MINUTES OF THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON EDUCATION January 11, 1983

The House Appropriations Subcommittee on Education met at 8:00 a.m. on Tuesday, January 11, 1983, in Room 104 of the State Capitol. With Chairman Rep. Esther G. Bengtson presiding, all members were present. The supplemental budget requests submitted by the Office of Public Instruction, School for the Deaf and Blind, and University System were approved. There were no hearings.

The supplemental request of \$726,056 for the University System was considered first.

Curt Nichols said that he had been unable to find out if money from 1982 would come in 1983 from the vehicle fee replacement funds. He said that, based on the taxable value that has been reported to date, the 1983 request is about \$150,000 too high. The millage will be about \$576,000 short instead of \$726,000. This figure is based on 95.7% collection. Mr. Nichols said that the collection rate fluctuated from year to year. Rep. Peck wanted to know if the negotiated settlement with Burlington Northern had been taken into account when the figures were calculated. Mr. Crosser stated that the collections from those protested taxes hadn't been included.

Chairman Bengtson wanted to know, if the full appropriation was granted, whether language could be included so that any excess monies would revert to the General Fund. Mr. Nichols said this would be easy to do and it would probably be advisable.

Mr. Nichols then passed out information; see Exhibit "A". The LFA estimate had been distributed in the same way the FY 1983 shortage had been distributed by the Commissioner's Office.

Discussion took place regarding putting language in the supplemental which would provide for reversion of excess collections to the General Fund. Rep. Donaldson said that putting the reversion factor in wouldn't change the ultimate cost at all. He submitted that he would rather "err on the high side" in order to avoid having the University System request an additional supplemental. He asked Mr. Nichols how confident he was that the \$150,000 would be forthcoming. Mr. Nichols replied that most of the taxable value for the State was in and recorded, but he couldn't say that absolutely there would be this amount Tom Crosser agreed with this statement. coming in. year's valuation is fairly concrete, so fairly good estimates can be made regarding what the six mills will generate; however, a reversion clause would be a good option in case there was a major protest or other change in expected collections.

Chairman Bengtson wanted to know if the money wouldn't revert anyway, with or without the language. Mr. Crosser said that if the millage appropriation wasn't officially reduced, the General Fund appropriation would be above it and any collections made above the amount less the supplemental would be available. He suggested that the millage appropriation could be reduced by a like amount. Curt Nichols suggested that the Legislature could say that there was a cap on expenditures, with any excess monies reverting. This is similar to what was done in 1981. The cap would be on the total expenditures of each unit. Rep. Donaldson moved that the \$726,054 millage supplemental be approved; motion carried unanimously.

The enrollment supplemental was then considered. The total amount was \$1,172,726. Chairman Bengtson entertained the committee's feelings regarding whether the amounts the individual units would be receiving should be kept as the Board of Regents had presented them, or if MSU should get more funds and Montana Tech. less, as the LFA had suggested. There was general consensus to leave the figures as they were.

Chairman Bengtson then entertained thoughts from the Committee regarding whether or not the figure of 97% should be used in the funding for the second year. Mr. Nichols computed the amounts using 90%, 93.5% and 95%; see Exhibit "A". At 90%, there would be no need for an appropriation. Rep. Ernst wanted some background on why 97% had been established as the support figure to be used. Rep. Donaldson explained that a variety of different portions of the budget were compared to a peer group. They felt that they were coming from such a low point - 60% - that perhaps a step was justified; i.e., 90% in the first year and 97% in the second.

Rep. Bengtson said she had Mr. Nichols check to see what had been done in the past biennium in the area of capital equipment purchases. Mr. Nichols said that in FY 1981, about \$2.9 million was spent, and in 1982 \$4.4 million was spent; therefore, there was about a 50% increase in equipment purchases. However, there may have been a cutback in planned purchases if planned purchases had been over \$4.4 million. The cutback was impossible to determine because there was no line-item for equipment from the 1981 Legislature. The only way to find out what had been planned on would be to ask the presidents or the Commissioner's office to prepare a list of equipment which they had planned to purchase. Mr. Crosser said that the problem with comparing 1981 and 1982 was that 1981 was at 60% of peer institutions and 1982 was Mr. Nichols said that the total budget percentage had increased less than the equipment percentages and,

therefore, equipment was a higher percentage of the budget.

