## SENATE BILL NO. 432

# INTRODUCED BY PINSONEAULT, STRIZICH BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY SERVICES

## IN THE SENATE

FEBRUARY 18, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
FEBRUARY 19, 1991	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 22, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
	PRINTING REPORT.
FEBRUARY 25, 1991	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 26, 1991	ENGROSSING REPORT.
	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 49; NOES, 0.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
	IN THE HOUSE
MARCH 4, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 14, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
	POSTED ON CONSENT CALENDAR.
MARCH 15, 1991	CONSENT CALENDAR, QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.
MARCH 16, 1991	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 97; NOES, 0.
	RETURNED TO SENATE.
	IN THE SENATE

RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

MARCH 18, 1991

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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2	INTRODUCED BY	MISCHEAULT	
3		BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT	

OF FAMILY SERVICES

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY SERVICES AND OF YOUTH PROBATION OFFICERS REGARDING THE SUPERVISION OF YOUTH IN PLACEMENT FACILITIES; TO CLARIFY THE APPLICABILITY OF AN AFTERCARE AGREEMENT IF A DELINQUENT YOUTH IS TRANSFERRED FROM A STATE YOUTH CORRECTIONAL FACILITY TO A MENTAL HEALTH FACILITY AND SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED; AMENDING SECTIONS 41-5-523 AND 53-30-226, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 41-5-523, MCA, is amended to read:

"41-5-523. (Temporary) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:

- (a) place the youth on probation;
- 23 (b) commit the youth to the department if the court
  24 determines that the youth is in need of placement in other
  25 than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:

alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by
an adult;

(e) require the performance of community service;

(f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or
the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive
counseling services;

for the protection of the public;

youth to the department.

Montana Legislative Council

(g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having legal custody of the youth;

(h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services

(i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the

court shall determine whether continuation in the home would

be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether

reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate

the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court shall include such determination in the order committing the

by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge

may specify that the youth be placed in a youth correctional

facility if the judge finds that such placement is necessary

(c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;

(d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation

(ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined

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as the court may designate;

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- (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and the community and that does not obligate funding from the department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.
- (j) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:

- (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in 1 a youth correctional facility.
  - (b) A youth may not be held in a youth correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in this section limits the power of the department to enter into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to 53-30-226.
- 10 (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal institution or other facility used for the execution of 11 12 sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
  - (3) A youth placed by the department in a youth correctional facility must be supervised by the department. A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by the youth probation officer of the youth court having jurisdiction over the youth.
  - (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated by the department for a period not to exceed 45 days. The department shall determine the place and manner of evaluation.

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- (5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.
- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time.
  In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth.
  - 41-5-523. (Effective July 1, 1991) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:
- 18 (a) place the youth on probation:

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- (b) commit the youth to the department if the court determines that the youth is in need of placement in other than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:
- (i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the court shall determine whether continuation in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate

- the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court
- 2 shall include such determination in the order committing the
- 3 youth to the department.
- 4 (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined
- by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge
- 6 may specify that the youth be placed in a state youth
- 7 correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement
- 8 is necessary for the protection of the public;
  - (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;
- 10 (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation
- alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by
- 12 an adult;
- 13 (e) require the performance of community service;
- 14 (f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or
- 15 the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive
- 16 counseling services;
- 17 (q) require the medical and psychological evaluation of
- 18 the youth, his parents, his quardians, or the persons having
- 19 legal custody of the youth;
- 20 (h) require the parents, quardians, or other persons
- 21 having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services
- 22 as the court may designate;
- 23 (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or
- 24 relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and
- 25 the community and that does not obligate funding from the

department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.

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- (j) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:
- (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed ina state youth correctional facility.
- 24 (b) A youth may not be held in a <u>state</u> youth 25 correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the

- 1 maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an
- 2 adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the
- 3 youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in
- 4 this section limits the power of the department to enter
- 5 into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to
- 6 53-30-226.

