MINUTES OF THE MEETING TAXATION COMMITTEE 50TH LEGISLATIVE SESSION HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 16, 1987

The meeting of the Taxation Committee was called to order by Chairman Ramirez on February 16, 1987, at 8 a.m. in Room 312B of the State Capitol.

ROLL CALL: All members were present. Also present was Dave Bohyer, Researcher, Legislative Council.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 565: Rep. Paul Pistoria, House District #36, sponsor of HB 565, told the Committee the bill is identical to HB 851 which was killed last session. He said the bill would tax private school buses and provided Exhibit #1 in support of the bill. Rep. Pistoria said counties will lose \$256,000 in revenue, according to the fiscal note, and added that he personally observed private use of three buses, licensed as school buses, in the Great Falls area.

PROPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 565: Gene Phillips, Flathead 4-H Foundation, said he was originally opposed to the bill, but would support it with the changes made.

Gordon Morris, Montana Association of Counties, stated his support of the bill.

OPPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 565: HB 565 was originally scheduled for hearing on February 10, 1987. Because the sponsor had a conflict that date, and because opponents would not be able to return for a rescheduled hearing, their testimony was heard on February 10, 1987.

QUESTIONS ON HOUSE BILL NO. 565: Rep. Raney asked how exemptions were determined now. Greg Groepper, DOR replied that DOR takes the work of the bus companies and depends upon the public for policing bus use. He stated that DOR has reversed a few exemptions, adding that the situation is fairly difficult to monitor.

Rep. Asay asked how great the number of violations is. Greg Groepper replied his office receives 6-7 calls per year.

CLOSING ON HOUSE BILL NO. 565: Rep. Pistoria asked the Committee to give the bill favorable consideration, and closed without further comment.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 512: Rep. Bob Ream, House District #54, sponsor of HB 512, provided amendments (Exhibits #2 and #3), and told the Committee taxation of aircraft

is not a new issue. He said he believes it is time to lower the tax on aircraft and substitute a fee in lieu of taxes. Rep. Ream also provided a county-wide comparison of taxes on aircraft (Exhibit #4).

Rep. Ream commented that the fiscal note shows 3,320 registered aircraft in the state, but only 1,825 of those are registered by Montanans. He said revenue would be returned to the state if legislation were passed to entice aircraft owners to register such craft in Montana.

PROPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 512: Steve Brown, Montana Pilots Association and Montana Aviation Trades Association, stated his support of the bill.

Ted Mathis, Gallatin Field airport manager, and Chairman, Montana Aeronautics Board, read from a prepared statement in support of the bill (Exhibit #5), and provided a statement from Bruce-Andersen Co. (Exhibit #6).

Mike Riggerstaff, Montana Aviation Trades Association, read from a prepared statement in support of the bill (Exhibit #7).

Bill Bartlette, Corporate Air, Billings, also read from a prepared statement (Exhibit #8).

John Crowley, Washington Construction, read from a prepared statement in support of the bill (Exhibit #9). He said his company presently owns two jets, and paid \$17,000 in taxes on a 19 year old plane and \$12,000 on a 14 year old plane. Mr. Crowley said Idaho taxes each aircraft at a flat fee of \$100, and that his company pays \$1.5 million in taxes in Montana. He stated such an amount is unreasonable and that Washington Construction is considering moving its planes to a base in Idaho. He urged the Committee to give the bill favorable consideration.

Jim Pickens, Salt Lake City and native Montanan, told the Committee he sells turbo-prop aircraft. He explained that a new King aircraft purchased in Montana would be taxed at \$89,000, or \$220 per hour in personal property taxes.

Gordon Berry, Kalispell retail merchant said he was recently forced to sell his plane because he could not afford to pay the Montana tax.

Ray Thompson, Semi-Tool, Kalispell, advised the Committee his business has brought \$70 million into the state, with 35% of business coming from Europe and 30% from the San Francisco area. He explained he is forming a new business, Semi-Therm, which will be 8-10 times larger than Semi-Tool, and is looking at headquartering the business in Idaho, because of the tax situation in Montana.

Steven Baldwin, Aerotronics, Billings, said he sells and services aircraft radio systems in the state, and that in the past two years he has experienced a 40% reduction in gross revenue sales. Mr. Baldwin stated he was forced to close his Great Falls office and to reduce his staff by two persons in Missoula. He said aviation is a large industry in Montana and that those aircraft owners who do not register in Montana put the burden on others in the state who do. Mr. Baldwin provided copies of pamphlets for committee review (Exhibit #8).

Bill Rodgers, Lewistown, Chairman of the helicopter division of the Montana Aviation Trades Association, said he paid \$219,000 for a new helicopter 8 years ago, and was taxed \$7,900 in 1986. He said the tax in Oregon for the same aircraft is \$90, giving Oregon operators a contract advantage for government work.

Willie Grimby, Lewistown, told the Committee he has operated his own flying services for 27 years. He said the Montana tax makes operating costs higher and puts Montana operators at a disadvantage in competing with out of state operators. Mr. Grimby stressed that fees for older aircraft and ultra-light aircraft need to be addressed in the bill.

Fred Lark, Montana Aeronautics Division board member, and representative of the Montana Pilots Association, told the Committee he is in the broadcasting business and travels the U.S. He said general aviation is a tool for use of capital and recommended that the Committee pass the bill in an effort to create a pro-business environment.

Bob Dorn, Co-pilot, United Industry, Billings, advised that 1986 taxes represented 30% of operating costs, or \$152 per hour, at \$40,000 annual tax, to his business. He explained that in a recent survey, it was found that 6 of 9 aircraft in the state are not registered in Montana. He urged the Committee to support the bill.

Robert L. Johnston, Lewistown attorney, told the Committee 11 of his clients are appealing aircraft taxes right now. He said DOR selects only parts of aircraft blue books for appraisal, and suggested that a fee system would eliminate the possibility of litigation. He, too, urged the Committee to pass the bill.

Guy Wilson, Lewistown farmer, said he is seeking equity in taxation, and compared taxes on aircraft to those on farm equipment that he has been able to depreciate out, while taxes on the aircraft have increased.

Mike Ferguson, Administrator, Aeronautics Division, Department of Commerce, said it is impossible right now to make certain that every aircraft in Montana is registered.

OPPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 512: Dave Hartman, Executive Secretary, Montana Education Association, said passage of HB 512 would result in a reduction of \$1.5 million in educational funding.

QUESTIONS ON HOUSE BILL NO. 512: Rep. Gilbert stated that if registration of aircraft in Montana were properly enforced, there would be no financial threat to funding of education. Mr. Ferguson replied that 40-50% of aircraft in the state are not registered in Montana, which is quite an offset.

Rep. Hoffman asked what percent of ad valorem tax a fee would be. Rep. Ream replied it would be about one-third of the present tax.

Rep. Patterson asked if the fee would be based upon electrical equipment in the plane as well. Rep. Ream replied it would not, and said such equipment is not taken into consideration under present assessment procedures.

Chairman Ramirez asked Rep. Ream if he would be willing to make the bill effective, assuming a loss of revenue and either the passage of or a ballot on the sales tax. Rep. Ream replied he would be inclined to go with a fee system bill right now, even if the sales tax is imposed. He commented that the fee system could be adjusted downward later on, if necessary.

