

MINUTES OF THE MEETING
BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY COMMITTEE
MONTANA STATE SENATE

March 24, 1983

The meeting of the Business and Industry Committee was called to order by Chairman Allen Kolstad on March 24, 1983, at 10:04 a.m., in Room 404, State Capitol.

ROLL CALL: All members of the Committee were present.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 523: An act creating the Board of Private Security Patrolmen and Investigators; requiring the licensing of private security and detective businesses, requiring the registration of armed and unarmed private detectives and security guards; authorizing the Board to adopt rules; providing for the suspension and revocation of licenses, registrations, and identification cards; requiring the approval of all weapons used by registrants; regulating the uniforms and insignia worn by employees of licensees; providing a penalty; and providing an effective date.

Representative Kerry Keyser stated this creates a Board of three representatives of the industry, three of law enforcement and one from the general public. They will be responsible for licensing security people and the bill provides for a definition of state codes regulating the industry. The current program is not efficiently administered. Security checks will be conducted on all of the applicants. This will upgrade the industry in Montana. In the last sixteen applicants that have applied for these jobs, four had felony records. With increased administrative staff on the Board to do this program they feel this will benefit the people in Montana. There are 280 licensees who employ over 1,000 people. He then highlighted the bill.

PROPOSERS TO HOUSE BILL 523: Clayton Baines, representing the Board of Crime Control, stated there was a task force formed in conjunction with the Department of Commerce and the Board of Crime Control to study the problem of the private security industry in Montana. They had a code that had been developed nationwide by the industry. It took them two years to finally draft the code itself. They took this model and broke it down in the various sections to see what would be needed for Montana. They came up with a 70-page bill. There are many different types of armored cars so they redrafted the codes and put it in rule-making power. This gave them the judgment reasoning they should have to set qualifications. They do have minimum qualifications in the codes and guidelines. He gave the committee an amendment that he would like included with House Bill 523. (Exhibit No. 1) He also gave the committee a handout entitled "Move to Professionalism". (Exhibit No. 2)

Shirley Miller, Department of Commerce, stated they strongly support this bill. Currently they are authorized to license private investigators, but they do that without the assistance of expertise.

Butch Harding, Western Security Systems, stated he is a licensed private investigator in the State of Montana. He worked in Colorado for fifteen years. In the State of Colorado every county had their own regulations.

He thinks this is great that they can come up with one bill that will cover everything. There are some crooks in the security business. The reason you have this problem is most agencies pay minimum wages. It is a known fact that if you cannot find work go to a security agency and they will hire you. It is a booming business. When he left the Sheriff's Department and opened his own company he had one employee and in fourteen months he was employing 42 at one time. It gets out of hand. He fully supports this bill.

Sheriff Chuck O'Reilly, representing Chief of Police Association and Montana Sheriffs and Peace Officers Association, stated they fully support this bill because he feels there is lack of control over these people. Many officers of the State are asked to work school dances and such that is private. They are not being paid to do that. They also work fairs. There are jailers that work as security officers during the Christmas season. With all of the amendments in the bill they fully support it.

Mary Lou Garrett, Department of Commerce, stated they support this bill. They have one amendment on page 2, line 18, to allow for staggered terms of board members.

OPPONENTS TO HOUSE BILL 523: James Jasper stated he opposed this bill. His written testimony is attached to the minutes. (Exhibit No. 3)

Tom Dowling, Montana Railroad Association, stated he opposed this bill. He gave the committee an amendment exempting the railroad special agents. (Exhibit No. 4) He stated they go to a four-week school and they are required to have 160 hours of training for firearms. They usually carry a license from the county in which they operate. The other problems were cured by Mr. Baines' amendment regarding the residency requirement.

Martin T. Mangan stated he was a licensed private investigator. The fiscal note indicates that there are 270 licensed individuals. Those who are licensed have met the requirements of the law that is now applicable through the Department of Commerce. He spent 7 1/2 years with the FBI. He is very much in support of law enforcement. A law enforcement agent's uniform is what people look up to. There are presently practices where law enforcement is allowed to do private security and private investigation work in their uniform. What is the liability placed upon the agencies if someone were to get hurt? There is a tremendous conflict there. If in fact an individual is out doing work there appears to be a conflict whom would he represent best? He believes it creates an atmosphere of undue competition. Also, there is no provision for grandfathering us already in this business.

David Blatter, Security Armored Express, stated he opposed this bill. He does not feel the Board should be made of the industries. He thinks the members should be from the public. The board is not qualified to set the insurance standards. He feels this bill should go to a study committee and be resubmitted. He had a meeting with a judge who indicated there is enough vagueness in this bill he would probably have to throw it out.

Gary Gray, Burns International Security Services, Inc., stated they are

probably the largest contract security employer in the United States. From the standpoint of Burns Security he takes objection to section 29 which exempts peace officers. He feels this exemption causes some concerns of liability, conflict of interest and how would an employer come back at someone who is irresponsible or not up to standards.

Ann Smoyer, Attorney, stated she opposes this bill. Her written testimony is attached to the minutes. (Exhibit No. 5)

There were no further proponents nor opponents.

QUESTIONS FROM THE COMMITTEE: Senator Goodover asked were all these concerns presented before the House Committee hearing? Representative Keyser stated no, none.

Senator Christiaens asked can you comment regarding the possibility of conflict of an officer supervising a fair? Representative Keyser stated it is regulating a person as a security guard and a private investigator. This is a practice that has always been in existence. There was testimony in the House that a peace officer could be going off on his own unbeknownst to anyone. That is why they put in this language.

Senator Regan asked was there consideration given to grandfathering and what was the decision and why? Mr. Baines stated the task force studied this. What they are doing is amending the present law. They decided if you had a grandfather clause those firms could continue to operate without firearms training. They do not think there will be any problem regarding the private investigator.

Senator Fuller asked what thought was given to splitting out the private investigators? Mr. Baines stated if you did this you would have to finance two different boards. Instead of amending the present law you would need new law.

Senator Fuller stated he can see where this is good but he can see some serious problems. Will the fee cover the costs? Will you see merit in splitting them out? Sheriff O'Reilly stated I think the Board would be covered. The law that we have now is nothing. You heard from the people that are trying to administer this law, it doesn't work. There are a lot of private security people who are well qualified. You are hearing some of the exceptions rather than the rule. What we are trying to do is provide protection for the public. Ms. Miller stated right now the current law is not only addressing private investigators but private security and alarm installers. They do not license every individual. They license the manager or owner. This bill will license every individual. The fees would be set commensurate with costs.

