MINUTES

MONTANA SENATE 51st LEGISLATURE - REGULAR SESSION

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE

Call to Order: By Chairman Beck, on February 8, 1989, at 1:00 p.m.

ROLL CALL

Members Present: Senators: Hubert Abrams, Gary Aklestad, Esther Bengtson, Gerry Devlin, Jack Galt, Greg Jergeson, Gene Thayer, Bob Williams, Chairman Beck.

Members Excused: None

Members Absent: None

Staff Present: Doug Sternberg, Legislative Council

Announcements/Discussion: None

HEARING ON SENATE BILL 320

Presentation and Opening Statement by Sponsor: Senator Manning, Senate District 18, Cascade County, presented SB 320. He said this is dealing with revising the law relating to meat and poultry slaughter and inspections. He pointed out that Section One requires a meat establishment license. Violations require an inspection in the marking of hides and meat and records of bill of sale to the Department of Livestock or the Sheriff.

Senator Manning pointed out that in Section Two, the original legislation inadvertently exempted the custom slaughter establishment from license by the Department of Livestock and all parts of the state Meat Inspection Act. This is contrary to the Federal Meat Inspection Act, which requires that custom slaughterers must meet sanitation and labeling requirements. Custom slaughtered carcasses must be marked "not for sale" as well as product, etc. The Federal Meat Inspection Act and the meat inspection regulations require that carcasses, product, etc. must be marked "not for sale". This is necessary to have a state inspection program that is equal to the federal program.

Section Three of the bill allows the Board of

Livestock to appoint a qualified person as Chief Meat Inspector.

List of Testifying Proponents and What Group They Represent:

None

List of Testifying Opponents and What Group They Represent:

None

Testimony:

None

- Questions From Committee Members: Senator Bengtson asked about what the bill did to a little local custom slaughter business, whether it subjected them to inspection.
- Les Graham, Department of Livestock, replied that it did not at all. He pointed out that federal law requires that a State Meat Inspection Act be equal to in all phases. This bill addresses things that were inadvertently left out of the act. It does not change a thing, the requirements are identical; it just meets with the same requirements as the federal law.

Closing by Sponsor: Senator Manning closed.

HEARING ON HOUSE BILL 136

Presentation and Opening Statement by Sponsor: Representative Gene DeMars, District 29, Fergus County, presented HB 136. He said that HB 136 was primarily a housecleaning bill and attempts to streamline the administration of the fertilizer program. (See Exhibit 3)

List of Testifying Proponents and What Group They Represent:

None

List of Testifying Opponents and What Group They Represent:

None

Testimony:

None

<u>Questions From Committee Members:</u> Senator Thayer asked for an explanation of why they are striking "under 10 pound" and if these people needed licenses before.

Roy Bjornson, Department of Agriculture, replied that it is saying that anyone under the 10 pound requirement does not have to send the department a tonnage fee on that, as it is taken care of with the registration fee. He said the department receives a lot of checks for fifty cents, a quarter, a dime from people. By increasing the registration fee it would cover that loss of revenue. It is easier for people when they register to pay their tonnage at the same time.

Closing by Sponsor: Representative DeMars closed.

HEARING ON HOUSE BILL 137

Presentation and Opening Statement by Sponsor:

Representative Gene DeMars, District 29, presented HB 137. He said this was another housekeeping bill and was intended to streamline the administration of the agricultural feed program, as well as make compliance easier for the feed industry (See Exhibit 4).

List of Testifying Proponents and What Group They Represent:

None

List of Testifying Opponents and What Group They Represent:

None

Testimony:

None

- <u>Questions From Committee Members:</u> Senator Jergeson asked if the \$25 should be raised to \$50 by the committee or if the language in the existing statute should be restored.
- Ralph Peck, Department of Agriculture, replied that the department had originally imposed a penalty when the fees came in late to help administration costs and provide some incentive to get them in on time; however, the House rejected that. He said it seemed to make sense to have some kind of incentive to have people get their fees in on time. However, the department has operated like that in the past without penalty.

Senator Thayer asked if there had been a penalty in the previous bill.

Ralph Peck replied that was correct, that the House went ahead and put penalty provision in 136, but didn't see fit to do that on the fertilizer.

