HOUSE BILL 996

Introduced by Ream, et al.

3/16	Introduced
3/16	Referred to Taxation
3/16	
3/16	Fiscal Note Requested
3/21	Fiscal Note Received
3/23	
3/27	Hearing
3/28	Committee ReportBill Passed as
•	Amended
4/02	2nd Reading Passed
4/04	3rd Reading Passed
	Transmitted to Senate
4/04	First Reading
4/04	Referred to Taxation
4/08	Hearing
4/10	Revised Fiscal Note Printed
4/15	Committee ReportBill Concurred
	as Amended
4/16	2nd Reading Concurred as Amended
4/17	3rd Reading Concurred
	Returned to House with Amendments
4/17	2nd Reading Amendments Concurred
4/18	3rd Reading Amendments Concurred
4/18	Signed by Speaker
4/18	Signed by President
4/19	Vetoed

19

20

1 2 INTRODUCED BY Ream Valkenbug Semberky Ellett

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING

STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX

6 BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON

7 MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133,

7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-30-101, 15-30-125

9 15-30-128, 15-30-162, 15-30-241, 15-30-303, 15-30-323,

10 15-31-131, 15-31-202, 15-32-303, 15-33-106, 19-3-105,

11 19-4-706, 19-5-704, 19-6-705, 19-7-705, 19-8-805, 19-21-212,

12 53-6-111, AND 67-11-303, MCA: REPEALING SECTIONS 15-30-103,

13 15-30-105, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112,

14 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115, 15-30-117, 15-30-121,

15 15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132,

16 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143,

17 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, AND 19-13-1003, MCA; AND

18 PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE

APPLICABILITY DATE."

21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

22 Section 1. Section 7-14-1133, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "7-14-1133. Bonds and obligations. (1) Except for

24 providing financial support to a private development

25 organization, including a corporation organized under Title

32, chapter 4, whose purpose is to advance the economic

2 development of its jurisdiction and of the state and its

3 citizens, an authority may borrow money for any of its

4 corporate purposes and issue bonds therefor, including

5 refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it

6 determines, payable out of any revenues of the authority,

including revenues derived from:

(a) any port or transportation and storage facility;

(b) taxes levied pursuant to 7-14-1131 or 67-10-402;

10 (c) grants or contributions from the federal

11 government; or

12

20

24

25

(d) other sources.

13 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 14 authority, without an election and without any limitation of

amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if

16 the total amount of principal and interest to become due in

17 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for

which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds—the amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as

estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the

21 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and

22 possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges,

23 rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make

the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least

equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that



year. 1

2

3

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in this part, any bonds issued pursuant to this part by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- (4) Bonds issued by an authority, county, municipality pursuant to the provisions of this part are declared to be issued for an essential public governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the meaning of 15-30-111+21+a [section 6(2)(c)].
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, county, or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this part, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and maintenance of the facilities.
- (6) Nothing in this section or 7-14-1134 may be

- 1 construed to limit the use of port authority revenues, 2 including federal and state money as described in 7-14-1136.
- 3 to make grants and loans or to otherwise provide financial
- and other support to private development organizations,
- including corporations organized under the provisions of the
- development corporation act in Title 32, chapter 4. Under no
- circumstances may the credit of the state, county, or
- municipal governments or their agencies or authorities be
- 9 pledged to provide financial support to such development
- 10 organizations."

11

17

23

- Section 2. Section 7-34-2416, MCA, is amended to read:
- 12 *7-34-2416. Tax-exempt status of bonds. Bonds issued by 13 a county pursuant to the provisions of 7-34-2411 through
- 14 7-34-2418 are declared to be issued for an essential public
- 15 and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within
- 16 the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a) [section 6(2)(c)]."
 - Section 3. Section 13-37-218, MCA, is amended to read:
- 18 "13-37-218. Limitations on receipts from political
- committees. (1) A candidate for the state senate may receive 19
- 20 no more than \$1,000 in total combined monetary contributions
- 21 from all political committees contributing to his campaign,
- 22
- and a candidate for the state house of representatives may
- 24 contributions from all political committees contributing to
- 25
- his campaign. The foregoing limitations shall be multiplied

receive no more than \$600 in total combined monetary

23

24

25

1	by the inflation factor as defined in $\pm 5-30-\pm 0\pm (8)$
2	subsection (2) for the year in which general elections are
3	held after 1984; the resulting figure shall be rounded off
4	to the nearest \$50 increment. The commissioner of political
5	practices shall publish the revised limitations as a rule.
6	In-kind contributions may not be included in computing these
7	limitation totals. The limitation provided in this section
8	does not apply to contributions made by a political party
9	eligible for a primary election under 13-10-601.

- (2) As used in this section, "inflation factor" means a number determined for each year by dividing the consumer price index for June of the year by the consumer price index for June of 1980."
- Section 4. Section 13-37-303, MCA, is amended to read:

10

11

12

13

- 15 "13-37-303. Donation by taxpayer. (1) An individual 16 whose withheld income tax or payment of estimated tax 17 exceeds by more than \$1 his income tax liability for the 18 taxable year may donate S1 to be paid to the fund. In the case of a joint returny--as--provided--in--15-39-1427 of a 19 husband and wife having an income tax overpayment as defined 20 21 in 15-30-149 of \$2 or more, each spouse may donate \$1 to be 22 paid to the fund.
- 23 (2) An individual with an unpaid tax liability may at 24 the time of payment donate an extra \$1 to be paid to the 25 fund.

```
(3) The department shall provide a place on the face of
1
     the blank form of return, provided for in 15-30-144, where
2
     an individual may make the donations provided for in
3
     subsections (1) and (2). The form shall adequately explain
     the individual's option to donate $1 to the fund."
5
         Section 5. Section 15-30-101, MCA, is amended to read:
         *15-30-101. Definitions. For the purpose of
7
     chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the
      following definitions apply:
 9
         (1)--"Base-year-structure"-means-the-following--elements
10
      of-the-income-tax-structure:
11
          ta)--the--tax--brackets--established--in--15-30-1037-but
12
      unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1037-in-effect-on-dune
13
      30-of-the-taxable-year;
14
          tb;--the--exemptions---contained---in---15-30-1127---but
15
      unadjusted--by--subsections--t7}--and--t8}--of-15-10-ll2;-in
16
      effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year;
17
          te)--the--maximum---standard---deduction---provided---in
18
      15-30-1227-but-unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1227-in
19
      effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year-
20
          +2}--#Consumer--price--index#--means--the-consumer-price
21
```

indexy-United-States-city-averagey-for-all-itemsy-using--the

1967--base--of--100--as--published--by--the--bureau-of-labor

(3)(1) "Department" means the department of revenue.

statistics-of-the-U-S--department-of-labor:

+4}*Bividend*meansanydistributionmadebya
corporationoutofitsearningsorprofitstoits
shareholdersormembersywhetherincashorinother
property-or-in-stock-of-the-corporation;otherthanstock
dividendsashereindefined#Stock-dividendsmeans-new
stockissued;forsurplusorprofitscapitalized;to
shareholders-in-proportion-to-their-previous-holdings-

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (5)(2) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person, whether individual or corporate, acting in any fiduciary capacity for any person, trust, or estate.
- (6)(3) "Foreign country" or "foreign government" means any jurisdiction other than the one embraced within the United States, its territories and possessions.
- t7;---4Gross-income-means-the--taxpayer-s--gross--income
 for--federal-income-tax-purposes-as-defined-in-section-61-of
 the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-or-as-that-section-may--be
 labeled--or--amended;--excluding--unemployment--compensation
 included--in--federal--gross--income-under-the-provisions-of
 section-85-of-the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-as-amended;
- (8)--"Inflation-factor"-means-a-number-determined-for each-taxable-year-by-dividing-the-consumer-price-index-for dune-of-the-taxable-year-by-the-consumer-price-index-for dune-1980:
 - (4) "Individual" means a natural person, whether

L	married or	unmarried	, adult or	minor, sub	ject to	payment of
2	an income	tax under	the Interna	l Revenue	Code.	

- 3 +97(5) "Information agents" includes all individuals. corporations, associations, and partnerships, in whatever capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, fiduciaries, brokers, real estate brokers, employers, and all officers and employees of the state or of any municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt, 10 custody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries, 11 wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, 12 emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or 13 periodical gains, profits, and income with respect to which any person or fiduciary is taxable under this chapter. 14
 - tid)-"Knowingly"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- thit-"Net-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income--of--a
 taxpayer-less-the-deductions-allowed-by-this-chapter:
- (12)-"Paid",--for--the--purposes--of--the-deductions-and credits-under-this-chapter,-means-paid-or-accrued-or-paid-or incurred,-and-the-terms-"paid--or--incurred"--and--"paid--or accrued"--shall--be--construed--according--to--the-method-of accounting-upon-the-basis-of-which--the--taxable--income--is computed-under-this-chapter.
- 24 (13)-"Purposely"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101:
- 25 (14)-"Received", --for--the--purpose--of--computation--of

taxable-income-under-this-chapter;-means-received-or-accrued
and--the--term--#received--or-accrued#--shall--be-construed
according-to-the-method-of--accounting--upon--the--basis--of
which-the-taxable-income-is-computed-under-this-chapter;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- (6) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, redesignated as the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" by section 2 of Public Law 99-514, as that code may be amended from time to time by the United States congress. It is the specific intent of the legislature that all amendments by the United States congress must be incorporated into the context of any section of Title 15 referring to the Internal Revenue Code.
- 13 (7) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, or
 14 a partnership.
 - tisty (8) "Resident" applies only to natural persons and includes, for the purpose of determining liability to the tax imposed by this chapter with reference to the income of any taxable year, any person domiciled in the state of Montana and any other person who maintains a permanent place of abode within the state even though temporarily absent from the state and has not established a residence elsewhere.
- 23 (16)-"Taxable-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of
 24 a--taxpayer--less-the-deductions-and-exemptions-provided-for
 25 in-this-chapter+

- 1 (17)(9) "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable
 2 year for federal income tax purposes.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 6. State income tax as percentage
 7 of federal. (1) A state income tax is imposed and must be
 8 paid and collected for each taxable year upon:
- 9 (a) the federal adjusted taxable income derived from
 10 sources within and outside Montana of each resident and
 11 fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income
 12 taxes under the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 13 (b) the federal adjusted taxable income derived from
 14 sources within Montana of each nonresident and fiduciary
 15 required to make a return and pay federal income taxes under
 16 the Internal Revenue Code.
- 17 (2) "Federal adjusted taxable income" means the 18 taxpayer's taxable income, as determined for federal income 19 taxes under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code,
- 20 with the following additional deductions:
- 21 (a) income earned by an enrolled member of a federally 22 recognized Indian tribe during the time he both lives and
- 23 works on a reservation;
- 24 (b) Montana income tax refunds or credits:
- (c) interest income from obligations of the United

States government to the extent the income is exempt from state income tax under federal law; and

