the stream; require the state to establish minimum flows for certain streams.

The answer to Montana's water woes isn't to take water away from farmers and ranchers. but to help them use water more efficiently -- to waste less. Although any mention of changing water laws is enough to rile Montana's internet agricultural interests, MWF's proposal actually outlines a way for all water users to benefit. 1. The organization underscores the potential for improved water use by citing figures from the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation: Nearly five acre-feet of water are diverted from Montana streams for every one... used for crops (an acre-foot of water would cover a square acre to the depth of one foot). By increasing the efficiency of irrigation just 4 percent, MWF says Montanans could save and leave flowing in the streams — more water. than gets consumed by all other non-agricultural users combined.

Better water management is long overdue, Even, if the MWF accomplishes nothing more. than spark, a statewide debate on the wise use of . water, then it will have done Montanans a valuable service.



funded program, the Job Corps, seeks to

SENATE NATURAL	NISOURCES
EXHIBIT NO	
DATE 2-1	5-91
BELL MO SB	212

W.F.(BILL) HEINECKE 306 N. HOFFMAN BELGRADE,MT59714

February 17, 1991

Senator Stimatz, Chairman Senate Natural Resources Committee Montana State Senate, State Capitol, Helena, MT 59620

Dear Senator Stimatz and members of the Committee,

I am writing in regards to SB212. I strongly urge you to support this bill and pass it favorably.

In many parts of Montana we are facing a severe impact on one of our most treasured resources, wild trout. We are blessed in this state with the finest trout fishing in the world. Yet, in many watersheds, this resource is in severe jeopardy, due to annual dewatering. SB212 is an effort to help resolve this problem.

I see by the newspaper that there was a lot of opposition to the bill during your hearing on February 15. Frankly, I find it hard to understand why anyone would oppose this bill. SB212 allows for the voluntary sale or lease of water rights. It does not require anyone to do anything against his wishes. Why should I not be able to make use of my water rights in a manner which could help another resource and at the same time help me financially? The logic of opposition escapes me.

If I am misunderstanding this issue, please advise. I truly believe that we citizens must do something right away to protect our fisheries resource. If there is another way to ensure protection of in-stream flows, please make sure that that passes.

In the absence of any alternative measure, I strongly urge you to support SB 212.

Thank you for you consideration of this letter.

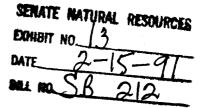
Sincerely, medan

W.F. HEINECKE

	NATURA	L KEDUNUM
DOMBIT	NQ-14	rat
DATE	2-1	2=11
-	20	dit-

WITNESS STATEMENT

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 5 day of Fels., 1991.
Name: Fat Royland
Address: S Superlyit Soul Whitehall Mt. 59759
Telephone Number: 287-5866
Representing whom?
Appearing on which proposal?
XIZ. 212
Do you: Support? X Amend? Oppose?
Comments:
DIFASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY



Allen Schallenberger 240 Ruby River Drive Sheridan, MT 59749

Dear Senator Bianchi:

Feb. 13, 1991

I am writing in support of an instream water reservation program. My background is cattle and sheep ranching, irrigated hay, pasture and crops, wildlife management and research, range management and outfitting. I am a native of Montana and have about two decades of flood irrigation experience on several watersheds.

Over the years I have observed many poor irrigation management and grazing practices which have damaged Montana's rivers and streams. History is replete with references to the results of such practices. Witness the past and present history of the Middle East.

Water use in Montana has been studied to death. With the possibility of another drought year coming up, what is needed is sensible action in the legislature and out in the watersheds to retain in our rivers and streams enough volume water of clean, cold to maintain their natural characteristics. It simply does not make good sense, economic or otherwise, to dry up sections of rivers or degrade them to the the point where fish and insect life are killed or riparian vegetation is destroyed. Fishing and tourism bring millions of dollars to Montana annually. The people coming to the nationally renowned Big Hole, Beaverhead and Ruby Rivers are not coming to observe poor water management practices. And yes, ranchers with trout streams and rivers flowing through their land can diversify and increase the income from the land by allowing people to utilize the watersheds.

Some of the sensible irrigation laws on the books are currently not being enforced in parts of Montana. Having a good diversion headqate and an accurate measuring device makes good sense and results in more efficient water use. They conserve water and protect water rights. In ranching the past several years on the Shields River, I found that the District judge doesn't enforce these requirements. I found ranchers with no measuring devices utilizing two to four times more water than their adjudicated water rights of 1911. I observed much silting and erosion of ditches through excessive flows without proper controls. Several miles of the Shields River were completely dried up, even in the wet year of 1989 which had over 25 inches of rainfall on top of heavy snowfall. The individuals involved have a very large, early water right and working headqate or measuring device at the point of no They simply dam the entire river diversion from the river. One of the individuals has been and take all the water. chairman of the county ASCS conservation committee for several Fish and insect kills are common on that stretch of years. river and fishing is not good.

allen Schallenberger

SB212-- An act to authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use, to authorize the transfer by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person for instream use, to authorize the transfer by sale or lease of instream water rights to other uses, to integrate instream use rights into Montana's prior appropriation system. amends several sections and would be immediately effective. (These amendments would allow any individual, industry, state, corporation, associaiton, etc. to file for a water permit, which would separate water from land

The effect on the economy from separating water from land could be The effect of removing water from land devastating. is devastating.

PETITION

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED OPPOSE THE PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL 212. mA ing

Ed /Ju

tonal Delana 6132 Chicago Rd Shepherd auton D. Lindation 116 Band Plul Blop mot 59105 ggy Hough, 5301 Homer Davis Rel Shipherd Mt 5%. " Rubavina 817 n. 18th S. Bellings Ed Thait 4334 Ch. Rd Bla and 3715 maker RU Blan. m mas Asim lotekny 507 Remrach Rd Billing not. Sound Verales haribeth Habeck 331 Hunt lanc Billings MIT 9345 Bagos Creek rd. Shephesd wald m Grafel 2011 Sahe Eling Rds Billings 59108 Kinhandusm whent I. andens 2211 Lake Elmo RL Billings 905 8528 Clark No Shephend Elma Luculoch 17 M/s Mormon Perak Dr. Billing wing (Spanlack rank Swinson 8124 Clerk Pl. Shephil 50; 7 Hugue Dougton Jul) Clock -131 Kally fore Belle Mont 920 And Rd Shephere ered Corst 9705 mc Crenicos Shepherd. dun E. Alurer sacrife ferrow 6406 Shephend Rd Shephond 817 agate Que. Billing, Mh. Gloria Luck Page 2

Jugarte

February 14, 1991 The following undersigned object to SB212.

Line L. Freeman Rich Ryples marie R. mopher William Trosher Deorge Monson Joyce E. Monson Likay Weinle



501 N. Sanders · Helena, Montana 59601 · (406) 442-95EIGATE NATURAL RESOURCES

EXHIBIT NO.

SB212 Senate Natural Resources Committee DATE 2-5-91 February 15, 1991 Oppose DATE 2-5-91 Mr. Chairman, members of the committee, for the record, my name is Jo Brunner and I am Executive Secretary of the Montana Water Resources Association.

The Montana Water Resources Association is a very diverse group and our members are dispersed quite freely amongst the water right holders assembled here today, with organizations, industries, or as individuals. Consequently, while MWRA is adamantly opposed to SB212, we will limit our time to discussing the structure of the next 20-25 minutes. I also have several written testimonies for the committees consideration and several pages of names of water right holders who were not able to attend and oppose SB212, but wanted to be sure their voice was heard.

We have asked our people to speak briefly and concisely, taking no more than 2-4 minutes each, realizing that there are many here today who want to speak against this bill.

Following me will be a representatives of Farm Bureau, the Stockgrowers, Headwaters RC&D, Mr. Ted Doney, and Gary Spaeth. Some of these participants will speak for others.

Mr. Chairman, many of our people have traveled a great distance to get here, and not all will have time to speak. We respectively request that near the end of our allotted time your reserve some time for those who



to step to the microphone, give their name, who present you with their petitions should they have

"Monta: I Voice for Montana's Water"

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 2 DATE 2-15-91 BALL MOS Bala

To: SENATOR STIMATZ Concerning: Testimony on SB212 FROM: Jo BRUNNER

[] SENDTOR BECK - (AT YOUR INVITATION) J JO BRUNNER - (REFERREd by SENATOR BECK) 3 FARM BUREAU REPRESENTATive (4) STOCK GROWER REPRESENTATIVE Water GROUPS- Jim Dinsmore (4A11)
 Ted Doney - BELF Gary Sparth = Jummary -

SENATOR BECK WILL SPEAK GRIEFLY And TURN The time over To Jo BRUNNER TO Explain the Testimony (STRUCTERED) PROCEdURE. EACH PARTICIPANT WILL INTRODUCE himself And who he REPRESENTS.

The complete Testimony by This group Will not exceed 30 minutes.



MONTANA FARM BUREAU FEDERAFIONE NATURAL RESOURCES 502 South 19th • Bozeman, Montana 597 EXHIBIT NO. 4 Phone: (406) 587-3153 DATE 2-15-91 BILL NO. 500 212

BILL # ______ SB 212 ; TESTIMONY BY ; DAVE MCCLURE ____

DATE _____; SUPPORT _____; OPPOSE ____YES ____;

MR. CHAIRMAN, MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE. I AM DAVE McClure, a farmer-rancher from the Lewistown area and currently president of the Montana Farm Bureau, an organization of over 4000 member families. We oppose SB212 because of policy statements established by our voting members who are active farmers and ranchers. Our policy states:

"WE SUPPORT THE CONSTITUTIONALLY GUARANTEED PRIOR APPROPRIATION WATER RIGHT DOCTRINE AND ALSO REAFFIRM OUR OPPOSITION TO ANY ATTEMPT TO PREEMPT, MODIFY, OR REPLACE THIS DOCTRINE IN MONTANA WATER LAW THROUGH THE USE OF THE PUBLIC TRUST DOCTRINE, OR ANY OTHER JUDICIAL, LEGISLATIVE, OR EXECUTIVE BRANCH VEHICLE."

This bill would allow the separation of water rights and, therefore, water from the land. Sec 8, page 33, (1) and (3). If a sale of water is brought about under these amendments, it would retain the original priority date, but could be transferred to other uses by sales, gifts, or leases. The effect on the economy of separating water rights from the land should be taken into account. Lowered agricultural production by going from irrigated to nonirrigated production would have a severe negative economic effect on communities. We have approx. 2 million acres of irrigated cropland in Montana. The economic benefits derived from the good management of our natural resources (water and land) are positive for our state. IN MY HOME SCHOOL DISTRICT, THE TAXABLE VALUE AND THE TAXES PER ACRE WOULD BE LOWERED BY OVER 20% ON THOSE LANDS THAT WOULD BE DEWATERED BY CONVERSION TO NONIRRIGATION. THIS LOWERING OF THE TAX BASE PUTS ANOTHER STRESS ON THE ABILITY OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES TO PROVIDE SERVICES.

THERE ARE PRESENTLY SEVERAL PROGRAMS UNDERWAY TO HELP SOLVE THE ISSUE OF LOW STREAMFLOWS. I HOPE THAT CONSIDERATION OF THESE PROGRAMS WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT WE SHOULD NOT DRASTICALLY CHANGE OUR MONTANA WATER LAW.

- (1). THE PILOT PROGRAM FOR INSTREAM WATER LEASING HAS NOT PROVEN OR DISPROVEN THIS AS A VIABLE, EFFECTIVE TOOL.
- (2). THE DROUGHT MANAGEMENT SECTION OF THE STATE WATER PLAN IS DESIGNED TO HELP MINIMIZE THE EFFECTS OF DROUGHT FOR ALL OUR CITIZENS.
- (3). WATER STORAGE IS NOW PART OF THE STATE WATER PLAN AND CAN ENABLE US TO MAKE EVEN BETTER USE OF AVAILABLE WATER SUPPLIES. I UNDERSTAND THAT LEGISLATION IS BEING CONSIDERED TO DO THIS VERY THING.

FARM BUREAU POLICY STATES;

"WE SUPPORT IMPROVED OR ADDITIONAL WATER STORAGE TO INCREASE AVAILABILITY OF WATER FOR AGRICULTURE AND RECREATIONAL USE AS WELL AS TO INCREASE INSTREAM FLOW."

AND;

"WE OPPOSE ANY INSTREAM FLOW LEGISLATION UNLESS IT IS BASED ON ADDITIONAL STORAGE."

For these and other reasons we urge you to recommend a do not pass for SB 212.

THANK YO

Jamid & M China

SENATE NATURAL RESOURC EXHIBIT NO DATE HEADWATERS RC&D AG WATER RESOURCES COMMITME EUGENE MANLEY, SPOKESPERSON

Mr. Chairman, Mr. Vice Chairman, members of this committee, I am Eugene Manley of Drummond, Montana, retired from ranching, and 41 years as an officer of the Allendale Irrigation Co.. The last 17 years I have worked as a ranch broker, water rights consultant and ranch appraiser.

ě.

Today I represent myself, Granite County Board of Commissioners, and appear before you as spokesman for Headwaters RC&D Ag water Resources Committee. Headwaters Ag Water Committee's membership is composed of agriculture water users from Deer Lodge, Granite, Powell, and Silver Bow counties, the headwaters of the Clark Clark Fork River, Beaverhead, Jefferson, and Madison Counties on the headwaters of the Missouri.

Today I appear before you in opposition to Senate Bill 212, which if passed will start us down a river of no return on which we start riding a raft that in essence says we want to convert our water from multiple usage to an instream flow for which we receive limited benefits and deliver our water to down stream states without maximizing usage while it was under our control. I would not want to be the one who has to look posterity in the eye and tell them, in 1991 we began a process that essentially says instream flow is the way to go.

We in Agniculture have been rather naive, and we have done a rotten job of really educating the general public to the fact that our water resources within a system, or basin are far more efficiently used than the general public realizes. It is impossible to condense into five minutes that which I have learned during my fifty years of involvement in water management. For a stream that has dry stretches of stream bed the best right that instream flow advocates would want would be a most senior right located at the mouth of a stream. One would think that should cause no problems. That most desirous right as presently used may be no part of the stream at any particular time or place, it may be formed from, and is being formed by previous irrigation practices taking place now and earlier in the season. It is in other words, formed below those dry portions of the stream. When this right is converted to an instream flow, and in essence becomes a designated water to flow the entire length of the stream we start down the road of altering flows, insidiously* changing the profile of the basin, and adversely effecting all existing water rights within the basin.

Lets go back to the days prior to when irrigation began in the West. Here we have a stream outflowing 100 cfs. We start developing irrigation, the amount diverted begins to exceed 100 cfs, the original flow, and now because of return flows we are able to divert, as development progresses, 200 cfs, 500 cfs, and finally we may reach total diversions of 600 to 1000 cfs of water, all of this from the original flow rate of just 100 cfs. This has been an ongoing process until, in many cases we have developed a highly refined basin concept of water usage, a concept that is very fragile. Please remember these concepts have developed in some cases over a period of 100 years or more. I would plead with you, that in any legislation you may consider in this session, please give this some thought.

To better illustrate what I have talked about, let me discuss what happened in our Flint Creek Basin in 1988, the driest year we have ever had, we have a storage facility on the East Fork of Rock Creek which emptied approximately 10,000+ acre feet of water into the upper Flint Creek Basin. Delivered from that initial flow were some 41,000 acre feet of water into the existing canal systems. In addition there were 435 cfs of decreed water rights filled that would have received no water previous to the development of our storage facilities. These rights received a very minimum of 34,800 acre feet of water, so we have deliveries of some 75,800 acre feet of water, or 7.5 acre feet of usage for every acre foot of original flow. So for every acre foot of water taken out of the upper basin we lose 7.5 acre feet of usage, that is one plus acres of flood irrigated, or 5 acres of sprinkled land. In addition we must give thought to how much wetlands, sub-irigated, and wildlife habitat we lose. Also think of what happens to our tax base in rural counties as these adverse impacts become a realization.

In the upper Clark Fork River we have undetermined tribal rights that may create the instream flow that some seek, at this time, we do not know what rights may be decreed, and I am extremely disturbed that we may be in a process that may well allocate waters that do not exist. Until we get a better handle on all of these concerns, I would hope that we could get some kind of a moratorium that might prevent us from doing something very foolish.

I wish to thank this committee for the privilege of appearing before it, and being able to offer this testimony.

* From page 2. Here I mean to define insidiously as meaning; proceeding inconspicuously but with grave consequences.

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EXHIBIT	NO.
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DATE_

BILL NO... HEADWATERS RC&D AREA, INC. 305 W. MERCURY, SUITE 211 BUTTE, MONTANA 59701

DATE 2/13/91
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SENATE NA	TURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO.	9
DATE 2.	-15-91
BILL NO	58212

TESTIMONY

SENATE BILL 212

AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE WATER FOR INSTREAM OR OTHER USES THROUGH

THE SALE OR LEASE OF EXISTING WATER RIGHTS.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15,1991

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

GOOD AFTERNOON MR. CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE. MY NAME IS KEN MESAROS AND I AM A RANCHER FROM CASCADE AND BOARD MEMBER OF THE MONTANA STOCKGROWERS ASSOCIATION.

A WATER RIGHT THAT CAN BE SEPARATED FROM THE LAND AND SOLD TO THE THICKEST WALLET IS SIMPLY UNACCEPTABLE.

A WATER LEASING STUDY WAS PASSED IN THE 1989 LEGISLATURE AND THERE HAS NOT BEEN ENOUGH TIME TO PROVIDE MEANINGFUL DATA REGARDING A PERMANENT WATER LEASING OR SALE PROGRAM.

S.B. 212 REJECTS ANY NOTION OF A STUDY AND REWRITES 100 YEARS OF MONTANA WATER LAW WITHOUT ANY DOCUMENTATION ON THE EFFECTS TO INDUSTRY, ACQUIFERS, LOCAL AND STATE ECONOMIES AND FUTURE GENERATIONS.

THE EFFECT ON THE STATE AND LOCAL ECONOMIES IS POTENTIALLY DEVESTATING. ONCE THE WATER IS REMOVED FROM THE LAND, THE LAND VALUE PLUMMETS, THE TAX BASE IS DEPLETED AND FUTURE USE OF THAT LAND IS SEVERELY LIMITED.

MR. CHAIRMAN, WATER IS VITAL TO MONTANA'S WELL BEING, THEREFORE I ADAMANTLY OPPOSE \$.3. 212. THANK YOU

SENATE	NATURAL	RESOURCES
EXHIBIT N	0.7	
DATE	2-12	5-91
BALL NO.	SAB	212

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WITNESS STATEMENT

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15 day of February , 1991.
Name: Ken Mojaros
Address: 2191 million Rol
CASIAL Mont. 59421
Telephone Number: 866-3318
Representing whom?
Self + Montanon Stockgnewen, Disn
Appearing on which proposal?
5.B. 212
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?_X
Comments:
Contained in testimony.
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

February 15, 1991

Senate Natural Resources Committee Hearin Exhibit Rd. 200 Senate Natural Resources Committee Hearin Exhibit Rd. 200 Sen. Larry Stimatz: Chairman, Sen. Cecil Weeding: VMJE Chairman Sec. 91 Bull NO. SO 212 Bu

Mr. Chairman and members of the committee, I am Vernon Westlake, representing the Agricultural Preservation Association of the Gallatin Valley and many other irrigators as well. For the record, we oppose S.B. 212.

I served in the House last session representing H.D. 76 and also served as a member of the Water Policy Committee the past two (2) years. Having had this experience and with all respect to Sen. Bianchi, I firmly believe that S.B. 212 is completely premature.

The 1989 Legislature passed H.B. 707, known as the water leasing bill. It provided for temporary authorization (Sec. 85-2-436 MCA) to establish a study and pilot program, four (4) years duration to lease no more than five (5) existing locations or reachs to maintain instream flow for the enhancement of fisheries. The Dept. of Fish, Wildlife and Parks is reponsible to conduct the study and pilot program which has been in effect for two (2) years and has three (3) locations under consideration.

There are several of you serving on this committee, together with several of us that were very involved with H.B. 707, who will remember the meeting with the water users and the people representing groups concerned with maintaining minimum instream flows, which was held in Sen. Tom Beck's office. We all agreed at that time that a study and pilot program with temporary authority to lease existing water rights for instream flow was necessary to determine what problems would be created by a change of the use, diverting water for irrigation to leaving water

WITNESS STATEMENT

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 1517 day of FEB , 1991.
Name: XERNON L. WESTLAVE
Address: 3186 LOVE LANE
BOZENING MAT, 59715
Telephone Number: 388-4380
Representing whom?
APA + MYSELF AJAN IRRIGATORI
Appearing on which proposal? $5 \cdot B \cdot 2 \cdot 5$
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:
I DEFINELY WANT TO TESTIFY -THANKS

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

Bitter Root Irrigation District

HAMILTON, MONTANA 59840

February 13, 1991

Chairman Stimatz Senate Natural Resource Rm. 405 Capitol Station Helena, MT 59620

Chairman Stimatz:

SB212 - an act to authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use, to authorize the transfer by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person for instream use can be a very damaging law that will destroy Montana's prior appropriation system.

The very concept is elusive, and purposely confusing - how do you protest the right of your neighbor to sell his water? These amendments would allow any individual, industry, state (California) to file for a water permit, which would separate water from the land.

Here in the Bitterroot Valley, this would have a devastating effect, land worth 'with out' water on it sells for one forth of that which has water with it. Not to say with the removal of water off of the land in this valley for instream use many, I repeat many wells will go dry. With irrigation on this valleys slopes, it recharges underground aquifers, which supply water for these wells. There are many home owners that would be greatly affected, at present time with large investments in homes larger than 2,000 sq. ft. and larger which have wells only producing 2 to 5 gpm. These wells are marginal now, with no water, these homes would become worthless.

The County tax structures would be greatly affected. Lower land value brings in less tax dollars to local governments. The definition of 'instream use' allows requests for permits not only on natural streams, but artificial streams such as canals and delivery systems, lakes, ponds, reservoirs, and wetlands. This amendment would provide access for instream flow preservation to any body of water of any size.

Ignored here again, are the benefits derived from the good management of our streams, the construction of dams and reservoirs. The abundant uses by the very interests that condemn the existence of the facilities. We can not allow special interest groups to destroy what has made Montana the great state that it is today.

SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCES
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Bitter Root Irrigation District

HAMILTON, MONTANA 59840

Agriculture has been a good steward over their water, for years, spending
 millions of dollars to improve their systems. Dams were constructed to conserve water, storing water during spring runoff for uses later in the year when water gets short. Dams were built in the early 1900's and they work
 very well today.

IF IT'S NOT BROKEN, DON'T FIX IT. LEAVE OUR STATES WATER LAWS ALONE. Dams can be built to impound water for instream uses and many other uses that face Montana in the future, we must look ahead and plan. Let us not take away from those that did.

Sincerely, en v Chamberlin

WITNESS STATEMENT

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15 day of Marin LED, 1991.
Name: Jey Champerlin
Address: 151 Non, Han wit
Telephone Number: 363-1311
Representing whom? BittERROT Inngation Plat Head Jon J
Appearing on which proposal? $2/2$
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose? Comments:

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

443 64631

SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 110	
DATE 2-15	91
BALL NO SB21	2.

FLATHEAD IRRIGATION INFORMATION SYSTEM - GRANT PROPOSAL

SUBMITTED BY:

FLATHEAD JOINT BOARD OF CONTROL

FLATHEAD IRRIGATION INFORMATION SYSTEM - GRANT PROPOSAL

FLATHEAD JOINT BOARD OF CONTROL

PURPOSE AND USE OF DNRC GRANT

The Flathead Joint Board of Control invites the state of Montana to join a partnership of funding sources to improve irrigation water management. This grant would be used to expand an irrigation scheduling program from a few dozen growers to include all irrigators in three irrigation districts. This project could then be used as a model for future efforts across all Montana.

BENEFITS

*Improved efficiency and profitability of irrigated agriculture

*Factual information on irrigation water use

*Improved crop yeild and quality

*Reduced energy consumption

*Improved water quality

PRODUCTS OF THIS EFFORT

150-200 Irrigation System Efficiency Tests for individual irrigators. These evaluations match crop and soil requirements to system design and usually save irrigators hundreds of dollars in electricity per year.

Weekly irrigation scheduling for 100-150 fields representing the range of local soil, crop and climatics conditons (The right amount of water on at the right time). This program involves weekly evaluations of soil Water, climate and crop water use to update an irrigation plan that will improve yield and quality while improving efficiency.

A computer software program adaption to aid irrigation education.

Irrigation seminars to help irrigators improve sytem performance and management.

A well-written and illustrated local irrigation guide tailored for local crop and soil conditions.

FUNDING SQURCES FOR THE 4 YEAR PROJECT

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION	\$105,000
US BUREAU OF RECLAMATION	\$ 98,000
MISSION VALLEY POWER	\$ 12,000
FLATHEAD JOINT BOARD OF CONTROL	\$ 10,000
MISSION VALLEY NEWS	\$ 1,500
DNRC RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT GRANT	\$ 92,000

Project No.: VD-6

	Joint Board of Irrigation Di	of Control - Jocko, Mission, and Flathead Istricts
PROJECT/ACTIVITY NAME:	Flathead Irrigation Information System	
AMOUNT REQUESTED:		\$ 92,000
OTHER FUNDING SOURCES AND AM	\$ 117,000 - \$ 88,500 -	\$ 7,000 - Joint Board of Control Bonneville Power Administration U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Mission Valley Power
TOTAL PROJECT COST:		\$ 316,500

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The project coordinator will initiate an irrigation information system and gather data to provide irrigation information and education to the Flathead. Mission, and Jocko irrigation districts. The objective of the program is to improve the cost-effectiveness of irrigated agricultural operations in the Flathead River basin. Irrigators will learn to improve the efficiency of irrigation water use and as a result, may expect an improvement in crop yields, as well as reductions in fertilizer, pesticide, and energy use.

In short, irrigators will learn how they can improve the economics of their irrigation operations by employing better on-farm water management skills. The irrigation information and education program will involve six principal components:

- 1. An irrigation information system that, based on weather data and other input, will predict crop water demands.
- 2. A monitoring project representing the full range of soil and crop types within the district; crop growth stage and soil moisture information will be combined with predicted crop water demands to develop weekly irrigation schedules to be provided, by news release or telephone, to district irrigators.
- 3. Energy and water use irrigation system audits for all monitored irrigation systems will be prepared with recommendations toward improving the mechanical performance and operation of each system.
- 4. Demonstrations of an educational computer software package, adapted to local conditions, will be used to simulates the changes that occur in soil moisture when irrigation systems or practices are modified.
- 5. The production of an irrigation guide tailored to local soil types crops and climate conditions found in the district.
- 6. An assessment of the character of water use and the potential for improving crop yields and operation profitability, including a summary of project results and strategies recommended for state-wide implementation.

This project is a continuation of a similar effort started in 1989 by the Bonneville Power Administration (BPA), in cooperation with the Bureau of Reclamation, Mission Valley Power, and various local water user and producer groups. The previous project was established to reduce irrigation related electrical energy concumption. BPA now believes the program is not justified from an electrical energy conservation standpoint. The applicant hopes to continue the program because irrigation scheduling improves crop yields and reduces net production cost. Grant funding is requested to replace BPA funds and to include additional areas of the Flathead Irrigation Project.

TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT:

The project will be conducted in an area of the state where many, often conflicting, user and end-use demands for water exist. Irrigation water use on 15,000 to 20,000 acres of land could be directly affected by this phase of the project. A considerably larger area could be affected if tribal and non-tribal owners of acreage elsewhere in the district take advantage of the advertized irrigation schedules.

The project proposal takes a sound approach in improving resource-use efficiency by demonstrating that on-farm water management improvements can increase the viability of an irrigation operation. The technical methods proposed are similar to those used successfully in a smaller area in 1989 and 1990; quantitative documentation of yield increases, water savings, and input cost reductions from these efforts is not well presented in the application, however.

FINANCIAL ASSESSMENT:

Overall project costs are estimated at \$316,500; these include the costs incurred during the first two years of the project in 1989 and 1990. Total project costs for the next two years will be \$168,000. The applicant's request for \$92,000 will be used to secure the services of the irrigation consulting firm that carried out the field and information/education work over the past two years. The installation, operation and maintenance of two AgriMet weather data stations will be paid from funding sources such as the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation.

Budget projections were made based on work already accomplished during the first year of the project and on the Bureau of Reclamation's and the BPA's experience with similar programs elsewhere.

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT:

The project will have positive environmental impacts to the extent that it conserves water and energy for other uses, and prevents fertilizers and pesticides from leaching through the root zone or entering runoff. No adverse environmental impacts are expected.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

DNRC recommends a grant in the amount of \$92,000 contingent upon approval of the scope of work and budget. The final report should include a comparison of crop yields, input costs, and water use for representative fields in the project area, before and during the project.

adur 1/31/91

JBC program has six components

An irrigation scholuling program was started on the Flathead Irrigation Project (FIP) two years ago.

Irrigation project

Funded primarily by the Bonnavitte Power Administration (BPA), the program was established to reduce irrigation-related electrical energy consumption. BPA now bolieves the program is not justified from an electrical energy conservation standpoint. However, the program has a good chance of continuing, says Alan Mikkelsen, spokesman for the John Board of Control (JBC), which represents the irrigauon dizoriet landowners on the FIP.