- 7 (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal 8 institution or other facility used for the execution of 9 sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
- 10 (3) A youth placed by the department in a <u>state</u> youth 11 correctional facility must be supervised by the department.
- 12 A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by
- 13 the youth probation officer of the youth court having
- 14 jurisdiction over the youth whether or not the youth is
  - committed to the department. Supervision by the youth
- 16 probation officer includes but is not limited to:
- 17 (a) submitting information and documentation necessary
- 18 for the person, committee, or team that is making the
- 19 placement recommendation to determine an appropriate
- 20 placement for the youth;
- 21 (b) securing approval for payment of special education
- 22 costs from the youth's school district of residence or the
  - 23 office of public instruction, as required in Title 20,
- 24 chapter 7, part 4;
- 25 (c) submitting an application to a facility in which

#### the youth may be placed; and

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#### (d) case management of the youth.

- (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody and before final disposition, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated for a period not to exceed 45 days. The county commissioners are responsible for the cost of the evaluation and may contract with the department or other public or private agencies to obtain evaluation services.
- (5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.
- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time. In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth."
- Section 2. Section 53-30-226, MCA, is amended to read:

- 1 \*53-30-226. Youth aftercare agreement. (1) A youth
  2 released by the department of family services from one of
  3 the state youth correctional facilities to the supervision,
  4 custody, and control of the department shall, before his
  5 release, sign an aftercare agreement containing:
  - $(\frac{1}{2})$  a statement of the terms and conditions of his release, including a list of the acts which, if committed by the youth, may result in his return to the facility; and
- 9 (2)(b) a statement that if the department or any person
  10 alleges any violation of the terms and conditions of the
  11 agreement, the youth is entitled to a hearing as provided
  12 for in 53-30-229 before he may be returned to the facility.
- (2) A youth who is released from a state youth

  correctional facility for commitment to a mental health

  facility pursuant to Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, shall

  sign an aftercare agreement that will remain in effect until

  the youth is returned to the court for further disposition

  as provided in 41-5-523(1)(j). If the youth is not returned

  to a state youth correctional facility following the hearing
- for further disposition, the aftercare agreement becomes
  void unless amended or extended by the department or the
- 22 court."

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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB0432, as introduced.

### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to clarify the responsibility of the Department of Family Services and of youth probation officers regarding the supervision of youth in placement facilities; to clarify the applicability of an aftercare agreement if a delinquent youth is transferred from a state youth correctional facility to a mental health facility and subsequently released; amending Sections 41-5-523 and 53-30-226, MCA; and providing an effective date.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

1. The purpose of the proposed bill is clarification of current law and procedural change only.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

None.

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR DATE
Office of Budget and Program Planning

RICHARD J "DICK" PINSONEAULT, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for SB0432, as introduced

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## APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

1		Sande BILL NO. 432
2	INTRODUCED BY	MISCHEAULT X
3		BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT

BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT

OF FAMILY SERVICES

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A RILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY SERVICES AND OF YOUTH PROBATION OFFICERS REGARDING THE SUPERVISION OF YOUTH IN PLACEMENT FACILITIES; TO CLARIFY THE APPLICABILITY OF AN AFTERCARE AGREEMENT IF A DELINOUENT YOUTH IS TRANSFERRED FROM A STATE YOUTH CORRECTIONAL FACILITY TO A MENTAL HEALTH FACILITY AND SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED: AMENDING SECTIONS 41-5-523 AND 53-30-226, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

17 Section 1. Section 41-5-523, MCA, is amended to read:

\*41-5-523. (Temporary) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:

- (a) place the youth on probation;
- 23 (b) commit the youth to the department if the court determines that the youth is in need of placement in other 24
- 25 than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:



(i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the 1 court shall determine whether continuation in the home would 2 be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether 3 reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate 4 the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court shall include such determination in the order committing the youth to the department.

- (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge may specify that the youth be placed in a youth correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement is necessary for the protection of the public;
- (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents; 13
- (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation 14 alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by 15 16 an adult:
  - (e) require the performance of community service;
- (f) require the youth, his parents, his quardians, or 18 the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive 19 20 counseling services;
- (g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of 21 22 the youth, his parents, his quardians, or the persons having 23 legal custody of the youth;
- (h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons 24 having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services 25

SECOND READING

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as the court may designate;

- (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and the community and that does not obligate funding from the department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.
- (j) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:

(a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in
 a youth correctional facility.