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (d) military combat pay received by a Montana resident.
- (3) A shareholder of a corporation for which the election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect but for which the election provided under 15-31-202 is not in effect may deduct from his federal taxable income any part of the corporation's undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital or other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in the shareholder's federal taxable income by reason of the election under subchapter S. However, to the shareholder's federal taxable income must be added distributions received from the corporation to the extent the distributions would be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S. election were not in effect.
- (4) Nonresidents taking any of the deductions listed in subsection (2) may claim only that percentage of itemized deductions and the personal exemption deduction allowed from federal adjusted gross income that the percentage of adjusted gross income earned from sources within Montana bears to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.
- (5) If a taxpayer's federal adjusted taxable income is adjusted for state income tax purposes to include any of the additional deductions or modifications of subsections (2)

- through (4) and 15-30-107 and 15-30-127, the taxpayer's federal income tax liability must be recomputed on this adjusted figure to allow the state income tax rate to be applied against it.
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rate of tax. The rate of state
 6 income tax is 32% of a taxpayer's federal income tax
 7 liability, excluding the self-employment tax imposed under
 8 section 1401, Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in
 9 {section 6(5)}.
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Nonresidents -- determination 11 of in-state income. A nonresident's income from sources 12 within Montana includes income derived from all property owned in this state and from every business, trade, 13 14 profession, or occupation carried on in this state. It does 15 not include income from annuities, interest on bank 16 deposits. interest on notes. bonds, or other 17 interest-bearing obligations, or dividends on stock of 18 corporations, except to the extent to which this income is a 19 part of the income derived from a business, 20 profession, or occupation carried on in this state. In the 21 case of a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried 22 on partly within and partly outside this state by a 23 nonresident, the income from sources within this state must 24 be determined by apportionment and allocation under rules 25 adopted by the department.

R

9

10

11

1.2

13

14

15

- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Tax return -- contents. (1)

 Each individual or fiduciary mentioned in [section 6(1)]

 shall file a return with the department showing:
- 4 (a) the amount of tax due and payable as reported on 5 the taxpayer's federal income tax return or as recomputed as 6 required in [section 6(5)];
- 7 (b) the amount of tax due under [section 7], less 8 credits, if any, claimed against the tax;
- 9 (c) any other information necessary for administration 10 of the state income tax, as may be prescribed by the 11 department.
- 12 (2) If a taxpayer is unable to make his own return, an
 13 authorized agent, guardian, or other person charged with the
 14 care of the person or property of the taxpayer shall file
 15 the return.
- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Payment of state income tax 16 17 -- refunds -- interest. (1) A taxpayer required to file a state income tax return shall compute the amount of state 18 19 income tax due and shall, at the time the return is filed, 20 pay to the department any balance of tax in excess of \$1 21 remaining unpaid after crediting the amount withheld as 22 provided under 15-30-202 or any payment of estimated tax as 23 provided under 15-30-242.
- 24 (2) If the withheld tax or the estimated tax paid 25 exceeds the state income tax due by more than \$1, the

- department shall refund the excess to the taxpayer within 30 days after receiving the return.
- 3 (3) Except as provided in 15-30-321, interest at a rate
 4 of 9% a year must be added to any state income tax or
 5 portion of tax, from the due date until paid, whether the
 6 taxpayer has been granted a filing extension or not.
 - (4) If a joint return is made by husband and wife, the liability with respect to the tax is joint and several.
 - Section 11. Section 15-30-128, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-128. Credit for expense of caring for certain
 elderly family members. (1) There is a credit against the
 tax imposed by this chapter for qualified elderly care
 expenses paid by an individual for the care of a qualifying
 family member during the taxable year.
 - (2) A qualifying family member is an individual who:
 - (a) is related to the taxpayer by blood or marriage;
- 17 (b) (i) is at least 70 years of age; or
- 18 (ii) is diagnosed by a physician as having senile 19 dementia of the Alzheimer type; and
- 20 (c) has a family income of \$15,000 or less for the taxable year.
- 22 (3) For purposes of this section, "family income"
 23 means, in the case of an individual who is not married, the
 24 <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income of the individual or, in the
 25 case of a married individual, the federal adjusted gross

- income of the individual and the individual's spouse.
 - (4) Qualified elderly care expenses include:
 - (a) payments by the taxpayer for home health agency services provided by an organization certified by the federal health care financing administration, homemaker services, adult day care, respite care, or health-care equipment and supplies:
- 8 (i) provided to the qualifying family member;
 - (ii) provided by an organization or individual not related to the taxpayer or the qualifying family member; and
 - (iii) not compensated for by insurance or otherwise;
- 12 (b) subject to the limitations in subsection (4)(a),
 13 payments by the taxpayer for nursing home care of an
 14 individual who is diagnosed by a physician as having senile
 - dementia of the Alzheimer type.

3

6

7

9

10

11

15

- 16 (5) The percentage amount of credit allowable under 17 this section is:
- 18 (a) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income
 19 does not exceed \$25,000, 30% of qualified elderly care
 20 expenses; or
- 21 (b) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income 22 exceeds \$25,000, the greater of:
 - (i) 20% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
- (ii) 30% of qualified elderly care expenses, less 1% for
 each \$2,000 or fraction thereof by which the <u>federal</u>

- adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the taxable year exceeds \$25,000.
- 3 (6) The dollar amount of credit allowable under this 4 section is:
- 5 (a) reduced by \$1 for each dollar of the <u>federal</u>
 6 adjusted gross income over \$50,000 for a taxpayer whose
 7 federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000;
- 8 (b) limited to \$5,000 per qualifying family member in a 9 taxable year and to \$10,000 total for two or more family 10 members in a taxable year;
- 11 (c) prorated among multiple taxpayers who each
 12 contribute to qualified elderly care expenses of the same
 13 qualified family member in a taxable year in the same
 14 proportion that their contributions bear to the total
 15 qualified elderly care expenses paid by those taxpayers for
 16 that qualified family member.
- 17 (7) A deduction or credit is not allowed under any other provision of this chapter with respect to any amount for which a credit is allowed under this section. The credit allowed under this section may not be claimed as a carryback or carryforward and may not be refunded if the taxpayer has no tax liability.
- 23 (8) In the case of a married individual filing a 24 separate return, the percentage amount of credit under 25 subsection (5) and the dollar amount of credit under

- subsection (6) are limited to one-half of the figures indicated in those subsections."
- 3 Section 12. Section 15-30-162, MCA, is amended to read: *15-30-162. Investment credit. (1) There is allowed as 5 a credit against the tax imposed by 15-30-103 [section 6] a percentage of the credit allowed with respect to certain 6 depreciable property under section 38 of the Internal 7 Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or as section 38 may be 8 renumbered or amended. However, rehabilitation costs as set 9 forth under section 46(a)(2)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code 10 11 of--1954;--or--as--section--46ta)t2)tP}-may-be-renumbered-or 12 amended, are not to be included in the computation of the 13 investment credit. The credit is allowed for the purchase and installation of certain qualified property defined by 14 15 section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7 if the property meets all of the following qualifications: 16
 - (a) it was placed in service in Montana; and

- (b) it was used for the production of Montana adjusted gross income.
- 20 (2) The amount of the credit allowed for the taxable
 21 year is 5% of the amount of credit determined under section
 22 46(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547--as--amended;
 23 or as section 46(a)(2) may be renumbered or amended.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2),the investment credit allowed for the taxable year may not

- exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year or \$500, whichever is less.
- (4) If property for which an investment credit is 3 4 claimed is used both inside and outside this state, only a portion of the credit is allowed. The credit must be 5 6 apportioned according to a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the property 7 8 was located in Montana and the denominator of which is the 9 number of days during the taxable year the taxpayer owned 10 the property. The investment credit may be applied only to 11 the tax liability of the taxpayer who purchases and places 12 in service the property for which an investment credit is 13 claimed. The credit may not be allocated between spouses unless the property is used by a partnership or small 14 15 business corporation of which they are partners or 16 shareholders.
- 17 (5) The investment credit allowed by this section is
 18 subject to recapture as provided for in section 47 of the
 19 Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7-or-as-section-47
 20 may-be-renumbered-or-amended."
- Section 13. Section 15-30-241, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-241. Declaration of estimated tax. (1) Every

 Each individual except-farmers, ranchers, or stockmen shall,
 at the time prescribed in subsection (3) of this section,
 make a declaration of his estimated tax for the taxable year

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- if his-net-income-from-sources-other-than--wages;--salaries;

 bonuses;--or--other-emoluments-can-reasonably-be-expected-to

 equal-or-exceed-his-net-income-from-wages;-salaries;-bonuses

 or-other-emoluments;-which-are-subject-to-withholding he is

 required to file a declaration of his estimated tax under

 the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (2) In the declaration required under subsection (1) of this section, the individual shall state:
- 9 (a) the amount which he estimates as the amount of tax
 10 under 15-30-103 [section 7] for the taxable year;

7

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (b) the amount which he estimates will be withheld from wages paid by his employer if said individual is an employee;
- (c) the excess of the amount estimated under subsection (2)(a) over the amount estimated under subsection (2)(b), which excess for purposes of this section shall be considered the estimated tax for the taxable year;
- (d) such other information as may be prescribed in rules promulgated by the department.
- (3) The declaration required under subsection (1) of this-section shall be filed with the department on or before April 15 of the taxable year, except that if the requirements of subsection (1) of-this-section are first met:
- 25 (a) after April 1 and before October 1 of the taxable

- year, the declaration shall be filed on or before October 15 of the taxable year;
- 3 (b) after October 1 of the taxable year, the 4 declaration shall be filed on or before February 15 of the 5 succeeding taxable year.
- (4) An individual may make amendments of a declaration filed during the taxable year under subsection (3) of-this section under rules prescribed by the department.
- 9 (5) If, on or before February 15 of the succeeding
 10 taxable year, the taxpayer files a return for the taxable
 11 year for which the declaration is required and pays in full
 12 the amount computed on his return as payable, then under
 13 rules prescribed by the department:
 - (a) if the declaration is not required to be filed during the taxable year but is required to be filed on or before such February 15, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as such declaration; and
 - (b) if the tax shown on the return is greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration previously made or in the last amendments thereof, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as the amendment of the declaration permitted by subsection (4) of-this--section to be filed on or before such February 15.
- 25 (6) The department shall promulgate rules governing

- reasonable extensions of time for filing declarations and paying the estimated tax except in the case of taxpayers who are abroad, and no such extension shall be for more than 6 months.
- 5 (7) If the taxpayer is unable to make his own declaration, the declaration shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such the taxpayer.
- 10 (8) Any individual who fails to file a declaration of
 11 estimated tax as required by this section is not subject to
 12 the penalties set forth in 15-30-321."

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

or under this chapter.

