SENATE BILL NO. 214

INTRODUCED BY TOWE

IN THE SENATE

JANUARY 26, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
JANUARY 28, 1991	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 20, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 21, 1991	PRINTING REPORT.
	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
FEBRUARY 22, 1991	ENGROSSING REPORT.
	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 49; NOES, 0.
	TRANSMITTED TO HOUSE.
	IN THE HOUSE
MARCH 4, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.
	DIDOM DEADING
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 12, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 12, 1991 MARCH 15, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE
	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 15, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED. SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN. THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN.
MARCH 15, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED. SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN. THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 97; NOES, 0.
MARCH 15, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED. SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN. THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 97; NOES, 0. RETURNED TO SENATE.
MARCH 15, 1991 MARCH 16, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED. SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN. THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 97; NOES, 0. RETURNED TO SENATE. IN THE SENATE

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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2	INTRODUCED	вұ	Lowe		

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT INCREASING THE DOLLAR AMOUNTS SUBJECT TO CIVIL JURISDICTION IN JUSTICES' COURTS AND IN THE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION OF JUSTICES' COURTS: AND AMENDING SECTIONS 3-10-301 AND 3-10-1004, MCA."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 3-10-301, MCA, is amended to read:

11 "3-10-301. Civil jurisdiction. (1) Except as provided 12 in subsection (2) and in 3-11-103, the justices' courts have 13 jurisdiction:

- (a) in actions arising on contract for the recovery of money only if the sum claimed does not exceed \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court costs:
- (b) in actions for damages not exceeding \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court costs, for taking, detaining, or injuring personal property or for injury to real property when no issue is raised by the verified answer of the defendant involving the title to or possession of the real property;
- (c) in actions for damages not exceeding \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court costs, for injury to the person, except that, in actions for false imprisonment, libel, slander, criminal conversation, seduction, malicious prosecution,

- 1 determination of paternity, and abduction, the justice of 2 the peace does not have jurisdiction;
- 3 (d) in actions to recover the possession of personal property if the value of the property does not exceed \$3,580 \$5,000:
- (e) in actions for a fine, penalty, or forfeiture not 7 exceeding \$3,500 \$5,000, imposed by a statute or an ordinance of an incorporated city or town when no issue is
 - raised by the answer involving the legality of any tax,
- 10 impost, assessment, toll, or municipal fine;
- 11 (f) in actions upon bonds or undertakings conditioned for the payment of money when the sum claimed does not 12 13 exceed \$37500 \$5,000, though the penalty may exceed that
- 14 sum:

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- 15 (g) to take and enter judgment for the recovery of 16 money on the confession of a defendant when the amount
- 17 confessed does not exceed \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court
- 18 costs;
- 19 (h) to issue temporary restraining orders as provided
- 20 in 40-4-121(3).
- (2) Justices' courts do not have jurisdiction in civil 21
- 22 actions that might result in a judgment against the state
- 23 for the payment of money."
- 24 Section 2. Section 3-10-1004, MCA, is amended to read:
- "3-10-1004. Jurisdiction -- removal from district 25

- l court. (1) The small claims court has jurisdiction over all
- 2 actions for the recovery of money or specific personal
- 3 property when the amount claimed does not exceed \$2,7500
- 4 \$3,000, exclusive of costs, and the defendant can be served
- 5 within the county where the action is commenced.
- 6 (2) A district court judge may require any action filed
- 7 in district court to be removed to the small claims court if
- 8 the amount in controversy does not exceed \$2,500 \$3,000. The
- 9 small claims court shall hear any action so removed from the
- 10 district court."

52nd Legislature

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SB 0214/02 APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

SB 0214/02

L	SENATE BILL NO. 214
2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT INCREASING THE DOLLAR
5	AMOUNTS SUBJECT TO CIVIL JURISDICTION IN JUSTICES' COURTS_
5	AND-IN THE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION OF JUSTICES' COURTS, AND
7	CITY COURTS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 3-10-301 AND, 3-10-1004,
8	AND 3-11-103, MCA."