Closing by Sponsor: Representative DeMars closed.

HEARING ON HOUSE BILL 138

Presentation and Opening Statement by Sponsor: Representative DeMars, District 29, presented HB 138. He said the amendments are minor and intended to meet a recommendation from the Department of Administration, Accounting Division (See Exhibit 5).

List of Testifying Proponents and What Group They Represent:

None

List of Testifying Opponents and What Group They Represent:

None

Testimony:

None

Questions From Committee Members: Senator Jergeson asked if this bill was changing what is happening now or are the fees going into the general fund? Mr. Peck replied that there was one state special revenue fund and there were several accounts in that fund. The way the bill had been written originally; it had fund and account mixed up, and this corrects the language.

Closing by Sponsor: Representative DeMars closed.

DISPOSITION OF HOUSE BILL 136

Discussion: Senator Williams moved to concur with HB 136. Senator Galt seconded. Senator Thayer said it doesn't make any sense if you are going to have a late penalty for one group and not the other.

Amendments and Votes: None

Recommendation and Vote: The motion passed with Senator

Aklestad voting No.

DISPOSITION OF HOUSE BILL 137

Discussion: None

- Amendments and Votes: Senator Jergeson moved to amend HB 137 by striking line 22,"\$25", and inserting "\$35". He said in the previous bill we've approved a 50% increase. He said the \$35 was a commensurate increase.
- Ralph Peck commented that when the department originally drafted the bill there would be a \$50 one-time charge fee for the brand new applicant in order to get the computer startup charges and then after that it would be a \$25 per year renewal fee, which is currently the way. Then if there was a late charge, referring to page 2 on lines 12-13, because the first 10 tons are exempted when you register a product, that was originally set at \$5 plus 10 times the inspection fee. An inspection fee is 15 cents per ton currently set by rule. That was \$6.50 and the House in their wisdom decided they didn't want to make the registration dependent on the inspection fees so they just set a flat fee at \$6.50. That was the reasoning behind the original proposal.
- Senator Aklestad pointed out that although the fee is not a lot percentage wise, we say we are not going to raise taxes but we are feeing them to death.
- Senator Thayer said that even though the explanation given by Mr.Peck clarified there is a penalty in both bills, he objects to the amendment.
- Recommendation and Vote: Vote on amendments offered by Senator Jergeson to raise the fee from \$25 to \$35. A roll call vote was taken. Senator Jergeson voted yes, the rest voted no.
- Senator Thayer moved that HB 137 be concurred in. The question was called. The motion carried unanimously.

DISPOSITION OF HOUSE BILL 138

Discussion: None

Amendments and Votes: None

Recommendation and Vote: Senator Jergeson moved to concur

on HB 138. The question was called. The motion passed unanimously.

DISPOSITION OF SENATE BILL 320

Discussion: Senator Jergeson said that the committee is required to make some of the amendments in order to meet federal requirements. Most of the meat processors appreciate being under the state and not the feds. The federal mandates need to be adopted.

Amendments and Votes: None

Recommendation and Vote: Senator Jergeson moved to do pass SB 320. The question was called. The motion passed unanimously.

DISPOSITION OF SENATE BILL 111

- Discussion: Senator Meyer said the only question he had was the insurance requirement. He asked if this requirement was also for the veterinarians and the embryo transplant people. He asked what the board makeup was. Doug Sternberg discussed the amendments (Exhibit 6). He replied that in regard to the insurance requirement, the way this was structured the language would be an issue that the Board of Veterinarian Medicine would be required to address as it related to persons who were being certified for pregnancy testing and embryo transfers, so this is not being included in requirements for the veterinarians themselves. It strictly relates to the issue of whether the insurance being required for certification is being established for those two testing procedures.
- Senator Thayer pointed out that the testimony earlier that veterinarians don't require insurance. Chairman Beck clarified that this would say you do have the authority to go out to see if you do want insurance. It is not saying that the Board has to adopt any of this. We are trying to outline some of the things that were brought up as concerns.
- Jo Brunner said the Board of Veterinarians did not request that section be put in there and it makes no difference to them. Doug Sternberg said there were some questions and they were trying to establish some criteria as requested by the committee.