- Section 14. Section 15-30-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-303. Confidentiality of tax records. (1) Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for the department or any deputy, assistant, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this chapter or any other information secured in the administration of this chapter. It is also unlawful to divulge or make known in any manner any federal return or federal return information disclosed on any return or report required by rule of the department
- 1 (2) The officers charged with the custody of such 2 reports and returns shall not be required to produce any of 3 them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except in any action or proceeding to which the department is a party under the provisions of this chapter or any other taxing act or on behalf of any party to any action or proceedings under the 8 provisions of this chapter or such the other act when the reports or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceedings, in either of which events the court 10 may require the production of and may admit in evidence so 11 12 much of said the reports or of the facts shown thereby as 13 are pertinent to the action or proceedings and no more.
 - (3) Nothing herein shall may be construed to prohibit:
- 15 (a) the delivery to a taxpayer or his duly authorized 16 representative of a certified copy of any return or report 17 filed in connection with his tax:
- 18 (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to
 19 prevent the identification of particular reports or returns
 20 and the items thereof; or
- legal representative of the state of the report or return of
 any taxpayer who shall may bring action to set aside or

(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other

- 24 review the tax based thereon or against whom an action or
- 25 proceeding has been instituted in accordance with the

14

1.2

1 provisions of 15-30-311 and 15-30-322.

a

1.3

- (4) Reports and returns shell must be preserved for 3 years and thereafter until the department orders them to be destroyed.
- (5) Any offense against subsections (1) through (4) of this--section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and if the offender be is an officer or employee of the state, he shall be dismissed from office and be incapable of holding any public office in this state for a period of 1 year thereafter.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may permit the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax upon the incomes of individuals or the authorized representative of either such officer to inspect the return of income of any individual or may furnish to such the officer or his authorized representative an abstract of the return of income of any individual or supply him with information concerning any item of income contained in any return or disclosed by the report of any investigation of the income or return of income of any individual, but such permission shall be granted or such information furnished to such officer or his representative

- only if the statutes of the United States or of such other state, as the case may be, grant substantially similar privileges to the proper officer of this state charged with the administration of this chapter.
 - (7) Further, notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the department shall furnish:
 - (a)--to--the--department--of--justice--all---information necessary--to--identify--those--persons--qualifying--for-the additional-exemption-for-blindness-pursuant-to-15-30-112(4)7 for-the-purpose-of-enabling-the--department--of--justice--to administer-the-provisions-of-61-5-105;
 - tb; (a) to the department of social and rehabilitation services information acquired under 15-30-301, pertaining to an applicant for public assistance, reasonably necessary for the prevention and detection of public assistance fraud and abuse, provided notice to the applicant has been given;
 - te>(b) to the department of fish, wildlife, and parks specific information that is available from income tax returns and required under 87-2-102 to establish the residency requirements of an applicant for hunting and fishing licenses; and
- 22 (d)(c) to the board of regents information required
 23 under 20-26-1111."
- Section 15. Section 15-30-323, MCA, is amended to read:

 15-30-323. Penalty for deficiency. (1) If the payment

11

12

13

20

21

22

23

24

25

required by \(\frac{15-30-142(6)}{2}\) [section 10] is not made within 60 days or if the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there shall be added to the amount of the deficiency 5% thereof; provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than \$2. Interest will be computed at the rate of 9% per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, the interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the return and tax were originally due as distinguished from the due date as it may have been extended to the date of payment.

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- (2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition interest thereon at the rate of 9% per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment."
- 16 17 Section 16. Section 15-31-131, MCA, is amended to read: *15-31-131. Credit for dependent care assistance. (1) 18 There is a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this 19 chapter allowable to an employer for amounts paid or 20 incurred during the taxable year by the employer for 21 dependent care assistance actually provided to or on behalf 22 of an employee if the assistance is furnished by a 23 registered or licensed day-care provider and pursuant to a 24 program that meets the requirements of section 89(k) and 25

- 1 129(d)(2) through (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 2 (2) (a) The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (1) is 15% of the amount paid or incurred by the employer during the taxable year, but the credit may not exceed \$1,250 of day-care assistance actually provided to or on behalf of the employee.
- 7 (b) For the purposes of this subsection, marital status 8 must be determined under the rules of section 21(e)(3) and 9 (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (c) In the case of an onsite facility, the amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based, with respect to any dependent, must be based upon utilization and the value of the services provided.
- 14 (3) An amount paid or incurred during the taxable—year
 15 of an employer in providing dependent care assistance to or
 16 on behalf of any employee does not qualify for the credit
 17 allowed under subsection (1) if the amount was paid or
 18 incurred to an individual described in section 129(c)(1) or
 19 (2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (4) An amount paid or incurred by an employer to provide dependent care assistance to or on behalf of an employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under subsection (1) if the amount is paid or incurred pursuant to a salary reduction plan or is paid or incurred for services not performed within this state.

Q.

(5) If the credit allowed under subsection (1) is claimed, the amount of any deduction allowed or allowable under this chapter for the amount that qualifies for the credit (or upon which the credit is based) must be reduced by the dollar amount of the credit allowed. The election to claim a credit allowed under this section must be made at the time of filing the tax return.

- (6) The amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based may not be included in the gross income of the employee to whom the dependent care assistance is provided. However, the amount excluded from the income of an employee under this section may not exceed the limitations provided in section 129(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of Title 15, chapter 30, part 2, with respect to an employee to whom dependent care assistance is provided, "wages" does not include any amount excluded under this subsection. Amounts-excluded-under--this subsection—do-not-qualify-as-expenses-for-which-a-deduction is-allowed-to-the-employee-under-15-30-121.
- (7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax

- year, and likewise through the fifth year succeeding the tax year in which the credit was first allowed or allowable. A credit may not be carried forward beyond the fifth succeeding tax year.
 - (8) If the taxpayer is an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the taxpayer elects to take tax credit relief, the election may be made on behalf of the corporation's shareholders. A shareholder's credit must be computed using the shareholder's pro rata share of the corporation's costs that qualify for the credit. In all other respects, the effect of the tax credit applies to the corporation as otherwise provided by law.
- 13 (9) For purposes of the credit allowed under subsection 14 (1):
- 15 (a) The the definitions and special rules contained in 16 section 129(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the 17 extent applicable; and
- 18 (b) "Employer" "employer" means an employer carrying on
 19 a business, trade, occupation, or profession in this state.
- 20 (c)--"Internal-Revenue-Code"-means-the-federal--Internal
 21 Revenue-Code-as-amended-and-in-effect-on-January-17-19897"
- Section 17. Section 15-31-202, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "15-31-202. Election by small business corporation. (1)
- 24 A small business corporation may elect not to be subject to
- 25 the taxes imposed by this chapter.

2

3

5

6

7

g

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 1 (2) If a small business corporation makes an election
 2 under subsection (1), then:
- 3 (a) with respect to the taxable years of the
 4 corporation for which such election is in effect, such
 5 corporation is not subject to the taxes imposed by this
 6 chapter and, with respect to such taxable years and all
 7 succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply
 8 to such corporation; and
- of such corporation in which or with which the taxable years of the corporation for which such election is in effect end, the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder, and with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder.
- 16 (3) An election under subsection (1) must be made in 17 accordance with rules prescribed by the department of 18 revenue.
- 19 (4) This election is not effective unless the corporate
 20 net income or loss of such electing corporation is included
 21 in the stockholders' <u>federal</u> adjusted gross <u>taxable</u> income
 22 as defined in ±5-30-±±± [section 6].
- 23 (5) Every electing corporation is required to pay the 24 minimum fee of \$10 required by 15-31-204."
- Section 18. Section 15-32-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-32-303. Deduction for purchase of Montana produced organic fertilizer. In addition to all other deductions from adjusted---gross--individual--income--allowed--in--computing taxable-income-under-Title-157-chapter--307--or--from gross corporate income allowed in computing net income under Title 15, chapter 31, part 1, a taxpayer corporation may deduct his its expenditures for organic fertilizer produced in Montana and used in Montana if the expenditure was not otherwise deducted in computing taxable income."

Section 19. Section 15-33-106, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-33-106. Capital gains -- dividends exempted. Any capital gains or dividend income realized by an-individual or a corporation from an investment in an SBIC organized in accordance with this part is exempt from taxation under the provisions of Title 15, chapters-30 and chapter 31."

"53-6-111. Department charged with general administration of medical assistance — adoption of rules to punish fraud. (1) The department of social and rehabilitation services is hereby authorized and empowered to administer and supervise a vendor payment program of

medical assistance under the powers, duties, and functions

Section 20. Section 53-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

provided in chapter 2 of this title, as amended, and as contemplated by the provisions of Title XIX of the federal

25 Social Security Act.

(2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a system of penalties and sanctions applicable to providers of medical assistance services and supplies who engage in fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities. The department shall define by rule those activities which are fraudulent, abusive, or improper.

1

2

3

4

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 7 (3) The penalties or sanctions imposed include but are
 8 not limited to:
 - (a) required courses of education in the rules governing the medicaid program;
 - (b) withholding of payments to offset previous improper payments to a provider;
 - (c) suspension of payments to a provider pending resolution of a dispute involving fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities;
- 16 (d) suspension of participation in the program for a 17 specified period of time; and
 - (e) permanent termination of participation in the medical assistance program.
 - (4) The department is entitled to recover from a provider all amounts paid as a result of fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities, together with interest at the rate set by 15-30-142 [section 10] for tax deficiencies from the date of such payment.
 - (5) In all cases in which a penalty or sanction may be

- imposed, a provider is entitled to a hearing under the
 provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."
- Section 21. Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "67-11-303. Bonds and obligations. (1) An authority may
 borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its
 bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and
 upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any
 revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:
- 9 (a) an airport or air navigation facility or 10 facilities:
- 11 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law for 12 airport purposes;
- (c) grants or contributions from the federal
 qovernment; or
 - (d) other sources.

15

(2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 16 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 17 amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time 18 if the total amount of principal and interest to become due 19 20 in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds 21 for which revenues from the same source or sources are 22 pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received 23 in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the 24 issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, 2 sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and interest due in that year.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- (4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the meaning of 15-30-111(2)(a) [section 6(2)(c)].
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter,

- prior to the payment of current costs of operation and maintenance of the facilities.
- (6) Subject to the conditions stated in this subsection (6), the governing body of any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency; and may further covenant that at any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues

13

14

15

16

17

2 municipalities may determine. The resolution shall state the principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the substance 3 4 of the covenant respecting deficiencies. No such resolution becomes effective until the question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified electors of the municipality at a special election called for that purpose by the 7 governing body of the municipality and a majority of the 9 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 10 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the 11 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 12 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an 13 election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 14 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the 15 16 electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 17 resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies 18 19 pursuant to this section, but such municipality or authority 20 may nevertheless issue bonds under this chapter payable 21 solely from the sources referred to in subsection (1) 22 above."

appropriated for such bonds in such manner as

1

23

24

25

Section 22. Section 19-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:
"19-3-105. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. The
right of a person to a retirement allowance or any other

benefit under this chapter and the moneys in the fund
created under this chapter is not:

3 (1) subject to execution, garnishment, attachment, or
4 any other process?