Rep. Bengtson wanted to know how much the University System would have been short if the budget had been based on what the actual enrollment had been. Mr. Nichols said it would have been short about \$8 million.

Rep. Donaldson rose in support of the Universities' approach and the supplemental, in light of the fact that they had not been granted the contingency in 1981 to provide for increased enrollment demands. It was understood amongst the Committee members in 1981 that if there were enrollment increases, a supplemental would have to be considered.

Sen. Hammond submitted that there must have been a lot of fat in the Universities' budgets if they had been able to get by without \$8 million and are now asking for only \$1.3 million. Rep. Bengtson said that in 1983 the Governor's budget recommended 90% of peers amount, and the LFA has suggested 97%. Sen. Hammond suggested that the formula looking at peer schools may not be as reliable as it was believed. Sen. Jacobson pointed out that the Universities had been growing rapidly in the past several years. Also, they budgeted for 97% and she feels the Legislature has an obligation to make up the little bit of the difference they are asking for.

Sen. Hammond questioned the Universities' attempts to get more students and thought they should examine their goals. Rep. Donaldson rose in support of proper budgeting. The question of fat in their budget needs to be addressed for the next biennium, but it is no longer at issue for the past biennium. He also pointed out that growth across all six units was not consistent, and by not approving the supplemental, these inequities would only be increased.

Chairman Bengtson stated that she felt it was incumbent upon the committee to look at reduced funding levels, even on the supplemental requests. Mr. Crosser said that he didn't feel the supplemental could be further discounted and added that the Governor's discounting of the 1984 and 1985 budget would require a great deal of flexibility in the University System.

Sen. Haffey moved that the supplemental request of \$1,172,696 or \$1,172,726, whoever was right, be approved. He pointed out the Legislative Finance Committee's sponsored study in 1981 which had recommended moving toward the peer average and rose in support of not backsliding on this study.

Rep. Bengtson said that the enrollment - driven formula needed to be examined; possibly a formula based on both course offerings and enrollment should be considered. Sen. Haffey said course offerings were considered in enrollment driven formulas already. Mr. Nichols said that the mix of disciplines and the average instructional ratios in disciplines and at different levels is contemplated in the formula generated by the Finance Committee, and it is adjusted for 1984-1985. Sen. Hammond suggested that the peer schools were probably cutting back now, given economic conditions. Rep. Peck stated that he was opposed to re-examining the formula for the current biennium.

Rep. Ernst pointed out that going to school during times of economic trouble was more beneficial to society and the individual than other options.

The question was then called for; motion carried unanimously to approve the supplemental request.

Chairman Bengtson then brought up the issue of vacancy savings in the University System. The deficiency of vacancy savings was \$1,154,000. Both Mr. Crosser and Mr. Nichols said that when this request was presented, it was the first time they knew that it would be presented. Jack Noble then spoke up, stating that it was not a request, it was a statement of condition and concern regarding the application of vacancy savings, more so as it applied to decision-making for the coming biennium. Sen. Haffey wanted to know what the Governor's office and the LFA recommended in the next biennium in this area. Mr. Nichols said the LFA wasn't recommending any vacancy savings; Mr. Crosser stated this was the case with the Governor, also, but there was a problem with the pay plan and how vacancy savings could be utilized for funding negotiated agreements for pay increases. Chairman Bengtson said that the committee members would take the matter under advisement.

The Office of Public Instruction's request for a \$350,000 transportation supplemental was then considered. Chairman Bengtson stated that by law the State was mandated to pay 1/3 of these costs and currently the figure was closer to 1/4 in reality. If this was not changed, the local taxpayers would have to make up the difference. Curt Nichols explained to the committee that the State sets a schedule which says how much will be reimbursed on a bus, and the State pays 1/3 of this amount. However, in the past, supplementals have been needed because there wasn't enought money in the budget to cover the amount the State was to pay. In FY 1980, the Districts had to absorb the State's share. The schedule is set so low that

the actual cost exceeds it; although the State is paying its 1/3 of scheduled amounts, the actual payment is only 1/4 of total cost. Rep. Donaldson moved that the budget be approved in the amount of \$350,000. Motion carried unanimously.