Amendments and Votes: Senator Jergeson moved to adopt the amendments.

- Senator Bengtson moved to take out the insurance requirement.
- Senator Beck commented that if they are going to start charging for their services they could have malpractice suits. The intent was to address it, not to make a requirement. None of these are a requirement, just to take a look at within the rule making.
- The question was called on Senator Bengtson's motion. The motion passed with Senators Galt, Jergeson, and Abrams voting no.
- The question was called to adopt the amendments as amended. The motion passed.
- Senator Jergeson moved to do pass on SB 111 as amended. The question was called. The motion passed unanimously.

ADJOURNMENT

Adjournment At: 2:08 p.m.

Tom Beck, Chairman

TB/JJ

February 8, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

. .

We, your committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation, having had under consideration HB 136 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 136 be concurred in.

Sponsor: DeMars (Williams)

BE CONCURRED IN

Signed:

Thomas A. Beck, Chairman

scrhb136.208

February 8, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation, having had under consideration HB 137 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 137 be concurred in.

Sponsor: DeMars (Thayer)

BE CONCURRED IN

Signed Thomas A. Beck, Chairman

scrhb137.208

February 8, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation, having had under consideration HB 138 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that HB 138 be concurred in.

Sponsor: DeMars (Jergeson)

BE CONCURRED IN

Signed: Thomas A. Beck, Chairman

February 8, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

DO PASS

Signed: Thomas A. Beck, Chairman

scrsb320.208

page 1 of 3 February 8, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Agriculture, Livestock, and Irrigation, having had under consideration SB 111 (first reading copy -white), respectfully report that SB 111 be amended and as so amended do pass:

1. Title, line 6. Following: "EXEMPTIONS;" Insert: "PROVIDING FOR BOARD CERTIFICATION OF PERSONS WHO PRACTICE PREGNANCY TESTING AND EMBRYO TRANSFER;"

2. Page 1, line 12. Insert:

"STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because 37-18-104, 37-18-202, and 37-18-311 grant to the board of veterinary medicine the authority to adopt rules to implement the provisions of the bill. At a minimum, it is intended that the rules address:

(1) a definition of accepted livestock management practices in order to determine whether a person who advises on the subject is exempt from Title 37, chapter 18;

(2) development of standards for continuing education requirements, which may be supplemental to present board rules on the subject;

(3) a definition of unprofessional conduct to be used in determining whether a license may be refused, suspended, or revoked; and

(4) certification of individuals seeking to practice pregnancy testing and embryo transfers, to be implemented on or before July 1, 1991.

3. Page 2, line 17. Following: "hire" Insert: "for remuneration or hire"

4. Page 2, line 21. Strike: "(2)" Insert: "(4)" SENATE COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, SB 111 page 2 of 3

5. Page 3, line 4. Following: line 3 Insert: "(2) Nothing in subsection (1)(e) of this section shall in any way be construed to prohibit the pregnancy testing by any person of his own farm animals or by his employees regularly employed in the conduct of his business or by other persons whose services are rendered gratuitously." 6. Page 3, line 4. Strike: "(2)" Insert: "(3)" 7. Page 4, line 20. Following: line 19. Insert: "(2) The operations known and designated as castrating or dehorning of cattle, sheep, horses, and swine are not the practice of veterinary medicine within the meaning of this chapter. (3)(a) Pregnancy testing and embryo transfers may be performed by individuals who attest to the board that they possess a combination of 3 years' education and training in those procedures. (b) Exemption under subsection (3)(a) remains in effect until testing and certification procedures, as determined by board rule, are implemented on or before July 1, 1991. At a minimum, board rules must address: (i) minimum education requirements; (ii) minimum requirements of practical experience; (iii) continuing education requirements; (iv) limitations on practices and procedures that may eb performed by certified individuals; (v) the use of specific drugs necessary for safe and proper practice of certified procedures; (vi) content and administration of the certification test, including written and practical testing; (vii) application and reexamination procedures; (viii) conduct of certified individuals, including rules for suspension, revocation, and denial of certification; and (ix) establishment of an advisory committee consisting of:

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(A) one member of the board;
(B) one member of the Montana state university reproductive physiology department;
(C) one member representing the Montana stockgrowers association animal health committee;
(D) one member representing the Montana woolgrowers association;
(E) one lay reproductive specialist; and
(F) a veterinarian who is a member of the American college of theriogenologists."

