SENATE BILL NO. 384

INTRODUCED BY LYNCH, HARRINGTON, JACOBSON, STIMATZ, PIPINICH, B. BROWN, HARP, VAN VALKENBURG, SVRCEK, JERGESON, MAZUREK, DOHERTY, KENNEDY, MANNING, WILLIAMS, BIANCHI, FRANKLIN, YELLOWTAIL, NOBLE, T. BECK, DAILY, PAVLOVICH, QUILICI, HOCKETT, FRITZ, D. BROWN, HALLIGAN

IN THE SENATE

FEBRUARY 14, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 23, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 25, 1991	PRINTING REPORT.
	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
MARCH 26, 1991	ENGROSSING REPORT.
	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 32; NOES, 18.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
IN	THE HOUSE
MARCH 26, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.
	FIRST READING.
APRIL 11, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
APRIL 12, 1991	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
APRIL 13, 1991	ON MOTION, TAKEN FROM THIRD READING AND PLACED ON SECOND READING THIS DAY.
	ON MOTION, CONSIDERATION PASSED.
APRIL 17, 1991	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED.
	ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED AND BILL PLACED ON THIRD READING THIS DAY.

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 53; NOES, 45.

RETURNED TO SENATE WITH AMENDMENTS.

IN THE SENATE

APRIL 18, 1991

RECEIVED FROM HOUSE.

SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

APRIL 19, 1991

THIRD READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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1 INTRODUCED BY ... 2 3 A BLLL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPOSING A 2-MILL 4 6 WOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION: REPLACING WA 7 REVENUE DISTRICT 8 FROM THE SCHOOL LEVY FOR 9 VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL CENTERS; PROVIDING FOR THE RESTRICTED 10 USE OF THE STATEWIDE MILL LEVY AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES; 11 AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-402, 15-10-412, 20-15-311, 12 20-16-205, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-16-207, MCA; AND 13 PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY 14 DATE." 15

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Tax levy for vocational and technical education. (1) There is levied annually upon the taxable value of all real and personal property subject to taxation in the state of Montana 2 mills for the support and maintenance of vocational and technical education. The revenue from the 2-mill levy must be distributed as follows:

(a) not more than 2% of the total revenue collected from the mill levy to the center for vocational education

research, curriculum, and personnel development at northern

Montana Legislative Council

Montana college in Havre; and

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- (b) the remainder to the vocational-technical center system and community college districts of Montana.
- (2) The funds raised from the 2-mill levy are allocated to the board of regents for the purposes set forth in subsection (1).

Section 2. Section 15-10-402, MCA, is amended to read:

- 8 "15-10-402. Property tax limited to 1986 levels. (1)
 9 Except as provided in subsections (2) and-(3) through (4),
 10 the amount of taxes levied on property described in
 11 15-6-133, 15-6-134, 15-6-136, 15-6-142, and 15-6-144 may
- 12 not, for any taxing jurisdiction, exceed the amount levied
- 13 for taxable year 1986.
- apply to levies for rural improvement districts, Title 7, chapter 12, part 21; special improvement districts, Title 7,

(2) The limitation contained in subsection (1) does not

- 17 chapter 12, part 41; elementary and high school districts,
- 18 Title 20; or bonded indebtedness.
- 19 (3) The limitation contained in 15-10-411, 15-10-412,
 - or subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the
- 21 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] for the support and
- 22 maintenance of vocational and technical education.
- 23 (3)(4) New construction or improvements to or deletions
- 24 from property described in subsection (1) are subject to
- 25 taxation at 1986 levels.

INTRODUCED BILL

- 1 (4)(5) As used in this section, the "amount of taxes
 2 levied" and the "amount levied" mean the actual dollar
 3 amount of taxes imposed on an individual piece of property,
 4 notwithstanding an increase or decrease in value due to
 5 inflation, reappraisal, adjustments in the percentage
 6 multiplier used to convert appraised value to taxable value,
 7 changes in the number of mills levied, or increase or
 8 decrease in the value of a mill."
- 9 Section 3. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:
- 10 "15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels -11 clarification -- extension to all property classes. Section
 12 15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:
- 13 (1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
 14 to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
 15 part 1.

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(2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in this section, the actual tax liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap or the product of the taxable value and mills levied, whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax

- liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar
- 2 amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year.
- 3 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 4 not mean that no further increase may be made in the total
- taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of:
- 6 (a) annexation of real property and improvements into a 7 taxing unit;
- 8 (b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of
 9 improvements;
- (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 11 (d) subdivision of real property;
- 12 (e) reclassification of property;
- 13 (f) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 14 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 15 15-6-132;
- 16 (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable
- 17 status;
- 18 (h) revaluations caused by:
- (i) cyclical reappraisal; or
- 20 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of
- 21 improvements; or
- 22 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 23 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 24 annually.
- 25 (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does

- not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable
- 2 valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual
- 3 property in each class as a result of:
- 4 (a) a revaluation caused by:
- 5 (i) construction, expansion, replacement, or remodeling
- of improvements that adds value to the property; or
- 7 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- 8 (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 9 (c) reclassification of property;
- (d) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 11 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 12 15-6-132:
- 13 (e) annexation of the individual property into a new
- 14 taxing unit;
- 15 (f) conversion of the individual property from
- 16 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 17 (q) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 18 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 19 annually.
- 20 (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is
- 21 valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including
- 22 the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the
- 23 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed
- 24 and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new
- 25 base year designated, if the property is:

- 1 (a) new construction;
- 2 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, or remodeled
- 3 improvements;
- 4 (c) annexed property; or
- 5 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable
- 6 status.
- 7 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
- 8 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
- 9 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used
- 10 in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
- 11 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
- 12 (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as clarified
- in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal
- 14 and valuation methodology of the department of revenue
- 15 intact. Determinations of county classifications, salaries
- of local government officers, and all other matters in which
- 17 total taxable valuation is an integral component are not
- 18 affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the use of
- 19 taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax
- 20 levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate
- 21 the deficiency in revenues resulting from the ta
- 22 limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
- 23 that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
- 24 liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
- 25 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:

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(a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.

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- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 raised less revenue in 1986 than was raised in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, raise each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more revenue than the 3-year average of revenue raised for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986;
- (c) a levy authorized in 50-2-111 that was made in 1986 was for less than the number of mills levied in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, levy each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more than the 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
- (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to the following levy or special assessment categories, whether or not they are based on commitments made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:

- 1 (a) rural improvement districts;
- 2 (b) special improvement districts;
- 3 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded
 4 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 5 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 7 (f) the satisfaction of judgments against a taxing 8 unit:
- 9 (g) street lighting assessments;

- (h) revolving funds to support any categories specified in this subsection (8):
- 12 (i) levies for economic development authorized pursuant 13 to 90-5-112(4); and
- (j) the statewide levy for vocational and technical
 education authorized in [section 1]; and
 - (k) elementary and high school districts.
- 17 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 18 not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit
 19 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
 20 of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:
- 21 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to 22 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401 23 and 15-10-402;
- 24 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial
 25 emergency;

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1 (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfall
2 expected by the taxing unit;

- 3 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or by
 4 the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 5 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of 6 revenue;
- 7 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing 8 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 9 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 10 and how it will be used.
- 11 (10) (a) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied 12 does not apply to levies required to address the funding of 13 relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine, 14 conflagration, or other public calamity.