CLOSING ON HOUSE BILL NO. 512: Rep. Ream advised the Committee that aircraft are quite different from other Class 8 property, and said he believes the Aeronautics Division has the best handle on aircraft in Montana as well as seasonal operators. He stated that last year, more than 40 tax appeals were filed on aircraft in Montana, and that only 7 of 44 non-commercial aircraft parked at the Billings airport were registered in the state.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 634: Rep. Orval Ellison, House District #81, sponsor of HB 634, said the bill addresses special mobile (SM) plates, which are not subject to the fee system. He explained the plates signify that personal property taxes on a piece of equipment have been paid, and are designed most specifically for road construction equipment.

PROPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 634; There were no proponents of the bill.

OPPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 634: There were no opponents of the bill.

QUESTIONS ON HOUSE BILL NO. 634: There were no questions on HB 634.

CLOSING ON HOUSE BILL NO. 634: Rep. Ellison closed without comment.

DISPOSITION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 634: Chairman Ramirez made a motion that HB 634 DO PASS. The motion CARRIED unanimously.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 527: Rep. Dan Harrington, House District #68, sponsor of HB 527, said the bill would put a 20% surtax on income for corporate and individual income tax payers, with a portion of that revenue distributed to counties on a population basis. Rep. Harrington said he hoped the bill would go into the Income Tax Subcommittee until the Committee is ready to make some decisions in this area.

PROPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 527: Gordon Morris, Montana Association of Counties, said he supported this approach to property tax relief.

Terry Minnow, Montana Federation of Teachers and Federation of State Employees, stated her support of the bill as an effort to raise revenue for services in the state.

Alec Hansen, Montana League of Cities and Towns, stated his support of the bill.

Al Samson, Missoula City Council, stated his support of the bill, and said it is needed to replace revenue taken from local governments in the past.

Terry Carmody, Montana Farmers Union, read from a prepared statement in support of the bill (Exhibit #/O).

OPPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 527: There were no opponents of the bill.

QUESTIONS ON HOUSE BILL NO. 527: Rep. Raney asked why the Department of Commerce would administer distribution of the funds. Rep. Harrington replied that DOC is involved in many community functions now.

Rep. Raney asked how money would be distributed to counties and school districts. Rep. Harrington replied distribution would be based upon population, similar to what it is now.

Rep. Gilbert asked if there would be no reduction in government. Rep. Harrington replied it would be up to the counties to decide that factor.

Rep. Gilbert asked if the bill were not merely a tax shift, as the income taxpayer would be making up for I-105. Rep. Harrington replied it would mean a shift, no matter how the situation is resolved, if services are going to be maintained.

Rep. Ellison asked if the bill would not create inequity among taxing jurisdictions. Rep. Harrington replied that any system has its problems, but larger populations require more services. He said the property tax base is deteriorating badly in some areas now.

Rep. Ellison asked if sparsely populated areas would cost more than densely populated areas. Rep. Harrington replied the effect would be just the opposite.

Rep. Williams said the fiscal note states that \$20 million will go to the foundation program in FY88-89, and asked if this were a break even point from other losses. Rep. Harrington replied it would be hard to say without knowing what bills will be passed.

Chairman Ramirez asked if the \$24 million for 1988, in the fiscal note, would go to the counties or to the general fund. Rep. Harrington replied the bill could be amended both ways.

Gordon Morris, MACO, responded that on page 2, section 4 of the bill, 16 2/3% of the surcharge goes to local government property tax relief and the remainder, to the general fund.

Chairman Ramirez asked if that were enough property tax relief, and stated it is his belief that it isn't. He stated that \$17 million in 1988 and \$21 million in 1989 will provide only a 2-3% reduction in overall property tax relief, which would not be enough to satisfy the majority of taxpayer concerns in CI-27. Rep. Harrington replied he hoped it would be sufficient.

Chairman Ramirez explained that a 40% surcharge in 1989 is necessary to achieve a 20% reduction in property taxes, and asked if the Committee needed to amend the bill to meet this level. Rep. Harrington replied it is possible that only 9-10% property tax relief can be provided, and said the problem will have to be addressed when the Revenue Estimating Subcommittee meets during the coming week. He added that more would be known at transmittal.

Chairman Ramirez asked if the 20% surcharge would come on top of the 20% windfall. Rep. Harrington replied that it would.

CLOSING ON HOUSE BILL NO. 527: Rep. Harrington explained that in 1981, the inventory tax was cut, and tax indexing and fees on vehicles were implemented. He told the Committee he believes the bill is progressive and would replace this revenue.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 395: Rep. Ray Brandewie, House District #49, sponsor of HB 395, said he believes it is important that the Legislature address a cap on property

taxes (Exhibit #9). He explained his exhibit is based on LFA information and proposes a 3/4 of 1% cap on personal property. Rep. Brandewie said he realizes this is not possible, and said the second page denotes different property classes and taxable and market value as of 1986. He added that he believes there will be a property tax constitutional amendment in 1988.

PROPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 395: There were no proponents of HB 395.

OPPONENTS OF HOUSE BILL NO. 395: Gordon Morris, MACO, told the Committee he believes that, based on \$27 billion, a reduction of 3/4 of 1% would raise \$207 million, compared to the current level of \$590 million, for a net loss of \$393 million. He said he would resist the effort to put this bill on the ballot.

Alec Hansen, Montana League of Cities and Towns, said he agreed with Mr. Morris on the severity of the loss of property tax revenue. He stated he sees a problem with application of rates across the state, and said Anaconda, for example, has the highest mill levy, but the lowest cost of government. Mr. Hansen stated that, in his estimation, 195 mills would come out even, and the more mills, the greater the loss of revenue.

Mr. Hansen explained Richland County would experience an 8% loss, while Deer Lodge County would experience a 59% loss. He said applying a flat rate does not recognize the radical variation of values across the state.

Al Samson, City of Missoula, advised the Committee there are three different school districts and urban transportation districts in Missoula, which could be paid for from 3-4 different levies. He asked what happens then, and if each district would get prorated cuts for different services. He added that the bill would cut revenue by 64% in Missoula.

Ron Preston, Finance Officer, City of Missoula, requested that the Committee kill the bill.

TECHNICAL COMMENTS ON HOUSE BILL NO. 395: Greg Groepper, Property Assessment Division Administrator, DOR, told the Committee DOR effective tax rates are under 1.5%, but in excess of 1%. He said that more specifically, real property is at 1.14% and personal property, at 1.5%.

Chairman Ramirez requested the effective tax rate for real and personal property by class. Greg Groepper replied that providing this information by class is misleading, as there is no even distribution.

Rep. Raney requested tables using average statewide mill levies.

CLOSING ON HOUSE BILL NO. 395: Rep. Brandewie explained that bonding and SID's are addressed on page 1, line 20, contrary to statements made by opponents from Missoula.

DISPOSITION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 565: Rep. Williams made a motion that HB 565 DO PASS, and commented that his committee bill would take care of non-profit, licensed hospitals.

Rep. Patterson said he believes the Committee is going around in circles, because school districts will end up paying for the legislation.

Rep. Gilbert stated one could find a thousand exemptions, based upon the current situation.