Senator Dover asked do you see any problems with the amendments? Representative Keyser stated he does not have a problem with staggering. In regard to exempting railroads he does not feel these people should be exempt. This gives the citizen the alternative to go to the Board and complain about the employee.

Senator Christiaens asked why should someone be licensed as a contract

security agent at 18 and 25 for private investigators? Mr. Baines stated the difference is because we had the three years in there. Most of these people coming into this field are coming in at 21.

Senator Christiaens asked it has nothing to do with duties? Sheriff O'Reilly stated yes they are looking for maturity and expertise.

Senator Fuller asked how is a Board going to determine good moral character? Representative Keyser stated this is language that is in existing law. He has no problem in striking it.

Senator Fuller stated he has a question on uniforms. Sheriff O'Reilly stated we are trying to have the public identify the difference.

In closing, Representative Keyser stated they are not requiring that they show a total license they just show a certificate. It does cover all the fields in the people involved. The bill was well thought out. There were a lot of people involved in the making of it. He urged passage of this bill.

The hearing was closed on House Bill 523.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 534: An act to provide that the prohibition against licensing undertakers as life or disability insurance agents applies only to undertakers operating in this state.

Representative Jim Jensen stated this bill is dealing with Purple Cross Insurance. This is funeral insurance. There was a question whether the bill clearly stated whether on page 2, line 12, a mortician operating in Montana meant that there was a mortician operating in this state. This is clarifying that a mortician operating in the state cannot sell funeral insurance. In the House they wanted to clarify further no representative can sell this insurance.

PROponents TO HOUSE BILL 534: Roland Pratt, Funderal Directors Association, stated when they went in and had funeral insurance they forgot about the prohibition for the other section in the insurance law. This is what they are doing now. They have discussed this with the insurance department and they concur with it so long as it is understood that this concerns marketing arms or general agents.

Norma Seiffert, Montana Insurance Department, stated they did discuss this with Mr. Pratt. This would not be for solicitation of managing agents. It is understood that out-of-state interests will not be involved in the solicitation of insurance.

There were no further proponents and no opponents.

QUESTIONS FROM THE COMMITTEE: Senator Goodover asked don't all other companies sell death benefit insurance? Representative Jensen stated yes they do for final expenses.

Senator Goodover asked do their rates compare or do they undersell? Mr. Pratt stated I think they are comparable. Purple Cross sells nothing

but this kind of insurance.

Senator Gage asked how do we know that from the language of this bill you are just talking about Purple Cross? Representative Jensen stated that is their intent.

The hearing was closed on House Bill 534.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 534: Senator Dover made the motion that House Bill 534 Be Concurred In. Senator Gage seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that HOUSE BILL 534 BE CONCURRED IN.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 576: An act creating a publicly owned golf course beer and wine license and providing an immediate effective date.

Representative Earl Lory stated this allows a publicly owned golf course to have a wine and beer license which is in excess of quota. There are about 14 municipal golf courses, three have hard liquor, one has wine and beer. This bill is asking for a general wine and beer not a retail license. A private golf course generally has a liquor license. The license will be held by either the county or city and not an individual. It is only for issuance to a golf course. If they close the course the license will be suspended. He does not feel it will be an economic disadvantage to the taverns. It will be used only for those who play golf.

PROPONENTS TO HOUSE BILL 576: Daniel F. Desmond, Larchmont Golf Course, stated he supported this bill. He gave the committee handouts regarding municipal golf courses. (Exhibit No. 6)

Bill Lannon, Helena, Municipal Golf Course Advisory Board, stated they support this bill.

OPPONENTS TO HOUSE BILL 576: Donald W. Larson, MTA, stated he opposes this bill. His written testimony is attached to the minutes. (Exhibit No. 7)

Phil Strobe, Montana Tavern Association, stated he joins Donald Larson in opposing this bill. This bill will not solve the financial problems of the golf course in Missoula. There is no way this bill could solve their financial problems. This bill is so broad that they could create anything. In a genuine sense, a miniature golf course could get a license.

In closing, Representative Lory stated this is not a free license. The golf course will buy the license. They are just asking for an exemption of one to a golf course. That will not infringe upon the tavern owners.

The hearing was closed on House Bill 576.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 595: An act transferring the duty to examine Articles of Incorporation of proposed domestic insurers from the Attorney General to the State Commissioner of Insurance and providing an immediate effective date.

Representative Gary Spaeth stated this was introduced by request of the Department of Justice. The Articles of Incorporation need to be examined and approved. If this bill were passed, it should be transferred to the State Insurance Commissioner. When the law was first passed in 1946 it placed this responsibility with the Attorney General. It provided legal services. Since that time the insurance commissioner has expanded and has their own legal staff. The insurance commissioner's office stated they were in support of this bill.

PROPOSERS TO HOUSE BILL 595: Margaret Joyce Johnson, Department of Justice stated this is a housekeeping bill so that the statutory duties correspond to the office best equipped to carry them out. Her written testimony is attached to the minutes. (Exhibit No. 8)

The hearing was closed on House Bill 595.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 595: Senator Dover made the motion that House Bill 595 Be Concurred In. Senator Fuller seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that HOUSE BILL 595 BE CONCURRED IN.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 576: Senator Goodover made the motion that House Bill 576 Be Not Concurred In. Senator Boylan seconded the motion.

Senator Regan made a substitute motion that House Bill 576 Be Concurred In. Senator Goodover seconded the motion.

The Committee voted, by Roll Call Vote, 1-7, so the motion failed. The Standing Committee Report will be reported out HOUSE BILL 576 BE NOT CONCURRED IN.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 871: Senator Lee made the motion that the committee reconsider their action on House Bill 871. Senator Dover seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that HOUSE BILL 871 BE RECONSIDERED FOR ACTION.

Senator Dover made the motion that we adopt amendment number 3. Senator Goodover seconded the motion. (Exhibit No. 9)

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that the amendment to HOUSE BILL 871 BE ADOPTED.

Senator Dover made the motion that on page 27, line 20, following "board" insert "provided that participation by a financial institution in projects over \$1 million is at the discretion of the board".

Senator Gage seconded the motion.

The Committee voted 7-1 with Senator Regan abstaining that the proposed amendment to HOUSE BILL 871 BE ADOPTED.

Senator Dover made the motion that on page 27, line 22, following "private" insert "or". Senator Goodover seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that the proposed amendment to HOUSE BILL 871 BE ADOPTED.

Senator Dover made the motion that we strike amendment number 4. Senator Goodover seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that the proposed amendment to HOUSE BILL 871 BE ADOPTED.

Senator Goodover made the motion that House Bill 871 As Amended Be Concurred In. Senator Dover seconded the motion.

