MINUTES OF THE MEETING JOINT SUBCOMMITTEE ON EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS MONTANA STATE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 28, 1985

Tape 27 Side A

The meeting of the Education Subcommittee was called to order by Chairman Gene Donaldson at 7:35 A.M. on Monday, January 28, 1985, in Room 104 of the State Capitol.

All members were present.

The purpose of the meeting was hearing the <u>Budget</u> of the Agricultural Experiment Station.

The first witness was Representative Jerry Devlin (27:A:034), House District 25, who discussed the Fort Keogh hog operation and said he has been in touch with hog producers in his district, and many of them are unhappy with moving the operation out of Miles City. He said he supports the concept of leaving the operation in Fort Keogh because he believes that in the state there is a special need for a facility that addresses the raising of dirt hogs.

The next witness was <u>Senator Les Hirsch</u> (27:A:078) of <u>Miles City</u>. He said he supports the facility at Fort Keogh. It is an old facility, he said, but well kept, given the limited revenues that have been available.

A presentation was made by <u>Sib Clack</u> (27:A:122), <u>Office</u> of the Budget and Program Planning (EXHIBIT 1). The Agricultural Experiment Station was established at Montana State University in 1893 by the Legislature. The Experiment Station is composed of 14 research and service departments and laboratories located at Bozeman and seven research centers located throughout the state.

The total agency is budgeted as two programs, Ms. Clack said, the first being the Agricultural Experiment Station. The second program within the agency budget is LARRS, which is the USDA Livestock and Range Research Station at Miles City. LARRS is a joint federal/state operation. There have been some program changes involving the dairy and swine and livestock nutrition programs within the Agricultural Experiment Station and the U.S. Range Station. This has resulted in a reduction of 4.02 FTE at the Range Station and an increase of two FTE in the main operation.

The Board of Regents' approved agency request for the 1987 biennium represents a 12 percent increase over the 1985 biennium, Ms. Clack said. The Executive budget recommends 90 percent of the total agency request. The Agricultural Experiment Station personal services recommendation for FY 86 represents the agency's request without modifications and minus 4 percent vacancy savings. The Executive budget recommends \$6,538,844 for personal services for each year of the biennium, she said.

The Executive recommends an operating budget for FY 86 of \$1,635,485 and for FY 87 \$1,648,789. The Executive equipment recommendation is \$251,150 for FY 86 and \$203,000 for FY 87, Ms. Clack said.

For the Range Station, the personal services recommendation from the Executive budget is \$720,913 per year. This is the agency request minus 4 percent, Ms. Clack said. The operating budget recommendation is \$148,929 in FY 86 and \$150,220 in FY 87. The equipment budget recommended by the Executive is \$1,500 for each year.

The next presentation was made by Bill Sykes (27:A:258) of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst's office (EXHIBIT 2). The major difference between the Executive budget and the LFA in FTE is 2.59 FTE. The Executive provided funding for the 2.59 FTE who were employed on the agency's dairy research project. The dairy research project is scheduled to terminate in FY 85. The project employed 5.59 FTE. The agency deleted three FTE associated with the project, but requests to retain in the current level budget the remaining 2.59 FTE. The Executive also included higher benefits and higher benefit rates. The Executive included higher salaries for part-time employees in its budget, Mr. Sykes said.

Mr. Sykes said in the area of operating expenses the LFA exceeds the Executive in both years, primarily because of inflation factors. The Executive is higher in supplies and materials because the LFA current level allowed more budget reduction for the termination of the dairy research project. Also, an amount was added by the Executive to provide continued funding for weed research.

In the equipment budget the Executive is higher than the LFA, Mr. Sykes said. The Executive's equipment budget was derived by funding selected equipment items from a replacement schedule submitted by the agency. Current level analysis provides replacement capital for equipment items with a purchase price of less than \$2,000. The 1985 replacement cost of each category of equipment is derived

by dividing the equipment's replacement cost by its useful life and then subtracting a trade-in value. Inflation in each equipment schedule's price index is used to determine the FY 86 and FY 87 replacement cost. Requested equipment items costing more than \$2,000 are to be submitted in a prioritized list by the agency as modified requests.

Regarding funding, Mr. Sykes said the Executive used Experiment Station estimates of federal Hatch and regional research revenues. If the agency's estimates were used, the General Fund would have to be increased by \$40,489 in FY 86 and \$95,526 in FY 87. For state special revenue, the Executive used a five-year average to project state special revenue for FY 86 and FY 87. Current level analysis also used a five-year average, but added 4, 4.5 and 5 percent inflation for FY's 85, 86 and 87 respectively. Current level analysis also includes \$19,000 (projected) in state special revenue in FY 86 for the final installment on the Bozeman dairy herd to be paid by the prison ranch. The Executive exceeds the LFA in General Fund amounts.

Turning next to the U.S. Range Station (LARRS), Mr. Sykes said in the personal services area there is no difference in FTE between the Executive and LFA. The difference occurs primarily in employee benefits. Current level FTE decreased by 4 or 9.9 percent in the 1985 biennium because the U.S. Range Station is terminating the swine research project in FY 85. Three classified FTE and one professional FTE were deleted from the budget.

In the area of operating expenses, LFA current level is higher than the Executive, Mr. Sykes said, primarily because of inflation factors. Also, the LFA is higher in supplies and materials than the Executive. The large difference between the two budgets in FY 87 results from the Executive's reducing the agency's requested amount to purchase fertilizer.

The LFA's equipment budget is higher in each year, Mr. Sykes said. The Executive budget provides \$1,500 in each year to allow the agency to purchase one horse in each year. LFA current level provides \$3,000 to purchase two horses in each year, per the agency's request.

Mr. Sykes said the LFA budget is higher in each year in the area of funding for the U.S. Range Station.

An area of concern regarding the Range Station's budget is the radical decrease of the fund balance, Mr. Sykes said. Although depletion of the fund balance will decrease with termination of the swine research project, the fund balance will continue to be depleted into the 1987 biennium

because beef research fails to be self-supporting. Expenditures are projected to exceed revenue by 10.3 percent in the 1987 biennium with the termination of the swine research project. The present trend in revenues and expenditures indicates the fund balance will be exhausted by fiscal 1988, at which time it will be necessary for the Range Station to reduce programs or find additional sources of revenue, Mr. Sykes said.

A question and answer session followed between the Subcommittee members and Mr. Sykes (27:A:488).

The next witness was Dr. Bill Tietz (27:A:544), President, Montana State University. He said the testimony that will be heard by the Subcommittee today and tomorrow represents two of the ancillary programs of Montana State University that are designed to serve a particular element of the economy of the state. These combine with the Forest Experiment Station of the University of Montana and the Bureau of Mines at Montana Tech in representing the principal interrelationships with the state's natural resources. university/industry relationship and the matter of transfer of technology have become buzz words throughout higher education, academic circles and the nation's industries. He said the Agricultural Experiment Station was inaugurated the same year that Montana State University was founded, 1893, and it has maintained a close relationship with industry for that entire period of time.

Dr. Tietz said he would direct his comments to two elements of institutional concern. In terms of the general thrust of the Agricultural Experiment Station, one of the problems that it is struggling with is the one of centralization and decentralization. The Experiment Station has tried to bring agriculture to all corners of the state. Now there is the question of whether or not they should maintain a peripheral program in swine activities in Miles City, or should they consolidate for efficiency reasons on the campus.

The second principal thrust of the Experiment Station is one of keeping today's farmer and rancher in business. In the past, production efficiencies have been achieved by increasing volume and in so doing attempting to decrease unit cost. The result of that has been a consolidation of farms. The big farm now prevails, Dr. Tietz said, and the small farmer is driven out of business. The present pressures on the Agricultural Experiment Station speak to keeping the current farmer/rancher population in existence and healthy. This must be directed to increasing efficiency in terms of cost of production for the current farming/ranching establishement.

Dr. Tietz said Montana State University and the Agricultural Experiment Station do not consider the swine production program and the dairy production program to be They represent simple re-evaluation/evaluation modifieds. of the existing needs of the agricultural community as determined by the Advisory Committee to the Agricultural Experiment Station. He said the Advisory Committee was established by the Legislature in 1981. The purpose is to assess each of the agency's projects to determine merits and accomplishments, and then recommend either continuation, modification or termination and re-direction of resources. Those recommendations were brought forward relative to the dairy and swine programs, he said, and they in no way indicate that the agency's interests in dairy or swine have changed. They are only saying that there are internal modifications, Dr. Tietz said. are shifting direction, not changing in terms of need. He said he finds the practice of looking at each modification and subjecting it to the political process to be dangerous. He said those kinds of changes of program should not be considered program modifications.

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Dr. Tietz discussed vacancy savings. In a research enterprise like the Agricultural Experiment Station, the idea of funding raises or decreasing programs on the basis of vacancy savings is a serious one. He appealed to the Subcommittee to spend some time with the Agricultural Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service people to discuss the impact of vacancy savings on their programs. Vacancy savings represents a significant decrease in the resources available to perform the functions which should be achieved by these two agencies, he said.

Dr. Tietz then introduced <u>Dr. James Welsh</u> (27:B:017), <u>Director</u>, <u>Agricultural Experiment Station</u> and <u>Dean</u>, <u>College of Agriculture</u>, <u>Montana State University</u>. Dr. Welsh introduced Dr. Arnie Hoven, Associate Director, Agricultural Experiment Station; Ms. Jerry Sutton, Fiscal Officer; and Mr. Jack Hanson, Program Officer.