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10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 3-10-301, MCA, is amended to read:

"3-10-301. Civil jurisdiction. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) and in 3-11-103, the justices' courts have jurisdiction:

- (a) in actions arising on contract for the recovery of money only if the sum claimed does not exceed \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court costs;
- (b) in actions for damages not exceeding \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court costs, for taking, detaining, or injuring personal property or for injury to real property when no issue is raised by the verified answer of the defendant involving the title to or possession of the real property;
- (c) in actions for damages not exceeding \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court costs, for injury to the person, except that, in actions for false imprisonment, libel, slander,

- criminal conversation, seduction, malicious prosecution,
- 2 determination of paternity, and abduction, the justice of
- 3 the peace does not have jurisdiction;
- 4 (d) in actions to recover the possession of personal
 5 property if the value of the property does not exceed \$3,500
- \$5,000;
- 7 (e) in actions for a fine, penalty, or forfeiture not
- 8 exceeding \$37500 \$5,000, imposed by a statute or an
- 9 ordinance of an incorporated city or town when no issue is
- 10 raised by the answer involving the legality of any tax,
- impost, assessment, toll, or municipal fine;
- 12 (f) in actions upon bonds or undertakings conditioned
- 13 for the payment of money when the sum claimed does not
- 14 exceed \$3,500 \$5,000, though the penalty may exceed that
- 15 sum:
- 16 (q) to take and enter judgment for the recovery of
- 17 money on the confession of a defendant when the amount
- 18 confessed does not exceed \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of court
- 19 costs;

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- 20 (h) to issue temporary restraining orders as provided
- 21 in 40-4-121(3).
- 22 (2) Justices' courts do not have jurisdiction in civil
- 23 actions that might result in a judgment against the state
- 24 for the payment of money."
 - Section 2. Section 3-10-1004, MCA, is amended to read:

SECOND READING

"3-10-1004. Jurisdiction -- removal from district court. (1) The small claims court has jurisdiction over all actions for the recovery of money or specific personal property when the amount claimed does not exceed 927500 \$3,000, exclusive of costs, and the defendant can be served within the county where the action is commenced.

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(2) A district court judge may require any action filed in district court to be removed to the small claims court if the amount in controversy does not exceed \$2,500 \$3,000. The small claims court shall hear any action so removed from the district court."

SECTION 3. SECTION 3-11-103, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

- *3-11-103. Exclusive jurisdiction. Except as provided 13 14 in 3-11-104, the city court has exclusive jurisdiction of:
 - (1) proceedings for the violation of an ordinance of the city or town, both civil and criminal;
 - (2) when the amount of the taxes or assessments sought does not exceed \$2,500 \$5,000, actions for the collection of taxes or assessments levied for any of the following purposes, except that no lien on the property taxed or assessed for the nonpayment of the taxes or assessments may be foreclosed in any such action:
 - (a) city or town purposes;
 - (b) the erection or improvement of public buildings;
- (c) the laying out, opening, or improving of a public 25

- 1 street, sidewalk, alley, or bridge;
- 2 (d) the acquisition or improvement of any public grounds; and
- 4 (e) public improvements made or ordered by the city or town within its limits; 5
- (3) actions for the collection of money due to the city 7 or town or from the city or town to any person when the amount sought, exclusive of interest and costs, does not exceed \$2,500 \$5,000;
- 10 (4) when the amount claimed, exclusive of costs, does 11 not exceed \$2,500 \$5,000, actions for:
- 12 (a) the breach of an official bond given by a city or 13 town officer:
- 14 (b) the breach of any contract when the city or town is 15 a party or is in any way interested;
- 16 (c) damages when the city or town is a party or is in 17 any way interested;
- 18 (d) the enforcement of forfeited recognizances given 19 to, for the benefit of, or on behalf of the city or town:
- 20 and
- 21 (e) collection on bonds given upon an appeal taken from
- 22 the judgment of the court in any action mentioned in
- 23 subsections (4)(a) through (4)(d);
- 24 (5) actions for the recovery of personal property
- 25 belonging to the city or town when the value of the

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1 property, exclusive of the damages for the taking or

- detention, does not exceed \$2,500 \$5,000; and
- 3 (6) actions for the collection of a license fee
- required by an ordinance of the city or town."

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2	INTRODUCED BY TOWE
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT INCREASING THE DOLLAR
5	AMOUNTS SUBJECT TO CIVIL JURISDICTION IN JUSTICES' COURTS
6	AND-IN THE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION OF JUSTICES' COURTS, AND
7	CITY COURTS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 3-10-301 AND, 3-10-1004,
8	AND 3-11-103, MCA."
9	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
11	Section 1. Section 3-10-301, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"3-10-301. Civil jurisdiction. (1) Except as provided
13	in subsection (2) and in 3-11-103, the justices' courts have
14	jurisdiction:
15	(a) in actions arising on contract for the recovery of
16	money only if the sum claimed does not exceed \$3,500 \$5,000
17	exclusive of court costs;
18	(b) in actions for damages not exceeding $$3_7500$ $$5,000$
19	exclusive of court costs, for taking, detaining, or injuring
20	personal property or for injury to real property when no
21	issue is raised by the verified answer of the defendant
22	involving the title to or possession of the real property;
23	(c) in actions for damages not exceeding \$3,500 \$5,000
24	exclusive of court costs, for injury to the person, excep