The Committee voted 7-1 with Senator Boylan voting no that HOUSE BILL 871 AS AMENDED BE CONCURRED IN.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 213: Senator Goodover made the motion that House Bill 213 Be Not Concurred In. Senator Gage seconded the motion.

The Committee voted 6-4 with Senators Regan, Fuller, Christiaens and Kolstad voting no that HOUSE BILL 213 BE NOT CONCURRED IN.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 853: Senator Gage made the motion that the amendments to House Bill 853 Be Adopted. Senator Lee seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that the proposed amendments to HOUSE BILL 853 BE ADOPTED. (Exhibit No. 10)

Senator Dover made the motion that House Bill 853 As Amended Be Concurred In. Senator Goodover seconded the motion.

The Committee voted unanimously, by voice vote, that HOUSE BILL 853 AS AMENDED BE CONCURRED IN.

ACTION ON HOUSE BILL 818: Senator Fuller made the motion that House Bill 818 Be Concurred In. Senator Christiaens seconded the motion.

The Committee voted 7-3 with Senators Boylan, Dover and Gage voting no that HOUSE BILL 818 BE CONCURRED IN.

ADJOURN: There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 12:10 p.m.


ALLEN C. KOLSTAD, CHAIRMAN

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 24 19 83

President
MR.

We, your committee on **BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY**

having had under consideration **HOUSE** Bill No. **534**

JENSEN (DOVER)

Respectfully report as follows: That **HOUSE** Bill No. **534**

BE CONCURRED IN

~~XXXXXXXX~~

.....
ALLEN C. KOLSTAD, Chairman. *AK*

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

..... March 24 19 83

MR. **PRESIDENT**

We, your committee on **BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY**

having had under consideration **HOUSE** Bill No. **595**

SPAETH (LEE)

Respectfully report as follows: That **HOUSE** Bill No. **595**

BE CONCURRED IN

~~XXXXXX~~
50-1-35

J. Row

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

..... March 24 19 83

MR. PRESIDENT

We, your committee on BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

having had under consideration HOUSE Bill No. 818

BENGTSON (FULLER)

Respectfully report as follows: That HOUSE Bill No. 818

BE CONCURRED IN

XXXXXXXXXX

.....
ALLEN C. KOLSTAD, Chairman.

J. R. W.

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 24

19 83

MR. PRESIDENT

We, your committee on BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

having had under consideration HOUSE Bill No. 853

MILLER (GAGE)

Respectfully report as follows: That HOUSE Bill No. 853

be amended as follows:

1. Statement of Intent, page 2, line 3.

Following: Line 2.

Insert: "It is the intent of the legislature, that if the board decides to authorize new forms of racing not currently engaged in in Montana, it shall do so after holding public hearings to determine the effects of these forms of racing on the existing saddle racing program in Montana. The board should consider both economic and safety impacts on the existing racing and breeding industry."

2. Page 6, line 24.

Following: "WAGER"

Strike: "ON"

Insert: "at"

3. Page 7, line 2.

Following: "member"

Insert: "The governor may not appoint any member who would have ~~DEXXIS~~ a conflict of interest during his term of appointment."

4. Page 9, line 10.

Following: "govern"

Insert: "horse"

CONTINUED

HOUSE BILL 853

5. Page 10, line 15.

Following: "~~year~~"

Insert: "If the board decides to authorize new forms of racing not currently engaged in in Montana, it shall do so after holding public hearings to determine the effects of these forms of racing on the existing saddle racing program in Montana. The board should consider both economic and safety impacts on the existing racing and breeding industry."

6. Page 10, line 24.

Following: "officials"

Insert: "for the department"

7. Page 12, line 3.

Strike: "at a race course in this state"

8. Page 14, line 9.

Following: "OF"

Insert: "exotic"

Following: "ON"

Strike: "EXOTIC"

9. Page 14, line 10.

Following: "AND"

Insert: "up to 30% of the amount set aside may be used"

10. Page 14, line 16.

Following: "FORMS OF"

Insert: "wagering on"

11. Page 16, line 13.

Following: "EXOTIC"

Insert: "wagering on"

12. Page 17, line 6.

Following: "chapter."

Insert: "The licensee shall, at the same time, pay to the department all sums collected under 23-4-202(4)(d) on exotic wagering on races."

13. Page 17, line 15.

Following: "department"

Insert: ", after first passing through the board's agency fund account,"

AND, AS SO AMENDED,

BE CONCURRED IN

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

March 24

19 83

PRESIDENT

MR.

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

We, your committee on

HOUSE

871

having had under consideration Bill No.

FAGG (CHRISTIAENS)

HOUSE

871


Respectfully report as follows: That.....
be amended as follows:

1. Page 2, line 8.
Following: Line 7.
Insert: "(5) "Local government" means the city in which the project is located, if the project is located within an incorporated municipality, or the county if the project is located within the county but outside the boundaries of an incorporated municipality.
(6) "Major project" means a project whose cost or appraised value exceeds \$800,000."
Renumber: subsequent subsections.

2. Page 15, line 21.
Following: "to"
Strike: "complement"
Insert: "implement"

3. Page 15, line 22.
Following: "26]."
~~XXXXXX~~
Strike: remainder of line 22 through line 6 on page 16 in their entirety.

..... CONTINUED

Chairman. 

HOUSE BILL 871

4. Page 27, line 16.

Following: Line 15.

Insert: "cost or"

5. Page 27, line 18.

Following: "project"

Insert: "if the cost or appraised value is less than \$1 million"

6. Page 27, line 20.

Following: "board"

Insert: ", provided however that participation by a financial institution in projects of over \$1 million is at the discretion of the board"

7. Page 27, line 22.

Following: "private"

Insert: "or"

8. Page 30, line 1.

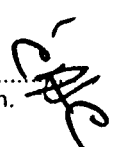
Following: "accountability"

Strike: remainder of line 1 through "PUBLIC" on line 3.

Insert: "be broadly representative of the state, seeking to balance professional expertise and public interest and accountability"

AND, AS SO AMENDED,

BE CONCURRED IN



ROLL CALL VOTE

SENATE COMMITTEE BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

Date 3/24/83 House Bill No. 576 Time _____

NAME	YES	NO
PAUL F. BOYLAN		✓
B. F. CHRIS CHRISTIAENS		✓
HAROLD L. DOVER		✓
DAVID FULLER		
DELWYN GAGE		✓
PAT M. GOODOVER		✓
GARY P. LEE, VICE CHAIRMAN		✓
PAT REGAN	✓	
PAT M. SEVERSON		✓
ALLEN C. KOLSTAD, CHAIRMAN		

Mimi Fancher
Secretary

ALLEN C. KOLSTAD
Chairman

Motion: Be Concurred In.