Referring to EXHIBIT 3 , a booklet that was distributed to the Subcommittee, Dr. Welsh discussed the agency's 1987 biennium budget request (page 14). He pointed out that the state is only investing less than 2 percent of the general tax fund dollars in research and development of agriculture, the state's largest industry. He said at first glance it may appear that agriculture is the sole benefactor from the state's investments in research and development. However, it is important to remember that a major portion of the state's total economy rests on an agricultural base, he said.

Dr. Welsh next discussed the funding structure (Exhibit 3 page 9). He pointed out that the Agricultural Research Station is not an isolated activity, but is part of a regional and national agricultural research network. Dr. Welsh mentioned the establishment of the advisory committees. Each research center, and LARRS, has its own advisory committee. Dr. Welsh said the decisions being discussed are not unilateral decisions. They are discussed extensively with the Advisory Council.

Referring to Exhibit 3, Dr. Welsh discussed the goals of the Experiment Station for 1986 and 1987. He then returned to discussion of the budget (Exhibit 18 page 14). The major differences that occur in the budget center around the personal services activities and capital equipment, he said.

Dr. Welsh discussed those issues which the agency considers critical (Exhibit 3 page 17). Vacancy savings is the most critical budget issue, he said. The agency was able to meet its vacancy rate—but it has no alternatives. A vacancy rate imposed by the Legislature becomes a self-fulfilling prophecy, he said. The vacancy rate was met in the last biennium by holding vacancies across the Experiment Station. Loss of program leadership, reduced efficiency in the utilization of research time, and the reduction of relatively time-expensive activities, such as off-station plots, have resulted from this serious budget deficiency, Dr. Welsh said.

Another critical budget issue is the dairy program, Dr. Welsh said. The Dairy Program was restructured toward a greater concentration on animal nutrition and the development of cooperative research, teaching and extension activities with other states, particularly Utah. This decision was reached after extensive discussion with the Montana Dairymen's Association and the Advisory Council. Within the agency there was one dairy scientist and one worn-out facility. This restructuring is in the best interest of efficient use of resources and development of excellence, Dr. Welsh said.

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Dr. Welsh stated that the restructuring of the Dairy Program is not a modification; it is a restructuring of the program.

At this point, <u>Chairman Donaldson</u> commented that relative to the modification aspect, early in the session it was agreed that any substantial changes to current level will be dealt with as modifieds.

Dr. Welsh stated that the agency feels that the LFA incorrectly calculated health insurance costs at 190.17 eligible FTE rather than the correct number of 221.14 FTE.

Dr. Welsh said the Experiment Station's projects have a normal life span of three to five years. They are reviewed and then extended, revised and renewed, or terminated with the resources being reallocated to new projects. The suggestion made by the LFA that funds be removed from the budget at the end of a project's life suggests that the agency would be removing FTE and program activities on a periodic basis, he said.

Dr. Welsh said the Experiment Station participates in regional projects. These projects involve several states, and travel is necessary in order for the agency to paricipate in these projects. In the past biennium there was a significant reduction in funds for out-of-state travel, and the agency requests restoration of these travel funds, he said.

Dr. Welsh next discussed the equipment requirements of the Experiment Station (EXHIBIT 4). At the request of the Legislature, a list has been provided by the agency.

Dr. Welsh said earmarked revenue projections have been based on five-year averages. After removing income associated with the dairy, the biennium revenue is projected to be \$1,040,000. The LFA projects \$1,177,000 and includes an assumption that prices will increase 8 percent in the biennium. Given the current and foreseeable agricultural price picture, these assumptions are not realistic, Dr. Welsh said.

Dr. Welsh discussed a modified request for increased research on uses and value of Montana agricultural products (Exhibit 3 page 19). He discussed the Fort Keogh Livestock and Range Research Station (LARRS). He stated that the LFA has expressed concern that the earmarked revenue reserves are being depleted at this facility. This is correct, he said. Certainly the termination of the swine program is a step to reduce the rapidity of the revenue depletion. However, he said the agency has had extensive conversations with the USDA administration. The Fort Keogh Station is a regional federal facility, and the USDA agrees that it is its responsibility to fund this station at a particular program level. Dr. Welsh said the Agricultural Experiment Station has reached an agreement with the USDA that the earmarked revenue situation will continue to be handled as it is now. If a point is reached where additional funding is needed, it will have to be provided on the federal side, he said. This facility is a regional operation, not just a Montana responsibility, he said.

The final topic discussed by Dr. Welsh was swine research. He said there is a swine research scientist located in Bozeman. His responsibility has been to run the project at Bozeman and the one at Miles City. The Miles City program is being operated out of a converted 1930 dairy barn, and it is a dirt lot facility. Dr. Welsh said his agency does not argue with the contention that there is a need for swine research in the area, however in the interest of providing appropriate research, and this is basically swine nutrition research, the agency feels that the cost effectiveness of keeping the facility open is prohibitive. He said he is sympathetic with the request for keeping the facility open, but without major additional financial input, the agency feels it can do a better job by concentrating the activities in Bozeman.

A discussion of the Miles City Swine Research Program followed between <u>Dr. Welsh</u>, <u>Dr. Tietz</u> and members of the Subcommittee (28:A:295). <u>Dr. Tietz</u> pointed out that the decision to close the Miles City Station and consolidate the operation is contingent upon retaining the staff and the human resources associated with the project. <u>Dr. Welsh said it was contingent upon addition of staff.</u>

The next witness was Lloyd Schmitt (28:A:332), Chairman, Agricultural Experiment Station Advisory Council. Mr. Schmitt reviewed the history of the Advisory Council. He said that vacancy savings puts a premium on inefficiency and instability. He discussed the Advisory Council's reasons for recommending the modification program. He said agriculture in Montana is not short of available credit; it's short of available credit worthiness. He said the main items that Montana farmers and ranchers have to sell are grain and feeder calves. He said that in merchandising of agricultural products they are "forcing up the shot", and often the shots aren't going in. Farmers and ranchers need a better shot, Mr. Schmitt said.

Tape 28 Side B

The next witness was <u>Curt Almy Producers</u> (EXHIBITS 5 - 19). Mr. Almy said the Miles City Swine Research Station has helped hundreds of hog producers, and during its 16 years of existence not one tax dollar from the state has gone into support of the facility. It has been supported by funds that it has generated, he said. He pointed out that the facility in Bozeman is within the city limits and said that in a few years the people living in a nearby subdivision could force the station out of the area. If that happens, and with the Miles City station already closed, there would be no swine research at all. Mr. Almy said that \$75,000 is needed to cover the Miles City station's

deficits that occurred in the last two years. This amount would cover the deficits and pay for minor structural repairs, he said. If there is no place for pork producers to fall back on, the genetic research accumulated over the years will be lost, and this would be unfortunate.

A question and answer session followed between the Sub-committee members and the witnesses (28:B:158).

Chairman Donaldson asked <u>Dr. Welsh</u> if he agrees with the \$75,000 figure mentioned by Mr. Almy. <u>Dr. Welsh</u> said the agency's figure includes the funding of a research position and about \$150,000-worth of facilities development. The bottom line figure is approximately \$100,000 in program costs per year, he said.

The next witness was <u>Senator Larry Tveit</u> (28:B:180), <u>District 11</u>. He said it's important to look at diversity in agriculture. He mentioned the sugar beet transplant program. Senator Tveit said the replacement of agency equipment should be seriously considered and that the noxious weed problem is serious and a weed coordinator should be funded.

Following a 10-minute break, Pat Iman, Chairman, Agricultural Subcommittee of the Council of Science and Technology (28:B:249), appeared before the Subcommittee.

Ms. Iman said the Council feels this is no time to cripple the research capacity of any unit that serves a basic industry of the state. She said research to enhance the value of agricultural products is a pressing need. Product enhancement creates jobs. Agriculture in Montana needs to adjust to the fact that it takes fewer people to produce our food, she said.

The next witness was Rodney Vannoy (28:B:361), representing the Western Montana Advisory Committee for both Western Montana Experiment Stations. He said off-station research is valuable to farmers and ranchers because the research is done close to where they live. He said the one who benefits the most from agricultural research is the consumer.

Chairman Donaldson commented on the vacancy savings issue. He said this issue impacts both the Agricultural Experiment Station and the Cooperative Extension Service. During the last session there was an attempt to fund a pay plan with vacancy savings, and a lot of people didn't think it would work, and obviously it hasn't, he said. There is a more rational approach being used for vacancy savings now, and there is in fact a legitimate vacancy savings, and an effort is being made to arrive at the right approach, he said.

The next witness was Al Kurki (28:B:445) (EXHIBIT 20), a member of the staff of the Alternative Energy Resources Organization. He urged approval of funding at the levels proposed by the Agricultural Experiment Station and said that given the current state of agriculture, this is no time for cuts in research activity.

The next witness was Don Steinbeisser (28:B:488) (EXHIBIT 21), a sugar beet grower from Sidney, President, Montana-Dakota Beet Growers Association. He said it would be a mistake to cut the budget of the Experiment Station. He said there is a Soils and Water Research Station in Sidney which was nearly shut down in 1983. This station is important to the area, he said. Last year the Sidney station started a sugar beet transplant project, which was requested by the growers. This research needs to be continued because it will greatly increase productivity, Mr. Steinbeisser said.

A question and answer session followed between the Sub-committee members and the witnesses (28:B:537).

The next witness was Ross Fitzgerald (28:B:511) (EXHIBIT 22), Vice President, Montana Grain Growers Association, and a farmer from Power. He said his association fully supports full funding for the Experiment Station, recognizing the fact that agriculture today is an ever dynamic situation requiring much research.

