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MAY 5 1981

MINUTES OF THE MEETING SENATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE MARCH 21, 1981

OF MONTANA

The meeting of the Local Government Committee was called to order by Chairman George McCallum on the above date in Room 405 at 12:30 p.m.

ROLL CALL: All members were present.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 781:

AN ACT AUTHORIZING A LOCAL GOVERNING BODY TO CONTRACT WITH A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION FOR A REPURCHASE AGREEMENT; PROVIDING FOR BID PROCEDURES.

Representative Harper, District No. 30, said this bill clarifies a practice that has been going on. It guarantees that local governments get the maximum amount of interest for their money. He introduced this bill at the request of the counties.

Dan Mizner, League of Cities and Towns, said they have been using this practice and they support the concept.

Bill Verwolf, finance director for the city of Helena, supports the bill.

There were no opponents of the bill appearing before the committee.

There were no questions from the committee.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 790:

AN ACT TO PLACE METROPOLITAN SANITARY AND/OR STORM SEWER DISTRICTS UNDER THE REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Representative Daily, District No. 87, said this bill is very simple. It places the metro sewer rates from Butte under the authority of the Public Service Commission (PSC). Butte is the only city whose rates are regulated by the legislature. They would like to be the same as everyone else. The effective date of the bill is January 1, 1982. He submitted an amendment in case HB765 passes, to let local governments set their own rates unless there is more than a 15% increase. (See attached Exhibit A.)

There were no further proponents of the bill, Senator McCallum then called for opponents.

Senator Stimatz, District No. 43, opposes the bill because the

metro sewer bill, HB424, is not a rate bill but a special improvement district bill. Bonding authority is tied in with it. Rates are provided in the other bill. The local government sets the rates, there is no mention of the PSC. He is not really in opposition of the bill but it would tamper with bonding authority. The board of county commissioners will have full power to establish rates in the other bill. There are 17 elected people on one council in Butte instead of a board of county commissioners and a city council. He hopes the committee will kill this bill to help raise rates because we have HB424. This bill could cause a lot of mischief. When you are under the PSC you have to come to Helena to protest, this way they can stay in Butte to protest.

Representative Daily, in closing, said this is an important bill. He would like to discuss Senator Stimatz's concerns with him regarding bonding authority. He hopes the bill will pass.

Senator McCallum then called for questions from the committee.

Senator Van Valkenburg said when Representative Brown was here he said if it wasn't for HB790, HB424 would never have passed the House.

Senator Stimatz said they thought that bill had to go.

Senator Van Valkenburg said the committee was told no one appeared on the bill because they were only asking for a small increase in the ceiling. It is easy for the ceiling to become the rate. The legislature is setting the rate if the ceiling isn't high enough. They will be back each session for a raise.

Senator Stimatz replied they are back now because they are running at a deficit; they are at \$21,000 per year and it can't be run at that. They will not be back next year to raise this. This is a special improvement district law.

Senator Thomas asked if the local government would be setting the rates if this bill passed.

Representative Daily said that is the way he understands it. He guarantees if this bill does not pass Butte will be back next session to ask for another increase.

Senator Conover asked if this bill passes would they be back the next session.

Representative Daily answered no.

Senator Hammond suggested Senator Stimatz and Representative Daily get together and decide what Butte really wants.

Representative Daily and Senator Stimatz said they would do that and get back to the committee.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL 765:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR MUNICIPAL REGULATION OF MUNICIPALLY OWNED UTILITIES; TO ESTABLISH MAXIMUM INCREASES ALLOWED; TO REQUIRE REPORTING TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION AND THE MONTANA CONSUMER COUNSEL.

Representative Donaldson, District No. 29, said this bill gives greater latitude to local governments to set their own utility rates. Section 1 outlines the roll of the act. Lines 17 through 19 on page 1 provide that the municipality can raise rates if the increase is not more than 15% per year. The committee will hear testimony that if this passes, rates will go out of sight. The Public Service Commission (PSC) cannot control inflation and someone has to pay the bill. Section 2 requires adequate notice of rate hearings. Notices shall be mailed to the Consumer Counsel. Section 3 deals with the conduct of municipal rate hearings. Section 4 provides for an annual report to the PSC. There is an amendment to make certain the reports are in line with what the PSC needs and wants. Section 5 provides that a rate increase of more than 15% must go before the PSC. Section 6 is the rules for operation of municipal utilities. Section 7 is old language. The major thrust of the bill is in Section 1. He suggested some amendments to clean up the language and make more apparent what they are trying to do. (See attached Exhibit B.)

Representative Shontz, District No. 53, supports the bill. Montana is the only state this occurs in. Rates should be set by the city government. If you don't trust people in city hall, vote them out of office. It is very expensive for small communities to apply to the PSC for rate increases. The cost to raise rates is more than the amount generated by the increase. This bill is a reasonable compromise with what we have now. You can control water and sewer rates better when they are set by the city council rather than the PSC.

Senator Regan, District No. 31, said if cities were to abuse their privilege of handling their own affairs, there are recourses. The PSC can step in or we can take it back to the legislature to put it back in the PSC's hands. Local control is best.

Senator Elliott, District No. 8 and former mayor of Columbia Falls, said he had recently become involved in the rate making process for water and sewer rates in Columbia Falls. They needed an increase in 1979. It was a sizeable increase and the PSC is not geared to act in a quick manner. They started the proceedings

in February of 1980 and did not receive any action until November. The action kept getting deferred. The increase was outdated by the time they got it so they had to start all over again. He concurs that the Consumer Counsel should act as representative and be made aware of what is happening.

Russ Ritter, city commissioner from Helena, said all they are asking for is that they be given the right to make the final decision. It seems that the local elected officials could adequately address any problems in the funding of this.

James Nybo, Helena city commissioner, asked if we wanted to untie the hands of elected officials to do what they were elected to do. It is proper that we do that. The people setting the rates would be elected by those people who are water and sewer users. This would free up the PSC. Local officials can make important financial restrictions. Hearings are standard procedure for local governments, charters require public hearings before rates are raised. The amendments would be acceptable to the city of Helena. (See attached testimony sheet.)

Norbert Donahue, city of Kalispell, said they would like to break even if possible. Our citizens are the stockholders, they do not like to be under the PSC. The cost is about \$10,000 to prepare a petition to the PSC for a rate increase. By the time a rate is granted it is too late and they are in the hole again. They have other things to do in the city other than running utilities; the time they could spend on sewer and water rates would be adjunct to the other things they do.

Gene Thayer, mayor of Great Falls, believes the locally elected officials are qualified for this. Forty-five states have locally controlled rates. The Great Falls city commission resents the insinuation that the PSC is the only body qualified to protect the consumers.

Larry Herman, mayor of Laurel, spoke in support of the bill. (See attached Exhibit C.)

T. Curtis McKenzie, city engineer in Laurel, said they have run \$21,000 in the hole in the operation of their water system. They have a 4 million gallon water tank that has needed repair for 5 years but they do not have the funds to repair it. They had between 4 and 6 men in the department 15 years ago for repairs but now only have 2 and the city has doubled in size. The PSC would probably be glad to see them taken out from under them because they take up so much of their time.