Rep. Hoffman stated he believes HB 565 is a good bill and would take the load off local governments.

Rep. Asay reminded the Committee that education testified they would lose funds if the bill were to pass.

Rep. Ream asked if the effective date could be set back to allow for changes in contracts. There was no response.

Rep. Ream made a motion to amend the bill's effective date to "after December 31, 1988", and then asked to reconsider his motion and to change the date to "after December 31, 1987". The motion CARRIED, with all members voting aye, except Reps. Raney, Ramirez, and Asay, who voted no.

Rep. Williams made a motion that HB 565 DO PASS AS AMENDED. The motion CARRIED, with all members voting aye, except Rep. Ream, Asay, and Keenan, who voted no.

DISCUSSION OF OTHER BUSINESS: Chairman Ramirez advised that no bill hearings would be scheduled for the coming week, to allow the Committee to review pertinent bills and subcommittees to meet on income and property tax issues.

Rep. Schye stated he was concerned that some bills which have not been heard may need to meet transmittal. Chairman Ramirez advised he was attempting to work out an agreement whereby any bills in Taxation or Appropriations would be considered revenue bills.

Greg Petesch, Staff Attorney, Legislative Council, advised that Rep. Ream's aircraft bill doesn't have to meet transmittal, and could be considered either an appropriations or a revenue bill.

ADJOURNMENT: There being no further business before the Committee, the meeting was adjourned at 11:55 a.m.

Representative Jack Ramirez, Chairman

2/4-57

DAILY ROLL CALL

HOUSE TAXATION COMMITTEE

50th LEGISLATIVE SESSION -- 1987

Date 2-16-87

NAME	PRESENT	ABSENT	EXCUSED
REP. RAMIREZ	7		
REP. ASAY	7		
REP. ELLISON	7		
REP. GILBERT	7		
REP. HANSON	~		
REP. HARP			7
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REP. RANEY	7		
REP. REAM	7		
REP. SANDS			
REP. SCHYE	7		
REP. WILLIAMS			
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STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

		FEBRUA	RY 16	19_ 87
Mr. Speaker: We, the co	ommittee on SOUSE TAX	ROITA		
report SOUSE 81	TLL 180. 565			
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STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

			FEURUARY 16	19_ 87
Mr. Speaker: We	, the committee on	EOITAXAT EQUOH		
report	HOUSE BILL NO.	634		
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ontana School Transportation Associa

FROM THE PRESIDENT'S DESK

REC'D - TULLS. Oct.

Congratulations and welcome aboard to the new Board member.

Orin Beaty, from Anaconda, and welcome again to Bob Beach and

and Doc McCulloca for another term on the Board.

The good news for the year and one of the biggest

tackled in some time has paid off after two sessions with

legislature and coveral meetings with the Department of Revenue.

Property tax exemption for buses owned by contractors and used for route transportation is a reality. The following is needed to Form AB30 Rev. 10-6 hpt status: get buses on for property tax exemption must be filled out. This form can be obtained from your local appraiser or Department of Revenue, Property Assessment Division, Mitchell Building, Helena Montara 59620. need a picture of the front of each bus that clearly shows the license plate of the bus and enough of the bus that it can be identified.

You also need a istal each bus you are requesting property tax exemption on, and must include the following informations year of 545. the vehicle, make of vehicle, serial number, license number, title number, and your unit number. All of this information must then be

taken to your local assessor's office. He then fills out his portion

of the form and it is sent to Helena for processing.

Many thanks to all who have worked on this project, especially Charlie Simonsen, Bob Beach, Marty Bates, Don Hall, Jerry Perkins, Karl Hinter, Hugh Greve, and many others. Thanks also to Terry Brown from O.P.I. office for assistance with information, etc.

Sunday, January 15, 1984

Great Falls Tribune

Agency seeks to tighten up exemption

Tribune Capitol Bureau

HELENA — The state Revenue Department Friday suggested limiting tax exemptions for parsonages to "ordained clergy" rather than just to "clergy" as the law now reads.

But members of the Legislature's Revenue Oversight Committee thought that could open up exemptions to mail-order "phoneys" while denying them to genuine ministers who don't believe in ordination.

Gregg Groepper, head of the department's Property Assessment Division, said applications for tax exemptions on the residences of religionists range from "the legitimate to the bizarre." About 90 percent are legitimate, he said.

"We have had people say, 'I am the church therefore my house ought to be exempt," he said. "They call themselves clergy and * Rep. Paul Pistoria, D-Great Falls, worship by themselves."

When in doubt, the department

denies the application, he said. If it is upheld by the State Tax Appeal Board, then the exemption is applied to others in similar situations.

The department suggested limiting the exemptions to ordained clergy to tighten up the law, which was passed in 1975.

Sen. Bill Norman, D-Missoula, replied that he could get ordained by mail from Los Angeles, and wondered about religions who don't ordain, such as the Hutterites and Mennonites.

Rep. Dan Yardley, D-Livingston, noted that the state had long been exempting parsonages as part of the general exemption for religious property. The 1975 Legislature was merely trying to "legalize the status quo," he said, not grant broad new exemptions.

appeared before the committee to take the department to task for granting exemptions to private lature had twice rejected them.

I think Revenue has too much power, determining issues contrary to the Legislature," he said.

He said Cascade County stands to lose \$30,000 to \$35,000 from the exemptions.

Rep. Mel Williams, D-Laurel agreed that it was "not the intent of the Legislature to exempt private buses.'

The department's reasoning, according to lawyer Larry Schuster, is that as long as the property is used exclusively for an educational use. the fact that it's privately owned is inconsequential. This outpart, policy reason for exempting such Y Sen. Tom Towe, D-Billings, suggested that the law be revised to allow exemptions only for property owned by schools and other exempt entities. Rep. Jack Ramirez. R-Billings, objected that if an entity leases property for tax advantages. shouldn't be denied the exemption.

school bus operators after the Legis- X Schuster told the committee there is also a gray area in the exemption laws reparding what are termed "institutions of purely public charity." That "antiquated" terminology is given "very liberal interpretation" by the State Tax Appeal Board, he said. "They are willing to apply an exemption to any organization with a benevolent attitude." 765 M46H

The committee also discussed the confusion surrounding exemptions "quasi-government" entities. Rural fire districts recently sought exemption for all their personal and real property, according to Schuster.

"Perhaps there is a valid public property," he said in a memo. "However, the Leigislature has not provided such an exemption and thus one must not be implied. Neverthe less, the State Tax Appeal Board recently decided that such property is tax-exempt."



FLATHEAD 4-H FOUNDATION, INC.

"SERVING YOUTH - OUR MOST PRECIOUS RESOURCE"



March 26, 1985

Recd-Sat-mar. 30, 1985

H.B. 365 -(19

Session

Paul Pistoria House of Representatives Capitol Building Helena, Montana 59601

Dear Rep. Pistoria,

The Flathead 4-H Foundation is very appreciative of your efforts supporting amendments to HB 851 which kept 4-H owned camp property tax exempt under Montana Law. The Flathead 4-H Foundation built a camp at Loon Lake near Bigfork in 1981-82 and it was an arduous task involving lots of volunteer labor and donated materials.