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The next witness was Frank Loch (EXHIBIT 23), a farmer from Dutton and a cooperator with the Experiment Station in Conrad. He urged full funding of the Experiment Station and said he is working with the agency in the development of alternate crops: sunflowers, safflower, etc.

The next witness was <u>Richard Buxbaum</u> (29:A:017) (EXHIBIT 24), a <u>sugar beet grower from Sidney</u>. He said he supports the testimony of Don Steinbeisser regarding the need for further research on sugar beet transplants.

The next witness was <u>Bill McLean</u> (29:A:041) (EXHIBIT 25) of <u>Brady</u>, who is a member of <u>CARE</u> and a <u>member of the Experiment Station Advisory Board at Conrad</u>. He said he was speaking for himself as a young farmer. He said the Legislature showed its concern for young farmers two years ago when it instituted a Young Farmer Loan Program. He said the programs of the Experiment Station are especially beneficial to young farmers who don't have their own experience to rely upon.

The next witness was <u>Glen Asbeck</u> (29:A:051) (EXHIBIT 26), a <u>sugar beet grower from Sidney</u>. He said he supports Don Steinbeisser's testimony.

The next witness was Paul Kronebusch (29:A:071) (EXHIBIT 27), a farmer-rancher from Conrad and member of the local and state advisory committees. He discussed vacancy savings and the fact that research is not being done because projects can't be carried out. He said research is a good investment of tax dollars, and this is not the time for research cutbacks. He requested that the personal services portion of the Experiment Station's budget be reinstated to achieve authorized staffing and program capacity and that funds be supplied to cover both the salary and benefit increases. Research will allow the farmer to help himself, he said.

The next witness was Larry Johnson (29:A:151), a member of the Advisory Council of the Havre Experiment Station and a farmer from Kremlin. He discussed the capital equipment request and said there has not been enough funding over a period of years to replace equipment. Now the equipment has deteriorated to a point where something must be done. He said it is the obligation and duty of the state to support efforts in research.

A question and answer session followed between the witnesses and the Subcommittee members (29:A:250).

The next witness was <u>Michelle Wing</u> (29:A:288) (EXHIBIT 28), Associated Students, <u>Montana State University</u>. She supports the budget proposals of the Experiment Station.

Chairman Donaldson noted that he and Representative Peck toured the station at Havre in the fall, and said he is pleased with the progress of the advisory committees. He said the approaches to the swine and dairy problems show that the agency is trying to address the issues and being innovative in their solutions.

The meeting adjourned at 11:05 A.M.

ene Donaldson,

DAILY ROLL CALL

EDUCATION SUB COMMITTEE

49th LEGISLATIVE SESSION -- 1985

Date January 28, 1985

NAME	PRESENT	ABSENT	EXCUSED
Rep. Gene Donaldson, Chair	X		
Sen. Judy Jacobson, Vice	X		
Sen. Jack Haffey	X		
Sen. Swede Hammond	X		
Rep. Bill Hand	X		
Rep. Jack Moore	X		
Rep. Ray Peck	X		
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IF YOU CARE TO WRITE COMMENTS, ASK SECRETARY FOR LONGER FORM.

WHEN TESTIFYING PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.

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CLARIFICATION OF EXECUTIVE BUDGET FUNDING OF MONTANA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION - AGENCY 5109

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AES (program 14)	General Fund Sales & Services USDA Total	LARRS (program 15) General Fund STIP Earnings Sales & Services	AGENCY TOTAL:	General Fund Sales & Service STIP Earings USDA Total	2% GENERAL FUND:	TOTAL REVISED GF:	TOTAL REVISED EB:

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION Main Station

The Main Station budget funds seven research centers located at Kalispell, Conrad, Moccasin, Sidney, Corvallis, Havre, and Huntly plus the veterinary and wool laboratories at Montana State University. Additionally, research is performed in 12 academic departments at Montana State Unviersity. Excluding the pay plan, the general fund provides 70 percent of the Main Station's financial support in the 1987 biennium. The remainder of the station's financial support is provided from a combination of earmarked and federal Hatch and Regional Research revenues.

Table 4 on pages 783 and 784 in the current level analysis presents for the main station actual research expenditures for fiscal 1984 by research area and projected expenditures for fiscal 1986 and 1987. Included in the current level budget is funding for three projects which are scheduled to terminate in fiscal 1985 and 35 projects in fiscal 1986. The experiment station does not have plans for reallocating funds freed from the terminating projects to new and/or existing projects in fiscal 1986 and 1987. Table 6 on page 786 in the analysis presents the funding available in fiscal 1986 and 1987 from the projects which are scheduled to terminate. In fiscal 1986, \$35,000 is available for reallocation and in fiscal 1987 \$1.7 million is available.

PERSONAL SERVICES	$\frac{1986}{}$	<u>1987</u>
Executive FTE	258.16	258.16
LFA Current Level FTE	$\frac{255.57}{}$	255.57
Difference	<u>2.59</u> _	<u>=2.59</u>

The executive provided funding for 2.59 FTE that were employed on the experiment station's dairy research project. The experiment station's dairy research project is scheduled to terminate in fiscal 1985. The project employed 5.59 FTE. The experiment station deleted 3 FTE associated with the project but requests to retain in their current level budget, the remaining 2.59 FTE (.67 FTE faculty and (.92 FTE classified). Refer to Table 1 on page 780 in the analysis.

Executive LFA Current Level	\$6,538,844 6,258,345	$\begin{array}{r} \$6,538,844 \\ \underline{6,258,345} \end{array}$
Difference	\$ <u>280,499</u>	<u>\$ 280,499</u>

 $\frac{1986}{}$

1. Dairy research project FTE included in executive (includes benefits and health insurance).

<u>\$__62.353</u>

<u>\$__62,353</u>

2. Higher benefits included in executive, excluding dairy research project FTE. The executive used a benefit rate of 17.4 percent. The LFA current level benefit rate was 16 percent.

\$ 96,566

<u>\$ 96.566</u>

3. Higher health insurance included in executive, excluding dairy research project FTE. The executive based health insurance costs on a cost of \$1,320 per FTE on a total FTE base of 203.76--part-time employees that work less than half-time and GRA's do not get health insurance. Health insurance costs in the LFA current level were based on the following formula: Actual '84 health insurance costs divided by \$1,080 (84 health insurance rate) multiplied by \$1,200 (1985 health insurance rate). Using this formula results in applying health insurance to an FTE base of 190.17 FTE.

\$ 37,656

\$ 37,656

4. Higher salaries included in executive for part-time employees. The executive budgeted salaries for part-time employees at the agency requested average salary of \$16,386 per FTE. This average salary represents a yearly increase from fiscal 1983 of 21 percent. The current level salary for part-time employees is the fiscal 1983 average salary of \$11,225 with 4 percent pay plan added to fiscal 1984 and 1985.

		\$ <u>83.924</u> _	\$ <u>83.924</u> _
OPE	RATING EXPENSES		
	Executive LFA Current Level	\$1,613,313 1,680,411	\$1,626,667 1,765,594
	Difference	<u>\$(67,098)</u>	<u>\$_(138,927)</u>
	Operating E	xpenses Issues	
5.	Inflation		
	Executive	\$ 44,950	\$ 53,217
	LFA Current Level	139,513	224,109
	Difference	<u>\$(94,562)</u>	\$ <u>(170,892)</u>

1986 1987

6. Executive higher primarily in supplies and materials.

<u>\$ 27,465</u> <u>\$ 31,965</u>

Major adjustments to LFA current level operating expenses include: (1) \$153,662 in fiscal 1984 dairy research expenditures were removed from the budget as the dairy project will be terminated in fiscal 1985; and (2) \$21,271 was added for weed research. The 1983 legislature approved funding for expanded weed research for fiscal 1985. The fiscal 1984 appropriation did not contain funding for expanded weed research. Therefore, the amount was added to the budget to provide continued funding into the 1987 biennium.

EQUIPMENT

Executive	\$ 251,150	\$ 203,437
LFA Current Level	100,516	107,110
Difference	\$1 <u>50,634</u> _	\$ <u>96.327</u>

The executive budget exceeds the current level analysis in the 1987 biennium by \$246,961 for equipment. The executive's equipment budget was derived by funding selected equipment items from a replacement schedule submitted by the experiment station. Current level provides replacement capital for equipment items with a purchase price of less than \$2,000. Table 3 on page 782 in the analysis presents the methodology used to calculate the LFA current level equipment budget. The 1985 replacement cost of each category of equipment is derived by dividing the equipment's replacement cost by the useful life and then subtracting a trade-in value. Inflation in each equipment schedule's price index is used to determine the fiscal 1986 and 1987 replacement cost. Requested equipment items costing more than \$2,000 are to be submitted in a prioritized list by the experiment station as a modified request. Amounts requested by the experiment station for equipment items costing more than \$2,000 are indicated below.

	$\frac{$592,227}{}$	\$ <u>534,312</u>
FUNDING		
7. Federal Revenues		
Executive LFA Current Level	\$1,767,090 1,807,579	\$1,802,431 1,897,957
Difference	\$ <u>40,489</u>	<u>\$95.526_</u>

The executive used experiment station estimates of federal Hatch and Regional Research revenues which fails to keep pace with total budget expansion as indicated in Table 5 on page 785 in the analysis. If the experiment station's estimates were used, the general fund would have to be increased by \$40,489 in fiscal 1986 and \$95,526 in fiscal 1987.

1986 1987

8. State Special (earmarked)

This revenue is generated from the sale of agricultural products and services of the experiment station.