(b) A youth may not be held in a youth correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in this section limits the power of the department to enter into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to 53-30-226.

- (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal institution or other facility used for the execution of sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
- (3) A youth placed by the department in a youth correctional facility must be supervised by the department. A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by the youth probation officer of the youth court having jurisdiction over the youth.
- (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated by the department for a period not to exceed 45 days. The department shall determine the place and manner of evaluation.

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(5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.

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- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time. In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth.
- 41-5-523. (Effective July 1, 1991) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:
  - (a) place the youth on probation;
- (b) commit the youth to the department if the court determines that the youth is in need of placement in other than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:
- (i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the court shall determine whether continuation in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate

- the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court shall include such determination in the order committing the youth to the department.
- 4 (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined
  5 by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge
  6 may specify that the youth be placed in a <u>state</u> youth
  7 correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement
  8 is necessary for the protection of the public;
- 9 (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;
- (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by an adult;
- 13 (e) require the performance of community service;
- (f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive counseling services;
- 17 (g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of 18 the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having 19 legal custody of the youth;
- 20 (h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons
  21 having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services
  22 as the court may designate;
- 23 (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or 24 relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and 25 the community and that does not obligate funding from the

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53-30-226.

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department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.

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- (j) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:
- (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in
   a state youth correctional facility.
- 24 (b) A youth may not be held in a <u>state</u> youth 25 correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the

adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the
youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in
this section limits the power of the department to enter
into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to

maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an

- 7 (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal 8 institution or other facility used for the execution of 9 sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
- 10 (3) A youth placed by the department in a state youth
  11 correctional facility must be supervised by the department.
  12 A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by
  13 the youth probation officer of the youth court having
  14 jurisdiction over the youth whether or not the youth is
  15 committed to the department. Supervision by the youth
  16 probation officer includes but is not limited to:
- 17 <u>(a) submitting information and documentation necessary</u>
  18 <u>for the person, committee, or team that is making the</u>
  19 <u>placement recommendation to determine an appropriate</u>
  20 placement for the youth;
- 21 (b) securing approval for payment of special education 22 costs from the youth's school district of residence or the 23 office of public instruction, as required in Title 20, 24 chapter 7, part 4;
- 25 (c) submitting an application to a facility in which

#### the youth may be placed; and

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#### (d) case management of the youth.

- (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody and before final disposition, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated for a period not to exceed 45 days. The county commissioners are responsible for the cost of the evaluation and may contract with the department or other public or private agencies to obtain evaluation services.
- (5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.
- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time. In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth."
- Section 2. Section 53-30-226, MCA, is amended to read:

- "53-30-226. Youth aftercare agreement. (1) A youth 2 released by the department of family services from one of
- the state youth correctional facilities to the supervision, 3
- custody, and control of the department shall, before his 4
- release, sign an aftercare agreement containing:
- 6 fl+(a) a statement of the terms and conditions of his 7 release, including a list of the acts which, if committed by 8 the youth, may result in his return to the facility; and
- 9 (2)(b) a statement that if the department or any person 10 alleges any violation of the terms and conditions of the agreement, the youth is entitled to a hearing as provided 11 12 for in 53-30-229 before he may be returned to the facility.
- 13 (2) A youth who is released from a state youth correctional facility for commitment to a mental health 14
- 15 facility pursuant to Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, shall
- 16 sign an aftercare agreement that will remain in effect until
- 17 the youth is returned to the court for further disposition
- 18 as provided in 41-5-523(1)(j). If the youth is not returned
- 19 to a state youth correctional facility following the hearing
- 20 for further disposition, the aftercare agreement becomes
- 21 void unless amended or extended by the department or the
- 22 court."

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23 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is 24 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

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L		Sand BILL NO. 4/32
2	INTRODUCED BY	MISCHEAULT X
3		BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT

DI REGUEST OF THE DEFARIMENT

OF FAMILY SERVICES

6 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE 7 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY SERVICES AND OF 8 YOUTH PROBATION OFFICERS REGARDING THE SUPERVISION OF YOUTH 9 IN PLACEMENT FACILITIES: TO CLARIFY THE APPLICABILITY OF AN 10 AFTERCARE AGREEMENT IF A DELINQUENT YOUTH IS TRANSFERRED 11 FROM A STATE YOUTH CORRECTIONAL FACILITY TO A MENTAL HEALTH 12 FACILITY AND SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED; AMENDING SECTIONS

13 41-5-523 AND 53-30-226, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE

14 DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 41-5-523, MCA, is amended to read:

\*41-5-523. (Temporary) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:

- (a) place the youth on probation;
- 23 (b) commit the youth to the department if the court
  24 determines that the youth is in need of placement in other
  25 than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:

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(i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the court shall determine whether continuation in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court shall include such determination in the order committing the youth to the department.