The supplemental request for the School for the Deaf and Blind was then considered. The request amounted to \$30,000 to cover utility expenses. Rep. Peck submitted that he was surprised that a school with a \$2.3 million budget would need \$30,000 more. Discussion followed regarding the reasons behind the request. In the fall of 1983, when the second cottage is completed, the remainder of the students will be vacating the old building; at this time, the utilities on the old building will stop. Sen. Jacobson then moved that the \$30,000 supplemental request be approved. Motion carried unanimously.

A briefing was given on the Montana Arts Council budget. Pam Joehler, LFA's office, passed out information; see Exhibit "B". The Council has sponsored several projects: Artists in the Schools, The Montana Folklife Project, community arts projects, and regrants of federal funds to individuals and nonprofit organizations. Council is funded by General Fund, earmarked revenue, federal funds, and community match funds. The Montana Folklife Project has received earmarked revenue from the Cultural and Aesthetic Project Fund, which is funded by coal severance tax revenue, since 1980. The projects have to be authorized by the Legislature every session; the expenditures relating to the Folklife Project are not included in the LFA current level budget for this reason. The Executive Budget did not remove these expenditures. The budget documents that the LFA received from the Governor's office indicated that the agency expected a decline in federal funds. However, this has changed and now only a slight decline is expected; therefore, the LFA estimate maintains the 1982 level of funding, approximately \$345,000 The Governor's office did not anticipate this per year. However, they did not replace the federal funds with general fund monies. Therefore their overall expenditure level is lower than the LFA's. The major issue facing the Arts Council is moving to Helena. Estimates of the cost were outlined on the last page of the handout (Exhibit "B"). Savings in travel expenses would be about \$2,000 per year if the move was made.

Frances Olson, Governor's Budget Office, then gave his briefing. 1982 expenditures were inflated 6% to arrive at the 1984-1985 figures. Also, the request for relocation was accepted and is included in the proposal. Also the Governor's budget included the Folklife Project by

mistake. The cost of the Project was calculated and then removed from the budget; \$27,541 in 1984 and \$29,193 in 1985 would therefore be removed from the Governor's request.

Mr. Olson stated that on January 10, he received more current information regarding the pass-through grants. With the new estimates which were generated, pass-through monies for the grants are increased substantially, making them much more comparable to the LFA proposal.

The Chairman suggested that any questions the committee had should be saved for the agency hearing on the following day. Mr. Crosser added that the Governor's office had second level comparisons which would be available to the committee members at a later date.

It was explained by Mr. Crosser that the reason 1982 budget figures differed from 1983, '84, and '85 figures was that budget amendments were included in the former.

Discussion then took place regarding travel by the committee to some of the units of the University System or the Community colleges. Chairman Bengtson rose in support of visiting the community colleges, if any visits were done. It was agreed to research the matter. Mr. Nichols said the cost was about \$10,000 per weekend and two tours were taken when the University System was visited in the past. Room and Board was additional.

The meeting was adjourned at 9:30 a.m.

Rep. Esther G. Bengtson Chim.

Educ Suscomm. 17 1/11/83

UNIVERSITY SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Projected Enrollment Over Budget Total 1983 Supplemental	MSU		<u>EMC</u>		NMC		MCMST		<u>Total</u>
		771		424		316		374	
on Formula 2/3 Absorption Available Revenues		2,612,818 ,742,749) (383,635)	-	,283,849 (856,327) (341,915)	\$ [*]	1,135,395 (757,308) (135,120)	\$1 	,271,849 (848,323) (65,808)	
Supplemental Request	\$	486,434	\$	85,607	\$	242,967	\$	357,718	\$ 1,172,726
Reduction in general fund appropriation if support had been funded by 1983 Legislature at following percentage of peers.									
90% 93.5% 95%	\$	866,694 428,366 249,050	\$	258,860 129,430 75,250	\$	111,542 55,771 32,425	\$	162,180 81,090 46,110	\$ 1,399,276 694,657 402,835