(Include enough information on motion -- put with yellow copy of committee report.)

ROLL CALL VOTE

SENATE COMMITTEE BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

Date 3/24/83 House Bill No. 818 Time _____

NAME	YES	NO
PAUL F. BOYLAN		✓
B. F. CHRIS CHRISTIAENS	✓	
HAROLD L. DOVER		✓
DAVID FULLER	✓	
DELWYN GAGE		✓
PAT M. GOODOVER	✓	
GARY P. LEE, VICE CHAIRMAN	✓	
PAT REGAN	✓	
PAT M. SEVERSON	✓	
ALLEN C. KOLSTAD, CHAIRMAN	✓	

Mimi Fancher
Secretary

ALLEN C. KOLSTAD
Chairman

Motion: Be Concurred In.

(Include enough information on motion -- put with yellow copy of committee report.)



BOARD OF CRIME CONTROL

303 NORTH ROBERTS
~~1236 NORTH ROBERTS~~
SCOTT HART BUILDING
HELENA, MONTANA 59601
TELEPHONE NO. 449-3604

IN REPLY REFER TO:

Amendment to House Bill 523 to Regulate Private Security Patrolmen and Private Investigators.

Section 12, Page 16, starting on line 4

delete "has been"

delete "and"

delete all of lines 5 and 6

On line 4 insert "is" before "a"

Line 4 should read: (b) is a citizen of the United States.

Move to Professionalism: Security Guard Standards

Fighting crime is not solely a police function.

WHILE privately employed security personnel are not policemen, when properly trained and equipped, and adequate safeguards are taken to assure high moral character, they are crime prevention and deterrent aids to law enforcement.

Unfortunately, most law enforcement agencies are required to operate with a budget not related to desired police coverage of the community or private enterprise. The security officer can afford that specific crime suppression function, offering each community a little added protection that the overworked, understaffed police agencies cannot.

There are, of course, some negative aspects to hiring private security firms. Large security companies require background checks, training in law enforcement, criminal code, first aid, safety, *ad infinitum*. But, those small "bootstrap" operation companies that operate out of private homes or small offices may not be organized to provide a complete training program, nor are their facilities such to provide an adequate background examination. Exceptions to the rule may exist, but on the norm, a small security company does not provide a level of professionalism and supervision that should be required.

The security officer should have a background in law enforcement prior to employment. He then should receive

specialized training in security work such as electronic surveillance techniques, lock and key controls, physical training, fire-fighting and prevention, and safety.

It is felt in many security and law enforcement circles that the adoption by all states of a proposed model code for private security could upgrade security officer standards to the extent that law enforcement agencies would tend to rely more heavily on them for assistance of a limited nature. The Committee of National Security Companies has been attempting for two years to complete such a code for submission to the Private Security Advisory Commission of the federal Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA). Ultimately, it would, with the LEAA imprimatur, hopefully be adopted and codified by all states for regulation of security company operations. If law enforcement agencies were confident that all private security officers were well qualified, trained, of good moral character, and competently supervised, a liaison would be established whereby the police officer would tend to seek out information and assistance to build up that much needed store of police intelligence material.

Fighting crime is not solely a police function. All the support assistance obtainable should be amassed from any source available and used by that agency responsible for area crime suppression.

NOEL F. ROGERS is Director of Security, Western Forge Corporation, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80907, and an instructor and member of the Criminal Justice Department Advisory Board, Colorado Technical College, Colorado Springs. He is a retired special agent, Army CID, whose last assignment was personal security officer to the Supreme Allied Commander, General Alexander M. Haig, Jr. He graduated with a B.S. degree in law enforcement and corrections from the University of Nebraska and earned his M.S. in education at the University of Southern California.



a wealth of information to law enforcement agencies if only they were assured of the reliability of this information. These companies maintain logs and reports of suspicious persons and vehicles at the business locations they are hired to protect. Also, they have developed personal contact with adult and juvenile citizenry resulting from daily contact at one job site. As an example, a situation has been reported where a security officer was able to obtain information on a runaway juvenile from other juveniles at a gameroom where he worked. The information was relayed to the local police department and resulted in the juvenile being returned home. A rash of office burglaries was stopped with information provided by a security officer who diligently recorded vehicle license numbers during his tour of duty at a large office complex.

Industrial security programs that employ their own security officers have somewhat of an advantage over contract security companies in that they can set their own standards. Typically, such companies will set salaries at a much higher scale than the contract security company, resulting in a higher caliber security officer. There is also a trend towards a higher stature of security managers in recent years. There was a period when a security manager ranked quite low on the corporate totem pole; and usually, the job of security was in addition to the primary position, normally safety or personnel. The trend now is toward security managers with a background and education in law enforcement, security, and management and who are well placed and well paid.

Lloyd Singer, president of Motorola Teleprograms, Inc., commented,

The solution of the accelerating growth of crime in America is beyond the power of public law enforcement agencies by themselves. The rapid growth of security personnel is in direct response to this situation, but an increase in the number of security personnel alone will not get business-related losses under control without adequate training of security forces. The U.S. Chamber of Commerce recently estimated such losses at more than \$20 billion per year — about 17 percent of all after-tax corporate profits.

The crime situation is progressively deteriorating even with advanced law enforcement methods, equipment, personnel, and support. As police agencies concentrate on a specific high-crime rate and start an abatement of reported crimes in one area, the rate of reported crimes in another area begins to rise. It seems to be a never-ending circle. Private security firms must follow the lead of police agencies and upgrade all standards to the best of their ability. A conscientious effort must be made by all for the good of all. ★

PRIVATE SECURITY TASK FORCE

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Dick Munro
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Jack Gaskill
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Office: 256-4361

Ray Froelich, Sheriff
Missoula County
Missoula, MT 59801
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Captain Tom O'Brien
Chief of Detectives
Billings Police Department
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Brint Markle
Staff Attorney/Unit Manager
Consumer Affairs Unit
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Testimony before the Senate Business and Industry Committee

24 March 1983

In the matter of house bill 523

Position: opposed to passage

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate Business and Industry Committee:

My name is James Steven Jasper, and I am a licensed private investigator holding license number 218. I have been a licensed private investigator since October 22, 1980. I am here to testify against the passage of house bill 523. While I do not object to the intentions of those favoring a high level of professionalism, I do have many questions about the framework of this legislation.

As a businessperson, I have grave reservations about the figures quoted in the attached fiscal note to this bill. Assuming those to be accurate, the potential cost of maintaining my license could prohibit me from offering my services on a competitive basis.