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- (b) The limitation set forth in this chapter on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies to support a city-county board of health as provided in Title 50, chapter 2, if the governing bodies of the taxing units served by the board of health determine, after a public hearing, that public health programs require funds to ensure the public health. A levy for the support of a local board of health may not exceed the 5-mill limit established in 50-2-111.
- 23 (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a
 24 taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy
 25 does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its

number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to

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2 produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.

protest in accordance with 15-1-402."

- 3 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 4 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
- 6 Section 4. Section 20-15-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 *20-15-311. Funding sources. The annual operating
- 8 budget of a community college district shall must be
- 9 financed from the following sources:
- 10 (1) the estimated revenues to be realized from student 11 tuition and fees, except those related to community service
- 12 courses as defined by the board of regents;
- 13 (2) a mandatory mill levy on the community college
 14 district;
- 15 (3) the 1-mill adult education levy authorized under 16 provisions of 20-15-305;
- 17 (4) the state general fund appropriation;
- 18 (5) an optional voted levy on the community college
- 19 district that shall must be submitted to the electorate in
- 20 accordance with general school election laws;
- 21 (6) all other income, revenue, balances, or reserve
- 22 not restricted by a source outside the community colleg
- 23 district to a specific purpose;
- 24 (7) income, revenue, balances, or reserves restricte
- 25 by a source outside the community college district to

- specific purpose. Student fees paid for community service
 courses as defined by the board of regents shall and revenue
 from the 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] must be
 considered restricted to a specific purpose;
- 5 (8) income from a political subdivision that is 6 designated a community college service region under 7 20-15-241."
- 8 Section 5. Section 20-16-205, MCA, is amended to read:

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- *20-16-205. Tuition rates. (1) Tuition may be charged to any resident or nonresident of the state of Montana by the director of any vocational-technical center at rates to be determined by the board of regents and-the-provisions-of subsection--(3). The board of regents shall prescribe permissible uses for any tuition authorized.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section, the eligibility of a student for resident status shall must be determined in the same manner as that prescribed for use by the Montana university system, except that those provisions referring to "high school graduates" or "graduation from high school" shall must be considered to refer to a person who has attended school or who was in attendance at a school.
 - +3)--If--an--additional--levy--for--a-center-is-approved under--20-16-207;--the--board--of--regents--may--charge---an additional--tuition--amount-not-to-exceed-\$40-a-quarter-to-a student-at-the-center-who-is-a-resident-of-Montana--but--who

- is--not--a--property-taxpayer-of-the-county-or-an-owner-of-a
- 2 vehicle-registered-within-the-county--where--the--center--is
- 3 located:"
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Repealer. Section 20-16-207,
- 5 MCA, is repealed.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction.
- 7 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 8 of Title 15, chapter 10, part 1, and the provisions of Title
- 9 15, chapter 10, part 1, apply to [section 1].
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Retroactive applicability.
- 11 [This act] applies retroactively, within the meaning of
- 12 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990.
- 13 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is
- 14 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for SB0384, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act imposing a 2-mill levy upon the taxable value of all real and personal property subject to taxation in Montana for the support and maintenance of vocational and technical education; replacing revenue from the school district levy for vocational-technical centers; providing for the restricted use of the statewide mill levy at community colleges; and providing an effective date and a retroactive applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- Statewide taxable valuation will be \$1,605,342,000 in tax year 1991 (FY92), and \$1,635,684,000 in tax year 1992 (FY93) (OBPP).
- 2. The 2-mill levy will apply to all taxable property beginning January 1, 1991.
- 3. The revenue from the statewide 2-mill, vo-tech levy will be distributed 2% to the center for vocational education research, curriculum, and personnel development at Northern Montana College, with the balance to the vo-tech center system, and community colleges.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Revenues	:

		FY '92			FY '93	
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Statewide Vo-Tech Levy	0	3,210,700	3,210,700	0	3,271,400	3,271,400
Fund Information:						
`		FY '92			FY '93	
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Northern Montana College	O	64,200	64,200	0	65,400	65,400
Vo-techs/comm.colleges	<u>_</u>	3,146,500	3.146.500	0	3,206,000	3,206,000
Total	0	3,210,700	3,210,700	0	3,271,400	3,271,400

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

JOHN "J.D." LYNCH, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for SB0384, as introduced

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APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

1 2 INTRODUCED BY 3 TMPOSING A 2-MILL IN 7 WOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION; REPLACING A 8 REVENUE FROM THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR 9 VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL CENTERS: PROVIDING FOR THE 10 USE OF THE STATEWIDE MILL LEVY AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES: 11 AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-402, 15-10-412, 20-15-311, 12 20-16-205, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-16-207, MCA; AND 13 PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY 14 DATE." 15

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Tax levy for vocational and technical education. (1) There is levied annually upon the taxable value of all real and personal property subject to taxation in the state of Montana 2 mills for the support and maintenance of vocational and technical education. The revenue from the 2-mill levy must be distributed as follows:

(a) not more than 2% of the total revenue collected from the mill levy to the center for vocational education research, curriculum, and personnel development at northern

Montana Legislative Council

Montana college in Havre; and

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(b) the remainder to the vocational-technical center system and community college districts of Montana.

4 (2) The funds raised from the 2-mill levy are allocated 5 to the board of regents for the purposes set forth in 6 subsection (1).

Section 2. Section 15-10-402, MCA, is amended to read:

8 "15-10-402. Property tax limited to 1986 levels. (1)
9 Except as provided in subsections (2) and-(3) through (4),

the amount of taxes levied on property described in 11 15-6-133, 15-6-134, 15-6-136, 15-6-142, and 15-6-144 may

12 not, for any taxing jurisdiction, exceed the amount levied

13 for taxable year 1986.

(2) The limitation contained in subsection (1) does not apply to levies for rural improvement districts, Title 7, chapter 12, part 21; special improvement districts, Title 7, chapter 12, part 41; elementary and high school districts,

18 Title 20; or bonded indebtedness.

19 (3) The limitation contained in 15-10-411, 15-10-412,

or subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the
21 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] for the support and

22 maintenance of vocational and technical education.

23 (3)(4) New construction or improvements to or deletions 24 from property described in subsection (1) are subject to

25 taxation at 1986 levels.

SECOND READING

(4)(5) As used in this section, the "amount of taxes levied" and the "amount levied" mean the actual dollar amount of taxes imposed on an individual piece of property, notwithstanding an increase or decrease in value due to inflation, reappraisal, adjustments in the percentage multiplier used to convert appraised value to taxable value, changes in the number of mills levied, or increase or decrease in the value of a mill."

