

Section 7 of the act provides as follows: "It shall be unlawful and a misdemeanor for any person to transport by motor truck or other vehicle or have in his possession for the purpose of sale any meat which has not been inspected and stamped as required by the provisions of this Act, and any officer authorized shall have the right to seize and sell the same as hereinbefore provided; provided, however, that this shall not apply to meat being transported or held for the purpose of inspection and stamping as provided for in this Act".

It is our opinion, therefore, that chapter 172 expressly provides that the meat shall be inspected and stamped at the same time that the hide is inspected and marked and, in view of the language used in the act as hereinabove set forth, that this was the intention of the legislature.

#### **Opinion No. 47**

##### **Butchers and Meat Peddlers—Meat Inspection—Hide Inspection.**

HELD: Chapter 172, Laws of 1931, requires meat, as well as hides to be inspected and stamped at the same time.

January 31, 1933.

You have asked by opinion as to whether chapter 172, Laws of 1931, requires both the meat and the hide to be presented for inspection at the same time or whether it is necessary to have only the hide inspected.

The title of this act provides, among other things, "for the inspection and tagging and stamping of hides and meat". Section 3 of the act reads in part as follows: "All butchers and meat peddlers and all other persons shall have the hide in its entirety with tail attached of each beef or veal inspected in the county \* \* \*. Each of the four quarters so presented shall be stamped with an ink stamp \* \* \*".