Executive	\$ 520,000	\$ 520,000
LFA Current Level	584,000	593,000
Difference	<u>\$(64,000)</u>	<u>\$(73,000)</u>

The executive used a five-year average to project state special revenue for fiscal 1986 and 1987. The current level analysis also used a five-year average, but added 4, 4.5, and 5 percent inflation for fiscal years 1985, 1986, and 1987, respectively. The current level analysis also includes \$19,000 (projected) in state special revenue in fiscal 1986 for the final installment on the Bozeman dairy herd to be paid by the prison ranch.

9. General Fund

Executive	\$6,116,217	\$6,046,517
LFA Current Level	5,608,748	5,561,346
Difference	<u>\$507,469</u>	<u>\$_485.171</u>

U. S. RANGE STATION

PERSONAL SERVICES

Executive FTE LFA Current Level FTE	$\frac{36.13}{36.13}$	$\frac{36.13}{36.13}$
Difference	<u>_0.00</u>	<u>_0.00</u>
Executive LFA Current Level	$\begin{array}{r} \$ & 720,913 \\ \hline & 724,519 \end{array}$	\$ 720,913 724,519
Difference	\$(3,606)	\$ <u>(3.606)</u>

The difference occurs primarily in employee benefits. Current level FTE decrease by 4 or 9.9 percent in the 1985 biennium as the U.S. Range Station is terminating the swine research project in fiscal 1985. Three classified FTE at an average salary of \$15,908 and one professional FTE at an average salary of \$19,290 were deleted from the budget.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Executive	\$ 148,929	\$ 150,220
LFA Current Level	161,216	187,263
Difference	\$(12,287)	<u>\$(37,043)</u>

- Operating Expenses Issues - - - - - - - -

10. Inflation

Executive	\$ 6,678	\$ 7,786
LFA Current Level	18,791	27,976
Difference	<u>\$(12,113)</u>	\$ <u>(20,190)</u>

11. LFA higher primarily in supplies and materials.

The large difference in the second year of the 1987 biennium results from the executive reducing the station's requested amount to purchase fertilizer.

EQUIPMENT

Executive	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500
LFA Current Level	3,000	3,000
Difference	\$ (1,500)	\$ <u>(1,500)</u>

The executive budget provides \$1,500 in each year to allow the station to purchase one horse in each year to be used in farm operations. The LFA current level provides, as per the station's request, \$3,000 to purchase 2 horses in each year.

FUNDING

12. State Special Revenue

Executive	\$ 871,342	\$ 872,633
LFA Current Level	888,735	914,782
Difference	\$(<u>17.393)</u>	<u>\$(42,149)</u>

---- Areas of Concern -----

Table 10 on page 791 of the analysis presents actual revenue and expenditures for the swine research project for fiscal years 1982 through 1984. As indicated in Table 10, expenditures exceeded revenue in fiscal years 1982 to 1984 by 6 3 and 28 percent, respectively. The swine

research project drew down the station's earmarked cash reserve in each fiscal year to finance the funding imbalances.

Although depletion of the fund balance will decrease with termination of the swine research project, the fund balance will continue to be biennium depleted into the 1987 as beef research fails to self-supporting. This is illustrated in the following figure which presents total income, expenditures, and the fiscal year-end fund balance for fiscal Amounts presented in Figure 1 for fiscal years 1985 years 1984 to 1987. As indicated in Figure 1, the fiscal year-end to 1987 are projected. balance is projected to decrease from \$507,784 in fiscal 1984 to \$30,570 in fiscal 1987. In the 1985 biennium, expenditures exceeded revenue at a rate of 30.4 percent as the swine research project was still active. Expenditures are projected to exceed revenue by 10.3 percent in the 1987 biennium with the termination of the swine research project. The present trend in revenues and expenditures indicates the fund balance will be exhausted by fiscal 1988 at which time it will be necessary for the range station to reduce programs or find additional sources of revenue.

FIGURE 1

LARRS -- TOTAL RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND FISCAL YEAR-END FUND BALANCE
FISCAL 1984 - 1987

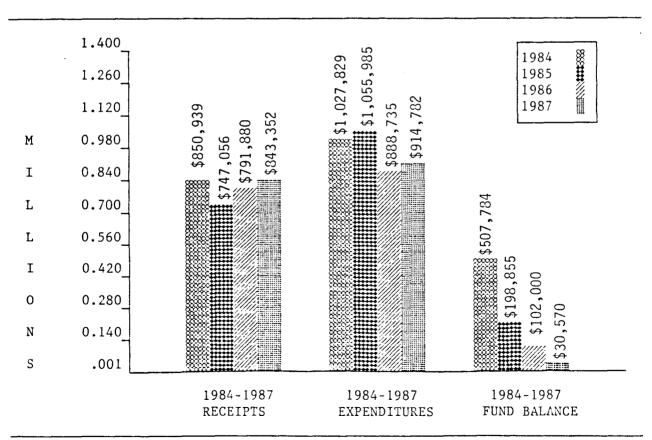




EXHIBIT 3

MONTANA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION,

1987 BIENNIUM BUDGET REQUEST

INVESTING IN THE FUTURE

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College of Agriculture Agricultural Experiment Station

Office of the Dean Office of the Director

RECEIVE 28-85

EXHIBIT 4

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST

January 7, 1985

Mr. Bill Sykes
Assistant Analyst
Office of the Legislative
Fiscal Analyst
Room 109, State Capitol
Helena, MT 59601

Dear Bill:

Attached is a copy of the individual capital equipment item request covering a portion of the inventory above the initial purchase price of \$2,000. This material will be presented to the Educational Subcommittee.

Sincerely,

James R. Welsh, Director

Attachment

JRW:mk 208/92

PAGE NO. 00001 01/03/85

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	Equipment	Needs Fo	or Department	s 198	9
Tag	Description	Hr/Miles	Yr-acq.	rep-cost	Justification-for-new-item
* Central 048628 DRILL	at Moccasin -IHC 15' MDL #1	3200	74	0009	DRILL-IHC 150 MDL#1.NEEDED FOR PRODUCTION OF GRAIN. DESCRIT COST IS \$12,000. FOUNDATION SEED WILL PAY 50
** SUBTOTAL	*			0009	
* Eastern 011466 FARM	at Sidney WAGON GEAR, 4 1	0	64	4000	
038806 AUTO FORD	FORD VAN 1970	40000	7.0	13000	DOES NOT HAVE A TRAILER. HALF TON VAN. NEEDED FOR TRANSPORTATION OF THE SUMMER WORK CREW TO THE DRLND RESRCH FARM. CURRENT VAN IS 14
054586 TRUCK IHC	IHC PANEL 1965	52191	74	15000	
** SUBTOTAL	*			32000	
* Western at 056961 TRACTOR	at Corvallis OR JD 2020	1800	75	5000	THIS TRACTOR IS ESSENTIAL FOR RESEARCH. THE OLD
AAAAL TRUCK GMC	GMC 4X4 78	92000	78	10000	THE PICKUP IS USED IN BIOLOGICAL WEED CONTROL AND IS DRIVEN ALL OVER MONTANA. THE PICKUP IS UNRELIABLE AND
NEW65 AD CONVER	NVERSION BOARD	0		4360	CANNOT BE ECOCONOMICALLY REPAIRED. THIS BOARD WILL ALLOW EXPERIMENTATION WITH HARDINESS IN CHERRY BUDS AND OTHER PLANTS, AND INSECT HARDINESS FOR
NEW66 IBM PC	C COMPUTER	0		2700	SELECTING POTENTIAL BIOLOGICAL WEED CONTROLS '00 FOR ANALYSIS OF DATA OF BIOLOGICAL CONTROL OF WEEDS. THIS COMPUTER WILL INCREASE OUR PRODUCTIVITY AND REDUCE
** SUBTOTAL	*			22060	יחב וושב אניטבט וס רספרנטו אניטבוט. -
* Nothern at H 070068 AUTO JEEP 082384 TRACTOR I	at Havre JEEP 1678 CHERO OR IHC574 DIESE	59923 2554	78 80	10000	ADMINISTRATION USE & STAFF. HIGH USE. USED FOR GENERAL FARM, LIVESTOCK FEEDING DAILY & SOILS & AGRONOMY RESEARCH.
** SUBIOTAL	*			30000	
* Northwestern 042478 WINDROWER	tern at Creston OWER-IHC 210	0	74	25000	
048046 TRUCK	. 0006E '71 3/4	35857	71	10000	MORE VERSILLE USE FUR GRAIN, HAT. PEA, EIC. HE '71 DODGE PICKUP IS HEAVY DUTY USED FOR FLD WORK AND SHOULD BE REPLACED WITH A SIMILAR TYPE FOR FARM OPERATION HAS 36000MLS. SHOULD BE RENEWED FOR SAFETY.