5 (2)--subject-to-state,-county,-or-municipal-taxes-except
6 for-a-refund-paid-under-19-3-703-of-a-member-s-contributions
7 picked-up-by-an-employer-after-dune-30,-1985,-as-provided-in
8 19-3-701,-or

9 (3) or assignable except as in this chapter 10 specifically provided."

11 Section 23. Section 19-4-706, MCA, is amended to read:

*19-4-706. Exemption from texation-and legal process.

The pensions, annuities, or any other benefits accrued or accruing to any person under the provisions of the retirement system and the accumulated contributions and cash and securities in the various funds of the retirement system are:

18 (1)--exempted--from--any-state--county--or-municipal-tax

19 of-the-state-of-Montana-except-for-a-withdrawal--paid--under

20 19-4-603--of--a--member-s--contributions--picked--up--by--an

21 employer-after-June-30-1905--as-provided-in-19-4-602;

22 (2) not subject to execution, garnishment, attachment
23 by trustee process or otherwise, in law or equity, or any
24 other process; and

25 (3) unassignable except as specifically provided in

LC 0389/01

LC 0389/01

- l this chapter."
- Section 24. Section 19-5-704, MCA, is amended to read:
- 3 "19-5-704. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
- 4 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
- 5 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
- 6 these shall-be is exempt from any state-or-municipal-tax-and
 - from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or any other
- 8 process whatsoever and shall-be is unassignable except as
- 9 specifically provided in 19-5-705."
- 10 Section 25. Section 19-6-705, MCA, is amended to read:
- 11 "19-6-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
- 12 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity. state
- 13 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
- 14 these is:

- 15 (1)--exempt-from-any-state;--county;--or--municipal--tax
- 16 except--for--a--refund--paid--under--19-6-403--of-a-member's
- 17 contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307--19857
- 18 as-provided-in-19-6-402;
- 20 any other process; and
- 21 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in
- 22 19-6-706."
- Section 26. Section 19-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 "19-7-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
- 25 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state

- 1 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
 2 these is:
- 4 except-for-a-refund-paid-under--19-7-384(1)--of--a--member+s
- 5 contributions--picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-30,-1985,
- 6 as-provided-in-19-7-403;
- 7 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
- 8 any other process; and
- 9 t3 is unassignable except as specifically provided in
- 10 19-7-706."
- Section 27. Section 19-8-805, MCA, is amended to read:
- 12 "19-8-805. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
- money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
- 14 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
- 15 these is:
- 16 (1)--exempt-from-any-state;--county;--or--municipal--tax
- 17 except--for--a--refund--paid--under-19-8-503-of-the-member-s
- 18 contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-30,--1985;
- 19 as-provided-in-19-8-502+
- 20 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
- 21 any other process; and
- 22 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in
- 23 19-8-806,"
- Section 28. Section 19-21-212, MCA, is amended to read:
- 25 "19-21-212. Exemption from taxation, legal process, and

- assessments. All contracts, benefits, and contributions under the optional retirement program and the earnings thereon are:
- 4 (1)--exempt-from-any-state,-county,-or-municipal-tax;
- 5 (2)(1) not subject to execution, garnishment,
 6 attachment, or other process;
- 7 (3)(2) not covered or assessable by an insurance 8 guaranty association; and
- 9 (4)(3) unassignable except as specifically provided in the contracts."
- Section 29. Section 15-30-125, MCA, is amended to read:
- 12 "15-30-125. Credit for energy-conserving investments.
- 13 There is a credit against tax liability under this chapter
- 14 as provided in 15-32-109."
- 15 (2) A temporary resident is allowed the credit allowed
- 16 a resident under 15-32-109 to the extent the credit was
 - expended in Montana during the during the course of his
- 18 residency."

- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 30. Repealer. Sections 15-30-103,
- 20 15-30-105, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112,
- 21 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115, 15-30-117, 15-30-121,
- 22 15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132,
- 23 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143,
- 24 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, and 19-13-1003, MCA, are
- 25 repealed.

1 NEW SECTION. Section 31. Codification instruction -2 instruction to code commissioner. (1) (Sections 6 through
3 10) are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title
4 15, chapter 30, part 1, and the provisions of Title 15,

chapter 30, part 1, apply to [sections 6 through 10].

- (2) The code commissioner is instructed to make changes throughout the Montana Code Annotated to reflect the change in definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in 15-30-101.
- 9 NEW SECTION. **Section 32.** Saving clause. [This act]
 10 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
 11 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
 12 [the effective date of this act].
- NEW SECTION. Section 33. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
- NEW SECTION. Section 34. Retroactive applicability.

 [This act] applies retroactively, within the meaning of
- 21 1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1990.
- NEW SECTION. Section 35. Effective date. [This act] is
- 23 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0996, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act repealing the existing state individual income tax and imposing a state income tax based on a percentage of the federal income tax payable on Montana taxable income; and providing an immediate effective date and a retroactive applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Individual income tax collections under current law are \$311,176,000 in FY92 and \$327,201,000 in FY93 (OBPP).
- 2. Under current law, all individual income tax collections are deposited in the state general fund.
- 3. Under the proposal, state income taxes will be 32% of the taxpayer's adjusted federal tax liability. This increases individual income tax collections \$29,986,000 in FY92 and \$32,692,000 in FY93 (DOR simulations). See technical note.
- 4. Implementing the proposal will require one-time additional administrative expense of \$125,000 in FY92: 2.00 FTE, at \$78,000 and operating expense of \$47,000. Annual (on-going) administrative expense reductions total \$106,903: 1.00 FTE at \$21,160 and operating expense of \$85,743.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Department of Revenue:

		FY '92_			FY '93	
Expenditures:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
F.T.E.	0	1.00	1.00	0	(1.00)	(1.00)
Personal Services	0	56,840	56,840	0	(21,160)	(21,160)
Operating Expense	0	(38,743)	(38,743)	0	<u>(85,743</u>)	<u>(85,743)</u>
Total	0	18,097	18,097	0	(106,903)	(106,903)
<u>Funding:</u>						
General Fund	0	18,097	18,097	0	(106,903)	(106,903)
Revenues:						
Individual Income Tax (01)	311,176,000	341,162,000	29,986,000	327,201,000	359,893,000	32,692,000
Net General Fund Impact:			29,967,903			32,798,903

(Continued on next page)

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

Bob Redu

3/23/91

ROBERT R. (BOB) REAM, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0996, as introduced

HB 996-1

Fiscal Note Request, <u>HB0996</u>, as introduced. Form BD-15 Page 2

TECHNICAL NOTE

The simulation model used to estimate the revenue neutral 32% rate has been updated by the Department to include the federal tax impact of recently enacted changes in federal law. As a result of the increases in federal tax due to these changes, the 32% rate is no longer projected to be revenue neutral as shown in the impact table.

If the proposal is intended to be revenue neutral for all taxpayers as a group, the correct rate is projected to be approximately 29.1%. The following shows the fiscal impact of the 29.1% rate.

	FY_'92		FY '93			
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Individual Income Tax (01)	311,176,000	310,824,000	(352,000)	327,201,000	327,821,000	620,000

If the proposal is structured to be revenue neutral for all taxpayers except retirees, the revenue neutral rate should be 31%. This rate holds all non-retired households harmless, but results in increased revenues because additional retirement income will be subject to tax relative to current law. The impact of the rate is:

	FY_'92				FY '93	
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
Individual Income Tax (01)	311,176,000	330,468,000	19,292,000	327,201,000	349,251,000	22,050,000

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0996, third reading, as amended

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act repealing the existing state individual income tax and imposing a state income tax based on a percentage of the federal income tax payable on Montana taxable income; and providing an immediate effective date and an applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Individual income tax collections under current law are \$327,201,000 in FY93 (OBPP).
- 2. The tax base for this proposal is federal taxable income, less any income exempted from state taxation under federal laws, or the federal constitution, plus non-Montana state and local government interest income.
- 3. Under the proposal, state income taxes will be 30% of the taxpayer's adjusted federal tax liability net of federal credits. The amount of federal credits available to reduce adjusted federal tax liability is \$22 million in FY93, \$23 million in FY94, and \$24 million in FY95.
- 4. Retirees will be entitled to a tax credit equal to 4.5% of the first \$3,600 of retirement benefit payments. This credit reduces total income tax liabilities \$4,869,000 in FY93; \$4,998,000 in FY94; and \$5,217,000 in FY95.
- 5. Because the proposal does not apply until January 1, 1992, there will be minimal revenue impacts in FY92.
- 6. Under current law, all individual income tax collections are deposited in the state general fund.
- 7. Implementing the proposal will require one-time additional administrative expense of \$125,000 in FY92: 2.00 FTE, at \$78,000 and operating expense of \$47,000. Annual (on-going) administrative expense reductions total \$106,903: 1.00 FTE at \$21,160 and operating expense of \$85,743.

FISCAL IMPACT:

see next page

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

ROBERT R. (BOB) REAM, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0996, third reading, as amended

HB 996- #Z

Fiscal Note Request, $\underline{HB0996}$, third reading, as amended Form BD-15 Page 2

FISCAL IMPACT:

		FY '92			FY '93	
Expenditures:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
F.T.E.	0	1.00	1.00	0	(1.00)	(1.00)
Personal Services	0	56,840	56,840	0	(21,160)	(21,160)
Operating Expense	0	(38,743)	(38,743)	0	<u>(85,743</u>)	<u>(85,743)</u>
Total	0	18,097	18,097	0	(106,903)	(106,903)
<u>Funding:</u>			·			
General Fund	0	18,097	18,097	0	(106,903)	(106,903)
Revenues: Individual Income Tax (01)	311,176,000	311,176,000	0	327,201,000	331,508,000	4,307,000
Net General Fund Impact:		(decrease) -	> (18,097)		(increase)-	-> 4,413,903

LONG-RANGE IMPACTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

The proposal provides for a single flat rate of 30% of adjusted federal tax liability beginning in each year after 1991. This rate results in a positive revenue impact of \$4.3 million during the coming biennium. However, Department of Revenue computer simulations indicate that the revenue-neutral rate gradually decreases over time. This results in larger revenue impacts in subsequent years. The following table shows the estimated revenue-neutral rates for fiscal years 1993 through 1995, and the associated revenue impact of this proposal in those years:

CY/FY	Revenue-Neutral Rate (CY)	Revenue Impact (FY)
1992/1993	29.64 %	\$ 4,307,000
1993/1994	29.16 %	\$10,248,000
1994/1995	28.99 %	\$12,903,000

During the 1993 biennium, this proposal is projected to increase liabilities approximately \$4.3 million; during the 1995 biennium liabilities are expected to increase by approximately \$23.1 million.