8. Page 4, line 22. Strike: "<u>full-time</u>"

9. Page 10, line 3. Strike: "(2)" Insert: "(4)"

AND AS AMENDED DO PASS

Signed:

Thomas A. Beck, Chairman

Statement of Intent adopted.

AGRICULTURE

DATE 2/8/89

51st LEGISLATIVE SESSION 1989

COMMITTEE

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SENATE AULIULTURE EXHIBIT NG ______ DATE 2/8/87 LC 0958/01

SUMMARY

Senate Bill No. 320

Introduced By - Senator Manning

SECTION 1 81-9-114

Requiring a person having a meat establishment license as required by (81-9-201), to report a violation of 81-9-112 which requires inspection and marking of hides and meat, records, and bill of sales to the <u>Department of Livestock</u> or the Sheriff. This requires reporting a violation to the Department of Livestock as well as the Sheriff.

SECTION 2 81-9-218

The original legislation inadvertently exempted the custom slaughter establishment from licensing by the Department of Livestock and all parts of the State Meat Inspection Act. This is contrary to the Federal Meat Inspection Act which requires that custom slaughters must meet sanitation and labeling requirements. A custom slaughter is only exempt from actual inspection during slaughter. Custom slaughtered carcasses must be marked "Not for Sale" as well as product, packages, etc. The Federal Meat Inspection Act and the Meat Inspection Regulations require that carcasses, product, etc. be marked "Not for Sale". This is necessary to have a state inspection program that is "equal to" the federal program.

SECTION 3 81-9-226

This allows the Board of Livestock to appoint a qualified person as Chief, Meat Inspector.

SENATE AGRICULIURE
EXHIBIT NO. 2
NAME: Jus Staham - Corty Mostensen DATERI NO. 58320
ADDRESS:
PHONE :
REPRESENTING WHOM? Nert. A. Austack
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: 58320
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?
COMMENTS:
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NAME: Justice Justice
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

DATE +B136 TESTIMONY OF MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE SENATE AGRICULTURE. LIVESTOCK AND IRRIGATION COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL 136 WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8. 1989 HELENA, MONTANA

SENATE AGRICULTURE

EXHIBIT NO.

Chairperson, Senator Tom Beck

House Bill 136 is primarily a housecleaning bill in that the amendments are minor and intended to streamline the administration of the fertilizer program.

The House Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation Committee amended the effective date of July 1, 1989 to October 1, 1989.

(1) Page 1, line 22 and 25. (Non-refundable fertilizer registration fee.)

All fertilizer products sold in Montana are required to be registered with the department. In doing so, each product application and label must be reviewed, which has the same administration cost whether or not the application is approved or denied. This amendment allows the department to recover its cost in cases where a product registration application is denied.

(2) Page 3. line 9 through 11. (Late license renewal penalty.)

A certain percent of all Fertiliter Dealers fail to renew their Fertilizer Dealer's Licenses prior to the -January 1. deadline each year. This amendment is to provide an incentive for the companies to renew their license before January 1, and also a means of defraying the cost of phina calls. Letters and visits which are necessary to get tardy companies licensed.

(3) Fage 3, line 17 through 20. (Elimination of unnecessary label requirement.)

This amendment deletes a requirement that all Fertiliter Dealers submit a copy of their product labels when licensing. This is unnecessary since the reaufacture is required to submit a label when registering each product under Section 80-10-201.

(4) Page 3. line 24 through page 4 line 1. (Timely license renewals.)

This statement maintains the current license fee of 250.00 provided the renewal application and fee is raceived prior to January 1.

(5) Page 4, line 5, page 5, line 13, and page 6, line 11, (Elimination of requirement that manufacturers pay tonnege inspection fees on Specialty Fertilizers.)

Ex. #3

218/89

HB 136

pg2

By eliminating the package size statement, all Specialty Fertilizer products (these used on lawns, gardens, etc..) can be registered as such and be exempted from filing a monthly tonnage report which often are zero tons. Many of these tonnage reports are accompanied by checks of \$5.00 or less. These are costly to process both for the department and the company.