Concerning the provisions for the "board of private security patrolmen and investigators," there appears to be a mixing of apples and oranges. The professions are not synonymous. They are different. To regulate them under the same law presents some serious conflicts. The current law governing the regulation of private investigators--as a profession--is a workable one. In any event, I believe it appropriate that investigators regulate investigators.

Most importantly, this bill contains no grandfather provision for

those private investigators who are currently performing in a competent and professional manner. Some investigators, such as myself, are primarily engaged in work related to civil law. Hence, we have no need for firearm permits and the related requirements. In effect, this bill would if enacted, prohibit me from guaranteeing my clients that I could continue to offer my services beyond October 1, 1983.

Specific Objections/Questions:

Statement of Intent Subsection 5	Concerning training programs, aside from firearm training, what are these programs to encompass? How much will they impact the license fee?
Page 2, lines 1-11	Concerning the makeup of the board, potential for conflict of interest exists. Considerations for private security businesses should be separate from those for private investigators.
Page 8, line 14	How serious is the problem of incompetence? Specifically, how many of the complaints are directed at the work of private investigators?
Page 12, line 13	This new provision makes no mention of the authority of district court judges, who in the past have had the authority for granting firearm permits. How do the courts feel about this?
Page 13, line 10	Concerning fees for the services of the attorney general, how will these affect the license fee?
Page 16, line 10	In the interest of professionalism, should we allow convicted felons to obtain licenses?
Page 17, line 3	Should military service records be a factor?
Page 17, lines 7-11	It is not clear why someone with these qualifications would be applying for a license under this act. Would they not already be covered?

Page 17, line 20

"May" require a written exam seems somewhat arbitrary. Should this requirement not be clearly defined in the law?

Page 18, line 11

Concerning the license fee, it should be clearly defined in the law. Businesspeople fix their rates taking into consideration the cost of licenses. How can we determine accurately the cost of our services to our clients when we do not know the cost of doing business?

Page 19, lines 3-5

Concerning these requirements, aren't they vague?

Py. 19 Lines 12+13
Page 19, line 15

What is the justification for this? All information relating to a private investigator's license is on record with the department, which is the regulating agency. That agency alone should be the repository for that information.

Page 20, lines 23-25

Concerning the training requirements of a private investigator, should those not be determined solely by private investigators and their clients? And how much will that training cost?

Page 23, lines 23-25

The employer-employee relationship is not clear here. There is some question as to whether the employer is thereby limited in his hiring discretion. After all, the employer already has a license.

Page 24, lines 1-4

Page 25, line 12

Is this constitutional? Regardless, in the normal course of one's work, a private investigator will identify him or herself as such.

Page 28, line 19

"Unprofessional conduct" should be clearly defined in the law.

Page 29, line 17

Potential conflict of interest.

Page 27, lines 24-25

Is an off-duty policeman or woman actually impersonating a police officer while working in this capacity?

Page 31, line 25

For the client who pays taxes in addition to the security guard fee, is he or she not paying for the same service twice? Furthermore, how are these people to find work if they do not seek it?

Page 32, lines 10-13

If such badges are allowed to be used, how will this affect the public's perception of the persons holding badges, their roles and authority? What was the rationale behind prohibiting such use under the present law?

Page 33

There is no provision for those who are already competent, licensed professionals. This bill would severely inhibit their ability to carry out their livelihoods. This bill presents a whole new set of vague and undefined rules for private investigators with no guarantee that they will be allowed to continue their practices.

In conclusion, I submit that this bill should not be passed. The current statute regulating private investigators is a viable one. It should be retained. I thank you for this opportunity to testify.

SUBMITTED BY: Tom Dowling, 3/24/83, EXHIBIT NO. 4

HOUSE BILL 523

Amend Section 5, line 8 to read as follows:

"Special agents employed by railroad companies."

NAME: Ann L. Smoyer, Attorney DATE: 3/24/82

ADDRESS: 1085 McKim Ave, McKim, Md. 21601

PHONE: 442-3625

REPRESENTING WHOM? MUSKIE

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HR 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? _____ OPPOSE? X

COMMENT: I feel that this bill will
cause difficulties with the licensing
of private investigators, as the board
is comprised with too many law enforcement
connected personnel. I likewise see problems
with peace officers ~~not~~ being exempt
from licensing requirements and being
allowed to wear a badge in after hours
security employment. This could give
rise to conflicts of interest, and could
subject governing units to civil rights
suits brought under "color of law"
violations. There is no grand father
clause. The duties of Priv. Inv. and security

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

guards should be separated, as they
are different occupations



LARCHMONT GOLF COURSE, INC.

3200 OLD FORT ROAD

MISSOULA, MONTANA 59801

406-721-4416

February 7, 1983

Memo : All Public Municipal Golf Courses
Regarding House Bill #576 - Beer & Wine License

This proposal was heard before the Business & Industry Committee at 9:00am on Friday February 4th in room 420 at the State Capitol.

Appearing on behalf of this proposal were Barbara Evans, Missoula County Commissioner, Bill Verwolf, Helena Assistant City Manager, and myself.

Appearing in opposition to the Bill, the Representative for the Tavern Owners Association.

State Representative Lory, from Missoula, introduced the Bill with a strong recommendation for passage. Proponents and opponents had their opportunity to speak prior to questions from the Committee. The entire session lasted 45 minutes.

House Bill #576 did receive a Do Pass recommendation from the Business & Industry Committee, approved by a 12 to 7 margin.

I believe that it is very important for all of the golf facilities with an interest in this legislation to direct all available energy toward passage of HB576.

If any information is desired, please contact this office and we will respond with all available facts and figures.

DANIEL F. DESMOND
General Manager

*BILL #576 DID PASS THE HOUSE -
VOTE 84 TO 14 !*



LARCHMONT GOLF COURSE, INC.

3200 OLD FORT ROAD

MISSOULA, MONTANA 59801

406-721-4416

February 3, 1983

MEMO

Regarding Montana House Bill #576:
Municipal Golf Course Beer & Wine License

The following communities have been contacted regarding their support for the above bill.

Hamilton Golf Club (Ravalli County Facility) They have a Beer and Wine License at present. However, this Bill would allow them to sell the existing permit and realize a financial gain for their facility that would be of great benefit at this time. They support this Bill.

Broadus Golf Club (Powder River County Facility) They do not have a license at this time and are in support of this Bill.

Overland Golf Club (City of Big Timber) They do not have a license at this time and are in support of this Bill.

Polson Golf Club (City of Polson) They do not have a license at this time and are in support of this Bill.

R. O. Speck Golf Course (City of Great Falls) This course operates the food and beverage departments on a concession basis with the current lessee providing their own license. They are supportive of this Bill as it would provide them with greater flexibility of operation.