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 996
2	INTRODUCED BY REAM, VAN VALKENBURG, KIMBERLEY, ELLIOTT,
3	DRISCOLL, COHEN, BARNHART
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING
6	STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX
7	BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON
8	MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133,
9	7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-30-101, 15-30-125,
0	15-30-128, <u>15-30-145</u> , <u>15-30-149</u> , 15-30-162, 15-30-241,
1	15-30-303, 15-30-323, 15-31-131, 15-31-202, 15-32-303,
2	15-33-106, 19-3-105, 19-4-706, 19-5-704, 19-6-705, 19-7-705,
.3	19-8-805, 19-21-212, 53-6-111, AND 67-11-303, MCA; REPEALING
4	SECTIONS 15-30-103, 15-30-105, 15-30-106, 15-30-108,
15	15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114,
16	15-30-115, 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122, 15-30-123,
17	15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136,
8	15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157,
L 9	19-9-1005, AND 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA; AND PROVIDING
20	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND ARETROACTIVE AN
21	APPLICABILITY DATE."
22	
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
24	Section 1. Section 7-14-1133, MCA, is amended to read:
25	"7-14-1133. Bonds and obligations. (1) Except for

•	providing trhancial support to a private development
?	organization, including a corporation organized under Title
1	32, chapter 4, whose purpose is to advance the economic
l	development of its jurisdiction and of the state and its
,	citizens, an authority may borrow money for any of its
,	corporate purposes and issue bonds therefor, including
,	refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as i
3	determines, payable out of any revenues of the authority

- (a) any port or transportation and storage facility;
- (b) taxes levied pursuant to 7-14-1131 or 67-10-402;
- 12 (c) grants or contributions from the federal
 13 government; or
 - (d) other sources.

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

25

including revenues derived from:

(2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the authority, without an election and without any limitation of amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make

the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that year.

- (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in this part, any bonds issued pursuant to this part by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- (4) Bonds issued by an authority, county, or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this part are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within-the meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) (section-6(2)(c)).
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, county, or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this part, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and

maintenance of the facilities.

(6) Nothing in this section or 7-14-1134 may be construed to limit the use of port authority revenues, including federal and state money as described in 7-14-1136, to make grants and loans or to otherwise provide financial and other support to private development organizations, including corporations organized under the provisions of the development corporation act in Title 32, chapter 4. Under no circumstances may the credit of the state, county, or municipal governments or their agencies or authorities be pledged to provide financial support to such development organizations."

Section 2. Section 7-34-2416, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-34-2416. Tax-exempt status of bonds. Bonds issued by a county pursuant to the provisions of 7-34-2411 through 7-34-2418 are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the-meaning-of 15-38-111(2)(a) (section-6(2)(c))."

Section 3. Section 13-37-218, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-37-218. Limitations on receipts from political committees. (1) A candidate for the state senate may receive no more than \$1,000 in total combined monetary contributions from all political committees contributing to his campaign, and a candidate for the state house of representatives may receive no more than \$600 in total combined monetary

- 1 contributions from all political committees contributing to 2 his campaign. The foregoing limitations shall be multiplied by the inflation factor as defined in 15-30-101(8) 3 4 subsection (2) for the year in which general elections are held after 1984; the resulting figure shall be rounded off 5 to the nearest \$50 increment. The commissioner of political 7 practices shall publish the revised limitations as a rule. 8 In-kind contributions may not be included in computing these limitation totals. The limitation provided in this section 9 does not apply to contributions made by a political party 10 11 eligible for a primary election under 13-10-601.
 - (2) As used in this section, "inflation factor" means a number determined for each year by dividing the consumer price index for June of the year by the consumer price index for June of 1980."

13

14

15

25

- Section 4. Section 13-37-303, MCA, is amended to read: 16 17 *13-37-303. Donation by taxpayer. (1) An individual whose withheld income tax or payment of estimated tax 18 19 exceeds by more than \$1 his income tax liability for the taxable year may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund. In the 20 21 case of a joint return; --as--provided--in--15-30-1427 of a 22 husband and wife having an income tax overpayment as defined in 15-30-149 of \$2 or more, each spouse may donate \$1 to be 23 24 paid to the fund.
 - (2) An individual with an unpaid tax liability may at

-5-

- the time of payment donate an extra \$1 to be paid to the fund.
- 3 (3) The department shall provide a place on the face of
 4 the blank form of return, provided for in 15-30-144, where
 5 an individual may make the donations provided for in
 6 subsections (1) and (2). The form shall adequately explain
 7 the individual's option to donate \$1 to the fund."
- Section 5. Section 15-30-101, MCA, is amended to read:
- 9 "15-30-101. Definitions. For the purpose of this 10 chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the 11 following definitions apply:
- 12 (1)--*Base-year-structure*-means-the-following--elements
 13 of-the-income-tax-structure:
- 14 (a)--the--tax--brackets--established--in--15-30-1037-but
 15 unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1037-in-effect-on-June
 16 30-of-the-taxable-year?
- 17 (b)--the--exemptions---contained---in---15-30-1127---but
 18 unadjusted--by--subsections--(7)--and--(8)--of-15-30-1127-in
 19 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year;
- 20 te)--the--maximum---standard---deduction---provided---in
 21 ±5-30-1227-but-unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1227-in
 22 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year-
- 23 t2)--"Consumer--price--index"--means--the-consumer-price
 24 index;-United-States-city-average;-for-all-items;-using--the
 25 1967--base--of--188--as--published--by--the--bureau-of-labor

1	statistics-of-the-U+S+-department-of-labor-
2	(3)(1) "Department" means the department of revenue.
3	(4)"Bividend"meansanydistributionmadebya
4	corporationoutofitsearningsorprofitstoits
5	shareholdersormembersywhetherincashorinother
6	property-or-in-stock-of-the-corporation,otherthanstock
7	dividendsashereindefined;"Stock-dividends"-means-new
8	stockissued;forsurplusorprofitscapitalized;to
9	shareholders-in-proportion-to-their-previous-holdings-
10	<pre>f5;(2) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,</pre>
11	administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person, whether
12	individual or corporate, acting in any fiduciary capacity
13	for any person, trust, or estate.
14	(6)(3) "Foreign country" or "foreign government" means
15	any jurisdiction other than the one embraced within the
16	United States, its territories and possessions.
17	(7)¤Gross-income"-means-thetaxpayerisgrossincome
18	forfederal-income-tax-purposes-as-defined-in-section-61-of
19	the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-or-as-that-section-maybe
20	labeledoramendedyexcludingunemploymentcompensation
21	included in federal managing was absented asserts

section-85-of-the-internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-as-amended+

each--taxable--year-by-dividing-the-consumer-price-index-for

June-of-the-taxable-year-by-the--consumer--price--index--for

-7-

(8)--#Inflation-factor#-means-a-number--determined--for

22

23

24

25

1	June7-1980:
2	(4) "Individual" means a natural person, whether
3	married or unmarried, adult or minor, subject to payment of
4	an income tax under the Internal Revenue Code.
5	(9)(5) "Information agents" includes all individuals,
6	corporations, associations, and partnerships, in whatever
7	capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or
8	personal property, fiduciaries, brokers, real estate
9	brokers, employers, and all officers and employees of the
10	state or of any municipal corporation or political
11	subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt,
L 2	custody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries,
L3	wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations,
4	emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or
15	periodical gains, profits, and income with respect to which
16	any person or fiduciary is taxable under this chapter.
17	(10)-"Knowingly"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-
18	(11)-"Net-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-incomeofa
19	taxpayer-less-the-deductions-allowed-by-this-chapter:
20	(12)-"Paid",forthepurposesofthe-deductions-and
21	credits-under-this-chapter;-means-paid-or-accrued-or-paid-or
22	incurred,-and-the-terms-"paidorincurred"and"paidor
23	accrued"shallbeconstruedaccordingtothe-method-of

24

25

computed-under-this-chapter-

accounting-upon-the-basis-of-which--the--taxable--income--is

_	(30, 000,000) 00 00 000,000 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
2	(14)-"Received"7forthepurposeofcomputationof
3	taxable-income-under-this-chaptery-means-received-or-accrued
4	andtheterm"receivedoraccrued"shallbe-construed
5	according-to-the-method-ofaccountinguponthebasisof
6	which-the-taxable-income-is-computed-under-this-chapter-
7	(6) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
8	Code of 1954, redesignated as the "Internal Revenue Code of
9	1986" by section 2 of Public Law 99-514, as that code may be
10	amended from time to time by the United States congress. It
11	is the specific intent of the legislature that all
12	amendments by the United States congress must be
13	incorporated into the context of any section of Title 15
14	referring to the Internal Revenue Code.
15	(7) "MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF
16	INCOME A NONRESIDENT OR PART-YEAR RESIDENT RECEIVES FROM
17	SOURCES WITHIN MONTANA. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INCOME
18	EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS OR CONSTITUTION
19	OF THE UNITED STATES.
20	<pre> [77](8) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, </pre>
21	or a partnership.
22	(15)(8)(9) "Resident" applies only to natural persons
23	and includes, for the purpose of determining liability to
24	the tax imposed by this chapter with reference to the income
25	of any taxable year, any person domiciled in the state of

1	Montana and any other person who maintains a permanent place
2	of abode within the state even though temporarily absent
3	from the state and has not established a residence
4	elsewhere.
5	(16)-"Taxable-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income-or
6	ataxpayerless-the-deductions-and-exemptions-provided-for
7	in-this-chapter-
8	(± 7) (10) "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable
9	year for federal income tax purposes.
10	(18)(11) "Taxpayer" includes any person o
11	fiduciary, resident or nonresident, subject to a tax impose
12	by this chapter and does not include corporations."
13	NEW SECTION. Section 6. State income tax as percentage
14	of federal. (1) A state income tax is imposed and must b
15	paid and collected for each taxable year upon:
16	(a) the federal adjusted FEDERAL taxable income derive
17	from sources within and outside Montana of each resident an
18	fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal incom
19	taxes under the Internal Revenue Code: and

(b) the federal adjusted FEDERAL taxable income derived

(2) "Pederal-adjusted ADJUSTED FEDERAL taxable income"

from sources within Montana of each nonresident and fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income

means the taxpayer's taxable income, as determined for

-10-

taxes under the Internal Revenue Code; and

taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.

20

21

23

24

HB 0996/02

federal income taxes under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, with the following additional deductions:

- (a) income--earned-by-an-enrolled-member-of-a-federally recognized-Indian-tribe-during-the-time-he--both--lives--and works-on-a-reservation;
 - tb>--Montana-income-tax-refunds-or-credits:

- (c)--interest--income--from--obligations--of--the-United
 States-government-to-the-extent-the-income--is--exempt--from
 state-income-tax-under-federal-law;-and
- (d)--military-combat-pay-received-by-a-Montana-resident:

 INCOME EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS OR
 CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES MAY BE DEDUCTED.
- (3)(B) A shareholder of a corporation for which the election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect but for which the election provided under 15-31-202 is not in effect may deduct from his federal taxable income any part of the corporation's undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital or other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in the shareholder's federal taxable income by reason of the election under subchapter S. However, to the shareholder's federal taxable income must be added distributions received from the corporation to the extent the distributions would be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S. election were not in effect.