The camp has been a very useful facility for 4-H in Western Montana since all the western counties use it for camping programs. HB 851 as originally written would have placed the facility back on property tax rolls even though the Flathead 4-H Foundation has its own 501(c)3 federal tax exemption. We would have been treated differently than other youth group owned property. It would have forced large increase in our camp use fees, and we try to provide camping experience to youth at minimal cost.

Therefore, we thank you sincerely for your support and efforting in successfully amending HB 851.

In appreciation,

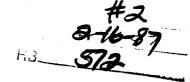
Darrell E. Fenner, Extension 4-H Program Coordinator Flathead County Marjorie Olsen, Chairman Flathead 4-H Foundation

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140512 EX #2



HOUSE BILL 512 - Aircraft Fee

Summary by sponsor - Bob Ream

What does this bill do?

- -- Removes aircraft from class 8 property.
- -- Substitutes a fee in lieu of class 8 taxes.
- -- Gives Montana Aeronautics Division responsibility for collecting the fee.
- -- 90% of fees collected will go back to the counties where collected, and distributed as before.
- -- A penalty of five times the fee will be assessed to anyone that fails to register an aircraft.
- -- The fee will lower the effective tax rate on each aircraft.

Why do we need it?

- -- Montana aircraft taxes are way out of line with other states.
- -- Many aircraft have been moved out of Montana.
- -- The present system for assessing, collecting and enforcing the tax simply is not working because:
 - a. Many aircraft registered in Montana are not taxed (only 1825 of 3320 registered pay the tax.
 - b. Aircraft are very mobile personal property.
 - c. Aircraft are often moved to other states.
 - d. Aircraft are often kept at an airport away from the property owner, often in a different county.
 - e. The Montana Aeronautics Division registers aircraft, but taxation is carried out as with other property tax.
- -- Montana commercial aircraft operators are at a competitive disadvantage with seasonal operators from other states for spraying, fire surveys, fire fighting, and other contracts, because of our tax. Although, they are supposed to register their aircraft and pay the tax, most do not.

HB 512

1. Page 2, lines 21 and 22.
Following: "account" on line 21
Strike: "of the agency fund type"
Insert: "in the state special revenue fund"

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PPPRAISED	WE.UE.	479,700	1,639,245	1,689,691	284,688	346,858	4,949,685	883,688	887,988	146, 966	478,411	57,588	669, 425	893, 785	63,961	1,819,744	327,958	594, 900	3,450	67,910	1, 451, 958	257,000	218,250	543,878	1, 329, 645	145,288	397, 950	514, 668	443,478	81,629	18,599	3, 835, 688	181,500
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COUNTY	BECKERIFOR	BIG HORN	BLAINE	BROADMATER	CARBON	CARTER	CASCADE	CHOUTERU	CUSTER	DANIELS	DAKSON	DEER LODGE	FRLLON	FERBUS	PLATHE COD	GALLATIN	GAINET SEL D	BLACIER	GOLDEN VALLEY	GRANI TE	HIL.	JEFFERSON .	JUDITH BASIN	LAKE	LEWIS PARD CLARK	LIBERTY	LINCILN	NOSION	NC CONE	ECHET	MINERAL	MISSOULA	MUSSEL SHELL

2/627

TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF HB512

15126

"An Act Imposing a Fee in Lieu of Tax on Aircraft" by Ted Mathis, Chairman, Montana Board of Aeronautics

My name is Ted Mathis. I am the Airport Manager at

Gallatin Field, Bozeman, and serve as Chairman of the Montana

Board of Aeronautics and President of the Montana Airport Management

Association representing the airport operators of our state.

The State Aeronautics Board has representatives from:

Montana's Fixed Base Operators and Flying services,

Montana Pilots Association, Airlines serving Montana,

League of Cities and Towns, State Chamber of Commerce, County

Commissioners, Aviation Education, and the Montana Airport

Management Association. The Aeronautics Board unanimously supports

this bill as does the Montana Airport Management Association.

In recent years we have seen a terrible outward migration of general aviation aircraft and associated jobs. We have also witnessed corporate officials who were considering basing aircraft in Montana, take their aircraft and associated jobs elsewhere once they discovered how much the tax bill would be in Montana. At our airport, the number of based aircraft has dropped from 117 to 87 in the past two years. Other airports throughout the state report similar declines.

If our valuable general aviation industry is going to continue to provide service to Montana and jobs for Montanans, we must have a more equitable tax system for these aircraft.

We urge your favorable support of House Bill 512.



Bruce-Andersen Co., Inc.

STATEMENT BY

BRUCE-ANDERSEN CO., INC.

IN SUPPORT OF HOUSE BILL 572

Bruce-Andersen Co., Inc., is a Small Business Construction Company with its Home Office in Bozeman, Montana.

It performs construction work throughout Western United States. While good business and economics would suggest establishing its main office in California, it maintains its Main Office in Bozeman only because the owners of the company like the life style there. The company employs 10 local people and pays State Income Taxes and local Property Taxes.

To maintain its office in Bozeman and to administer its construction work in other states, it has acquired a Cessna Citation corporate jet. It pays in excess of \$18,000 a year in local property taxes.

This is excessive and oppressive--no adjoining state charges this size of tax. It is anti-small business. It is this type of tax treatment that scares off small business from the state.

House Bill 572 is an equitable approach to this problem. It deserves your support.

BRUCE-ANDERSEN CO., INC.

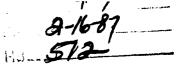
Bv:

ames J. Bottoml

Vice President

Contract Administration

MONTANA AVIATION TRADES ASSOCIATION MONTANA PILOTS ASSOCIATION



SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY BEFORE THE HOUSE TAXATION COMMITTEE ON HB512, FEBRUARY 16, 1987

House Bill 512 will result in everyone who owns an aircraft in Montana paying an equitable annual fee. This bill is much more than a revenue bill it addresses a very serious commerce issue, the ability of corporations to operate from Montana. Passage of this bill will:

- 1. Keep aircraft and jobs in Montana.
- 2. Allow aviation business in Montana to compete with operators in neighboring states.
- Foster and promote additional aircraft to base in Montana.
- 4. Be equitable to all aircraft owners.
- 5. Be easier to enforce.

HB512 is not revenue neutral but neither is the current law. Aircraft are leaving the state and lowering the tax base. For example, the taxable value of aircraft in Cascade county has gone from \$662,000 in 1983 to \$356,000 in 1985. In Yellowstone county it went from \$1,419,000 in 1984 to 1,115,000 in 1985.

The legislature can take action now and by imposing realistic fees on aircraft keep the aircraft and jobs in Montana or do nothing and lose the revenue by losing the tax base.

HISTORY:

In 1978 an attempt was made to lower taxes on aircraft when the tax on Class 8 property was changed from 20% to the current 11%. At the same time the way aircraft were appraised was changed. This change increased the appraised value of aircraft by 268%. The net result was that in 1978, 180 fewer aircraft were on the tax rolls but the taxable value of those aircraft increased by more than 1-million dollars.

Department of Revenue figures show that the taxable value of aircraft has remained relatively unchanged since 1978, although there were 251 more aircraft paying taxes in 1985 than in 1978. This is the issue. Aircraft of higher value are being registered in adjoining states where registration and/or taxes are significantly lower.