- (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge may specify that the youth be placed in a youth correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement is necessary for the protection of the public;
  - (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;
- 14 (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation
  15 alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by
  16 an adult;
  - (e) require the performance of community service;
- 18 (f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or 19 the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive 20 counseling services;
- 21 (g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of 22 the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having 23 legal custody of the youth;
  - (h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services

THIRD READING

as the court may designate;

- (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and the community and that does not obligate funding from the department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in \$0-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.
- (j) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:

- (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in
   a youth correctional facility.
  - (b) A youth may not be held in a youth correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in this section limits the power of the department to enter into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to 53-30-226.
  - (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal institution or other facility used for the execution of sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
  - (3) A youth placed by the department in a youth correctional facility must be supervised by the department. A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by the youth probation officer of the youth court having jurisdiction over the youth.
  - (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated by the department for a period not to exceed 45 days. The department shall determine the place and manner of evaluation.

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(5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.

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- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time.
  In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth.
- 41-5-523. (Effective July 1, 1991) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:
  - (a) place the youth on probation;
- (b) commit the youth to the department if the court determines that the youth is in need of placement in other than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:
- (i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the court shall determine whether continuation in the home would be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate

- the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court shall include such determination in the order committing the youth to the department.
- 4 (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined
  5 by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge
  6 may specify that the youth be placed in a <u>state</u> youth
  7 correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement
  8 is necessary for the protection of the public;
  - (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;
- 10 (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation
  11 alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by
  12 an adult:
  - (e) require the performance of community service;
  - (f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive counseling services;
- 17 (g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of 18 the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having 19 legal custody of the youth;
- 20 (h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons
  21 having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services
  22 as the court may designate;
- 23 (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or 24 relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and 25 the community and that does not obligate funding from the

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department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.

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- (i) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:
- 22 (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in a state youth correctional facility. 23
- (b) A youth may not be held in a state youth 24 correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the 25

- maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in this section limits the power of the department to enter into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to 53-30-226.
- 7 (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal institution or other facility used for the execution of 9 sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
- 10 (3) A youth placed by the department in a state youth 11 correctional facility must be supervised by the department. 12 A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by the youth probation officer of the youth court having 13 14 jurisdiction over the youth whether or not the youth is 15 committed to the department. Supervision by the youth 16 probation officer includes but is not limited to:
- 17 (a) submitting information and documentation necessary for the person, committee, or team that is making the placement recommendation to determine an appropriate 19 20 placement for the youth;
  - (b) securing approval for payment of special education costs from the youth's school district of residence or the office of public instruction, as required in Title 20, chapter 7, part 4;
- (c) submitting an application to a facility in which 25

#### the youth may be placed; and

- (d) case management of the youth.
- (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody and before final disposition, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated for a period not to exceed 45 days. The county commissioners are responsible for the cost of the evaluation and may contract with the department or other public or private agencies to obtain evaluation services.
- (5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.
- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time. In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth."
  - Section 2. Section 53-30-226, MCA, is amended to read:

- 1 \*53-30-226. Youth aftercare agreement. (1) A youth
  2 released by the department of family services from one of
  3 the state youth correctional facilities to the supervision,
  4 custody, and control of the department shall, before his
  5 release, sign an aftercare agreement containing:
- 6 (1)(a) a statement of the terms and conditions of his
  7 release, including a list of the acts which, if committed by
  8 the youth, may result in his return to the facility; and
  - (2)(b) a statement that if the department or any person alleges any violation of the terms and conditions of the agreement, the youth is entitled to a hearing as provided for in 53-30-229 before he may be returned to the facility.
  - (2) A youth who is released from a state youth correctional facility for commitment to a mental health facility pursuant to Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, shall sign an aftercare agreement that will remain in effect until the youth is returned to the court for further disposition as provided in 41-5-523(1)(j). If the youth is not returned to a state youth correctional facility following the hearing for further disposition, the aftercare agreement becomes void unless amended or extended by the department or the court."
- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