Anaconda Golf Course (City of Great Falls) Same as above.

Forsyth Golf Club (City of Forsyth) This facility has a valid full liquor license. This Bill would not provide any additional benefit for their operation.

Bill Roberts Golf Club (City of Helena) This facility does not have a license at this time. This Bill would be of direct benefit to the cash flow of this operation.



LARCHMONT GOLF COURSE, INC.

3200 OLD FORT ROAD

MISSOULA, MONTANA 59801

406-721-4416

February 3, 1983

Memo continued, House Bill #576

Madison County Golf Course (Located in Ennis) This facility does not have a license at this time. They are in support of this Bill.

Pineridge Golf Club (City of Roundup) This facility does have a license in use, however, they did offer their support for this Bill.

Harlowton Golf Club (City of Harlowton) They are in full support of this Bill.

Exchange Golf Club (City of Billings) They are in full support of this Bill.

Buffalo Hills Golf Course (City of Kalispell) They have a valid full liquor license in use. This license does belong to the Golf Association and not to the City.

Larchmont Golf Course (Missoula County Facility) This facility does not have a license and remains in complete support of this Bill.

Establishing this special classification for Beer and Wine service would be in keeping with existing special Liquor Licenses providing exemptions for Airports and for Resorts.

The communities involved would realize additional cash revenue thereby reducing potential need for tax dollars.

Beer and wine service at all public golf facilities would enhance useage and serve as a convenience to the public who support the game of golf.

Spokane County realizes a percentage income from golf course concessionaires. The concessionaires report that they are experiencing an average gross income per round of play of \$1.29.

MONTANA



Tavern Association

Affiliated and Associated with the NLBA

STATE HEADQUARTERS / 7 EDWARDS / LIVESTOCK BLDG. / P. O. BOX 851

HELENA, MONTANA 59624-0851 / PHONE 406-442-5040

STATEMENT IN OPPOSITION TO HB576 BY DONALD W. LARSON, REGISTERED LOBBYIST. BEFORE THE SENATE BUSINESS & INDUSTRY COMMITTEE - 3/24/83

HB576 is opposed by the Montana Tavern Association.

This is a bill for one golf course...Larchmont in Missoula. The attached news release from the Missoulian, dated January 21st, tells you why they want to sell beer and wine. They're broke and they want to bail out their defunct operation by getting a free license at the expense of those in this industry who have to pay for theirs.

If Larchmont hasn't been able to make it as a golf course, where is the equity in putting the burden on an already hard-pressed industry to solve their financial problems?

Perhaps the most important point is that Initiative #94 proposed to eliminate the beer/wine quota. This issue went to the voters of Montana last November and it was defeated by a 3 to 2 margin. The only county in the state that voted for I-94 was Missoula. The other 55 counties said NO, we do not want to eliminate the quota system.

In addition to defying the expressed will of the voters of Montana, this bill is unjust. Tavern owners PAY for their licenses; publicly owned golf courses would not. Tavern owners PAY taxes on their businesses; publicly owned golf courses would not. Then HB576 allows this tax-free, nonquota license to be leased out. Montana tavern operators are prohibited by statute from doing this.

Bills like this have come before the Legislature in session after session, only to be rejected because they are local, self-serving issues. But they could impact on every community and every on-sale retail licensee in the state.

We urge this Committee to likewise reject HB576.

* * * *

JAN 21 1981

SUPERIOR CLIPPING SERVICE
SUPERIOR, MONT. 59872

Plan would permit beer on golf courses

45
By JEFF COLE
of the Missoulian

The connection between beer and golf, says one Missoula duffer, is as natural as that between dog and bone.

Applying that logic, county officials have convinced a local legislator to propose a law making it easier to serve beer and wine at the city's financially strained Larchmont municipal golf course.

The bill, requested by county Commissioner Barbara Evans, would exempt the state's public courses from the quota system limiting the number of liquor licenses to be used in a given area.

It is being drafted by the Legislative Council and Rep. Earl Lory, a Missoula Republican, said this week that he will sponsor the measure.

Larchmont's newly appointed finance coordinator, county Budget Officer Paul Dwight, said that he has been trying to find a way to provide beer and wine sales at the course.

While he still doesn't know if the course could acquire the necessary license, Dwight said, "I feel in the back of my mind that it (the change) can't hurt, that it can only help."

Larchmont's municipal golf course board was disbanded by the commissioners last month and replaced with Dwight, who is charged with reorganizing the debt-troubled course.

Larchmont, valued at \$2.6 million, was started with a \$530,000 federal recreation grant almost five years ago. The 18-hole course is just west of Reserve Street and south of Missoula Community Hospital, near Fort Missoula.

To complete the course, the commissioners approved the sale of \$1.1 million in bonds in 1981. But construction delays and cost overruns,

coupled with high, 13.5 percent interest rates on the bonds, brought serious financial woes on the course by the end of its first partial season last summer.

Last fall, the commissioners lent the course \$100,000 from the tax-supported county general fund.

And golf course board members arrived before the commissioners in December in search of another \$100,000 loan.

The commissioners refused, instead appointing Dwight to salvage the operation.

He said this week that he believes the course can survive with a strong season and turnout during the next few years. "We're still here," he said. "We're going on a day-to-day basis."

Dwight said he has spent much of the last several weeks re-negotiating debts with course creditors.

"They want us to survive," Dwight said, and local businessmen in particular "have been very, very helpful."

Both Dwight and Dan Desmond, course pro and manager, said that local golfers have also been offering to help in any way possible.

Desmond said that if the proposed change in law ultimately means they can serve alcohol, "It definitely would have a very positive effect on cash flow for us."

While there's no way to tell exactly how much money could be raised through liquor sales, Desmond said, a similar Spokane, Wash., course earns about \$30,000-\$40,000 annually from beer and wine sales.

He said that during last summer's partial season, golfers frequently left for a cold, alcoholic beverage after playing several rounds.

If the drinks were available at the course, he added, "they might very well be inclined to play another round."