YEAR	NUMBER	APPRAISED VALUE	TAXABLE VALUE
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983	1,400 1,527 1,708 1,528 1,520 1,455 1,515 1,511 1,410 1,783	\$12,343,952 13,909,967 16,637,630 39,896,057 40,613,239 39,058,875 44,695,436 43,187,348 42,416,996 49,990,719	\$2,468,781 2,781,993 3,327,526 4,388,569 4,467,456 4,296,476 4,916,503 4,750,608 4,624,342 5,499,157
1985	1,789	41,829,770	4,601,855

Taxation in Surrounding States conducted by the Montana Department of Aeronautics February 1986)

Current Tax Structure Inequitable: Currently only about 57% of Montana aircraft owners are paying taxes. Federal Aviation Administration records indicate that 3,800 aircraft are registered in Montana. Although some of these aircraft might have been sold or have left the state, the Department of Aeronautics estimates that there are between 3,000 and 3,200 aircraft in the state.

Department of revenue figures show that 1,825 aircraft were taxed last year.

<u>Enforcement</u>: Current law is not enforceable as evidenced by the fact that almost half of the aircraft registered in Montana are not being taxed and the cost of enforcement under current law is excessive considering the amount of tax generated. County assessors had to prepare for appeal hearings involving almost one third of the aircraft assessed last year.

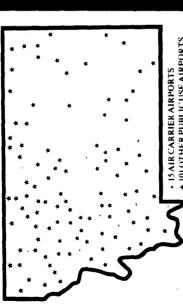
HB512 transfers responsibility for enforcement from the Department of Revenue to the Department of Aeronautics. The Department of Aeronautics has access to the information necessary to find and bill current aircraft owners.

HB512 also provides for the paying of a fee by transient aircraft which will enable Montana businesses to compete on the same basis with out of state operators

HB314 NOT THE ANSWER TO THE AIRCRAFT TAX PROBLEM:

HB314 would lower Class 8 property taxes from 11% to 6%. Although this bill would provide a great amount of tax relief to other Class 8 property owners it would not solve the commerce issues of aircraft. Nor would HB314 address the equity problems caused by the lack of depreciation in aircraft values.

Lowering the tax on a corporate jet from \$100,000 to \$55,000 would not bring aircraft back to the State. Lowering operating costs to pay taxes from \$79 to \$43 per hour for a helicopter operator will still not allow him to be competitive with out of state operators. Only HB512 will accomplish this.



★ 101 OTHER PUBLIC USE AIRPORTS





116 PUBLIC USE AIRPORTS in Montana geographicly cover all sections of Big Sky country. Certainly without aviation the economy, as we know it, would transportation. People depend upon it. Everyone not exist. Business requires the advantages of air benefits because the airport and aviation are vital:

- It means time and lives saved
- It means freedom and mobility
- It means recreation and tourism
 - It means products and jobs

 - It means business!



MONTANA'S AIRPORTS MEAN BUSINESS!

LOCAL AIRPORT IMPACI



LOCAL PURCHASES BY VISITORS

INDUCED ADDITIONAL LOCAL RESPENDING

TOTAL AIRPORT ECONOMIC EFFECT

AIRPORT JOBS

TOTAL LOCAL JOBS DUE TO AIRPORT.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT:

GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT of Montana is directly intertwined with aviation. A key factor in any business decision to expand or relocate involves the health of area air transportation. It's a fact - Montana airports attract economic growth. The challenge is to continue to build on the state's vital aviation resource to the benefit of all.





transportation---it is an important in-AVIATION IN MONTANA is far dustry that means millions to communities across the state and over half a billion dollars to the statewide the Montana Airport Management Association commissioned a 1985 study and airport survey by Venture tion was developed with methodology Promotion, and the United States economy. To measure this impact, Research Corporation. This informaassistance from the Illinois Department Transportation, the National Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association, The Montana Department of Travel a vital mode Travel Data Center. more than



aviation services, (2) Indirect dollars which are the purchases of the "Users" of aviation services, and (3) Induced impact or the "Spinoff" multiplier effect of dollars being spent and respent within the local ECONOMIC IMPACT RELATED TO AIRPORTS are the expenditures of the "Providers" of airport and can be viewed in three parts: (1) Direct dollars which economy.

lotal Impact of Montana Airports in 1985 was

conservatively calculated from survey to be:

+\$132.2 million of Direct airport expenditures

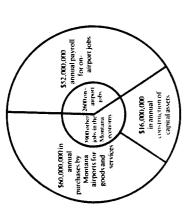
million of Indirect purchases by users of airports + \$88.1

million of Induced spending by others in the community

million annual statewide Economic Benefit of Airports

= \$583.8

WE ALL DEPEND UPON AVIATION













WITH OVER HALF A BILLION DOLLARS of annual statewide economic impact, the aviation industry is a key business segment. Each year Montana aviation is:

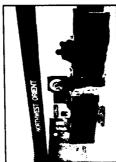
 An employer of 6500 of your friends and neighbors • A purchaser of \$60 million of goods and services

An investor of \$16 million in capital assets

 A taxpayer of \$4.2 million in aircraft property taxes and state income taxes And revenues to support airports stem largely from charges to those who directly use the airport, such as airlines, other terminal tenants, and on-site businesses.

Montana results in significant impact to local economies. 2600 men and women work directly on airports for the airfield for these people reaches 52 million EMPLOYMENT ON AIRPORTS in or its tenant businesses. Annual payroll dollars. For each on-airport job, another 1½ jobs are created in the local economy making the full effect of aviation related employment at 6500 jobs. This important industry is the livelihood and the support for approximately 20,000 Montanans.





FLIGHT ACTIVITY IS GROWING at Montana airports. Each day 120 airline flights by 8 different air carriers move 4500 passengers and hundreds of tons of cargo. General aviation airports across the state accommodate 900 business flights daily. In one year's time, 1.6 million airline passengers and I million

light plane passengers pass through state

airports.

210.03 million 200.38 million 180.53 million Total Tax 1986 590.94 million Average Mils 256 % Taxable 35.5 33.9 30.6 Value % Market Value 68.2 28 3.8 100 7.85 classes (5-11) (15-19) .95 classes 1 and 2 27.7 billion all classes 18.9 billion classes 3,4, Market Value Statewide 12, 13 and 14

Assumptions based on statewide average mill levy of 256 mils.

Effective tax rate a % of Market Value (5-11) (15-19) 2.00 1.75 1.5 1.5 1.5	ective tax rate as			
		Tax Relief/Year in millions	Taxes paid 1986	& Cut
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3, 4, 12, 13, and 1.11 14 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.90 1.90 1.75	.11 .00 .90 .80	0.00 20.80 39.74 58.66 68.12	210.03 million 189.22 million 170.29 million 151.37 million 141.91 million	0 10 19 28 32

All figures based on an average statewide mill levy of 256 mils.

Basis of this information supplied by LFA.