Wade Weakley, utilities manager for the city of Great Falls, said

they have a rate application before the PSC. The costs itemized by the mayor are already \$66,000. The cities have to bear this. The customers are the ultimate beneficiaries of these costs. If this is placed at the local level costs will be decreased. The cost to the city of Great Falls will be significant - a 30% increase for mainline replacement.

John Wilson, mayor of Deer Lodge, supports the bill. The town has a population of over 4,000. They are really hurting when it comes to water and sewer rates.

Walt Valacich, city of Great Falls, said they have problems with the water situation; the biggest one is the stance people are taking relating to rates. He thinks they have the ability at the local level to set the rates.

Tim Berry, consulting engineer for the firm of Morrison-Maierle, said they are involved with many communities. It is tedious work for the consultants. Helena has a problem with the sewer system, they have no existing sewer system charge. This bill does not clearly address what happens to communities that don't have a rate at the present time. He does not know if this bill will allow them to establish operation and maintenance costs, he suggests the bill be amended if it does not.

Michael Kennedy, Billings City Council, concurs with the comments of the proponents.

Curtis Kuehn, city of Columbus, concurs with the points made and urges the bill's passage.

Hugh Spall, city commissioner from Great Falls, said they are facing a demand by the Environmental Protection Agency that the city empty its waste waters into the Missouri River in a purer form than they took it out. They feel they are diligent enough to handle this. They set rates for almost everything else in the city, why not this. The city should be able to operate more as a private business.

Rose Leavitt, League of Women Voters, concurs with the idea of more local control.

Calvin Calton, city of Billings, spoke in support of the bill. (See attached Exhibit D.)

Gerald Underwood, utilities director for Billings Public Utilities Board, spoke in support of the bill. (See attached Exhibit E.)

Harold Eagle, president of Consulting Engineers Council of Montana, is involved in water improvement projects. He said the

cities that need water improvements are always facing raises in rates. A lot of communities have gone 20, 30 or 40 years between rate increases because they didn't want to go through the process. It is much easier to have a number of small water rate increases. He does not think any of the remarks made today were in criticism of the staff of the PSC. He has always been impressed with them. They inherit more work than they can effectively deal with. Any legislation that will permit us to take care of financing problems in a more efficient manner is in the best interest of all of us.

Harry Simons, Shelby mayor, supports the bill. He concurs with everything said. It took 5 years to get approval to improve their water system.

Senator Blaylock, District No. 35, supports the bill.

George Christensen, mayor of Boulder, supports the bill.

Bill Fox, mayor of Billings, is the only elected official that isn't a real firm believer of total local control but this is one case where there is no doubt about it. The current system does not fit the times. They can do it better and cheaper at the local level.

Walt Reisig, city councilman from Billings, said they have spent \$90,000 over the last 3 years appearing before the PSC for rate increases.

Bob Erickson, city manager of Helena, spoke briefly in support of the bill.

Senator Goodover, District No. 22, said in the last election we saw people ask for a new direction. Local people need greater control. City officials are elected to perform for local communities to serve their needs as they know best. If people don't like the officials, they can vote them out.

Senator McCallum then called for opponents of the bill.

Representative Pistoria, District No. 39, spoke in opposition of the bill. (See attached Exhibit F.) He submitted a petition from property owners in Great Falls who oppose passage of this bill. (See attached Exhibit G.) If there is no opposition to a raise in water and sewer rates, the PSC grants the increase right away. A hearing to the Consumer Counsel would cost as much as a hearing to the PSC.

Senator Hager, District No. 30, said there is a problem with residents outside of the city buying water from utility services owned by the city. Whenever the city sells water it is engaged in

a business function rather than a city function. If the bill is adopted, every family purchasing water from the city would be at the city's mercy since they could not complain to the PSC because of unreasonable rates or charges. The cities would enjoy a monopoly because the people could not get their water from any other source. People outside the city limits who purchase water from the city would not have the right to protest. He gave the committee a letter from Sonny Lockrem. (See Exhibit H.)

Lloyd McCormick, Joint Council #2, Teamsters in Great Falls, said the consumer has to pay the high cost to go into hearings at the city level also. If this bill is passed, the other utility companies will come to the legislature wanting the same thing.

John Allen, Montana Consumer Counsel, spoke in opposition of the bill. (See attached Exhibit I.)

Richard Ferderer, secretary/treasurer, Local #45 in Great Falls, spoke briefly in opposition of the bill.

John Manzer, manager for Teamsters Local #45, Great Falls, said it would be taking away his rights to be represented by the PSC if this were put in the hands of the commissioners in Great Falls. The PSC has great expertise in rate making. They are there for the protection of all citizens. Taking their power away is doing an injustice to people in the communities.

Representative Donaldson, in closing, said he is not criticizing the PSC, they have been very helpful. People are fed up with over-regulation and this is a serious case of it. He believes this does cover Mr. Berry's problem. Cities that do not have a rate currently would not be helped by this bill, they would probably have to go to the PSC to establish a rate. There are 45 states that do not go through this process, they must not be having too many problems. The 15% is not mandatory, they can take 3% if that is all they need. This bill does not require the Consumer Counsel to become involved, it allows them to be if they want to. He is upset with the stand they have taken on this bill. He hopes the committee will concur with the bill.

Senator McCallum then called for questions from the committee.

Senator Conover asked if the water that is sold to Billings Heights is regulated by the PSC.

Mr. Calton said yes, with the approval of the PSC.

Senator Conover asked Senator Hager if the water rates in his area had ever been increased.

Senator Hager answered he was sure they had been.

Senator Conover asked if he had to go to the PSC before this.

Senator Hager was not able to answer that question.

Mr. Underwood replied that when the city of Billings raises rates, it has to go to the PSC. There have been 3 rate increases since 1964.

Senator Goodover said during this session the legislature has taken the limit off bond interest for SID's. They put a sunset on it so in 2 years the bill comes up for review. The legislature took usery limits off banks and trades. They put suspensions on those so in 2 years the law is suspended and it goes back to the old law unless the legislature extends that. The legislature has been allowing every segment to do their own thing for the next couple of years, that is what you would be doing with this bill.

Senator O'Hara asked how this would effect the people in Black Eagle and how do their present rate charges compare to the city's.

Mr. Valacich answered that Black Eagle has been more than glad to get the service and do not pay any more than anyone else. People in Black Eagle would not oppose a rate increase.

Senator Ochsner asked what the cost for water is for an average household in Billings.

Mr. Underwood replied that it is \$5.50 per month.

Mr. Wilson said Deer Lodge is over \$2 per month.

Senator Thomas asked what it was in Great Falls.

Mr. Valacich answered \$8.90 for water and sewer.

Senator Conover asked what it was in Missoula.

No one knew for sure.

Senator Ochsner asked if this included Missoula since they have a private water system.