Mikkelsen says that the JBC has applied for a \$92,000 grant from the state water development program. According to information received from the state Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC), no sectous problems are anticipated in receiving the grant.

The irrigation scheduling and education program will involve six major components:

• An irrigation information system that, based on weather data and other input, will predict crop water demands.

• A monitoring project representing the full range of soil and crop types within the district; crop growth

stage and soil molsture information will be combined with predicted crop water demands to develop weekly irrigation schedules to be provided, by news release or telophone, to irrigators.

 Energy and water use irrigation system audits for all monitored irrigation systems will be prepared with recommendations toward improving the mechanical performance and operation of each system.

• Demonstration of an educational computer software package, adapted to local conditions, will be used to simulate the changes that occur in soll moisture when irrigation systems or practices are modified.

• The production of an irrigation guide tailored to local soll typos, crops and climate conditions found in the irrigation project.

• An assessment of the character of water use and the potential for improving crop yields and operation profitability, including a summary of project results and strategies recommended for state-wide implementation.

Milikelsen says the project will be conducted in an area of the state where many often-conflicting user and end-

use demands for water exist. Irrigation water use on 150,000 to 20,000 ocres of land could be directly affected by the program. Mikkelsen said a considerably larger area could be affected if urrigators not in the program take advantage of the advertised irrigation schedulos.

Participating along with the JBC in the irrigation scheduling program is BJA, Bureau of Roclamation and Mission Valley Power.

The JBC is also working on a water quality and irrigation enhancement demonstration program, Mikkelsen says. The program will involve recapturing irrigation return flows, minimizing or eliminating them from area streams and then using the water for further irrigation.

Mikkelsen said that while he believes both programs were needed, a major rehabilitation and betterment program for the irrigation project was also long overduo. "We are now operating an irrigation project with 1930s and 1940s technologies and 1991 demands and operating constraints," he says.

DEPARTMENT OF NATUFAL RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION



 STAN STEPHENS, GOVERNOR
 LFE METCALF BUILDING 1520 EAST SIXTH AVENUE

 STATE OF MONTANA
 DIRECTOR'S OFFICE (406) 444-6609 TELEFAX NUMBER (406) 444-6721

October 26, 1990

JOINT BOARD OF CONTROL Jacko, Mission & Flathead Irrigation Alan Mikelsen P.O. Box 639 St. Ignatius, MT 59865

1 E RECEIVED 00 2 9 1990

Dear Mr. Mikelsen:

RE: Flathead Irrigation Information System

DNRC has completed its application review and ranking process for the Water Development and Renewable Resource Development programs. The 62 applications submitted were reviewed by staff and outside professionals. Two of these applications have since been withdrawn. I am happy to convey that your project received a favorable review and has been recommended for funding by DNRC staff. If the 52nd Legislature concurs with our assessment and sufficient money is available in the grant accounts, your project will be funded.

Attached for your information is a copy of your project's application review summary, including DNRC's funding recommendation. Also enclosed is a complete list of projects in order of ranking and any estimate of which projects would be funded <u>if</u> the available money for grants is the same this biennium as it was last. This information will be presented to the Water Development Advisory Council and Legislature. The funding estimates reflect the funding level provided for each program last session and are subject to legislative appropriation and revenue constraints.

We are pleased to provide a favorable recommendation for funding. As you can imagine, choosing among projects is a difficult task because each application has tremendous merit in its own right. The staff ranked each project using ranking criteria contained in the program statutes adopted by the legislature. The legislature has the opportunity to make other provisions in the appropriations bill that will dictate actual project funding levels and contingencies; projects not recommended for funding by DNRC could be funded by the legislature.

Because the Water Development and Renewable Resource Development programs are very similar in many ways,, DNRC coordinates the administration of these programs to avoid confusion and duplication. DNRC ranks all projects

CENTRALIZED SERVICES DIVISION (406) 444-6700 CONSULVATION & RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT DIVISION (406) 444-6667 ENENGY DIVISION (406) 444-6697 OIL AND GAS DIVISION (406) 444-4675 WATER RESOUNCES DIVISION (406) 444 4601 under both programs based on the criteria listed in the application materials. Projects are then placed on ranking lists under the program where the application is eligible and has the greatest chance of being funded. Your project is currently recommended under the Renewable Resource Development program.

No project was recommended for more than \$200,000 total grant and loan funding. Project sponsors who submitted more than one application for elements of the same project were provided no advantage; these projects were not recommended for more than \$100,000 in grant funding and \$200,000 total grant and loan funding.

Public projects with repayment capability were recommended for grants of up to 25 percent of the total estimated project cost but not more than \$100,000; the balance of the request was recommended for a loan funding. Exceptions were sometimes made for those projects with demonstration value and repayment capability, which were recommended for grants of up to 50 percent of the total estimated project cost but not more than \$100,000. Again, the balance of the request was recommended for loan funding. Projects with no repayment capability were recommended for up to 100 percent funding but not more than \$100,000 in grant funds only.

Private entities, eligible only under the Water Development program, were limited by statute to grants of up to 25 percent of the total estimated project cost or 5 percent of the estimated funds available, whichever is less. This year the funding cap for all private entities is \$36,000 because of the level of anticipated funding. By statute DNRC cannot recommend any greater grant amount but the legislature may appropriate a larger amount if they so choose.

DNRC staff recommendations have been reviewed by both the Director and the Governor. The next step will be to present these to the Water Development Advisory Council, which we anticipate will be accomplished in November. Currently, DNRC's Director, Karen Barclay, is contacting and appointing members. When a meeting has been scheduled, you will be notified and invited to make a brief presentation to members of the Council.

I would like to thank you for your application and for your cooperation in providing any additional information requested by our reviewers. If you have questions regarding the review process please do not hesitate to contact me at 444-6668.

Sincerely,

Rich Brasch Bureau Chief

RB:mr

enclosures

WITNESS STATEMENT DATE 2-15-91	
To be completed by a person testifying or a person $\frac{1}{2}$ their testimony entered into the record.	12
Dated this 5 day of -6 , 1991.	
Name: Dave Moss	
Address: Box B	
Lima, nut. 59739	
Telephone Number:	
Representing whom? Bezuerherd Countre Comm.	
Appearing on which proposal?	
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?	
Comments: Bezuchherd County Commession	
OPPOSe SB 2/20	
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
WITNESS STATEMENT DATE 2-5-91
To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15th day of <u>February</u> , 1991. Name: J.B. AUDERSON
Address: 112 S. WHSHILGYON
DILLOW, MAT. 54725
Telephone Number: 683-2303; 683-2255
Representing whom? Big Horne PANICHARS Assal
Appearing on which proposal? $SBZIZ$
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments: Bill too Vugue un limited patential
for ledga hur
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DATE 2-15-	91
BALL NO. 3B	212

WITNESS STATEMENT

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this $\frac{15}{100}$ day of $\frac{1000}{1000}$, 1991.
Name:
Address: MC46 Box 6428
Alendine Mit 59330
Telephone Number: <u>687-3696</u>
Representing whom? Mil Farmers Mixin Linkon Competitive Douden County Farmers Minion Baffala taked 1. 120 - and Magach
Appearing on which proposal? $5B2/2$
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

WATER USERS IRRIGATION COMPANY RICHARD WIEBER, SECRETARY OWNERS OF LIMA DAM AND RESERVOIR P. O. BOX 1046 DILLON, MONTANA

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE	5
EXHIBIT NO. 15	4
DATE 2-15-91	
BALL NO. SB212	

Senate Natural resource Committee

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Committee.

My name is Richard Gosman. I own and operate an irrigated ranch in the Red Rock River Valley near Lima, Mt. I am Vice President of the Water Users Irrigation Company. W.U.I.C. own and operate Lima Dam which provides irrigation water to 26 operators . I speak for them in opposition to Senate Bill 212.

The introduction to the bill states on line 25 page one, Quote, "The Legislature finds that water rights for instream use may be integrated into Montana's prior appropriation system without injury to other water users" end quote. llere is the crux of our problem. We respectfully submit that this statement is untrue, is unfounded in fact, and is made without an understanding of Montana water law and custom. Montana's water basins are over appropriated for normal water years. Montana water law holds that if an appropriator does not use his water for the purpose for which it was appropriated then it becomes available for the next junior appropriator. This is the basis for the development of irrigated agriculture in our State. It is a system that has been followed over the years. It has stood the test of time. It is fair. It is legal, and it does not need to be changed. The retention of water for instream flow will mean that some appropriator with a valid claim to that water will be denied its use.

Passage of this bill will mean chaos for agriculture. We respectfully request that this bill be killed in committee.

Subard Hosman, Vier resident

SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 4	_
DATE 2-15	-91
BALL NO. SB21	2

Box 77 Dell, MT 59724 February 14, 1991

To: The Senate Natural Resources Committee

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

My name is Allen Martinell, president of Water Users Irrigation Company, owners of the Lima Dam. This dam stores irrigation water for about 16,000 acres on the Red Rock River in Southwestern Montana. We are opposed to Senate Bill 212 which authorizes any person to buy or lease a water right for instream use. We also oppose instream use rights being integrated into Montana's prior appropriation system as authorized under this bill. Senate Bill 212 is in direct conflict with over one hundred years of water law under the prior appropriation doctrine.

There is no need to pass any legislation until the current four year water leasing study passed during the 1989 Legislature can be evaluated. After this evaluation the people of Montana will be better able to decide the future of water leasing in the state.

If Senate Bill 212 becomes law, already struggling communities would lose tax revenues as lands presently under irrigation are reduced in value. This legislature needs to promote growth in Montana not discourage it.

We urge the defeat of Senate Bill 212 in committee. Thank you for your consideration.

Cordially,

WATER USERS IRRIGATION COMPANY

Allen C. Martinell

Allen Martinell, President

WITNESS STATEMENT

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To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants
their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this day of, 1991.
Dated this <u>sth</u> day of <u>I. hourson</u> , 1991. Name: <u>Alley (Martinell</u> , Water Uney Ingation Con Address: <u>Boy 77</u> , <u>All</u> , <u>Mant 59724</u>
Address: Boy 77 Delf mand 59724
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Telephone Number:
Representing whom?
Water Usces Trugation Co.
Appearing on which proposal?
Sevete B.11 212
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?_X
Comments:
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when I get to speak along with about 150 signed petions opposed to Senate BILDIR
Detions opposed to Severt B1/212
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

COMMENTS ON SB 212

-	URAL RESOURCE	t i
EXHIBIT NO	17	
DATE	February 15,	1991
BALL NO.	February 15, B212	

Dear Legislator:

From: Ole Ueland, Silver Bow, Montana, Lifetime Rancher, Irrigator, Member Headwaters Resource Conservation Development, Inc., former Administrator Conservation Districts Division

I. Water Conservation

Water Conservation and Development and its wise use is of prime concern to Montanans especially so because of our comparatively dry climate and lack of water at critical times.

II. Public Interest

In the so called "Public Interest" water has socio-economic environmental value and is needed in about the following order of priority:

- 1) Domestic (water to drink for life itself and to keep clean, health),
- 2) Agriculture (food for life itself, and fibre to clothe ourselves)
- 3) Energy (hydro-power to in part provide for industry, agriculture, and our lifestyle)
- 4) Mining, Industry, Forestry
- 5) Fish and Wildlife, Recreation

III. Water is continually on the move thru the hydrologic cycle coming to us in the form of rain and snow and leaving by evaporation, transpiration, and surface and groundwater movement thru streams and rivers. In the Hydrologic natural state, tributary streams are the first to de-water or go dry Cycle as the movement of water progresses downstream to keep rivers flowing. In the hydrologic process water is temporarily stored in the soil or by snow pack and slowed down in its movement naturally and/or by man made best management practices which/diversions for domestic, mining, agricultural, industrial, hydro-power, fish, wildlife, and recreational uses, and ultimately forsocio-economic, and environmental benefits to These diversions are a form of offstream storage support the tax base. and thru return flows provide for more stable evened out year round instream flows. Under most circumstances only about 5% more or less is comsumptively used thru evapo-transpiration, the remainder thru groundwater and surface water return to the streams.

IV. Alternatives

What are the best alternatives for providing instream flows? Aside from permitting change of use by sale or lease of water rights assigned to a higher priority beneficial use, investing in upstream storage would seem to be the better option.

In addition to storage that results from aforementioned diversions, the construction of storage reservoirs to capture high water runoff for later release can be managed to contribute to a number of beneficial uses, among them instream flows. SENATE JUDICARY COMMITTEE FEBRUARY 15,1991

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO 2-15-DATE 210 BALL NO.

JOHN MURPHY, PRESIDENT, MONTANA WOOL GROWERS ASSOCIATION CIRCLE, MONTANA

My name is John Murphy of Circle, Montana. I am President of the Montana Woolgrowers Association, and we wish to be on record as opposed to Senate Bill 212, a bill that will change over 100 years of Montana water policy.

It can not be emphasized enough that water is this states most important natural resource. While the state sees itself with more and more of a population far removed from Agriculture, the future of this state lies with Agricultural production. That production can not be obtained if we as a state allow water to flow from our state boundaries. Without water for irrigation and stock use, Montana will see declines in its' number one business, that being Agriculture. For certain this legislative body can change the direction and destiny of our state and its' citizens. You do that every two years through the enactment of laws.

Speaking as President of the states sheep producers association, I am saying it is not wise to change the long policy of tieing water to the land and a policy that the water be used for beneficial use of agricultural production. I hope you will think long and hard about what a small community such as where I come from, Circle, or any town in eastern Montana, would do without agriculture production. We don't have many business not tied to Agriculture. How will we support schools and local governments?

I strongly urge you to reaffirm long water policy and reject Senate Bill 212, and bills like them as a bad idea for Montanas future.

	SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
	EXHIBIT NO. 20 DATE 2-15-91
WITNESS STATEMENT	BALL NO SB212
To be completed by a person testifying or a person testifying or a person testimony entered into the record.	erson who wants
Dated this 15 day of Feb-	1991.
Name: Bill Danison	
Address: Botle 21 low, What	<u></u>
Telephone Number: 835-3572	
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Appearing on which proposal? Senate Bill 212	
Do you: Support? Amend? Op	pose?
Comments:	
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

Members of Natural Resource Committee Montana State Legislature

Committee Members:

3067 Bugli Lane Stevensville, Mt. Feb. 12, 1991

SENATE NATURAL	
EXHIBIT NO. 22	
DATE 2-15-	91
THU NO. S.B.	

We oppose S.B. 212 for several reasons. Mainly, the consequence of separating the water from the land and the prospect of selling the water to the highest bidder would be a disaster for our state. We surely all must recognize that fact. The reasons are too numerous to mention here.

In S.B. 212 the statement appears several times thoughout the bill for "the protection of public health" What an ironic statement to be made in the ploy to take the control of waters away from the people of the state of Montana.Ironic, as no one group is as concerned about the safety of our food,fiber,water and environment as agriculture. We not only produce food and fiber but also the products used in medicines and research for public health. Agricultural contamination of ground and surface waters has long been studied and documented, therefor solutions and precautions have been addressed by most agricultural users for many years. Urban contamination has not had the intense studies and publicity. Envision the many chemicals and contaminants that are used in urban back yards and down drains. Unregulated use! Agriculture use is regulated! We are far ahead in protecting ground and surface waters for the protection of public health.

Please stop S.B. 212 now!

Sincerely,

Shirley Bugl Mt. State W.I.F. B. Water Chainwoman

Western Montana Chapter W.IF.E. Water Chairwoman

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO.

Montana Rural Water Systems is a non-profit organization that is dedicated to providing the latest information, education and Technical Assistance to protect our public waters and improve the quality of life in Montana. Our membership includes approximately 75% of all the public drinking water systems in the state.

In accordance with these principals, we rise in opposition to SB 212. While recognizing certain merits of the bill we feel that it is inappropriate to embark upon such a dangerous course with Montana's Water law at this time. We strongly urge further research into other avenues to resolve problems of stream' use and flows.

We thank you for your consideration.

Montana Rural Water Systems

Dave Jonés, MRWS President



Ag water users stand like the boy with his finger in the dike, attempting to stave off the catastrophy that will result if some of these bills pass.

LEGISLATIVE UPDATE · LEGISLATIVE UPDATE · LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

 MONTANA WATER LAW CHALLENGED - Proposed by the Montana Wildlife Federation and introduced by Senator Bianchi from Bozeman, Senate Bill 212 would "authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person." The bill also authorizes sale or lease of instream water rights to other uses and integrates instream use rights to Montana's prior appropriation system. HOW TO HELP: Contact your legislator and voice your opposition to S. B. 212; point out that MSGA supports the completion of the current four-year water leasing study passed during the 1989 legislature. S. B. 212 will be heard in mid-February in the Senate Natural Resources Committee. Members of the committee include: Larry Stimatz, Chairman, Cecil Weeding, Vice-Chairman, Lorents Grosfiedl, Bob Hockett, John Anderson, Tom Keating, Esther Bengtson, Ed Kennedy, Don Bianchi, Larry Tveit, and Steve Doherty. Legislative Message #: 444-4800. Plense call MSGA if you can testify

WATER BILL HEARING SET

A public hearing is set on a critical water bill being considered by the Montana Legislature. Friday, February 15, at 3 p.m., the National Resources Committee will hear testimony in Room 405 of the Capitol Building. CRASSROOTS President Mike Nickols said, "Thisis possibly the most important piece of legislation in this session affecting Multiple-Use. The draft bill will determine the application of in-stream water flow and be important to farmers, ranchers and recreationists."

Nickols is urging members to join together in appearing at the hearing to voice concern over the bill. "Those politiclans in Helena will listen to us if we make a strong showing; numbers count in the legislative process."

There are tentative plans to arrange group transportation to Helena for the hearing. Those willing to go are asked to call Merle or Mike.

FEBRUARY 8, 1991

VOLUME 2, NO. 6

MONTANA WATER THREATENED - BEWARE S.B. 212: A bill to separate water from the land has been proposed by Senator Don Bianchi (D-Bozeman). Drafted by the Wildlife Federation, the bill authorizes any person or municipality to appropriate water for instream or other uses through the sale or lease of existing water rights. MSGA urges all members to oppose S.B. 212 and contact the members of the Senate Natural Resources Committee: Larry Stimatz, Chairman; Cecil Weeding, Vice Chairman; Lorents Grosfield, Bob Hockett, John Anderson, Tom Keating, Esther Bengtson, Ed Kennedy, Don Bianchi, Larry Tveit, and Steve Doherty. To leave a message for any legislator, call 444-4800.

RALLY AND HEARING SET FOR FEBRUARY 15 - We need your help! Please plan to be in Helena on February 15 for a committee hearing on S.B. 212 at 3:00 p.m. at the Old Highway Building. The MSGA staff is organizing an opposition strategy. Please call 442-3420 if you can participate. ALSO PLAN TO ATTEND the rally against this bill, set for 2:00 p.m. the same day at the Capitol Rotunda.

	SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 230
	DATE 2-15-91
To be completed by a person testifying or a perso their testimony entered into the record.	Mil Mo wants 212
Dated this 15 day of Feb., 199	91.
Name: MONTE CLEMOW	
Address: Box 34	
	11 1911 - 2 Manual aparta (j. 17 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Telephone Number: 689- 3145	
Representing whom?	
Représenting whom? RCD · Big Hole Ranchers Mon	T. Water Resources
Appearing on which proposal?	$A > \gamma$
SB 212	
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose	? X
Comments:	X
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 31
DATE 2-15-91
BILL NO SB 212



Western Environmental Trade Association

208 N. Montana Avenue, Ste. 104 - Helena, Montana 59601 Phone (406) 443-5541 Fax # 443-2439

February 15, 1991

SB 212 Instream Flow Act of 1991 Senate Natural Resources Committee

Submitted on Behalf of:

Western Environmental Trade Association

by:

Peggy Olson Trenk, Executive Director

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Committee, I would like to thank you for the opportunity to comment on SB 212, the Instream Flow Act of 1991.

For the record, WETA is a broad-based coalition representing labor, agriculture, recreation, mining, timber, oil and gas, business and industry and other trade associations. Our primary concern is the promotion of jobs and economic opportunities in a manner consistent with the protection of Montana's environment.

I am here today on behalf of our membership to register our strong opposition to this legislation. We do so on the basis that it presents a very clear and present danger to the future viability of all our resource industries, our economy, and the lifestyle of our citizens.

We believe allowing Montana's water to be put on the auction block to be sold to the highest bidder will ultimately result in a loss of access to a resource that is critical to the survival of our basic industries. Whether one is a rancher, a miner, a logger, or a business dependent on the availability of hydroelectric power he needs to keep the management of Montana's water in Montana. Once that water is separated from the land, it likely will never be ours again. During the 1989 legislative session, WETA supported the current water leasing study and we urge that it be carried to completion, or perhaps even be extended if the need is demonstrated. As those involved with that issue can attest, there was considerable controversy generated by that proposal, but in the end, all parties were able to reach a compromise. That study will give the state and all those dependent on water as a resource the opportunity to consider the impacts of altering the manner in which we manage water. The fact that the progress of this study has been slow and difficult should only highlight the need for caution in making any changes in Montana's water law.

Instead, SB 212 seeks to destroy any progress made over the last two years in bringing together those individuals and groups who often hold opposing viewpoints about water management to see if there isn't a way to resolve some of the controversy that exists. The work of the task force studying drought management over the last year that resulted in a positive, pro-active piece of legislation supported by the broad spectrum of water users is a shining example of what can happen if people are given the opportunity to work together in an appropriate forum. We cannot build on efforts such as these by threatening the very survival of our state's basic industries.

We urge this committee to vote no on SB 212 and give all of us in this room the chance to find a better means of working together in a more positive, cooperative effort to resolve our differences.

Thank you again for this opportunity to comment.

SENATE N	ATURAL	RESOURCE
EXHIBIT NO		
DATE	2-	15-97
BHLL NO	SBA	12

940 Nature Way Stevensville MT 59870 February 15, 1991

Chairman and Members Senate Natural Resources Committee Montana State Legislature Helena, Montana

Gentlemen:

Following are some of the reasons I oppose Senate Bill No. 212, which is concerned with leasing and selling water:

- 1. Water appropriated for use on a specific piece of land should stay with that piece of land.
- 2. Taking irrigation water from one or more parcels of land within an irrigation project will have an adverse effect on the remaining parcels, the aquifer, and possibly domestic wells in the area.
- 3. S.B. 212 would allow the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation and the Board of Natural Resources and Conservation to make decisions and create rules that rightfully should be made, case by case, by a legislative body, only.

Sincerely,

Kenneth L. Kershuer

Kenneth L. Kerspher Est 7. Molle 2316 ME, Hwy Consuller 1. 54928

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES	
EXHIBIT NO.33	
DATE 2-15-91	
BALL NO SB 212	

To: Senate Committee on Natural Resources

59735

From : Greg Rice Box 213 Harrison, MT

I am offering testimony against Senate Bill 212. I am one of the owners of a family ranch in southwest Montana that raises both cattle and grains. The consequences of such an outrageous bill would extend far beyond the havoc it could raise in our operation.

Like most third generation ranchers we aquired our land over a period of time, adding to the base as it needed to grow with our operations. When we purchased new land one of the major concerns was the quality and amount of water that came with it. Dry barren rangeland is worth substantially less to me than irrigated cropland that can support both cattle and wheat. Every rancher here paid dearly for the land and the water rights that came with it. To separate the water from the land is a frightening thought. What chance is there for future generations to cultivate and care for land that has had it's water rights removed from it? Without adequate water a ranch becomes another banker's statistic. We support three families on our ranch as well as employing six other men who in turn support their families in our community. If I was to sell the 130 year old water rights that come with our property I may make a huge financial gain, but what does that leave for future generations and the people that depend on the ranch for their livelihood? If the ranch isn't a viable operation, and it wouldn't be without water, what happens to the tax base generated from the ranch, the dollars that support our schools and the families that depend upon us for their living? Many large family owned ranches are being bought up by out of state interests whose only thought may be their immediate financial gain and not the tie to the land and commitment to the community that now exists.

I would think the drought situation in California right now would be enough to scare the people of this state into realizing how valuable an asset our water is. When the city of Los Angeles becomes the highest bidder for our water, where does that leave us? They have already cut out their farmers when the water supply dwindled, surely our farms and ranches don't have to pay for it too. I can't believe that this state is so "urban" that they really believe that the food they consume comes from a grocery store! Our economy is dependant upon agriculture, and it's high time the people of this state realize that the future of our state needs to keep that base. This short sighted bill doesn't begin to address the effects that turning our water rights over for "public health" would have on the economies and way of life for virtually every community in this state. I urge you to kill this bill.

7

SENATE NATURAL, RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO DATE

Warren E. Johnson Dwight E. Thiessen Richland County February 14, 1991

Atten: Natural Resources Committee Chairman: Lawrence Stimatz

Members of the Committee:

As non-irrigated farmers, residing in the near proximity to the confluence of Montana's two great rivers, the Yellowstone and the Missouri, we are writing this letter in opposition to Senate Bill 212 Instream Flow Act of 1991.

Any bill which <u>opens the door</u> to the release of stored water downstream for use by out of state entities, or for purely recreational purposes, would be an irresponsible act on behalf of our legislature. The importance of our water as a <u>stored</u> resource is evident to us, as to many residents of Eastern Montana, who have been experiencing the prolonged drought of the past decade.

Many of you may feel that a partial release of water would not have an adverse affect to those users who have rights under current Montana law. To you, I would ask, what would the effect have been to agricultural users, if the damns had been lowered for downstream use prior to entering this decade of drought!!

It is not worth the risk to our agricultural users, the residents of the impacted communities, or to the residents of our state, to enact any legislation which could have any possible adverse affect on one of Montana's largest industries, agriculture.

Thankyou for considering this testimony.

Respectfully submitted, Wave Ellohur Junitt 5 -

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES	•
EXHIBIT NO. 32 1-15-91	
DATE DE SO 212	•

RE: SENATE BILL NO. 212

NAME: Vernon Woolsey Stevensville, MT (Ranched there all my life.)

EXPERIENCE WITH WATER:

I worked summers as the Water Commissioner on Burnt Fork Creek, appointed by the court.

I also work for the State of Montana on the Bitterroot River, distributing water from Painted Rock Lake. I am employed by the Montana Fish and Game to distribute this water to the numerous ditch systems and also keep the water level up in some critical areas of the river.

I have worked with the Fish and Game, irrigators, Trout Unlimited, and other sportsman groups. I think I have a good relationship with all of them.

If you want <u>confrontation</u>, pass a bill like this. If you want <u>cooperation</u> learn to work together with those that have the water rights.

You are really considering the wrong water. You should be looking at saving the water that goes to waste in the spring and early summer. This water helps no one and hurts many. Small dams at the upper reaches of mountain canyons are the answer. Store the water that now hurts people clear to the Gulf of Mexico. You can buy and sell or lease stored water.

Don't try to take the use of the water away from people that have bought and paid for it in the price of the land they own.

Vernonwoolsy Vernon Woolsey

Water Commissioner Bitterroot River & Burnt Fork Creek

BENATE NATURAL RESOURCES

MR. CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE:

I would like to go on record as opposing Senate Bill 212. I speak for myself and for many of the grain and potato farmers in Gallatin County as well as livestock farmers in our area. I wish to state a few of our reasons.

Agriculture as we know it in Gallatin County and in much of the state is tied directly to irrigation water. Without water much of our irrigated land would return to dryfarm - cropped every other year with greatly reduced production. Some would revert back to weeds and sagebrush because of insufficient rainfall to grow anything else. A large majority of the cattle in the state are wintered on hay which was grown on irrigated land. Without this hay supply a large percentage of our cattle and most of our dairies would disappear. Dryland wild hay will feed some beef cows but it certainly will not feed a dairy cow sufficiently. Without irrigation water our entire potato industry, which brings twenty million dollars annually into the state, would disappear.

In 1988, agriculture revenues in the state of Montana were 1.77 billion dollars. This is new wealth - money generated for the first time by a new calf, a bushel of wheat, a sack of potatoes, or a gallon of milk. These are renewable resources - they generate money every year - but irrigation water is necessary for a large portion of these resources.

If Senate Bill 212 is allowed to pass, it will uncouple water rights from the land by allowing leasing or sale for instream flow. This will take control of these water rights from the person farming the land. Without these water rights agriculture in Montana will decline drastically and the whole state economy will suffer.

In conclusion, let me state that farmers are very concerned with and interested in maintaining the quantity and quality of our water. We also like to hunt and fish. I feel we can all work together using far superior alternatives than what this bill will provide. I urge you to vote no on Senate Bill 212. Thank you.

John LVenhuiger

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES	
EXHIBIT NO.37	
DATE 2-15-11	
BALL NO. 50212	

Senate Bill 212

We are very much opposed to Senate Bill 212 in its entirety.

Senate Bill 212 has at least three new beneficial uses and several new terms, such as, reasonably necessary, that haven't been defined, tried or valued. The language in 212 exempts these new uses and terms from the existing appropreation rights and regulations. The lease and sale of these new uses and terms to anyone, could have a devastationg effect on 100 years of Montana Water Law, that has been very carefully established.

We feel very strongly against legislation like this that could sell Montana's No 1 industry, agriculture, plus several of the other leading industries down the river. Selling these industries down the river is potentially devastating economically to the local, county and state governments.