-11-

- (4) -- Nonresidents-taking-any-of-the-deductions-listed-in
 subsection-(2)-may-claim-only-that--percentage--of--itemized
 deductions-and-the-personal-exemption-deduction-allowed-from
 federal---adjusted--gross--income--that--the--percentage--of
 adjusted-gross-income-earned--from--sources--within--Montana
 bears-to-the-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-gross-income-
 - (5)--If--a-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-taxable-income-is adjusted-for-state-income-tax-purposes-to-include-any-of-the additional-deductions-or-modifications--of--subsections--(2) through--(4)--and--15-30-107--and--15-30-1277-the-taxpayer's federal-income-tax-liability--must--be--recomputed--on--this adjusted--figure--to--allow--the-state-income-tax-rate-to-be applied-against-it:
 - (3) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3)(B), A MONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY PURSUANT TO [SECTION 7] IS THE TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY MULTIPLIED BY THE PERCENTAGE DERIVED FROM DIVIDING THE TAXPAYER'S MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME BY THE TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.
- (B) IF A NONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS

 ZERO OR A LOSS, THEN HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR

 PURPOSES OF DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY

 PURSUANT TO [SECTION 7] IS THE FULL AMOUNT OF HIS FEDERAL

 TAX LIABILITY.

нв 996

-12-

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rate of tax. The late of state 1 2 income--tax--is--32%--of--a--taxpayer's--federal--income-tax 3 liability-excluding-the-self-employment-tax--imposed--under 4 section-1401;-Internal-Revenue-Code;-adjusted-as-provided-in tsection -- 6(5)}. (1) THE RATE OF STATE INCOME TAX IS 30% OF 5 6 THE SUM OF A TAXPAYER'S PEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY LESS 7 FEDERAL CREDITS. 8 (2) IF A TAXPAYER HAS ADJUSTED HIS FEDERAL TAXABLE 9 INCOME AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 6(2)], HE SHALL RECOMPUTE HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY, LESS CREDITS, BEFORE APPLYING 10 11 THE 30% RATE. 12 (3) A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY INCLUDES THE TAX 13 PENALTY ON EARLY DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS OR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT PLANS. 14 TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY DOES NOT INCLUDE 15 SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX OR THE SOCIAL SECURITY TAX ON TIPS. 16 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Nonresidents -- determination 17 of in-state income. A nonresident's income from sources 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 on-stock-of-corporationsy-except-to-the-extent-to-which-this income--is--a--part--of--the-income-derived-from-a-business, trade,-profession,-or-occupation-carried-on-in--this--state; In the case of a business, trade, profession, or occupation 5 carried on partly within and partly outside this state by a 6 nonresident, the income from sources within this state must be determined by apportionment and allocation under rules adopted by the department. NEW SECTION. SECTION 9. NONRESIDENT ALTERNATIVE GROSS 9 RECEIPTS TAX. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE III, 10 11 SECTION 2. OF THE MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT, EVERY NONRESIDENT 12 TAXPAYER REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN AND WHOSE ONLY ACTIVITY 13 IN MONTANA CONSISTS OF MAKING SALES AND WHO DOES NOT OWN OR 14 RENT REAL ESTATE OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WITHIN 15 MONTANA AND WHOSE ANNUAL GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN 16 MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR DOES NOT EXCEED \$100.000 MAY 17 ELECT TO PAY AN INCOME TAX OF 1/2 OF 1% OF THE DOLLAR VOLUME 18 OF GROSS SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. SUCH 19 TAX SHALL BE IN LIEU OF THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER [SECTION 6].

20

21

22

23

COMPACT.

within Montana includes income derived from all property

owned in this state and from every business, trade,

profession, or occupation carried on in this state,

INCLUDING GAIN AND INTEREST RECEIVED FROM THE INSTALLMENT

SALES OF PROPERTY. Ht--does--not--include---income---from

annuities; -- interest--on--bank--deposits; -interest-on-notes;

bonds--or-other-interest-bearing-obligations---or--dividends

THE GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE

YEAR SHALL BE DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF

ARTICLE IV, SECTIONS 16 AND 17, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX

1	RETURN, or fiduciary mentioned in [section 6(1)] s	shall file
2	a return, USING THE SAME FILING STATUS USED 1	TO FILE THE
3	TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL RETURN, with the department sho	owing:

 (a) the amount of tax due and payable as reported on the taxpayer's federal income tax return or as recomputed as required in {section 6+5+7};

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (b) the amount of tax due under [section 7], less credits, if any, claimed against the tax;
- (c) A COMPLETE COPY OF THE FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME

 TAX RETURN AND ALL SUPPORTING SCHEDULES AS FILED, A COPY OF

 ANY AMENDED FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILED, AND

 any other information necessary for administration of the

 state income tax, as may be prescribed by the department.
- (2) If a taxpayer is unable to make his own return, an authorized agent, guardian, or other person charged with the care of the person or property of the taxpayer shall file the return.
- NEW SECTION. Section 11. Payment of state income tax -- refunds -- interest. (1) A taxpayer required to file a state income tax return shall compute the amount of state income tax due and shall, at the time the return is filed, pay to the department any balance of tax in excess of \$1 remaining unpaid after crediting the amount withheld as provided under 15-30-202 or any payment of estimated tax as provided under 15-30-242.

1	(2) AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER THE CURRENT YEAR'S TAX
2	RETURN IS FILED, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL EXAMINE AND VERIFY THE
3	TAX. If the withheld tax or the estimated tax paid exceeds
4	the state income tax due by more than \$1, the department
5	shall refund the excess to the taxpayer within 30 90 days
6	after receiving the return.

- 7 (3) IF THE AMOUNT OF TAX DUE IS GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT
 8 PAID, THE DIFFERENCE MUST BE PAID BY THE TAXPAYER TO THE
 9 DEPARTMENT WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT OF THE
 10 TAX DUE. IF PAYMENT IS MADE AFTER 60 DAYS, INTEREST MUST BE
 11 ADDED AT THE RATE OF 9% PER YEAR ON THE ADDITIONAL TAX. A
 12 PENALTY MAY NOT BE ASSESSED IF THE DEFICIENCY IS PAID WITHIN
 13 60 DAYS AFTER THE FIRST NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT DUE IS MAILED
 14 TO THE TAXPAYER.
 - (3)(4) Except as provided in 15-30-321, interest at a rate of 9% a year must be added to any state income tax or portion of tax, from the due date until paid, whether the taxpayer has been granted a filing extension or not.
- 19 (4)(5) If a joint return is made by husband and wife, 20 the liability with respect to the tax is joint and several.
 - SECTION 12. SECTION 15-30-145, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
 - "15-30-145. Revision of return by department -examination of records and persons. (1) If, in the opinion of the department, any return of a taxpayer is in any essential respect incorrect, it may revise such return. The

15

16

17

18

21

22

23

24

1	department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's
2	correct federal taxable income regardless of whether the
3	internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported
4	federal taxable income. If any taxpayer fails to make return
5	as herein required, the department is authorized to make an
6	estimate of the taxable income of such taxpayer from any
7	information in its possession and to audit and state an
8	account according to such return or the estimate so made by
9	it for the taxes, penalties, and interest due the state from
10	such taxpayer. Except in the case of a person who, with
11	intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a
12	false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this
13	chapter, the amount of tax due under any return shall be
14	determined by the department within 5 years after the return
15	was made and the department thereafter shall be barred from
16	revising any such returns or recomputing the tax due
17	thereon, and no proceeding in court for the collection of
18	such tax shall be instituted after the expiration of said
19	period, notwithstanding the provisions of 15-30-322. The
20	department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's
21	correct federal taxable income within 5 years after the
22	return was made regardless of whether the federal statute of
23	limitations has run. In the case of a person who, with
24	intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a
25	false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this

-17-

chapter, the amount of tax due may be determined at any time after the return is filed and the tax may be collected at any time after it becomes due and, where no return has been filed, the tax may be assessed at any time.

(2) The department, for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of any return or for the purpose of making an estimate of taxable income of any person where information has been obtained, may also examine or cause to have examined by any agent or representative designated by it for that purpose any books, papers, or records of memoranda bearing upon the matters required to be included in the return and may require the attendance of the person rendering the return or any officer or employee of such person or the attendance of any person having knowledge in the premises and may take testimony and require proof material for its information, with power to administer oaths to such person or persons. The department may exercise this power regardless of whether the internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported federal taxable income and regardless of whether the federal statute of limitations has run."

SECTION 13. SECTION 15-30-149, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-30-149. Credits and refunds -- period of limitations. (1) If the department discovers from the examination of a return or upon claim duly filed by a

-18-

HB 996

1

2

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

and the recoverage of the first of the second control of the secon

taxpayer or upon final judgment of a court that the amount of income tax collected is in excess of the amount due or that any penalty or interest was erroneously or illegally collected, the amount of the overpayment shall be credited against any income tax, penalty, or interest then due from the taxpayer and the balance of such excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (2) (a) A credit or refund under the provisions of this section may be allowed only if, prior to the expiration of the period provided by 15-30-145 and by 15-30-146 during which the department may determine tax liability, the taxpayer files a claim or the department determines there has been an overpayment.
- (b) If an overpayment of tax results from a net operating loss carryback, the overpayment may be refunded or credited within the period that expires on the 15th day of the 40th month following the close of the taxable year of the net operating loss if that period expires later than 5 years from the due date of the return for the year to which the net operating loss is carried back.
- delinquent return, or a claim for refund is filed, the department shall examine said the return or claim and either approve or disapprove it. If said the return or claim is approved, the credit or refund shall be made to the taxpayer

within 60 days after the claim is approved; if the return or claim is disallowed, the department shall so notify the taxpayer and shall grant a hearing thereon upon proper application by the taxpayer. If the department disapproves a claim for refund, review of the determination of the department may be had as otherwise provided in this chapter.

- (4) Except as hereinafter provided for, interest shall be allowed on overpayments at the same rate as is charged on delinquent taxes due from the due date of the return or from the date of the overpayment (whichever date is later) to the date the department approves refunding or crediting of the overpayment. With respect to tax paid by withholding or by estimate, the date of overpayment shall be deemed to be the date on which the return for the taxable year was due. No interest shall accrue on an overpayment if the taxpayer elects to have it applied to his estimated tax for the succeeding taxable year, nor shall interest accrue during any period the processing of a return or claim for refund is delayed more than 30 days by reason of failure of the taxpayer to furnish information requested by the department for the purpose of verifying the amount of the overpayment. No interest shall be allowed if:
- (a) the overpayment is refunded within 6 months from the date the return is due or the date the return is filed, whichever date is later;

- 1 (b) the overpayment results from the carryback of a net
 2 operating loss; or
 - (c) the amount of interest is less than \$1.