8548 HB. 84842 01/03/85

Justification-for-new-item	CONSIDERABLE RUSTING IN THE BODY AND CONTINUAL ENGINE PROBLEMS. MAKES ABOUT 13 MILES PER GALLON ON THE ROAD. SUPPLEMENT PRESENT PC XT FOR WORD PREOCESSING AND ADDITIONAL CAPACITY FOR SUMMERIZATION AND RETREIVAL OF	DATA. UPGRADING SEED CLEANING AND SEED WEIGHING TECHNOLOGY.	DISC, TANDEM 12FT, IHC #37-1965, PARTS NOT AVAILABLE AND	MUST DE MADE IN THE SHOFT. PETELER LAND, EVERSMAN-1967.PARTS ARE NOT AVAILABLE AND MUST DE MADE IN THE GLOD	MUSI OF THE TAN THE SHOT. FOR THE ROAD USE. WE BLOW OUT AT LEAST 6-8 TIRES A	PLYAN. PLYMOUTH FURY SEDAN. SEDAN SHOULD BE REPLACED WITH A SHORIDBAN TYDE VEHIC!F	PLON, SPIN THE FULL #11224-6 PLON, SPIN THE #114-6E UNKNOWN.PARTS ARE NOT AVAILABLE AND MIST BE MADE IN THE SHAP	THIS TOOL IS MUCH NEEDED BY THE ANIMAL NUTRITION PROGRAM. NO CATTLE FEEDING OPERATION COULD WORK WITHOUT	UNE. BORROWING ONE IN PAST YEARS, IT HAS BEEN DIFFICULT TO	BURROW HIS ON A LIMELT BASIS FOR GOOD RESEARCH. OUR TRACTORS CANNOT PULL THE NEW EQUIPMENT. WE NEED A LICO HP TRACTOR TO DO THE JOB. HE REPLACEMENT COST FOR	INE OU 4230 INCLUDES IRADE-IN VALUE.	THE LEITZ ORIHOLUX MICROSCOPE IS 25 YEARS OLD AND IS FREQUENTLY INOPERABLE. THIS UNIT IS ESENTIAL TO THE	OPERATION OF THE DISEASE RESEARCH PROBRAM. THIS CERTRIFUGR IS 24 YEARS OLD AND HAS CORROSION AND DETERIORATION IN THE ELECTRONICS.THIS CENTRIFUGE IS	NEEDED TO CONDUCT RESRCH STUDIES IN VIROLUGY. THE SPUTTER COATER IN THE ELECTRON MICROSCOPE LAB COATS SPECIMENS WITH UNEVEN THICKNESS WHICH INTERFERES WITH	VISUALIZATION OF MARKERS UNDER HE SLUPE. THE CHEMISTRY ANALYSER WAS PURCHASED SEVEN YEARS AGO. IT IS FREQUENTLY IN A STATE OF DISREPEAIR. FARTS ARE	IMPOSSIBLE TO OBTAIN. 00 THE CRITICAL POINT DRYER IS DEFECTIVE AND PRODUCES SPECIMENS WITH EXTENSIVE AMOUNTS OF ARTIFACTS. THESE INTERFEREWITH EVALUATION OF SCOPE PLATES.
rep-cost	10000 3500	5000	5600	12000	4500	12000	6300	16000	7200	21000	84600	0009	10000	6000	10000	2000
Hr/Miles Yr-acq.	93000 73	0	0 65	0 67	0 72	88671 76	0 80	0	0	0		09 0	0	0	0	۵
Tag Description H	• Northwestern at Creston 048048 CHEVROLET SEDAN NEW60 IBM PC COMPUTER	NEWS! LAB EQUIPMENT ** SUBTOTAL **	 Southern at Huntley 018682 DISC TANDEM 12-FT IH 	020336 LEVELER LAND EVERSMA	040467 TRLR FB 9X17 REID	051222 AUTO PLY FURY 1976 4	083386 PLOW SPINNER IHC #31	NEW3 TUB GRINDER	NEW42 ROLLER HARROW 12FF	NEW43 TRACTOR JD 4040	** SUBTOTAL **	 Veterinary Sci. Bozeman 002473 MICROSCOPE LEITZ WET 	022959 CENTRIFUGE	082496 SPUTTER COATER	AAAAAH ANALYZER CHEMICAL	AAAAAK DRYER CRITICAL PT.

PAGE NO, 00003 01/03/85

ļ	**	Hr/Miles Yeard	+4001000	Justification-for-new-item
- ag	Describtion	アンローー n	n	
Ve EW22 ∗ SUB	 * Veterinary Sci. Bozeman NEW22 WASHER HIGH PRESSURE ** SUBTOTAL ** 	0	2001	ESSENTIAL TO RESEARCH IN VET. SCIENCE.
We 56321	 Mestern Triangle at Conrad 056321 TRUCK DODGE '75 1/2 	ad 75000 75	12000	VEHICLE IS USED FOR SOIL SAMPLING AT OFF-STATION SITES. HAS 75000 MILES OF USE AND IS SHOWING SIGNS OF MAJOR
** SUB	SUBTOTAL **		12000	EPAIR I
. En	* Entomology Bozeman NEW39 HOOD,CLEAN AIR	0	2000	ESSENTIAL FOR BIDENGINEERING TO ENSURE SAFE USE OF
NEW40 New41	TRUCK 1/2 T HOOD LAMINAR FLOW	00	10000	DICHALANDUS MATERIALS 00 ESSENTIAL TO RESEARCH ON BIOLOGICAL CONTROL OF WEEDS. 00 TO FREVENT CONTAMINATION OF BOTH RESEARCH MATERIALS AND 1NVFRTIGATORS DURING STUDIES ON EMBRYO TRANSPANTS.
NEW7	IBM-XT+COMPONENTS	0	6100	THESE STUDIES CANNOT BE DONE WITHOUT THIS FACILITY. HIS COMPUTER IS ESSENTIAL FOR OFFICE OPERATION AND DEFENSE OF THE STATE OF T
NEW8	MICROSCOPE WILD DISE	0	4200	WE HAVE NO MICROSCOPE IN THE DEPARTMENT AVAILABLE TO CONDUCT AND PHOTOGRAH RESEARCH WITH VECTOR-PATHOGEN
** SUB	SUBTOTAL **		35300	KELAI JUNSH IPS.
* Mic NEW33	Microbiology Bozeman 3 COMPUTER KPRO MOD10	0	3000	THIS COMPUTER WILL BE USED FOR DATA ANALYSIS, RESEARCH TWEIFFING CHEMICAL INVENTORY AND BUDGET ANALYSIS
** SUB	SUBTOTAL		3000	
EW10	* Ag. Economics Bozeman NEW10 COMPUTERS 5 MICROS	o	27000	MICROS PROVIDE CHEAPER, MORE RAPID ACCESS THAN THE MAINFRAME, THESE COMPUTERS ARE ESSENTIAL IN ANALYZING
** 508	SUBTOTAL **		27000	ECONOMICS RELATED DATA.
95435	 Aq. Engin. Bozeman 005435 LATHE CLAUSING PED 	0.55	11000	THE LATHE DOES NOT PRODUCE A FINISHED PRODUCT WITH THE NECESSARY PRECISION DUE TO ITS AGE AND WORN CONDITION.
NEW12	IRRIGATION SYSTEM	0	2500	IT IS USED BY MANY DIFFERENT PROJECTS. THIS SYSTEM EXPANDS THE REAEARCH ON WATER REQUIREMENTS FOR CROPS. IT WILL ALLOW US TO DETERMINE THE MOST
** SUB	SUBTOTAL		1 2500	EFFICIENT IRRIGATION LEVEL FOR ECONOMIC CROP PRODUCTION

PAGE NO. 00004 01/03/85

Justification-for-new-item	IRUCK REPAIRS ARE COSTING ALMOST AS MUCH AS	AELACEMENI. FRUCK REPAIRS ARE COSTING ALMOST AS MUCH AS REFLACEMENT FRUCK REPAIRS ARE COSTING ALMOST AS MUCH AS	KELHACEMENI. SEDI ACEMENT SEDI ACEMENT	KELACEMENT. SESENTIAL TO LIVESTOCK RESEARCH. FHIS ITEM WILL GREATLY ENHANCE THE NUTRITION RESEARCH. CUSTOM ANALYSIS PROVIDED BY THIS MACHINE IS AVAILABLE	AT \$17 PER SAMPLE MAKING IT COST EFFECTIVE TO BUY. OO THIS MICROSCOPE WILL BE USED BY A LARGE NUNBER OF SCIENTISTS IN PHYSIOLOGY, NUTRITION RANGE SCIENCE AND	MEATS FOR MICROPHOTOGRAPHIC OBSERVATIONS. ESSENTIAL TO LIVESTOCK RESEARCH.	THE PROGRAM THAT THIS CAR SERVES HAS TEST PLOTS ALL OVER MI. THE PRESENT VEHICL IS NOT ROAD-WORTHY ENOUGH	TO VISIT THESE TEST SITES. O OUR COPIER IS REQUIRING MORE IN MAINTENANCE COSTS THAN IT IS WORTH. WITH THE AMOUNT OF RESRCH. REPORT PRODUCED	IN OUR DEFT,WE CAN'T AFFORD TO DO WITHOUT ONE.	THIS ITEM IS ESSENTIAL FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSIS WORK DONE ON ALL AG. RESEARCH PROJECTS. THIS ITEM WILL BE ESSENTIAL FOR DETAILED CHEMICAL ANALYSIS DONE ON AG RESEARCH POJECTS.	DISTILLER IS NEEDED EVERY DAY FOR ALL PHASES OF THE SEARCH. THE ONE WE USE BELONGS TO ANIMAL AND RANGE SCIENCES DEPT AND IT IS TOO SMALL.
rep-cost	10000	10000	10000	10530 24000	0006	3738 91268	10000	10000	20000	35000 8000 43000	2000 2050 4550
Hr/Miles Yr-acq.	108375 75	91765 67 114205 68	152107 70	00	0	0	81507 82	0 79		c 6	0 71
Tag Description H	 Animal & Range Bozeman 051205 TRUCK DODGE '53 3/4 	067636 AUTO JEEP WAGON 1967 072327 TRUCK FORD '68 1/2	072582 TRUCK, D0DGE '70 1/2	NEW17 SWATHER NEW30 CHROMATOGRAPH LIQUID	NEW32 PHOTOMICROSCOPE	NEW70 BALER ** SUBTOTAL **	 Plant Pathology Bozeman 052417 AUTO HORNET AM 76 	082219 COPIER SAVIN MODEL 7	** SUBTOTAL **	* Chemistry station Bozeman NEW18 COUNTER SCINTILLATIO NEW19 SOLVENT DELIVERY SYS	 Home Economics Bozeman 000056 STILL GLASS BARNSTEA NEWS7 BARLEY PEARLER SUBTOTAL **