	Market Value		Taxable Value
	Tax Year		Tax Year
Property Tax Class	1986	Tax Rate	1986
1 Net Proceeds	\$560,268,212	100.00%	\$560,268,212
2 Gross Proceeds	\$400,437,981		\$144,795,713
3 Ag Land	\$460,867,721	30.00%	\$141,288,692
4 Other Land and Improvements	\$16,073,681,443	3.86%	\$602,998,0 5 9
5 Co-ops/New Industry	\$1,017,759,625	X00.E	\$30,553,404
6 Livestock	\$732,937,708	4.00%	\$31,066,368
7 Small Telephone & Electric Co-cps	\$97,704,115	8.00%	\$3,869,910
8 Agric & Mining Equip	\$1,332,920,075	11.00%	\$201,737,378
9 Commercial Prop	\$ 363,744,72 8	13.00%	\$47,418,731
10 Other Property	\$183,970,398	16.00%	\$29,543,487
11 Centrally Assessed	\$2,839,532,550	12.00%	\$340,547,997
12 Mobi ^l e Homes	\$3 91,017,456	3.86%	\$15,365,175
13 Timberland	\$171,873,7 68	3.84%	\$5,600,120
14 Improvements on Ag Land	\$1,788,492,241	3.088%	\$55,176,802
15 Railroads	\$698,690,259	12.00%	\$83,847,680
16 Nancommercial Personal	\$46,319,142	11.00%	\$5,095,158
17 Airlines	\$33,634,675	12.00%	\$4,056,518
18 Mining Claims	\$0	30.00%	\$0
19 Nonproductive Real (20 acres	\$5,709	2.00%	\$118
TOTAL	\$27,695,957,996		\$2,308,229,522
Classes 3, 4, 12, 13 and 14	\$18,885,932,629 68.19%	4.34%	\$820,428,848 35.54%
Classes 5,6,7,8,9,10,11,15,16,17,18,19	\$7,849,319,174 28.34%	9.97%	\$782,735,749 33.91%
Classes 1, 2	\$960,705,193 3.47%	73.39%	\$705,063,925 30.55%

e to a contract

WITNESS STATEMENT

2-16-87 527

NAME Jerrence D. Carmody	BILL NO HB-527
ADDRESS By 204 Townsend Mt 59644	DATE 2/11/87
WHOM DO YOU REPRESENT? What Fores War	
SUPPORT OPPOSE	AMEND
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.	
Comments:	
If revenue has to be raised we	would
rather see the 20% surtay thou a sa	le tay.
June James	

P.O. BOX 2127 926 CENTRAL AVENUE GREAT FALLS, MONTANA 59403 (406) 761-4434

February 2, 1987

TO: House Taxation Committee

Cascade County Legislative Delegation

FROM: Roger W. Young, President

SUBJECT: AIRCRAFT TAXATION REFORM

Following a recommendation from the Transportation Committee, the Chamber's Board of Directors went on record to endorse HB 512 sponsored by Rep Bob Ream which would replace the property tax on non-airline aircraft with a sliding fee scale based on the type and age of aircraft. For example, the charge for a new corporate jet would drop from a property tax of about \$100,000 to a \$3,000 fee. The same aircraft would be taxed only about \$125 in Idaho, Oregon and Washington. The Transportation Committee maintained that although this represents a loss of revenue to state and local governments, the revenue is being lost anyhow. Due to the high unfair rates, the state is having fewer and fewer aircraft to tax, especially the more expensive corporate jets which are being based out of state.

12-16-87

CONSULTANTS:

- Airport
- Industrial
- Planning
- Research

Post Office Box 597 • Phone 406-388-1882 Belgrade, MT 59714

February 4, 1987

RE: H B 512

MEMO TO: Dorothy B. Dick C. Walter S. John V. Norm W.

FROM: Jim Monger

FROM: Jim Monger

Good morning Gallatin Representatives,

First, and most important, you are doing great and hang in there!

House Bill 512 is beyond a doubt the BEST piece of aircraft

taxation legislation I've seen introduced in twenty years.

It will result in everyone who owns an aircraft paying an equitable annual fee. The way it is now, the personal property tax imposed on aircraft in Montana has caused major businesses, such as some Super Markets and Banks, and many other big money folks and corporations, to avoid taxes by basing their aircraft in neighboring states when they should be in Montana. As much as I hate to say it, this truly is an example of what we have all been accused of, and that is having an anti business attitude in Montana.

The existing law also causes many Montanans who own aircraft, to simply not register them, thus avoiding the exorbitant property tax. Sure its illegal, but its easy, and maybe as many as 40% of all aircraft owners in the state have been caught up into this dishonest practice. They feel the gamble of being caught is no big deal because the penalty isn't that bad, and they know noone is enforcing it. This would not be true with the registration fee as set forth in H B 512.

Anyway the new bill will:

- Bé equitable to all aircraft owners, jets as well as cubs. Foster and promote additional aircraft to base in Montana.
- C. Create new aircraft purchasing in Montana.
- D. Be easier to enforce the new law.
- Will in time, result in even a greater fee income as compared to the present tax income paid by a few.

When House Bill 512 goes into committe and when it hits

the floor, I respectfully urge your support to it's passage.

If at any time I can be of assistance to any of you, please give me a call.

Thank you for your interest and time.

Mike - this also went to some of the House Tax Comm. — give a copy to Bob Howard please don't have his address Regardo



EMARIT 2-16.87
HB

417 East Idaho, Suite # Post Office 8ox 307 Kalispell, MT. 59903-307

Paul R. Palmer Registered Representative (406) 752-1400

> Thursday December 11, 1986

State of Montana Aeronautics Division ATTN: Mike Ferguson P. O. Box 5178 Helena, MT 59604

RE: Airplane Taxation

Dear Mike:

As in the past, we are asking for your assistance. Enclosed, herewith, you will find a letter accompanied by many signatures which protest the current Montana taxation system for airplanes. Although this represents only a small portion of the people that are against the present structure, it can give you an idea of the type of public input that would be available if needed.

Please see that the technical advisory committee for the aviation board is given a copy as well as any other board or government body that could influence a positive decision.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul R. Palmer

Paul Palmer

PRP/sp

enc.



TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, AND WE DO HOPE YOU ARE CONCERNED:

We, the undersigned, respectfully solicit your support in providing EQUITABLE TAXATION OF AIRPLANES.

Points to consider:

- A. Planes are excessively taxed when compared with other transportation of similar value (motor homes and automobiles).
- B. Although planes are taxed as farm machinery (which they are not) the depreciation schedule allowed for the machinery is NOT allowed for aircraft, book value is used instead.
- C. Montana is isolated because of the geographic location, minimal highways, and lack of population. Does it make sense to penalize a system that can provide a key for obtaining business and tourism?
- E. The airports in Montana are largely supported by the FAA, thus providing opportunity for economic growth at a minimum cost to the state.

PLEASE draft and support a legislative bill that will make taxation bearable!

RECOMMENDATION:

Tax aircraft in the same class as a motor vehicle with a maximum limit equal to the same laws governing the RV's within our state.

Do not increase the aviation gas tax, it is already to a rate that should be considered maximum.

Thank you for giving attention to a very important but understated problem.

SUBMITTED BY THE FLATHEAD HANGAR OF THE MONTANA PILOT ASSOC. AND CONCERNED CITIZENS.