Section 3. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:

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- 10 "15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels -11 clarification -- extension to all property classes. Section
 12 15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:
- 13 (1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
 14 to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
 15 part 1.
 - (2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in this section, the actual tax liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap or the product of the taxable value and mills levied, whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax

- liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar
 amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year.
- 3 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 4 not mean that no further increase may be made in the total 5 taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of:
- (a) annexation of real property and improvements into a
 taxing unit;
- 8 (b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of
 9 improvements;
- (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 11 (d) subdivision of real property;
- 12 (e) reclassification of property;
- 13 (f) increases in the amount of production or the value 14 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 15 15-6-132;
- 16 (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable
- 17 status:
- (h) revaluations caused by:
- (i) cyclical reappraisal; or
- 20 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of
- 21 improvements; or
- 22 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 23 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 24 annually.
- 25 (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does

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- not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable
 - valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual
- 3 property in each class as a result of:
- 4 (a) a revaluation caused by:
- 5 (i) construction, expansion, replacement, or remodeling 6 of improvements that adds value to the property; or
- 7 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- 8 (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 9 (c) reclassification of property;
- 10 (d) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 11 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 12 15-6-132:

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- (e) annexation of the individual property into a new
- 14 taxing unit;
- 15 (f) conversion of the individual property from
- 16 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 17 (g) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 18 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 19 annually.
- 20 (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is
- 21 valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including
- 22 the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the
- 23 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed
- 24 and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new
- 25 base year designated, if the property is:

- 1 (a) new construction;
- 2 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, or remodeled
- 3 improvements;

- 4 (c) annexed property; or
- 5 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable 6 status.
- 7 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
- 8 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
- 9 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used
- in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
- 11 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
- 12 (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as clarified
- in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal
- 14 and valuation methodology of the department of revenue
- 15 intact. Determinations of county classifications, salaries
- 16 of local government officers, and all other matters in which
- 17 total taxable valuation is an integral component are not
- 18 affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the use of
- 19 taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax
 - levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate
- 21 the deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax
- 22 limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
- 23 that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
- 24 liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
- 25 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:

(a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.

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- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 raised less revenue in 1986 than was raised in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, raise each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more revenue than the 3-year average of revenue raised for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986;
- (c) a levy authorized in 50-2-111 that was made in 1986 was for less than the number of mills levied in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, levy each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more than the 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
- 22 (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 23 not apply to the following levy or special assessment categories, whether or not they are based on commitments made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:

- 1 (a) rural improvement districts;
- 2 special improvement districts;
- 3 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 5 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 6 (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 7 (f) the satisfaction of judgments against a taxing unit:
- 9 (q) street lighting assessments;
- 10 (h) revolving funds to support any categories specified
- 11 in this subsection (8):
- 12 (i) levies for economic development authorized pursuant
- 13 to 90-5-112(4); and
- (j) the statewide levy for vocational and technical 14
- 15 education authorized in [section 1]; and
- 16 (k) elementary and high school districts.
- 17 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit 18
- 19 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
- 20 of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:
- 21 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to
- 22 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401
- 23 and 15-10-402;
- 24 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial
- 25 emergency;

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- 1 (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfall
 2 expected by the taxing unit;
- 3 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or by4 the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 5 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of revenue:
- 7 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing8 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 9 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 10 and how it will be used.
- 11 (10) (a) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied 12 does not apply to levies required to address the funding of 13 relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine, 14 conflagration, or other public calamity.
- (b) The limitation set forth in this chapter on the 15 amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies to support a 16 city-county board of health as provided in Title 50, chapter 17 2, if the governing bodies of the taxing units served by the 18 board of health determine, after a public hearing, that 19 public health programs require funds to ensure the public 20 health. A levy for the support of a local board of health 21 may not exceed the 5-mill limit established in 50-2-111. 22
- 23 (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a 24 taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy 25 does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its

- 1 number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to
- 2 produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
- 3 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- 4 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
- 5 protest in accordance with 15-1-402."
- **Section 4.** Section 20-15-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 "20-15-311. Funding sources. The annual operating
- 8 budget of a community college district shall must be
- 9 financed from the following sources:
- 10 (1) the estimated revenues to be realized from student
 - tuition and fees, except those related to community service
- 12 courses as defined by the board of regents;
- 13 (2) a mandatory mill levy on the community college
- 14 district:

- 15 (3) the 1-mill adult education levy authorized under
- 16 provisions of 20-15-305;
- 17 (4) the state general fund appropriation;
- 18 (5) an optional voted levy on the community college
- 19 district that shall must be submitted to the electorate in
- 20 accordance with general school election laws;
- 21 (6) all other income, revenue, balances, or reserves
- 22 not restricted by a source outside the community college
- 23 district to a specific purpose;
- 24 (7) income, revenue, balances, or reserves restricted
- 25 by a source outside the community college district to a

specific purpose. Student fees paid for community service courses as defined by the board of regents shall and revenue from the 2-mill levy imposed in (section 1) must be considered restricted to a specific purpose;

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- 5 (8) income from a political subdivision that designated a community college service region under 7 20-15-241."
- 8 Section 5. Section 20-16-205, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "20-16-205. Tuition rates. (1) Tuition may be charged to any resident or nonresident of the state of Montana by the director of any vocational-technical center at rates to be determined by the board of regents and-the-provisions-of subsection -- +3. The board of regents shall prescribe permissible uses for any tuition authorized.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section, the eligibility of a student for resident status shall must be determined in the same manner as that prescribed for use by the Montana university system, except that those provisions referring to "high school graduates" or "graduation from high school" shall must be considered to refer to a person who has attended school or who was in attendance at a school.
 - +3)--If--an--additional--levy--for--a-center-is-approved under--20-16-2077--the--board--of--regents--may--charge---an additional--tuition--amount-not-to-exceed-\$40-a-guarter-to-a student-at-the-center-who-is-a-resident-of-Montana--but--who

- is--not--a--property-taxpayer-of-the-county-or-an-owner-of-a
- vehicle-registered-within-the-county--where--the--center--is
- 3 located:"
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Repealer. Section 20-16-207, 4
- 5 MCA, is repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification 6 instruction.
- 7 (Section 1) is intended to be codified as an integral part
- of Title 15, chapter 10, part 1, and the provisions of Title 8
- 15, chapter 10, part 1, apply to [section 1]. 9
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Retroactive 10 applicability.
- 11 [This act] applies retroactively, within the meaning of
- 12 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990.
- 13 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is
- 14 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

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1	Smot BILL NO. 384 Bab Trainer
2	INTRODUCED BY Sprik Champter Jacobson Stines
3	Bob Brown HARP Valleting Sned eye Man
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED! AN ACT IMPOSING A 2-WILL LEWY
5	UPON THE TAXABLE VALUE OF ALL REM AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
6	SUBJECT LITO TAXATION IN MOMERNA FOR THE SUPPONE AND
7	MAINTENANCE OF WOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION; REPLACING
8	REVENUE FROM THE SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVY FOR
9	VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL CENTERS; PROVIDING FOR THE RESTRICTED
10	USE OF THE STATEWIDE MILL LEVY AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES;
11	AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-402, 15-10-412, 20-15-311, AND
12	20-16-205, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-16-207, MCA; AND
13	PROVIDING AN EPPECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY
14	DATE."
15	

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Tax levy for vocational and technical education. (1) There is levied annually upon the taxable value of all real and personal property subject to taxation in the state of Montana 2 mills for the support and maintenance of vocational and technical education. The revenue from the 2-mill levy must be distributed as follows: (a) not more than 2% of the total revenue collected

from the mill levy to the center for vocational education research, curriculum, and personnel development at northern

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- (b) the remainder to the vocational-technical center system and community college districts of Montana.
- (2) The funds raised from the 2-mill levy are allocated 4 to the board of regents for the purposes set forth in 5 6 subsection (1).