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2	INTRODUCED BY PINSONEAULT, STRIZICH
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT
4	OF FAMILY SERVICES
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6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE
7	RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY SERVICES AND OF
8	YOUTH PROBATION OFFICERS REGARDING THE SUPERVISION OF YOUTH
9	IN PLACEMENT FACILITIES; TO CLARIFY THE APPLICABILITY OF AN
10	AFTERCARE AGREEMENT IF A DELINQUENT YOUTH IS TRANSFERRED
11	FROM A STATE YOUTH CORRECTIONAL FACILITY TO A MENTAL HEALTH
12	FACILITY AND SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED; AMENDING SECTIONS
13	41-5-523 AND 53-30-226, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE
14	DATE."
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
17	Section 1. Section 41-5-523, MCA, is amended to read:
18	*41-5-523. (Temporary) Disposition of delinquent youth
19	and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to
20	be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may
	enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:
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22	the description if the court
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24	determines that the youth is in need of placement in other

than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:

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	(i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the
!	court shall determine whether continuation in the home woul
ŀ	be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether
	reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminat
i	the need for removal of the youth from his home. The cour
i	shall include such determination in the order committing th
,	youth to the department.

- (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge may specify that the youth be placed in a youth correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement is necessary for the protection of the public;
  - (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;
- 14 (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation 15 alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by 16 an adult:
  - (e) require the performance of community service;
  - (f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive counseling services;
- 21 (g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of 22 the youth, his parents, his quardians, or the persons having 23 legal custody of the youth;
- 24 (h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons 25 having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services

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as the court may designate;

- (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and the community and that does not obligate funding from the department without the department's approval, except that a youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth in a residential treatment facility.
- (j) commit the youth to a mental health facility if, based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon release or discharge from the mental health facility, the youth must be returned to the court for further disposition in accordance with this section unless the court order has expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 41-5-205.
- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:

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- 1 (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in 2 a youth correctional facility.
  - (b) A youth may not be held in a youth correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in this section limits the power of the department to enter into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to 53-30-226.
  - (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal institution or other facility used for the execution of sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
  - (3) A youth placed by the department in a youth correctional facility must be supervised by the department. A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by the youth probation officer of the youth court having jurisdiction over the youth.
  - (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated by the department for a period not to exceed 45 days. The department shall determine the place and manner of evaluation.

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- 1 (5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the 2 Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to 3 the district court under 41-5-206.
- 4 (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time.
  5 In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order
  6 pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to
  7 the department and subsequent hearing.
  - (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth.
  - 41-5-523. (Effective July 1, 1991) Disposition of delinquent youth and youth in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be delinquent or in need of supervision, the youth court may enter its judgment making any of the following dispositions:
    - (a) place the youth on probation;

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- 19 (b) commit the youth to the department if the court
  20 determines that the youth is in need of placement in other
  21 than the youth's own home; provided, however, that:
- 22 (i) in the case of a youth in need of supervision, the 23 court shall determine whether continuation in the home would 24 be contrary to the welfare of the youth and whether 25 reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate

- the need for removal of the youth from his home. The court shall include such determination in the order committing the
  - (ii) in the case of a delinquent youth who is determined by the court to be a serious juvenile offender, the judge may specify that the youth be placed in a <u>state</u> youth correctional facility if the judge finds that such placement is necessary for the protection of the public;
- 9 (c) order restitution by the youth or his parents;
- 10 (d) impose a fine as authorized by law if the violation
  11 alleged would constitute a criminal offense if committed by
  12 an adult;
- 13 (e) require the performance of community service;
- (f) require the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having legal custody of the youth to receive counseling services;
- 17 (g) require the medical and psychological evaluation of 18 the youth, his parents, his guardians, or the persons having
- 19 legal custody of the youth;

youth to the department.