It looks like it would be out of reason to pass a bill like this before we finish the present ajudication of Montana water, not knowing how much water we are using or have.

Passing this bill could have a negative effect on

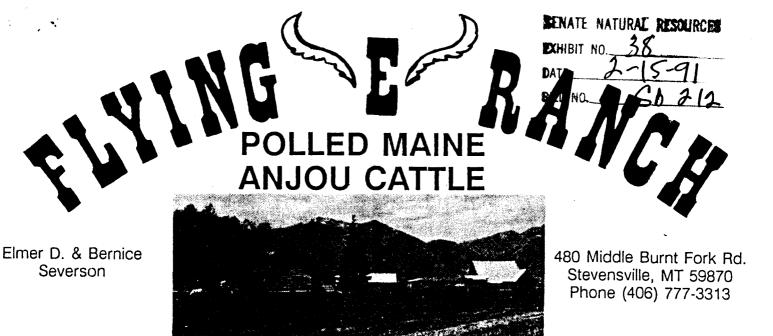
future up stream storage projects in Montana water basins, also. Bill Danion Man word

Josef Kambrick

Pillon

wise Riven Divido, Mont. Ranchon

Datin vero on the Big Hole + Beanerberd Basing from Modium, Seancherd + Silver Bour countrie



RE: SENATE BILL NO. 212

NAME: Elmer D. Severson Retired Montana State Senator - 1990

EXPERIENCE WITH WATER:

Life time as an irrigated Farmer/Rancher. 45 Years of that time on the 1st adjudicated stream in MT. Helped with the assistance of Judge Brownlee's court to organize and develop a court appointed committee to manage the Burnt Fork Water Drainage. Only one like it in the state. Worked on Agricultural and Water bills while in the legislature.

Mr. Chairman and Members of this Committee:

When I retired from the Senate, I really didn't intend to be back here on business; but, I believe this bill is so dangerous that I had to come to plead with you not to pass this type of legislation. I consider this bill along with some others on the same subject to be the most dangerous acts that have ever been introduced in the State of Montana. This bill dwarfs any of the tax issues that we have had in the past.

Water is the life blood of Montana agriculture. Without it on irrigated farms and ranches, you have land that will only produce a fraction of the crops for food and fiber.

Without irrigating water, the land values would drop like 10 times. For example: \$1000/Acre to \$100/Acre. What would that do to the tax base for schools and County Governments?

Water rights are much misunderstood by the general public. The State of Montana owns the water. A farmer or rancher does not own water. A water right gives him or her the right to beneficial use of a given amount of water on a described tract of land with a priority date. If a farmer is not beneficially using water, otherwise wasting it, the court can take it from him. Water is decreed to the land in a present owners name. It is a part of the land and a substantial part of the value of that land. It is not a saleable product without the land it is decreed to.

Because I have a water right does not mean that I use it 100% of the time. I have 1st water right on the creek that I irrigate from at the rate of 1 miners inch per acre. I use this water less than 1/4 of the time during the irrigating season. When I am not using this water, other lesser water rights have the use of this water. If it were leased as this bill proposes, you would deprive lesser water rights from using this water.

What can sale or lease of water for instream flow do?

Let me use an example: In most streams the best water rights are at the lower end of the stream. <u>WHY?</u> Because, that is where the people first settled.

Let me use the oldest adjudicated stream in Montana, Burnt Fork Creek, Stevensville, Montana. The first water right of 507 miners inches was filed on by Major John Owen, in 1852. It was a hassle to get that water to the lower end of the creek in late summer. Taking or stealing water in those years was a fighting or shooting matter. A deal was made to trade this water upstream for water supplied by one of the ditch systems. The Fort Owen Ranch still has free water; as the ranches that the water was transferred to pay the ditch company for the water. This trade hurt no one and helped several ranches.

Now, imagine what would have happened if this water had been sold or leased down stream. I promise you, if this 507 inches of water had to travel the full length of the creek past every water user, the productive Burnt Fork area would be mighty dry!

These people bought and paid for irrigated land. Are you going to take it away?

Our water law has stood the test of time. Leave it alone. Please <u>kill</u> this bill.

Sincerely, Securor Elmer D. Severson

Sen Natural Resources

Rm407B

TESTIMONY	ON	S.B.	212

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO DATI **除出1 间**

FEBRUARY 15, 1991

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE COMMITTEE

ΒY

RAFTER RANCH, INC. DONALD H. JONES, PRES. RANCHER

GOOD AFTERNOON CHAIRMAN STIMATZ AND MEMBERS OF SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE COMMITTEE. THANK YOU FOR GIVING ME THIS OPPORTUNITY TO SUBMIT MY TESTIMONY IN OPPOSITION OF SENATE BILL 212. I AM DONALD JONES OF WISE RIVER AND A RANCHER.

I WOULD ASK THE MEMBERS OF THIS COMMITTEE TO OPPOSE THE BILL AS IT IS A DETERMINANT TO AGRICULTURE. AGRICULTURE IS THE STATES LARGEST INDUSTRY AND ITS KEY IS IRRIGATION WATER. WITHOUT IRRIGATION WATER THE WHOLE PROCESS FAILS. SOME 100 YEARS AGO THE PROCESS OF WATER RIGHTS BEGAN AS WE KNOW IT TODAY. A GREAT DEAL OF THE CROP PRODUCTION SALE FIGURES IS CREATED BY IRRIGATION. WITHOUT IRRIGATION, AGRICULTURAL INCOME WOULD DROP BY MORE THAN HALF.

IF ONE HAS EVER MADE A TRIP THROUGH THE BIG HOLE VALLEY THEY WOULD SEE HOW WATER BENEFITS EVERYONE. THE PROCESS OF IRRIGATION IN THE BIG HOLE BUILDS UP THE WATER TABLE. IT IS LIKE <u>A DAM WITHOUT A DAM.</u> MUCH OF THE WATER USED TO PRODUCE THE HAY CROPS IS FROM THE SNOW MELT, WHICH INCREASES THIS WATER TABLE. AS THE WATER TABLE GRADUALLY RETURNS TO THE BIG HOLE RIVER DURING THE LATE SUMMER AND FALL THIS WATER IS USED AND REUSED AS IT PROVIDES SPRINKLER WATER FOR DOWN STREAM, WATER FOR FISH AND WILDLIFE, FOOD FOR MANKIND AND WATER FOR BUTTE. THIS FROCESS KEEPS MANY SMALL STREAMS AND SFRINGS PRODUCING WATER YEAR AROUND FOR RETURN TO THE MAIN RIVERS. IF WE SELL OR LEASE THE WATERS FROM THE LAND WE WILL NO LONGER HAVE THIS PROCESS WHEN HIGH WATER SNOW MELT ~IS GONE, THE WATER WILL BE GONE. THE BIG HOLE RIVER WILL PROBABLY BE DRY.

THIS PROCESS THAT NOW EXISTS IS SO NATURAL TO MANY OF THE RIVERS OF MONTANA. THIS IS WHY WE HAVE WHAT WE HAVE IN MONTANA AND IS A MUST FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS. THEREFORE I ENCOURAGE YOU TO OPPOSE SENATE BILL 212.

RAFTER RANCH, INC. OPPOSES S.B. 212 PRES. V.PRES. SECT. Jones SHAREHOLDER SHAREHOLDER me

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO. 12 DATE 2-15-91 BHLI ND 5102-12 Auguste - Mont. Jeb. 14 - 1991 We oppose house like NO. 212 with both Bands and would like to know what dumb lone head ever dreamed up such a bad lill. Soap Creek Cattle Co. Avvie tone-President P.S. Hrone, fr. - Vice President Janee Mone - Vice President

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. DATE BALL MIL

SB212-- An act to authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use, to authorize the transfer by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person for instream use, to authorize the transfer by sale or lease of instream water rights to other uses, to integrate instream use rights into Montana's prior appropriation system. amends several sections and would be immediately effective. (These amendments would allow any individual, industry, state, corporation, associaiton, etc. to file for a water permit, which would separate water from land

The effect on the economy from separating water from land could be devastating. The effect of removing water from land is devastating.

PETITION

THE UNDERSIGNED OPPOSE THE PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL 212. WE. ding

d Billa

(ma) Halasen 6132 Chicago Rd Shephard reston D. dinastron 1116 Bench Bluld Blop mont 59105 5301 Nomer Davis Rel Shipherd Mt 5%. agen Hough att Rubavina 817 n. 18th B. Bellings 4334 Ch. Rd Blas ont mas Heinfelon 3715 maker Al Blan. In 507 Remrock Re Billig not. Somo & Veralli 331 Hunt Lance Billings 11 Charibeth Habeck Sunld M. Grafel 9345 Bugos Cueek ad. Depherd 2 21 hape & low Rd. Billings 59108 Kinhanduan whent I. anden 2211 Lake Elmo RL Billings \$105 8528 Clark No Shephend Elmen Luculach 17 MG Mormon Parah 22, Billing 90. with apontal vante Sevenson Exercice Donation 8124 Clerk Pl. Shephil The ; 29 -131 Kalley fore Belle Mont sh Clock OREN CORST 920 And Rot Shephere 9705 mc Crenicos Shepherd. Edwin E. thurs marchele fileson : 406 Shephend Rd Shephond 817 agate Que. Billinge, Mh. Horia Luck Page 2

February 14, 1991 The following undersigned object to SB212.

Jina L. Freeman Rich Richer Marie 2. Mopher William Frosher Deorge Monson Joyce E. Monson Likay Weinle

Augura

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 44 DATE 2-15-91 DATE SB 2-12

2-10-91 Duttom monet

SENATE BILL 212 OR THE (MONTANA DESSERT BILL)

- ^{- -} -

THIS BILL IS THE BEJINNING OF End OF MONTANA IRRIJATION IF IT PASSES.

MontANA IS NOT A RICH STATE FINANCIALLY AND OTHERS COULD EASILY Buy ALL OF OUR WATER.

WATER ORAWS WATER, ANY WHERE THERE ARE DAMS OR BODIES OF WATER RAINFALL IMPROVES, SO HOLDING OF OUR RUNOFF PERIODS IS ESSENTIAL TO ALL WEATER SUPPLY.

SMALL TOWN + BUSINESS EROSION; IF THIS BILL IS ALCOMED IRRIGATION WILL DECREASE. IRRIGATED LAND WILL DECREASE. IRRIGATED LAND WILL TURN to DRY LAND, VALUES DROPPing N PRODUCTION DECREASING, IRRIGATION EQUIR DEALERS WILL SUFFER + DISAPEAR MALT BARLEY PLANTS WILL CROSE HAY SUPPLY WILL DECREASE CRUSING CATLE RUMBERS TO ALSO DECREASE FEEDLOTS WILL CLOSE DUE TO LACK OF FEED SUPPLY & CATLE.

TAXES

TAX BASE WILL EROJE (And MONTANA MEEDS ALL THE TAX BASE IT CAN KEEP) THIS WILL HAPPEN BY LAND VALUES DECREASING IRRIGATION DEALERS CLOSING PRODUCTION DECREASING LIVESTOCK NOUMBERS FARKING MALT HANDLERS MOVING AWAY GRAIN PRODUCTION WILL BE REDUCED

LET 45 BE SURE WE ALL WORK TO DEFEAT SB 212.

SIN CERELY

LLUT DE BRUYCRER The Le Bugh

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 45
DATE 2-15-91
BALL NO. SB 212

February 15, 1991

Senators:

ø

My name is Larry Brooke and I come to you from my father's ranch on the North Willow Creek, a tributary of the Jefferson River. My family has been in the honorable business of feeding the world for four generations. I have come here today to address you on behalf of my dad and the other ranchers like him in this state who hold Montana water rights.

He currently maintains a 300 cow herd with some small grains on 250 inches of 1866 water (adjudicated by Judge Ben Law) or 5 1/2 CFS. This year dad brought just under \$200,000 into this state from places like Worland, Wyoming, St. Louis, Missouri and Boone, Iowa. I keep telling him he could make more if he would just look at foreign markets like Tokyo and Bagdad. He said "Kid, this money from Iowa spends just as fine in the local stores."

If he had not put this water through his 1/4 million dollar sprinkler system on poor semi arid land, he would not be paying taxes on irrigated crop land as well as on all the machinery he has.

He would also have plenty of free time, since 125 cows do not take as long to feed and \$50,000 takes much less time to spend than \$200,000.

His biggest concern right now is that if this bill passes, his grand kids will be making beds, flipping hamburgers and pumping gas for a living since they have been forced out of their rightful heritage to be the fifth generation of Brooke family to feed the world.

He strongly suggests that you tell the freshman senator from Bozeman to talk to the people of Montana before introducing any more barnyard bunk such as senate bill $\overline{212}$.

Thank you

Larry J. Brooke Box 243 Pony, Montana 59747 (406) 685-3406

DAN BELL MASONRY teluny 14, 1991 Commercial Residential 406-642-3343 SENATE NATURAL RESULTE Box 185 • Victor, MT 59875 EXHIBIT NO. To Whom it may concern, I AM A registered voter in district 13 of the state of Montana (Ravalli Co.) And I AM OPPOSED TO SENATE BILL 212.

Do Not Make It LAW.

TAX PAyer,

Daniel L. Bell Daniel 7. Bell

02-14-91



O'HAIR RANCH COMPANY

BOX 955 LIVINGSTON, MONTANA 59047

EXHATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 4^{-1} DATE 2-15 91 DATE 58212 Feb. 15, 1991

Chairman: Larry Stimatz Senate Committee **R**.B.212

It is clearly recognized that a water right user does not own the water, but simply has the right to use it. It must be taken from the stream at a specified point of diversion. Since the user does not own the water, he does not have they right to sell it or lease it.

The bill ignores the concept of the water rights law, which is the first in time, first in line.

The bill as proposed would adversely effect this concept.

As an alternative to the leasing bill, I would suggest the committee make a study of loss of water through seapage in the irrigation ditches, leaky headgates, and generally inefficient use.

These losses could be corrected by encouraging the irrigators and assisting them to install sprinkler irrigation, reshaping the land, install headgates, and lining ditches.

This method would conserve water, improve crops, and ultimatelypprovide more water for in-stream flow.

I strongly oppose the passage of \mathbf{K} .B. 212 in favor of the alternatives.

Respectfully yours, O'Hair Ranch Co. Altyn W. O'Hair, Pres.

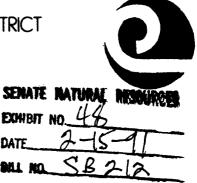


BITTERROOT CONSERVATION DISTRICT

1709 NORTH FIRST STREET HAMILTON, MONTANA 59840 (406) 363-5010

Senate Natural Resource Committee on SB 212

Larry Stimatz, Chairman



This letter is to inform you that the Bitterroot Conservation District has voted to oppose Senate Bill 212, "Instream Flow Act of 1991" as written for the following reasons.

To the best of our knowledge, the Bitterroot river is already filled on past its capacity to provide water to those with later filings <u>and</u> maintain inflow during the period from the third week in July through the remainder of the season in any season that has less than average snow pack. Therefore, the only way instream flow necessary for fish habitat and even minimal irrigation can be maintained every year is by buying water from a state owned storage dam. The irrigators and those interested in maintaining instream flow have cooperatively worked out the use of the water purchased in a manner to best serve the purposes of both groups.

The only water available for inflow filing or leasing is that which comes during highwater, end of May to mid June, and that which could be bought or leased from holders of present water rights.

Since the underground aquafers are charged by water passing through canals, as well as water in the creeks and the river, it is important that the canals are well filled to their decreed capacities during the high water season, and that the decreed water that <u>is</u> available during low water seasons be disbursed through the canals to help maintain the levels of the underground aquafers on which all domestic wells depend.

We do not feel SB 212 addresses the above, nor do we think sufficient studies have been made of the role of the extensive system of canals in this valley in recharging underground aquafers, thereby, ensuring that it is safe to allow extensive filing on high water or leasing of water from existing water right holders. To ensure availability of additional water would require building storage facilities to be filled during high water season. Our second objection relates to that.

SB 212 does not provide any means for those interested in instream flow to participate in paying for construction of additional storage dams. Therefore, the cost of additional storage falls unfairly on the land, particularly agriculture. We do not favor any system for leasing that does not provide for an equitable distribution of the costs of storage facilities among the various groups that benefit from the use of stored water, instream flow interests, as well as land holders.

Sincerely

Wack Iman, Chairman

LOLO CREEK . LOLO MONTANA 59847 Dear Chairman Just a note urging tabling Chairman, Senate Natural Resources Committee or defeat. of SB At no time should private MT State Senate individuals be allowed to buy or sell water rights other than what accompanies a land purchase, Capitol Station SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES water is too precious to toy with the way brokers toy with Helena, MT EXHIBIT NO. 30 the stock Market, The Stock Market, Steve Mayernik 59620 DATE 2-15-9 Stockett, MT, 59480

D'Eb Andrea The Wildlife Federation's Bill, Service BILLZALS-ANT Senator Blanchi is sponsoring will have many molong Stating affects — and not just on agriculture. If Senate Bill 212 passes you senators, the Wild life Federation and the other supporters will be responsible for drying up 70 to 80% of Montana's wettands. These wetlands depend soly on the diversions and the irrigation of the agriculture community. These wetlands provide habitate for much of Our state's waterfawl, fish, white tail, raccon & other wetland species. You can also guarentee pleanty of water for our downstrean, out-of-state users in the spring & early summer. — But come July, Aug., & Sept. it will not be there. That is because these are the months when our streams are soly dependent on return flow from agriculture irrigation.

The Wildlife Federation states that no rancher will be forced to lease whis water rights - however if some ag. producer elects to sell his rights and this water stays in the stream then those agriculture producers downstream will be adversely effected because they will not be receiving return flow.

It has been stated that all the water in Mont. is owned by 5% of the population - If we go back in history there was less than 1% of the population of the nation that came out west to home stead the land and prove up on the water. There are many 5 generations ranch families who tought a died for the right to own private land a name the state of the the right to legislate their water away now.

Now if you Senators Can buy the bill of goods Senator Bianchi & the Wildlife Federation is trying to sell you then I have some Ocean front property in Arizona for vou.

2) Job Ander With this bill you would also accomplish removing livestock from Fublic Lands and much of the private lands in our state. The rancher, without irrigation, could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + could no longer feed his livestock during the fall, winter + highest bidder — Such as the Ted Turners, the Von Tropps, and the Liz Chiborn's and yes also the Japanese. This would create a privately owned pay hunting state. Which would leave our local Mont. sportsmen dried up along with the irrigation. Many mainstreet businesses and other agriculture irrigated businesses would be dried up, along with the tax base of our local communities.

SENATE NA EXHIBIT NO .___ -15-91 SB212 BILL NO.

Dear Sevator Stimate I had hoped to be able to be present in person for this hearing but this is calving time and even a smalp outfit like ours you-jus better not be too far from home. We are emphatically opposed to SB 212. We have al Water right out of Blodgett Creek. This right for 120 mmers inches was granted to the owners of this ranch. The water was appropriated august 1, 1894. and was decreed by Judge FOWebste on May 28th, 1907. This water is the lefe blood of This ranch. after modernizing this system about 15 years ago we now there one 2 hop presh, one 20 hop. point and one 5 hop pump, are able to permy water three spenkles line to approximatel 85 acres of this 150 acre Novek. Without this water we would have a desert.

I don't is we are able to raise bay and pasture for roughly 50 head of beef cattle and also water a small evergreen Abrub and the mursery from which we obtain a part of our income. to please Note against SB 212 and use all your influence to kill this bill Sincerch, yours, John J. Munson Gree J. Marion

SENATE NATURAL RESOLUTIONS EXHIBIT NO. 53 DATE 2-15-91 BILL NO. 58 212

Feb 11, 1991

Senator Laurence Stinuty Mt. State Senate Capital Station Helena, Mt 59601

Dear Senator Stimatz,

Please take a moment to hear my plea against Senate Bill 212!

I understand your busy workload, so I will be brief!

The State of Montana is presently filing a suit against the Army Corps of Engineers because of their poor management of our water resource and allowing it to go down stream to the Lower Missouri River States. Now we are considering legislation that would restrict the maximum utilization of our water right here in Montana!

Montana farmers can't stand another serious blow to our livlihood that this legislation would cause. This is not good legislation for Montana.

We like to fish and use Montana streams, as most Montanans do. Both agricultural and recreational use can be done in cooperation with each other. That is the Montana way to do things! Not to put agriculture out of business to benefit others.

We have worked together for over one hundred years now. Our water rights date back to the 1880s and we have been cooperating for that long now, for the good of all. However, without this water right, we will lose our generations old family farm.

PLEASE DEFEAT this poor legislation and keep Montana green with crops, and dollars and good recreation as well.

Thank you for your time and concern,

WilliamsTayl

William B Taylor

13ox 521 Permel Br Rd. Belgrosle, mit.

Box 65 Willow Creek, MT 59760 February 11, 1991

Sen. Lawrence Stimatz, Chairman Natural Resources Committee Room 405, Capitol Building Helena, Montana 59620

Dear Sen. Stimatz:

SENATE NA	TURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO.	34
DATE	2-15-91
BALL NO	SB212

I want to register my opposition to SB-212, Instream Flow Act of 1991. I am concerned about the impact this legislation will have on Montana's use of water. It seems this bill is an attempt to again bypass the adjudication process, as well as change the water law. A great deal of time and money has been expended by the water court and private property owners to protect the water rights for agriculture, municipalities, etc. We must be very careful not to allow filings after 1973 to preclude water rights existing since before the Civil War.

For some time downstream states have been attempting to get the water and until it is known what water there may be for instream uses, the adjudication system should be allowed to go forward. This legislation certainly is not in the best interests of Montana or its citizens. A reservation by other states could place Montana in the position of having to let water go by and not have enough for use here, when a drought is such that there is no rain or snow to fill the streams nor irrigation water used to replenish the aquifer.

Wyoming is a good example of not having set the water needs of the state until after Nebraska had made reservations on the water in the Platte river, which leaves Wyoming with a water shortage at times.

We could find ourselves in the same position as California where the irrigation water in the San Joaquin Valley has been turned off to agriculture; consequently cutting off the supply of vegetables and fruit. Lack of water will destroy fruit and nut trees, which will take many years to replace. Believe me the same could happen here if there is no rain or snow to replenish streams soon.

The allowing of reservations in drought years, before it is known how much flow can be reserved in "normal" years, does not seem prudent for anyone and in particular the State of Montana.

A plan for water leasing was set forth in Senate Bill 707 in 1989; why not give it a chance to work before passing more legislation. The Montana Water Law has proven to be in the best interests of Montana and will protect the future, if we do not rush to change what has been proven to be good. If it wasn't best for Montana and its' many diverse interests, why would so many be trying to change it, especially those who have not lived or paid taxes in the state for very long.

Singerely, Louise Steingruber

RENATE NATURAL RESOURCES 454 EXHIBIT NO____ DATE 2-15-91 In regards to senate hill 212. Water leasing. I as a land acone oppose This hill. m. Stimut I as Chairman of Tetor Courty Conservation Distant oppose this fill. It is a definate change of war which could have the war change of the war down the war. Some of the people leaving their water right do not use Them now, the next water night uses it now, This will lave a definite impart on Them. If this goes through now we as long owner and ungater will pay for it later. I will say again we oppose This will. yours Traly Charles w. Proff RRZ Box 6290 Dutter, mb 594/33

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 39 DATE 2-15-91 Jell 1075 19988212

Dam Verna Lou Handis - Eur Nanch is in Gallatin Co. Dam Apposed to S. B. 212

Agriculture will not Survive if water is left in stream, Wiverting water for a beneficial use not only produces crops but fills the aquatur and replenishes springs which go back into Streams. Our livelikood dipends on water. It has for over 100 years. appropriation of the water was made in 1885 on our ranch. Historically water rights have blen used on the land. I Dee no reason to Change thes. Fith so many businesses going under. Economically I don't think the legislature can Afford to contribute to another failure . S.B. 212 will do that I oppose J.B. 212 Verna Ha Vandes Chank you. Wilsall, Mont.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 60 Feb. 15, 1991 BHLL NO Re: SB 212 I would like to express my extrem opposition to S.B. 212. Us a land owner with water rights Those for agriculture use rights are a part of the value of our land. any action that would separate water from the Sand would be detrimental to agriculture all over this State With the national seconony in the decline it is in at this time, it is especially a crucial time for the support of agriculture not time to deal another blow to people trying to make a living. incerely,-Jaci Dearman

Feb. 7, 1491

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO.61 DATE 2-15-91 BL 10 SB212

Senator Lawy Stimaty Chairing Senate Resource Comm. Capital Bedg. Délera MP. 59620

- Dear Senator Stimaty. We roaved like to go on record as opposing Senate Bill 212. yours truly, Jourse Monroe John Monros

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO. 62 DATE 2-15-91 DATE SB 812 2/12/91 Lothe Committe on Matinal Resource's Montan State legislator, Helom Mt. In reference to bill 5-B 212. The bill will reduce land Valid's in Montana and will Cause many Wells Is go by A live need more in stream flow ching ton water, we should have the height of the Sams on the lakes in the mountaines or build attende water storage. Allet Schmidt 365 Cullen Orchard Rd Victor, M. 59875

February 14, 1991 Sallatin County

Montana Legislature

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO.63 DATE 2-15-91 DATE 56 212 The are in opposition to Senate Bill 212.

Leaving water in stream does not replace the ground water. Hood irrigating deslesk the DNRC. Use of the water on our ranch was appropriated as early as 1883. We have used the water as irrigation water, It septenishes the springs and goes back into the creek to be used again down stream. Leaving it in stream will let it flow sight on out of the state.

Please allow montana agriculture remain a viable asset to the state.

Respectfully yours,

Richard Waddelf Sharon Waddelp Rt1 BOX233 Wilsall MT 59081

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. CALL NO

SSR281. Pox 200 Machuo, Mt. S9249 February 14,1991

Mr. Larry Stimatz Senate Natural Resources Committee Room 405 - Capital Station Hetena, Mont. 50624

Dear Sir,

S.B.212 is a bill that I feel very strongly opposed to. It has negative effects to all water users, whether they live in the alls or on the farm. I feel the present law which provides for a study of this situation is a much better way to solve the problem.

If the water right were severed from the land, would the cost of storage construction (which is now collected through the property tax system) stay with the land, or go with the water right? If it would with the water right what kind of system would you create to collect it?

If we could create more storage in Montana we could retain more water for beneficial use throughout the season. Which would create an instream flow, and not have a negative impact on water users. In other words there would be positive impacts on everyone including the people who want the instream flows.

Thank you

SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 66	- <u></u>
DATE 2-15	
BILL NO_SD	212

Townsond, Montana February 13, 1980

The Honorable Senator Lawrence Stimatz State Senate State Capitol Station Helena, Montana 59620

Dear Senator Stimatz:

Re: SB 512 .

The present water right system used in Montana is oblar than Statehood itself. A lot of the water rights date to the cort-Territorial mining days. The 1972 Constitution is supress to protect "all existing water rights". This method has serked effectively for over a century.

SB 212 is an attempt to separate water rights from assistations! land. This is a gross mistake and has far-reaching implications. Our Local and State government would be the first to feel the loos of revenue when it converts irrigated ground to dry land. This bill would be regressive, not progressive to the growth of Montana.

We strongly urge the defeat of this legislation.

Yours Truly,

Bob Davis Bob Davis Londa Davis

Linda Davis

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 64 DATE 2-15-91 BALE NO. 58-212

Terry, MT February 15, 1991

Natural Resource Committee Larry Stimatz, Chairman Oecil Weeding, Vice-Chairman Ester Bengtson Con Bianchi Steve Doherty Bob Hockett Ed Kennedy

RE: SENATE BILL 212

Please be advised that we do not support Senate Bill 212!

We as family farmers and irrigators and caregivers for the land hope this bill is killed in committee.

Sincerely, Strue Libbetts Sue Tibbetts Future Farmers--sons Todd, Cody, Brock Tibbetts

David J. Maclay 828 Ronald Avenue Missoula, MT 59801

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 68 DATE 2-15-91 BALL NO. 56 212

Senate Natural Resources Committee Montana Senate

Helena, MT 59620 RE: Senate Bill 212 - Hearing

Ladies and Gentlemen:

February 15, 1991

State Capitol

I am a rancher operating in the Bitter Root near Lolo. We use water from Mormon Creek and Lolo Creek along with three adjoining ranches.

I oppose the present attempt by Bill Number 212 to change the method by which water is appropriated and used in the State.

As a biologist employed at one time by the U.S. Forest Service and the State of Montana at various times, I have become wellacquainted with the sources of most streams within the State and their uses and I believe that most appropriators use their water carefully having in mind the effects of their uses so as to not damage the fish or wildlife dependent on them. Most farmers or ranchers are also conservationists and keep in mind the other resources dependent on them. My observation over these many years is that the dependent wildlife on the streams and lakes does very well as the present rules operate.

As a word to the conservationists and also the farmers, they might well turn their efforts toward the higher reaches of the streams and build more dams and by other means retain the runoff waters for uses during dry season needs. My training and experience as a fisheries biologist tells me that retention of water in the hills of Montana benefits the fishery resource. They are above the needs of farmers and provide sources of natural runoff all the way down. The proponents of instream increases could by that process arrive without controversy in the long run.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this matter.