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SLIVALE AGRICULTURE EXHIBIT NO. PHAL NO.

TESTIMONY OF MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE SEMATE AGRICULTURE. LIVESTOCH AND IRRIGATION COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL 137 VEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1939 HELENA, MONTANA

Chairperson. Senator Tom Zech

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House Bill 137 is primarily a housedleaning bill in that the amendments are minor and intended to streamline the administration of the agricultural feed program, as well as make compliance easier for the feed industry.

House Bill 137 was amended by the House Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation Committee.

(1) Page 1. line 18-21, and page 0. line 4-6. (Late license renewal penalty.)

As amended, the bill has in effect not changed the surrent statute pertaining to feed permits. If the intent remains to not provide a penalty on late litensing, then statutes currently in place for this section may be better left undisturbed.

(2) Page 2. line 10-12. (Increase in field registration fee to offset elimination of tornage fee for first 10 tons of feed sold in Wontana.)

Many companies currently register feeds in Montana but ship wery small quantities into the state on a year. If less than 10 cons are sent into the state, a check is required for 21.30 or less to pay the tonnote inspection fee on the product. The supense to the requetrant and the department to process these checks to considerably dove than that so this proposal is a savings to both the feed registrant and the department. As amended, the requetration fee will be \$6.50 for each product, other than a pot food or specialty pat food.

(3) Pace 1. line 15-17, and page 3 line 1-4. (Change in feed registration year from January 1, to Cotober 1, of each year.)

The bulk of the feed business in this state is concerned such beef sattle. These dattle core in from summer postures to verious feeding programs in the fall, thus beginning the yearly feeding season. The feed menufacturers adjust busin product line in accordance with available ingredient supplies and environmental conditions. It is logical that they be able to register these products at the segunning if their feeding season and not have to re-register the product again on Sanuary 1. (4) Page 3 line 15 and page 4. line 9. (Clarification that tennage inspection fees are due on all commercial feeds including custom-mixed feeds.)

Ex. #4 2/8/89

HB 137

To some feed manufacturers, it is uncoser that the inspection fee applies to all commercial feed manufactured. They only pay the inspection fee on registered feeds and not on the custom-mined feeds. This amendment clarifies that the definition of a commercial feed includes custom-mined feeds.

(5) Page 3, line 18-20. (Exemption of the first 10 tons of each registered product.

This exemption together with the increase as shown on case 2, line 11, helps the department and industry by vaduating costly processing of very small checks.

(6) Page 4, line 25 and page 5, line 7 k 3. (Change in feed tinnage report due date.)

The chance from February 20 to Convery 21 to an update on the law. With the current use of computers and record Reeping the function of compiling the annual data by the feed companies no longer requires the time it once did. The 30 day turn pround is consistent with yest other reports of this type. In addition it will allow the department's compilation of the yearly data to control timely course.

17: Sega S. Line II and II. affantin in 1 Subby 1998. Was emended to Scottber 1, 1989.

SUNATE AGRICULTURE

EXHIBIT NO.

TESTIMONY OF MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO S FOR THE SENATE AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK AND IRRIGATION COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL 138 WEDNESDAY, FEERUARY 8. 1989 HELENA, MONTANA

Chairperson, Senator Tom Beck

House Bill 138 is primarily a housecleaning bill in that the amendments are minor and intended to meet a recommendation from the Department of Administration, Accounting Division. House Bill 138 was amended in House Agriculture. Livestock and Irrigation Committee as follows:

On page 1, line 6, strike the words beginning with "Revenue Account for the apple inspection fund in the Department of Agriculture from an enterprise fund to a state special revenue fund" insert name of the fund in which the apple inspection account is located from enterprise to state special revenue; to change the reference to an apple inspection fund to an apple inspection account;

On page 1 line 18, strike the word "fund" and insert the word "account". On page 1, line 18, 19 and 20 strike the entire sentence which begins with "(1) There is an enterprise a special revenue fund in the state treasury known as the apple inspection fund".

On page 1, line 20, 21, 22, add a new sentence beginning with "(1) There is an account in the state special revenue fund in the state treasury known as the apple inspection account".

On page 1, line 24, strike the word "fund" and insert the word "account".