425 Sendro Dr. Kalagell Jeny J. Sluk 308 Farent 28 ille Village Kaligell Charter & Severion 445 LETH AUR.W. KALISARLL MT 425 Sendero On. Kalispell, M John Marin Køren Dock 2040 Farm to XIK4. Rd Li Jung Spublies. 811 Younge Hall Rd, Kolspell, MA. Metal Finley 1314 4th St. West, Malispell, Mill Frank Boylan 810 5th Ave west Kalley 1 Small. Ros 645 Shadow Iane Valignell, 27t. Wagne Just While Menter 737 GAUR E KAlispell MT Box 86 Cut Bank, MT. 5943 Chales Hanson 642 Urgar Fore Kar. 750-8105 Lon Seatt 1530 Hwy 2 west Kal Wast Show Polson, MT. Han Claybool Bill Barba 20 DACE DACE John J. Hauson 410% College AU, KALISPEL, MT 4170 HWY 2 EAST KIAL. MIT 1. R. Milala 195 Missy Line Whiteloh, MT 90 Pleasant View DV. Kolispell, nd. Estle Hunt Jay & Smith 2186 from to Market Rel. Kilispell July Bain \$729 300 Ave E.# 7 Katapell Chuck Koelle 4976 WHITEFISH 975. RD. Col Fill Kelendenle-(MURE NAMES ON BACK)

I down when I 10 Beach low Big Fork mt 50911

Fired thing Box 609 & ka Mts 59901

Ty Strong 33 Janes valle at Kolmt. 19901

Sylvey O. Torgerson 30 Hillcrest Dr Kal mont

20,992 TM NOIGHM

3121 LOWER LOST PRAIRIE PRAD

Fred Sand

Paul R. Palmer P.O. Bx 3070 KALISASLY MI 810-5th aws. West Theodorafoss Kalispell, MT. Get Sylvan Ct Kasisper NIT 59901 Arthur F. Thougson Jen H. Williams 588 Aero Fane Bigfork Mil 59911 olur. Styster M. 245 THAD AND E. KALISPELL. 55901 Bruce & me entyre, m. D. mt. Late Hasp Den Ladge W. n. mettyre 150 Aurora De., Laberide 59922 James Q. Fleming 140 Shengon. Kalipell Mt 59801 Silma J. Fleming 140 Slevy Lin. Kalipell, Mrs. 5990 Jandia D. Palmer f. O. Box 3010, Kalispell, Mf. Pieta M. - Grent. 1026 5 4Th ST. W. Kalispell, Mt. 59901 Pieta M. - Grent. 149 Main str. Walingell Mont

Mysen attand
Mailyn Strand
William L. Holgsleiss
Carl J. Heat
Bill Warns

Am Abla

Alm J. Houson

We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the pill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the oill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the oill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the bill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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Leonard Healey	Belgrade	388-1538
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Victor Blate I	Bozeman	586-1931
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Thomas W. Workman	Sallatin Golden ay	995-42,89
Rusell Oll	GLASGOW	228-4364
Donald D. Ross	Kalvojsell	755-2618
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The s	Hemon &	Forson, NT	578-2372
		Bozeman, Mt	587-5166
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James	Melhouse.	13 ongway Mit	763-4804
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NAME	city	PHONE
Burton & Kingor	Butte	723-5536
Dale a. Weiner	Putte	733-7364
000	Bulle	4114-2-1-55
Joe Charvat	Batte	494-2455
CILATOR CO	Rife	762-0512
Silver	RUTTE	44-3514
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Mike Naegele	HelewA	442-4380
Mike Mulrosy	Melena	442-7450 (ma
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Tatty Willes	Bozenn	388-6987

We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the bill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

Passage of this bill would not only generate more aircraft and their related activity in the state, therby creating a stronger business climate, but would also place Montana (although still higher), in closer parity to the fee other states collect.

MAMÉ CITY Telephone #
Willard & Kimby Luit 535-545-7

Thed Hillet Lut 538-8345

Mich Briggertag stantard 566-2236

We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the bill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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MAME Marcia Johnson Padas Jane	EITY Butte Butte	PHONE 494-8030 494-803C
Welly Caranto	Butter	723-7737
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We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the bill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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Support HB512

TO THE MONTANA STATE LEGISLATORS

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We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the bill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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We, the pilots and taxpayers of Montana, strongly urge the enactment of the bill advocating a fixed Fee registration in lieu of the present unfair property tax being imposed on aircraft.

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VISITORS' REGISTER

BILL NO. HB 395 DATE FEB 16, 1987

HOUSE TAXATION COMMITTEE

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SPONSOR			
NAME (please print)	REPRESENTING	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
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IF YOU CARE TO WRITE COMMENTS, ASK SECRETARY FOR WITNESS STATEMENT FORM. PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.

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COMMITTEE 1

BILL NO. 43-517

DATE 3-16-87

SPONSOR KEAM

NAME (please print)	RESIDENCE	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
CAEY DUNCAN	HELEIN	X	
FRED LARK	Lewistown	X	
Bill Rogers	LIGHTOWN	X	
Bob Hanny	Hilena	X	
Jim Stelfelf	Telena:	X	
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Charles Rogers	Luistown	×	
Guy Willson	Moore	X	
Mike Biggerstaft	stantrd	X	
Willy Frimby	Lewistous	X	
RAY THOMPSON	KACISPECC	X	
John Temple	Helena	X	
La Mye	Kalespell	X	
John Manley	Misseula	I X	
Steve Brown!	Mt. Pilots Assoc. Mt. Aviation Trades Assoc.	X	
BOB DOKAN	Helepp - Representing	X	-
LETA LIVOTI	Helman aviation - Sr. Fall		
tak North	TURNER WI	X	
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IF YOU CARE TO WRITE COMMENTS, ASK SECRETARY FOR WITNESS STATEMENT FORM

PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.

TAXHTTON

216.47___ COMMITTEE 5/2

BILL	NO.	HB-517

SPONSOR KEAM

NAME (please print)	RESIDENCE	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Ion MEGREE	4las		
Gordon Morris	MACO		
It & Bill Holter	Great Falls	L	
Louis Mertzia	Enaconda	V	
KATHRYN MERTZIC	ANACONLA	-	-
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Chark D. Rice	Anacordo,		
LARRY VIANO	Kalispell,	V	
VEFF MORRISON	HELENH		
Myron K Mike Strand	Cour Dece	-	
PAUL DRENNON	1tEE-NA	1	
Russell DAHL (MPA)	GLASGOW	V	
ERIC RACINE	BozEMM	V	
HARRY E. NOEL JR.	BELGRADE	/	
Robert A. Taylor	Bozernan	V	
Donna Wilhelm	Helens	V	
Clayton D Withelm	Helena	V	
Brenda Spirey	Welena		
ROWER PHILLIPS	HELENA	L	

IF YOU CARE TO WRITE COMMENTS, ASK SECRETARY FOR WITNESS STATEMENT FORM.

PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.

COMMITTEE

BILL NO. <u>HB 5/2</u> DATE <u>2-16-87</u>

SPONSOR REAM

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NAME (please print)	RESIDENCE	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
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IF YOU CARE TO WRITE COMMENTS, ASK SECRETARY FOR WITNESS STATEMENT FORM.