Sincerely,

David J. Maclay

Buffalo Rapids Irrigation Project P. O. Box 511 Terry, MT 59349

February 15, 1991

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO BL RU

Dear Senators:

The Buffalo Rapids Project Board of Control, the governing body for the 25,000 acre Buffalo Rapids Project between Miles City and Glendive urges you not to support Senate Bill 212.

We do not feel that water should be treated as a commodity to be bought or sold. Also, we do not believe that Montana is ready to put itself in that situation. If we start a water sale scenario for instream use it could lead to water sales legislation for other uses in the future.

We thank you for your consideration.

Respectfully yours. 2-

Raymond Strasheim President

cc: Larry Stimatz, Chairman Cecial Weeding, Vice-Chairman Esther Bengtson Don Bianchi Steve Doherty Bob Hockett Ed Kennedy

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES U EXHIBIT NO DATE -BULL NO.

F 02

February 15, 1991

Senator Lawrence Stimatz Chairman Natural Resources Committee Capitol Station Helena, MT 59620

Dear Senator Stimatz,

The following persons would like to go on record as being ADAMANTLY OPPOSED to SB212.

Mary Kee 113 7th West Roundup, MT 59072

Daniel Kee 113 7th West Roundup, MT 59072

Selma Morrison 4 Halfbreed Creek Road Roundup, MT 59072

Gladys Womeldorf 38 Churchill Road Roundup, MT 59072

Willa Dale Evans 4221 Highway 87 South Roundup, MT 59072

Henry Clowes 4221 Highway 87 South Roundup, MT 59072

Eva Boucher 423 2nd East Roundup, MT 59072

Mary Kuzara 4250 Highway 87 South Roundup, MT 59072

Lena Fletcher 902 3rd East Roundup, MT 59072

SENATE	. NA	TURA		SONI	KES.
EXHIBIT	NO.	12			
DATE	2-	-15	-9	17	
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e e esta a s					and the second second

February 15, 1991

Senate Natural Resources Committee:

Mr. Chairman:

On behalf of the Bitterroot Stockgrowers Association, who unanimously oppose Senate Bill 212, I give this `testimony.

Why slap agriculture and the State of Montana in the face with Senate Bill 212, or any other bill that removes water from the land? Montana is in a financially strapped state of affairs. Revenue needs are uppermost in this legislature's mind.

Agriculture, the number one industry in the state grosses one billion, nine hundred million dollars. The state takes a whopping precentage of that in taxes, not to mention the overturning of dollars in local communities.

A great deal of that one billion, nine hundred million dollars is taken from irrigated land. You must consider what the passage of Senate Bill 212 will do. With water taken from the land, the productivity is gone. The crops and livestock that generate the money for taxing is gone. The taxable value of the land is drastically reduced and in short, the tax revenue currently assessed to agriculture will be critically decreased.

With the passage of Senate Bill 212 new and current businesses will have to be taxed at a higher rate. This bill will decrease agriculture taxation, decrease community turnover of dollars, and will require the legislature to find new ways of replacing the lost revenue due to the lost productivity of irrigated, agricultural land.

The negative impact of Senate Bill 212 is far more reaching than just the loss of crops. Homeowners' wells are in jeopardy, weeds will florish, land value will decrease. and revenue taxes will be lost.

President

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. DATE BHLI ND

February 15, 1991

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I am <u>Colleen Meyer</u>

and I belong to <u>Wittern Montana Chapter of WIF5</u> The water will leave the state faster left in the streams than when spread out over vast areas of land that hold, yet release the water to the streams more gradually. With passage of Senate BiH 212, irrigated land with water removed will not go back to native grasses and sagebrush rather the tame grass will die inviting unsightly noxious weeds, particularly knapweed in abundance. Tourism will not replace agriculture because tourists are not going to enjoy gray, weed infested Montana.

Colleen Meyer

SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 74	
DATE 2-14	-91
BILL NO. SA	212

February 14, 1991

Senate Natural Resources Committee

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I am Kostmarie Deuman and I belong to tock power Gesalur Governor and aterroot

legislature is striving to bring new industry into our state. Senate Bill 212 defeats their efforts. Senate Bill 212 will decrease the taxable value of irrigated property and the income the property generates. This lost revenue will have to be replaced somehow. Will new industry want to come into this state and survive the taxes required of them? Agriculture is already a thriving, clean industry, why destroy its valuable economic effectiveness? The grass will not be greener on the other side of the fence if Senate Bill 212 passes.

I oppose Senate Bill 212 and any bill removing water from the land.

R. Deuman

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 5 DATE 25-97 BALL NO. 58 212

‡-

February 15, 1991

Chairman Larry Stimatz Senate Natural Resources Committee Capitol Station Helena, Montana

It's unfortunate that those with agricultural interests, and others concerned about the potential impacts of Senate Bill 212, have to meet here in the Capitol of the great State of Montana in a confrontational mood with our friends from the environmental and sportsman communities.

We in agriculture have much in common with the "environmental" community and there are many areas in which we seem to have conflicts that could be solved if both sides would lay down their swords and look for equitable and mutually beneficial solutions.

Senate Bill 212, however, does not fall into this category. The water resource of this state cannot be put on the auction block! for once gone it is gone forever. Would we as citizens of this great State auction off our mountains? our people? Certainly not!! Then why should we allow the very life blood that sustains these resources to vanish downstream to those unconcerned about our future.

Senate Bill 212 is an uncreative approach to a problem of occasional low instream flows. Have other creative approaches been tried and allowed to mature? I think not. Headwater storage has been discussed for many years with no progress. Headwater storage would hold back water for late season use and provide needed additional irrigation into the gigantic sponge of our irrigated lands which assures aquifer replenishment for instream flows.

The leasing option was passed by the 1989 legislature and has yet not been explored or studied to determine its potential.

Ladies and gentlemen, we are looking at a flawed bill, the ramifications of which are far reaching economically, socially and evironmentally. It does not address the issue of instream flows in a rational and common sense manner, but rather addresses the problem in a singular and unimaginative way. That cannot withstand the scrutiny of concerned Montana citizens.

Only the <u>Lord</u> can control the amount of water available to our bountiful lakes, rivers and streams, but fortunately we live in this great country called the U.S.A. where the voice of its people controls the politics of what happens to that water!

George R. Swan Ruby River Water Users Association Sheridan, Montana 59749

	WITNESS STATEMENT	SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO. 18 DATE 2-15-97
To be completed by a putter testimony entered	erson testifying or d into the record.	
Dated this 15 day o		, 1991.
	nhuizen	
Address: <u>3990 Clau</u>		
Manhatta		
Telephone Number: 24	54-3730	
Representing whom? Fotato Growers	of Montana	
Appearing on which prop $= \frac{3B}{212}$	posal?	
Do you: Support?	Amend?	Oppose?
Comments:		
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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STRATE NATURAL BESOURCE EXHIBIT NG _____ OTLL NOL SB212.

Senator Larry Stimatz, Chairman State Capital Building Helena, Montana

Dear Honorable Senator Stimatz,

I would like to express my firm opposition to Senate Bill 212. This concerns me because I need the water for the irrigation of my land.

Sincerely, Seconde C. Ferguson 8100 Aug 92 S Sala Mont 59871

SENATE NATURAL RESOLUTE EXHIBIT NO. 80 2-15-9 BILL NO. SB22

Senator Larry Stimatz, Chairman State Capital Building Helena, MT

Dear Honorable Senator Stimatz,

I would like to express my opposition to Senate Bill 212. This concerns me because I need the water for the irrigation for my fields.

Sincerely,

Juanita I, Ferguson 8100 Hury 93 Santh Sula, Mit: 59871

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 21
DATE 2-15-91
BILL NO. 58 212

Senator Larry Stimatz, Chairman State Capital Building Helena, MT

 \sim .

Dear Honorable Senator Stimatz,

I would like to express my opposition to Senate Bill 212. This concerns me as I need the water for irrigation an cattle.

Sincerely Margie J. Mikesell Co-owner - M4 Ranch Sula, Mt 59871

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 82
DATE 2-15-91
MIL NOSB212

Senator Larry Stimatz, Chairman State Capital Building Helcna, MT

Dear Honorable Senator Stimatz,

I would like to express my opposition to. Senate Bill 212. This concerns me because I need the water for the irrigation for my fields as well as water for the livestock.

Sincerely John Milial Jula, Mt. 59871

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO DATE BALL NO.

John Robbins 2441 Eastside Hwy Stevensville, MT 59870

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e . i .

February 11, 1991

Mr. Larry Stimatz Chairman, Senate Resource Committee Helena, MT 59601

Re: Senate Bill 212

Dear Mr. Stimatz:

I am writing this letter to express my total opposition to Senate Bill 212. In my view this Bill opens the door to future erosion of personal property rights. Furthermore, in our particular valley, removing water from irrigation, especially flood irrigation, will do more harm than good to our total environment. In one small area alone where irrigation simply was changed from flood to sprinklers one pump company reports of over 40 wells going dry or having to be drilled deeper just from this change.

The water put into our aquifer continues to flow back to the river all winter long. If this water is kept in the river channel thru the hot summer months, it will be gone downstream long before the Fall and Winter season when this river is at it's lowest point.

Furthermore, the irrigators in this Valley are working very hard to work with Fish, Wildlife and Parks in maintaining adequate flows year long. I think if you canvassed the valley you'd find the vast majority of the people are not in favor of water leasing of any kind.

Sincerely,

John Robbins

jr/sr

1307-36 Aula, INT 59871

Senton Larry Stimaty national Resource Committee Helena, MT.

SENATE NATURAL, RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO.

Dear Senator Stimetz, Water usage is so very important to many of us in our state. We are concerned over the contents of Senate Bill # 212, to be heard this week, and write you to sole against this bill.

The pressure in and out of the state for montana must te enormous. I dres seem a prudent more to not move on any issue until a water study, authorszed in 1989 by the legislature, Could be completed. Thank you Sincerely, Marvin and Detty Wetystern (Cattle ranchers)

SENATE NATURAL RESOURC EXHIBIT NO. S DATE **MIT (40**

Eugene Graf, III Box 906 Bozeman, Mt. 59715

Feb. 14, 1991

Senator Lorents Grosfield Senate Natural Resources Committee State Capital Helena, Mt.

Dear Senator:

As an irrigator who lives at the end of the ditch, I strongly oppose S.B.212 allowing the transfer of existing water rights to in-stream use. As I am sure you are aware, the various users of any particular irrigation system are dependent upon one another to maintain enough volume to carry their individual right. My 350 inch water right has absolutely no chance of flowing the 8 miles from the point of diversion to my ranch by itself. Only through the cooperative joining of other farmer's water rights are we all able to deliver our water to its point of use.

If this bill is passed, this taking of property rights, the fact that the sale or lease of the water right is authorized seems to be an acknowledgement that current holders do in fact have a real and valid ownership of their water.

Sincerely Graf Eugene II

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. \$77DATE 2-15-91DATE 5B 2/2

David J. Maclay 828 Ronald Avenue Missoula, MT 59801

February 15, 1991

Senate Natural Resources Committee Montana Senate State Capitol Helena, MT 59620

RE: Senate Bill 212 - Hearing

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am a rancher operating in the Bitter Root near Lolo. We use water from Mormon Creek and Lolo Creek along with three adjoining ranches.

I oppose the present attempt by Bill Number 212 to change the method by which water is appropriated and used in the State.

As a biologist employed at one time by the U.S. Forest Service and the State of Montana at various times, I have become wellacquainted with the sources of most streams within the State and their uses and I believe that most appropriators use their water carefully having in mind the effects of their uses so as to not damage the fish or wildlife dependent on them. Most farmers or ranchers are also conservationists and keep in mind the other resources dependent on them. My observation over these many years is that the dependent wildlife on the streams and lakes does very well as the present rules operate.

As a word to the conservationists and also the farmers, they might well turn their efforts toward the higher reaches of the streams and build more dams and by other means retain the runoff waters for uses during dry season needs. My training and experience as a fisheries biologist tells me that retention of water in the hills of Montana benefits the fishery resource. They are above the needs of farmers and provide sources of natural runoff all the way down. The proponents of instream increases could by that process arrive without controversy in the long run.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this matter.

Sincerely,

David J. Maclay

END J. LOT

Senator Larry Stimatz Senate Resource Committee Helena, Montana

February 9, 1991 SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO.

Dear Sir,

S B 212, the Instream Flo Act of 1991, is a vicious bill which I hope you will do all in your power to defeat.

To take the needed water from those in Agriculture who have had rights decreeded to them is a dreadful crime, but the crime against the land is more horrendous. It surpasses the release of oil into the Gulf by Saddam Hussein. The water table will no longer be high enough to nourish the soil to produce green grass, trees, either in the forest or in the valley, wells will dry up, including city wells. In short, people will suffer and our valley will no longer be lush and green. A geologist will confirm this.

The further tragedy is that more populous states will watch and covet our water and eventually take it, just as this bill plans to deny water to those who have century old rights to it. Government is "for the people" not against them! Please do not allow this vicious bill to pass.

Sincerely. Ann Craft

501 N. 4th Street Hamilton, Montana

59840

CROSS H RANCH CO. Dan Hurwitz White Sulphur Springs, Montana 59645 547-352Q SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO 89 DATE 2-10-91 DATE 2-10-91 BUL NO SO 212 15 Jebruaky 1991 In Opposition to SB 212 Dall Hurrisitz Pris, North Jork Dater Users Meagher County) This group is apposed for the following reasons. A Date should never be separated. non the 2 Montana water is not adjudicated yet. 3 The Languages in \$ 73 312 is very ragos. Histod changes in water Laws 5 Ellect on Aq+ Stals Economics G. Bill must be Killed - Much mors study needed.

and the state of the second second

Patterson Land & Livestock Company, Inc.

Commercial Angus Cattle Box 150 Custer, Montana 59024

SENATE NATUR	AL R	ESOUR(ES
EXHIBIT NO.			
DATE 2-1	5-	91	
BALL NO. S.	B	210	ນ
	15	E.C.B	97

Dear Mr. Chairman and members of the Mont. STATE SENATE MY name is John v. Patterson a farmer/rancher from yellowstone co along the Wellowstone river. I appear before you today to oppose Sb 212 for the following reasons

I f this bill is allowed to pass I fear that out vaulble rescource WATER 14 Lifeblood of MT as you abgkand I KNOW IT TODAY. ALLOW ME TO GIVE YOU AN ERAMPLE OF WHAT COULD HAPPEN. AS YOU KNOW THIS BILL WILL SEPERATE WATER FROM THE LAND OR THE WORD IS SEVERED OR DIVORCED FROM THE LAND, I FEAR THAT HAS HAPPENED OUR MINERAL RIGHTS WILL HAPPEN TO OUR WATER AS YOU KNOW THAT MANY OF OUR MT PANCHES AND FARMS NO LONGEER OWN THIER MINERAL RIGHTS, OIL COAL GAS AND WITH THE PASSING OF THIS INCLUSE WATER

> 1 FEAR THAT FORIEGNS OR LARGE GIANT COORPORATIONS WILL OWN THIS VAULABLE RESCOUCRE AND THAT WILL BE DISATOUROUS FOR MT. YOU WILL SEE THE RICH, WEALTHY COME TO MT AND BUY WATER FROM FARMERS WHO WHEN THEY SELL THIER WATER RIGHT IN TOUGH ECONOMIC TIMES IN ORDER TO STAY ON THE LAND FROM THE PRESSURE OF BANKERS TO CAth in and puy the banks off. I have seen this happen in the laxt ten years when farmers were forced to sell of vaulable parcels of land that was adjacen to county rds and give the money to banks so that they could continue to farm the remainder. Thier is nothing in this bill to preclude a large downstream user(EXAMPLE) a nuclear power plant such as 3 mile Island could come in any buyMt farmers right to use water for thier needs. The downstream state hope that Mt will do this so that they can expand thier aconomic base at our expense

Once you sever, seperate or divorce the water from the land as we have seen in the mineral business M0 will be owned by large out of state intrewsts

In closing he who controls the water controls the land for once the water is removed you will see property values change and prime irrigatterd farm last revert to dust bowl conditions and produce morew dryland wht at 2.00 a bu

Achi acon sincerly

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. DATE BALL MO

940 Nature Way Stevensville MT 59870 February 15, 1991

Chairman and Members Senate Natural Resources Committee Montana State Legislature Helena, Montana

Gentlemen:

Following are some of the reasons I oppose Senate Bill No. 212, which is concerned with leasing and selling water:

- 1. Water appropriated for use on a specific piece of land should stay with that piece of land.
- 2. Taking irrigation water from one or more parcels of land within an irrigation project will have an adverse effect on the remaining parcels, the aquifer, and possibly domestic wells in the area.
- 3. S.B. 212 would allow the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation and the Board of Natural Resources and Conservation to make decisions and create rules that rightfully should be made, case by case, by a legislative body, only.

Sincerely,

L. Sershuer

Kenneth L. Kersbner Earl F. Molle 2316 M.E. Hwy Consullin 1

make a vand appropriation for irrigation purposes. Toohey v. Campbell, 24 M 13, 17, 60 P 396; Smith v. Denniff, 24 M 20, 27, 60 P 398; Bailey v. Tintinger, 45 M 154, 175, 122 P 575.

The right to the use of water may be owned without regard to the title to lands on which the water is to be used. Toohey v. Campbell, 24 M 13, 17, 60 P 396.

Easement Holder Right of Landowner to Use Ditch ŝ

subordinate to the easement and does not restrict or limit its exercise. Galahan v. may has an easement for a ditch right of way, Lewia, 105 The owner of land over which another use the ditch so long as such use M 294, 301, 72 P 2d 1018. ă

Unused Excess Not Appropriated

poses in excess of what is required, and The diversion of water for domestic pur-

Nec. C. of Montana . It

Power v.

in the absence of evidence warranting a greater or less award. Tucker v. Missoula Light & Ry. Co., 77 M 91, 101, 250 P 11. standing the adoption of the rule generally in this state to allow an inch to the acre, one of fact and never one of law, notwith-Light & Ry. Co., ter is necessary per acre for irrigation

Tucker v. Jones, 8 M 225, 229, 19 P 571; Quiglev v. McIntosh, 110 M 495, 505, 103 P 2d 1067.

Collateral References

32, 151 Waters and Water Courses 210, 32, 33,

saqueduct, by which the diversion is made, to any place other than where the first use was made, and may use the water for other purposes than that for others are not thereby injured, and may extend the ditch, flume, pipe, or person entitled to the use of water may change the place of diversion, if 89-803. (7095) Point of diversion may be changed-change of use. The

which it was originally appropriated

re-en Sec. 1252, 5th Div. Comp. Stat. 1887; re-en. Sec. 1882, Civ. C. 1895; re-en. Sec. 4842, Rev. C. 1907; re-en. Sec. 7095, B. History: En. Sec. 3, p. 131, L. 1885;

versely affected by such change to allege and prove the facts. Hansen v. Larsen, 44 M 350, 353, 120 P 229. matter of defense, and the burden is upon place of diversion as well as the use, is a the party who claims to have been adan appropriator of water to change the 350, 353, 120 P 229.

Matt, this statule was from U4 1941 Nec. C. of Montana in 1885, and was affirmed by U4 1889 State Constitution.

diversion to allege and prove the facts. Lokowich v. City of Helena, 46 M 575, 577, The burden is on the party claiming to be prejudiced by a change of the point of 129 P 1063.

in his suit to enjoin another having a right on the same stream from changing the place of his diversion on the ground that the change will result in injury to him, 276, 26 P 2d 370. has the burden of proving such. Thrasher v. Mannix & Wilson, 95 An owner of a water right, who alleges M 273,

Where court concluded that the defend-

an appropriation of the excess. Switzer, 21 M 523, 529, 55 P 32.

Water Necessary Per Acre

The question as to what amount e,

References

93 C.J.S. Waters §§ 172, 193. 56 Am. Jur. 753, Waters, § 306 et seq.

ġ Ż 1921. Cal. Civ. C. Sec. 1412.

Burden of Proof of Injury

The restriction placed upon the right of

ant was entitled to use its water rights out

42

the Euritarial Legislature

ч of a certain creek in accordance with a practice which had continued over 50 years, the burden was upon plaintiffs to show injury or prejudice if they sought to of a certain creek in accordance with prevent the practice. Forrester v. Rock Island Oil & Refining Co., 133 M 333, 323 ដ 597, 603.

Change in Place of Diversion and Use

change adds no new burdens to the servi-Min. Co., 60 M 254, 265, 198 P 748. ent estate or causes additional damage thereto. Pioneer Min. Co. v. Bannack Gold through it, may be changed, provided the as well as the use of the water flowing flume maintained over the land of another, Under this section, the location of

which is not affected by a change in the point of diversion or place of use. Wheat v. Cameron, 64 M 494, 501, 210 P 761. ficial use existing, prospective or in con-templation constitute an appropriation, Actual diversion of water and its bene-

mining to agriculture, or vice versa, af-fects its appropriation: Thomas v. Ball, 66 M 161, 166, 213 P 597. See also Galiger v. McNulty, 80 M 339, 362, 260 P 401; Whiteomb v. Murphy, 94 M 562, 23 P 2d Neither a change in the place of diver-sion of water nor a change in its use from

> priators. Spa. 383 P 2d 812, not injure the rights of subsequent appro-not injure the rights of subsequent, 142 M 231, printnes. Spach v. Emmett, 142 M 231, the place of use thereof if the change use Spaeth v. Emmett, Unit of Time

Change in Place of Diversion and Use-

. 815.

The conclusiveness of a judgment as res judicata in a water right suit between the Brennan v. Jones, 101 M 550, 556, 55 2d 697. Judgment of place of use or point of diversion, in a prior action is not impaired by the same parties or their successors in interest violated the provisions of this section. alleged fact that in authorizing a change

decree, brought about by appellant's change of diversion to new places or areas, decreed rights may use the water decreed to them no matter how much they increase water, he may not contend that owners of increased, additional or different uses plied on lands either in actual or contem-plated irrigation at the time it was de-creed. Quigley v. McIntosh, 110 M 495, 505, 103 P 2d 1067. quent appropriators, as the limitation is per unit of time, to the injury of subseas they do not exceed their decreed quota the use thereof on additional lands so long based on water taken and beneficially ap-Where changes have occurred since the

Change in Place of Diversion and Use-

already acquired, in the use of it for irri-gating purposes. Head v. Hale, 38 M 302, 308, 100 P 222. poses cannot so change its use as to de-prive lower appropriators of their rights, Placer Mining The successors of placer mining pur-The successors of the appropriator of

Change in Place of Diversion and Use-

Bale or Rental

appropriator may change the use, under this section, if subsequent appropriators for the purpose of sale or rental; but Greaves, 106 M 206, 218, 76 P 2d 87. are not An appropriation of water may be made thereby injured.

Clearing Irrigation Ditch

to relief where changes caused by a dozer in clearing irrigation ditch would not be considered substantial changes or material Servient landowners did not have a right

claimed. The water appropriated may be turned into the ch stream, or from a reservoir into a stream and mingled with (7096) Water may be turned into natural c

43

Extent of Use in Terms

plied, or to expand approj detriment of subsequent Quigley v. McIntosh, 110 P 2d 1067. during how many hours or could be taken or defining water which could be use of flow per unit of time " custom of expressing water in water right decrees hav tions were of an absolutel flow, thereby removing taken as an adjudication water actually taken and limitation of the appropr The fact that for many

Dse May Å Clothed

clothed with a public inter a manner to make it a pu makes it public; property to have been devoted to a and affect the community the extent and character Lerest out regard to statutory] lock v. Greaves, 106 M 2 Property (including v

Use of Any of Several

Where an owner of a several ditches for the lands, he had a right to at which he had a head other users were not Tucker v. Missoula Light

91, 99, 250 P 11.

References

City of Helena v. Rog: 68 P 798; Featherman v 310, 316, 115 P 983; M Irr. Dist., 90 M 344, 3 P

Waters and Water Col 93 C.J.S. Waters § 189 56 Am. Jur. 754, Wate **Gollateral References**

Liability, as regards !

raising surface level of 1338.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 94
DATE 2-15-91
BILL NO. SB212

February 15, 1991

Natural Resources Committee Mr. Chairman, Member**s** of Committee

The Senate Bill 212 as presented is a slap in the face of agriculture by the Montana Wildlife Federation. The Committee should stop this bill as it is anti-agriculture and anti-Montana.

If enacted it would allow anyone to abtain water for instream uses whether in state or out of state industry. Without the water to irrigate, our lands will have diminished value, we would not continue to operate and our small communities will disappear. Not all of Montana is prime recreation, a great many of our communities depend on agriculture for their existence.

If the water is leased or sold to the unknown persons or corporations for instream uses, what happens to the wetlands that the water fowl and other aquatic life forms depend upon for their existence. How will the acquifer be recharged when the water is separated from the land?

The junior water rights will be impacted as well as down stream users.

There is a leasing study which was passed in 1989, why don't we allow enough time for this study to be evaluated and perhaps expanded upon? We should not rewrite 100 years of Montana water law without the documentation on effects to industry, acquifers, economics and future irrigation. Once the water is removed from the land it will be gone forever as I do not see any mechanism which will return it to its original use which is irrigation.

Again I ask you to oppose Senate Bill 212; for the future of agriculture and the future of Montana.

Thank You Welliam he Stende 183 Mill Greek Rd. SherdAn Mont 59749

2-15-91 76 SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 95 DATE 2-15-91 2B 212 BULL NO. To: Erwin avis

from! LEROY LaKE

: Natural Resources.Committee

I am a land owner near Ronan, MT. Operating a diversified irrigated family farm in partnership with my son. This farm is a sole source of income for both families. I am wery concerned about Senade Bill 212, being introduced before the legislature reguarding the leasing of water rights on our streams.

If this should become law it could have a <u>devistating</u> effect on agriculture and industry in our state. Each stream now has water claims that far exceed the amount of water which normally run in the streams. <u>Adjudication</u> should be given a chance to work, before anything of this mature should be considered.

I do not agree with the selling or leasing of water rights. The water right or claim must remain with the area of land and the claimed use. If it is not used, it is available to other water users with water rights, which could be seriously restricted if water rights leasing or purchase were in effect.

If this Bill would be put into law it would in effect rewrite present water law. Senate Bill 212, should be vigorously rejected.

Non Jok Respectfull

1134 Old Hwy. 93 Ronan, MT. 59864

676-2178

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To: Natural Resources.Committee Re: Senate Bill 212

I am a land owner near Ronan, MT. Operating a diversified irrigated family farm in partnership with my son. This farm is a sole source of income for both families. I am wary concerned about Senste Bill 212, being introduced before the legislature reguarding the leasing of water rights on our streams.

CERES RUNAN

If this should become law it could have a <u>devistating</u> effect on agriculture and industry in our state. Each stream now has water claims that far exceed the amount of water which normally run in the streams. <u>Adjudication</u> should be given a chance to work, before anything of this mature should be considered.

I do not agree with the selling or leasing of water rights. The water right or claim must remain with the area of land and the claimed use. If it is not used, it is available to other water users with water rights, which could be seriously restricted if water rights leasing or purchase were in effect.

If this Bill would be put into law it would in effect rewrite present water law. Senate Bill 212, should be vigorously rejected.

Respectfully

1134 Old Hwy. 93 Ronan, MT. 59864

676-2178

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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO DATE 2-15-91 February 15, 1991

To: Senate Natural Resources Committee

RE: Senate Bill 212

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The Pageville Canal Company is an association of 19 irrigators. Each member has individual water rights and use a common diversion from the Big Hole River in Madison County, southwest of Twin Bridges. Our water rights are essential to sustaining our individual ranching or farming operations, as well as maintaining habitat for a variety of wildlife.

We are opposed to Senate Bill 212 for the following reasons:

1. Agriculture is the dominant industry in our Ruby Valley as well as the state of Montana. We believe separating the water rights from the land as proposed in S.B. 212 would ultimately have an adverse impact on Madison County's and Montana's economies. The impact on our economies will result from decreased agricultural production, reduced land values, and reduction in tax bases.

2. We do not believe it is in Montana's best interest to put our water up for sale to the highest bidder. In a willing buyer, willing seller scenario, the money available in Montana to purchase water for Montana's interests will be no match for bidders from outside Montana. Once the water is sold to out of state interests, that water will be gone forever for beneficial uses in Montana.

3. Montana's constitution and historical water law require diversion for beneficial uses to be valid claims of water use. S.B. 212 would change our historic water law without any study being done of what impacts there would be on our local and state economies. In addition, we believe it is premature to be contemplating selling or leasing Montana water rights until the water courts have finished adjudicating water rights on Montana's streams. 4. For any changes to be considered in Montana's historic water law, a study should be completed by a blue ribbon task force. The task force should evaluate:

Impact on downstream users and junior water rights Impact on agriculture Impact on municipalities Impact on all other industries Impact on instream flows Impact to state and local economies

The following members of Pageville Canal Company urge your committee to recommend against passage of Senate Bill 212.