3

4

5

7

В

15

16

17

- (5) An overpayment not made incident to a bona fide and orderly discharge of an actual income tax liability or one reasonably assumed to be imposed by this law shall not be considered an overpayment with respect to which interest is allowable."
- - (2) A qualifying family member is an individual who:
 - (a) is related to the taxpayer by blood or marriage;
 - (b) (i) is at least 70 years of age; or
- 18 (ii) is diagnosed by a physician as having senile
 19 dementia of the Alzheimer type; and
- 20 (c) has a family income of \$15,000 or less for the 21 taxable year.
- 22 (3) For purposes of this section, "family income"
 23 means, in the case of an individual who is not married, the
 24 <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income of the individual or, in the
 25 case of a married individual, the federal adjusted gross

-21-

- income of the individual and the individual's spouse.
- (4) Qualified elderly care expenses include:
- 3 (a) payments by the taxpayer for home health agency
 4 services provided by an organization certified by the
 5 federal health care financing administration, homemaker
 6 services, adult day care, respite care, or health-care
 7 equipment and supplies:
 - (i) provided to the qualifying family member;
- 9 (ii) provided by an organization or individual not 10 related to the taxpayer or the qualifying family member; and
- 11 (iii) not compensated for by insurance or otherwise;
- 12 (b) subject to the limitations in subsection (4)(a),
 13 payments by the taxpayer for nursing home care of an
 14 individual who is diagnosed by a physician as having senile
 15 dementia of the Alzheimer type.
- 16 (5) The percentage amount of credit allowable under 17 this section is:
- 18 (a) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income 19 does not exceed \$25,000, 30% of qualified elderly care 20 expenses; or
- 21 (b) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income 22 exceeds \$25,000, the greater of:
- 23 (i) 20% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
- 24 (ii) 30% of qualified elderly care expenses, less 1% for 25 each \$2,000 or fraction thereof by which the <u>federal</u>

3

4

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

1.7

18

19

24

25

adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the taxable year exceeds \$25,000.

- 3 (6) The dollar amount of credit allowable under this section is:
 - (a) reduced by \$1 for each dollar of the <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income over \$50,000 for a taxpayer whose federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000;

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (b) limited to \$5,000 per qualifying family member in a taxable year and to \$10,000 total for two or more family members in a taxable year;
 - (c) prorated among multiple taxpayers who each contribute to qualified elderly care expenses of the same qualified family member in a taxable year in the same proportion that their contributions bear to the total qualified elderly care expenses paid by those taxpayers for that qualified family member.
 - (7) A deduction or credit is not allowed under any other provision of this chapter with respect to any amount for which a credit is allowed under this section. The credit allowed under this section may not be claimed as a carryback or carryforward and may not be refunded if the taxpayer has no tax liability.
- (8) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the percentage amount of credit under subsection (5) and the dollar amount of credit under

subsection (6) are limited to one-half of the figures
indicated in those subsections."

*15-30-162. Investment credit. (1) There is allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by 15-30-103 [section 6] a percentage of the credit allowed with respect to certain depreciable property under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or as section 38 may be renumbered or amended. However, rehabilitation costs as set forth under section 46(a)(2)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954,—or-as-section-46(a)(2)(F)—may-be-renumbered-or amended, are not to be included in the computation of the investment credit. The credit is allowed for the purchase and installation of certain qualified property defined by section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954,—as-amended, if the property meets all of the following qualifications:

- (a) it was placed in service in Montana; and
- (b) it was used for the production of Montana adjusted gross income.
- 20 (2) The amount of the credit allowed for the taxable
 21 year is 5% of the amount of credit determined under section
 22 46(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547--as--amended7
 23 or as section 46(a)(2) may be renumbered or amended.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), the investment credit allowed for the taxable year may not

-24-

-23- HB 996

нв 996

НВ 0996/02 HB 0996/02

exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year or \$500, whichever is less.

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- (4) If property for which an investment credit is claimed is used both inside and outside this state, only a portion of the credit is allowed. The credit must be apportioned according to a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the property was located in Montana and the denominator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the taxpayer owned the property. The investment credit may be applied only to the tax liability of the taxpayer who purchases and places in service the property for which an investment credit is claimed. The credit may not be allocated between spouses unless the property is used by a partnership or small business corporation of which they are partners or shareholders.
- (5) The investment credit allowed by this section is subject to recapture as provided for in section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7-or-as-section-47 may-be-renumbered-or-amended."
- Section 16. Section 15-30-241, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-241. Declaration of estimated tax. (1) Every

 Each individual except-farmers, ranchers, or stockmen shall,

 at the time prescribed in subsection (3) of-this-section,

 make a declaration of his estimated tax for the taxable year

- if his-net-income-from-sources-other-than--wages;--salaries;

 bonuses;--or--other-emoluments-can-reasonably-be-expected-to

 equal-or-exceed-his-net-income-from-wages;-salaries;-bonuses

 or-other-emoluments;-which-are-subject-to-withholding he is

 required to file a declaration of his estimated tax under
- 7 (2) In the declaration required under subsection (1) of 8 this section, the individual shall state:

the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

- 9 (a) the amount which he estimates as the amount of tax
 10 under 15-30-103 [section 7] for the taxable year;
- 11 (b) the amount which he estimates will be withheld from 12 wages paid by his employer if said individual is an 13 employee;
- (c) the excess of the amount estimated under subsection
 (2)(a) over the amount estimated under subsection (2)(b),
 which excess for purposes of this section shall be
 considered the estimated tax for the taxable year;
- 18 (d) such other information as may be prescribed in
 19 rules promulgated by the department.
- 20 (3) The declaration required under subsection (1) of
 21 this-section shall be filed with the department on or before
 22 April 15 of the taxable year, except that if the
 23 requirements of subsection (1) of-this--section are first
 24 met:
- 25 (a) after April 1 and before October 1 of the taxable

-26**-** нв 996

-25- HB 996

year, the declaration shall be filed on or before October 15 of the taxable year;

- 3 (b) after October 1 of the taxable year, the 4 declaration shall be filed on or before February 15 of the 5 succeeding taxable year.
 - (4) An individual may make amendments of a declaration filed during the taxable year under subsection (3) of-this section under rules prescribed by the department.
 - (5) If, on or before February 15 of the succeeding taxable year, the taxpayer files a return for the taxable year for which the declaration is required and pays in full the amount computed on his return as payable, then under rules prescribed by the department:
 - (a) if the declaration is not required to be filed during the taxable year but is required to be filed on or before such February 15, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as such declaration; and
 - (b) if the tax shown on the return is greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration previously made or in the last amendments thereof, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as the amendment of the declaration permitted by subsection (4) of-this--section to be filed on or before such February 15.
- 25 (6) The department shall promulgate rules governing

- reasonable extensions of time for filing declarations and paying the estimated tax except in the case of taxpayers who are abroad, and no such extension shall be for more than 6 months.
- (7) If the taxpayer is unable to make his own declaration, the declaration shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such the taxpayer.
- (8) Any individual who fails to file a declaration of estimated tax as required by this section is not subject to the penalties set forth in 15-30-321."
- Section 17. Section 15-30-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-303. Confidentiality of tax records. (1) Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for the department or any deputy, assistant, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this chapter or any other information secured in the administration of this chapter. It is also unlawful to divulge or make known in any manner any federal return or federal return information disclosed on any return or report required by rule of the department or under this chapter.

нв 0996/02

reports and returns shall not be required to produce any of them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except in any action or proceeding to which the department is a party under the provisions of this chapter or any other taxing act or on behalf of any party to any action or proceedings under the provisions of this chapter or such the other act when the reports or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceedings, in either of which events the court may require the production of and may admit in evidence so much of said the reports or of the facts shown thereby as are pertinent to the action or proceedings and no more.

- (3) Nothing herein shall may be construed to prohibit:
- (a) the delivery to a taxpayer or his duly authorized representative of a certified copy of any return or report filed in connection with his tax;
- (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof; or
- (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the report or return of any taxpayer who shall may bring action to set aside or review the tax based thereon or against whom an action or proceeding has been instituted in accordance with the

- provisions of 15-30-311 and 15-30-322.
- 2 (4) Reports and returns shall must be preserved for 3
 3 years and thereafter until the department orders them to be
 4 destroyed.
 - (5) Any offense against subsections (1) through (4) of this--section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and if the offender be is an officer or employee of the state, he shall be dismissed from office and be incapable of holding any public office in this state for a period of 1 year thereafter.
 - (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may permit the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax upon the incomes of individuals or the authorized representative of either such officer to inspect the return of income of any individual or may furnish to such the officer or his authorized representative an abstract of the return of income of any individual or supply him with information concerning any item of income contained in any return or disclosed by the report of any investigation of the income or return of income of any individual, but such permission shall be granted or such information furnished to such officer or his representative

HB 996

HB 0996/02

нв 0996/02

only if the statutes of the United States or of such other state, as the case may be, grant substantially similar privileges to the proper officer of this state charged with the administration of this chapter.

1

2

3

4

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(7) Further, notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the department shall furnish:

(a)--to--the--department--of--justice--all---information necessary--to--identify--those--persons--qualifying--for-the additional-exemption-for-blindness-pursuant-to-15-30-112(4)7 for-the-purpose-of-enabling-the--department--of--justice--to administer-the-provisions-of-61-5-105;

(b)(a) to the department of social and rehabilitation services information acquired under 15-30-301, pertaining to an applicant for public assistance, reasonably necessary for the prevention and detection of public assistance fraud and abuse, provided notice to the applicant has been given;

ter(b) to the department of fish, wildlife, and parks specific information that is available from income tax returns and required under 87-2-102 to establish the residency requirements of an applicant for hunting and fishing licenses; and

(d)(c) to the board of regents information required under 20-26-1111."

Section 18. Section 15-30-323, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-30-323. Penalty for deficiency. (1) If the payment

-31-

required by 15-30-142+6+ [section 10 11] is not made within 1 60 days or if the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there shall be added to the amount of the deficiency 5% thereof; provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than \$2. Interest will be computed at the rate of 9% per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the 10 return and tax were originally due as distinguished from the due date as it may have been extended to the date of 11 12 payment.

(2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition interest thereon at the rate of 9% per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment."

Section 19. Section 15-31-131, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-131. Credit for dependent care assistance. (1)

There is a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter allowable to an employer for amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year by the employer for dependent care assistance actually provided to or on behalf of an employee if the assistance is furnished by a registered or licensed day-care provider and pursuant to a program that meets the requirements of section 89(k) and

HB 996

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

-32- HB 996

НВ 0996/02 НВ 0996/02

1 129(d)(2) through (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 2 (2) (a) The amount of the credit allowed under
 3 subsection (1) is 15% of the amount paid or incurred by the
 4 employer during the taxable year, but the credit may not
 5 exceed \$1,250 of day-care assistance actually provided to or
 6 on behalf of the employee.
- 7 (b) For the purposes of this subsection, marital status 8 must be determined under the rules of section 21(e)(3) and 9 (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (c) In the case of an onsite facility, the amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based, with respect to any dependent, must be based upon utilization and the value of the services provided.
 - (3) An amount paid or incurred during the taxable year of an employer in providing dependent care assistance to or on behalf of any employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under subsection (1) if the amount was paid or incurred to an individual described in section 129(c)(1) or (2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (4) An amount paid or incurred by an employer to provide dependent care assistance to or on behalf of an employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under subsection (1) if the amount is paid or incurred pursuant to a salary reduction plan or is paid or incurred for services not performed within this state.