COUNTIES	Precincts	Registration	Total Vote Cast	Initiative No. 94		Initiative No. 95		COUNTY SEATS
				BEER AND WINE QUOTA SYSTEM		INVESTING COAL TAX TRUST REVENUE IN MONTANA ECONOMY		
				For	Against	For	Against	
*Beaverhead	16	4672	3637	1099	2395	2360	938	*Dillon
Big Horn	18	6319	4980	1528	2702	2606	1565	Hardin
Blaine	14	3527	2771	871	1763	1968	681	Chinook
*Broadwater	7	2116	1642	511	1047	1124	379	*Townsend
Carbon	20	5440	4429	1460	2768	2909	1109	Red Lodge
Carter	13	1190	962	292	570	560	248	Ekalaka
Cascade	51	37520	28106	9395	16803	17616	7245	Great Falls
Chouteau	17	3837	3208	945	2146	2113	854	Fort Benton
Custer	15	7083	5421	1503	3111	3319	1642	Miles City
Daniels	16	1785	1458	366	959	789	446	Scobey
Dawson	10	6338	4824	1426	3214	3076	1286	Glendive
*Deer Lodge	10	6625	5043	1692	2842	3167	1211	*Anaconda
Fallon	6	2221	1826	439	1193	1157	378	Baker
Fergus	16	7747	6158	1877	3932	3738	1834	Lewistown
*Flathead	34	28678	21516	8197	12622	14105	5572	*Kalispell
*Gallatin	32	37685	18730	8352	9626	12339	4915	*Bozeman
Garfield	8	1172	988	279	628	596	221	Jordan
*Glacier	14	5225	3720	1248	2204	2271	1041	*Cot Bank
Golden Valley	2	678	588	155	406	333	170	Ryegate
*Granite	4	1660	1321	423	845	883	307	*Phillipsburg
Hill	21	10011	7691	2144	4531	5036	1968	Havre
*Jefferson	10	3964	3121	1235	1759	2072	716	*Boulder
Judith Basin	11	1807	1492	407	1016	953	399	Stanford
*Lake	28	10267	8178	2876	4988	5244	2098	*Polson
*Lewis and Clark	40	27275	18966	8229	10084	13017	4752	*Helena
*Liberty	4	1477	1220	328	801	742	318	*Chester
*Lincoln	22	8786	6240	2427	3534	4322	1501	*Libby
*Madison	6	3543	2850	916	1789	1753	683	*Virginia City
McCone	8	1671	1446	378	993	853	374	Circle
*Meagher	5	1287	1059	339	651	697	278	*White Sulphur Springs
*Mineral	6	2171	1566	612	868	1083	323	*Superior
*Missoula	61	15902	29781	15567	12112	21607	6231	*Missoula
Musselshell	10	2891	2470	763	1578	1538	689	Roundup
Park	7	7588	6033	2150	3584	4168	1318	*Livingston
Petroleum	1	378	288	84	194	194	70	Winnett
Phillips	21	3109	2463	664	1606	1492	616	Malta
*Pondera	14	3083	3193	753	1909	1988	852	*Conrad
Powder River	11	1617	1394	464	822	844	363	Broadus
*Powell	12	3611	2868	940	1730	1757	799	*Deer Lodge
Prairie	5	1196	1025	245	705	568	305	Terry
*Ravalli	20	13177	10008	3764	5848	6700	2534	*Hamilton
Richland	17	6125	4379	1245	2083	2678	1217	Sidney
Roosevelt	20	1897	3559	1112	2177	2017	1023	Wolf Point
Rosebud	14	6244	4163	1491	2480	2702	1170	Forsyth
*Sanders	11	4951	3848	1446	2148	2559	925	*Thompson Falls
Sheridan	16	3221	2576	776	1601	1436	745	Plentywood
*Silver Bow	34	21130	16576	6629	9126	10671	3616	*Butte
Stillwater	9	3548	2895	924	1800	1848	755	Columbus
Sweet Grass	4	2058	1701	514	1093	1065	468	Big Timber
Teton	10	3921	3256	927	2167	2098	821	Choteau
*Toole	19	3478	2752	820	1778	1778	696	*Shelby
Treasure	5	699	603	165	408	337	192	Hysam
Valley	23	6041	4674	1412	2819	2543	1362	Glasgow
Wheatland	5	1436	1113	359	712	668	324	Harlowton
Wibaux	3	891	691	177	347	382	213	Wibaux
Yellowstone	88	59519	40616	15658	18307	21190	12119	Billings
TOTALS	929	445888	328082	121078	182724	207629	84875	

TESTIMONY OF MARGARET M. JOYCE JOHNSON

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL

REGARDING HOUSE BILL 595

The State Auditor is the Commissioner of Insurance according to Section 2-15-1903, Montana Code Annotated. Title 33, MCA, makes the Commissioner of Insurance responsible for the regulation of the business of insurance in the State of Montana. Section 33-3-202 was enacted in 1947 at a time when the Auditor's Office, or more specifically, the Commissioner of Insurance did not have his own legal staff. It places upon both the Commissioner and the Attorney General the duty of examining and approving proposed articles of incorporation of domestic insurers. Presumably, the duties of examination and approval were placed upon the Attorney General at that time to assure legal review of those documents before an insurer was permitted to incorporate in this state.

Since 1975, the Insurance Commissioner has had his own legal staff. The Department of Justice has requested that House Bill 595 be introduced as a matter of housekeeping so that the statutory duties correspond to the office best equipped to carry them out. There is no doubt that the Auditor's office, involved on a continual

basis, as it is, with the regulation of insurance, is the office which possesses the greatest amount of expertise in this area. The requirement of examination and approval of proposed articles of incorporation of domestic insurers by the Attorney General has outlived its usefulness. It is proper at this time to recognize the expertise which the Insurance Department of the Auditor's office possesses both in its staff attorney and in its constant dealings in the regulation of the business of insurance by giving that office full responsibility for the examination and approval of all proposed articles of insurance of domestic insurers.

It is our understanding that the Auditor's office has no objection to this transfer of statutory duties in this area.

Proposed Amendments to HB 871

1. Page 2, line 8.

Following: line 7

Insert: "(5) "Major project" means a project whose cost or appraised value exceeds \$800,000."

Renumber: subsequent subsections

2. Page 15, line 22.

Following: "26]."

Strike: remainder of line 22 through line 6 on page 16 in their entirety

3. Page 27, line 18.

Following: "project"

Insert: "if the cost or appraised value is less than \$1 million,"

4. Page 27, line 21.

Following: "project"

Insert: ", if the cost or appraised value is less than \$1 million,"

Amendments to HB 853

1. Page 6, line 24.

Following: "WAGER"

Strike: "ON"

Insert: "at"

2. Page 7, line 2.

Following: "~~member~~."

Insert: "The governor may not appoint any member who would have a conflict of interest during his term of appointment."

3. Page 9, line 10.

Following: "govern"

Insert: "horse"

4. Page 10, line 24.

Following: "officials"

Insert: "for the department"

5. Page 14, line 9.

Following: "OF"

Insert: "exotic"

Following: "ON"

Strike: "EXOTIC"

6. Page 14, line 10.

Following: "AND"

Insert: "up to 30% of the amount set aside may be used"

7. Page 14, line 16.

Following: "FORMS OF"

Insert: "wagering on"

8. Page 16, line 13.

Following: "EXOTIC"

Insert: "wagering on"

9. Page 17, line 6.

Following: "chapter."