Respectively Submitted by:

Gary Giem President-Pageville Canal Company, on behalf of the members:

> Keith Rash Mitch Boken Laurence Giem Hank Williams, Jr. Jack Stewart Dillet Ranches Lott Brothers Clara Redfield Bud Redfield Gary Giem

Frank Balkovetz Lee Rampy Malcolm & Mitchell Van Davis Bertha Eblen William Kalbas Ed Elford Duke Novich Nick Novich

		SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
	WITNESS STATEMENT	DATE 2-15-91
To be completed by a pe their testimony entered	into the record.	OF 16
Dated this <u>15</u> day of Name: <u>1</u>	12h V.ll	, 1991.
Address: Bulling	mont	
Telephone Number: 24	5-3383	~ 2596241
Representing whom? B, B, W, A		
Appearing on which prop	osal?	
Do you: Support?	Amend?	Oppose?
Comments:		
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	WITNESS STATEMENT	SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 100 DATE 2-15-91 BALL NO. 56 212
To be completed by a per their testimony entered	into the record.	-
Dated this day of	-I cloung	<u>, 1991.</u>
Dated this <u>15</u> day of Name: <u>Nabelm</u>	Taylor - '	SATaylor
Address:	ð	Q
Telephone Number: 38	8-6331	
Representing whom?		
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Appearing on which propo		
Leater 2	12-	
Do you: Support?	Amend?	Oppose?
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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES 10 EXHIBIT NO. DATE WITNESS STATEMENT BULL NO. To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record. Dated this 15 day of , 1991. Name: Address: NT & 2m 9420 Telephone Number: Representing whom? or kinn h PARS alona Appearing on which proposal? Oppose? X Do you: Support? Amend? Comments: am quatter is bill 71 NPRODA Thin irall NO 2014 tomk enara amaril JALLA anda ming Thank eally anna Kum aldrer

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
WITNESS STATEMENT DATE 2-15-91
To be completed by a person testifying or the person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15th day of February, 1991.
Name: Jahn Willund
Address: 3/19 Country Club Cirde
Billigs, MIT 59102
Telephone Number: (406) 259-1966
Representing whom? G.U.J.
Appearing on which proposal? $SBRIZ$
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?_/
Comments: Randy, Tinder grows
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WITNESS STATEMENT DATE 2-15-91	
To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.	~{
Dated this 15 day of <u>Jelernary</u> , 1991.	
Name: <u>Calleen Meyer</u>	
Address: 3652 Meyer Lana	
Stevensor (1, MT 59870	
Telephone Number: <u>777-3926</u>	
Representing whom?	
WIFE, Stockgrowers.	
Appearing on which proposal?	
5B212	
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?X	
Comments:	
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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
DATE 2-15 AT
WITNESS STATEMENT BUL NO SP 212
To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15 day of <u>February</u> , 1991.
Name: Glover de de terres terr
Address: 201 W. Main
Sidney MT 57270
Telephone Number: 432-1708
Representing whom?
Richland County Commissioners
Appearing on which proposal?
5B212
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:
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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
WITNESS STATEMENT DATE 2-15-91
To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 5 day of $\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$
Name: <u>Grange Relace</u> Address: <u>100 S. Kan Joing</u> Rel.
Telephone Number: <u>842-5429</u>
Representing whom? Ruby River Water Users Preser
Appearing on which proposal?
Senute B.11 712
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:

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WITNESS STATEMENT

BILL NO.

p, To be completed by a person testifying or a person who their testimony entered into the record. 31 nts day of p Whorks Dated this , 1991. Name: 7:21 Address: uc 59741 na air Ľ Telephone Number: Representing whom? Assin eres OUT) ontaner Appearing on which proposal? ZR Amend? Oppose? Do you: Support? Comments:

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

CHURCHILL CATTLE



Senutor Larry Stimatz Chaimman, Senate Natural Resources Committee

DALE VENHUIZEN 1862 YADON ROAD MANHATTAN, MONTANA 59741 (406) 284-6421

Senator Stimatz : In regard to SB 212, I think a few tacks are in order concerning how this bill would affect me and my family. We raise Registered Hercford Cattle and Registered seed Potatoes in Gallatin County. We have annual gross sales of approximately \$400,000. We have two full time employees and 3 seasonal employees, we purchase nearly all out supplies from local businessmen. In the past 3 years, I have paid the state of Montana #21,545 in income taxes and have paid another \$9639 in property taxes to the County Treasurer. All of our income and revenue comes from crops and livestack mised on irrigated land. It we do not have water to irrigate when we need it, our operation would not be able to continue and we would go out of business, two tamilies would be without work, and local businesses would be hurt. Also, I think the State would like another # 21,545 over the next 3 years from me it they could . without irrigation water, we absolutely could not ruise potatoes and our grazing rate would be reduced 80%. keep Montana strong and healthy - vote to table SB 212. Thank you,

SENATE NA	TURAL	RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO.	107	1
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WITNESS STATEMENT

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15 day of February, 1991.
Name: David E. Wiss
Address: Joungdeli Colony
Address: Springdele Colory 770 Bortsy Rel White Sul Spage Mt 5 9645
Telephone Number: <u>406 - 547 - 344 9</u>
Representing whom?
Apringdele Colony 100 people
Appearing on which proposal?
Protect var Water Rights
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:
The sets are in drong het area
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the sets are in drong ht area two incept our water to wright area there food on the table for the public
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

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5-12

To the Montana Legislatas

Please table S.B. 212 -In response to S.B. 212 - This Unued reduce the tax base + Regatively impact aux farm busines + make it virutally impassible to king amicultural land that is inighted in the future This mould, if the bill is passed, put us unt of business as we cauldoit even make a living. Half af aus farm is on the game preserve and we do not even have Control of it. Alease, please wite to table this bill. The water rights on this place are at least 100 years ald or mare.

Respectfully Submitted Mereca Ifudion 7210 H Kanch Rd Man Rattan, Mt. 59741

SENATE NATURAL	RESOLACIO
EXHIBIT NO.	0
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Maybe the big picture should be given some consideration. Using the water deployed on the land builds huge underground storage resevoirs called aquifers. With the aquifers full it provides water for trees, brush, and wetlands, which provides habitat for wildlife as well as a living for the irrigator. Also when the aquifers are full the water comes to thesurface as springs or percolates through the ground back to the creeks and rivers. This generally happens in the late summer or early fall keeping springs creeks and rivers flowing through the fall and winter.

If the water were allowed to go on down the stream, there would be no recharge from a depleted aquifer. The creeks and rivers would not be dewatered in the summer, but would be in the fall and winter, so nothing would be gained for fisheries. When you divert water from the stream to the land you don,t lose it, you only slow it up. With Irrigation we hold water in the state longer than if we let it go right on through. It would seem the people of Montana would be better served, as it is now, with fisheries in irrigation storage resevoirs, which have been planted with millions of fish. These resevoirs alone provide bountiful supplies of fish, which is a direct result of irrigation.

Water usage and water laws are complex and to change the system that has worked well for over 100 years has the potential to adversely effect the state of Montana and the people in it.

> Leonard Blixrud Teton River Water Users Assoc. Choteau, Montana

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. DATE BILL NO ...

TESTIMONY ON S.B. 212 BY CHUCK REIN MONTANA STOCKGROWERS ASSOCIATION February 15, 1991

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

MR. CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE COMMITTEE, THANK YOU FOR THE OPPORTUNITY TO TESTIFY TODAY IN OPPOSITION TO SENATE BILL 212. MY NAME IS CHUCK REIN. I AM A RANCHER FROM BIG TIMBER AND A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MONTANA STOCKGROWERS ASSOCIATION. I AM TESTIFYING TODAY ON BEHALF OF MY RANCH, MY WATER RIGHTS, THE MONTANA STOCKGROWERS ASSOCIATION, THE MONTANA WOOL GROWERS ASSOCIATION AND THE MONTANA CATTLEWOMEN.

WE ARE ADAMANTLY OPPOSED TO SENATE BILL 212 AND FEEL THAT SEPARATING WATER FROM THE LAND AND SELLING MONTANA'S WATER RIGHTS FOR INSTREAM FLOW WILL RESULT IN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVASTATION TO THE AGRICULTURE INDUSTRY IN THIS STATE. IN A WILLING BUYER -WILLING SELLER SCENARIO, THE BUYER IS LIKELY TO HAVE OUT-OF-STATE INTERESTS IN MIND. FOR EXAMPLE, A LOWER MISSISSIPPI RIVER INDUSTRY OR THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES WOULD BE INCLINED TO PAY BIG MONEY FOR MONTANA'S WATER. WE CANNOT PREDICT THE SALE PRICE OF A WATER RIGHT. IT COULD BE SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS OR SEVERAL MILLION DOLLARS. THE DOLLAR VALUE OF WATER CANNOT BE DETERMINED UNTIL IT IS SUBJECTED TO A "HIGHEST BIDDER" SCENARIO. THE POSSIBILITY OF THE NEXT GENERATION PURCHASING A WATER RIGHT ONCE IT HAS BEEN SOLD TO AN OUT-OF-STATE INTEREST IS VERY SMALL. SENATE BILL 212 COULD FOREVER FINANCIALLY PROHIBIT USE OF SUCH WATER FOR AGRICULTURE IN MONTANA.

WE DO NOT OPPOSE THIS BILL BECAUSE WE LIKE DRY STREAM BEDS. ON THE CONTRARY, DRY STREAMS LESSEN THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL VALUE OF THE LAND. FURTHER, WE ARE ALL FRUSTRATED BY THE LAST 10 YEARS OF ALMOST CONTINUOUS DROUGHT. DRASTIC, LONG-TERM POLICY SHOULD NOT BE ADOPTED IN REACTION TO A NATURALLY OCCURRING, ECONOMICALLY THREATENING, YET TEMPORARY SITUATION. HOWEVER, WE DO NEED TO ANTICIPATE THESE ADVERSE SITUATIONS AND BE PREPARED TO DEAL WITH THEM THROUGH A RATIONAL, LOGICAL REMEDY. THAT IS WHY THE MONTANA STOCKGROWERS ASSOCIATION SUPPORTS THE CURRENT WATER LEASING STUDY LAW, THE FORMATION OF A DROUGHT ADVISORY COMMITTEE, AND IS SUPPORTING A BILL PENDING IN THIS LEGISLATURE TO EXPAND AND EXTEND THE DATE OF THAT STUDY.

THE PROPONENTS OF THIS BILL ARE GRASPING FOR QUICK-FIX SOLUTIONS TO THE DILEMMA OF DRY STREAMS, AND IN THE PROCESS DISREGARD MORE THAN 100 YEARS OF ACCUMULATED WATER LAWS. IRONICALLY, TYING THE WATER TO THE LAND IS ONE OF THE INTRICACIES THAT IS PART OF THE SOLUTION. BEFORE IRRIGATION, STREAMS THAT WENT DRY IN THE LATE SUMMER, NOW RUN YEAR AROUND. WHY? BECAUSE IRRIGATING CREATES A HUGE UNDERGROUND RESERVOIR, OR AQUIFER, THAT SLOWLY BUT CONTINUOUSLY RECHARGES SPRINGS AND STREAMS. IN A DROUGHT CONDITION, LESS WATER IS AVAILABLE TO SPREAD ON THE LAND, THUS LESS WATER WILL RETURN TO THE STREAM VIA UNDERGROUND CHANNELS. DRY STREAMS ARE CAUSED BY LACK OF WATER, NOT BY IRRIGATION, AND INSTREAM FLOW WON'T MANUFACTURE MORE WATER.

IN ADDITION TO THE NATURAL UNDERGROUND STORAGE WE HAVE ALREADY ESTABLISHED, WE NEED TO BEGIN TO DEVELOP A SYSTEM OF OFF STREAM STORAGE. IN DRAINAGES WHERE DRY STREAM BEDS ARE AN ANNUAL PROBLEM, ONE SOLUTION MAY BE TO DIVERT WATER TO A NON-RIPARIAN AREA, STORE IT DURING THE HIGH SPRING FLOW, AND RELEASE THIS STORED WATER WHEN NEEDED TO MAINTAIN A MINIMUM FLOW OF WATER IN THE STREAM. IF WE DON'T STORE SOME OF OUR MAXIMUM FLOWS TO AUGMENT OUR MINIMUM FLOWS WE MAY FIND THAT DOWNSTREAM INTERESTS HAVE LAID CLAIM TO MONTANA'S MOST VALUABLE RESOURCE...OUR WATER.

THE DESERT LAND ACT OF 1877 FIRST STATED THAT IN THE ARID WEST REGION, THE VALUE IN WATER AND LAND WERE <u>INHERENT</u>. THIS CONCEPT WAS NEVER CONSIDERED IN THE HUMID EAST WHERE RAINFALL AND THUS WATER WERE ABUNDANT. IN OTHER WORDS, IN THE ARID WEST, THE VALUE OF THE LAND WOULD BE DIMINISHED -- IF NOT WORTHLESS --WITHOUT IRRIGATION WATER. SHORTLY AFTER THE DESERT ACT, CAME A "<u>REPORT ON THE LANDS OF THE ARID REGION OF THE UNITED STATES</u>", AUTHORED BY JOHN WESLEY POWELL. PART OF MAJOR POWELL'S REPORT STATED THAT "THE RIGHT TO THE WATER SHALL INHERE IN THE LAND, AND IN CONVEYANCES SHALL PASS WITH THE TITLE OF THE LAND". THIS STATEMENT IS AS TRUE TODAY AS IT WAS THEN AND WE SHOULD <u>NEVER</u> LOSE SIGHT OF IT.

SENATE BILL 212 PROVIDES AN AVENUE BY WHICH WATER MAY BE SEPARATED FROM THE LAND AND, IN EFFECT, CONTROLLED BY THE HIGHEST BIDDER. WHAT WILL THIS STATE DO WHEN WE NO LONGER OWN THE WATER THAT FLOWS WITHIN OUR BORDERS. OUR FOREFATHERS SAW THE DANGER IN THIS AND THE POSSIBLE WATER MONOPOLIES THAT WOULD RESULT, AND I PRESUME THAT THIS BODY ALSO HAS THE WISDOM TO SEE THAT THREAT.

AGAIN, MR. CHAIRMAN, THANK YOU FOR THIS OPPORTUNITY TO TESTIFY TODAY. THE MONTANA STOCKGROWERS RESPECTFULLY URGES THIS COMMITTEE TO CAREFULLY WEIGH THE DEVASTATING NATURE OF THIS LEGISLATION AND VOTE TO KEEP THIS BILL "TABLED" IN COMMITTEE.

DISTRICT JUDGE, RETIRED

E. GARDNER BROWNLEE

FAIRINGS FARM

17474 Highway 93 South • Florence, Montana 59833 (406) 273-0241

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO DATE BILL NO.

SENATE BILL No. 212

Hearing Feb 15, 1991

Name. E. Gardner Brownlee

Experience with water problems.

1940-1959	Attorney and County Attorney dealing with
	all aspects of water rights.
1959-1979	District Judge, Fourth Judicial District
	dealing with same problems.
1979-Date	Retired District Judge called by the
	Supreme Court to handle all matters in
	the 4th Judicial District involving
	decreed water and water commissioners.

Comments on proposed legislation.

I am sure we all agree that there is not one drop of water in the State of Montana during low water periods that is not covered by some water right or appropriation.

Therefore we must examine this Bill with that in mind. If we do that it is clear that the real purpose of this Bill is to provide a means whereby water can easily be taken from the land and as the title says put to instream or other uses. So unless the real purpose is to take away Decreed Rights the Bill is unnecessary.

Why? Because our present law is adequate. My experience with water convinces me of that and during my 30 years on the Bench I have participated in many situations involving "instream" use of water and transportation of water.

Examples:

FISHING: I hear this is one of the main reasons for promoting this Bill. At the present time the Dept. of Fish and Game owns a great quanity of water in Painted Rocks lake for the sole purpose of providing an adequate flow of water in the Bitterroot River. There is no problem whatever keeping and using this water for that purpose. This lease or purchase of water was done only a few years ago. Prior to that my water commissioner on the river and I, during one extremly low water year, worked out a deal with the irrigators and kept an adequate flow of water in the river. No new law is needed for instream use of water. STORAGE LAKES: There are many storage lakes in the State of Montana. We have over a dozen in the Bitterroot Valley. The water in those lakes belongs to somebody and is not part of the Decreed Water in the stream. Montana Law provides that the owners of that water have the right to use the stream (instream use) for the purpose of transporting that water to the place of use.

INSTREAM PONDS: Another instream use of water. Ponds are constructed in or near a stream for various purposes mostly fish or just something nice to look at. Under the present law many are being constructed with permits from the D.N.R.C. The only water used to keep the pond full is Decreed Water that belongs to some other person. It is used to keep the pond full but all of the natural flow in the stream is permitted to go downstream and is not consumed.

HYDROELECTRIC PLANTS: Another instream use of water is the operation of such plants. Again decreed water is used but not consumed. We have one such plant in the Bitterroot.

I am sure other "instream use" of water is being made at the present time. My experience in this regard is not that such use is not permitted as a beneficial use but the problem presented to the Court and the Water Commissioner is how to figure out how it can be done. Transportation of water in a stream bed results in loss of water by seepage and evaporation. Our problem is apportioning the loss between Decreed Water users and Instream Water users. This Bill will not help in any wat to solve that problem.

That leads me to another great objection to this Bill. It can be likened to the opening of Pandora's Box. In the title is says "authorize transfer by sale or lease of existing water rights" then it also says "without injury to other water users". In my opinion, based on experience, that means you can but you can't.

Just the type of language that makes lawyers smile with glee, and causes sleepless nights for any Judge. I have had situations where stopping the flow of even a few inches of water in some irrigation ditch caused many of the wells in the neighborhood to go dry. In fact I have never had a situation where someone did not show some damage from the change of some part of the irrigation system. Often it takes a long period of time to really determine the amount and type of loss. I believe that the words "without injury to other users" in effect makes this Bill meaningless and it should not pass and clutter our books. What I fear most about this Bill is that those who can least afford it will be required to suffer injury without any recourse. For example.

For one thing it will breed lawsuits. It will provide the opportunity for someone with lots of money to hire lawyers and expert witnesses to go after some other person with a Decreed Right. That other person may well find that the financial burden of defending the action so enormous as to give in and allow the big money to win by default.

Another possibility. Some Big Spender will buy land with a good water right and then transfer that water to something he calls "instream use". He can then sell the land, take a big tax loss as well as a credit for a big donation and then pat himself on the back for something he calls "preserving nature".

What about injury to the tax base. Removing valuable land from the tax base of some school district and substituting unirrigated land with little value can be certain injury to that school district.

Finally may I speak as a Judge who must from time to time look to the intent of the legislature when I try to determine the meaning of a statute. Here I see a Bill that constantly says "except for instream use". It might well mean that for that purpose all restrictions are out. I am sure the proponents of the Bill want the right to obtain Decreed Water without any problems and if this Bill passes it might well appear the legislature has the same intent.

I am convinced it is much better to retain the present law. Now a transfer of water can be accomplished for a Beneficial use, even for "instream use" PROVIDING no injury results to other water users. Actually I can't see how this Bill changes that law unless IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO TAKE AWAY DECREED WATER RIGHTS and keep water away from landowners and in the streams.

This Bill should be killed.

BHL NO.

Senate Natural Resources Committee Senetors Ladies and Gentlemen,

I am very strongly opposed to State Senate Bill 212.

This bill would rewrite 100 years of Mentana water law, with no study to determine impact on aquifers, down-stream users, junior water right holders, and the agricultural industry as a whole. The bill also disregards and fails to acknowledge the existence of a water-lease study approved by the 1989 legislature. S.B. 212 rejects any benefit of a study, Before a permanent water leasing or sale program is even considered, the 1989 study must be continued, and possibly modified, to provide more meaningful information.

P. Berg

Donald A. Berg P.O. Box H Martinsdale, Montana 59053 Chairman of Montana Stockgrowers Association Water Committee President of the Upper Musselshell Water Users Association Irrigator of cropland and grazingland.



SENATE NATIONAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO.
DATE 2-15-91
BUM SB212

Association of Conservation Districts 501 North Sanders (406) 443-5711 Helena, MT 59601

Senate Natural Resource Committee

RE: SB212

The Montana Association of Conservation Districts (MACD) opposes the passage of SB212 and asks you to $\frac{kill}{kill}$ this bill.

Tal h

There are two major reasons this bill should be killed! First, the establishment of instream flow legislation based primarily on leasing should await the conclusion of the leasing study undertaken in 1989. There are too many unanswered questions about the impacts of leasing that must be investigated before permanent legislation is adopted.

The Second reason MACD opposes SB212 is that the bill will create chaos in water development issues, if adopted. MACD policy supports the concept of water leasing for instream flow based on certain conditions.

First: the rights of other appropriations are not adversely affected;

Second: the amount of water leased is only that which would have been used by a growing crop;

and finally, that the entity leasing the water will be the Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks.

Instream water rights should primarily be of benefit to the general public, not just one specific interest. It should be government agencies function to obtain instream rights under the existing law and/or further leasing legislation that may eventually be adopted.

To allow individuals *** [have to consider this law is not restricted to individuals, but to anyone who wishes to file for a permit] to hold these type of rights will clutter water right proceedings to the point that any change in use or future developments for existing water right holders will be virtually impossible.

Conservation districts are opposed to SB212 because of the effects it will have on our water reservations and our ability to place the water to use. If there are an infinite number of possible objectors, many who have no economic investment in their right, it will extremely difficult and expensive to develop Conservation Districts reserved water.

We also believe that water storage is the answer to much of the water shortage problems in Montana. By allowing anyone to obtain instream rights, and thus standing in water proceedings, it will be impossible to store water, and to construct needed storage facilities in Montana.

One of the functions of Conservation Districts is to promote wise use of natural resources while maintaining the local economic base. Much of Montana's economy is, and always will be dependent upon agriculture. Agriculture in turn is heavily dependent upon irrigation to maintain is viability. If individuals [*** refer to above] are allowed to purchase or lease water rights and hold the water instream the economic base of many areas will be severely damaged. Again, leasing for instream purposes should be a function of government as it is better able to balance the competing needs of all concerned.

We are also greatly concerned that some of the provisions of SB212 allow instream rights applicants to circumvent permitting procedures other applicants must adhere to. A major concern is the immediate implementation clause in this bill. At the present time, Conservation Districts, as well as other government entities, are involved in the water reservation process on the Clark Fork, Upper Missouri and Lower Missouri. Establishing reservations in these areas has been expensive and time consuming.

Allowing individuals [***] to establish water rights under a more lenient process should not be allowed.

The bill should not exempt instream applicants from the 4000 acre foot and 5cfs caps which require more stringent scrutiny before permits are issued.

The bill also appears to remove the burden of proof from the applicant that his right will not adversely affect prior rights. Any new appropriation must bear the proof that prior uses will not be harmed.

Finally, the bill appears to allow individuals to establish [request?] water rights in irrigation ditches and wetland areas all of which may be private property not owned by the applicant and not open to public use.

Montana Association of Conservation Districts thanks you for the opportunity to address this matter. Again we ask you to vote $\frac{\text{against}}{7}$, SB212.

We believe the negative impacts of the bill far out weigh any possible benefits its adoption might provide.

WITNESS STATEMENT
To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15 day of $\frac{Feb}{1}$, 1991. Name: Robert R Story Jr
Address: RRI Park City MT
59063
Telephone Number: 633-2746
Representing whom? Montana Association of Conservation District
Appearing on which proposal? $\frac{2}{50}$ $\frac{2}{212}$
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:

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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

MATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. DATE BILL NO.

Comments on Senate Bill #212 submitted by Big Hole Ranchers' Association

The concept of transfer of property right --- Water use, by out right sale or lease, in theory, is in step with agriculture's basic belief in the proposition that a person should be able to dispose of his property as he chooses subject to certain limited constraints. Implicit in the privilege of private ownership is the obligation not to use your property to the detriment of other parties. This balancing of this interest is the basis for our system of laws. The lack of balancing of the interest of other water users is the issue that needs to be addressed by the committee and the senate.

The bill as drafted appear to open Pandora's Box. the 1981 Attorney Welfare Act (refiling water rights) would pale by comparison to the potential for litigation contained in this bill. Of concern to the Big Hole Ranchers' Association is the following:

1. How will the sale or lease be monitored in light of other users. For example: If "A" sale 100 miners inch to "B" how far does the 100 inch go downstream? 30 ft, or 3 miles? Will it vary according to time of day; month, year? How should evaporation and ditch loss be accounted for? Who will pay the fees for the person monitoring this process? Because of the complexity involved for monitoring such a system, it may require specialized personnel that would increase the cost to all concerned. Should the party leasing the water or all the water users pay for this increase in cost?

The bill needs to address how the measurement is to be made; by whom, when; what criteria to review and how the costs will be covered.

2. The term "public health" needs to be defined. Along this line of thought, the bill needs to address who or what agency determines "public health" and the elements that the reviewing party must address in making that determination must be spelled out.

3. The bill needs to address the potential problems of acquiring a right for "public health" in light of other common law and statutory law. For example, if water is acquired for "public health" then does this establish a priority over other uses? Can the general public bring an action to abate a "public nuisance". If the "public

health" is in issue could the state condemn water rights for "public health" concerns? Water quality is implicit in the phrase "public health". If water quality is in issue, can this create a "public health" concern sufficient for standing to bring an action to abate the "nuisance"?

4. The bill exempts a party from the criteria imposed upon other users when changing use or point of diversion. (see 85-2-311, M. C. A.) It would seem that the same concerns for any type of change of use or diversion should apply uniformly. The effect on prior appropriator should be addressed. The effect on return flow later in the season should be of concern. To the department in reviewing instream use.

5. Do other users have any liability for a change in water level i. e. a freeze that shortens water supply for a few days? Unless there is a 24 hour a day ditch rider/Hydrologist to monitor the various diversions, this potential exists.

6. What effect does this bill have on existing stream access legislation? Does it broaden the right of the public because they now "own" or "lease" water?

7. How do you transfer water back from "instream" use to agriculture. Can you even return to prior use? If so, do you have to go through the application process for change in place or type of use? What criteria are to be reviewed?

8. There should be a provision for award of attorney's fees and damages incurred by users if "nuisance" suits are filed. Private owners cannot afford to constantly litigate restraining orders or civil suits when the intent of the action is merely to stall for time or harass the individual owner.

9. 85-2-401 M. C. A., -- This amendment for instream use would seem to imply that an instream use with an early priority date could prevent later priority appropriators. In their attempt to obtain water i.e. the instream user could prevent the later appropriator from entering a stream to obtain his right. It appears that the intent of this provision is to restrict later appropriators from using, for example, dams etc. in the application of their right, then and in that event, this amendment should be removed from the bill.

10. 85-2-403, M. C. A. -- The exception contained in this paragraph is confusing. If I lease water for 5 years and then sell the real property --- who owns the right after the 5 year period? Do I still own the right? Does it revert to the

present owner of the real property? If so, can he use it for irrigation? The bill needs to address these issues.

11. When a person sells or leases water for instream use does he sell only the portion actually consumed by him in his present application? This would mean that if I sell a 500 inch right but have historically only consumed 200 inches; the other 300 returning to the stream, later appropriators could use 300 inches and only have to allow 200 inches to go down the stream? If you force later appropriators to allow the full 500 inches to go by then it would seem unfair and actually be expanding the present burden/or use of the water!

12. Can the stated use of instream right be charged without further review. For example: "A" obtains water for instream flow for recreation; could "A" a year from now sell this water right to another that may use the water differently? Could "A" charge people to "float" on his water? Could he sell it to a municipality? What limits are going to be placed on the potential charge of instream use?

In summary, this particular bill should be defeated because it does not address the concerns of all the parties that are or may be affected. It does not balance the needs of all parties nor does it establish any criteria that must be reviewed in the change of use or in determining if "public health" is a concern. In short, this bill will be the greatest moneymaker for lawyers since the 1981 attorney welfare act.

Respectfully submitted,

Calvin J. Erb, Esq. 134 East Reeder Dillon, Montana 59725

J. B. Anderson, Jr., Esq. 112 South Washington Dillon, MT 59725

Attorneys for Big Hole Ranchers' Association

Page 3



The Big Sky Country

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO DATE BILL M

MONTANA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REPRESENTATIVE STEVE BENEDICT

HELENA ADDRESS: CAPITOL STATION HELENA, MONTANA 59620

HOME ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 668 HAMILTON, MONTANA 59840 COMMITTEES: BUSINESS & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION LABOR

SB 212

Testimony of: Representative Steve Benedict House District 64

February 15, 1991

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

For the record, my name is Steve Benedict and I represent House District 64, South of Hamilton.