The Department of Agriculture supports the passage of House Bill 138.

Thank you.

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CXHIBIT	NO	6	
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BILL NO	SB	111	»c /
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Amendments to Senate Bill No. 111 Introduced Reading Copy

For the Committee on Senate Agriculture

Prepared by Doug Sternberg, Committee Staff February 6, 1989

2. Page 1, line 12. Insert:

"STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because 37-18-104, 37-18-202, and 37-18-311 grant to the board of veterinary medicine the authority to adopt rules to implement the provisions of the bill. At a minimum, it is intended that the rules address:

(1) a definition of accepted livestock management practices in order to determine whether a person who advises on the subject is exempt from Title 37, chapter 18;

(2) development of standards for continuing education requirements, which may be supplemental to present board rules on the subject;

(3) a definition of unprofessional conduct to be used in determining whether a license, may be refused, suspended, or revoked; and

(4) certification of individuals seeking to practice pregnancy testing and embryo transfers, to be implemented on or before July 1, 1991."

3. Page 2, line 17. Following: "hire" Insert: "for remuneration or hire"

4. Page 2, line 21. Strike: "(2)" Insert: "(4)"

5. Page 3, line 4. Following: line 3 Insert: "(2) Nothing in subsection (1)(e) of this section shall in any way be construed to prohibit the pregnancy testing by any person of his own farm animals or by his employees regularly employed in the conduct of his business or by other persons whose services are rendered gratuitously."

6. Page 3, line 4.
Strike: "(2)"
Insert: "(3)"

Ex, #6 2/8/89 50111 PJ.2

7. Page 4, line 20.

Following: line 19.

Insert: "(2) The operations known and designated as castrating or dehorning of cattle, sheep, horses, and swine are not the practice of veterinary medicine within the meaning of this chapter.

(3)(a) Pregnancy testing and embryo transfers may be performed by individuals who attest to the board that they possess a combination of 3 years' education and training in those procedures.

(b) Exemption under subsection (3)(a) remains in effect until testing and certification procedures, as determined by board rule, are implemented on or before July 1, 1991. At a minimum, board rules must address:

(i) minimum education requirements;

(ii) minimum requirements of practical experience;

(iii) continuing education requirements;

(iv) insurance requirements;

(v) limitations on practices and procedures that may be performed by certified individuals;

(vi) the use of specific drugs necessary for safe and proper practice of certified procedures;

(vii) content and administration of the certification test, including written and practical testing;

(viii) application and reexamination procedures;

(ix) conduct of certified individuals, including rules for suspension, revocation, and denial of certification; and

(x) establishment of an advisory committee consisting of:

(A) one member of the board;

(B) one member of the Montana state university

reproductive physiology department;

(C) one member representing the Montana stockgrowers association animal health committee;

(D) one member representing the Montana woolgrowers association;

(E) one lay reproductive specialist; and

(F) a veterinarian who is a member of the American college of theriogenelogists."

Renumber: subsequent subsections

8. Page 4, line 22. Strike: "full-time" 9. Page 10, line 3. Strike: "(2)"

Strike: "(2)" Insert: "(4)" COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, AND IRRIGATION

DATE 2/8/89

VISITORS' RECISTER Check One BILL # REPRESENTING NAME Support Oppose i. Tar 320 330 166,167 teinmetz Reterinary Melicine Information Brandt SBILL IRE Fighters irefighters 138 134/137 B-320 MED-MVHA BILL 'et n fer NE nation 320

(Please leave prepared statement with Secretary)

ROLL	CALL	VOTE

SENATE COMMITTEE AGRICULTU	RE			•	
Date 2/8/89		Bill No.	5B111	Time_	<u></u>
NAME			YES		NO
Senator Hubert Abrams	#8				~
Senator Gary Aklestad	#1				
Senator Esther Bengtson	#27				
Senator Gerry Devlin	#47				/
Senator Jack Galt	#46				
Senator Greg Jergeson	#48		-		
Senator Gene Thayer	#23		/		
Senator Bob Williams	#39		1	1	
Senator Tom Beck	#44	s			
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Jaelene Johnson Secretary Tom Beck Chairman Motion: To delete insurance from SB III. •

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