Section 2. Section 15-10-402, MCA, is amended to read:

8 "15-10-402. Property tax limited to 1986 levels. (1) 9 Except as provided in subsections (2) and-(3) through (4), amount of taxes levied on property described in 10 15-6-133, 15-6-134, 15-6-136, 15-6-142, and 15-6-144 may 11

12 not, for any taxing jurisdiction, exceed the amount levied

(2) The limitation contained in subsection (1) does not

for taxable year 1986. 13

15 apply to levies for rural improvement districts, Title 7, 16 chapter 12, part 21; special improvement districts, Title 7, chapter 12, part 41; elementary and high school districts,

Title 20; or bonded indebtedness. 18

(3) The limitation contained in 15-10-411, 15-10-412, or subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] for the support and

22 maintenance of vocational and technical education.

(3) (4) New construction or improvements to or deletions 23 24 from property described in subsection (1) are subject to

25 taxation at 1986 levels.

THIRD READING

- 1 (4)(5) As used in this section, the "amount of taxes
 2 levied" and the "amount levied" mean the actual dollar
 3 amount of taxes imposed on an individual piece of property,
 4 notwithstanding an increase or decrease in value due to
 5 inflation, reappraisal, adjustments in the percentage
 6 multiplier used to convert appraised value to taxable value,
 7 changes in the number of mills levied, or increase or
 8 decrease in the value of a mill."
- 10 *15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels -
 11 clarification -- extension to all property classes. Section

 12 15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:

Section 3. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:

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- 13 (1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
 14 to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
 15 part 1.
 - (2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in this section, the actual tax liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap or the product of the taxable value and mills levied, whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax

- liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar
- 2 amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year.
- 3 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 4 not mean that no further increase may be made in the total 5 taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of:
- (a) annexation of real property and improvements into a
 taxing unit;
- 8 (b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of9 improvements;
- (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 11 (d) subdivision of real property;
- (e) reclassification of property;
- 13 (f) increases in the amount of production or the value 14 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 15 15-6-132;
- 16 (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable
 17 status:
- (h) revaluations caused by:
- (i) cyclical reappraisal; or
- 20 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of 21 improvements; or
- 22 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 23 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 24 annually.
- 25 (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does

- 1 not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable
- 2 valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual
- 3 property in each class as a result of:
- 4 (a) a revaluation caused by:
- 5 (i) construction, expansion, replacement, or remodeling
- 6 of improvements that adds value to the property; or
- 7 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- 8 (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 9 (c) reclassification of property;
- 10 (d) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 11 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 12 15-6-132:
- (e) annexation of the individual property into a new
- 14 taxing unit;
- 15 (f) conversion of the individual property from
- 16 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 17 (q) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 18 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 19 annually.
- 20 (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is
- 21 valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including
- 22 the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the
- 23 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed
- 24 and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new
- 25 base year designated, if the property is:

- 1 (a) new construction;
- 2 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, or remodeled
- 3 improvements;
 - (c) annexed property; or
- 5 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable
- 6 status.

- 7 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
- 8 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
- 9 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used
- 10 in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
- 11 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
- 12 (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as clarified
- in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal
- 14 and valuation methodology of the department of revenue
- 15 intact. Determinations of county classifications, salaries
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of local government officers, and all other matters in which

- 17 total taxable valuation is an integral component are not
- 18 affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the use of
- 19 taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax
- 20 levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate
- 21 the deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax
- 22 limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
- 23 that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
- 24 liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
- 25 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:

1 (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5%
2 or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable
3 valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it
4 may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased
5 taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied
6 exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from
7 property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.

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- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 raised less revenue in 1986 than was raised in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, raise each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more revenue than the 3-year average of revenue raised for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986;
- (c) a levy authorized in 50-2-111 that was made in 1986 was for less than the number of mills levied in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, levy each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more than the 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
- (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to the following levy or special assessment categories, whether or not they are based on commitments made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:

- 1 (a) rural improvement districts;
- 2 (b) special improvement districts;
- 3 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded
 4 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 5 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 6 (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 7 (f) the satisfaction of judgments against a taxing 8 unit;
- 9 (q) street lighting assessments;

- (h) revolving funds to support any categories specified
 in this subsection (8);
- 12 (i) levies for economic development authorized pursuant 13 to 90-5-112(4); and
- (j) the statewide levy for vocational and technical
 education authorized in [section 1]; and
 - (k) elementary and high school districts.
- 17 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 18 not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit
 19 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
 20 of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:
- 21 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to 22 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401 23 and 15-10-402;
- 24 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial 25 emergency;

- (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfallexpected by the taxing unit;
- 3 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or by4 the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 5 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of 6 revenue;
- 7 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing8 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 9 (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 10 and how it will be used.

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- (10) (a) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies required to address the funding of relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine, conflagration, or other public calamity.
 - (b) The limitation set forth in this chapter on the amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies to support a city-county board of health as provided in Title 50, chapter 2, if the governing bodies of the taxing units served by the board of health determine, after a public hearing, that public health programs require funds to ensure the public health. A levy for the support of a local board of health may not exceed the 5-mill limit established in 50-2-111.
- (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a
 taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy
 does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its

- 1 number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to
- 2 produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
- 3 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- 4 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
- 5 protest in accordance with 15-1-402.*
- 6 Section 4. Section 20-15-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 *20-15-311. Funding sources. The annual operating
- 8 budget of a community college district shall must be
- 9 financed from the following sources:
- 10 (1) the estimated revenues to be realized from student
- It tuition and fees, except those related to community service
- 12 courses as defined by the board of regents;
- 13 (2) a mandatory mill levy on the community college
- 14 district;
- 15 (3) the 1-mill adult education levy authorized under
- 16 provisions of 20-15-305;
- 17 (4) the state general fund appropriation;
- 18 (5) an optional voted levy on the community college
- 19 district that shall must be submitted to the electorate in
- 20 accordance with general school election laws;
- 21 (6) all other income, revenue, balances, or reserves
- 22 not restricted by a source outside the community college
- 23 district to a specific purpose;
- 24 (7) income, revenue, balances, or reserves restricted
- 25 by a source outside the community college district to a

- specific purpose. Student fees paid for community service

 courses as defined by the board of regents shall and revenue

 from the 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] must be

 considered restricted to a specific purpose;
- 5 (8) income from a political subdivision that is 6 designated a community college service region under 7 20-15-241."
- 8 Section 5. Section 20-16-205, MCA, is amended to read:

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- *20-16-205. Tuition rates. (1) Tuition may be charged to any resident or nonresident of the state of Montana by the director of any vocational-technical center at rates to be determined by the board of regents and-the-provisions-of subsection--(3). The board of regents shall prescribe permissible uses for any tuition authorized.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the eligibility of a student for resident status shall must be determined in the same manner as that prescribed for use by the Montana university system, except that those provisions referring to "high school graduates" or "graduation from high school" shall must be considered to refer to a person who has attended school or who was in attendance at a school.
- (3)--If--an--additional--levy--for--a-center-is-approved under--28-16-2877--the--board--of--regents--may--charge---an additional--tuition--amount-not-to-exceed-\$48-a-quarter-to-a student-at-the-center-who-is-a-resident-of-Montana--but--who

- 1 is--not--a--property-taxpayer-of-the-county-or-an-owner-of-a
- 2 vehicle-registered-within-the-county--where--the--center--is
- 3 located."
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 6. Repealer. Section 20-16-207,
- 5 MCA, is repealed.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction.
- 7 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 8 of Title 15, chapter 10, part 1, and the provisions of Title
- 9 15, chapter 10, part 1, apply to [section 1].
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Retroactive applicability.
- 11 [This act] applies retroactively, within the meaning of
- 12 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990.
- 13 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is
- 14 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

HOUSE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT Senate Bill 384 Representative Bachini

April 13, 1991 8:47 am Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend Senate Bill 384 (reference copy -- salmon).

Signed:

epresentative Bachini

And, that such amendments to Senate Bill 384 read as follows:

1. Page 2, line 3.

Strike: "2%"

Insert: "4%"

HOUSE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT Senate Bill 384 Representative Harrington

April 13, 1991 10:32 am Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend Senate Bill 384 (reference copy - salmon).

Signed:

Representative Harrington

And, that such amendments to Senate Bill 384 read as follows:

1. Title, lines 18 and 19. Strike: from "A" on line 13 through "DATE" on line 14 Insert: "THAT THE PROPOSED ACT BE SUBMITTED TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF MONTANA"

2. Page 12, lines 15 through 17. Strike: section 8 in its entirety Insert: "NEW SECTION. Section 8. Submission to electorate. The question of whether [this act] will become effective shall be submitted to the qualified electors of Montana at the primary election to be held in June 1992 by printing on the ballot the full title of this act and the following:

FOR giving the legislature authority to levy 2 mills for the support and maintenance of vocational and technical education.

AGAINST giving the legislature authority to levy 2 mills for the support and maintenance of vocational and technical education."

3. Page 12, line 18.
Following: "date."
Strike: remainder of lines 18 and 19
Insert: "If approved by the electorate, [this act] is effective
 December 31, 1992, and applies to tax years beginning after
 December 31, 1992."

ADOPT

REJECT

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ADOPT

HOUSE

REJECT

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HOUSE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT Senate Bill 384 Representative Mercer

April 17, 1991 11:30 am Page 1 of 1

Mr. Chairman: I move to amend Senate Bill 384 (reference copy -salmon -- as amended by Rep. Harrington, dated April 13, 1991 10:32 a.m.).

Signed: MFRCAR Representative Mercer

And, that such amendments to Senate Bill 384 read as follows:

1. Amend Rep. Harrington's amendment #2 as follows: Strike: "giving the legislature authority to" in both places Insert: "imposing a" Following: "levy" Insert: "of"

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 384
2	INTRODUCED BY LYNCH, HARRINGTON, JACOBSON, STIMATZ,
3	PIPINICH, B. BROWN, HARP, VAN VALKENBURG, SVRCEK,
4	JERGESON, MAZUREK, DOHERTY, KENNEDY, R. MANNING,
5	WILLIAMS, BIANCHI, FRANKLIN, YELLOWTAIL, NOBLE, T. BECK,
6	DAILY, PAVLOVICH, QUILICI, HOCKETT, FRITZ,
7	D. BROWN, HALLIGAN
8	
9	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPOSING A 2-MILL LEVY
10	UPON THE TAXABLE VALUE OF ALL REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
11	SUBJECT TO TAXATION IN MONTANA FOR THE SUPPORT AND
12	MAINTENANCE OF VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION; REPLACING
13	REVENUE FROM THE SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVY FOR
14	VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL CENTERS; PROVIDING FOR THE RESTRICTED
15	USE OF THE STATEWIDE MILL LEVY AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES
16	AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-402, 15-10-412, 20-15-311, AND
17	20-16-205, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-16-207, MCA; AND
18	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY
19	DATE."
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
22	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Tax levy for vocational and
23	technical education. (1) There is levied annually upon the
24	taxable value of all real and personal property subject t.

taxation in the state of Montana 2 mills for the support and

1	maintenance of vocational and technical education. The
2	revenue from the 2-mill levy must be distributed as follows:
3	(a) not more than 2% of the total revenue collected
4	from the mill levy to the center for vocational education
5	research, curriculum, and personnel development at northern
6	Montana college in Havre; and
7	(b) the remainder to the vocational-technical center
8	system and community college districts of Montana.
9	(2) The funds raised from the 2-mill levy are allocated
10	to the board of regents for the purposes set forth in
11	subsection (1).
12	Section 2. Section 15-10-402, MCA, is amended to read:
13	*15-10-402. Property tax limited to 1986 levels. (1)
14	Except as provided in subsections (2) and-(3) through (4),
15	the amount of taxes levied on property described in
16	15-6-133, 15-6-134, 15-6-136, 15-6-142, and 15-6-144 may
17	not, for any taxing jurisdiction, exceed the amount levied
18	for taxable year 1986.

19 (2) The limitation contained in subsection (1) does not 20 apply to levies for rural improvement districts, Title 7, 21 chapter 12, part 21; special improvement districts, Title 7, 22 chapter 12, part 41; elementary and high school districts,

Title 20; or bonded indebtedness.

24 (3) The limitation contained in 15-10-411, 15-10-412, 25 or subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the

Montana Legislative Council

2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] for the support and
maintenance of vocational and technical education.

- 3 (3)(4) New construction or improvements to or deletions 4 from property described in subsection (1) are subject to 5 taxation at 1986 levels.
 - (4)(5) As used in this section, the "amount of taxes levied" and the "amount levied" mean the actual dollar amount of taxes imposed on an individual piece of property, notwithstanding an increase or decrease in value due to inflation, reappraisal, adjustments in the percentage multiplier used to convert appraised value to taxable value, changes in the number of mills levied, or increase or decrease in the value of a mill."
- Section 3. Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:
- 15 "15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels -16 clarification -- extension to all property classes. Section
 17 15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows:
- 18 (1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply
 19 to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6,
 20 part 1.
 - (2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in this section, the actual tax liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the

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- 1 property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap
- 2 or the product of the taxable value and mills levied,
- 3 whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing
- 4 unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but
- 5 did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax
- 6 liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar
- amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year.
- 8 (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- 9 not mean that no further increase may be made in the total
- 10 taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of:
- 11 (a) annexation of real property and improvements into a
- 12 taxing unit;
- 13 (b) construction, expansion, or remodeling of
- 14 improvements;
 - (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
 - (d) subdivision of real property;
- (e) reclassification of property;
- 16 (f) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 19 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 20 15-6-132;
- 21 (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable
- 22 status;

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- (h) revaluations caused by:
- 24 (i) cyclical reappraisal; or
- 25 (ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of

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1 improvements; or

- 2 (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 3 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 4 annually.
- 5 (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- 6 not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable
- 7 valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual
- 8 property in each class as a result of:
- 9 (a) a revaluation caused by:
- 10 (i) construction, expansion, replacement, or remodeling
- of improvements that adds value to the property; or
- 12 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit;
- 14 (c) reclassification of property;
- 15 (d) increases in the amount of production or the value
- 16 of production for property described in 15-6-131 or
- 17 15-6-132;
- 18 (e) annexation of the individual property into a new
- 19 taxing unit;
- 20 (f) conversion of the individual property from
- 21 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 22 (g) increases in property valuation pursuant to
- 23 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values
- 24 annually.
- 25 (5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is

-5-

- valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including
- 2 the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the
- 3 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed
- 4 and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new
- 5 base year designated, if the property is:
- 6 (a) new construction:
- 7 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, or remodeled
- 8 improvements;
- 9 (c) annexed property; or
- 10 (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable
- ll status.