that, in actions for false imprisonment, libel, slander,

the peace does not have jurisdiction;
(d) in actions to recover the possession of personal
property if the value of the property does not exceed \$3,7500
\$5,000;
(e) in actions for a fine, penalty, or forfeiture not
exceeding $$3,500$ $$5,000$, imposed by a statute or as
ordinance of an incorporated city or town when no issue is
raised by the answer involving the legality of any tax
impost, assessment, toll, or municipal fine;
(f) in actions upon bonds or undertakings conditioned
for the payment of money when the sum claimed does no
exceed $$3,500 $ $$5,000$, though the penalty may exceed that
sum;
(g) to take and enter judgment for the recovery o
money on the confession of a defendant when the amoun
confessed does not exceed \$3,500 \$5,000, exclusive of cour
costs;
(h) to issue temporary restraining orders as provided
in 40-4-121(3).
(2) Justices' courts do not have jurisdiction in civi
actions that might result in a judgment against the state
for the payment of money."

criminal conversation, seduction, malicious prosecution,

determination of paternity, and abduction, the justice of

Section 2. Section 3-10-1004, MCA, is amended to read:

- "3-10-1004. Jurisdiction removal from district court. (1) The small claims court has jurisdiction over all actions for the ecovery of money or specific personal property when the amount claimed does not exceed \$27500 \$3,000, exclusive of costs, and the defendant can be served within the county where the action is commenced.
- (2) A district court judge may require any action filed in district court to be removed to the small claims court if the amount in controversy does not exceed \$2,500 \$3,000. The small claims court shall hear any action so removed from the district court."

SECTION 3. SECTION 3-11-103, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

- *3-11-103. Exclusive jurisdiction. Except as provided in 3-11-104, the city court has exclusive jurisdiction of:
- (1) proceedings for the violation of an ordinance of the city or town, both civil and criminal;
- (2) when the amount of the taxes or assessments sought does not exceed \$2,7500 \$5,000, actions for the collection of taxes or assessments levied for any of the following purposes, except that no lien on the property taxed or assessed for the nonpayment of the taxes or assessments may be foreclosed in any such action:
 - (a) city or town purposes;
 - (b) the erection or improvement of public buildings;

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(c) the laying out, opening, or improving of a public

- street, sidewalk, alley, or bridge;
- 2 (d) the acquisition or improvement of any public
 3 grounds; and
- 4 (e) public improvements made or ordered by the city or 5 town within its limits:
- 6 (3) actions for the collection of money due to the city
 7 or town or from the city or town to any person when the
 8 amount sought, exclusive of interest and costs, does not
 9 exceed \$2,500 \$5,000;
- 10 (4) when the amount claimed, exclusive of costs, does
 11 not exceed \$27599 \$5,000, actions for:
- 12 (a) the breach of an official bond given by a city or 13 town officer;
- 14 (b) the breach of any contract when the city or town is 15 a party or is in any way interested;
- 16 (c) damages when the city or town is a party or is in 17 any way interested;
- 16 (d) the enforcement of forfeited recognizances given 19 to, for the benefit of, or on behalf of the city or town; 20 and
- 21 (e) collection on bonds given upon an appeal taken from 22 the judgment of the court in any action mentioned in 23 subsections (4)(a) through (4)(d);
- 24 (5) actions for the recovery of personal property 25 belonging to the city or town when the value of the

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l property, exclusive of the damages for the taking or

2 detention, does not exceed \$2,500 \$5,000; and

3 (6) actions for the collection of a license fee

required by an ordinance of the city or town."

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17	exclusive of court costs;
18	(b) in actions for damages not exceeding $$3_7500$ $$5,000$,
19	exclusive of court costs, for taking, detaining, or injuring
20	personal property or for injury to real property when no
21	issue is raised by the verified answer of the defendant
22	involving the title to or possession of the real property;
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24	exclusive of court costs, for injury to the person, except

that, in actions for false imprisonment, libel, slander,

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3	the peace does not have jurisdiction;
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5	property if the value of the property does not exceed \$3,56
6	<u>\$5,000</u> ;
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8	exceeding \$37500 \$5,000, imposed by a statute or a
9	ordinance of an incorporated city or town when no issue i
10	raised by the answer involving the legality of any tax
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REFERENCE BILL SH 214

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 - (1) proceedings for the violation of an ordinance of the city or town, both civil and criminal:
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- 10 (4) when the amount claimed, exclusive of costs, does
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- (b) the breach of any contract when the city or town is a party or is in any way interested;
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- 21 (e) collection on bonds given upon an appeal taken from 22 the judgment of the court in any action mentioned in 23 subsections (4)(a) through (4)(d):
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- 1 property, exclusive of the damages for the taking or
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