I appear before you today, to rise in strong opposition to Senate Bill 212. Terms like "in-stream flow", "prior appropriation" and "water sale or leasing" are abstract concepts...they don't bring into clear focus, a mental picture of what this bill does...so let me bring it down to simple terms....IT'S ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN KILLING THE FAMILY FARM OR RANCH IN MONTANA! Don't be misled by the proponents...this bill separates water rights from the land. This is a huge geographical state, and a large part of it is family farms and ranches... they are the stewards of our land. Food doesn't come from grocery stores, it comes from our farms and ranches. The first step in crippling our number one state industry is this bill. Ask yourself this guestion, members of the committee, do

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Mohuse Resources

VISITORS' REGISTER

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Respinces

15-91

	VISITORS' REGISTER		•	
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	
- ames NRad	SAIE.	212		-X
TRon E. Skinner	Spinner Panch	SBAIA		X
Leverly J. Skinner	Skinner Ranch	58212		X
JB. Hendrix	Self	5B212		X
With Roston	Seif	5B213		X
- Dan Rollo	Sel	212	\times	
In A William	Ball	26		X
Jog Gutkoski	Gallatin Wildlife Assoc.	212	X	
Allet Bellins	Bagnerere	212		X
Plant Blankind	Boneman	212		X
James W. McDamand	Medicine River Canoe Clubs	58212	X	
Dianine M. Dermand	self	STO 212	X	
Run & Dalar	SelF al	STESI	Y	
Bill Phils	Victo not fell	712		X
Robert Braken	Stevensvelle	212		X
Manucan C. Ellis	Red Lodge	2/2		X
Detty Bunett	Luther	212		X
Wielard Hahn Sr.	Manhatton	212		\mathbf{X}
Comie L Hoten	Manhettan	J12		<u> </u>
the M Soulance	Whitehall	212	X	
Tat Southance	Whitehall	212	$\boldsymbol{\lambda}$	
-David Maclay	Mila_	212		X
Robert 7. Heiderham	Bozeman	212		Ĺ.
Carol Za Heidechen	Bozenan	212		X
Leorge & Ekc	Hamilton	212		×
Mune Guantane	Framilton	212		t
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COMMITTEE ON____

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NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	
Rose Halmetrone	W. hite Sulpher Spor	SB		V
File J Man Law Welson	ich	212		V
Mancia & Puthio		212		X
Theblie Litterk	self	212		X
Ang pajadichich	Richland Co. Commission	212		X
R. K. Daunden	Willow Creek Rouch	212		X
Rathleen Hadley	Monting Wildlife Federation	212	X	
Kobart Story	Montana Assoc. Cons. Dist	212		X
Dill Perberek	Vigilante & Self			\mathbf{X}
m 1 Latt h	Self	212		X
Ed Lucch	Ruly Rister	212		X
I.L. Saurbur	.,	2/2		Χ
Valens HORTON	Mart	312	4	,
Sherwin Leep	Self	212		Υ
Jul R Johnson	Selfe	212	<i>V</i>	¥
Grand R. Julan	Reby Reise Water USE-S	212		<u> </u>
- tack debutts	85elf	212		X
Joaney Sounders	hycelow creek Park	212		X
But Junion	finin Seed Pototong	212		\mathbf{X}
John / Centruger	3990 Churchall le Marhetta	1 712		<u>X_</u>
Jour Jullie	Thilipstion	212		X
Alm Spige From	Monz F. Bureau	212		<u> </u>
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Drone G. Hhitmer	McConc	212		\times
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NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	One Oppose
Seather J. Quigley)		212		X
Herley A. Juckie	Grassoot, for Multiplus			X
Smill Swanson	Patagonia	SBZIZ	×	
Hen Aparth		SBZIZ		X
Rating Carro		5/32/2		X
Constant heaven		5B212		X
Dana. M-Quean		SB212		X
Bill Murphy	-	SBZIZ		X
Patur Leehnke	Joehnke Sons With Sou	15A212		X
Franklin Grafield	Set	SB212		K
Mary J. Graves		SB212		X
Dyron Dera		SB 2/2		X
Jone Condition	Rauch	2/21		X
TEHR HADERSON - RANKIKO	PARK COUNTY Lec, ASSENC,	5212		X
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NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	
Marthene Bossia	Boggio To-towish plack	212		X
Mary Ellen My puran	Hall, Mt - Water User	2/2	æ.	X
Tom Milowan	Water Than	9/2		Y
-fift topolon,	Self	212		X
Manes & Biggins	Digging Broo Rand	212		X
- Liter	5ml	712		X
- tankel Juli Riconer	Q D Q	917		X
Tami Shight anton	in the second se	212		X
- Cheorge Feel	Trapan luck Rome More	212		X
Monto Glemon M	RCD Big Hole Ranches Twater Besource ASS	212		\propto
· Daver I with	Gallatin Coc	212		X
Wel Rosella	Self-	えん		X
Dan Tuckes	Mm.U.	212		×
John a / tagon	Gmu	212		X
James, Rugel	S. mr	217		X
Porraine Gillies	1500 Route Grute Ro P-hilysshing	212		\mathbf{X}
Janet Ellis	MT Audubon	212	X	
Dan Hauptman	Granite Qu.	212		X
- Junet Houptman	Coppanite OB-RanchER	212		1
Ham V Dawn	Hellowdang . Randa			X
M. Costler	SE/S-Ganch	212		X
- Kabert Dimpson	\circ	ZIZ		X
ady L' Sandru	Self- Pauck	2/2		\underline{X}
- M. Billouist V	nontana State Seance			X
Joh up avers		212		V
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in an				

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NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Support	Oppose
William & Stend	Runcher Co-Alition	212		1
GISSEL Schulz	Romening	SIZ		v
Say Bomosky	Ruly Ring Water V see	212		1
Mit Rolahl	Ranching	212		
John Medonali	Jancher	712		
John Inunlay	Remetry	212		~
Rich Day	Self	2,2		
Duran Hall	B.B.W.A.	212		V
Ja Lecho	Ramha	2/2		4
Lodich & Mught	Belgrude.	212		1
Bullbught	Belgrade	212		
and handreder	Handton	212		<u> </u>
Nonald Erlone	Belgrade	212		V
- Charlille R Ances	(1	212		2
Lin C. Quisley	Sunset Panch - Quon	212		V
Thon Arthum	Rancher - Wilsell	212		CI
- Kung J Gather	Ranke Wilsall	212		\checkmark
Aurie Diggins	Aerri Hagins	212		k
Jule Barber	Kilen Barber	212		L
Taylor Snown	Northen Org Network	212		\checkmark
Joel Bandt	Rancher	212		ν
- John F. Brunn	pr r	212		2
Pelbert & Cartes	Rancher	212		<u> </u>
- Clff Con	Romeken BCFB	212		\checkmark
Luil Kuntz	Remeter	212		L
Beneé Shaffrer	Rancher	212		<u></u>
(Please leave prepared statement with Secretary)				

VISITORS' REGISTER

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Reporter

	VISITORS' REGISTER				
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support		
Milly + Bill Hodge - Con	allis Grange 18-120	212		V	
Gillian Rennaker	2022 O.D. R Lametor	212			
Dean Dubais	6 C Cattle . Co	212		\sim	
Hanny Granader	6C. Cattle G.	2,2		~	
Forton L. Cooper	Self.	212.		\checkmark	
David Moss	Beaverhead Caunty	212		V	
IED BECK	Race Track Creek	212		<u> </u>	
Rick Harsgh	Race track Creek	212		<u> </u>	
All Salta	formation a	212		K	
Ellyn Olan	Barta Brancomes	212			
Jony D'Han	O'Dair Ranch lo	212			
Kon Osthing	Farm + Reuch	212		<u> </u>	
ROBERT MANOR	FARM + RANCH	212		<u> </u>	
- JERRY NYPEN	GREENFIELDS REIGATION DIST	212			
Niek Koner	Creefiel Ingatin Dist	212		\swarrow	
Alon Junhinis	Solder Suchight Mon	212		<u> </u>	
- Howard Prince	Minpor	3/2		r	
CHRIS HURWITZ - WSS	PANCEL- SECF	212.		$\underline{\checkmark}$	
"Marilynn strost	Corricles,	212			
t Tisao	ly en table karge			/	
Name S. Jangeman	Frank Co	·		<u>~</u>	
Mary Denne	Kancher, Hall	212			
Earrie Verlance	hummark .	x12 7.5			
ATTUERD RUCH	BRUKMOND	212			
6 to Anielle June MB	men = =	212		$\frac{\mathcal{V}}{\mathcal{V}}$	
- Jusel Dergen !!	Nurky	2,2			
(Please leave prepared statement with Secretary)					

	DATE 2-	15-91			
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VISITORS' REGISTER					
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check One Support Oppose		
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Natural Resources

VISITORS' REGISTER

VISITORS' REGISTER				
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	One Oppose
Dele Carpenter	Sul	212		~
Same Mr. Chance	Mout Farm Bureau			2
Bert Suthice	Self-	212		L
- andy Kleinsasser	Miller Calony	212		
and Endecott	Gaggins Derefords	212		\checkmark
Bonnie Tolton -	teople of the West	212		1
Jim Patti Lansa	Dula			<u> </u>
Fennis Palmer	D may	212		\mathcal{V}
" Charlalle dwards	Sorder Time Manch	312		1
Jim O'Crowley	Self	212		L
- Howe Beek	Self	212		\mathcal{U}
- Bernie Aprille	Gunte Dist 32	212	-	
Francis Feline	Sen Dist 16	212		~
maid C. 1/11	West Side Detal la Deer Lala	212		L
BOB BUGNI	PRICKLY PEAN GRONSTMEN	212	\times	
- Julah	Nelem	312	X	
- There M. Cuderson	Chorteau	212		<u> </u>
- Angest M. Juthic	Chateau	212		<u> </u>
- Zee Vryper	Gallatin	212		
- Lotto Rinon	Galhattin	212		
John Downo	Gallain	212		1
Henry Oatle	Byrum	212		L
V	•			

** 	Nature Reson	-15-91		
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	VISITORS' REGISTER	BILL #	Check One	
NAME	REPRESENTING		Support Oppose	
Lying Owens	Self	2/2		
Nobert Sermann		212		
Patty McDonwid John WMCDonald	SEIF	312		
Nohn WMcDonald	SELF	212		
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VISITORS' REGISTER

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	VISITORS' REGISTER		•	
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	
Don Burnham	Fuility Rear Seramental Reach	212		X
Pip Hilleur Amire	Delorade			X
Ric Blown	RAVALLI County Electric			X
Andy Rleinspesses	miller Colom.			V
6 rolon Ma Om fill	Auslield			V
Terry Atelinon.	Chilipplan MT			2
About Willems	Harlow Im ult			V
Phyllis Willeans	· · · · · ·			
- Wade Fredenberg	Bozeman MT		\times	
George wow	Sheridan MT			\mathbf{X}
Donald R. Beck	Darrison, Mo	aiz		X
Ston Brackhow	Arte			
Tors Schonen	Myseld - SKyline	CB 2/2		
- Franci Taylor Smith	Lewis & Clark	212		X
ASTRY Thomas	HNACING SPORTSMER		K	
Bill Holdon	Butt Skyling Sports	212	V	
- Xouldu Back	Verkinge.			V
John C Anderson	MI Ass Cars Dist	212		~
Cimille J. Lammers	Shan Mr. SelF	212		<u> </u>
Phil South	Mohose	212	c	
TACK VAN CLEVE	Dude Rauchers ASSN	212	U	<u> X </u>
Bill Endy	Spyline Sportion			
- E & Mortensen	Heleva, nr. seff	212		<u> </u>
Guen Veetkamp	Lee Vilitamp form	212		Ă.
				/
		·		

TO: CHAIRMAN, NATURAL RESOURCES		SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
		DATE 2-15-9
PETITION AGAINST SB 212 INSTREAM	FLOW ACT OF 1991	BILL NO. 58212

WHEREAS, Senate Bill 212 proposed by The Montana Wildlife Federation and introduced by Senator Bianchi from Bozeman would authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person, and

The bill also authorizes sale or lease of instream WHEREAS, water rights to other uses and integrates instream use rights to Montana's prior appropriation system essentially destroying the historical bond between water and the land,

WE THE UNDERSIGNED ARE UNCOMPROMISINGLY OPPOSED TO SENATE BILL 212 AND ITS INTENT.

Name

Address

aun 71470

Box 83 U <u>r Dwell</u> 223 RANIC whitehall 307 Conte 10: WhiteMI Mort Houstone Ehall MT 4) licest by

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PETITION AGAINST SB 212 INSTREAM FLOW ACT OF 1991

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Name

Address かたいらりアン CARDINEI MT 9721 203 Con 141 12 59121 359 Cardwell

The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

Dear Senator Stimatz,

The below listed property owners of Hamilton, Montana strongly oppose Senate Bill 212. Irrigation is essential to agriculture use in the Bitterroot Valley Area because the normal annual rainfall does not provide sufficient water for cultivated crops and pasture lands. No individual owns water, all the individual owns is the right to use the water and the right to have water in his or her possession. Thus, Senate Bill 212 would deny the citizens of this State sufficient water for agriculture use and adequate water to recharge the aquifer. Further, the passage of this Bill would greatly reduce the value of property and devalue the tax base in the State. The adjudicated water shall remain with the land and shall not be sold or leased.

(Name)	(Address)	TRRigAtion Dist
1. Rand Clembert	248 Richerts Id A Anniharn	TREGATION Dist CANYON CR.
2. Batty R Cluban Q	aux Pinton	Canyon creek
3. Dobert Wilden 4. Donald T. Blueged	231 RICKETTS	CANYON (REEK
4. Vences T. Bladged	196 Rickarts	Canyon Creek. Mangon Creek.
5. Usinghed W. Blodget	+ 196 Rickatle	Cangor Creek-
L'in Muna	275 derei	BlodgettCanyon
7. A atherene Marcago	215 Rickett S.R.D.	Congon Creek CAN you Creek
8. Duna Som	215 Ricketts Rd	Canyon Creak
9. Care Wheeler	3E977 Shoshope	· Daly Ditch Pirstet
10. Kilon Fareshe		
n Mill. MMuthe	145 Ricketts Re	HAM. Chagon Carek
12. Rita & neustron	145 Ricketts Ad	Hamilton Conyon
13 Cessie Faye McEntine	401 N 10 apt 315 ,	Hamilton Mt 59840
14. Act Sig Wille. 15.	2 1 Rickett	Canjon Creek
15. U		. V
16.		

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The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

Dear Senator Stimatz,

(Name)

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Chauncey Bass

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Michael J. Chambers 553 Wajarti Zoops Hamilton Kerald D. William 188 Bowman Pd Hamilton

497 Bournan Rol

524 WAPITI LOOP HAMilton

11 February 1991

The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

Dear Senator Stimatz,

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(Name)

(Address) 10 Carlier Xanco MT 59840 Box H, HAMILTON MT 59840 1. A Randseph Alfred Hamilton M. 59840 2. 3. Orlan J. Sabo 598.40 80 Milia Lana 4. Paryment & and 5. Jos mar Die Cornete Se leener thener 57540 6. Kathleen S. Wood 2200 Eastride Hury Corvallity 598-28 7. Beth Holmes 438 Horisun La Hamilton 59840 8. Jon Inefler 9. Mer Soat 1930 Mt Visco Ovchard R. 5-9870 110 RICKETTS RD. HAMILION 59840 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.

The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

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(Name) 1. Elsie Hack) die 2. and Unglit 3. 4. M Lowe 11 thins 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. Lerver D B 12. Cirta 13. Billiellm eldus 14. 15. 16. 17.

(Address) 278 Ricketts & Hame 207 Sickett Al, Almulton, 260 W. River Rd. Humilton, Mt. 59842 270 W River Rd Hamilton West River Rd. Hamilton mit 317 River Rd Hamilton M.T 322 360 Rup- Rd Hanilton MT 366 W. River Rd Hamilton M-Rom Koly Agmilton M W. 296 U. Keiner Rot 269 Ricketts Road Hamilton, M 295 Bladget V. N. P.D. Box 1039 Hamlton, Mont 1001 Do Ond

The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

Dear Senator Stimatz,

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(Address) 335 Blodgett Campril, (Name) Hamilton, Ino 338 Conyon Creek 3734020 anieto Th 4. 1 362 Campon ele 12 Hamilton MUT 54840 251 Canyon Cr. Rd Hemilton _ 322 Wy 242t Lane, Hamalton, MT 5x840 296 can you cr. Rd Home Canyon GRD thank for 10 Koul 8. 391 Blodgett CampKd-Heavilton 1 Mrs Kon Elle 134 Hauthorne - Hamilton 10. Pen Enelow 238 Canyon Geek Rd Hamily Legene Schmitt 11. 12. 13.

11 February 1991

The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

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(Name) (Address) Big 458 Haug 93 N Hawlen 385 Rickets R. Hamilton Md. 1. Marin Tolman 2. (Drad Kall NW 225 Bowman Rd. Hamilton MT 59840 3. Pail L. Curent 219 Chaels Road Hem, Iton MAT 59840 Out Matural 491 N.W.Ricketts HAMILTON MA 598 5. Lee m. Rall 451 Kickette Hamte, 114 595 6. Jary Kern 7. Juana Muri Humildon, Met. -259 Richetts 8. _ any Rogen 9. Wanthrop D. Bleechen West Fork Dankymts 237 Bladgett Hamilton NW 250 Blodgett 260 Blodgett NW 10. Robert F Monis Ham there 11. Hlendu MCOmber 257 Blodgett. Manuelto 12. April Badger 13. Navid Evano 286 Blodgett Ham 286 Blodgett Users DR. Hor 14. Jinda Evors 15. Francis menager 550 meragy BR. 7 16. Jaquie MI. Parker 426 Recketts, Rol Koncy CRalls & 417 Rockalls Rof

The Honorable Senator Larry Stimatz Montana State Capitol Building Helena, Montana

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(Address) 545 Bowman Bel, Hamilton, MT Persson 545 Rauman Rd, Hamilton, MT (Name) Joyce M. & 601 Borman Rol, Hamilton, MT 2. 656 Bowman Rd, Hamilton mt. 3. Bany Person 656 Bowman Rd. Hamitton, ult. 4. Laurel M blumbar 128 Dutch Hice Rook Hamilton Du 6. Low L Num 201 RickeTTSRI MAMilTON 7. Randy 870 twin View Rd - Hamilton 8. 6 m Nand Cowallis Mt. 1032 Water St. 9. Homen & Fiturion 133 Rlutch Hill tel 135 Mitch Hill Fes 11. Jom H. Klunbar P.O. Box 612 Penindah 31.4. 12. Joen lea P.O. Lox 692 Perunder 11/7 13,200 #23. COOPER HOMILTON 14 T PO BOX 548 CORVALLIS, MT 14. 720 15. 16.

17.

February 9, 1991

Senator Larry Stimatz Chairman, Senate Reserve Committee Capital Building Helena, MT 59620

Dear Senator Stimatz:

As water commissioners of the Ward Irrigation District this letter is to advise you that we are opposed to Senate Bill #212.

Sincerely,

Bill Springer, Water Commissioner

Scott Lindquist, Water Commissioner

Else, Water Commissioner . Frost

Betty Flost, Secretary/Treasurer

February 12, 1991

Senator Larry Stimatz Chairman - Senate Resource Committee Capital Building Helena, MT 59620

Dear Senator Stimatz:

My name is Bob Wetzsteon. I live in the Bitterroot Valley of Western Montana. Along with the folks co-signing this letter, I am opposed to the passage of Senate Bill 212, the water appropriations bill. SB 212 is a bad piece of legislation for Montana agriculture. Please do not pass this Bill into law. Let us keep intact the water appropriation system now in place.

Thank you for hearing our concerns.

Sincerely 1696 EAST FORK ROFID SOLA MT 59871 Box 34 Sula, Sont 59871 Sula, mt 59871 BOX 5 Bula, 59871 Box4 Sula MT 5987/ monWard Boylet 339 Edwards Rd. Sula Mi. 9871 CONNER MT ST827 Star Rt. Lulo mit 59871 ula, 7nT 59871 Bay 5

PETITION AGAINST SB 212 INSTREAM FLOW ACT OF 1991

WHEREAS, Senate Bill 212 proposed by The Montana Wildlife Federation and introduced by Senator Bianchi from Bozeman would authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person, and

WHEREAS, The bill also authorizes sale or lease of instream water rights to other uses and integrates instream use rights to Montana's prior appropriation system essentially destroying the historical bond between water and the land,

WE THE UNDERSIGNED ARE UNCOMPROMISINGLY OPPOSED TO SENATE BILL 212 AND ITS INTENT.

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Address 975 100 mT 39725 4225 ANDERSON LANE DILLON MISG725 Dillon 9725 Mi

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Name 0 Brach us Hlu

Address 2205 South Rod Rock Dillow DRAIMO AL la 1330 Fox Farm Koal 11 Cloudsolt 1)11 illon Ln. verhead Rillen Mini Threen entel Jone Twin Brid ennington Commissioner Dellon 14t Burnert 12 mcc and Wer

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Name J. Esnichsen da Willah lon

Address 223 out Stanp R. Dellon Mt. tidement. Ave. Box? 710 BL. Kenti Rd. Sheridan, Mt. 41 Dune. dod (ant D' 17600 HWY 324 Dillow, MT ridge Hisy 91 N Dillon Mt. 1725 6725 Heure 278 DILLOW MT. 502 3 610~ MT 59732 Bout m Mt 58725 8125 Huy 91 N Dilla Box 204 LTIMB 111. Ber 67 Mebrore Mart 59743 Windom

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Name

Address Srx2611 Anna Akomeker Inneberri Rd Dillan

PETITION AGAINST SB 212 INSTREAM FLOW ACT OF 1991

WHEREAS, Senate Bill 212 proposed by The Montana Wildlife Federation and introduced by Senator Bianchi from Bozeman would authorize any person to appropriate water for instream use by sale or lease of existing water rights to any person, and

WHEREAS, The bill also authorizes sale or lease of instream water rights to other uses and integrates instream use rights to Montana's prior appropriation system essentially destroying the historical bond between water and the land,

WE THE UNDERSIGNED ARE UNCOMPROMISINGLY OPPOSED TO SENATE BILL 212 AND ITS INTENT.

Name 6. 11

Address n nac lodge Mit. 1-1/00 9500 B 1405 ten mili mt 732 7300 1+in 41 Dillon W 2675 Webster 600 24 1114 Della Mr. 51705

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Name Umpr

Address ~ mon Hwy 91 2 28. 925 11m # 18 Dillon, Mt. STIS 59725 WIT he 1 Thomse BACHETT DILLON CHAP MAN, 213 1.35 Dellon Mt. 11 11 10 11 11

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Name len

Address Webster Ln. 408 illon, Mt 50.11 12-SIN

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Name 2/200

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Address

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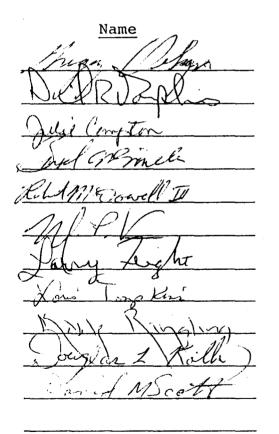
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Address

Box 578 Witchall, MT Box 646 WHITEHALL MT 147 Journe Veller, Rd. Boulder mf. 59632 55 4thitehallut. Box 366 Hung Pox 3 Candwell MT FOUNT RO CAPONELL MT. 556 Box 646 White Dell Mt. FILLIN. 680 HWY 55 WITITEIALL.

senate natural resources exhibit no_2 date__2-15-91

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA MUISH TO GO ON Server RECORD AS BEING IN OPPOSITION TO SENATE BILL 212.

IN ORDER FOR OUR CONSTITUENTS TO HAVE TIME TO VOICE THEIR CONCERNS ON SB212, WE ARE WILLING TO RELINQUISH ANY TIME WE WOULD HAVE TAKEN TO THEM.

SIGNED: DISTRICT \mathcal{H} uc. 73 D OC 62 $f(\lambda)$ 1W V0_ 87 < 北 ১ 10 29 5 CON/ Hanson Marian Ir. 100

PETITION AGAINST SENATE BILL 212 SPONSORED BY DON BIANCHI

We the undersigned are against S. 212 sponsored by Don Bianchi of Belgrade. This bill threatens our very existence in agriculture.

21. NAME Pale Strattman Gackien net 24736 ADRESS Copia) (elson 22. 1 Cladore 23. Chip Camp Diller 24. Richard N. Fawson le is Dom 25. Stranow 711 turner Jackson 26. Ways J. Den Jacks 27. Alfred Clasen Wasden 28. Tura Elavir Windon 29. Bob Hole Wisdom int . 30. Berl Bacon Wire River Milon. 31. Milli Conton Leller englister 32. Colleen 11. Pacon Wise River, 1164, 33. Ement & Becon Where Sinon MY 34. Dan turper Del isa on Mt 35. a.q. A. Wisdam MT. 36. Thather J. Rugley avon, mit 37 Leak R. Lucher Diffon, M17

PETITION AGAINST SENATE BILL 212 SPONSORED BY DON BIANCH1

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NAME ADRESS 38. Henre Hersely Della pl 34. Looigpo) 1 (Comour green (sugar 3x) I 40, A spase à Clourer Failer in 41. Hon & Sraune Garderon Mar 42. Kobal D Vetuson Wisdom MU 42 Vale Rett Window int 44 Clayton F. Sunchul Wisdom, mout 45 Barbara Huntley Windon nt. 46 Come Portas ilesdom With 47 Janen H. Potter 48 Shuk Rhulpalmet 1 Jusdon, mT Wisdom 49 B w3 Ketpatrick ausdow, mt. packner Mrr 50 Trances Strod Iman

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ADRESS NAME 51 Monne M Chron ROI828 CACKEDN Phil 52 Nan F. Com Boy 18/ Wiedow Mil, 53 ay lon Vac Beon Hout Wex Sorry M. 55 W. B. Thested man and mx 56 Kohn I Justeg 57 Walores Tusted 581 ours MIC Work alon m rdi Kienky Wiston mu 60 (11) 200 > 25+ usch 61 Xal h song Wi 62 Mal 0/ ance 17 63 Unn Russchy Jackson MM 6+ Manue Wirdom Dil 65 Ster Directy Grant Vombany

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lichard R. likaver Boy 833 ADRESS Deep voice, At _____ 30-1/12 WADNON M of Bas with -C761 18 Zronen & Schridle Box 792 Jackson "Diane Schindler, Box 792 Oackim R.R. Wixe Civer Mit. no Oolun W. Reinhord V Chican pressint 11 Youldan enzen 12/200 Pulledie Windom 13 Tom Sozelinio Wisdom 74 Michel a. Melengi 75 John F. Weld W. Solam hriadom # Astin 1 m Wilke U isolom 76 Bonlava With low Mit Jackson Mit alielon, Mr. 27 Tour Minut 787/max Alcusted 19 Miles Paddal 80 Yonn taddeck

OPPOSITION TO SB212 Help save Montana Water

Join with W.I.F.E. (Women Involved In Farm Economics) in OPPOSING SB 212. As a State and Montana Agriculture, we NEED to protect Montana Water Laws and our water rights. This sheet will accompany the delegation to Helena to testify against SB 212 on February 15 1991.

NAME	
NAME	ADDRESS
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6. Jack H. Sface 7. Inde Hyarman	2685 Gentrede Herry Stevensuit
8. Eldon Rauffman	2683 Eastaide Heaven I Car mille Mit
9. Williamly Walace	BOX 97 Nall Wets 7837
10. Li File) the som	324 Grantsdale Rel Hamilten MIT Bay 162 alee not 59821 59540
11. Patrick F Hartless	Bay 162 alee not 59821 59840
12. Barbara Sabo	566 Stroke Sen Meni (11)
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KEEP MONTANA WATER IN MONTANA

We the undersigned, landowners, water users, & stockgrowers of Western Montana strongly oppose Senate Bill # 212.

NAME: ADDRESS à Nuson 027 Nei . 07 11 Len Ĝ M ti k oun 2. M ſ DUAN 0 mac R(+. i W MAAN VMA N 14 <u>.....</u>) Idatte G. 222 an nt. - N oor rolaun COL ma 0 1 mall 717 Mal /N 1ALOH an Cira ser U . Hison 11 men

PETITION AGAINST SENATE BILL 212 SPONSORED BY DON BIANCHI

We the undersigned are against S. 212 sponsored by **D**on Bianchi of Belgrade. This bill threatens our very existence in agriculture.