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- 12 (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through
- 13 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class
- 14 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used
- in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing
- 16 unit based on 1986 mills levied.
- 17 (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as clarified
 - in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal
- 19 and valuation methodology of the department of revenue
- 20 intact. Determinations of county classifications, salaries
- 21 of local government officers, and all other matters in which
- 22 total taxable valuation is an integral component are not
- 23 affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the use of
- 24 taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax
- 25 levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate

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the deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax
limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:

- (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.
- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 raised less revenue in 1986 than was raised in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, raise each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more revenue than the 3-year average of revenue raised for that purpose during 1984, 1985, and 1986;
- (c) a levy authorized in 50-2-111 that was made in 1986 was for less than the number of mills levied in either 1984 or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters in the taxing unit, levy each year thereafter an additional number of mills but may not levy more than the 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose

-7-

- 1 during 1984, 1985, and 1986.
- 2 (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 3 not apply to the following levy or special assessment
- 4 categories, whether or not they are based on commitments
- 5 made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:
- 6 (a) rural improvement districts;
- (b) special improvement districts;
- 8 (c) levies pledged for the repayment of bonded
- 9 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 10 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 11 (e) tax increment financing districts;
- 12 (f) the satisfaction of judgments against a taxing
 13 unit;
- 14 (g) street lighting assessments;
- 15 (h) revolving funds to support any categories specified
- 16 in this subsection (8);
- 17 (i) levies for economic development authorized pursuant

 18 to 90-5-112(4): and
- 18 to 90-5-112(4); and
- 19 (j) the statewide levy for vocational and technical
- 20 education authorized in [section 1]; and
- 21 (k) elementary and high school districts.
- 22 (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
 - not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit
- 24 approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution
- of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:

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- 1 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to
 2 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401
 3 and 15-10-402;
- 4 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial
 5 emergency;
- 6 (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfall7 expected by the taxing unit;
- 8 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or by9 the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 10 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of
 11 revenue;
- 12 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing 13 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- (g) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
 and how it will be used.
- 16 (10) (a) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied
 17 does not apply to levies required to address the funding of
 18 relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine,
 19 conflagration, or other public calamity.
- 20 (b) The limitation set forth in this chapter on the
 21 amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies to support a
 22 city-county board of health as provided in Title 50, chapter
 23 2, if the governing bodies of the taxing units served by the
 24 board of health determine, after a public hearing, that
 25 public health programs require funds to ensure the public

- health. A levy for the support of a local board of health may not exceed the 5-mill limit established in 50-2-111.
- 3 (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a
 4 taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy
 5 does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its
 6 number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to
- 8 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 9 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under 10 protest in accordance with 15-1-402."

produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.

- Section 4. Section 20-15-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- 12 **20-15-311. Funding sources. The annual operating
 13 budget of a community college district shall must be
 14 financed from the following sources:
- 15 (1) the estimated revenues to be realized from student 16 tuition and fees, except those related to community service 17 courses as defined by the board of regents;
- 18 (2) a mandatory mill levy on the community college
 19 district:
- 20 (3) the 1-mill adult education levy authorized under 21 provisions of 20-15-305;
- 22 (4) the state general fund appropriation;
 - (5) an optional voted levy on the community college district that shall must be submitted to the electorate in

25 accordance with general school election laws;

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1 (6) all other income, revenue, balances, or reserves
2 not restricted by a source outside the community college
3 district to a specific purpose;

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- (7) income, revenue, balances, or reserves restricted by a source outside the community college district to a specific purpose. Student fees paid for community service courses as defined by the board of regents shall and revenue from the 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] must be considered restricted to a specific purpose;
- 10 (8) income from a political subdivision that is
 11 designated a community college service region under
 12 20-15-241."
- 13 Section 5. Section 20-16-205, MCA, is amended to read:
 - *20-16-205. Tuition rates. (1) Tuition may be charged to any resident or nonresident of the state of Montana by the director of any vocational-technical center at rates to be determined by the board of regents and-the-provisions-of subsection--(3). The board of regents shall prescribe permissible uses for any tuition authorized.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section, the eligibility of a student for resident status shall must be determined in the same manner as that prescribed for use by the Montana university system, except that those provisions referring to "high school graduates" or "graduation from high school" shall must be considered to refer to a person who has

- 1 attended school or who was in attendance at a school.
- 2 (3)--If--an--additional--levy--for--a-center-is-approved
 3 under--20-16-2077--the--board--of--regents--may--charge---an
 4 additional--tuition--amount-not-to-exceed-540-a-quarter-to-a
 5 student-at-the-center-who-is-a-resident-of-Montana--but--who
 6 is--not--a--property-taxpayer-of-the-county-or-an-owner-of-a
 7 vehicle-registered-within-the-county--where--the--center--is
 8 hospited-"
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 6.** Repealer. Section 20-16-207, 10 MCA, is repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction.

 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part

 of Title 15, chapter 10, part 1, and the provisions of Title

 15, chapter 10, part 1, apply to [section 1].
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Retroactive applicability.

 [This act] applies retroactively, within the meaning of
 17 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990.
- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

