SENATE BILL 426

Introduced by Grosfield, et al.

2/18	Introduced				
2/18	First Reading				
2/18	Referred to Natural Resources				
2/18	Fiscal Note Requested				
2/22	Hearing				
2/23	Fiscal Note Printed				
2/23	Committee ReportBill Passed				
2/23	Fiscal Note Received				
2/25	2nd Reading Passed				
2/26	3rd Reading Passed				
	Transmitted to House				
3/04	First Reading				
3/04	Referred to Natural Resources				
3/21	Hearing				
4/02	Tabled in Committee				

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3	Premare and	Cold	,	Pa	A Comment

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT CLARIFYING THE WATER

5 RESERVATION PROCESS FOR FEDERALLY DESIGNATED WILDERNESS

AREAS; AND AMENDING SECTION 85-2-316, MCA."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 85-2-316, MCA, is amended to read:

*85-2-316. Reservation of waters. (1) The state or any political subdivision or agency thereof or the United States or any agency thereof may apply to the board to reserve waters for existing or future beneficial uses or to maintain a minimum flow, level, or quality of water throughout the year or at periods or for a length of time as the board designates.

- (2) (a) Water may be reserved for existing or future beneficial uses in the basin where it is reserved, as described by the following basins:
- 20 (i) the Clark Fork River and its tributaries to its 21 confluence with Lake Pend Oreille in Idaho;
- 22 (ii) the Kootenai River and its tributaries to its 23 confluence with Kootenay Lake in British Columbia;
- 24 (iii) the St. Mary River and its tributaries to its 25 confluence with the Oldman River in Alberta;

- 1 (iv) the Little Missouri River and its tributaries to
 2 its confluence with Lake Sakakawea in North Dakota;
 - (v) the Missouri River and its tributaries to its confluence with the Yellowstone River in North Dakota; and
- 5 (vi) the Yellowstone River and its tributaries to its 6 confluence with the Missouri River in North Dakota.
 - (b) A water reservation may be made for an existing or future beneficial use outside the basin where the diversion occurs only if stored water is not reasonably available for water leasing under 85-2-141 and the proposed use would occur in a basin designated in subsection (2)(a).
 - (3) Upon receiving an application, the department shall proceed in accordance with 85-2-307 through 85-2-309. After the hearing provided in 85-2-309, the board shall decide whether to reserve the water for the applicant. The department's costs of giving notice, holding the hearing, conducting investigations, and making records incurred in acting upon the application to reserve water, except the cost of salaries of the department's personnel, must be paid by the applicant. In addition, a reasonable proportion of the department's cost of preparing an environmental impact statement must be paid by the applicant unless waived by the department upon a showing of good cause by the applicant.
 - (4) (a) The board may not adopt an order reserving water unless the applicant establishes to the satisfaction



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- (i) the purpose of the reservation;
- 3 (ii) the need for the reservation:
- 4 (iii) the amount of water necessary for the purpose of the reservation:
 - (iv) that the reservation is in the public interest.
- 7 (b) In determining the public interest under subsection 8 (4)(a)(iv), the board may not adopt an order reserving water 9 for withdrawal and transport for use outside the state 10 unless the applicant proves by clear and convincing evidence 11 that:
 - (i) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not contrary to water conservation in Montana; and
 - (ii) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not otherwise detrimental to the public welfare of the citizens of Montana.
 - (c) In determining whether the applicant has proved by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements of subsections (4)(b)(i) and (4)(b)(ii) are met, the board shall consider the following factors:
- 21 (i) whether there are present or projected water 22 shortages within the state of Montana;
- 23 (ii) whether the water that is the subject of the 24 application could feasibly be transported to alleviate water 25 shortages within the state of Montana;

- 1 (iii) the supply and sources of water available to the 2 applicant in the state where the applicant intends to use 3 the water; and
- 4 (iv) the demands placed on the applicant's supply in the 5 state where the applicant intends to use the water.
 - (d) When applying for a reservation to withdraw and transport water for use outside the state, the applicant shall submit to and comply with the laws of the state of Montana governing the appropriation, lease, use, and reservation of water.
 - (5) If the purpose of the reservation requires construction of a storage or diversion facility, the applicant shall establish to the satisfaction of the board that there will be progress toward completion of the facility and accomplishment of the purpose with reasonable diligence in accordance with an established plan.
- 17 (6) Except for an application by a federal agency for a water reservation as a result of a federal wilderness 18 designation, The the board shall limit any reservations 19 after May 9, 1979, for maintenance of minimum flow, level, 20 21 or quality of water that it awards at any point on a stream 22 or river to a maximum of 50% of the average annual flow of 23 record on gauged streams. Ungauged streams can be allocated 24 at the discretion of the board.
- 25 (7) After the adoption of an order reserving waters,