PAGE NO. 00005 01/03/85

Justification-for-new-item	VAN IS TOTALLY WORN OUT, A VEHICLE IS NEEDED TO TAKE	VEHICLE HAS 87,833 MILES. ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION IN POOR CONDITION AND UNABLE TO MAKE TRIPS AROUND THE	STATE. 534 WILL BE USED FOR RESEARCH PLOTS. EXPENSIVE TO MAINTAIN 100 THIS LAB ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENT IS USED IN BASIC WEEDS AND GENETICS RESEARCH. IT IS SHARED BY SEVERAL FACULTY.	THE REST OF THE 22000 WILL BE COVERED SOFT MONEY. THIS INSTRUMENT IS USED TO DETERMINE SEVERAL ASPECTS OF KERNAL QUALITY IN CEREAL CROPS. \$ 9000 WILL BE COVERED	BY SOFT MONEY. THIS IS THE FINAL PHASE OF AN IRRAGATION SYSTEM ON THE AGRONOMY FARM. IT IS USED FOR CONTROLLED RESEARCH PLOTS	AND FARM MANAGEMENT OF ROTATION FLEIDS. TO REPLACE AN OLD CHAMBER NO LONGER FUNCTIONAL. USED TO COMBILIT DESEMBLY IN SEED DIORMANCY AND VIGOR	UNDOCE ASSESSED THE SECOND THE GROUPS HE BE USED FOR I SEVERAL OTHER GROUPS WILL BE USED FOR I ACCOUNTING AND 2 SECETARIAL CLERICAL	POSTIONS. ULTRA/FILTRA EQUIP MATCHING FUND FOR \$13,000 LAB UNIT IN SOIL FERT RESEARCH AT BOZEMAN AND HUNTLEY FOR	MEASURING CHEMICL ELEMENIS IN SOILS. REPLACE UINT IN CEREAL TESTING LAB/25 YRS OLD. USED TO FVALIATE FLOUR SAMPLES.		ALL HARD DISKS SATURATED BY THE INFORMATION WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO KEEP AND MAKE AVAILABLE TO GROUPS SUCH	A 5	THIS WORKSTATION WILL PROVIDE A BETTER INFORMATION SERVICE FOR MONTANA FARMERS. IT WILL PROVIDE A FASTER TIMELY ANALYSIS WITH A LOWER COST THAN OUR	EARLIER PUB	
rep-cost	10000	10000	8634 8100	3000	0009	3000	4000	4000	5000	61734	10000	10000	3714	3714	592227
Yr-acq.	69														
Hr/Miles	80000	87833	00	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0		
Description	 Plant & Soil Sci. Bozeman 024988 AUTO DODGE VAN 1969 	AAAAF TRUCK	MOWER ROTARY HPLC EQUIPMENT	NIR LAB EQUIPMENT	IRRIGATION SYSTEM	SEED GERMINATION CHM	COMPUTER	ULTRA/FILTRA EQUIP	FARINOGRAPH EQUIP	SUBTOTAL **	 Dean & director Bozeman NEW27 COMPUTER FILE SERVER 	SUBTOTAL ••	 Publications & News Bozeman NEW 34 COMPUTER WORKSTATION 	SUBTOTAL	TAL ••
Tag	* P	AAAAI	NEW21 NEW44	NEW45	NEW46	NEW47	NEW48	NEW49	NEW50	** SUE	* D. NEW27	SU	NEW 34	** SUE	** TOTAL

FAGE NO. 00001 01/04/85

Justification-for-magnitum	CEDES TO EQUIP THE SOIL AND PLANT ANALOSES PESEABORS NA AFERNIT IS REMODELES		HARP SF-850 COPIER, NEEDED FOR USE IN PREPARTING AMVHAL PORTS, BOOKLETS AND OTHER MATERIALS, LASS A	DPIER WITH A CAPACITY OF 1 COMM PSN 2 MNN RACTOR, DIESEL, ROW CROP TYPE. NEEDED FOR PLOWING, ISKING,SUMMER FALLOWING, PUMPING [RR. AND HARVESTING	JOARSEETS AT RESRCH CENTER. AR MARK IIIA OIL ANALYZER. IN "RI WE WERE NOTIFIED BAT THE NICESSARY REPAIR FARTS ARE NO LONGES.	ANTERNE, IT IS NEEDED BADLEY FOR SAFFLONSE SEGSARFH. BORATORY MILLA PLANT ITSSE SKINGER IS NEEDED TO REPARE STRAW, AND OTHER PLANT ITSSES FOR FRATCAL AMALYSTS. FARCHERS A DISCUSS FOR	TRANSFER OF FRANCES OF SEASON THE SEASON TO SEASON THE SEASON TRANSFER WITH OFTIOMS OF PERVICAL 35LLVL ENVIRONMENTAL CHAMBER WITH OFTIOMS OF SEASON THE SE	ONDUCTED UNDER CONTROLLED COMPITIONS. RING OVENS. NEEDED FOR OVEN DRYING FORAGE GRAIN AND DII SAMPLES. EARC HAS PROBLEMS GETTING TIMELY ACCESS) USDA DRYING OVENS WHICH DISRUPTS RESEARCH.	THE ROTAVATOR IS ESSENTIAL FOR RESTARCH TILLAGE. IT NEEDS \$2000 IN REPAIRS.		JRRENT HARVESTER VERY WORN AND REPAIRS COSTLY.	CESSARI TO THE TERM AND WARD SECRET PRINTING. RESSARI FOR LETTER QUALITY AND REPORT PRINTING. RRENT PLOW WORNOUT, NECESSARY TO PREPARE FIELDS FOR	OUT PRODUCTION. SEG FOR FARMING, ITUESTOCK FEEDING & SAT 3 AND GEORGE FOR FORESTOCK	ON MECESSARY FOR BL.: TWO & REPORTS HIGH USE ITEM ON STAFF PRITOLE USED BY SOIL SCIENTIST, HIGH USE DUE TO STATE MATTON THEM IS	AAF FISHOP TO USE DAILY IN LIVESTOCK RESEARCH OGRAM.	
1805- 6 04	20003 NE	0600	7500 S	26090 T 0	5000 N 15000 N	3500 L	T 6000 P 5	20000 D S	78900	2001 T N	2001	9 000S1	2001 N 5000 C	9 06082 1	2500 S 8 00021	12000 S	73501
Hr/Niles Yoracl. T	0		0 66	3000 74	0.75	O	0	0		27.0		35ng 74	0 82 0 74	5575 74	0.83	54521-77	
taga Deserting Fa	 Central at Morcasin 043629 LAB EQUIPHENT 	** SUBTSTAL **	• Eastern at Sidney 018634 SOPIER PHOTO DRY 3M	054580 TRACTOR JOHN DEERE #	AAAAAA NMR OIL ANALYZER	AAAAAB LAB MILL WILEY	AAAAAC ENVIR. CHAMBER	AAAAAD DRYING OVENS	SUBTOTAL	 Mostern at Corvallis 070196 ROTAVATOR-HOWARD 50" 	** SUBTOTAL **	 Nothern at Havre 011714 HARVESTER GEHL CBGOOL 	040245 TERMINAL DECURITER I 049581 PLOW THG ROLLOVER #3	049583 TRACTOR INC FORK HID	OSSIA) COFIER AB DICK 155 060411 TRUCK GMC SUBR 1977	070063 TRUCK GMC 177 172	** SURTOTAL **

PAGE NO. 00002 01/04/85 Equipment Needs For Departments 1987

Description - Hr/Miles Yr-acq, rep-cost

Tag

Justification-for-new-item

• Northwestern at Creston 042483 HARVESTER-FORAGE FLO 0 74	4000	IT IS NECESSARY TO REEP RESRCH FOUIP CORRENT, THE UPDATE & RENEMAL OF EQUIP IS ESSENTIAL FOR ORTAININS
•• SUBTOTAL ••	4000	
 Southern at Huntley 0 68 	4900	THE PRESENT HOOD IS DANGEROUS TO THE HEALTH OF THE
017545 SCALE LIVESTOCK FAIR 0 63	2000	PEDSTE IN THE LAB. SCALE-LIVESTOCK, FAIR. RECIEVED EXTREMELY HEAVY USE AND NEEDS TO BE REPLACED RATHER THAN UNDERGO EXPENSIVE
018678 SWATHER IHC MDL#201 0 65	25000	REPAIR. SWATHER INC MOL.#201-1965.CANNOT GEF PARTS FOR THIS 19 YEAR OLD SWATHER AND COSTLY PARTS MUST BE MADE IN THE
049688 TRUCK GMC PU'74 1/2 113975 74 NEWZ BALER LARGE ROUND 0	19000 14690	SHOP. O THIS FRUCK SHOULD BE REPLACED WITH A NEWER USED UNIT. O TE COSTS A2000 PER (SAR TO RENT THIS ITEM. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO RENT WHEN IT IS NEEDED. THE RENTED
** SUBTOTAL **	59000	MACHINES LOSE A LOT OF STRAW IN THE FIELD.
« Veterinary Sci. Bozeman 002440 CENTRIFUGE INT REFRI 0 56	20000	THIS CETRIFUGE IS WEARING OUT AND WE NEED ONE WITH A HIGH CENTRIFUGAL FORCE.IN ORDER TO COMPLETE QUALITY
002524 MICROTOME POTARY 0	10000	VIROLOGY STUDIES. THE ROTARY MICRIONE IS OLD AND HAS TWO MAJOR REPAIRS IN THE PAST FEW YEARS. THIS INSTRUMENT IS CRITICAL TO THE
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First Interstate Bank of Miles City 1115 Main Street P.O. Box 1237 Miles City, MT 59301-1237 406 232-5590



EXHIBIT 5 1-28-85 /

January 25, 1985

To Whom It May Concern

RE: Swine Unit at USDA Experiment Station - Fort Keogh

Dear Sir:

This letter is in support of retaining the swine operation at Fort Keogh. The economy of Miles City is dependant on two major factors, the first is the federal payroll of state and government officials and second is agriculture. As a concerned businessman and citizen of Custer County, it is important to maintain all related interests within our community.