-11- SB 384

-12- SB 384

1	SENATE BILL NO. 384
2	INTRODUCED BY LYNCH, HARRINGTON, JACOBSON, STIMATZ,
3	PIPINICH, B. BROWN, HARP, VAN VALKENBURG, SVRCEK,
4	JERGESON, MAZUREK, DOHERTY, KENNEDY, MANNING,
5	WILLIAMS, BIANCHI, FRANKLIN, YELLOWTAIL, NOBLE, T. BECK,
6	DAILY, PAVLOVICH, QUILICI, HOCKETT, FRITZ,
7	D. BROWN, HALLIGAN
8	
9	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPOSING A 2-MILL LEVY
10	UPON THE TAXABLE VALUE OF ALL REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
11	SUBJECT TO TAXATION IN MONTANA FOR THE SUPPORT AND
12	MAINTENANCE OF VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION; REPLACING
13	REVENUE FROM THE SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVY FOR
14	VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL CENTERS; SUBMITTING THE LEVY TO THE
15	QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF MONTANA; PROVIDING FOR THE RESTRICTED
16	USE OF THE STATEWIDE MILL LEVY AT COMMUNITY COLLEGES;
17	AMENDING SECTIONS 15-10-402, 15-10-412, 20-15-311, AND
18	20-16-205, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 20-16-207, MCA; AND
19	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND ARETROACTIVE AN
20	APPLICABILITY DATE."
21	
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
23	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Tax levy for vocational and
24	technical education. (1) There is levied annually upon the
25	taxable value of all real and personal property subject to

taxation in the state of Montana 2 mills for the support and 2 maintenance of vocational and technical education. The 3 revenue from the 2-mill levy must be distributed as follows: 4 (a) not more than 2% 4% of the total revenue collected from the mill levy to the center for vocational education 5 6 research, curriculum, and personnel development at northern 7 Montana college in Havre; and 8 (b) the remainder to the vocational-technical center 9 system and community college districts of Montana. 10 (2) The funds raised from the 2-mill levy are allocated 11 to the board of regents for the purposes set forth in 12 subsection (1). Section 2. Section 15-10-402, MCA, is amended to read: 13 14 *15-10-402. Property tax limited to 1986 levels. (1) 15 Except as provided in subsections (2) and-(3) through (4), 16 the amount of taxes levied on property described in 17 15-6-133, 15-6-134, 15-6-136, 15-6-142, and 15-6-144 may 18 not, for any taxing jurisdiction, exceed the amount levied for taxable year 1986. 19 20 (2) The limitation contained in subsection (1) does not 21 apply to levies for rural improvement districts, Title 7, 22 chapter 12, part 21; special improvement districts, Title 7, 23 chapter 12, part 41; elementary and high school districts,

Montana Legislative Council

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(3) The limitation contained in 15-10-411, 15-10-412,

Title 20: or bonded indebtedness.

- 1 or subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the 2 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] for the support and 3 maintenance of vocational and technical education.
- (4) New construction or improvements to or deletions 4 from property described in subsection (1) are subject to 5 6 taxation at 1986 levels.
- 7 (4)(5) As used in this section, the "amount of taxes 8 levied" and the "amount levied" mean the actual dollar amount of taxes imposed on an individual piece of property, 9 10 notwithstanding an increase or decrease in value due to 11 inflation, reappraisal, adjustments in the percentage multiplier used to convert appraised value to taxable value, 12 13 changes in the number of mills levied, or increase or decrease in the value of a mill." 14
- 15 **Section 3.** Section 15-10-412, MCA, is amended to read:
- *15-10-412. Property tax limited to 1986 levels --16 clarification -- extension to all property classes. Section 17 15-10-402 is interpreted and clarified as follows: 18
- 19 (1) The limitation to 1986 levels is extended to apply to all classes of property described in Title 15, chapter 6, 20 21 part 1.
- 22 (2) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied is interpreted to mean that, except as otherwise provided in 23 this section, the actual tax liability for an individual 24 property is capped at the dollar amount due in each taxing 25

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- unit for the 1986 tax year. In tax years thereafter, the
- property must be taxed in each taxing unit at the 1986 cap 2
- or the product of the taxable value and mills levied,
- whichever is less for each taxing unit, except in a taxing
- unit that levied a tax in tax years 1983 through 1985 but
- did not levy a tax in 1986, in which case the actual tax
- liability for an individual property is capped at the dollar 7
- amount due in that taxing unit for the 1985 tax year. 8
- (3) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 9
- not mean that no further increase may be made in the total 10
- taxable valuation of a taxing unit as a result of: (a) annexation of real property and improvements into a 12
- 13 taxing unit;
- remodeling οf (b) construction, expansion, 14 15 improvements:
- (c) transfer of property into a taxing unit; 16
- (d) subdivision of real property; 17
- (e) reclassification of property; 18
- (f) increases in the amount of production or the value 19
- of production for property described in 15-6-131 or 20
- 21 15-6-132;

- (g) transfer of property from tax-exempt to taxable 22
- 23 status:
- revaluations caused by: 24
- cyclical reappraisal; or 25

(ii) expansion, addition, replacement, or remodeling of 1 2 improvements; or

- (i) increases in property valuation pursuant to 3 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values 4 5 annually.
- (4) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 6 7 not mean that no further increase may be made in the taxable valuation or in the actual tax liability on individual 8 9 property in each class as a result of:
- 10 (a) a revaluation caused by:
- (i) construction, expansion, replacement, or remodeling 11 12 of improvements that adds value to the property; or
- 13 (ii) cyclical reappraisal;
- (b) transfer of property into a taxing unit; 14
- 15 (c) reclassification of property;
- 16 (d) increases in the amount of production or the value of production for property described in 15-6-131 or 17 18 15-6-132;
- (e) annexation of the individual property into a new 19 20 taxing unit;
- 21 (f) conversion of the individual property from 22 tax-exempt to taxable status; or
- 23 (q) increases in property valuation pursuant 24 15-7-111(4) through (8) in order to equalize property values 25 annually.

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(5) Property in classes four, twelve, and fourteen is 1 valued according to the procedures used in 1986, including 2 the designation of 1982 as the base year, until the 3 reappraisal cycle beginning January 1, 1986, is completed and new valuations are placed on the tax rolls and a new 5

base year designated, if the property is:

- 7 (a) new construction;
- 8 (b) expanded, deleted, replaced, remodeled 9 improvements;
- (c) annexed property; or 10

unit based on 1986 mills levied.

- (d) property converted from tax-exempt to taxable 11 12 status.
- (6) Property described in subsections (5)(a) through 13 (5)(d) that is not class four, class twelve, or class 14 15 fourteen property is valued according to the procedures used in 1986 but is also subject to the dollar cap in each taxing 16
- (7) The limitation on the amount of taxes, as clarified 18 in this section, is intended to leave the property appraisal 19 and valuation methodology of the department of revenue 20 intact. Determinations of county classifications, salaries 21 of local government officers, and all other matters in which
- 23 total taxable valuation is an integral component are not
- affected by 15-10-401 and 15-10-402 except for the use of 24
- taxable valuation in fixing tax levies. In fixing tax

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- levies, the taxing units of local government may anticipate
- deficiency in revenues resulting from the tax
- 3 limitations in 15-10-401 and 15-10-402, while understanding
- 4 that regardless of the amount of mills levied, a taxpayer's
 - liability may not exceed the dollar amount due in each
- 6 taxing unit for the 1986 tax year unless:
- 7 (a) the taxing unit's taxable valuation decreases by 5%
- 8 or more from the 1986 tax year. If a taxing unit's taxable
 - valuation decreases by 5% or more from the 1986 tax year, it

exceed a number calculated to equal the revenue from

- 10 may levy additional mills to compensate for the decreased
- 11 taxable valuation, but in no case may the mills levied
- 13
 - property taxes for the 1986 tax year in that taxing unit.
- (b) a levy authorized under Title 20 raised less 14
- revenue in 1986 than was raised in either 1984 or 1985, in 15
- 16 which case the taxing unit may, after approval by the voters
- 17 in the taxing unit, raise each year thereafter an additional
- 18 number of mills but may not levy more revenue than the
- 3-year average of revenue raised for that purpose during 19
- 20 1984, 1985, and 1986;