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the department may reject an application and refuse a permit for the appropriation of reserved waters or may, with the approval of the board, issue the permit subject to terms and conditions it considers necessary for the protection of the objectives of the reservation.

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- (8) Any person desiring to use water reserved to a conservation district for agricultural purposes shall make application for the use with the district, and the district, upon approval of the application, shall inform department of the approved use. The department shall maintain records of all uses of water reserved to conservation districts and be responsible, when requested by the districts, for rendering technical and administrative assistance within the department's staffing and budgeting limitations in the preparation and processing of such applications for the conservation districts. The department shall, within its staffing and budgeting limitations, complete any feasibility study requested by the districts within 12 months of the time the request was made. The board shall extend the time allowed to develop a plan identifying projects for utilizing a district's reservation so long as the conservation district makes a good faith effort, within its staffing and budget limitations, to develop a plan.
- (9) Except as provided in 85-2-331, the priority of appropriation of a water reservation and the relative

priority of the reservation to permits with a later priority of appropriation must be determined according to this subsection (9).

- (a) A reservation under this section has a priority of appropriation dating from the filing with the department of a notice of intention to apply for a water reservation in a basin in which no other notice of intention to apply is currently pending. The notice of intention to apply must specify the basin in which the applicant is seeking a reservation. For an application by a federal agency for a water reservation as a result of a federal wilderness designation, the date of the federal act designating the wilderness area is the priority date of appropriation unless the federal act establishes a specific later priority date of appropriation.
- (b) Upon receiving a notice of intention to apply for a water reservation or upon enactment of a federal act designating a wilderness area, the department shall identify all potential water reservation applicants in the basin specified in the notice or affected by the wilderness designation and shall within 90 days notify each potential applicant of the opportunity to submit an application and to receive a reservation with the priority of appropriation as described in subsection (9)(a).
- (c) To receive the priority of appropriation described

in subsection (9)(a), the applicant shall submit a correct and complete water reservation application within 1 year after the filing of the notice of intention to apply. Upon a showing of good cause, the board may extend the time for preparing the application.

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- (d) Except for a reservation granted to a federal agency as a result of federal wilderness designation. The the board may by order subordinate a water reservation to a permit issued pursuant to this part if:
- (i) the permit application was accepted by the department before the date of the board order granting the reservation; and
- (ii) the effect of subordinating the reservation to one or more permits does not interfere substantially with the purpose of the reservation.
- (e) The board shall by order establish the relative priority of reservations approved under this section that have the same day of priority. A reservation may not adversely affect any rights in existence at that time.
- every 10 years, review existing reservations to ensure that the objectives of the reservation are being met. Where the objectives of the reservation are not being met, or, in the case of a reservation granted to a federal agency as a result of a federal wilderness designation, where the

- objectives of the reservation have been altered, amended, or
 repealed as a result of an act of congress, the board may
 extend, revoke, or modify the reservation.
- 4 (11) (a) Except as provided in subsection (11)(b), The 5 the board may modify an existing or future order originally adopted to reserve water for the purpose of maintaining 7 minimum flow, level, or quality of water, so as to reallocate the reservation or portion of the reservation to 9 an applicant who is a qualified reservant under this 10 section. Reallocation of reserved water may be made by the 11 board following notice and hearing wherein the board finds 12 that all or part of the reservation is not required for its 13 purpose and that the need for the reallocation has been 14 shown by the applicant to outweigh the need shown by the 15 original reservant. Reallocation of reserved water may not 16 adversely affect the priority date of the reservation, and 17 the reservation shall retain its priority date despite 18 reallocation to a different entity for a different use. The 19 board may not reallocate water reserved under this section 20 on any stream or river more frequently than once every 5 21 vears.
 - (b) For a water reservation granted to a federal agency as a result of a federal wilderness designation, the board may not reallocate the reservation or any portion of the reservation except at the request of the federal agency

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- (12) Nothing in this section vests the board with the authority to alter a water right that is not a reservation.
- (13) The department shall undertake a program to educate the public, other state agencies, and political subdivisions of the state as to the benefits of the reservation process and the procedures to be followed to secure the reservation of water. The department shall provide technical assistance to other state agencies and political subdivisions in applying for reservations under this section.
- (14) Water reserved under this section is not subject to the state water leasing program established under 85-2-141."