Swine production has, in eastern Montana, become more of an important role due to the inability of farmers to find cash crops. This began several years ago with the loss of the sugar beets and thus the more emphasis was placed on hog production as a way of marketing cereal grains. The swine unit at Fort Keogh gave the producers an alternative in marketing grains through livestock, not only from the standpoint of research, but through staff expertise. The rationale of moving the unit 300 miles from Miles City or 500 miles from other parts of eastern Montana seems questionable when considering it has been established here and is an intrical part of the US Range and Research Station.

I urge your support for the retention of the facility in Miles City.

Cordially,

duit

Terry Wagner President

TW/klr

MILES CITY AREA

hamber of

ommerce

P.O. Box 730

Miles City, Montana 59301

Dial 232-2890, Code 406



State Legislators State Capitol Helena, Montana 59601

Dear Sirs;

We would like to solicit your support for the Fort Keogh Swine Research Unit located in Miles City. The unit provides an invaluable service to area farmers and ranchers. With the farm economy being in difficult shape, any means of assisting these businessmen is profitable to them, our community and the state as a whole. With the unit located in Miles City, the farmers and ranchers have easy access to available service. With it located elsewhere, the farmer and rancher may elect not to use the service. We as a business organization, support the continued funding of the Fort Keogh Swine Research Unit and appreciate your support in keeping it located in Miles City.

Thank you for your support.

Sincerely,

William Schepeler

William Schepeler, President Miles City Chamber of Commerce



FIRST SECURITY BANK & TRUST



January 25, 1985

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Gentlemen:

We would like to voice our support of the Swine Research Facility in Miles City, Montana. It is our understanding that there are plans to close the facility, and we feel this would be very detrimental both to our community, and to livestock research as a whole. The swine facility at Ft. Keogh has always been a prime source of information for our area producers, and loss of such information would greatly hinder their operations. In addition, the research facility has contributed greatly to our community, both from an employment standpoint, and as a consumer. Our area has been hit by drouth for the last several years, and any loss of jobs and income for this area would be very detrimental. Please give any consideration you can to keeping our swine research facility open. We ask your support for the swine industry, and for the Miles City community.

Cordially,

Linda Wiedeman Vicé President

LW:am

Dear Sir

Considering closing the Sevine Erperment Station in Mile City. Serhops you should consider that Eastern Montona would be left in the good without and immediate help if we had a disence breakout. We would not have access (not quickly) to infarmation from Bozeman. Gow can't lear shorten distance. The condition that the pigs in Miles Et are Gred, farrowed and raised are the Conditions most semilia to What we are all working under. How to handle wearher conditions guestion me are looking for answer this serious consideration on making you leasion. Easlew Montana deserver squal Consideration h. Mhs proses lile Fargel Mat

3

Jan 95, 1985 RT9 BX 3079 Forsyth, DNY 59327

The Rose bad County Form Bureau supports The continued appration of the Swine Research Facility at miles City, mr. The research conducted There is of vital use to the pork producers.of Eastern Drantana. The research conducted at m. f.ll. is good, however, it is to far removed From EasTern mentana Therefor those 15 a need for the research in miles City mentana. Sincerely

State Director for District #5

Spannagel Ranch Box 3051 Forsyth, MT. 59327 Jan. 28, 1985

Committee Chairman Ag Research

Dear Sir:

The Swine Ag Research Station at Fort Keogh has helped the pork producer in Montana for many years.

Eastern Montana needs this facility because of our feed grain availability. Moving this facility to another location would be a great loss to progress being made in pork production in Montana.

The Spannagel Ranch has made use of this station for the past eighteen years. We would appreciate your consideration in retaining the station at Fort Keogh.

Thank you.

Yours truly,

Scanning of Eli Spannagel, Jr.

Robert Armstrong Box 1350 Forsyth, Mont. 59327

January 26, 1985

Dear Sirs;

We are pork producers in Eastern Montana and use the facilities at the experiment station in Miles City.

Our son Dennis, is active in FFA and they use the experiment station, for their activities.

Sincerely,

Robert Armstrong

Dennis Armstrong

Jan. 26, 1984 Dear dir. This is a letter stating my support, for the cause of keeping the sliving Unit at the Miles City Experiment Station open. I use the experiment station as a surce for my boars. I also wheep in touch with Relbert periodically, to keep up on the different tests & experiments they are doing. I have often incorporated some of their practices in my own swine operation. It would be in my best interest if the miles city swine Unit stayld open. There is no way I can get as much good from the swine unit if it is in Boyeman.

Sincerely,

Ritor Watson

Box 193

Foreyth, MT.

detter in regards to the closus of the swine unit at miles city experiment station. We use the unit often and would like to see it kept open.

Sincerly Raymond J. Smits

This letter is in regards to the removed of the Swine research at fort Keough. Do not move it To Borenan. It is much needed here at Milis City ton for the aua. Wi have gatten pleg from Mr. Efficiel lefole and he is most helpful with any questions ine may have & His way nice to tack to and ask you to come Sug help we may par.

Fort Sion of.

Willa lubo goat The Consul White to these

T.S EP 3

1-27-85

This letter is in responds to the removal of the swine research at Fort Keough. I have gotten #-pigz from Mr. Elliot for Y-H projects. Mr. Elliot helped me get started and answered any questions I had.

Please keep the research station at Fort Keough because it is very much needed.

> Zigne Arbogast Forsutt, Mt. _ 59327

Foreyth Wort Jan 26 /1985 To whom it may concern Den Lyis, A have a some Co, seig operation near fourth. Without The FI Heagh swin div, it would be thank to slay in business. I have been very happy with The stock purchased their and ner Palint in the mount delicated mean I have had the pleasure to of knowing. He kno been very helpeful on several occasions, when Are called him when appearancing Trouble in The herol. They feeling is that closery The It Kingl appearation will be a great laws to a great manner of people in the area Sincel)

DEAR SIRG):

THIS LETTER IS IN REGARD TO THE DECISION
TO BE , MADE CONCERNING THE CONTINUALSE OF THE
SWINE RESEARCH FACILITIES AT FORT KEOCH" IN
MILES CITY.

AT A RECENT, SPEETING OF THE CUSTER COUNTY

FARM BOREOU A DISCUSSION CODERING MOST ASPECTS

OF MAINTAINING THE FACILITY WAS HECD. POINTS

CODELING THE IMPORTANCE OF THE RESEARCH TO

EASTERN MONTANO, THE DISAMBACKS OF COMBINING

FACILITIES IN BOREMAN, THE HISTORY OF SELF
FINANCIAL MAINTENANCE AND THE GENERAL GOES

ADB WHICH HAG BEEN DONE IN MILES CITY WERE

POINTED OUT.

THE VOTE TO SUPPORT CONTINUOUSE OF THE SUPPRESENTED AND RESCUTED IN A RESOLUTION YES.

ON REMARK OF THE CUSTER COUNTY FARM BUREOU I WOUND ASK THAT YOU WOUND STRUNGLY SUPPORT ADEQUATE AND NECESCARY FRADING SO THAT THIS SWINE RESEARCH

1.R.

FACILITY MAY REMAIN IN MICES CITY.

THAME YOU

Don Hofmann

COSTER COUNTY FARM BUREAU.

Jan 77, 85

To Ithom this May Concern Sam of the understanding that a phasing out your much needed swine devision at It. Keogh is nother meking. I very much oppose this we have and are using Mr. Ellet, expertie and have purchased stock. There for our herd. Mr. Ellet is accompany very congenish and have a very will be left with no where to go for breeding stock of this is phead out.

Please reconsider as we were many much Med this station to remain in operation

Diema Brocket Boy 3014 Fortyth, mt

v Q

To whom it may concern;

In regard to the Swine Unit at U.S.A. Range Experiment Station at Miles City, MT; I fully support keeping the swine research facility at Miles City. I have spent a good many hours and traveled thousands of miles looking into the feasability of keeping the swine facility at Miles City. The swine project was turned over to Montana when the Federal swine research moved to Nebraska over 15 years ago. In all these years there has never been an appropriation to keep it going. It has run on the money generated from sales of swine. Two years Abecause of depressed prices they lost money. How many other research facilities in the State have been able to run on their own income? It is one of very few that receives money from Beltsville, Maryland, about \$5000 per year for Research in Artificial Insemination.

The U.S.D.A. will long-term lease or sell land with the facilities that are thereso Montana may improve and or repair the present facilities. This facility has done more to improve swine genetics and the feeding qualities of Montana grown grains than any in the State.