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- 20 (h) require the parents, guardians, or other persons
  21 having legal custody of the youth to furnish such services
  22 as the court may designate;
- 23 (i) order such further care, treatment, evaluation, or 24 relief that the court considers beneficial to the youth and
- 25 the community and that does not obligate funding from the

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- 1 department without the department's approval, except that a 2 youth may not be placed by a youth court in a residential 3 treatment facility as defined in 50-5-101. Only the department may, pursuant to subsection (1)(b), place a youth 4 5 in a residential treatment facility.
- 6 (i) commit the youth to a mental health facility if. 7 based upon the testimony of a professional person as defined 8 in 53-21-102, the court finds that the youth is seriously 9 mentally ill as defined in 53-21-102. The youth is entitled 10 to all rights provided by 53-21-114 through 53-21-119. Upon 11 release or discharge from the mental health facility, the 12 youth must be returned to the court for further disposition 13 in accordance with this section unless the court order has 14 expired or the court no longer retains jurisdiction under 15 41-5-205.

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- (2) When a youth is committed to the department, the department shall determine the appropriate placement and rehabilitation program for the youth after considering the recommendations made under 41-5-527 by the youth placement committee. Placement is subject to the following limitations:
- 22 (a) A youth in need of supervision may not be placed in 23 a state youth correctional facility.
- (b) A youth may not be held in a state youth 24 25 correctional facility for a period of time in excess of the

- maximum period of imprisonment that could be imposed on an adult convicted of the offense or offenses that brought the youth under the jurisdiction of the youth court. Nothing in this section limits the power of the department to enter into an aftercare agreement with the youth pursuant to 53-30-226.
- (c) No youth may be placed in or transferred to a penal 7 institution or other facility used for the execution of sentence of adults convicted of crimes.
- (3) A youth placed by the department in a state youth 10 correctional facility must be supervised by the department. 11 12 A youth placed in any other placement must be supervised by the youth probation officer of the youth court having 13 14 jurisdiction over the youth whether or not the youth is 15 committed to the department. Supervision by the youth probation officer includes but is not limited to: 16
- 17 (a) submitting information and documentation necessary 18 for the person, committee, or team that is making the placement recommendation to determine an appropriate 19 20 placement for the youth;
- 21 (b) securing approval for payment of special education 22 costs from the youth's school district of residence or the 23 office of public instruction, as required in Title 20, 24 chapter 7, part 4;
- 25 (c) submitting an application to a facility in which

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#### the youth may be placed; and

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- (d) case management of the youth.
- (4) At any time after the youth has been taken into custody and before final disposition, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to a waiver of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision, order the youth to be evaluated for a period not to exceed 45 days. The county commissioners are responsible for the cost of the evaluation and may contract with the department or other public or private agencies to obtain evaluation services.
- (5) No evaluation of a youth may be performed at the Montana state hospital unless such youth is transferred to the district court under 41-5-206.
- (6) Any order of the court may be modified at any time. In the case of a youth committed to the department, an order pertaining to the youth may be modified only upon notice to the department and subsequent hearing.
- (7) Whenever the court commits a youth to the department, it must transmit with the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and information pertinent to the care and treatment of the youth."
  - Section 2. Section 53-30-226, MCA, is amended to read:

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- 1 \*\*53-30-226. Youth aftercare agreement. (1) A youth
  2 released by the department of family services from one of
  3 the state youth correctional facilities to the supervision,
  4 custody, and control of the department shall, before his
  5 release, sign an aftercare agreement containing:
  - (++)(a) a statement of the terms and conditions of his release, including a list of the acts which, if committed by the youth, may result in his return to the facility; and
  - (2)(b) a statement that if the department or any person alleges any violation of the terms and conditions of the agreement, the youth is entitled to a hearing as provided for in 53-30-229 before he may be returned to the facility.

(2) A youth who is released from a state youth

correctional facility for commitment to a mental health

- facility pursuant to Title 53, chapter 21, part 1, shall sign an aftercare agreement that will remain in effect until the youth is returned to the court for further disposition
- 18 as provided in 41-5-523(1)(j). If the youth is not returned
- 19 to a state youth correctional facility following the hearing
- 20 for further disposition, the aftercare agreement becomes
- 21 void unless amended or extended by the department or the
- 22 <u>court.</u>"

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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

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