Senator Van Valkenburg said he does not think it would include Missoula, only municipally owned water systems.

Alec Hanson, League of Cities and Towns, said only municipally owned systems are included.

Senator Thomas asked when you have a \$90,000 cost for a rate increase, what percentage is incorporated in what is received from the PSC.

Mr. Underwood said he did not know.

Senator Thomas asked if it would be 5% or did he have any idea.

Mr. Underwood said with a \$100,000 figure it would be about 10%.

Senator Thomas asked if that was universal.

Tom Schneider of the PSC said Billings has asked for 2 rate increases: \$1.6 million and later \$1.2 million. They were granted \$1.3 million and over \$900,000.

Senator Van Valkenburg asked Mr. Allen if he was appearing before the PSC with respect to water and sewer rate increases.

Mr. Allen answered yes.

Senator Van Valkenburg asked why they would have no discovery power under this bill but do under existing law.

Mr. Allen said currently you appear before district courts and the PSC and have discovery powers. Cities are required to make certain filings to the PSC. They can rely on that filing and need little discovery beyond that.

Senator Van Valkenburg asked if there were examples where cities have applied for less than a 15% increase where they appear on behalf of consumers to object to an increase.

Mr. Allen thought so.

Senator Thomas asked Mr. Schneider what the average time was for granting increases.

Mr. Schneider said he never worked out an average. They do have a 9-month law. Where there is a federal mandate or immediate problem, they are, by enlarge, granted rapidly.

Senator Thomas asked Representative Donaldson if the rates can be higher for persons outside the city as opposed to people inside the city.

Representative Donaldson replied no, not in this statute.

Senator Thomas asked if he would consider providing and amendment to provide for that.

Representative Donaldson said he could consider it.

Senator McCallum asked Representative Donaldson if the hearing must be held in 31 days.

Representative Donaldson said that was correct, it is typical with most postings.

Senator McCallum said on page 2 it says notice shall be mailed to the Montana Consumer Counsel. Unless we change that the Counsel will not have anything to say about it.

Representative Donaldson said they would have the right to appear or be requested to appear.

Senator McCallum said on page 3, line 3, it says 30 days after the hearing they shall issue a decision. The decision is final 10 days after filing with the municipal clerk. There is no right of appeal.

Representative Donaldson said it is implied in the amendments suggested.

Senator McCallum asked if the city has expertise in this area or would they have to hire experts.

Representative Donaldson said they are trying to hold down costs. The cities run a lot of other enterprises than water and sewer rates. This is not a terribly complicated area.

Senator McCallum asked if you could have a 30% increase, 15% for sewage and 15% for water.

Representative Donaldson said the cost increase would be the same.

Senator McCallum asked how many dollars would the 15% amount to in Billings.

Mr. Underwood said he is not sure what the increase in net revenue would be. The water bill itself would go up 15%.

Senator Thomas asked what the gross revenue was in the Billings Water Department.

Mr. Underwood said slightly over \$3 million.

Senator Ochsner asked if they received a 15% increase and needed more and had to go the the PSC, would the PSC have record of the 15% they already received so they could take that into consideration.

Representative Donaldson said on page 3, Section 4, they must make an annual report to the PSC.

Senator Thomas asked if there was a change as far as the schedule for large users, who would set that rate.

Representative Donaldson said he was not certain.

Senator Thomas said on page 3, Section 4 it mentions the classification and rate, who makes those determinations.

Representative Donaldson answered they make the determinations with the city council if not more than 15%, more than 15% would go to the PSC.

Senator Thomas asked Mr. Allen the same question.

Mr. Allen said the increase could not total more than 15%.

There being no further business before the committee, the hearing was adjourned at 3:00.

Chairman McCallum eórge

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ROLL CALL

LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

47th LEGISLATIVE SESSION - - 1981 Date 3/21/8/

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NAME: Michael Henredy DATE: ADDRESS: 2013 Clark ave Dillings MM 59102
ADDRESS: 2013 Clark ave Billings MM 59102
PHONE: 636-6696
REPRESENTING WHOM? City of Billings
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: 765
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?
COMMENTS:
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NAME: CURTIS C Knehn DATE: 3-21-81
ADDRESS: PO. Box 412 Columbus MT. 59019
PHONE: 322-5877
REPRESENTING WHOM? TOWN OF Columbus
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: 14 13 765
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?
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NAME:	/vah Sp	A /	DATE: 2/2/	10/
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NAME: Russ Francte	DATE: 3/2/2/
ADDRESS: 318 Laruson - Kelena	
PHONE: 443-4783	
REPRESENTING WHOM? ZWV of Mt	······
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND?	OPPOSE?
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NAME: Caluin F. Calin	DATE: 3-21-21
ADDRESS: BUT S. 2x 3 W Billing	<u> </u>
PHONE: 052-0510	
REPRESENTING WHOM? City of Billing	
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: 16. 765	
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND?	OPPOSE?
COMMENTS:	

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NAME :	Gerald D. Und	lenipod	DATE :	3/21/81
ADDRESS:_	623 Custer Au	re Billings	, MH	
PHONE :	252 7488			
REPRESENT	ING WHOM? Cityof	Billings, Publ	lic Ut.liti	es Board
APPEARING	; ON WHICH PROPOSAL:	HB 765		
DO YOU:	SUPPORT? X	AMEND?	OPPOSE?	
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NAME: William B. S.y. DATE: 3-21-81
NAME: William B. Sit DATE: 3-21-81 ADDRESS: 1409 Citon Bling Billings Mont
PHONE: 252-2432
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: <u>H 765</u>
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: <u>H 765</u>
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?
COMMENTS:

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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

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ADDRESS:	1101	20th We	al	Billmg.	s m ^x
PHONE :	656-	6543	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		
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NAME :	abert	Eerd	Son	c.tym	92 DATE: 3-21-8
ADDRESS:	316	N, Pa	mt		
PHONE :	442-	9920	ExI	401	
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ADDRESS: <u>126-14 Gree South</u>	
PHONE: 432-0482	
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NAME: Cichard J Ferderer DATE: 3-31-5.	/
ADDRESS: Jore-574 Aug Mice Frist Falls 157	×
PHONE: Henry 761-4613 week 452-1431	
REPRESENTING WHOM? Trans Trais Lical#45	
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL: 70.5	
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND? OPPOSE?	
COMMENTS:	

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

NAME :	DATE: 3-27-37
ADDRESS:	
PHONE :	
REPRESENTING WHOM?	
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL:	
DO YOU: SUPPORT? AMEND?	OPPOSE?
COMMENTS:	

PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

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NAME: Tom Schneider		DATE: 3/2/
ADDRESS:		
PHONE :		
REPRESENTING WHOM?	Service Con	mission - SELI
APPEARING ON WHICH PROPOSAL:	765	
DO YOU: SUPPORT?	AMEND?	OPPOSE?
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PLEASE LEAVE ANY PREPARED STATEMENTS WITH THE COMMITTEE SECRETARY.

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Exhibity

Amend HB 790, third reading (blue) copy as follows:

l. Page 2, line 25.
Following: "authority"
Insert: "[subject to the provisions of [House Bill 765]]"

2. Page 4. Following: line 19 Insert: "(4) The bracketed material in section 3 relating to House Bill 765 is effective."

2.

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Erhibit B

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HB 765

1. Title, line 8. Following: "MCA" Insert: "AND PROVIDING A PERIOD OF EFFECTIVENESS" 2. Page 1, lines 18 and 19. Following: "raised" Strike: "more than 15% per year" Insert: "to yield more than a 10% increase in 12% total annual revenues" 3. Page 1, lines 21 and 22. Following: "to" Strike: "pay principal and interest on the bonds or loans" Insert: "meet the requirements of bond indentures or loan agreements" 4. Page 2, line 7. Following: "(3)" Insert: "(a)" 5. Page 2. Following: line ll Insert: "(b) The notice must also be mailed at least 7 days and not more than 30 days prior to the hearing to persons served by the utility. The notice shall accompany the bill for services of that utility and must be mailed within the prescribed time period. This notice must contain an estimate of the amount the customer's average monthly bill will increase." 6. Page 3. Following: line 6 Insert: "A copy of each revised rate schedule shall be filed with the public service commission upon final decision." 7. Page 3, line 19. Following: "increases" Strike: "in excess of 15%" Insert: "that yield total revenues in excess of 10%" 120% 8. Page 3, line 20. Following: "for" Insert: "mandated federal and state" 9. Page 3, line 21. Following: "improvements" Insert: "for which the increase exceeds amounts necessary to meet the requirements of bond indentures or loan agreements required to finance the local government's share of the mandated improvements"

g10. see Insert NO. Page 4. Following: line 10 Insert: "NEW SECTION. Section 7. Appeals. (1) A party to a municipal rate hearing may appeal the decision of the municipality to the district court in whose jurisdiction the municipality lies. (2) A person may appeal the adoption or application of municipal utility rules to the district court in whose jurisdiction the municipality lies." Renumber: subsequent sections **J.M.** Page 5, line 2. Following: "(e)" Insert: "except as provided in [sections 1 through 6]," \mathcal{D}_{12} . Page 5, line 6 through 8. Strike: these lines in their entirety 14 17. Page 5. Following: line 8 Insert: "Section 9. Period of effectiveness. This act is effective July 1, 1981 and remains in effect until July 1, 1983.

Senator O'Hara .

Proposed amendment to House Bill 765 to address questions raised during the committee hearing about the cost of water to people outside the city limits.

The rule SI

creases for comparable classifications and zones outside the municipal boundaries sharp not exceed those set within the city limits under the provisions of this act. municipal

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TESTIMONY BEFORE SENATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE ON HB765

1-562575

My name is Larry Herman, I am the Mayor of Laurel. Our support is given to HB765.

A fundamental issue before this committee is the PSC's role in regulation of municipal utilities. The present involvement of the PSC restricts the ability of cities to respond to the needs of its residents. The ability to respond to public's needs results from the PSC's attempt to rigidly control local government powers over its' municipal utilities. The PSC does not have what might be called a city or urban policy which is responsive.

From a local view, many points can be made for local regulation of city utilities.

First the local government is responsive to the needs of its residents and is able to best judge the needs of the city. If they are not the voters will not return them to office.

Second the cost of providing utilities to the city's residents can be reduced. For every hearing before the PSC a city must spend unnecessary monies to meet purely bureaucratic rules and regulations without any relavance to the real needs of the cities. As an example the City of Laurel must spend between \$10,000 to \$15,000 for each hearing before the PSC just for a rate change.

The lessening of functional bureaucracy is an issue that cuts across all levels of government, and may have in the end a profound effect on whether cities survive or go into bankruptcy. Currently on the federal level, as President Reagan indicated in a speech recently, there is a growing recognition of the need to move away from the functional bureaucracy.

The PSC's continuance in regulating of city utilities will have two results.

- 1. The increase of the bureaucracy to regulate municipal utilities. Already the PSC is asking for more staff to do its work. Who is to bear the cost? The State? The cities? The public?
- The increase in the cost of local utilities due to the bureaucratic paper work and studies. The cost passed onto the public.

The present bill before the committee does provide protection to the public in two ways.

First the Consumer Council remains as a watch dog for the consumer.

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Second, the courts have authority to review all matters.

Further the greatest check is the local electorate itself. If public officials are not responsive they will not be returned to office.

The present bill before the committee will return regulation of local utilities to where it belongs -- to the people affected -the cities. We urge your strong consideration and support of the proposed bill, HE765.

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Exhibit Driv

PHONE 248-9191

CITY OF BILLINGS PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT



GERALD D. UNDERWOOD, P.E. Public Utilities Director CARL H. CHRISTENSEN Asst. Public Utilities Director



P.O. BOX 30958

2251 BELKNAP AVE. BILLINGS, MONTANA 59111

Statement of City of Billings in Support of Bill Limiting PSC Jurisdiction over Municipal Utilities (H.B. 765)

The City of Billings supports H.B. 765.

A brief, concise statement of the reasons for our support is as follows:

- A. Policy Considerations
 - Past Montana Legislatures have acknowledged the need and desirability of increased municipal powers to control their own destinies in passage of "Home Rule" legislation. The voters of the City of Billings approved the "Home Rule" concept in adopting Billings' City Charter form of government.
 - 2. 45 out of 50 states do not allow their PSC's to regulate municipal utilities.
 - a. United 1979 sewer utilities were not regulated by the PSC in Montana. A Supreme Court decision changed this. Consumers were not adversely affected by the nonregulation of sewer rates so far as we are aware, in years prior to 1979.
 - b. Most states find it desirable to allow municipalities to regulate their own utilities.
 - c. Duplicative regulation and the attendant cost would be eliminated if PSC review is limited.

REMEMBER

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- d. All consumers, whether residing inside or outside the cities, have protection from unreasonable rates through the Montana Consumer Counsel, who has the expertise necessary to address unreasonable or inequitable rates. Such consumers would also have the right to have the courts review rates, with or without the Consumer Counsel's assistance.
- e. Generally cities and towns are capable of setting their own rates equitably, but in any event, expert rate consultants are available to small as well as large municipalities. The involvement of EPA in sewer systems mandates the use of such consultants. The municipal utilities are non-profit operations.
- 3. Multiple levels of regulatory reviewed are avoided.
 - a. Now new sewer rates must be reviewed by:
 - 1) City Council
 - 2) Department of Health and Environmental Sciences (State)
 - 3) Environmental Protection Agency, EPA (Federal)
 - 4) Public Service Commission (State)
 - 5) Consumer Counsel (State)

By any common sense definitiion this must be an excellent example of over regulation.

- 4. PSC's proposed water service rules, upon which a hearing was held on February 18th, would --
 - a. Do away with Special Improvement Districts as a financing mechanism for water utility expansion. The legislature has long granted this right to cities in Montana. The PSC proposed rules would essentially require "free extensions" - a boon to developers, a new burden to existing rate payers
 - b. Require free extensions to be paid for by the water utility. This means, to be paid for by customers. Developers would not have to pay the cost of their own extensions. If a developer applied for an extension and the city water utility built

-2-

facilities at its rate payers expense and the development never went forward, the funds would be tied up to no one's benefit and to all customers higher rates.

- c. Prohibit re-sale of water. Billings has numerous water haulers which could not then purvey city water to country homeowners.
- 5. City councils have to live with the day-to-day results of its management decisions. The PSC does not; yet the PSC's decisions on rates and regulations affect management more substantially than practically any other decision. Cities should be left free to adopt their own regulations to meet their unique requirements.
- B. Economic Considerations
 - In its rate order on Billings 1977 water rate application, the PSC held:

A municipal water utility cannot recover past deficits nor project rates to allow for inflation.

If you were so prohibited in your business, what would you do:

- 2. The PSC budget will have to be increased substantially if it is to have adequate staff to examine and hear all Montana municipal water and sewer requests in the future. The City of Billings must now contemplate new applications on water every two (2) years. Sewer rate applications can be expected to fall in the same pattern.
- 3. Non-profit municipal utilities in Montana are in grave financial trouble. The basic problem is PSC regulation. This is compounded by the current inflationary spiral. It is now a "gray" area in Montana law as to whether it is the PSC or the municipality which is to manage the utility. If you really intend that the PSC manage the municipal non-profit utilities, then pass laws so doing. Then fully fund the PSC so they can do the job well. Don't leave it the way it is now.

In the past, the legislatures have given cities excellent legislation with which to govern their utility growth and operation, such as The Municipal Revenue Bond Act. However, the PSC

-3-

refuses to acknowledge the clear language of this Act as well as other laws. In view of the PSC's political intransigence, the only recourse available is to limit PSC interference. PSC regulation is unneeded, unwanted, uneconomic, unefficient, and unnecessary.

The nine month regulatory lag cannot be tolerated. The costs of this unnecessary regulation are proliferating boundlessly.

- 4. The cities' bonding capabilities are being adversely affected. The PSC does not understand bond coverage considerations. The City of Billings, partly because of the high interest rates, is currently still trying to issue \$3.5 million in revenue bonds, for which approval by the PSC was first sought in its 1977 water rate application. Construction costs continue to escalate incredibly in the interim.
- 5. The PSC would be much better off, as would Montana consumers, if the PSC were to devote its limited resources to regulate private, for profit, utilities which are not subject to voter concurrence in their rate policies.

Respectfully submitted,

The City of Billings

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PHONE 245-8989

CITY OF BILLINGS PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT



GERALD D. UNDERWOOD, P.E. Public Utilities Director CARL H. CHRISTENSEN Asst. Public Utilities Director



P.O. BOX 30958

2251 BELKNAP AVE. BILLINGS, MONTANA 59111

City of Billings Statement re. County Water District of Billings Heights

The City of Billings anticipates opposition to H.B. 765 from the County Water District of Billings Heights.

As a counterpoint, the City of Billings presents the following information:

- The City of Billings and the District are presently in litigation in the Supreme Cout involving contract questions between the City and the District and questions of PSC jurisdiction over the contract, the City and the District, and questions of water rates for the District.
- 2. One of the primary questions before the Supreme Court is why the PSC released the District from PSC jurisdiction February 24, 1977. See attached PSC letter dated February 24, 1977.) So far as the City of Billings is aware, Districts should, under present law, be subject to PSC jurisdiction. The PSC has held that the District is a public utility, but declines to regulate it.
- 3. The District usually portrays itself as a small entity which the City takes advantage of. The District by its own projections has presently approximately 7,500 residents and projected over 25,000 by the year 2000. In fact, the City only desires that the District pay its own cost-of-service rates. The District opposes doing so. It follows that if the District pays less than it costs the City to supply water to the District, then City rate payers must pay more than their cost of service, in effect, subsidizing the District. The City utilities are operated on a non-profit basis and only

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seeks to have each customer segment pay its own cost of service rates as determined by the consulting engineers for the City.

4. If the legislature is in doubt, it can quickly solve the problem by extending the effect of H.B. 765, not only to municipal utilities, but also to the water districts created under the laws of this state.

Respectfully submitted,

The City of Billings

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 1227 11th Avenue • Helena, Montana 59601 Telephone: (406) 449-3007 or 449-3008

February 24, 1977

don Bollinger, Chairman Gilfeather mas Monahan es R. Shea rge Turman

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Mr. J. E. Rehard, President County Water District of Billings Heights 705 Lincoln Lane Billinys, Montana 59101

Dear Mr. Rehard:

Pursuant to your letter of January 26, 1976 requesting the County Water District of Billings Heights be released from the jurisdiction of the Montana Public Service Commission, the Commission granted your request at a meeting held February 9, 1977.

Enclosed is a copy of the minutes of that meeting.

If you have any questions concerning the above action, please let me know.

Sincerely,

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Dennis Crowforf

Dennis Crawford Deputy Administrator Utility Division

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Enclosure

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STATEMENT OF PUBIC UTILITIES BOARD CITY OF BILLINGS, MONTANA IN SUPPORT OF HOUSE BILL NO. 765 AUTHORIZING LOCAL GOVERNING BODIES TO ADJUST MUNICIPAL UTILITY WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES

TO: SENATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

The Public Utilities Board of the City of Billings supports the passage of House Bill No. 765.

The Public Utilities Board consists of five lay members, none of which by city charter hold any other elected city office. The Board's purpose is to act in a citizen advisory capacity to the City with respect to all aspects of municipal utilities. The Board may also recommend to the City the adoption of such municipal utility rates, fees and charges as the Board may deem just and proper, subject to other requirements and provisions imposed by law.

The Public Utilities Board supports House Bill No. 765 for the following reasons:

- If approved, House Bill No. 765 would allow local governing bodies to increase, after public hearing, municipal utility rates not to exceed 15% per year. During inflationary times, such as we are presently experiencing, <u>timely</u> municipal utility rate adjustments are vitally needed to offset the increase in operational costs resulting from inflation;
- 2. Approval of House Bill No. 765 would permit local governing bodies, in the case of federal and state mandated improvements, to increase municipal utility rates in an amount not to exceed the amounts necessary to pay the principal and interest on the bonds or loans required to finance the local government's share of the mandated improvements. Too frequently federal and state mandated improvements are required to be constructed by local governments without consideration of how the local government can fund such construction. It seems very appropriate that local governing bodies be authorized to increase utility rates to finance the local government's share of any such state and/ or federal mandated improvements;
- 3. House Bill No. 765, if approved, would substantially reduce the costs now normally incurred by municipalities in obtaining state and federal regulatory agency approval of municipal utility rate adjustments;

STATEMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES BOARD CITY OF BILLINGS, MONTANA Page Two

- 4. Duplicative and over-regulation of municipal rates with their attendant costs would be avoided if House Bill No. 765 is approved; and
- 5. As a citizen advisory Board, we feel the necessary consumer safeguards are set forth in House Bill No. 765 to adequately protect the consumer from paying unreasonable rates for water and wastewater service.

In summary, most municipal water and wastewater utilities are in dire financial condition because of the impacts of inflation over the last several years. Timely utility rate adjustments will mitigate such impacts. Too, the financial integrity of municipal utilities can and should be preserved. This will enable the municipal utilities to effectively maintain and enlarge their water and/or wastewater systems as needed and necessary. Passage of House Bill No. 765 will help to ensure the financial integrity of municipal utilities and at the same time, ensure that the public at large is provided the highest quality of water and wastewater service at the lowest possible cost.

Respectfully submitted,

Vern Dobitz, Chairman

Public Utilities Board City of Billings, Montana

jbp

MY TESTIMONY AGAINST H.B. 765 der Wibit F IN SENATE LOCAL GOVIT. COMMITTEE _ MAR. 8, 198) (1) I do not know how anyone would get tropped in introducing os supporting such a bet bill as H.B. 765, especially my good priend Representative seve conaldson The bill is playing right into the hands of the Local sove officials the local officials are looking ant for themselves Nor Star Ciligens. We were elected to protect us Citizens Not the local officials. artually does if passed. of all of dur lities & Totone in mont to NCREASE their Water & Server Rates 15% each year without an expiration date. This takes, away the 15% increase regulation jurisdiction from the DSC entirely, the are elected hythe people for that purpose by face. The citizens will any Legal proceedings to defend or counter art that they had before to protect themselves. This is torrible, because it states in the Bill the only require that the citizens have is that may be defended by the Consumer Counsel at a hearing. Well, as you all - know the consumer Counsel is Nor a regulating or decision Making branch of

State Gove, by the state constitution the consumer coansel was established only to defend our consumers in ulility late Cases. the Local officials will make the derision any way & this is true. again, il might he repeating myself, think twice before acting on this sell. I want to remind you of 3 reasons why you should Norpass this sill out of your committee: + ONE-CI) - The city commission on the lity council is the one asking for an increase & the Cety commission of the Cety Council will be the ONE deciding whether the manse will go into effect. Therefore, it is the same body making the decision. This is unkered of hefore, +Two-(2)-, The consumer Counsel may have to be involved in many cases on the same day. The will have No control over when hearings are helt. Thus placing an extra bucken on him when the PSC should continue to handle this, who are Elected for that surpose Not the Consumer counsel. + THEE-(3) - The people really have no way to protect or have a say anymore. The

People Do Not want this control taken away from the PSC jurisdiction & their constitutional rights are gone.

Sincerely yours, Paul & Pistoria State Representative Great Falls, mont Aistaiet # 39

THIS IS OUTRAGEOUS & UNHEARD OF BEFORE

Listen to this — H.B. 765 introduced by Representative Gene Donaldson, allows All Local Government Officials of all the Cities and Towns in Montana the POWER to increase Water and Sewer Rates 15% each year thereafter WITHOUT an expiration date thus taking away the 15% Water and Sewer Rate Increase Jurisdiction from the PSC, who, by State Law, are elected for the purpose of protecting the Consumers of Montana. This is outright dictatorship. Who would ever expect this to happen in America?



PAUL G. PISTORIA

The Citizens will LOSE any Legal Procedure to defend or to counteract, which they had before to protect themselves if this BLL passes. This is TER-

RIBLE because it states in the **Bill** — the only recourse the citizens have is that they may be defended by the **Consumer Counsel at a hearing**. Well, you should know that the **Consumer Counsel** is **NOT A REGULATING** or a **DECISION MAKING BRANCH** of **State Government** established by the **State Constitution in 1972** only to defend the **Consumers in Utility Rate Cases**.

Therefore, the Local City Officials will make their own decision.

We must not give this kind of dictorial POWER to the hungry City Commissioners in Great Falls as designated Mayor Gene Thayer, Hugh Spall, John St. Jermain and Walt Valacich. Walt, you are always saying that you are a peoples advocate, then how does it happen that you have asked me to support this bill and lobbyed others to support your for some? Answer all of us.

I ardently opposed H.B. 765 in the House along with Helen O'Connell on 2nd reading. It still passed. But, on 3rd or final reading, I was again able to debate this bill. It still passed but, I was able to gain 15 more votes against the Bill. Note voters of Great Falls: 7 of your Representatives voted for the Bill and 5 of us voted against it.

The Harassing Tribune Management is for City Hall regardless of what they do. Their recent editorials show they are behind this type of Legislation which is for total Local Control.

H.B. 765 will now be heard in the Honorable Senate Local Government Committee on Saturday, March 21, 1981, at 12:30 P.M. in Room No. 405.

We need all of your support to defeat H.B. 765 in order to make your views known to the members of the Senate Local Government Committee. If you write to them, the address is Capitol Station, Helena, Montana 59601. If you call, the telephone number is 1-449-4800.

The Honorable Committee Members are: (1) George McCallum, Chairman (2) Jesse O'Hara, Vice Chairman (3) Max Conover (4) Donald Ochsner (5) Pete Story (6) Bill Thomas (7) Fred Van Valkenburg.

In Scotty James' Editorial last Sunday, the point was missed entirely. He dealt with another subject which was different than the subject of my H.B. 295 on signatures. He just confused our wonderful citizens. He wasn't even there.

Yes, why don't the **Tribune writers sign their Editorials?** What are they afraid of? We are forced to give our names. Who are they to tell us what to do. They are not our bosses.

Everytime the Tribune tries to destroy or knock me, it is a boost for me. Keep it up, I love it. I laid off for some time but, from now on, I will give it to the Tribune.

This AD cost me \$231.00. I would appreciate receiving donations to pay for this AD. This is the only way we can fight them. I will never give up fighting for our citizens rights.

Thank you. March 16, 1981

Pol. Ad Pd. for by Paul G. Pistoria, 2421 Central Ave., Great Falls, Mont. 59401

Section 2

Sincerely yours, Paul S. Astoria

Paul G. Pistoria State Representative

A CALLER S

P.S. Ex-Senator George Roskie, what is bothering you? And what are you worried about? Is it because I am still a winner? Can't you take it for being a looser? Your whole problem is being associated with the wrong click and I can't help you George.

This is my personal letter to this committee.

March 8, 1981

George McCallum, Chairman Senate Local Government Committee and Members Jesse O'Hara Max Conover Donald Ochsner Pete Story Bill Thomas Fred Van Valkenburg

I am ardently against H.B. 765, which gives the locally elected and appointed officials of all of the cities and towns in Montana the power to increase their water and sewer rates 15% per year with no set time limit and will go on indefinitely year after year.

This gives the local officials the right to increase the water and sewer rates each year indefinitely and the same body to make their own decision. This is <u>unheard</u> of before in America. We are not a communistic nation; we had better not come to that. This is outright Dictatorship.

This is taking away the jurisdiction from the PSC who are elected for that purpose to protect the citizens. Then why have the PSC, and, by this kind of Legislation, do they want to eventually eliminate the PSC? It surely appears that is the intention of this bill if it passes.

If H.B. 765 passes, the local officials will have us over a barrel because there is no substitute for water. We can't live without it.

The people will have no recourse to protest or have a say any more. The people don't want this jurisdiction taken away from the PSC or their Constitutional rights will be gone.

You Honorable Senators were elected to represent the people that elected you, not the locally elected and appointed officials.

We want to abide by the decision of the PSC.

Therefore, for these reasons we urge your Committee not to pass H.B. 765.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Paul &, Pistoria state Representative Great Falls, mont-Lustrict # 39

FER. 26 th THRE MARTINE

George McCallum, Chairman Senate Local Government Committee and members Jesse O'Hara Max Conover Donald Ochsner Pete Story Bill Thomas Fred Van Valkenburg

THIS IS THE PETITON 71775 05 745 719 SIGN ATTIRES.

We, the following property owners living in the City of Great Falls, oppose passage of H.B. 765, which gives the locally elected and appointed officials in every city and town in Montana (a blank check) the power to increase their water and sewer rates 15% each year thereafter with no termination date, and will go on indefinitely year after year.

Imagine the same body who are in power allowing them to make their own decision. Just think what could happen, with this power, in the past some of the larger cities have been caught by the PSC using these funds for other purposes. Now, with the PSC <u>not</u> having this jurisdiction any more on the 15% rate increase for water and sewer, they probably will use some of these funds for other purposes with no strings attached. We do not want this to happen.

How could this happen in America? It is the same as having a Dictatorial form of Government.

The citizens will have no way to protest or take part in their Government any more.

The elected PSC was established by law for that purpose - to protect our citizens. Why should the PSC be by-passed? It looks as if they are trying to eliminate the PSC. We believe our citizens should not lose their constitutional rights.

Think twice before passing this Bill because when you get back home after the session ends, you will have to FACE your constituents for allowing the Local Government officials to raise the water and sewer rates 15% each year by taking away this jurisdiction from the PSC. What will be your answer? Thank God that we have the PSC by law to protect us!

We are the ones that must pay the bill. Therefore, we urge your Committee NOT to pass H.B. 765.

Thank you.

Due to the volume of the petition, copies were not made for this copy of the minutes. If interested in seeing the petition, please see the <u>original</u> set of Senate Local Government Committee minutes.

Size Erhibit H

COUNTY WATER DISTRICT OF BILLINGS HEIGHTS

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618 RADFORD SQUARE BILLINGS HEIGHTS BILLINGS, MONTANA 59101

DIRECTORS: OSCAR M. HARMON, Pres. JAKE BROMGARD JAMES HURRY ROBERT LINDSEY ROY MOEN GILBERT RHODES GORDON SLOVARP

GENE FEHL GENERAL MANAGER JUDY MEYERS SECRETARY TELEPHONE 252-0539

February 23, 1981

Senator Tom Hager 1824 5th Avenue Helena, MT 59601

Re: House Bills 765 and 771

Dear Senator Hager:

House Bills 765 and 771 were introduced in an effort to exclude cities and towns from the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission and allow them to regulate their own rates for water, sewer, etc. HB 765 would allow them to increase their rates 15% every vear; but HB 771 would allow them to impose any increase they desire. In almost every session an attempt has been made to do these or similar things, but the legislature has wisely defeated the measures.

As you know, the Montana Supreme Court has held that whenever a city or town sells water or other utilities it is engaged in a proprietary or business function rather than a governmental function, that it is a "public utility" and that it is subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission which must limit the city or town to reasonable rates or charges for the water, sewer, etc. See the following cases in point:

> Public Service Commission v. City of Helena 52 Mont. 527, 159 Pac. 54

Leischner v. Knight 135 Mont. 109, 112; 337 P.2d 359

City of Polson v. Public Service Commission 27 St. Rep. 568; 473 P.2d 508

If either HB 765 or 771 is adopted, every family in our State purchasing its water or sewer for household and domestic purposes from a city or town will be at the mercy of the city or town since they could no longer look to the Public Service Commission for protection against unreasonable rates and charges.

When cities and towns are engaged in the business of selling water they enjoy a monopoly. The people purchasing water from the city or /ebruary 23, 1981
Page 2

town cannot obtain it from any other source. History has taught our State and Nation that, under these circumstances, the city or town holding the monopoly <u>must</u> be made subject to the jurisdiction of a Public Service Commission in the determination of rates or charges for this is the only way the interests of the consumer can be protected. Whenever the legislature abdicates its duty to regulate monopolies, oppression and confiscatory rates and charges inevitably ensue.

Not long after the legislature created the Public Service Commission and made the rates of cities and towns and all other public utilities subject to the Commission's jurisdiction, the Montana Supreme Court praised the wisdom of the legislature in making the rates subject to Commission regulations. See <u>City of Billings v.</u> <u>Public Service Commission</u>, 67 Mont. 29, 36; 214 Pac. 608, wherein the court said:

> ". . . In creating the commission the intention of the legislature was 'to provide a comprehensive and uniform system of regulation and control of public utilities.' (Billings Gas Co. Case, supra.) This language was approved in Doney v. Northern Pacific Ry. Co., 60 Mont, 209, 199 Pac. 432, and is now approved again. If such was not the intention, then the Act creating the commission was and is a legislative mockery. Prior to the date upon which the Act was passed, every rate to a consumer of a product of a public utility in Montana rested on private contract between the consumer and the utility. Some of these rates were unjust, unreasonable, discriminatory, unduly preferential. To put a stop to practices of that character, to improve the service rendered by public utilities, to cause to be fixed just, reasonable and equitable rates for the services rendered, and to equalize the burden between consumers, manifestly were objects within the legislative intention. . . . "

We represent more than 10,000 people in County Water District of Billings Heights who must buy water from the City of Billings. They are unalterably opposed to HE 765 and HB 771 and any other bill which would remove cities and towns from the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission and allow them to fix whatever rates they please for water, sewer, etc.

Perhaps the legislators who introduced HB 765 and HB 771 were persuaded to do so by the cities and towns and perhaps these legislators were not aware that such measures have been soundly defeated whenever presented in prior sessions.

pruary 23, 1981 age 3

In any event, we respectfully submit that HB 765 and HB 771 should be defeated.

We and many thousands of people throughout the State who purchase water and sewer service from cities and towns shall deeply appreciate anything you can do to defeat HB 765 and HB 771.

Very truly yours,

COUNTY WATER DISTRICT OF BILLINGS HEIGHTS

- Halmon Bv

DS HARMON

OH/cr



Phone 406-252-9307 or 252-9308

P. O. Box 30181 BILLINGS, MONTANA 59107

March 19, 1981

The Honorable Tom Hager Montana Senate Capitol Station Helena, Montana 59601

RE: House Bill 765 by Donaldson, et. al.

Dear Tom:

On Saturday, March 21, the Local Government Committee will hold a hearing on the above referenced bill.

This bill basically accomplishes two things:

- 1. Exempts municipal water systems from the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission.
- 2. Allows Cities to set their own rates and charges.

Should this bill pass, both of these major provisions will be at the expense of and detriment to all Montana consumers.

My philosophical objections to this bill are as follows:

1. By exempting Cities from the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission, we would have City Councils acting in a proprietary capacity as the owner of a utility setting rates for its users. City Councils do not have the expertise necessary to make decisions regarding rate base. The provision would be comparable to allowing the Boards of Directors of Montana Power Company, Mountain Bell and Montana-Dakota Utilities to set their own rates.

2. In Montana, there are literally thousands of consumers who use municipal water systems but live outside the corporate city limits. These people have no vote in electing City Councils. By allowing City Councils to set utility rates, these people would be completely disenfranchised. House Bill 765 Page 2

> 3. By allowing Cities to increase their rates by 15% per year, they could effectively double their charges every six years. These increases could occur whether or not they are justified. If Cities and Towns want to increase taxes, let them be honest about it and not propose circumventive measures such as this.

Very truly yours,

LLOYD C. LOCKREM, INC.

Sonny

Lloyd C. Lockrem, Jr. President

LCL/dk

cc: Oscar Harmon, County Water District of Billings Heights Bill McColley, Local 98, AF of L - CIO Tom Schneider, Montana Public Service Commission Jim Lechner, Home Builders Association

Exhibit I

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LEGISLATIVE CONSUMER COMMITTEE REP JOE OUILICI CHAIRMAN SEN ALLEN C KOLSTAD SEN PAUL BOYLAN REP EARL C LORY



JAMES (1771) CONSUMER Cr. 2017 TELEPHONE (4772)

MONTANA CONSUMER COUNSEL 34 W. SIXTH AVENUE

HELENA, MONTANA 59601

March 2, 1981

INFORMATION REGARDING PROBLEMS WITH HB 765 -- DEREGULATION OF MUNICIPAL UTILITIES

The following points out some major problem areas we see with House Bill 765 as it is currently drawn.

Initially, the Montana Consumer Counsel does not 1. have statutory authority currently to appear before municipal governments. Sections 69-2-201 and 202 provide that the Consumer Counsel may appear at public hearings conducted by the Commission and may also appear in appropriate proceedings "in the state and federal courts and administrative agencies" on behalf of Montana consumers. In addition, the Constitution of Montana, 1972 which established the office of Consumer Counsel provides: "The legislature shall provide for an office of consumer counsel which shall have the duty of representing consumer interests in hearings before the public service commission or any other successor agency. The legislature shall provide for the funding of the office of consumer counsel by a special tax on the net income or gross revenues of regulated companies." It would appear that to enable the Consumer Counsel to represent consumers before municipalities would require an amendment to the State Constitution and the Montana Codes.

2. Assuming the above problem can be overcome, there are some very real fiscal and manpower constraints that would result if this bill were passed. There are currently four staff members which make up the Consumer Counsel office. The new section of the bill indicates that only "counsel" may appear before municipal bodies and that would indicate that only the two attorneys that are a part of the Consumer Counsel staff could appear before the municipal governmental bodies. We frankly do not have the time to do an effective job if such is the case. There are over 100 sewer projects and over 25 water projects on the priority list of the Department of Health. Many communities in this state are realizing significant growth which would result in rate relief necessary for their respective This should give you an idea of the scope of rate utilities. increases that may be involved. In other words, there are going to be a great, great many municipalities that would be very active in increasing rates for their utilities should this bill pass.

3. Thirdly, the bill is not clear whether the Consumer Counsel would have discovery powers. And even if he did, the time constraints involved in, for example, the 28-day requirement between publication and hearing, would create serious time problems to receive discovery from the municipalities and make a meaningful analysis of the same. In addition, there is no clear requirement on the part of the utilities to set out specific justification in its request for rate relief and therefore, we may very well be working in a darkroom on most of these cases. Put another way, unless the cities do put together substantial documentation for their rate increases, this office simply will not know whether they are legitimate or not. With all due respect to the municipal utilities, it is doubtful that this office could expect 100% cooperation from each and every municipality in seeking to discover \mathbf{y} certain information in a particular hearing.

4. Lastly, while Rep. Donaldson has stated that there are appeal provisions, I fail to see the provisions in the bill. There simply is no section that could be construed as constituing an appeal section.

James C. Paine Montana Consumer Counsel 34 W. Sixth Avenue Helena, MT 59601 RESOLUTION NO. 13493

A RESOLUTION TO THE MONTANA SENATE ASSERTING SUPPORT OF THE CITY OF BILLINGS FOR HOUSE BILL 765 WHICH PROVIDES LIMITATIONS ON_PSC_JURISDICTION OVER MUNICIPAL UTILITY RATES

- WHEREAS, The CITY OF BILLINGS has experienced delays in water rate increases through the PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION and has encountered action by the PSC unsatisfactory to the CITY.
- AND WHEREAS, The impact of inflation has been so pronounced as to require the CITY to file applications for water rates increases every two years, and potentially to do the same for sewer rate increases;

AND WHEREAS, The PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION regulatory control represents merely an unnecessary level of bureaucratic procedure, time-consuming and costly, when the municipalities' major need, at present, is to be able to keep up with inflationary costs;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED

That the members of the Montana Senate be advised by the CITY of BILLINGS of the following reasons to support House Bill 765:

- 45 out of 50 states do not allow their PSC (or equivalent) to regulate municipal utilities.
- Our Municipal utilities are non-profit operations, seeking to provide service to customers at minimum cost only. Thus, there is not the same reason for regulation as for profit-making utilities.
- 3. Municipal sewer utilities now are also subject to PSC jurisdiction by Supreme Court decision in 1979. After Municipal governing body action on proposed sewer rate changes, review of such rates must now be done by the following agencies.
 - a) Department of Health and Environmental Science (State).
 - b) Environmental Protection Agency, EPA (Federal).
 - c) Public Service Commission (State).
 - d) Consumer Counsel (State).

That the City Administrator appropriately furnish copies of this Resolution to the Senate of the State of Montana.

ADOPTED this 16th day of March, 1981. 07 E OF BILLINGS Attest: This is a true and corract copy of the cor lerk Gitv Class EGILÁ

TO: SENATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE SENATOR McCALLUM, CHAIRMAN: MR. CHAIRMAN AND COMMITTEE MEMBERS:

I AM DEAN SWITZER, REP. DIST. 54.

I SUBMIT THIS TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF HOUSE BILL 765 ON BEHALF OF THE MAYOR OF CIRCLE, MONTANA. DUE TO THE LONG DISTANCE TO TRAVEL, HE WILL NOT APPEAR IN PERSON. HE STATES THAT HOUSE BILL 765 WILL BE A GREAT HELP TO THEIR ABILITY TO COPE WITH CHANGES DUE TO GROWTH AS WELL AS THE EFFECT OF INFLATION.