The majority of swine producers in Eastern Montana are in favor of keeping the research in Miles City. Montana Pork Producers Asso. is not in favor of keeping the research at Miles City but they only represent about one out of nine producers of swine in Montana. The people who are aquainted with the facilities feel that about \$75,000 for the biennium will cover repairs and any loss that may occur because of low hog prices the next two years. Bozeman does not have facilities to handle even part of the number of pigs used to run the research they have been at MilesCity. It is only a

matter of a short time till Bozeman will have to close or move their Swine Research because of a housing development next to the present site. They have already closed the Dairy and moved the Beef-Fattening to Huntley.

I was told at Bozeman that it is only a matter of 5 to 10 years and all livestock at the College will have to be moved farther from Bozeman.

For the reasons I have stated and many others I could give you if needed, I urge you to leave the Swine Research at Miles City where there are facilities, people who have worked with the project for years and far enough from Miles City as not to cause an odor problem for the citizens.

Thank you.

Truly yours,

A concerned livestock producer

exp., sta. NAME HOW NO. BILL NO. BUDGET

ADDRESS 374 Fuller C-4 Helend, Mt 59601 DATE 1/28/84

WHOM DO YOU REPRESENT? A temporal Every Resources Organization

SUPPORT MSU projocal level Oppose AMEND

PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.

COMMENTS: NAME HINKI If the we sely all too beavely -On funding through about our and continued postpone-- ment of capital or equipment improvements; - we undercut this states ability to respond effectively to changing needs of farmers and ranchers. How allocation of public dollars which works in The public interest, Swith Montana's largest simple sudustry being agriculture, I'd say your commitment if adequate funding serve one of the states most significant Liven the amen't state of agriculture, now is not the time to cut any research which would assist farmers in culting production costs, subspecing the value of their

NAME Don Steinbeisser	BILL NO.
ADDRESS Rte 1 BOX 3400 Sidney mont	
WHOM DO YOU REPRESENT? Montana Dobate Sugar Beef	Copowers assoc.
SUPPORT OPPOSE	
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.	
Comments: I want to keep funding for	Og research
at least a Current levels and should	be increased.
Tur sugar beet growen want more	research
on sugar beet transplanting. This	project needs
A 10,000 increase in funding to get of	of the ground.
This project we think will lower	our poro-duction
costs and keep us competing in	The market
the other sweetness.	

28 Fm, Fr

CHAIRMAN DONALDSON
Approprietions - sub committee - Education

MONTHUR AGINICULTUREN EXPENIMENT STATION: Dudget
Consideration

Du Behalf of the Morrows Ensin Enuvers
Ass'N, we would like to be an record as Supporting full funding of the budget reguests by the Montain An Exp. Sources. We believe that research - divelopment is the foundation of future efficiency + production af the Matana farmer + rancher. We appreciate your effets + consercation in past sessions for part of MAES.

Me Colomber

WITNESS STATEMENT	Oz Ego States
1	Bedeel
NAME Troub Loch In	BILL NO.
ADDRESS BOY 2876 Duetton MT 5943	
WHOM DO YOU REPRESENT? PRE & mpetter	
SUPPORT OPPOSE	AMEND
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.	
Comments:	
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recearch and experementation.	3
Flack	
Loch	96

NAME Sichard Bushaum	BILL NO
ADDRESS Sban Rte Box 4015 Sidney, mont.	DATE <u>1-28-85</u>
WHOM DO YOU REPRESENT? Mentere Debete But Growers ass.	
SUPPORT OPPOSE A	MEND
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.	
comments: I came here to get funding for the of research for sugar best transplants at s	continuation lidney; most,

name <u>Bill</u>	MCLean			BILL NO.	Appropria
ADDRESS BOX	428-A. Brock	I. MT		DATE	28-85
	PRESENT? 5014	•	CHRES	Council En	. 50. 17 du.
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PLEASE LEAVE PI	REPARED STATEMENT	WITH SECRETAR	У.		
wers ma	AES is an Success. The King decision	y assist	those input	who levels	į
AE:	seed, chemica s is a bej uners, but	heficial p	the I	livst toral	ine.

NAME	GLEN ASBECK	BILL NO
	RT 2 Box 2276	DATE
	YOU REPRESENT? About - Nakota Bient G.	
SUPPORT	OPPOSEA	MEND
	LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.	
Comment	s: Thous Planting of Sugar BEETS w	i Cl
1	KEEP The cost of production down	
	demestic Production Alive So This	
	NOT HAVE TO HELD ON MYORTS ,	
	E, The TRANS planling of other ca	
Caule	d ALSO DE prepaRtant To montan	a with
	SHORT GROWING (EASON	

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EXHIBIT 27 1-28-85

NAME	PAIN L	L. SENIEBUS	1/		クタムS BILL NO.	
ADDRESS _	BBH	3, But 331	2, C211)	CAO.	DATE Ga	28 83
MHOW DO 7	OU REPRESE	NT?SELF MAKE	P.C11,	Com	<u>ک</u>	
SUPPORT _		OPPOSE			AMEND	
PLEASE LE	EAVE PREPAR	ED STATEMENT WITH :	SECRETARY.			
Comments:	•					

Agriculture is Montana's largest industry. It accounts for approximately 33.6 percent of the gross sales of the State.

At the present, Montana is only investing about 1.6 percent of it's general fund tax dollars in research and development.

Increased investment will add to the stability of agricultural income by cutting production costs and increasing marketability. It is an investment that has been shown to have a return of between \$2.00 and \$119.00 for every dollar invested.

Our investment in agricultural research through the MAES is a wise use of our tax dollars.

In a time of depressed agricultural economics, cuts in research will have an adverse affect.

In the current biennium, salary and benefit increases were authorized but no funds were provided. The shortages totaled over \$570,000 in FY 1985 alone. This deficit had to be made up by holding positions open longer, using fewer authorized technicians, graduate students, and part-time help. So salary and benefits increases were funded by vacant postitions.

Again this year, both the Governor's and Fiscal Analyst's recommendations have very high vacancy rates in personal services, over \$544,000. This in turn means that once again MAES will be forced to hold open authorized positions until the required savings are generated.

If this policy again is forced upon MAES, both programs and staff will have to be again cut back from authorized levels.

If either of these areas are cut asdrastically as is indicated, it will be impossible to provide the kinds of research that Montana farmers and ranchers must have when our agriculture and rural communities are in very serious trouble.

We in agriculture are at a time when so many of our production costs are fixed costs. Now is the time that we draw heavily upon the research that is done by MAES to try to cut any costs we can and to boost production in terms of a higher quality product.

In conclusion, we farmers and ranchers request that the personal services portion of the budget be reinstated to achieve authorized staffing and program capacity, and that funds be supplied to cover salary and benefit increases. We must be given the opportunity to utilize the full research capacity that MAES has developed over the years in order to help ourselves get past this time of crises. We believe in the future of farming and ranching, but we must have the latest techniques that only research can provide inorder to survive.

Thank you,

Can Comment

<i>t</i>	Az. Experiment
NAME Michelle E. Wing	Az. Experiment BILL NO
ADDRESS 715/25 12th Boseman	DATE 1/28
WHOM DO YOU REPRESENT? Associated Students MS	<u>u</u> '
SUPPORT OPPOSE	AMEND
PLEASE LEAVE PREPARED STATEMENT WITH SECRETARY.	

Comments:

As a representative of the students of Montana State University, I would like to stand in support of the budget proposals for the Agricultural Experiment Station.

In a short term way, the proposed cuts will hurt students by eliminating student jobs. When a program is cut as acutely as the Experiment Station has been, particularly because of vacancy savings, graduate student positions are among the first to go. Because this research experience is essential to education, I opposed the proposed cuts.

Also, in a more long-term picture the agriculture students are hoping to inherit more than a debt-ridden farm. Cutting research cuts into possibilities for future betterment of agriculture. If farming is bad now, imagine how it will be in 20 years - unless we work on new ideas and techniques.

of MSU, I stand in support of the Agricultural Experiment Station.



502 South 19th

Bozeman, Montana 59715

Phone (406) 587-3153

TESTIMONY BY: Alan E	
Experiment St	
BILL # Appropriation	DATE1/28/85
SUPPORT XXX	OPPOSE

Mr. Chairman and members of the committee, my name is Alan Eck. I'm representing the Montana Farm Bureau Federation. In the interest of time I would just say that we would like to go on record as supporting the funding request for the Montana Agriculture Experiment Station. We also have policy supporting maintaining the Swine research program at the research station in Miles City. Thank you.



Montana State Grange

FOREST E. FARRIS 550 — 3 MILE DRIVE KALISPELL, MT 59901 PHONE 257-3636

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EXHIBIT 30 1-28-85

MR. CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATIONAL SUBCOMMITTEE:

My name is Forest Farris, Master of Montana State Grange, representing 1400 members.

Our organization is ag oriented with a great concern for education.

We feel that the Budget for the Agricultural Experiment Station should be fully funded as requested. We are of the strong opinion that the vacancy saving, which has been used in the past two budgets, are taking a toll on the Experiment Station resulting in lower numbers of personnel and the quality of same. Also, we are aware of the needs for new equipment due to the fact so much of the present equipment is beyond economical repair.

Agriculture, Montana's number one industry, is in trouble and needs the expertise of the Experiment Station in seeking new varieties in grains and grasses and better methods of marketing through processing our raw commodities.

The Montana State Grange looks at the Experiment Station Budget as an investment in Montana's economy, not as an expense.

Forest Farris, Master Montana State Grange

Boses Farris