Insert: "The licensee shall, at the same time, pay to the department all sums collected under 23-4-202(4)(d) on exotic wagering on races."

VISITORS' REGISTER

NAME	REPRESENTING	BILL #	Check One	
			Support	Oppose
GARY GRAY	BURNS INT'L SECURITY	HB 523		
Stephen Melon	Dept of Commerce	HB 853		
Roy Caseros	SECURITY NETWORK	HB 523		
Chuck O'Reilly	Chiefs of Police Assoc & Mt. Sheriff & Peace Officers Assn	HB 523	✓	
David Blatter	Security Arsenal Exp	HB 523		
Burt Harding	Western Security System	HB 523		
Lela Ewing	Capital High	HB 523		
Tom Doyle	Capital High	HB 576		
Tom Manderille	Capital High	HB 576		
Marion Juster	Capital High	HB 576		
Kris Hayle	Capital High	HB 576		
Susan Beck	Capital High	HB 576		
Bruce Buttenton	"	HB 523		
Judi Allen	"	HB 576		
Brenna Shook	" "	HB 576		
Mike Shook	Capital High	HB 576		
Mike Maykuth	Capital High	HB 576		
Gene Huffard	W.A. Davidson & Co	HB 877		
Shirley Naylor	Dept of Commerce	HB 523		
Judy Long Herrod	" "	"		
Roland W Pratt	MT Funeral Directors Assn	HB 534	✓	
Ann L. Smoyer	myself	HB 523		✓
Jim Fayer	myself	HB 523		✓
Margit Mangon	SELF	523		
J. Powell	Mnt R R Assn	523	amend	
Earl Long	Dep Dept 99	576	✓	

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Clayton Bain DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: Helena

PHONE: 449-3604

REPRESENTING WHOM? Board of Crime Control

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?

COMMENT:

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Shirley Miller DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: Dept of Commerce

PHONE: 449-3737

REPRESENTING WHOM? Dept of Commerce

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?

COMMENT:

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: W. Butch Harding DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: 1202 Wilman Rd Helena, Mont.

PHONE: 458-9531

REPRESENTING WHOM? Western Security Systems

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 623

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?

COMMENT: Fully support!

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Chuck O'Reilly DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: Helena

PHONE: 443-1010 ext 243

REPRESENTING WHOM? Chiefs of Police Assoc. & Mt Shemps & Peace Officers Assoc.

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?

COMMENT:

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Mary Lou Garrett DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: Helena

PHONE: 449-3737

REPRESENTING WHOM? Dept of Commerce, Prof Lic. Bureau

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? OPPOSE? _____

COMMENT: Amendment to allow for

STAGGERED terms of Board

members, Page 2, line 18

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: JAMES STEVEN JASPER DATE: 3/24/83

ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 55

PHONE: 442-2315

REPRESENTING WHOM? MYSELF

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: H.B. 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? _____ OPPOSE? X

COMMENT: PREPARED STATEMENTS SUBMITTED

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: TOM Downie DATE: 3/24

ADDRESS: 3030 N. Montana

PHONE: 442-9000

REPRESENTING WHOM? Unit. R. R. Assn

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: H.B. 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?

COMMENT:

Extend Railroad Special Agents

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Martin T. Mahan DATE: 3/24/83

ADDRESS: 104 Broadway

PHONE: 449-7028

REPRESENTING WHOM? SELF

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE? L

COMMENT: Bill has NO Grand Father

CLAUSE.

By Exempting LAW ENFORCEMENT
PRESENTS CONFLICT FOR THE OFFICER
AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

Board should be composed
OF MAJORITY FROM SECURITY AND
P.I. PROFESSION.

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: David L. Blatter DATE: 3/24/83

ADDRESS: 1720 Cannon Helena MT

PHONE: 443-3353

REPRESENTING WHOM? Security Armored Express

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? X OPPOSE? _____

COMMENT: Some parts of The Bill should
be changed.

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: GARY GRAY DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: 18 SIXTH ST. NORTH GREAT FALLS

PHONE: 454-1691

REPRESENTING WHOM? BURNS INTL. SECURITY SVCS. INC

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? OPPOSE? _____

COMMENT: SEC. 29, PEACE OFFICERS CASUAL
EMPLOYMENT.

AMEND AS ORIGINALLY WRITTEN.

AS AMENDED, QUESTIONS ARISE CONCERNING
LIABILITY, CONFLICT OF INTEREST, OR
EMPLOYER RECOURSE FOR UNSATISFACTORY
SERVICE.

AS CURRENTLY AMENDED, THIS IS INCONSISTENT
WITH THE INTENT OF THE ACT.

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Roy Manuel Cisneros DATE: 3/24/83

ADDRESS: 3405 6th Street NW Great Falls MT

PHONE: 727-0616

REPRESENTING WHOM? SENTRY SECURITY NETWORK

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HTB 523

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? X OPPOSE? X

COMMENT: _____

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: Seiffert, Norma E DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: Montana Ins Dept

PHONE: 449-2996

REPRESENTING WHOM? Same as address

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 534

DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?

COMMENT: No objection as long
as only marketing arms
(ie managing general agents)
are licensed from out of state

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: DANIEL F. DESMOND DATE: 3/24/83

ADDRESS: 3200 OLD FORT ROAD MISSOULA

PHONE: 721-4416

REPRESENTING WHOM? LARCHMONT GOLF COURSE

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: BILL # 576

DO YOU: SUPPORT? YES AMEND? _____ OPPOSE? _____

COMMENT: PLEASE REVIEW ATTACHED STATEMENTS.

THANK YOU

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: D.W. Larson DATE: 3/24/83

ADDRESS: 1801 9th Ave.

PHONE: 442-9254

REPRESENTING WHOM? M.T.A.

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: 576

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? _____ OPPOSE?

COMMENT:

Written testimony

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

(This sheet to be used by those testifying on a bill.)

NAME: PHIL STROPE DATE: 3-24-83

ADDRESS: HELENA.

PHONE: _____

REPRESENTING WHOM? MONT TAVERN ASS.

APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: HB 576

DO YOU: SUPPORT? _____ AMEND? _____ OPPOSE?

COMMENT: _____

(1) This bill is contrary to I-94

(2) This bill will not solve the financial problems of Missoula City-County golf course

(3) This bill is too broad. It would authorize all miniature courses, driving ranges and putting greens.

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.