ADDRESS NAME Box 22 , Jackven,) Handana) 1. Walter N. Zohell Fi. everly zobell Box 22 Jackson, MT. 59736 Keny B. Sparts Box 846 Jackson 1 597 5. Polot & Helmin BOX 122 Wisdom Mt 59761 6. Michele Helming) Box 122 Audon Mentana 59161 Box 497 fockson montona 59736 John Raymond 2. Sharon Dacon Wisdom 711 59761 Boy162 Wire River, 11/1, 57; 9. Vath Bacon RRI Wise River Put 59762 RRI 1. El Q. Bacon R.R.I Wave Rever Mit 59762 1. Tathryn MBacon 12. Lino Bacon Wise River, Mr. 59762 B. Radyh biliots Wise Reca 117 59765-11. Gougle a. Auchols Wiss Auro, MT 59762 13. Chad y Hollow 20875 Huy 278 Dillon, mit. 59725 20875 Huy 278 Dillon Mt 59725 1. Verna MHollond 1? Clay A. Velesson Windom MAT 59761 Ken VHollano

PLEASE PRINT PLEASE PRINT PLEASE PRIN			
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPP
Charles Cratte	Teton Coop Canal Toton River waterusers Hyplite Creek		X
John N. Box	10250 Colon Work Bosen	er	
Martin N. Kimin	Kimm Brothers Farking Manhatton, MT		X
C. Spaner Smith	Nancher Former Bolgrade, mp		LX
Fren Deussmere	Dinsmore Ranch		λ
John Prinkki	Carbon County	¢	$\left \right>$
Rue Acarcheit	Contres Chanterne		
Russella noradoru			>
11/ey Buy	RUFF GARGRAN MI RUTT Stearmartle		X
Allen meyer	WIFE, SRMM. Stockground		\geq
Robert Chamber Com	Lill.		
Dan Muia	4M1 Angus Convallin, MIT.		X
four than	Sheep Creek Laks took		X
V Dave Moss	Beane hood Co		2
	NY WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS ST. SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.	TEMENT I	FC

Senate Natural Resources COMMITTEE BILL NO. SB 212

S	enate	Natural	Resources	COMMITTEE	BILL N	10.	SB	212	
DATE	Feb.	15, 199	1 SPONSOR (S)	Senator Bianchi					

NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSĖ
Alim Show that Wise Priver			X
Juster Standfield Nise Riven			\mathbf{X}
Austrany			λ
Senter Jessel			\mathbf{X}
Paul Ineiting			X
Bot Anlesn	HRC+D Big Come		X
Jordon William	0		X
John Steinscomber	Children Ditch		X
GO Pling WaterCons	resconso		A
Bill Jockson			\times
Elaine K. auestad			$\boldsymbol{\lambda}$
Watter Steingruber			X
Bull Snow			X
Homen Bally			X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT F	TORMS

Senate Natural Resources COMMITTEE BILL NO. SB 212

DATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR(S) Senator Bianchi

NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Susan Brooke	MT STOCK growers MT Wool glowers		
Martic 1200014	MT assoc. Stale grazing		
Kim Enkerud	MT Stockgrowers Digt		L
Jim Peterson	Exec. Vice President MT Stickgrowers		u
Bill Dong Id	Cayuse Livestock Co.		V
Chuck Rein	Rein Anchor Ranch MT Stockgrowers		
WARD JACKSON	JAUTSON RANCH SW. MT. STOCKMENS ASSOC.		V
Vernon Woolsen	Bund Jack + Bitty work		V
Thun alsound	munto Stark 3 com		\checkmark
David Maclay	Self member Fat Burcan	-	Z
Sim Holeum	MT STOLLGROWDES		$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}$
BYRON BAYERS	MADISON COUNTY		L
WIL. HANCOCK	MADISON Co.		~
Darry J Dedong	Dur Lada G.		22-
Tom Chamer (madison		V
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SENATE			RESOU	RC
EXHIBIT	NO.	29		
DATE	2-	-15	-91	
Bill NO.		SP	22	12
BILL		SB	212	

Senate Natural Resources COMMITTEE DATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR(S) Senator Bianchi

1/1

NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Peggy Olson Trenk	WETA		X
Robert J. Chirist 382 BARMIHANO TAMILION	Par le, Pomany Arange.		X
Mild red Hodge	Corvallis Grange		X
P.O. Box B. Dell, MT 59724 Bake W. Hustey 1940 mature way, stevensuille	Aquiculture,		X
Semeth L. Lere uner 59870	agriculture		X
Jung Ehmann MT 59971	Agricul Ture		\times
John W MC Clinitic	/,		\mathbf{X}
Cahie How tchans	<u> </u>		X
Je Surgetto	11		X
The yeste	Bogeman MI	<i>د</i>	×
H.P. GIBSON VICTOR MI 5987			\times
PETER BURGGRAFF WOLF CREEK INT 59648	Agniculture		\times
Evelyn M. Munson	"		\prec
EVAN W. MUNSON	. '(
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Senate Natural Resources	COMMITTEE BILL NO.	<u>SB 212</u>	
DATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR(S)	Senator Bianchi		
PLEASE PRINT P	LEASE PRINT PLE	CASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Bill Lanson Box 136, Alden, Miti	Buckboard GrestRanch		\mathbf{X}
Deaning Styren	Wife, Tela Waln uns		X
Mm Hi Humphy	· /		X
Ray Doig (Wife & Son		X
O. G. Billquit	Montain Stat Grang	e	\times
Paul F Boykan	Boyenan Jut		X
Jonald Getter	Cower Mt.		X
Carol Luck	Alder, M-1		X
Vauline Hacker	alder MIT.		X
P.J. Hacke			\times
Dennis Bacon	Twin Bridges		L_x
7 Jarry Groce	this Bridger		Ϋ́
Cherry L Lux	CORE RANCH ANDUSTA		X
I loud Brokeman	Conner mil		$^{\prime} \times$
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT H	ORMS

2/15/21	COMMITTEE BILL NO.	582	12
DATE $\frac{2/15/91}{15}$ sponsor(s) PLEASE PRINT P		CASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
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Doris Jenkini 59759 2007 Bronke whiteheel	Mining House Unje		C
3186 LOVELN-BOZEMON LOU ANN WESTLAKE	GALLATIN A PA		V
Mike+Esther Conner Box 52, Darby, MT			V
Lais J. HAUptman	CONNER ENT, Ranching GORANITE CATTle Wormen JENSEN RANCH (O		V
Sheila Ventanis	Thanite Gourty Fattleworder		V
Cal Kesterna	Sound I'		<i>L</i> -
Mellin Underdal Si			1
Clara J Underdal			V
Edward J. Pines#	GMU		\checkmark
Donna Schnur	Self/summer irrigator>		
Carolyn Schnut	self		
James Smith	Rocky Mountian Houng		L
PLEASE LARVE PREPARED TESTIMON	Rinkers STA		CORMS

<u>PREASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS STATEMENT FORMS</u> <u>ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.</u>

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NAME AND ADDRESS REPRESENTING Dewey Towich Terry Manager RelGroup Former Represent Olintan Office Bab Stephens M. Insig Manuer Cusin		
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ROBERT BUECHELER HAMILTON		V
Ernest K. Stafford Hamilton		L
BOB Gilbert Helena		1-
Roxa French Self Stevensville		V
James Q. Vaso, Kelly Karch Boren my.		L
David Ewips Springdale Colony		6
Joe & Hopen Springdole Colony U.S.S.		-
PLÉASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY WITH SÉCRETARY. WIVNESS STAT ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.	<u>rement</u> f	TORMS

Senate Natural Resources	COMMITTEE BILL NO	SB 212
DATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR(S)	Senator Bianchi	
PLEASE PRINT P	LEASE PRINT PLE	ASE PRINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT OPPOSE
Marvin Costello	RANCHIS	X
Birs Stignge	man is langer Diten	
in out - court	Daler Diel	X
Cill amining	Frencher	$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{i$
John Joest	Supply Fitchaller	$ \lambda $
She up atterso	Patiens Pant	\searrow
Lidver mell	Raucher	X
Harry J. Peng	Ranchet	
Larry El. Mentes	Bancher	\mathbf{X}
Luc anonne	Bancher	
Polient tavenne	Rancher	
Chilles E. Fellows	Rancher - Juner	
Mike Toster	Rep. House Dist # 32	X
Joh Simertion	golanas Ronche	
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT FORMS

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Senate Natural Resources		. SB 212	
DATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR (S PLEASE PRINT H		EASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Herrine Michury Hackett	- Viete Mt. Ravelle C		X
B.G. Hacket	mit stach begivers		2
Sulencen	Challon		$\left \right\rangle$
Charle Juca	LUCUS Panel Inc ogl		X
Jois 7. M. Hune	Al charge Mangh		X
Monte Clemon	RCD MONT WATER Resource ASE Big Hole RANC	e rs	X
Rick Sugardy	SKYline RANCH W. (SAL) At	1	
Steorge X. Waldner	Jeton Water associals		X
William Or Wish	teton Water Resociation		X
From P. Colo	Tetar Wates association		X
Con la lile	Toton water assor		\mathbf{X}
Colum Winse	Teta Water assication		×
Kaylaher	Colden Valley attlewomen		\mathbf{X}
Bickard Coad	Surry Smith Sanch		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMON ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO S		TEMENT F	ORMS

Se	enate	Natı	ıral	Resources		ITTEE	BILL	NO.	SB	212	
DATE	Feb.	15,	1991	SPONSOR (S)	Senator	Bianchi					

NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Joyce S. BLACKMAN	SteRling Runch Co.		X
Dougher Loet	Staberovers		X
Leve Lauson	Jefferson MAdison Grazing ASSN		X
	WRATER USPESINNIG CO		X
Richard Gosman Ludlow BRUCE Ludlow Tott Marsh	Self		\times
102 Mirsh 102 Mill reek. Rd. Sheridan Mt. Steve Durke	,,0		X
Steve Burke 249 Ruby River Drive			X
charles m armstrong	Self.		X
Drvin Van Haur	Van Haur Ranch		\times
Jerry Van Haur	<u>n</u> n e <u>r</u>		X
Jim Van Hawi	Dog Creek Sheep Ranch		X
Peter G. Rebish	East Bench LVI. Visti		\mathbf{X}
WG(Duke)GilberoTah	15 St Identert Dillon / lit		$ \times$
Doub- SALSBURY TOMA			X
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Senate Natural Resources	COMMITTEE BILL NO	SB 212	
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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Mons Teigen	Teigentudo Lo Co		$\left \right\rangle$
Charles Feddes	Chuck Fedder Ranch Inc		\times
Brian Langton	Big Creek Lakes Assa		\times
Sural M. Smith	Montana hural Mater Sne.		X
(₁	Montana Land & Minural Owne	40	X
<i>L (</i>	Commen Water Warks Classe	~	X
Wilbur Anderson	Vigilante Electric Co-op		X
Many Shard	Grassmoots - Bitterroot		X
Marma Sudlar	472 Willoughby Sterensville		X
Roland Mosker	Moul Stockyrowers		+
allen (Martinill	Waty Crees Ingotion Co. Luma Martana		X
Stace N. Hard	Grassroote for Malluple Use		\succ
Hawcarrederick			X
Posemarce Decernon	Bellesraat Devery	·	ĺΧ
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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Pat Billingeloy JEnnis mayer	Decreed User	1	
Sennis Maser (Gold CREEK MT	6 C CATTLE C	e,	~
CIZAIG BAKER	6C GATILE ()	1-
Sylvia Boyan	OB Ranch		V
Mantin Satt	= Detrad US	547	L
Reith W. Jones	Rancher		1
Herman Jana / a	10 Rancher		4
Maynend mil	1 Montana for	fina	~
Nak Stroctman		6(e	
MERLE D. HLOY			~
Dorothy Buker	Victor Raucher		Ŀ
John Q. Buke	L Preton Alle Pa	ache	V
Aneniel Helle	2 Rancher		L-
Chas. Jemmerman	Kancher		C/
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SEN, NATURAL RESOURE COMMITTEE BILL NO. 22 DATE 2-15-91 SPONSOR(S) SEN, BIANCHI PLEASE PRINT PLEASE PRINT PLEASE PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS REPRESENTING SUPPORT OPPOSE 11a - 57749 Phansers-H. Epie Leurekun, 1/1 may Rincher Harmer optin mison Teton Countil a Mans Hes Imaa Cattle Feeder (ber I (UU.NT 00 (10 milm PREPARED TESTIMONY WITH SECRETARY. LEAVE WITNESS STATEMENT FORMS

ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.

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5 Natural Resources		. <i>SE</i>	212
		EASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Linda Ellisod	Jeif		\mathbf{X}
Lynnette Hintze	Greater Richland Co. Econ Dev. Corp		\mathbf{X}
Riewas Bogg Lo			X
Margue Boggio			X
Jean Delson	Jackson Mont		À
At plan	Jackson Mont		X
MICKY W JACKSON	JACKSON CATTLE CO. JEFFERSON VALLEY CUN. DIST.		X
Generic & alemenauger	ages nicoland, day		\neq
Jack plailer man	Manhatta non t		X
Anis P. Varyles Chater not			£
Mick Skeetty	Menchallan MT		\times
och Bluker Vietor Mont.	Big Creep Lake Reservoir asso		X
lim nightner	LP Ranch INC.		X
Mary Schuler	WIFE		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY	WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS STA	TEMENT F	ORM8

ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.

SEN, NAT'L RESOURCE	COMMITTEE BILL NO	. <u>5,B</u>	212
DATE $2 - 15 - 91$ sponsor (s)	SEN. BIANCHI		
PLEASE PRINT P	LEASE PRINT PLE	EASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Estler J. mc Donald	Rancher		
Lois N. Nelson	Marias River Lend + Levest	ë.	
Marge Lackman	Cattle Forder + Farmer.		L
Juna Kaum	Ranched		\checkmark
Arthy ann Spride	Kancin		V
	Ranchinge & Cattle Women Pres	Elich	
Prangaretha Siewert 204 Hogan - Huntling Mont	Ranch wife - Nontino Cattle		mon
	MT. Furm Bureau		1
Bitty Murphy Circle, Mont	Rancher		\checkmark
Jaka D'a Junto cirel hrond	Montana Woolgsover		
WALT FOBELL	RANCHER		V
James Punkh	Pork Ciect Water Users		
WALTER VAN DEREN	RANCHER		1
Cal Dechier J.	Spar Ditch Co.		L

ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.

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SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE	7.5
EXHIBIT NO. 3	
DA 2-15-91	
BILL NO SB212	
BILL NO. SB 212	

Senate Natural Resources COMMITTEE

DATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR(S) Senator Bianchi

NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Donald H. Jones Mise Ru	is Myself		\times
John D allhanses	Madisón Co		X
Bonita D. Marchesseault	Beaverhead Co, Jarmi Bur	u СI	\times
La Mante Johnen	M. O. G.A.		\mathbf{X}
ilavil Bragin	Mr. O. G.A. weatditt, muself nutre	١	\mathbf{X}
Jon fourlerli	NWER BRID		\times
Murtone Boggio	Bosqio Partner ship Ranch		X
JD Rice	Teton Rivon Water Users		X
Raden Blipul	TETON River WAter Usens		\times
Jurnard Bling	11 " "1 "		$\boldsymbol{\chi}$
Jim Peebles	myself where creek drawing	1	X
Marian Perbler			\varkappa
Otto NBrian	Chalcow reton Wole-Uson		\mathbf{X}
Jough J. Dehves	والمتحدث والمستعد و		\times
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT F	ORMS

<u>SEN, NAT'L RESOURCE</u> COMMITTEE BILL NO.58212 DATE <u>2-15-91</u> SPONSOR(S) <u>SEN BIANCH</u>

PLEASE PRINT PLEASE PRINT PLEASE PRINT

NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Ethel Berg	Rancher		×
P.O. Box H Martinsdale, Mt 59053 Phone (406) 572-3336			
Mininia Jackson Box174 Harrison MT 59735	Rancher		\times
Bennie CRARY Exax 509	RALEMER		X
- CHOTEAUGALT SAUDD Doughs C. CRARY			
BOX 509 CHOTEAU (114.59432	RANCHER		X
(Pricing Aalm			X
A. Box 5- Domay At : 933 Nancy Ross 306 East Story Boyeman Mont	U U		X
Bashaer Kyr Monothchill			X
Statt man Poul	Barche		X
What Bolhis	Barrien		X
WW Williams	Bozeman		X
Peter & Blanksma	Bozeman		X
Fern M. Shlery	Joplen		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY	WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS STA	TEMENT P	ORMS

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Se	enate	Nati	ıral	Resources	COMMITTEE	BILL	NO.	SB	212
DATE	Feb.	15,	1991	SPONSOR (S)	Senator Bianchi				

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
STEVE ALLER:	SGPA	•	\mathbf{X}
Dean Hall	17BWA Pilling		Į X
Windson Wilson	SELY		X
Terry certand	Self		X
John Ulnhur on	Self		X
Dale Thinking Membaltan	Mantano Hereford Asen		Å
Paul Kallan None Big Tind	h		X
Michele Carroine	SGPA		X
Lucille anderson	montana Cattlewomen.		X
Bormit anderson	Moholle, Rancher		£
Hermon h. Westake	APA		X
Jul Saher Melv. 11e	self		X
San Dekent Melvolle	self		X
Samas Ranson, Melville	Sweet Grass Co, Farm Bureau		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT 1	FORMS

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AND BE STOP STATE VISITOR'S REGISTER

Natural Resource COMMITTEE BILL NO. SB2/2 DATE 2.16.15 SPONSOR(S) Bianchi

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
ZALES ECTON	AGRICUL TURAL PRESERVATION ASSO.		X
Mile J. Todd	Acricults unal Preservation Assoc.		\ge
Loren Alberda	Hyline CANAL Co		Δ
George Reich	Reich BRos		\mathbf{X}
SAM HOFMAN	APA-SELF		X
David Hale	APA-SebF		X
FRANK Elliot	AFA-SEK.		\searrow
Steve Morgan	APA-SELF		X
Brian WEIDEMNAAR	WeideNAARANCHES		X
ChEt Sinnema	APA - SelF		X
	APA - Self		×
VERNON WESTLAND	APA - Self APA - SELF		X
	APA - Solf		<u>×</u>
Wall Steingruber Marvin Barbon	HPH - follyest WITH SECRETARY, WITHESS STA		ORMS

ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.

Senate	Natural	Resources	COMMITTEE	BILL NO.	SB 212
DATE Feb.	15, 1991	SPONSOR (S)	Senator Bianchi		

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Verna Lan Sandes	Mancher		\mathcal{X}
Herry Ly Calle	Rancher		L
2 vail Applel	Lancher		Ĺ
Batch Libell	Koncher		L
Joseph P. SKINNER	Rancher/Farmer		1
Tandandera	Kancher		L
Jeff D Younka	Younkin Augustanch		\mathbf{X}
Casto Molekann	Dandrey Belgrade		X
12 Ecton	FARMER MARHAR		X
Robert T. Alley	Former-Victor Mt.		Í 🖒
Wan Alla	Forman Woodsick		et
Nobert Wirth	Manc'ur.		
Vawrence & Shuston	Lairman		X
Ory C. Olsen	Reteredour Ranah		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU	WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS STA	TEMENT P	ORMS

S	enate	Natu	ral	Resources	COMMI	TTEE	BILL	NO.	SB	212	
DATE	Feb.	15,	1991	SPONSOR (S)	Senator	Bianchi					

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Donald Q. Beig	Muskel 21 yre Water 24000		6-
Leida Deringe	myself comegan Hamilt myself Comegan er water myself CA negon er water	א	V
Fred Springer	myself CAneyon crook HAMICTON		V
EL MAlesich	myerif East Bonch erryslein		\checkmark
Dean Bull	Mysertof Bill Citoot		
Horence Hyperts	Bitternet Com Beelen		<u> </u>
Lunda Inter	Solden Vally Convelle	/	V
Anis Sisiii	Golden Villey Co Htracencen		$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$
Siglistan	Veltkamp Ranches Weltkamp Ranches Mary histigh		\sim
Fidney Dykation			\checkmark
Beckerd Marshall	Dalation Bozena Main Bridges. 714 Detan		V
Paymindel Curdusar	Chotean, no 59427		\mathcal{V}
Marman Dukatra			1
Mitchi Bokey	Twin Boudges		4
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT F	ORMS

	COMMITTEE BILL	NO	
DATE SPONSOR (S)			
PLEASE PRINT PL	LEASE PRINT P	PLEASE PR	INT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT (OPPOSE
alun Kahun Maharting	m. Formero		<u> </u>
Dehra 1 Ballyus Markaile	. Farmers		L
Chet sinnem "restand	SelF - APA		
Hay Direnberg	WIFE		\checkmark
Jauel Maly	machford	la	\mathcal{L}
	Mallon Ranhalo		
HARVE J N. HAZKETT	BITTERROTID		$\boldsymbol{\times}$
Many the litt Stevenwalle	Bitteroot 10	/	
Swian Manz	delf		X
Alice Fay	Combellis		X
Veronica & Muller	Cour Bell Bittement		
Caryline-Davis	WIFE		V
Jahn Menager	Former		1
Mik Michael PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY	Cohuiel's /Slash Carle WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS	STATEMENT FO	I RMS

ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.

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<u>SEN, NATLRESOURCE</u> COMMITTEE BILL NO. <u>SB212</u> DATE <u>2-15-91</u> SPONSOR (S) <u>SEN, BIANCH</u>

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Faye M. Olien Fairfuld	Romehen so lif		\times
and sey landeter - Depict			\times
Karen Rice Harrison	Ranchien - delf		\times
Devery a. aller	Relf		χ
Kalu Loss Fairfull	self		
Cathy Cranmore	Biller Port COWBELLES		
Barry Rice	Rancher Self		\sim
KATHY FINDERSON		7)	X
Danillad Sherry Lee	ranch ' selves		X
Sorban pe Winnie Male	Aunch silve		×
Aug Dice			X
James L. Scofield	Self me		X
Das Ausits	Menghor Co N water User		ン
Kould Jackon	Self		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMON ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT F	ORMS

Se	enate	Nat	ural	Resources	COMMITTEE	BILL NO.	SB 212
DATE	Feb.	15,	1991	SPONSOR (S)	Senator Bianchi		·

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Edui K. Jenkins &	Dijen Skande		V
don Bassmore Choteore	Jeloy Crop Camp Co		X
18655 Spurchall De Jal Dacate P. Ok County	Jowlincianal Co		X
Jahe Timm	Bogt French		X
Jake Timm	Stanley Kimm L Sons Leit		X
Roger Wad	Worker Use		×
Kyh Brinkerhoss	Brinderhoft inc	:	X
JUNE ARMSTRONG	Anmstrong Ranch and well M	Γ	S.
GEORGEELTIMSON	Anmstrong Ranch (ardwell M A NACONDA		\times
MARJORIE TIMSON	AAACONDA		X
Joyce Bullact	HAMIL HON		X
NINA PORTIS	TTADILITER)		$\mathbf{\mathbf{X}}$
PATIMAN	Hamilton		
Quise Mitower Tangton	Victor, N.		\geq
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTAMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT I	ORMS

	COMMITTEE	BILL NO.
ATE SPON	SOR (S)	
PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT OPPOS
Ron White	White Fair	$n \chi$
Mike White	White Farm	· X
John Leck	moppy but A	and X
Auch Tranks	Tranko Vane	Z X
John Jever	Chotcare Mont.	
EAYLON ZOHNER	BerDouble + Ranch Dillon, Mont.	Inc.
flouda argue by		Mat Bojona
Loch Joet Dava & R	uck B-3Dain	
John W. Reinhard	REWHARDT Ruch	RIVERNA Y
misan	Austy Noil Ra	nch
Virge Holliday	LV Quarter Circle	
JAMES BLOOM	BLACK PINE	BANCH +
Ray Waldbilling	Roy (aldbillig	,
L. Earl Koynde	Kay So. F. lech	ne X
EASE LEAVE PREPARED TES	TIMONY WITH SECRETARY, WI TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMO	TNESS STATEMENT FORMS

Senate Natural Resources ATE Feb. 15, 1991 SPONSOR(S		BILL NO. SB 212
	PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRIN
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT OPPO
LES / FILER	FARMER KAL	ISPEN X
Kelly Hymn	Hoden Holdow Bank	
John Horwood Simbarat	Self	\sim
Mareyon Siega		
Lorna Trank	Darm Bureau	λ
Lare haveley	Sell	χ
Jun Olson!	self	X
Built	Selv	
Debon b. Doodman	Sall	
	I P	
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Ser	ate Nati	ural Resou	urces	COMMI	TTEE	BILL	NO.	SB	212	
DATE F	'⇔b. 15,	<u>1991</u> SE	ONSOR(S)	Senator	Bianchi					

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE			
John Col 7220 church by	John Cola		X			
Rou Bos Gallet in Gateway Mi.	Non Bos		X			
ken Hellon	Magalore		×			
Ken Merapos Counte	Mont. Studymannes Assa		-			
Rin Ingersol/	Ingevill Kunch		X			
Edward H James	Atmes Rauch Co		X			
John T. Mason	Mason Manches 12					
AN CHELMAN	Hall hist - Frank County		X			
	Hall, ust - Frank County	1	X			
JudyGocahon	Frien Chy		X			
Lee Jacobson	Deer Lodge		X			
Im Jamake	Can Lodge		ÍX.			
Jam Anashi	Chelence					
Ronald Brainand	Belgrade		X			
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS STATEMENT FORMS ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY.						

Senate Natural Resources		. SB 212	1 1
PLEASE PRINT P		EASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Daug White	Frogskin Ent.		X
Enquiroise White	Frog Kin Ent		\times
Sune W Voldsta	WHEATH BENGNZE Ranch		X
Say Muniper	711 Carttennine		X
Leank C. Thompson	RAD		
Billan Ermond	Northestern Sgency		\times
John D. Hehm	Hohn Ronch		\times
Coure H Saunders	Imelan croste Ronch		$\left \right\rangle$
M& Saundis	Whit Sulphin 24.		\times
Welt Herk	LY Sand and Swin tock Fra.		X
Don Veland	Heland Ranches		X
The Bowe Brdsee	SPARK RAnch		X
BOX 222 DONG MIGOTS	When where h Tak		\times
CB Brothis	Brock Bros Tuk		X
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT F	ORMS

	COMMITTEE	BILL NO. <u>SB212</u>
PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT OPPOSE
Rob Honnoman	10991ng	
Bill TANDE		ty U
JM HALVERSON	ROOSEVELT COUNT	
Roo Dan Outen	v GALLATIN Con	nTy X
Jonteby	Mc Come Ce	
Tonellie Boylan	Theoatin Cowfell	
Wish Nichols	Dec-ledge Cy	X
Stewart Hauplus	aa Grainte Cante	T
Jerry Finn	Broadwater &	ts X
Jack Perkins	DEVED	
JOSEPH VERLE	INIC DRUMMONA) X
Spack Kambrik	Piral	7
Wayne Johnso	n Divide	X
Mark Kambich	Divide, Ranching	
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TES ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE	TIMONY WITH SECRETARY. WIT TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMON	NESS STATEMENT FORMS Y.

Se	enate	Natu	iral	Resources	COMMI	TTEE	BILL	NO.	SB	212	
DATE	Feb.	15,	1991	_ SPONSOR (S)	Senator	Bianchi					

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NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Sid Kamps	Kamps Seed Form		X
FRANCES E STROBTALIAN	RANCHER		X
Tin Kamps	Kamps Serd Form		1
John A Prouven	Farmer		X_{-}
Mayna A. I litteno	Ronching	/	$\mathcal{X}_{\mathbb{Z}}$
Della Ruff			X
RANDAIL P. Smith	Ruff One Farming Smith 6-5 Lives tick		\times
BanbanaBoylan	Coubelles		X
Bill Seybert	Golden Sunlight Minus VARCAMA JAXM.		
CENEVA R. SISK	TOOLE COUNTY	/	\mathbf{X}
David A. Stewart	Beaverhead		X
Bill Danien	Madicon		X
andy Kleinsasson	miller Colony		
	0		
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY ARE AVAILABLE IF YOU CARE TO SU		TEMENT I	TORMS

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Senate Natural Resources		ILL NO. S	5B 212
	PLEASE PRINT	PLEAS	SE PRINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	ຣບ	PPORT OPPOSE
Gary Gien 82 Gien Lane TwinBerdies MT	Page villeCanal Co		
	austa - Parcher		4
Fay M. Olsen Fairful	Rauler		
Jothern & res Junger	4 Reades		V
//	Corvallis Grange	(180) 18	
Porabelle Malorey	Barcher	member	
My 7 Stomson	Renha		~
Matter Brainand	Bebrack Kanch	er	V
ad Settle	anyon reek		
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EASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMON			

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	SENATE I EXHIBIT N DATE O BILL NO.	NATURAL RES 0.39 L-15-9 SB2	OURCES
	SITOR'S REGISTER	$\sim \sim \sim$	
SEN. NAT 1/ RESOURCE		<u>561</u>	2
DATE $1 - 15 - 91$ sponsor(s)	SEN, BIANCHI		
PLEASE PRINT P	LEASE PRINT PLI	EASE P	RINT
NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Rowald C. Kellen	Sp/f		Х
DAN Kellen	RANDLIAN . Self		X
Pakent Khansa			X
ARON KING	He Conf County		χ
Dui Rudalph	Sell		t
Jan Jun Vacher	Sur Driede, Cuman)		X
Start M. (Chy <	Northwest Fotel: Sile Trans-and Chandra of Comman		V
Jun this Mc allough	Monthuseffotato Salas Dutter ment		*
Augo Libranta	Dutter mont		X
LEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY	WITH SECRETARY. WITNESS STA		

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Senate Natural Res	sources COMMITTEE	BILL NO. SB 212
DATE Feb. 15, 1991	SPONSOR(S) Senator Bianchi	
PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRINT	PLEASE PRINT

	NAME AND ADDRESS	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
	Calleting Silver Bar	Self, Hadwater PCD		X
Ĺ	R.S. MANN' Tr	Avan Grange		X
	LAXXX MIITACC BALBY MT, BO.4	GEASS Roots For		\mathbf{X}^{*}
	John a. Green	S. S.C.P. A		X
	Carolyn Sheen	Junet David Co Processito Class		X
	Rak Sandra	Sill		X
	Judy Nourland	sie		×
	Danie Pourlas			\checkmark
	Workkodill	S.C.		X
	frin Stephens			$\boldsymbol{\lambda}$
	Ma Blandi	Leli?		X
	Jahmen King	self		\times
	Millin A Lay	Gert		X
	April Lynn	secf		X
-	PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED TESTIMONY		TEMENT E	ORMS

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KEEP MONTANA WATER IN MONTANA

We the undersigned, landowners, water users, & stockgrowers of Western Montana strongly oppose Senate Bill # 212.

NAME:

ADDRESS

2022 Old Darly Rd - Namilton, MT. 598'40 Lowe Hangelton Mt. 59840 175 Blood 1600 Old P. ANU ('N nt 59840 1327 another itto nt. 59840 1327 ka h 8 1 12 a Co-0 1507 26 16 1327 *sk*a Lollian 59 Course 268 tes 1 .

KEEP MONTANA WATER IN MONTANA

We the undersigned, landowners, water users, & stockgrowers of Western Montana strongly oppose Senate Bill # 212.