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB0426, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act clarifying the water reservation process for federally designated wilderness areas.

ASSUMPTIONS:

1. The DNRC assumes no fiscal impact until a new wilderness bill passes in Congress that explicitly includes language indicating that no reserved water rights were created with the designation. If this does occur, the greatest proportion of the DNRC cost to process a reservation application will be borne by the applicant.

FISCAL IMPACT:

None.

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

LORENTS GROSFIELD, PRIMARY SPONSOR DATE

Fiscal Note for SB0426, as introduced

SB 426

APPROVED BY COMM. ON NATURAL RESOURCES

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AREAS; AND AMENDING SECTION 85-2-316, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 85-2-316, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-316. Reservation of waters. (1) The state or any political subdivision or agency thereof or the United States or any agency thereof may apply to the board to reserve waters for existing or future beneficial uses or to maintain a minimum flow, level, or quality of water throughout the year or at periods or for a length of time as the board designates.

- (2) (a) Water may be reserved for existing or future beneficial uses in the basin where it is reserved, as described by the following basins:
- (i) the Clark Fork River and its tributaries to its confluence with Lake Pend Oreille in Idaho:
- (ii) the Kootenai River and its tributaries to itsconfluence with Kootenay Lake in British Columbia;
- (iii) the St. Mary River and its tributaries to its confluence with the Oldman River in Alberta;

	(iv)	the	Little	Misso	ouri	River	and	lits	tributaries	to
ita	conf	luen	e with	Lake	Saka	akawea	in	North	Dakota:	

- (v) the Missouri River and its tributaries to its confluence with the Yellowstone River in North Dakota; and
- (vi) the Yellowstone River and its tributaries to its confluence with the Missouri River in North Dakota.
- (b) A water reservation may be made for an existing or future beneficial use outside the basin where the diversion occurs only if stored water is not reasonably available for water leasing under 85-2-141 and the proposed use would occur in a basin designated in subsection (2)(a).
- (3) Upon receiving an application, the department shall proceed in accordance with 85-2-307 through 85-2-309. After the hearing provided in 85-2-309, the board shall decide whether to reserve the water for the applicant. The department's costs of giving notice, holding the hearing, conducting investigations, and making records incurred in acting upon the application to reserve water, except the cost of salaries of the department's personnel, must be paid by the applicant. In addition, a reasonable proportion of the department's cost of preparing an environmental impact statement must be paid by the applicant unless waived by the department upon a showing of good cause by the applicant.
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- 2 (i) the purpose of the reservation;
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- 4 (iii) the amount of water necessary for the purpose of the reservation:
- 6 (iv) that the reservation is in the public interest.
 - (b) In determining the public interest under subsection (4)(a)(iv), the board may not adopt an order reserving water for withdrawal and transport for use outside the state unless the applicant proves by clear and convincing evidence that:
 - (i) the proposed out-of-state use of water is not contrary to water conservation in Montana; and
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- (ii) the effect of subordinating the reservation to one or more permits does not interfere substantially with the purpose of the reservation.
- (e) The board shall by order establish the relative priority of reservations approved under this section that have the same day of priority. A reservation may not adversely affect any rights in existence at that time.
- (10) The board shall, periodically but at least once every 10 years, review existing reservations to ensure that the objectives of the reservation are being met. Where the objectives of the reservation are not being met, or, in the case of a reservation granted to a federal agency as a result of a federal wilderness designation, where the

objectives of the reservation have been altered, amended, or repealed as a result of an act of congress, the board may extend, revoke, or modify the reservation.

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-End-

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- 24 (iii) the St. Mary River and its tributaries to its 25 confluence with the Oldman River in Alberta;

Montana Legislativo Counce

There are no changes in this bill, and will not be reprinted. Please refer to yellow copy for complete text.

THIRD READING