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HB 527

VISITORS' REGISTER

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HOUSE TAXATION	COMMITTEE '
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VISITORS' REGISTER

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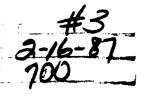
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Marvin Barber	Mr. Assessors A	700n V	
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IF YOU CARE TO WRITE COMMENTS, ASK SECRETARY FOR WITNESS STATEMENT FORM. PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.

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MONTANA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ALLIANCE



SEED CAPITAL FUND BONDING PROGRAM

HB 700

PROGRAM BACKGROUND The two most common reasons behind small business failures in our country are a lack of access to business management expertise and inadequate capital. In both regards, Montana is no exception. In particular, there is a significant lack of risk capital in our state which makes it especially difficult for small entrepreneurial businesses to sustain themselves through the early stages of development and growth — a period when adequate capital is extremely critical.

LACK OF RISK CAPITAL

capital is extremely critical

MSTA - SEED CAPITAL One of the primary purposes of the Science and Technology Alliance is to provide seed (or very early stage) capital to technology-based businesses. During the past 18 months the Alliance has invested \$1.2 million in 9 seed capital projects. The Alliance Board of Directors is convinced that the potential exists to productively invest a considerably larger sum in the future in these kinds of projects.

PURPOSE OF SEED CAPITAL

The need for seed financing in Montana is particularly acute. A surprisingly large number of early stage companies are attempting to develop profitable business ventures—throughout the state, but the lack of available capital is the principal impediment. This is the most difficult stage of business development for attracting capital investment. In the past year and a half the Alliance has received funding requests from over 40 such companies for almost \$6 million in investment capital.

BONDING MECHANISM The mechanism being proposed to enable the Alliance to help address this need is a \$16 million, 6-year bonding program which would result in the creation of a \$15 million seed capital fund. The program would work like this: between \$2.5 and \$3.5 million in taxable bonds would be sold each year by the Alliance. Proceeds from these issues would be invested in two ways. First, up to \$3 million would be invested in as many as 3 private sector certified capital companies for reinvestment in seed and start-up companies in Montana. These funds would

USES OF PROCEEDS

CAPITAL

have to be matched on at least a dollar-for-dollar basis by private investors in the capital company. The result would be the capitalization of three private venture investment funds which would be in a position to provide risk capital to worthy companies throughout the state.

DIRECT TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS

The second use of proceeds would be for direct technology investments in seed stage companies by the Alliance. Approximately \$3 million per biennium would be available for this purpose, with the investment decisions made by the Alliance board of directors.

DEFERRED COUPON BONDS

COAL TRUST FUND AS SECURITY

The bonds themselves would have a deferred debt service feature and would mature at around 12 years. This would allow the capital companies and Alliance investments adequate time to generate earnings on those investments. These earnings would then be used to retire the bonds. To make the bonds investment grade, the Coal Tax Permanent Trust Fund would be used as security. This means that if earnings on the technology investments were not adequate to make the debt service payments on the bonds when they came due, funds from the Trust would be used for that purpose. The absolute worst case scenario would require a maximum of \$38 million from the Trust Fund for debt service after a 12-year period. be required only if all the investments made with bond proceeds failed. Because the Trust Fund is involved passage of the legislation to create this program will require a three quarters vote of each house.

INVESTMENT PROCESS

The process the Alliances uses to make investment decisions is designed to make certain that only very high quality projects with significant earnings and economic development potential are selected for funding. This would apply to both the capital company and direct technology investments. In the case of the former, recipients of capital company investments would have to demonstrate a proven ability to assist in the successful development of new businesses and to make high quality investment decisions.

RIGOROUS EVALUATION AND DUE DILIGENCE

In the case of direct technology investments, the Alliance employs a rigorous evaluation and due diligence process to verify market size and potential, suitability of the product to the market, and adequacy of the management team to grow the company to achieve the business plan objectives.

RETURN ON INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS In return for its investment, the Alliance has and will continue to receive a discounted rate of return of between 15 and 25 percent, compounded annually. which is paid as a percentage of gross sales revenues once the company moves its product to market. In addition, the Alliance usually receives a "sales override" — an additional percentage of gross sales revenues — which typically begins after the basic investment is repaid and runs for a predetermined period of time, usually between 5 and 12 years.

RISKS

Typically, risk capital investments are viewed as high risk in nature. However, when considered as a part of a larger fund, the risky nature of such investments can be mitigated by diversifying the entire portfolio by financing a variety of projects, both in terms of time, nature of the company, and location of the company. Still, a program or fund such as this should expect losses. In fact, the industry standard suggests that for every 10 investments made, around 3 can be expected to fail outright, 3 to 4 more will do little better than break even, and the final three can be expected to do very well, returning the original investment as much as several times over. In attempting to determine a break-even point for this program, these assumptions were used, the result being that an average annual rate of return on the successful projects of about 15 percent would enable the bonds to be retired without subsidy from the Trust Fund. But again, it is important to keep in mind that all the projects funded could fail; under those circumstance, the maximum risk to the Trust would be \$38 million at the end of 12 years.

BENEFITS

The potential benefits of this program are significant. The typical company supported through this type of program is technology oriented with very high growth potential. This can benefit the Montana economy in several positive ways: (1) large numbers of new jobs can be directly created by the portfolio companies themselves (approximately 1,000 could result from the \$1.2 million in investments to date); (2) large numbers of new jobs in support industries (i.e., precision machining, breadboard computer assembly, injection molded plastics) could also result from the growth of new technology companies; (3) new tax revenues could be generated at both the local and state level; and (4) Montana's basic industries could become much more competitive on a national scale (many of the companies considered for investment are attempting to develop products for agriculture, forest products, and mining).

SUMMARY

Providing a ready source of seed financing in Montana is crucial to the continued development of the entrepreneurial sector of our economy. However, it does not necessarily involve an indefinite commitment. In fact, it is believed that the 6-year seed fund proposed here would be principally a "pump-priming" measure and that by the end of that period the private sector in our state would be providing the level of risk capital necessary to support these kinds of companies. This program thus provides a significant opportunity to stimulate Montana's economy over the next several years — it is a long-term in investment in our future that could reap huge rewards.

MONTANA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ALLIANCE TYPES OF INVESTMENTS

MSTA FUNDS	MSTA PRIVATE SEED FUNDS	PRIVATE VENTURE FUNDS MSTA	PRIVATE VENTURE FUNDS
APPLIED RESEARCH	SEED CAPITAL	START-UP CAPITAL	EXPANSION CAPITAL
Development of concept Confirmation of research studies	Proof of concept Prototype devel- opment Prototype testing Final product design Business plan development Marketing plan development Manufacturing plan	Initiate manufac- turing Significant market penetration (mainly regional)	(i.e., regional

MONTANA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ALLIANCE PROJECTED USE OF SEED FUND BOND PROCEEDS (000 \$)

EXPENDI TURE			PICC	AL YEAR			
ITEM	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	TOTAL
Capital Company Investments	1,000	1,000	1,000				3,000
Direct Technology Investments	1,500	1,500	2,000	3,000	2,000	1,800	11,800
Administrative Costs	73	105	105	105	105	105	598
Costs of Issuance	90	90	90	90	90	90	540
TOTALS	2,663	2,695	3,195	3,195	2,195	1,995	15,938