NAME:

ADDRESS

Soft Homilitary 528 Histwan 93 Hamilton i414 ColFeorts $\mathcal{X}^{\mathcal{D}}$ 149-1h 12 Mi 7552 couseil Sici 2010 90 uso 9828 Condici 1127 59 acen 1 0. 37/2 412 WILCO N 0 12UT 1 59 \mathcal{M} 12m 120 Bit 5 44 13900 Wa

COMMITTEE ON

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VISITORS' REGISTER

	VISITORS' REGISTER			
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	
Son Brienham	Fuility Pear Service March	212		X
3.0 Fillur Amire	Delorodi			X
Ric Blown	RAVALLI County Electric			X
Andy Rlymsper	miller Colony			K
Cordon Ma Omple	Resfield			L
Jerry Helmon	Philipping MT			2
Pohnt Willems	Harlow Im ult			V
Phyllis Willears	در ۲			
- Wade Fredenberg	Bozeman MT		X	
George wow	Sheridan MT			X
- Donald R. Beck	Darrison, 710	212		X
Stin Brackhow	Arte	·	-1-	
- Tony Schonen	Myseld - SKy/ine	CB 212-	V	
- Franci Taylor South	Lewis & Clark	212		X
WHRY Thamps	HUNCON for Sportsment		K	
Bill Holdon	Butti Skyling Sport	212	i/	
Konlan Szek	VoelLongr.			V
John C Conderson	MI Mass Cons. Dist,	212		\checkmark
Cimille J. Sammers	Shaw M. MI. Self	212		<u> </u>
Phil South	Melaose	212	<u> </u>	
JACK VAN CLEVE	Dute Rachers Assi	212	U	<u>X</u>
Bill Endy	Shylin Sportown			
- F. J. Mortensen	Heleva, nrt. seff	212		<u> </u>
Yven Veitkemp	Lee Vilitanzo form	212		<u> </u>
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DATE 2115-91

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	VISITORS REGISTER	·		
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check Support	One Oppose
ames NRail	SA/F.	312		X
TRon E. Skinner	Spinner Panch	SBALZ		X
-Leverly J. Skinner	Skinner Ranch	5B212		X
JB. Hendrix	Self	5B212		Х
Mith Roupton	Seif	5B212		X
Olan Rollo	Sel	212	\checkmark	
m & William	Ball	215		X
Jog Gutkoski	Gallatin Wildlife Assoc.	212	X	
All Billing	Burrere	212		1
Clar & Blandind	Boncom	212		X
James W. McDamand	Medicine River Canoc Glubs	58212	X	
Dianne MDermand	self-	515 212	\underline{X}	
Run & Dalar	SelF	STSSL	K_	
Bill hill	Victo nit fell	712	<u> </u>	X
Robert BBroken	Stiventrelle	212		X
- Manucan C. Ellix	Red Lodge	2/2		X
Detty Bunett	Lather	212		X
Wielard Hahn Sr.	Manhatton	212		\mathbf{X}
Commie L Hoton	Manhettan	J12		X
And M Soulance	Whitehall	212	_X	
Tat Despiner	Whitehall	212	λ	
-David Mackay	Myla_	212		X
Robert 7. Heiderham	Bozeman	212		Ă
Carol Ze Heilechen	Bozenon	212		X
Louge & Ello	Hamilton	212		×
Muan Quantana	Framilton	212		K

COMMITTEE ON

Mature Resources

VISITORS' REGISTER

	VISITORS' REGISTER	r	Charle O
NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check One Support Oppos
Can Wausu	self	212	X
ook Lengenfelter	L-HRanch/self	212	7
Becky Diminiare	self		X
Haward P. Warter 5	St/H	212	×
Nuchael Raffet	self	212	\times
A Comment	Self	212	x
andy anson	SELF	212	X
Jerry a marne	1/	212	X
Alen mc Intire	()	217	X
Reashin Jubyo	1,	212	X
Sharon In Britton	//	212	X
Hard Melson	ull	212	×
Jomes Vinomari	11	212	X
Bill Victor	FUNT CREEK water user	212	X
Sud Grosfield	self	212	X
Samuel He Howan	self	212	X
- Jaaren Smith	Sele	212	- V
			J

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Mature Reporter

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NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check One Support Oppose
		212	VV
Lynn Mart	Self silf		
Lying Oweirs Nobert Stermann Patty McDonwid John W McDonald		212	
Intry Michonwid	SEIF	312	<i>V</i>
John WMcDonald	SELF	212	\sim
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- Ratice Parcy	John Carry Ranch			X
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Dan G. M- Quean		SBƏJƏ		X
Bill Murphy	Self	SBZIZ		X
Patur Koehnke	Joehnke Song MinSpa	15A212		
Franklin Grafield	Self	SB212		<u> </u>
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Dyron Derg	selt	5B2/2		X
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depluie Litserd	stell	212		X
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athleen Hadley	Montina Wildlife Federation	312	X	
Lobart Story	Montana Assoc. Cons. Dist	212		X
Dill Denberek	Vigilante El Self	` .		X
mrs 1 Latt h	Self	2/7		X
Ed Luch	Kreby Kisch	212-		<u> </u>
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Tom Mc Jouran	Water Hear	912		1
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lenge teck	Tropper live Kamel Mile	212	a	X
Monto Glemon M	RCD Big Hole Ranches Tuata Beauna ASS	212		\propto
Naver Luitt	Gallatin Coc	212		X
Uvel Rosella	Self	212		X
- Jan Tucker	J.m. Ur	212		X
- John a / tayou	Gnu	212		X
James Ruack	S. m. 2	212		X
Porrain Sillies	1500 Roch Grut Re P-hilpshing	212		X
Janet Ellis	MT Audibon	212	_X	
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(Please leave prepared statement with Secretary)

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COMMITTEE ON

VISITORS' REGISTER

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DATE 2-15-91 Reponder

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	VISITORS REGISTER		
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COMMITTEE ON

VISITORS' REGISTER

Natural Resources

UATE 2-15-91

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Benei Shaffner	Rancher	612		
(Please leave t	prepared statement with Secre	etarv)		

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Senate Resource Committer Bounds Boddarter Boon:

I am Merle Lloyd, Executive Director, Grassroots for Multiple Use, a Bitterroot Valley based Organization having some 1500 members, most of whom are Montana Citizens. We oppose Senate Bill 212.

3140

ON HEHMS

1. SB 212, states Montana water belongs to the public. The water belongs to the State for the beneficial use of it's people.

2. SB 212 Relieves Instream Flow appropriation, leesee or buyers, from all the requirements others must follow for permit or appropriation. This is discrimination.

3. SB 212 also places Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks in a superior status.

- 4. Leasing or selling of water rights may as described in SB 212 .
 - A. Lose the water right due to downstream interests as SB 212 does not contain restrictions, on Instream Rights: Allowing releasing, selling, giving away and permits the water to leave the State at will.
 - B. Involve the State of Montana in litigation to protect or retrieve Water Rights.
 - C. Farm or ranch lands without irrigation would cause loss of taxation to the detrimate of local governments and schools.
 - D. Irrigated fields suddenly dry lose fertility to weed infestation.
 - E. Existing water rights were required to have a point of diversion. Method of transport and a place of beneficial use. Water rights are considered real property and stay with or transfer with the land. The 1921 Montana Supreme Court Decision in the Mettler Vs Ames Realty Co. case, declared the Doctrine of Prior Appropriation to be the valid Montana Water Right Law. SB 212 is an attempt to separate the water from the land.

It is stated in the Montana Gode that existing rights prior to 1973 are protected by Law. I ask you to recall how many U.S. District Court Decisions have been overturned in the 9th Court of Appeals. Can Montana ake a chance with this very vital resource. We say No! The loss to domestic aquafiers and agriculture is too great.

In closing I wish to re-emphasize our opposition to SB 212. Passage of this measure imperils the future of Montana as we know it. Mater, the Blood of Life, to our land could be lost forever.

There is an alternative: Water storage, which would benefit all interests. Thank you.

muren D. Levya

Merle D. Sloyd U Executive Director

WITNESS STATEMENT

مر ال

To be completed by a person testifying or a person who wants their testimony entered into the record.
Dated this 15th day of <u>FEBULARY</u> , 1991. Name: MERLE D. LLOYD
Name: MERLE D. LLOYD
Address: 1034 HAMILTON HGHTS
CORVALLIS, MTT. 57828
Telephone Number: 406 961 - 3300
Representing whom? GRASSBUOTS FOR MULTIPLE LISE
Appearing on which proposal?
<u>SB-212</u>
Do you: Support? Amend? Oppose?
Comments:

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

EXHIBIT NO.

February #, 1991

Dear Committee members working on Bill 212, I am Patti Hansen of the LH Ranch and I testified at the hearing that was held on the 15th of February, against the passing of 212 from your committee. Like de heland that testified before me, I am a member of the Clark Fork Coolition sub committee and the reason I feel so strongly about this bill not being passed is that there are better bills being braught under consideration that are on the whole, a lot better for agriculture and less detrimental to our way of life. Because I have been involved in fundraising for this committee and it has been so difficult to acquire enough donations to pay the lawyer, Gary Sparth on the committee's behalt in tighting this bill, it makes me very upset when the moneys that Fish, Wildlife and Parks receives from we in agriculture for big game hunting and fishing licenses and they in turn take that money and use it for advertising on the television supporting Bill 212 and maligning agriculture water users in that ad is really a conflict of interest and I feel you should take this under consideration when you are wisely tabling Bill all in its entirety.

Thank you for your partience in reading my deposition.

Sincerely,

Parti Hansen

LINGENFELTER HANSEN RANCH OED AND BREAKFAST 471 MULLAN. TRAIL GOLD CREEK, MONTANA 59733 PHONE: (406) 288-3436

ammittee. Manna resources 11100000 Ц am an A 0 rigal an ner 0 h ing In -€ 7 in for J Mari m ***** SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO 2 DATE 2-15-MIL NO. SB 212 • × , . . $\gamma_{\rm b}^{-1}$: 1 . . • ; . 旧 Ъđ li - Julio 11

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO.
DATE 2-5-91
MIL MA SB212

WITNESS STATEMENT

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY

2181 are Post sale al Dearseri gre chick Bill no 212 would The count to ant of it. Aca desate : none of any neighbor are in four of it. SEHATE NATURAL RESOURCES alter & Thomas EXHIBIT NO_25 DATE_2-15-97 Stelew IT Raman BAL MOL_SB2-22 - Michan Jacob Raman **n** John Wale • • • alens 3. Sande March Sande Dernor & Sande

SENATE MATURAL RESOURCES
EXHIBIT NO. 26
DATE 2-15-91
ML Ma SB 2-12-

Elmer & Helen Coscik 22821 Frontage Road Belgrade, MT. 59714

February 12, 1991

TO: Senate Committees Chairman Larry Stimatz & Vice Chairman Cecil Weeding

It seems the MWF wishes to appropriate portions of water in the West Gallatin River and other streams and tributaries whose quantities are at present over-appropriated for irrigation. This unfound water will be taken from the farmers to flow the full length of the stream for the use of recreation and cannot be returned to be used to replace the rites that it was taken from.

I have farmed here in the Gallatin Valley for sixty years and I cannot recall a year when some of the later rite ditches weren't short of water to complete the watering of crops.

I therefore consider the SB212 sponsored by Bianchi to be one of the worst bills that could be placed in effect here in the State of Montana. When the lower reaches of the streams are short of water, the fields are also in need of irrigation, so who would be foolish enough to sell or lease their water to be wasted by letting it flow down to the areas where the benefits are no longer available to the farmers who have worked to raise crops to feed our people here in our beautiful Gallatin Valley.

Respectfully yours,

Elmer & Helen Coscik

memoth D. El Co. Elmer Concile Pres

TO: Whom It May Concern,

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO.2-1 DATE 2-15 m 582/2

RE: SB-212

Several years ago I worked as a ditch rider for two water companies. I did this under the direction of the late Judge W. W. Lessley. During this time I learned how valuable the river water was, and still is to the ranchers and farmers. I witnessed many disputes over the amount of water to which an individual is entitled, according to their shares. This would usually occur during the times the river was low and water was necessary and vital to the survival of crops and animals. Only a plan that was orderly and organized could be used during these trying times. This plan was implemented many years ago to allow each to receive the water they had paid for and were guaranteed by the law to have. If the people who so desperately need this water are to continue to have it, they <u>must not</u> lose their dated water rights, especially when the water flow is low, and the use of water is limited. Protection of water rights for agriculture will ensure the maintenance of river and stream flow. This means that the water in the streams and rivers will not be depleated. Should these water rights ever be lost, we will all be losers. The ranchers and farmers will not be able to produce their crops and feed their animals. We, the consumers, will not have these products available to us. This will cause a loss to the producers and much higher costs to the consumers. All of us, the rancher, the farmer, the sportsman, and anyone who uses the water or products of the water benefit from this plan.

It is beyond comprehension to think that if the water rights are removed and people, who depend on this for their living, do not have a way to SHARE the water, that there will not be total chaos to try to get water. Owning water rights is tantamount to ensuring harmony among water users and preserving the ecology of the streams environment.

I do not ranch or farm. I write this because, at one time, I had the opportunity to see how so many peoples' lives are dependent on the rivers and streams. To remove these dated water rights will be a great injustice to these people.

Sincerely, tobet Yay Robert S. Taylor 3911 Heritage dr.

Billings, Montana 59102 656-6660

RAL DESCRIPCE SENATE I DATE

TO COMMITTEE MEMBERS AND THE LEGISLATORS OF MONTANA

RE: SB #212

As a Montana born irrigated farm owner, I urge you to kill Senate Bill #212. Farm lands without water does not have much value. This in turn will affect tax bases meaning that the goverment entities that utilize moneys derived from taxes would have less funds to operate with. The municipalities would be impacted with the farming people not having adequate income to purchase products and as a result businesses would have to cut back on personnel and inventories. Result-less income and services;less taxes.

WATER RIGHTS for the Montana farming interests have been fought for and paid for over the years to insure their income and way of life and insure the future of that way of life. WATER RIGHTS ON IRRIGATED FARMS ARE AS IMPORTANT AS THE SOIL IN THE GROWING OF CROPS!! The farmers have had to live with drought conditions over the years such as we are experiencing now and and survived. SO DID THE FISH AND WILDLIFE. These are in better condition and greater numbers today than they were when I was a boy some sixty years ago.

Agriculture has been the backbone of the State of Montana's economy and will be for some time to come. Irrigation has been an important factor in stablizing the income of the farming areas, particularly in the western part of the state, where water rights has been and are a part of the land, which contributes to the success of the irrigated farms.

It is my understanding that a law is in the codes that has never been fully implemented to do a study on the very issue that is trying to be addressed in this bill. WHY????

I URGE YOU TO VERY CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE IMPLICATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS BILL AND VOTE TO KILL IT AND FIND OUT WHY THE PRESENT LAW ON THE BOOKS HAS NOT FUNTIONED AS INTENDED!!!

> James Balke P.O. Box 382 Belgrade, MT 59714

To the Committee Consideration S B 212

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO. 2-15 DATE 12

Deer Strs,

This is in oppositation to S & 212 known as the "in stream is something that This is scrething that we do not need as the problem has already been considered by past sessions. It will not be baneficial to the people of Kontana, and

it should be tilled in committee. Thank you.

Dorothy Jane Jackson

Dorothy Jam Juckson

Robert R Teague

John & Seagel

SENATE MATUBAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO. 961 NO

Senate Natural Resources Committee

RE; SB 212

The Mammoth Ditch Company has been in existance since 1866 or for 124 years. Our right calls for 2740 miners inches and irrigates 2,976 acres of good land.

Millions of dollars have been invested in this land and the water rights. Without the water rights all economy will suffer---farmers, ranchers, schools and downtown business. Tax base will drop due to reduced property value.

MONTANA does not need a depression due to the adoption Of Senate Bill 212.

A. Daylor

S.A. Taylor Secretart Treasurer of Mammoth Ditch Co. Member of Montana Stockgrowers Association

Montana Rural Water Systems is a non-profit organization is that is dedicated to providing the latest information, education and Technical Assistance to protect our public waters and improve the quality of life in Montana. Our membership includes approximately 75% of all the public drinking water systems in the state.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE

EXHIBIT NO

In accordance with these principals, we rise in opposition to SB 212. While recognizing certain merits of the bill we feel that it is inappropriate to embark upon such a dangerous course with Montana's Water law at this time. We strongly urge further research into other avenues to resolve problems of stream' use and flows.

We thank you for your consideration.

Montana Rural Water Systems

Dave Jones, MRWS President

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE ECHIBIT NO.__ DATE 2-15-91 BILL MM SB 2-12

Feb. 15, 1991 Bix 541 Harlowton, Mt 59036

To whom it may concern;

as landowners in Wheatland County we are a opposed to the bill 5.3. 212 concerning water access. We feel this bill infringed on our wrights as landowners and citizens.

Sincerely,

Clint and atha Stagner

WATER USERS IRRIGATION COMPANY RICHARD WIEBER, BECRETARY OWNERS OF LIMA DAM AND RESERVOIR P. O. BOX 1046 DILLON, MONTANA

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. -DATE 2-DH LHE

Senate Natural resource Committee

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Committee.

My name is Richard Gosman. I own and operate an irrigated ranch in the Red Rock River Valley near Lima, Mt. I am Vice President of the Water Users Irrigation Company. W.U.I.C. own and operate Lima Dam which provides irrigation water to 26 operators . I speak for them in opposition to Senate Bill 212.

The introduction to the bill states on line 25 page one, Quote, "The Legislature finds that water rights for instream use may be integrated into Montana's prior appropriation system without injury to other water users" end quote. Here is the crux of our problem. We respectfully submit that this statement is untrue, is unfounded in fact, and is made without an understanding of Montana water law and custom. Montana's water basins are over appropriated for normal water years. Montana water law holds that if an appropriator not use his water for the purpose for which it was does appropriated then it becomes available for the next junior appropriator. This is the basis for the development of irrigated agriculture in our State. It is a system that has been followed over the years. It has stoud the test of time. It is fair. It is legal, and it does not need to be changed. The retention of water for instream flow will mean that some appropriator with a valid claim to that water will be denied its use.

Passage of this bill will mean chaos for agriculture. We respectfully request that this bill be killed in committee.

Kukard Hosman, Vierpresident

SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCER
EXHIBIT NO. 56 DATE 2-15-0	1
MIL NO. SB2	
	Feb 11, 1991

Sen. Larry Stimatz Chairman, Natural Resourses Comm. State Senate Helena, Montana

Honorable Sen: Stimatz: I am writing to urge you to do all possible. to fail passage of S.B. 212 - The instream Water leasing bill. As a rancher, I realize how important Montana water rights are. Allowing this bill to pass. Would badly harm our State's Water rights. Anyone or any group could lease or buy instream Water rights and effectively stop free and open water rights as we Know Them. Our water is a priceless heritage to our state. Don't let this bill pass and put a price on our water.

Sincerely, Bob Wertheimer Wertheimer Ranch Utica, MT 59452

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO_57 DATE 2-15-9 ML NO 58212.

Denote Bull 212

I strongly oppose SB212. I om Pirge Holliday and have a ranch in Park County. 513212 is a great bill - for recreation. Is play more important those the most important inducting in Montana - agriculture? We in agriculture are already suffering from drought - lack of water, "With this bill it would put still more of us out of busines. We are in a firoductive, renewable inductry and when agriculture burts the whole of Montaina will hurt because many businesses in town depend mainly on agriculture. We cannot comptonnice on land of water issuice one it will be the end. Is not the production of food the most beneficial of water use. and what exactly does claiming of water have to do which poblic health! Elso where does the water go when it is left instream? All the sto downsticom from us will be deligt

gy where a shall be and a second

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Again. I strongly appare 3BZ12-

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Virge Holliday Wilsole, MIT

DAVID T. DEARMAN Rt. "1 Box 256 Wilsall, MT- 59086 SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE EXHIBIT NO. 58 RE: S.B. ZIZ DATE 2-15-91 SB 212 BILL NO. As you know Agriculture 15 Montanais Number one industry. Should you allow Water rights to be separated from the hand. Like a Vine denied water agriculture will slowly die. You were elected to senate to represent the public's best interest for now and into the future. It you allow a few special interest groups such as Montana Fish and Game and recreationialist from outside The State of Montana to have their Way. This state will surely deteriorate to a off and on recreation industry which will follow the ups and downs of The American economy-Montanas future is ma strong healthy agricultural industry. This can be asertained by Keeping our water Rights with the Land. (Vote NO ON S.B. 212)

Sincerely, David & Jeannan

DAVID T. DEARMAN Rancher & Civil Engineer

En Senator Stimaty: 2/10/91 Place vate NO on 58 212 "In Stream How act of 1991."

SENATE MATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 04 Shank you DATE 2-15-91 Book Rock BILL NO. SB 212 366 E. Slory Bozennan, mit. 59715

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Denate Natural Resourses Committee SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO 71 Lalies and Sentlemen of the Committee; DATE 2-15-91 For the record & am Maloin Underson Shelby: Montana, Jamer, rancher, landowner and water rights arouer. I wish to register my apposition to the concept of 98212. It would cause me, all irrigators and the state of Montana ireparable damage. I have invested in excess of "100,000 to davelop a loase for livestock winter feed. This bill would allow me or fiture owners to sell our water even outside The State, The valleys of California east The Seine Nevada are a prime example of the ability of a large matropolis such as des Angeles to buy up ranches and direct water from irrigation causing these vallage to revert to former desert conditions, Senate Bill 212 would accomplish The samesituation for no one can compete with waterhungay metropolitan areas. Over livertock industry is baredon, and relies on our ability to grow writer feed. This bill would in The long run destroy our bace and return Montona to it's former desert state, Montanci's agreature industry is the top in the State in walne and livestock is about half of this value. It contributes to Montance's Tax base and economy for more than would be accomplished by any attendive. Darge the committee to resoundingly defeat this very regature bill against Montana's feeture conong. Chank you Melvin Underdal 130×605

SENATE	MATURAL	RESOURCE
EXHABIT		at
DATE	7-10	212
BILL N	1000	-le in

February 9, 1991

Senator Larry Stimatz Chairman, Senate Reserve Committee Capital Building Helena, MT 59620

Dear Senator Stimatz:

As water commissioners of the Ward Irrigation District this letter is to advise you that we are opposed to Senate Bill #212.

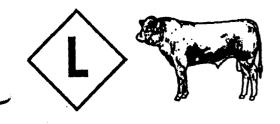
Sincerely,

Bill Springer, Water Commissioner

ott Lindquist, Water Commissioner

ater Commissioner

Betty F#ost, Secretary/Treasurer



DIAMOND L LIMOUSIN

Jon & Margie Lienemann 534 Dutch Hill Rd. N.W. Hamilton, MT 59840 (406) 961-3101

ENATE NATURAL RESOURCES 例出版作

11 February 91

To: Committee on Natural Resources Montana State Legislature Helena, Mt.

Subject: SB-212

1. We would like to voice our opposition to this bill for the folowing reasons.

a. It bypasses the four year study of appropriated water use before the study is complete. We should let the study complete its course and then take a look as this problem.

b. This bill would divorce the water rights of 100 years away from the land. Agriculture is the backbone of Montana's Economy and to divorce the very lifeblood of Montana's agriculture would do irreparable damage not only to this industry but to the well being of the whole state.

I hope that this committee will kill this bill and let the legislation now in force run its course.

Sincerely, reue

Jon H. Lienemann

Jargie C. Lienemann

Margie C. Lienemann

SMITH 6 BAR S LIVESTOCK P. O. BOX 107 GLEN, MONTANA 59732 406-835-3441

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT NO. 8 2-15-DATE_ MIL NO SB 212

February 15, 1991

To the Senate Natural Resources Committee:

We are opposed to SB 212 for the following reasons:

- 1. For more than 100 years Montana water laws have served the people of Montana well and we oppose changing these laws. It would cause chaos in the adjudication process now going on in the stream basins in Montana.
- 2. Permitting the sale of water rights in Montana will cause speculation in water rights, just as there is in land, and could lead to the loss of our watertothe highest bidder. This could be other states, out-of-state interests, or anyone who had the money to make the highest bid. This would effectively destroy Montana's number one industry, agriculture, Because agriculture needs large amounts of land to operate its business, its existence as Montana's number one industry has been the main reason for Montana's unspoiled scenery, a big attraction for tourists and new residents moving in.
- 3. SB 212, as written, opens the door for endless litigation in the future.
- 4. The transfer or sale of water rights could have a very negative impact on local economies and on the local tax base. We don't think this is something Montana can afford to have happen.
- 5. Any water quality issues should be addressed in separate legislation from water rights issues.
- 6. Instream flows in most years are adequate for the support of fish. Even in dry years, such as the past few years, recharge water from irrigation will maintain instream flows adequate to support aquatic habitat.

We urge you to oppose this bill. It would open up the proverbial "can of worms" and we don't believe th future effects of this on the survival of the state of Montana can even be imagined at this time.

Sincerely,

E. M/acprand Insich president Holley R Sin JA. Randoll P. Smith U.P.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE exhibit no._?/ DATE 2-15-91 In regard \$ 5, B MI 10, 258 212 Minhattan Mont Feb 14, 1991 Alar Charman Stinty & Committee --Will you please la jut this play being perpetrated by Seu Beande-us a stack halder in the Perto Canal in Man Kattan I are Concerned alout My Water right, which was decreed in 1866 - With out that Water my 160 acres in adsolutely Worth auslend I mean alsolute possision Not defendent on some character or organization having the legislation forder & deart my water for their deen use. Afree' this water reght is my deven personal gassision . I I wone to lose this passision, what would step & me stan Kook & plep in a Tab my how or houstand or forme Sther projecty. What the Defference. I think it evdeed un fortunat

that we as tongay or & prequity Duriners Row & Defend something That has been decked to us land has Rea in dur pocsecion fina 1866 .-This is another example of we the people Raining some strange no-fellows in Die Midst-I ask gove in good Concince Alease don't take something ky legislation that you have no reght to take . I pincerely trust that Coal fair Reads will prevail.

Respectfully allen Scallerd 245 0 yelow RD Man Latter Mat 59741

Plone - 284-6450

	SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES
	EXHIBIT NO. 12
TO ALL MONTANA SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES	DATE 2-15-91
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ATTN: MEMBERS OF THE SENATE NATURAL RESOURCE COMM	ITTEE

We the undersigned ask you to Vote Against Senate Bill 212.

This is not just an agricultural issue!

We your petitioners find that Senate Bill 212 essentially eliminates any judical process. Senate Bill 212 introduced by Senator Bianchi, has the potential to seriously impact not only agricultural users, but all industries and individuals who use water.

Essentially, the bill destroys the historical bond between water and the land, allowing for the sale of water rights to maintain instream flows. In a worst case scenario, environmental groups and/or large downstream urban centers could ultimately control significant quantities of Montana's water. Already struggling rural counties would lose tax revenue as lands presently under irrigation are reduced in value. <u>Ranchers, farmers, miners and others could ba</u> <u>put out of business</u>.

<u>for the record</u>, we also ask you how you plan to vote on Senate Bill 212, and to please address remarks to signature MI below.

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February	15,	1991
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SENATE NATURAL	RESOURCES
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DALL NO_ <u>SB</u>	512.

TO: Senate Natural Resources Committee

Re: Senate Bill 212

The Ruby Valley Conservation District Board of Supervisors voted unanimously at our February 13, 1991, to oppose Senate Bill 212. Our board opposes SB 212 for the following reasons:

. SB 212 would change Montana's historic water law significantly. There has been no study to determine what effects these changes would have on Montana's state and local economies.

. Agriculture is our Ruby Valley's most important industry. We believe separating the water rights from the land as proposed in SB 212 would adversely effect agricultural production, reduce land values and reduce an already shrinking tax base.

. Under the provisions of SB 212 water rights could be sold to the highest bidder. In this situation, Montana interests would not have the necessary capital to compete with out of state bidders. The effect of exporting our precious water could be devastating to the State of Montana.

. The Ruby Valley Conservation District Board of Supervisors does not believe adequate study has been done to determine what impact leasing and selling Montana's water would have on industry, agricultural interests, cities, and instream flows.

The Ruby Valley Conservation District Board of Supervisors would urge that the Natural Resource Committee vote against SB 212.

> Ruby Valley Conservation District Board of Supervisors

John Anderson, Jr. Robert Kraai Robert Redfield Jay Barnosky Stu Burns Boyce Lott Gary Giem

LARRY FASBENDER LOBBYIST P.O. BOX 367 HELENA, MONTANA 59601 (406) 442-2120

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES EXHIBIT N DATE MILL NO.

February 15, 1991

TESTIMONY ON SB-212 FISHING OUTFITTERS ASSOCIATION OF MONTANA

I am Larry Fasbender, speaking on behalf of the Fishing Outfitters Association of Montana (FOAM).

FOAM members are extremely interested in protecting the water resources of Montana that sustain their industry. At the same time, while both public and private interests are involved in protecting that resource, it is the feeling of the Fishing Outfitters that SB-212, as written, goes too far in allowing private interests unlimited access to the process.

Allowing Fish, Wildlife and Parks (as a public agency accessible by private interests) to have the responsibility for meeting the needs of sustaining and protecting the resource, establishes a forum for all interested parties to participate in the process. That process is still being developed and should be allowed an opportunity to demonstrate its workability before it is substantially expanded.

We therefore oppose SB-212 at this time.