Millage Supplemental

		LFA		
·	FY '	82 <u>FY '83</u>	<u>Total</u>	Estimate
MSU UofM EMC NMC WMC MCMST	72 29 12 6	,779 \$ 302,000 ,767 161,000 ,071 64,500 ,908 28,500 ,578 14,500 ,953 28,500	\$ 294,779 233,767 93,571 41,408 21,078 41,453	\$ 233,879 185,467 74,221 32,858 16,728 32,903
Total	\$ 226 =====	,056 \$ 500,000 ==== =======	\$ 726,056 ======	\$ 576,056 =======

CMN:cm:e

Hontana Arts Council

Montana Folklife Project

This project was created by the 1979 Legislature and is provided for in Section 22-2-203, MCA. Since \$780, the project Ms received funding from the Cultural and Hesthetic Project Fund which is funded from coal severance tax revenue. The projects that receive funding from the Cultural and Aesthetic Project Fund must receive legislative approval each regular session. For this reason, the expenditures relating to this project Capproximately 24,500 in \$182) were deleted the lase expenditure level.

The executive budget does not remove these expenditures.

Federal Funding

The budget documents received from the governor's office utilized in the budget analysis indicated a decline in Ederal funds. However, in December 1982, the executive director of the Montana Arts Council indicated only a slight decline in Federal funds was expected for the 815 biennium. Therefore, total Ederal funds estimated for the Arts Council remained about the same as what was received in P182, or approximately 345,000 each year.

The budget office did not anticipate this level of federal revenue; however, the executive budget did not replace federal funds with general fund.

Issue 1: Moving Costs

The Montana Arts Council indicates its council members feel the function of the council will be better served if the agency was located in Helena rather than Missoula. Currently, the executive director travels to Helena weekly for council business. Moving the agency would reduce travel expenses approximately \$2,000 annually. The agency is requesting a one-time appropriation of \$42,376 in fiscal 1984 for moving costs. This includes costs for termination pay for two employees who will not be able to move, moving and relocation expenses, and some minor equipment replacement. It also includes \$10,000 for contracted services for preparation of a document that details the responsibilities, procedures, and processes necessary for the positions that would become vacant. These documents would be prepared by the employees who would not be moving to Helena.

The agency has been located in Missoula since its inception in 1967.

OPTIONS

Option a: Approve the move. This would cost state general fund \$41,376, net of annual savings in fiscal 1984. It would save the general fund \$1,000 in fiscal 1985. This option would provide for the physical move and the requested contracted services for historical and procedural documentation.

Option b: Approve the move, but provide only \$31,376. This would provide for the physical process of the move, but would not provide for the contracted services requested.

Option c: Do not approve the move to Helena.

MONTANA ARTS COUNCIL

OBJECT EXPEND		BUDGET FOR MOVE TO HELENA		
	PERSONNE			
	SL/AL PA		10237	
1100		G PERIOD/1 MO	3909	14746
1100	*PERSONN	NET.		14146
	FRINGE E	BENEFITS		
	SL/AL PA		2047	
		G PERIOD/1 MO	782	
1400	*FRINGE	BENEFITS		2829
	CONTRACT	TED SERVICES		
		INCL PACKING/OFFICE	1361	
		INCL PACKING/STAFF	4000	
		ENOVATION	_	
03.00		ING/CURRENT STAFF/HELENA	10036	3.5.20.7
2102	*WNIRAC	CTED SERVICES		15397
	COMMUNIC	CATIONS		
	INSTALL		917	
2316	*COMMUN]	ICATIONS		917
	TRAVEL			
		ION (4) 30 DAYS LODGING AND PERDIEM		
		UNTING, ETC (3 TRIPS)		
2401			168	•
2407			1437	
2408	*TRAVEL		2580	4185
	TKWAPP			4103
2899	*OTHER			3852
	EQUIPMEN	NT		
	_	MENT OF EQUIPMENT	250	
	CONVENER		800	
3112	*EQUIPME	ENT		1050
	***MOVE			42376

NOTE: THESE FIGURES ARE ALL BASED UPON APRIL, 1982 COSTS, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PERSONNEL AND FRINGE CATEGORIES—THESE ARE PROJECTED AT FY 84 LEVELS. INFLATION FACTORS WILL HAVE TO BE APPLIED TO ALL OTHER CATEGORIES.

AN AMOUNT FOR RENOVATION OF THE SPACE IN HELENA, IF REQUIRED, HAS NOT BEEN INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE.