NPC JDTC Assessment - 2021

JDTC Assessment

Hello – Welcome to NPC's Juvenile Drug Treatment Court assessment. This self-assessment tool is intended for juvenile court programs that work with juvenile justice involved youth who have substance use disorders. These programs have a range of names (including, but not limited to: Juvenile Drug Treatment Court, Juvenile Drug Court, Wellness Court, etc.). For this assessment we will use the abbreviation JDTC for any of this type of program.

The purpose of this assessment is to help your JDTC team and NPC understand how your program is uniquely implementing the various practices that fall under the 10 Key Components of Drug Courts as well as the OJJDP Juvenile Drug Treatment Court Guidelines. The questions in this assessment will ask you for information about various procedures and practices of your Drug Court program and also about your participant population. It is not a grading tool, it is a first step intended to start conversations and prompt questions and clarifications.

Please answer every question. We would like you to fill out the assessment collaboratively with your team by going over the assessment as a group (e.g., in a team meeting) or in some way checking on answers with your team members. You can print out the assessment or use the PDF version to review and complete with your team. However, the survey needs to be entered online. It takes about an hour to enter the answers once information is gathered.

In the process of filling out the assessment, if you cannot complete it in one sitting you may click on "Save and continue later" at the bottom of the page you are working on. At that point you will be asked for an email address in order for the system to save your progress, then you will receive an email from SurveyGizmo containing the link you should use in order to continue working on your assessment. Also, please be aware that on some pages you may need to scroll down in order to access all questions, and in order to click "Next", which moves you forward through the assessment.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact Kate Kissick at kissick@npcresearch.com or Juliette Mackin at mackin@npcresearch.com. Thank you very much for taking the time to complete this assessment.

A. BACKGROUND

4. Please provide us with the offic court:	ial name and address of your juvenile
JDTC NAME:	
Address:	
Address 2:	
City/Town:	
County:	
Jurisdiction (e.g., 9th circuit court):	
State:	
Zip:	
involved in any aspect of your JD support to the participants) who w	TC, including the provision of treatment or ill help you (or who you will check with) as filled out the assessment on your own nbers), please type "none."

6. Has your JDTC received any technical assistance (including phone calls to answer your questions, resources or sample documents emailed or mailed to you, online support and/or training, or in-person support and/or training) in the past year?
C No
Yes (From whom?)
C Not sure
7. Did your JDTC make any changes as a result of that technical assistance?
C No
C Yes
C Not sure
8. Please describe the change(s) your JDTC made.
D. IDTO DA OKODOLIND/CONTEXT
B. JDTC BACKGROUND/CONTEXT

9. When was your JDTC implement	ented?	
Month (mm):		
Year (yyyy):		
10. What type of jurisdiction does <i>APPLY</i>)	your JDTC serve?	(CHECK ALL THAT
Frontier/Remote (FAR) (Total Pofrom town AND < 6 people per so		AND > 1 hour
Rural (Total Population < 50,000	AND Nonmetropolitan	Area)
☐ Suburban (Total Population > 50	,000 AND < 1000ppsm)	
☐ Urban (Total population > 50,000), AND >1000ppsm)	
☐ Tribal		
11. Do you have any of the follow		
	No	Yes
A written Mission or Vision Statement?	O	O
A written Policy and Procedure Manual?	o	С
A written Participant Agreement / Contract?	O	O
A written Participant Handbook?	O	O
A written Participant Confidentiality Waiver?	o	O
A document detailing your JDTCs use of incentives and sanctions?	C	O

12. Does the court have a written Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with any partner agencies (such as prosecutor, defense, probation, law enforcement, etc.) or community organizations (such as treatment providers)?
O No
© Yes
13. Does the MOU define the role and duties expected of each team member?NoYes
14. Is the MOU signed by a team member or authorized representative of each participating agency?NoYes
15. Does your MOU specify what information will be shared between team members? O No O Yes

16. Does your MOU require your team members to commit to the following?		
	No	Yes
The JDTC philosophy	0	O
The JDTC practices	O	О
Assist with ongoing system improvement	O	О
Be collaborative with the team	O	О

17. Do you have separate tracks within your JDTC for:

	No	Yes
Different risk and need levels	O	0
Co-occurring disorders	0	0
Boys and Girls	O	O
Age	0	•
Enter another option	O	O

18. At what point are JDTC participants with substance use disorders identified for separate tracks?

	Never	Sometimes	Often
Pre-adjudication	0	O	0
Post-adjudication/pre-disposition	O	0	O
Post-disposition	O	O	О
Referred from Probation / Probation Revocation	O	0	O
Referred from informal probation/supervision/deferred adjudication	O	0	0
Enter another option	0	0	O

19. What are potential outcomes for youth who enter and successfully complete your JDTC:

	Never	Case by case	Always
Charges for the case that led to juvenile drug treatment court are automatically dismissed or expunged	O	O	O
Charges for the case that led to juvenile drug treatment court are dismissed or expunged by youth request	O	O	0
Early termination of probation	O	O	О
Probation term is not served	О	0	0
Term of detention / commitment for case that led to court is shortened or not served	O	O	O
Enter another option	O	O	0

20. How many days after an arrest, probation violation, or other qualifying event does it typically take before a youth is referred to JDTC? days
21. How many days after referral to the JDTC does it typically take before a youth enters your JDTC? days
22. How many phases (stages/levels of supervision) does your JDTC have? phases
23. What is the minimum length of time a participant could spend in JDTC and successfully complete your requirements? months
24. What is the maximum number of youth your JDTC can serve at one time (that is, who can be active in the program at the same time)?
25. How many participants have successfully completed your JDTC in the last year, or since JDTC began if less than 1 year old?

26. How many participants have unsuccessfully exited your JDTC (including youth who voluntarily left the JDTC) in the last year, or since JDTC began if less than 1 year old?
27. How many participants have not completed the JDTC for other neutral reasons (for example family relocation, medical issues, or death) in the last year, or since JDTC began if less than 1 year old?
C. JDTC ELIGIBILITY, REFERRAL, AND ENTRY
28. Which of the following people/agencies can refer youth to the JDTC (Check all that apply): District attorney/prosecuting attorney Public defender/defense attorney Court/judge Court/screener or assessor Law Enforcement (e.g., police, sheriff) Probation Officer Treatment provider Child Welfare Case Worker School Family Members Other (Please specify):
Other (Please specify):

29. Are your JDTC eligibility requirements in writing?
O No
© Yes
30. If the eligibility requirements are written, are all agencies/individuals who can make referrals given a copy of the eligibility requirements?
 Yes, all referring agencies have them
Most should have them
Most do not have them
Not Sure
31. What kind of event prompts a referral to your JDTC (check all that apply)?
A new arrest
☐ A new adjudication
A probation/parole violation
☐ A child welfare allegation
An open child welfare case
☐ A screening/assessment/referral from a treatment provider
Referral from family member
Other (Please specify):

32. What factors are used to decide which youth are eligible for the JDTC?

	Never	Case by Case	Always
Age	О	O	O
Type of offense/charge	0	O	О
A level of criminogenic risk	O	O	О
Level of treatment need	O	O	O
Enter another option	O	О	O

33. W	hat charges are eligible for JDTC entry? (Check all that apply)
	Drug Offense - Possession
	Drug Offense - Drug trafficking
	Drug Offense - Other drug-related offenses (DUI, paraphernalia etc.)
	Person Offense - Homicide
	Person Offense - Rape
	Person Offense - Assault
	Person Offense - Other (Please specify):
	Other Offense - Public Order Offense (obstruction of justice, disorderly conduct etc.)
	Other Offense - Status Offense (truancy, absconding from home etc.)
	Other Offense - Property Offense (larceny, burglary, unlawful destruction etc.)
	Other Offense - Non-violent Weapon Offenses
	Other Offense - Non-violent Sex Offense
	Violation of Probation - Failed Drug Test
	Violation of Probation - Truancy
	Violation of Probation - Curfew Violation
	Violation of Probation - New Offense
	Violation of Probation - Other (Please specify):

34. Does your JDTC accept participants who:

	No	Case by Case	Yes
Do not admit to having a substance use problem?	0	•	O
Have a substance use disorder?	O	0	О
Are dual-diagnosis?	O	0	О
Do not have a parent/guardian willing to participate?	0	•	O
Do not have transportation to treatment, court sessions, and other appointments?	O	O	O
Are taking legally prescribed psychotropic medications?	O	•	O
Are currently using legally prescribed benzodiazepines?	0	O	O
Are currently using legally prescribed opiates for pain management issues?	O	•	0
Do not have current drug charges?	0	0	O
Have current violence charges?	O	0	0
Have a previous violent offense adjudication?	0	•	O
Have current drug sale charges?	О	•	0
Are less than 14 years of age?	О	O	О
Are homeless?	О	O	О

35. Does your JDTC have any processes in place (such as outreach or training) to ensure equity of access for all eligible youth?
O No
© Somewhat
C Yes
C Unsure
36. Is there a written policy to ensure equity of access for all eligible youth?
O No
C Yes
37. Are individuals with serious emotional disturbances (e.g., Bi-Polar Disorder, Major Depression etc.) eligible for your JDTC?
O Never
Yes, only if appropriate mental health treatment is available
Yes, even if appropriate mental health treatment is not available
38. Does your JDTC screen for substance use disorder prior to entry?
O No
O Yes
© Sometimes

39. Does your JDTC use a substance use disorder screening tool?
C No
C Yes
O Not sure
40. Which tool do you use?
Massachusetts Youth Screening Instrument-2 (MAYSI-2)
CRAFFT (Car, Relax, Alone, Forget, Friends, Trouble)
C Child and Adolescent Needs and Strengths (CANS)
Global Appraisal of Individual Needs-Short Screener (GAIN-SS)
Substance Abuse Subtle Screening Inventory (SASSI)
Other (Please specify):
41. Has this screening tool been validated (scientifically tested to make sure it accurately identifies the appropriate youth and measures what it intends to measure, such as risks or needs) for your JDTC population? O
© Yes
Not sure

	Has the screening tool been ng the original tool or has you		• • •	•
	No, it has not been modified			
	Yes, it has been modified			
	O Not sure			
	What happens to youth who eligibility criteria?	are referr	ed to your JDTC, but d	o not meet
		No	Case by Case	Yes
	They proceed through the traditional juvenile court process	O	O	o
	They are diverted to an alternative program not part of the traditional court process	О	o	O
	They are admitted to the JDTC	O	0	O
	Enter another option	0	O	O
D. RIS	SK AND NEED ASSESSMENT			
44.	. Does your JDTC assess pa	rticipants 1	for risk of reoffending?	
	© Never			
	Sometimes			
	C Always			

45. How are the responses used:
☐ To determine eligibility
☐ To determine priorities or level of service
Other - Write In
46. Do you use a risk assessment tool?
 No formal tool is used but participants are assessed for risk
© Yes
47. Which tool do you use?
C Positive Achievement Change Tool (PACT)
 Youth Assessment Screening Instrument (YASI)
 Youth Level of Service/Case Management Inventory (YLS/CMI)
O Joint Risk Matrix (JRM)
North Carolina Assessment of Risk (NCAR)
Other (Please specify):

to make sure it accurately identifies the appropriate youth and measures what it intends to measure, such as risks or needs) and standardized for your population? O No Yes
○ Not sure
49. Has your JDTC risk assessment tool been edited or modified (i.e., are you using the tool as written, or has your team made changes to it to fit your JDTC)?
O No, it has not been modified
Yes, it has been modified
O Not sure
50. Have the individuals who administer the risk assessment received training on the tool?
O No
C Yes

48. Has your JDTC risk assessment tool been validated (scientifically tested

51. In your agency, what training do staff members receive regarding administration and interpretation of results from the agency's (screening/clinical assessment) instrument(s)?

	Never	Sometimes	Always
No specific training is provided	0	0	О
Screening staff received a manual or other document describing how to use and interpret the screening results	O	•	O
Met with program staff to learn about the screen and process	0	O	O
Attended a workshop or training in person	O	0	O
Attended a workshop or training on-line	O	O	O
After initial training, received feedback and coaching by qualified staff based on observations, and/or record checks	0	•	O
On a continual basis, received feedback and coaching by qualified staff based on observations, and/or record checks	O	O	O
Enter another option	O	О	О

52.	At what point in the J	DTC process	does your	JDTC co	onduct the	risk
ass	sessment?					

	Never	Sometimes	Always
As part of eligibility determination	O	O	O
After eligibility determination but before JDTC entry	0	O	O
After JDTC entry	О	O	О

53. How long after JDTC entry does your program conduct the risk assessment?

54. What level of risk for recidivism do you accept? (Check all that apply)
Low risk
☐ Moderate risk
☐ High risk
□ Very high risk

55. What may happen to a youth whose risk of re-offense is low?				
		Never	Case by Case	Always
	They proceed through the traditional juvenile court process	О	O	O
	They are diverted to an alternative program not part of the traditional court process	0	o	O
	They receive informal probation	O	O	O
	Their adjudication is deferred	O	O	O
	They are admitted to the JDTC	0	O	O
	Enter another option	O	О	О
leg dis	 Are any considerations otheral criteria used to determine excussion or do voting by team No Yes Sometimes 	eligibility? (e		
	. What considerations are use sults of assessment tools and		• ,	than the

58. Have you refused JDTC entry based on those other considerations?
© Never
© Rarely
© Sometimes
© Frequently
59. Do you use a needs assessment tool (a needs assessment identifies factors about the youth that can be changed through individualized treatment or programming to reduce the likelihood that the youth will reoffend)?
 No – the JDTC does not assess participants for substance use or mental health diagnoses

O No formal tool is used but participants are screened or informally

O Yes

assessed for substance use (e.g., two or more positive drug tests or

positive drug test at the time of intake; asked a small number of questions)

60. Please provide the name of the needs assessment tool:
C Substance Abuse Subtle Screening Inventory (SASSI)
C Addiction Severity Index (ASI)
Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory-Adolescent (MMPI-A)
Michigan Alcoholism Screening Test (MAST)
Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV (SCID)
C Child and Adolescent Needs and Strengths (CANS)
© Behavioral and Emotional Rating Scale (BERS)
C CAGE (Cut-down, Annoyed, Guilty, Eye-opener)
Global Appraisal of Individual Needs-Short Screener (GAIN-SS)
Other (Please specify):
61. Has your needs assessment tool been validated and standardized for your JDTC population?
O No
C Yes
O Unsure
62. Has the tool been edited or modified in any way (i.e., are you using the original tool or has your team made changes to fit your JDTC)?
No, it has not been modified
Yes, it has been modified
O Not sure

63. Does your JDTC use the information from the needs assessment to:

	No	Sometimes	Yes	Not Sure
determine eligibility	O	О	0	O
identify which services to provide (or refer to providers)	0	O	O	0
develop a treatment/case plan	0	O	O	C
determine level of care	0	O	О	0
identify youth needs	O	O	О	О
identify family needs	O	O	O	O
identify youth strengths	O	О	0	O
identify family strengths	O	О	0	O
evaluate the youth's motivation for treatment	O	O	О	O

64. At what point in the JDTC process does your court conduct needs assessments?

	Never	Sometimes	Always
As part of eligibility determination	O	O	O
After eligibility determination but before JDTC entry	0	o	0
After JDTC entry	О	O	О
At regular intervals during the JDTC	O	О	O

66. Have the individuals who administer needs assessments received training on the tool?				
	O No			
	C Yes – Some have received traini	ng		
	Yes – All have received training			
	67. How does the court process/handle youth who do not appear to have a substance use/mental health disorder?			
		No	Sometimes	Yes
	They proceed through the traditional juvenile court process	O	0	O
	They proceed through the traditional juvenile court process	O	O	0
	They are admitted to the JDTC	0	O	O
	Enter another option	О	O	O

65. How long after JDTC entry does your program conduct the needs

assessment?

68. What domains are assessed by your JDTC? Please check all that apply.
Use of alcohol and other drugs
Mental health issues/needs
History of physical, sexual, or emotional abuse
History of other trauma
☐ Suicidal ideation
☐ Wellbeing and strengths of the youth
☐ Wellbeing and strengths of the family
Parental/guardian/familial drug use
Parental/guardian/familial mental health
Parental skills
Educational needs
Other (Please specify):

E. TEAM MEMBERS

9. Who do you consider to be a JDTC team member (please include nyone involved in any aspect of your JDTC, including the provision of eatment or support to the participants)? (Check all that apply)	
□ Judge	
☐ JDTC Coordinator	
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison	
☐ Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)	
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)	
☐ Prosecuting Attorney	
□ Defense Attorney	
Case Manager(s)	
☐ Probation/Parole Representative	
☐ Law Enforcement Representative	
☐ School Representative or Liaison	
Child Welfare liaison	
□ Cultural liaison	
□ Court Clerk	
☐ Bailiff/court security	
☐ Community partner(s)	
Other (Please specify):	

70. Which team members have written position descriptions? (Check all that apply)
No position descriptions have been written
☐ Judge
☐ JDTC Coordinator
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)
Prosecuting Attorney
☐ Defense Attorney
Case Manager(s)
Probation/Parole Representative
Law Enforcement Representative
School Representative or Liaison
Child Welfare liaison
Cultural liaison
Court Clerk
☐ Bailiff/court security
Community partner(s)
Other (please specify):

All learn members are assigned to JDTC
C All team members chose/applied to work in JDTC
C Some team members are assigned and some chose/applied
72. When did the current judge start working with the JDTC? Month (mm): Year (yyyy):
 73. Is the JDTC judge assigned voluntarily? No – the judge is assigned to JDTC by administration Yes – the position is voluntary
74. Is the JDTC judge assigned to JDTC indefinitely or does the position rotate? • Indefinitely • Position rotates regularly

71. Are team members assigned or volunteer to work with the JDTC?

75. Approximately how often does the position rotate to a new judge?
© Every 6 months
Yearly
© Every 2 years
© Every 3 years
Other - Write In
76. Can the same judges rotate through the JDTC assignment more than once?
° No
C Yes
77. Does the JDTC judge have other calendars or dockets in addition to JDTC?
° No
© Yes

78. Do any of these positions rotate regularly (other than due to people retiring, changing positions, etc.)?

	No	Yes
Judge	O	О
JDTC Coordinator	О	О
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison	О	О
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)	О	О
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)	С	С
Prosecuting Attorney	О	О
Defense Attorney	O	О
Case Manager(s)	O	О
Probation/Parole Representative	0	O
Law Enforcement Representative	0	О
School Representative or Liaison	О	О
Child Welfare liaison	О	О
Cultural liaison	О	О
Court Clerk	O	О
Bailiff/court security	O	О
Community partner(s)	0	O
Enter another option	С	С

					INO	165	OffSure
Have a community outrea	Have a community outreach and development plan			0	O	0	
Have a promotional broch community partners	Have a promotional brochure that is shared with potential community partners			O	0	О	
Attend community activities	Attend community activities to promote JDTC			0	O	0	
Regularly interface with the media to promote JDTC			0	O	0		
Enter another option					0	O	0
T. TEAM MEMBER ORIENTAT	ION A	AND TRAININ	1G				
80. Is there a formal orier No Yes	าเสแด	on for new t	eam r	nembers ?			
Only for specific position	ons						
81. Does your orientation	ı cov	er the follo	wing ii	nformatior	า?		
	No	Sometimes	Yes				
JDTC model/philosophy	O	O	O				
IDTO "	O	O	0				
JDTC practices							
Team member roles	0	O	0				
	O	O	О				

79. In order to engage community members, does your JDTC team:

82. Has the judge: No Yes Attended JDTC specific training OR relevant JDTC seminars at conferences

Received informal training (peer-to-peer etc.)

Observed other JDTCS

Attended general judicial conferences

83. Please indicate which of the following JDTC team members have received training or education specifically in the use of incentives and sanctions to modify the behavior of JDTC participants?

	No	Yes
Judge	0	О
JDTC Coordinator	О	О
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison	0	O
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)	О	С
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)	С	С
Prosecuting Attorney	О	С
Defense Attorney	О	О
Case Manager(s)	О	О
Probation/Parole Representative	O	О
Law Enforcement Representative	О	О
School Representative or Liaison	О	С
Child Welfare liaison	О	С
Cultural liaison	О	О
Court Clerk	О	О
Bailiff/court security	O	O
Community partner(s)	O	О
Enter another option	С	С

84. Please indicate which of the following JDTC team members have received training or education specifically on the treatment court model (other than on-the-job training):

	No	Yes
Judge	O	О
JDTC Coordinator	O	0
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison	O	O
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)	О	О
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)	С	С
Prosecuting Attorney	С	О
Defense Attorney	O	О
Case Manager(s)	О	О
Probation/Parole Representative	O	O
Law Enforcement Representative	O	O
School Representative or Liaison	С	С
Child Welfare liaison	С	О
Cultural liaison	О	О
Court Clerk	O	O
Bailiff/court security	O	O
Community partner(s)	O	0
Enter another option	О	О

85. Do new JDTC team members get training on the treatment court model before or soon after starting work?						
O No						
C Yes, for some						
C Yes, for all						

86. Please indicate whether team members have received formal training in any of the following topic areas:

	No - None	Yes - Some team members	Yes - All team members
The nature of substance use disorders and the dynamics of recovery	O	О	O
The development of treatment plans	0	О	О
Adolescent development	0	0	O
Developmentally-appropriate juvenile justice programming	O	О	O
Cultural competency	О	O	O
Strategies for family engagement	O	O	O
Trauma informed approaches to working with families	0	О	О
The purpose of the treatment and service interventions provided by the JDTC	O	0	O
The use of evidence based practices in substance use treatment	O	0	O
Case management skills	0	0	O
The risk-needs-responsivity (RNR) model	0	О	O
Their specific role on the team	0	0	O
Strength-based philosophy and practices (e.g., Motivational Interviewing)	C	C	О

G. FAMILY AND SCHOOL ENGAGEMENT

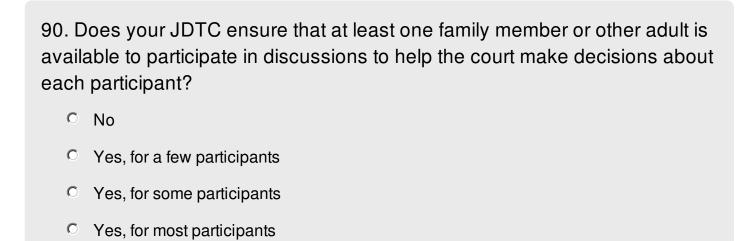
87.	ls a	responsible	parent/guardian/family	member required to:
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	No	Yes	
Give permission for the youth to participate in the JDTC?	O	0	
Agree to participate along with the youth in the JDTC?	0	О	
Attend treatment services as a part of the JDTC?	O	О	

88. Is there a specific staff member designated to liaise with the responsible parent/guardian/family member?

- O No, no staff members liaise with families
- No, multiple staff members liaise with families
- Yes

89. Which staff members are specifically designated to liaise with the responsible parent/guardian/family member?
☐ Judge
☐ JDTC Coordinator
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)
Prosecuting Attorney
☐ Defense Attorney
Case Manager(s)
Probation/Parole Representative
Law Enforcement Representative
School Representative or Liaison
Child Welfare liaison
Cultural liaison
Court Clerk
☐ Bailiff/court security
Community partner(s)
Other (Please specify):



Yes, for all participants

91. Please indicate if any of the following are requirements in your JDTC:

	Not Permitted	Not Required but Encouraged	Required
Responsible parent/guardian/family member attends an orientation explaining the JDTC program, including phases, incentives/sanctions, treatment, and drug testing	O	0	0
Responsible parent/guardian/family member attends court sessions	O	О	O
Responsible parent/guardian/family member participates (speaking etc.) during court sessions	О	o	О
Responsible parent/guardian/family member participates in [at least some] case planning sessions	O	o	О
Responsible parent/guardian/family member has a role in identifying appropriate incentives and sanctions for their child	O	O	О
Responsible parent/guardian/family member participates in [at least some] case management sessions	O	O	О
Responsible parent/guardian/family member participates in [at least some] treatment / therapy sessions	О	O	О

92. Please indicate if your JDTC uses any of the following strategies in working with families:

	Never	Case by Case	Always
Responsible parent/guardian/family member is encouraged to participate in supervision and discipline of the JDTC participant	O	O	O
The JDTC allows responsible parent/guardian/family member to call in for court, if they are unable to attend in person	С	0	0
The JDTC provides child care to facilitate responsible parent/guardian/family member & participants involvement in court requirements	O	0	•
Court sessions are scheduled at a time that accommodates work and school schedules	O	O	0
The JDTC performs drug testing in the home	O	O	O
The JDTC offers a wide range of hours for flexibility in drug testing times (including early morning and evening)	O	O	0
The JDTC conducts case planning meetings in the home	O	O	O
The JDTC conducts case planning meetings at a wide range of hours (including early morning and evening)	O	o	0
The JDTC provides services to family members in addition to the participant	O	O	O
The JDTC offers <u>peer</u> support to family members	О	O	O

93. Does your JDTC provide any of the following services?

	No	Sometimes	Yes	
The JDTC provides court- certified or licensed onsite interpreters for participants and parents/ guardians/family members with limited English proficiency.	O	O	0	
The JDTC provides court- certified or licensed onsite interpreters for participants and parents/ guardians/family members with a hearing deficiency	O	O	0	
All JDTC public documents are translated into the native language of non-English- speaking youth and parents/ guardians/family members	O	O	C	

94. Have you been able to secure the schools' involvement (such as sharing of school-related information or participation as a team member)?

- The schools are not involved
- C The schools are nominally involved
- Yes, we have most of the involvement we would like
- Yes, we have exactly the involvement we would like

95. Does your JDTC: Nο Sometimes Yes Assign a case manager or other team member the responsibility 0 0 0 of identifying a contact at the youth's school Hold any hearings or meetings 0 0 0 at the school Educate parents/quardians/family 0 0 0 members on how to advocate for their child's educational rights Explore educational options to fit 0 0 0 each youth

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

H. TREATMENT, CASE PLANNING AND OTHER SERVICES PROVIDED TO PARTICIPANTS/FAMILIES

96. Does your JDTC provide a single point of contact for JDTC participant and their responsible parent/guardian/family member across services?

O No

goals

partners

Use Risk & Needs assessment

Work with school to meet school

to establish school goals

Establish school goals in collaboration with school

Work in collaboration with school partners to keep JDTC

participants in school

Yes

	O Yes				
98	. Does the case plan include:				
		Never	Case by Case	Always	
	Supervision requirements	0	O	O	
	Treatment requirements	O	O	O	
	Family interventions	O	O	O	
	Drug test protocol	O	O	O	
	Services related to criminogenic needs (e.g., antisocial attitudes and peers)	O	O	O	
	Educational goals	0	O	O	

97. Is an individual case plan developed for each JDTC participant?

O No

Sometimes

99. Is case management:

	No	Sometimes	Yes
provided by professionals trained in case management	О	O	0
provided by staff trained in substance use disorders	O	О	O
provided by staff trained in how to integrate needs (including cultural needs and special needs) into treatment	o	О	О
aimed at reducing disparities in how minority youth are treated in the juvenile justice system	o	O	O
trauma-informed and focused on avoiding retraumatization	О	O	O
modified over time based on reassessments of participant needs	o	О	О

100. To what extent are each of the following services provided to JDTC participants (either directly as a part of JDTC or through partnerships with service providers):

	Not offered to participants	participants but not required	Required for some participants	Required for all participants
Detox	O	O	О	O
Home-based outpatient individual treatment sessions	O	0	O	O
Office-based outpatient individual treatment sessions	O	0	0	O
Home-based outpatient group treatment sessions	O	0	O	O
Office-based outpatient group treatment sessions	O	0	O	O
Home-based family treatment	O	O	O	O

Office-based family treatment	O	0	0	O
Gender-specific treatment sessions	О	o	O	o
Home-based intensive outpatient	O	O	0	О
Office-based intensive outpatient	О	0	O	O
Day treatment	0	0	О	O
Residential treatment/inpatient care	O	0	O	О
Mental health counseling	0	0	О	O
Relapse prevention classes and/or services	O	0	0	0
Psychiatric services (e.g., testing, medication management, treatment)	O	O	O	O
Language-specific or cultural- specific programs	О	0	O	O
Acupuncture	0	0	О	O
Self-help meetings (e.g., AA or NA)	O	O	O	0
Parenting classes for youth/JDTC participants	О	O	0	0
Parenting classes for participants' parents /guardians/family members	О	o	O	c
Prenatal/perinatal program	O	O	О	O
Anger management/violence prevention	O	0	O	О
Trauma-related services	0	0	О	O
Criminal thinking interventions	O	0	O	О
Aftercare treatment (after participants have left the JDTC)	0	O	O	O

101. To what extent are each of the following treatment models provided to JDTC participants?

	Not offered to participants	Offered to participants but not required	Required for some participants	Required for all participants
Motivational Interviewing (MI)	O	О	О	0
Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) without MET	O	0	0	0
Motivational Enhancement Therapy with Cognitive Behavior Therapy (MET/CBT)	O	O	O	O
Motivational Enhancement Therapy without Cognitive Behavior Therapy (MET)	O	O	O	0
Brief Strategic Family Therapy (BSFT)	О	O	O	О
Seeking Safety	O	O	O	O
Family Behavior Therapy (FBT)	0	0	0	O
Contingency Management/Motivational Incentives	0	o	O	0
Functional Family Therapy (FFT)	O	0	0	O
Multidimensional Family Therapy (MDFT)	O	0	0	O
Family Support Network (FSN)	O	0	0	O
Family Matters	O	O	O	О
Marijuana Checkup	O	О	О	O
Multiservice Packages (programs that combine two or more treatment approaches)	O	o	o	0
Enter another option	O	O	O	О

102. Please provide the names of any other specific evidence-based treatment program available to your JDTC participants:
103. Does your JDTC use more than one treatment agency?NoYes
104. How many agencies that provide treatment currently work directly with your JDTC? Alcohol/substance use treatment only: Mental health treatment only: Both:
105. Does one agency provide treatment to the majority of the JDTC participants? O No O Yes

106. Is there one agency or individual who coordinates or provides oversight of treatment for JDTC participants at all agencies?								
	C No							
	C Yes							
10	7. Treatment providers are:							
		No	Yes for some	Yes for all				
	Licensed or certified	O	О	С				
	Experienced in working with juvenile justice populations	0	О	O				
	Using adolescent-specific model(s)							
Implementing services with fidelity to the treatment model C C being used								
	How does the JDTC match that apply)	partici	pants with treatment	services? (Check				
	Use needs assessments of part plan to match interventions	icipants	and parents to develop a	case				
	Use American Society of Addict	ion Med	licine (ASAM) Criteria as	a guide				
	\square Services are detailed in the pha	se struc	ture and all youth particip	ate				
☐ Youth are matched to services where slots are available								
Youth attend a treatment provider based on where they live								
	Other (Please specify):							

109. Does your JDTC perform any of the following activities?

	No	Yes, for some providers	Yes, for all providers
Team conducts site visits of treatment providers	O	O	O
State conducts audits or site visits for treatment provider certification	O	O	0
Team discusses evidence- based practices with the provider	O	O	0
Team discusses how fidelity to evidence-based treatment is monitored	O	O	•
Participants are surveyed about their perception of treatment	O	O	O
Parents/guardians/families are surveyed about their perception of treatment	O	O	•

110. Do treatment providers communicate with the court in the following ways?

	No	Yes
Verbally in team meetings	O	O
Verbally during status review hearings (court appearances)	O	O
Through written progress reports	C	O
Through email	O	O
Enter another option	О	О

Home visits from social workers or other clinical staff Incentives for participation Benefits advisor (person who can help the family identify insurance options and publicly-funded resources [such as Medicaid] to help pay for treatment and other services) Enter another option Not offered Referral Through JDTC C	2. What services are available	to parents/gı	uardians/fan	nily members?
or other clinical staff Incentives for participation Benefits advisor (person who can help the family identify insurance options and publicly-funded resources [such as Medicaid] to help pay for treatment and other services)		Not offered	Referral	Through JDTC
Benefits advisor (person who can help the family identify insurance options and publicly-funded resources [such as Medicaid] to help pay for treatment and other services)		О	O	O
can help the family identify insurance options and publicly- funded resources [such as Medicaid] to help pay for treatment and other services)	Incentives for participation	О	O	O
Enter another option C	can help the family identify insurance options and publicly-funded resources [such as Medicaid] to help pay for	О	O	O
	Enter another option	0	O	O

111. Is the information from the treatment provider given to the court in a timely way (e.g., when information is needed for a status review hearing)?

O Never

Rarely

Sometimes

113. Please indicate which statements reflect procedures for how your JDTC develops and monitors participants' treatment plans:

	No	Sometimes	Yes	
The treatment plan contains strength-based/competency development goals as well as goals that address risks and needs	0	O	0	
Treatment provider is responsible for working with participant on the treatment plan	O	O	O	
Case manager is responsible for working with participant on the treatment plan	O	O	О	
The entire team discusses progress of participant related to the treatment plan	O	O	O	
Team makes suggestions for modifications to treatment plan when warranted	O	O	O	
Participant provides input into adjustments to treatment plan when they are needed	O	O	O	
Parents/guardians/family members provide input into adjustments to treatment plan when they are needed	O	O	О	

114. When is a participant's treatment plan reviewed?

	No	Sometimes	Yes
Treatment plan is reviewed at every staffing session	O	O	O
Treatment plan is reviewed at least monthly	0	O	O
Treatment plan is reviewed at least quarterly	0	О	O
Treatment plan is reviewed at least every six months	O	O	O
Treatment plan is reviewed prior to each phase advancement	O	O	O
Goals are updated or added as progress is made	O	O	O
The treatment plan is not reviewed once it is developed	0	O	O

115. Which of the following services are provided to JDTC participants (either directly as a part of the JDTC or through partnerships with service providers?

	Not offered to participants	Offered to participants but not required	Required for some participants	Required for all participants
Job training/vocational program	O	0	0	O
Employment assistance	O	O	О	O
Health education (sexual health/ education, AIDS/HIV, nutrition, life-skills, etc.)	0	O	O	O
Communication and conflict resolution skills	O	0	0	0
GED/Education assistance	O	O	O	О
Housing/homelessness assistance	0	0	0	0
Health care	O	O	O	O
Dental care	O	O	O	O
Medication assisted treatment for substance dependence (e.g., Naltrexone for alcohol and opiate dependence)	O	O	O	O
Transportation	O	O	O	0
Literacy	O	O	O	0
Recreational activities	O	O	О	O
Creative/expressive activities (such as art or music)	0	0	0	O
Service learning and civic engagement activities (such as volunteering or becoming involved in community events)	O	O	0	0
Enter another option	O	O	O	О

120. How often does your JDTC have regular meetings (staffings) where participant progress is discussed?
C Twice per year or less
C Twice per year or less
C Once per month
C Twice per month/Every two weeks
Once per week
C Twice per week or more
121. What is the average length of time of a typical pre-court staffing (in number of minutes?)
minutes
122. How many participants are typically reviewed during the staffing?

123. Please check how often the following people/agencies attend JDTC team meetings (staffings) where participant progress is discussed:

	Never	Sometimes	Always	Not applicable - Not a member of the team
Judge	O	O	0	O
JDTC Coordinator	O	O	О	O
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison	O	0	О	O
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)	O	0	0	О
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)	0	O	0	О
Prosecuting Attorney	0	0	O	О
Defense Attorney	O	O	О	O
Case Manager(s)	O	O	О	O
Probation/Parole Representative	O	0	0	O
Law Enforcement Representative	O	O	О	O
School Representative or Liaison	O	0	0	О
Child Welfare liaison	0	0	O	О
Cultural liaison	O	O	0	O
Court Clerk	O	O	0	O
Bailiff/court security	O	О	0	O
Community partner(s)	O	0	0	O
Enter another option	0	O	0	O

124. Is the following information shared among the team to assist in team response to youth behavior?

	No	Sometimes	Yes
Youth engagement and progress in their case plan	O	O	О
Drug test results	0	0	O
Progress in treatment	О	O	O
Progress in other services as required	0	0	О
Adherence to supervision requirements	О	o	О

125. Is information shared among the team in the following ways?

	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Always
Verbally in pre-court staffings	0	0	О	О
Verbally during status review hearings (court appearances)	О	О	0	О
Through written progress reports prior to pre-court staffings	О	O	O	0
Through email	0	O	О	О
Enter another option	О	О	O	O

decis	Is the information shared among team members in time to be used for sion-making (e.g., changes in case management, incentives and tions decisions, etc.)?
0	Never
0	Rarely
0	Sometimes
0	Always
	How often does an individual participant typically attend status review ings in the beginning of their participation in your JDTC (in the first se)?
0	Less than monthly
О	Once per month
0	Twice per month/every other week
0	Once per week
0	Multiple times per week
0	Specific to participant/no general requirements

128. How often does an individual participant typically attend status review hearings toward the end of their participation in the last phase?

- C Less than monthly
- Once per month
- C Twice per month/every other week
- Once per week
- Multiple times per week
- Specific to participant/no general requirements

129. Please check how often the following people/agencies attend JDTC status review hearings (court appearances):

	Never	Sometimes	Always
Judge	О	O	O
JDTC Coordinator	0	O	O
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison	О	O	0
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)	O	0	O
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)	O	O	О
Prosecuting Attorney	О	0	O
Defense Attorney	О	O	O
Case Manager(s)	О	O	O
Probation/Parole Representative	0	O	O
Law Enforcement Representative	О	O	O
School Representative or Liaison	0	O	O
Child Welfare liaison	О	0	O
Cultural liaison	О	O	C
Court Clerk	О	O	O
Bailiff/court security	0	O	O
Community partner(s)	О	O	O
Enter another option	0	O	O

130. Please indicate the current schedule of your JDTC status review hearings (court appearances) (e.g., Mondays from 9-11 a.m., or every other Wednesday afternoon from 1-5 p.m.):
131. What is the average length of time (in minutes) of a status review hearing (court appearance) for your JDTC? For example, if your status review hearings typically last 2 hours, put 120. (If you have status review hearings on more than one day, pick one day as an example). minutes
132. On average, approximately how many JDTC participants attend a status review hearing (court appearance) during the length of time you entered for the previous question?

133. Does the judge(s):			
	Never	Sometimes	Always
Speak directly to participants during their court appearances?	0	O	0
Provide consistent follow- through on warnings to participants?	O	O	О
Speak directly to parents if they are in attendance?	0	O	O
Follow the recommendations provided by the team?	0	O	O
Decide what sanctions are imposed?	O	O	О

J. COURT RESPONSE TO PARTICIPANT BEHAVIOR (INCENTIVES, SANCTIONS, THERAPEUTIC RESPONSES)

Page description:

For the purposes of this section, please utilize the following definitions to assist you as you answer the following questions:

- *Incentives:* strategies that reinforce positive behavior, such as praise, applause, recognition, small gift such as candy, gift card, privileges
- **Sanctions:** strategies that discourage negative behavior, such as loss of privileges, research or writing assignments, community service hours, or (as a last resort) detention
- Therapeutic responses: strategies that help build additional skills or add supports, such as more frequent treatment sessions

134. Does the juvenile court provide staff members and partners with wi	ritten
guidance on incentives and sanctions to respond to youth behaviors?	
O No	

Not sure

O Yes

135. Does the juvenile court provide staff members and partners with written guidance about treatment services and other therapeutic interventions to respond to youth behaviors?
O No
C Yes
O Not sure

136. Please indicate the extent to which the following statements about incentives are true for your JDTC:

	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Always
Incentives are discussed among the team	О	О	O	O
The team seeks to reach consensus when deciding on appropriate incentives	O	o	0	0
The team provides incentives consistently (similar response for similar behaviors)	O	O	O	O
The team takes into account the circumstances surrounding the youth's behavior before deciding on an incentive	O	o	•	0
The team decides on incentives based on whether the incentives will likely result in the behavior change desired for each youth	O	O	O	0
Participants are given a written list of possible incentives	0	O	o	O
Participants are given a written list of the behaviors that lead to incentives	O	O	o	0
Participants identify possible incentives through the case planning process	O	O	0	O
The team uses incentives as a primary approach to behavior change	O	O	0	O
Team members other than the judge are empowered to deliver incentives outside of court hearings	0	0	•	0
The team encourages family members to apply incentives as agreed to with the team	O	O	O	0

	the following responses to participant behavior have you used as an INCENTIVE? (Check all that apply)
☐ Applause	
Verbal pra	ise from judge
☐ Small tang	ible items
☐ Sobriety co	pins
□ Redeemak	ole tokens/tickets
☐ Gift cards	
Case plan later curfev	specific earned privileges (such as being seen first in court or v)
Other (Plea	ase specify):

138. Please indicate the extent to which the following statements about sanctions are true for your JDTC:

	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Always
Sanctions are discussed among the team	О	O	O	O
The team seeks to reach consensus when deciding on appropriate sanctions	O	O	0	0
Sanctions are more severe for repeated violations of JDTC rules	O	O	O	0
The team applies sanctions consistently (similar response for similar infractions)	0	0	0	0
The team takes into account the circumstances surrounding the youth's behavior before deciding on a sanction	0	O	O	O
The team decides on sanctions based on whether the sanction will result in the behavior change they want for each youth	O	0	0	O
Participants are given a written list of possible sanctions	О	О	O	O
Participants are given a written list of behaviors that lead to sanctions	O	O	•	0
Participants identify possible sanctions through the case planning process	O	O	•	0
Team members other than the judge are empowered to deliver sanctions (other than the loss of liberty) outside of court hearings	0	0	•	0
The team encourages family members to apply sanctions as agreed to with the team	O	O	•	0
The team imposes a sanction immediately for failure to appear for a drug test or for tampering with a drug test	O	O	O	o

willi a ulug lest

139. Which of the following responses to participant behavior including noncompliance have you used for participants as a SANCTION? (Check all that apply)
☐ Writing essays
Sit sanctions (sit in court to watch)
Community service
Residential treatment
☐ More frequent drug or alcohol tests
☐ More court appearances
☐ Increased treatment sessions
Return to an earlier phase
☐ Self-help (e.g., books, CDs, DVDs, groups)
Fees (that are used as a sanction, not to pay for services)
Other (Please specify):

140. How does the JDTC respond to return to substance use (such as a positive drug test or admitting use)?

	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Always
Impose a sanction	0	О	О	0
Re-evaluate the participant's treatment plan	O	O	o	O
Response depends on phase/level	O	О	O	0
Response depends on how many previous positive tests a participant has	o	O	0	o
Response depends on the participant's unique situation	0	O	O	O
The participant has the option to challenge the result	O	О	o	O

141. Do you track incentives and sanctions for each participant?

	No	Sometimes	Yes
Incentives	O	O	O
Sanctions	O	0	О

142. What is your estimate of the ratio of incentives to sanctions for each participant?

- More than one incentive for every sanction
- One incentive for every sanction
- C Less than one incentive for every sanction
- Not sure

14. Do you use detention as a	sanction	:		
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Always
For positive drug screens?	O	O	О	O
For continued use?	0	O	O	O
For noncompliance with JDTC rules?	O	О	o	0
For failure to appear for court (first time)?	O	O	o	0
For failure to appear for treatment?	O	О	o	0
For on-going failure to appear to court?	O	O	O	O
After the first positive drug test?	0	0	О	0
After the second positive drug test?	O	O	o	o
After the third positive drug test?	O	0	О	0
When youth are a danger to themselves?	C	O	0	O
When youth are a danger to others?	O	O	o	0
When youth may abscond?	0	0	O	0
For tampering with a drug test?	O	О	0	0

143. Is detention used as a sanction in your JDTC?

O No

O Yes

		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Always		
	1 day	0	O	O	О		
	2 days	0	O	O	С		
	3-6 days	O	O	0	O		
	1 week	O	O	O	С		
	2 weeks	O	O	O	С		
	Longer than 2 weeks	0	0	O	O		
	146. How is the length of a detention sanction determined? (Check all that apply)						
	Graduated decision matrix or sanctions guidelines						
	☐ Through consensus	s at staffi	ng				
	☐ By the judge on the bench						
	Other (Please spec	ify):					
(DE	RUG TESTING						

145. When a detention sanction is used, would you say that the length of the

sanction is generally:

147. Pleas	se indicate who	ether or not th	e following	agencies/staff	collect drug
test sampl	les (e.g., urine)) or perform dr	ug testing:		

	No	Yes
Treatment providers	0	O
Probation	0	О
Law Enforcement (Police/Sheriff)	0	O
Court Staff	0	O
Case Managers	O	О
Enter another option	O	O

148. Please indicate whether the following types of drug and alcohol tests are used in your JDTC:

	No	Yes
Urine (UA or UDS): In-house dipsticks for instant tests	О	O
Urine (UA or UDS): Sent out to lab for testing	О	O
Urine (UA or UDS): Sent out to lab for confirmation of positive instant test	С	О
Urine (UA or UDS): In-house lab	О	O
EtG	0	O
Patch	0	O
Hair	0	O
Breath	0	O
Blood	О	O
Oral swab	О	O
Sleep monitor	C	O
Bracelet/Tether (alcohol) (e.g., SCRAM)	O	O
Enter another option	О	O

149. Please check which types of drug and alcohol tests are used most often (of those marked "yes" in the question above):
☐ Urine (UA or UDS): In-house dipsticks for instant tests
☐ Urine (UA or UDS): Sent out to lab for testing
☐ Urine (UA or UDS): Sent out to lab for confirmation of positive instant test
☐ Urine (UA or UDS): In-house lab
□ EtG
□ Patch
□ Hair
☐ Breath
□ Blood
☐ Oral swab
☐ Sleep monitor
☐ Bracelet/Tether (alcohol) (e.g., SCRAM)
Other (Please specify):

150. Are the following statements true for your JDTC? No Yes There is an equal chance each day that a participant could be drug tested (participants cannot predict when they will be asked to provide a sample for testing) Drug testing is performed for cause (e.g., if a participant appears to be under the influence) Drug testing occurs on a regular schedule (participant is aware when testing will occur) Drug testing occurs on some but not all business days Drug testing occurs on all regular business days (5 days per week) 0 Drug testing occurs on weekends and holidays 0 Drug testing is trauma-informed and avoids retraumatization 0

151. Is your drug testing:

	No	Yes
Based on the schedule recommended by a treatment provider	O	O
Based on the drug(s) the participant is taking	О	O
Modified based on phases of court/level of treatment need	О	O
Carried out on a standard (even if random) schedule (e.g., once per week, twice per week, etc.)	О	O

152. What is your standard test schedule in the beginning of their participation in your JDTC (in the first phase? C 4 or more times per week O 3 times per week O 2 times per week O 1 time per week Once every 2 weeks Once per month C Less than once per month Before each court appearance Specific to participant/no general requirements 153. What is your standard test schedule toward the end of their participation (in the last phase)? 4 or more times per week O 3 times per week O 2 times per week 1 time per week Once every 2 weeks Once per month C Less than once per month

O Before each court appearance

Specific to participant/no general requirements

154. Does your JDTC use random drug testing?								
	C No							
	© Yes							
15	155. Please describe the method you use for random drug testing.							
		,						
15	6. Is drug testing observed?							
	Sometimes							
	 Yes – indirect observation (e.g., m 	nirrors)						
	Yes – direct observation							
15	7. Are samples tested for:							
		No	Yes	Not sure				
	Dilution (i.e., creatinine testing is conducted)	0	O	O				
	Adulteration (e.g., temperature)	C	O	C				

158. How quickly are drug test results obtained (not including tests sent to the lab for confirmation)?
C Within minutes
C Same day
 Within 24 hours
© Within 48 hours
 Within one week
Other (Please specify):
159. Are staff members who collect specimens trained in standard collection protocols?
O No
© Yes
L. JDTC SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION (GRADUATION) AND UNSUCCESSFUL EXIT
160. Is there a minimum number of days that participants must be drug free
before they can successfully complete the JDTC?
before they can successfully complete the JDTC? © No
before they can successfully complete the JDTC?

162. To successfully complete the JDTC, are participants required to:

	No	Sometimes	Yes	Not applicable
Complete treatment	О	O	0	O
Have a job	0	O	0	O
Be in school	0	O	О	O
Have a sober housing environment?	0	0	0	С
Complete community service?	0	O	0	O
Write a sobriety/relapse prevention/continuing care plan	0	0	О	O
Pay all JDTC or treatment fees?	0	О	0	O
Pay all court-ordered fines and fees not related to JDTC (e.g., restitution)?	0	O	O	O

163. Would your JDTC team remove a participant from the JDTC for the following?

	No	Sometimes	Yes	Not applicable
Any new arrest	0	O	0	O
Any new adjudication	0	O	0	O
New arrest for drug possession	0	O	0	O
New adjudication for drug possession	O	О	0	0
New arrest for drug trafficking	0	O	O	O
New adjudication for drug trafficking	O	O	0	o
New arrest for violent offense	0	O	0	o
New adjudication for violent offense	C	O	0	0
Failure to appear in court with no excuse	О	O	О	0
Multiple failures to appear for court	C	O	0	0
Consistently missing treatment sessions	C	O	0	O
Repeated positive drug tests	0	O	0	o
Continued alcohol/drug use	0	C	О	O
Lack of progress in treatment	0	O	0	O
Lack of progress in JDTC, exhaustion of all other options and behavioral contingencies	O	C	O	O

164. Are exit interviews conducted with participants and parents when they leave the JDTC program? (Check all that apply)

	No	Yes, some of them	Yes, all of them	Not sure
Participants who successfully complete JDTC	0	O	0	O
Participants who unsuccessfully exit JDTC	0	O	O	О
Parents of participants who successfully complete JDTC	0	O	O	O
Parents of participants who unsuccessfully exit JDTC	0	O	O	O

165. Does your JDTC attempt to contact participants at some point after they exit the JDTC?

	No	Yes, some of them	Yes, all of them	Not sure
Participants who successfully complete JDTC	О	O	O	O
Participants who unsuccessfully exit JDTC	0	O	О	О

166. If yes, at what point do you reach out to participants after they leave your JDTC?

	Never	Sometimes	Always
Within the first 3 months of exiting JDTC	О	O	O
Between 3-6 months of exiting JDTC	O	O	O
Between 6 months and 1 year of exiting JDTC	0	O	O
At 1 year or more after exiting JDTC	O	0	0
Enter another option	O	O	O

167. What do you talk with them about? (Check all that apply)
Whether they need any support or assistance
Whether they have used alcohol or other drugs
Their current housing, education, and employment status
Any criminal behavior or contacts with the legal system (police or courts)
Other (Please specify):

M. DATA COLLECTION AND EVALUATION

168. Does your JDTC collect and store participant data?

- O No
- O Yes on paper
- Yes electronically, but not in a JDTC-specific management information system (MIS)
- O Yes in a JDTC MIS

169. (If yes, in a JDTC MIS) Which people/agencies have access to your MIS? <i>(check all that apply)</i>
☐ Judge
☐ JDTC Coordinator
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison
☐ Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)
☐ Prosecuting Attorney
☐ Defense Attorney
Case Manager(s)
☐ Probation/Parole Representative
Law Enforcement Representative
☐ School Representative or Liaison
Child Welfare liaison
Cultural liaison
Court Clerk
☐ Bailiff/court security
Community partner(s)
Other (Please specify):
170. Does your MIS collect all of the information needed by your program for
participant tracking and case management?
C No
C Yes

171. Which of the following data elements are collected by your JDTC?

	Never	Sometimes	Always
Data from the treatment provider (e.g., attendance at treatment, treatment progress)	0	0	O
Drug testing (e.g., dates of drug tests, drug test results)	O	0	O
Drug use after program completion	0	0	O
Attendance at required activities (e.g., services, meetings, or events specified in the case plan)	О	•	O
Phase progression information	O	O	O
Successful completion	0	O	O
Unsuccessful exit	0	o	O
Participant age at entry into JDTC	0	•	O
Racial/ethnic demographics of JDTC participants	0	O	О
Gender demographics of JDTC participants	0	0	О
Family-related information, such as family cohesion, home functioning, and communication	О	•	O
Recidivism/reoffending during the program	0	•	O
Recidivism/reoffending after program completion	0	O	O
Educational enrollment	0	o	O
Employment	O	O	О
Involvement in prosocial activities	O	O	О
Peer associations	0	O	О
None of the above	0	o	O

Enter another option	О	O	O
172. Does the JDTC use the and monitor whether it is mo		•	·
173. Has your JDTC made monitoring? No Yes	adjustments in po	licies or practi	ces based on this
174. Please give an examp	e of what change	s you made.	

175. How often are policy meetings held (i.e., how often does the team hold a separate meeting, outside of participant pre-court staffings, to discuss JDTC-wide issues rather than individual participants)?

- No policy meetings are held and the team does not regularly discuss policy
- O No policy meetings are held, but the team discusses policies during regularly-scheduled pre-court staffings
- More than once per month
- Once per month
- C Every other month
- Once per quarter
- C Twice per year
- Once per year
- C Less than once per year

176. Who attends policy meetings?
□ Judge
☐ JDTC Coordinator
Clinical treatment supervisor or liaison
Substance Use Treatment Provider Representative(s)
Mental Health Treatment Provider Representative(s)
☐ Prosecuting Attorney
☐ Defense Attorney
Case Manager(s)
Probation/Parole Representative
Law Enforcement Representative
☐ School Representative or Liaison
Child Welfare liaison
Cultural liaison
Court Clerk
☐ Bailiff/court security
Community partner(s)
Other (Please specify):
177. Have you had an outside evaluator measure whether the JDTC is being implemented as intended (e.g., a process evaluation)?
O No
© Yes

N. JDTC	STATISTICS
0	Not sure
0	Yes
0	No
179.	Is there currently a plan for an external evaluation?
О	Yes
O	No
	Have you had an outside evaluator measure whether the JDTC is eving its intended outcomes (e.g., an outcome evaluation)?

180. What is/are the drug(s) used by your parability, please estimate the PERCENT of paradrug (percents should add to at least 100%; letters or symbols):	rticipants who use each type of
Alcohol (%)	
Marijuana (%)	
Crack/Cocaine (%)	
Methamphetamine (%)	
Heroin (%)	
(Misuse of) prescription opiates (%)	
(Misuse of) other prescriptions (%)	
Other drug #1 (% only, list name of drug below)	
Other drug #2 (% only, list name of drug below)	
181. If you marked "other" in the question at drug(s) of choice:	pove, please specify the other
Name of other drug #1:	
Name of other drug #2:	
182. Please estimate what percentage of your more than one substance at a time: %	ur participants regularly use

183. How many participants are currently	active in your JDTC?
184. What race/ethnicity are your current places to estimate of the percentage of participlisted below (percents may add to greater	ants for each of the race/ethnicities
% American Indian or Alaska Native	
% Asian	
% Black or African American	
% Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish Origin	
% Middle Eastern or North African	
% Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	
% White	
% Two or more races	
% Other	

185. What gender are your <u>current</u> participants? Please estimate the percentage for each gender in your JDTC:
% Male
% Female
% Transgender
% Gender non-conforming
186. What age are your current participants? Please give your best estimate of the percentage of your participants in each of the following age groups:
% 13 years or younger
% 14-17 years
% 18 years and older
187. Are you aware of any participants in your JDTC who do not identify as heterosexual?
C No
C Yes
O Not sure

188. Do you have any services that are responsive to the particular needs of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer or questioning, intersex, gender nonconforming, and Two-Spirit?
C No
C Yes
C Not sure
189. Has your JDTC analyzed your data to determine if there is equity of access to the program for all eligible youth?
C No
© Somewhat
C Yes
O Unsure
Γhank You!
Page description: Thank you for completing this survey!
Thank you for taking our survey. Your response is very important to us.