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- (c) a levy authorized in 50-2-111 that was made in 1986 21
- 22 was for less than the number of mills levied in either 1984
- or 1985, in which case the taxing unit may, after approval 23
- 24 by the voters in the taxing unit, levy each year thereafter
- an additional number of mills but may not levy more than the 25

-7-

- 3-year average number of mills levied for that purpose 1
- during 1984, 1985, and 1986. 2
- 3 (8) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- not apply to the following levy or special assessment
- categories, whether or not they are based on commitments
- made before or after approval of 15-10-401 and 15-10-402:
- (a) rural improvement districts;
- special improvement districts;
- (c) levies pledged for the repayment bonded
- 10 indebtedness, including tax increment bonds;
- 11 (d) city street maintenance districts;
- 12 tax increment financing districts;
- 13 the satisfaction of judgments against a taxing
- 14 unit;
- 15 (g) street lighting assessments;
- 16 (h) revolving funds to support any categories specified
- 17 in this subsection (8);
- 18 (i) levies for economic development authorized pursuant
- 19 to 90-5-112(4); and
- (j) the statewide levy for vocational and technical 20
- 21 education authorized in [section 1]; and
- 22 (k) elementary and high school districts.
- (9) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does 23
- not apply in a taxing unit if the voters in the taxing unit 24
- approve an increase in tax liability following a resolution 25

of the governing body of the taxing unit containing:

- 2 (a) a finding that there are insufficient funds to
- 3 adequately operate the taxing unit as a result of 15-10-401
- 4 and 15-10-402;
- 5 (b) an explanation of the nature of the financial
- 6 emergency;
- 7 (c) an estimate of the amount of funding shortfall
- 8 expected by the taxing unit;
- 9 (d) a statement that applicable fund balances are or by
- 10 the end of the fiscal year will be depleted;
- 11 (e) a finding that there are no alternative sources of
- 12 revenue;
- 13 (f) a summary of the alternatives that the governing
- 14 body of the taxing unit has considered; and
- 15 (q) a statement of the need for the increased revenue
- 16 and how it will be used.
- 17 (10) (a) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied
- 18 does not apply to levies required to address the funding of
- 19 relief of suffering of inhabitants caused by famine,
- 20 conflagration, or other public calamity.
- 21 (b) The limitation set forth in this chapter on the
- 22 amount of taxes levied does not apply to levies to support a
- 23 city-county board of health as provided in Title 50, chapter
- 24 2, if the governing bodies of the taxing units served by the
- 25 board of health determine, after a public hearing, that

- public health programs require funds to ensure the public
- 2 health. A levy for the support of a local board of health
- 3 may not exceed the 5-mill limit established in 50-2-111.
- 4 (11) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied by a
- 5 taxing jurisdiction subject to a statutory maximum mill levy
- 6 does not prevent a taxing jurisdiction from increasing its
- 7 number of mills beyond the statutory maximum mill levy to
- 8 produce revenue equal to its 1986 revenue.
- 9 (12) The limitation on the amount of taxes levied does
- 10 not apply to a levy increase to repay taxes paid under
- protest in accordance with 15-1-402."
- 12 Section 4. Section 20-15-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- 13 "20-15-311. Funding sources. The annual operating
- 14 budget of a community college district shall must be
- 15 financed from the following sources:
- 16 (1) the estimated revenues to be realized from student
- 17 tuition and fees, except those related to community service
 - courses as defined by the board of regents;
- (2) a mandatory mill levy on the community college
- 20 district;

- 21 (3) the 1-mill adult education levy authorized under
- 22 provisions of 20-15-305:
- 23 (4) the state general fund appropriation;
- 24 (5) an optional voted levy on the community college
- district that shall must be submitted to the electorate in

- 1 accordance with general school election laws;
- 2 (6) all other income, revenue, balances, or reserves
 3 not restricted by a source outside the community college
 4 district to a specific purpose;
- 5 (7) income, revenue, balances, or reserves restricted
 6 by a source outside the community college district to a
 7 specific purpose. Student fees paid for community service
 8 courses as defined by the board of regents shall and revenue
 9 from the 2-mill levy imposed in [section 1] must be
 10 considered restricted to a specific purpose;
- 11 (8) income from a political subdivision that is
 12 designated a community college service region under
 13 20-15-241."
- Section 5. Section 20-16-205, MCA, is amended to read:

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- "20-16-205. Tuition rates. (1) Tuition may be charged to any resident or nonresident of the state of Montana by the director of any vocational-technical center at rates to be determined by the board of regents and-the-provisions--of subsection---(3). The board of regents shall prescribe permissible uses for any tuition authorized.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the eligibility of a student for resident status shall must be determined in the same manner as that prescribed for use by the Montana university system, except that those provisions referring to "high school graduates" or "graduation from high school"

1	ffade	must	be	consid	iered	to	refer	to	a	person	who	ha
2	attend	ed sch	001	or who	was	in at	tendance	at	а	school		

- 3 (3)--if-an-additional-levy--for-a--center--is--approved
 4 under---20-16-2077--the--board--of--regents--may--charge--an
 5 additional-tuition-amount-not-to-exceed-940-a-quarter--to--a
 6 student--at--the-center-who-is-a-resident-of-Montana-but-who
 7 is-not-a-property-taxpayer-of-the-county-or-an--owner--of--a
 8 vehicle--registered--within--the--county-where-the-center-is
 9 iocated-"
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Repealer. Section 20-16-207,

 MCA, is repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Codification instruction.

 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part

 of Title 15, chapter 10, part 1, and the provisions of Title

 15, chapter 10, part 1, apply to [section 1].
- 16 <u>NEW-SECTION:</u>—Section-8:—Retroactive----applicability: 17 {This--act}--applies--retroactively:—within--the-meaning-of 18 1-2-109:-to-taxable-years-beginning-after-December-31:-1990:
- QUESTION OF WHETHER THIS ACT WILL BECOME EFFECTIVE SHALL BE
 SUBMITTED TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF MONTANA AT THE

NEW SECTION. SECTION 8. SUBMISSION TO ELECTORATE. THE

- 22 PRIMARY ELECTION TO BE HELD IN JUNE 1992 BY PRINTING ON THE
- BALLOT THE FULL TITLE OF THIS ACT AND THE FOLLOWING:

19

24 FOR GIVING-THE-LEGISLATURE-AUTHORITY-TO IMPOSING A

25 LEVY OF 2 MILLS FOR THE SUPPORT AND MAINTENANCE OF

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-11- SB 384

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SB 0384/03

ı	VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.
2	AGAINST GIVING-THE-BEGISDATURE-AUTHORITY-TO IMPOSING
3	A LEVY OF 2 MILLS FOR THE SUPPORT AND MAINTENANCE OF
4	VOCATIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.
5	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date
6	APPLICABILITY. {Thisact}iseffectiveJuly-1,-1991; IF
7	APPROVED BY THE ELECTORATE, [THIS ACT] IS EFFECTIVE DECEMBER
8	31, 1992, AND APPLIES TO TAX YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER
9	31, 1992.

-End-