~33~

- 1 (5) If the credit allowed under subsection (1) is
 2 claimed, the amount of any deduction allowed or allowable
 3 under this chapter for the amount that qualifies for the
 4 credit (or upon which the credit is based) must be reduced
 5 by the dollar amount of the credit allowed. The election to
 6 claim a credit allowed under this section must be made at
 7 the time of filing the tax return.
- (6) The amount upon which the credit allowed under 9 subsection (1) is based may not be included in the gross 10 income of the employee to whom the dependent care assistance 11 is provided. However, the amount excluded from the income of 12 an employee under this section may not 13 limitations provided in section 129(b) of the Internal 14 Revenue Code. For purposes of Title 15, chapter 30, part 2, 15 with respect to an employee to whom dependent care 16 assistance is provided, "wages" does not include any amount 17 excluded under this subsection. Amounts-excluded-under-this 18 subsection-do-not-qualify-as-expenses-for-which-a--deduction 19 is-allowed-to-the-employee-under-15-30-121-
- section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular
 year may be carried forward and offset against the
 taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year.
 Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year
 may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax

-34-

(7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this

year, and likewise through the fifth year succeeding the tax
year in which the credit was first allowed or allowable. A
credit may not be carried forward beyond the fifth
succeeding tax year.

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- (8) If the taxpayer is an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the taxpayer elects to take tax credit relief, the election may be made on behalf of the corporation's shareholders. A shareholder's credit must be computed using the shareholder's pro rata share of the corporation's costs that qualify for the credit. In all other respects, the effect of the tax credit applies to the corporation as otherwise provided by law.
- (9) For purposes of the credit allowed under subsection (1):
 - (a) The the definitions and special rules contained in section 129(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the extent applicable; and
 - (b) "Employer" "employer" means an employer carrying on a business, trade, occupation, or profession in this state.
- 20 (c)--"Internal--Revenue-Code"-means-the-federal-Internal
 21 Revenue-Code-as-amended-and-in-effect-on-January-17-1989:"
- Section 20. Section 15-31-202, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "15-31-202. Election by small business corporation. (1)
- 24 A small business corporation may elect not to be subject to
- 25 the taxes imposed by this chapter.

- 1 (2) If a small business corporation makes an election 2 under subsection (1), then:
- 3 (a) with respect to the taxable years of the
 4 corporation for which such election is in effect, such
 5 corporation is not subject to the taxes imposed by this
 6 chapter and, with respect to such taxable years and all
 7 succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply
 8 to such corporation; and
- 9 (b) with respect to the taxable years of a shareholder
 10 of such corporation in which or with which the taxable years
 11 of the corporation for which such election is in effect end,
 12 the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder, and
 13 with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding
 14 taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such
 15 shareholder.
- 16 (3) An election under subsection (1) must be made in 17 accordance with rules prescribed by the department of 18 revenue.
- 19 (4) This election is not effective unless the corporate
 20 net income or loss of such electing corporation is included
 21 in the stockholders' <u>federal</u> adjusted gross <u>taxable</u> income
 22 as defined in ±5-30-±± [section 6].
- 23 (5) Every electing corporation is required to pay the 24 minimum fee of \$10 required by 15-31-204."
- Section 21. Section 15-32-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-32-303. Deduction for purchase of Montana produced organic fertilizer. In addition to all other deductions from adjusted-gross-individual-income-allowed-in--computing taxable-income-under-Title-157-chapter-307-or-from gross corporate income allowed in computing net income under Title 15, chapter 31, part 1, a taxpayer corporation may deduct his its expenditures for organic fertilizer produced in Montana and used in Montana if the expenditure was not otherwise deducted in computing taxable income."

1

2

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Section 22. Section 15-33-106, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-33-106. Capital gains -- dividends exempted. Any
capital gains or dividend income realized by an--individual
or a corporation from an investment in an SBIC organized in
accordance with this part is exempt from taxation under the
provisions of Title 15, chapters-30 and chapter 31."

Section 23. Section 53-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

*53-6-111. Department charged with general administration of medical assistance -- adoption of rules to punish fraud. (1) The department of social and rehabilitation services is hereby authorized and empowered to administer and supervise a vendor payment program of medical assistance under the powers, duties, and functions provided in chapter 2 of this title, as amended, and as contemplated by the provisions of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act.

-37-

- 1 (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a 2 system of penalties and sanctions applicable to providers of
- 3 medical assistance services and supplies who engage in
- 4 fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities. The department
- 5 shall define by rule those activities which are fraudulent,
- 6 abusive, or improper.
- 7 (3) The penalties or sanctions imposed include but are 8 not limited to:
- 9 (a) required courses of education in the rules10 governing the medicaid program;
- 11 (b) withholding of payments to offset previous improper 12 payments to a provider;
- 13 (c) suspension of payments to a provider pending 14 resolution of a dispute involving fraudulent, abusive, or 15 improper activities;
- (d) suspension of participation in the program for a specified period of time; and
- 18 (e) permanent termination of participation in the 19 medical assistance program.
- 20 (4) The department is entitled to recover from a 21 provider all amounts paid as a result of fraudulent, 22 abusive, or improper activities, together with interest at
- 23 the rate set by 15-30-142 [section 10 11] for tax
- 24 deficiencies from the date of such payment.
- 25 (5) In all cases in which a penalty or sanction may be

-38- HB 996

HB 0996/02

нв 996

والمنازي والمرازي والمناز والمناز والمنازي والمناز والمناز والمناز والمنازي والمنازي

2 3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- imposed, a provider is entitled to a hearing under the provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."
- 3 Section 24. Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to read:
- "67-11-303. Bonds and obligations. (1) An authority may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its S
- 6 bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and
 - upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:
- 9 (a) an airport or air navigation facility or
- facilities: 10

1

2

7

8

25

- 11 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law for
- 12 airport purposes;
- (c) grants or contributions from 13 federal
- 14 government; or
- 15 (d) other sources.
- (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 16
- authority, without an election and without any limitation of 17
- amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time 18
- if the total amount of principal and interest to become due 19
- in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds 20
- for which revenues from the same source or sources are 21
- pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received 22
- in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the 23
- issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action 24
- necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect

-39-

pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to 15 be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose 16 a political subdivision within---the--meaning--of

rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged,

sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in

such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and

may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as

otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued pursuant to this

chapter by an authority may be payable as to principal and

interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall

state on their face the applicable limitations or

restrictions regarding the source from which such principal

(4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality

(3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and

- 17 15-30-111(2)(a) fsection-6(2)(c)).

and interest are payable.

interest due in that year.

- 18 (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority
- 19 or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any
- 20 covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any
- 21 additional powers authorized to be exercised by a
- 22 municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The
- 23 sums required from time to time to pay principal and
- 24 interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds
- 25 may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter.

prior to the payment of current costs of operation and 1 maintenance of the facilities. 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(6) Subject to the conditions stated in this subsection (6), the governing body of any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency; and may further covenant that at any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues

-41-

1 appropriated for such bonds in such manner as the 2 municipalities may determine. The resolution shall state the 3 principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the substance 4 of the covenant respecting deficiencies. No such resolution becomes effective until the question of its approval has been submitted to the qualified electors of the municipality 6 at a special election called for that purpose by the 7 8 governing body of the municipality and a majority of the 9 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 10 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the 11 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 12 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an 13 election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 14 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 15 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the 16 electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 17 resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the 18 covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies 19 pursuant to this section, but such municipality or authority 20 may nevertheless issue bonds under this chapter payable 21 solely from the sources referred to in subsection (1) 22 above."

23 Section 25. Section 19-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:

24 *19-3-105. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. The

-42-

right of a person to a retirement allowance or any other

HB 996

HB 996

1	benefit under this chapter and the moneys in the fund
2	created under this chapter is not:
3	(1) subject to execution, garnishment, attachment, or
4	any other process;
5	(2)subject-to-state;-county;-or-municipal-taxes-except
6	for-a-refund-paid-under-19-3-703-of-a-member-s-contributions
7	picked-up-by-an-employer-after-dune-30,-1985,-as-provided-in
8	19-3-7017-or
9	(3) or assignable except as in this chapter
10	specifically provided."
11	Section 26. Section 19-4-706, MCA, is amended to read:
12	"19-4-706. Exemption from taxation-and legal process.
13	The pensions, annuities, or any other benefits accrued or
14	accruing to any person under the provisions of the
15	retirement system and the accumulated contributions and cash
16	and securities in the various funds of the retirement system
17	are÷
18	(1)exempted-from-any-state;-county;-ormunicipaltax
19	ofthestate-of-Montana-except-for-a-withdrawal-paid-under
20	19-4-603ofamembertscontributionspickedupbya
21	employer-after-June-30;-1985;-as-provided-in-19-4-602;
22	(2) not subject to execution, garnishment, attachmen
23	by trustee process or otherwise, in law or equity, or an
24	other process; and
25	+3+ unassignable except as specifically provided in

-43-

2	Section 27. Section 19-5-704, MCA, is amended to read:
3	"19-5-704. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
4	money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
5	annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any o
6	these shall-be is exempt from any state-or-municipal-tax-and
7	from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or any othe
8	process whatsoever and shall-be is unassignable except a
9	specifically provided in 19-5-705."

this chapter."

15

16

17

18

23

- Section 28. Section 19-6-705, MCA, is amended to read:

 "19-6-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
 these is:
 - (1)--exempt--from--any--state;--county;-or-municipal-tax
 except-for-a--refund--paid--under--19-6-403--of--a--member+s
 contributions--picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-30;-1905;
 as-provided-in-19-6-402;
- 19 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or 20 any other process; and
- 21 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 22 19-6-706."
 - Section 29. Section 19-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 "19-7-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
 25 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state

-44-

нв 996

- 1 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
 2 these is:
- 3 (1)--exempt-from-any-state;--county;--or--municipal--tax
 4 except--for--a--refund--paid-under-19-7-304(1)-of-a-member-s
 5 contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-30;--1985;
 6 as-provided-in-19-7-403;
- 7 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
 8 any other process; and
- 9 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 19-7-706."
- 11 Section 30. Section 19-8-805, MCA, is amended to read:
- 12 "19-8-805. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
 13 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
 14 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
 15 these is:
- 16 (+)--exempt--from--any--state; --county; -or-municipal-tax

 17 except-for-a-refund-paid--under--19-8-503--of--the--member's

 18 contributions--picked-up-by-an-employer-after-dune-30; -1905;

 19 as-provided-in-19-0-502;
- 20 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or 21 any other process; and
- 22 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 23 19-8-806."
- Section 31. Section 19-21-212, MCA, is amended to read:
- 25 "19-21-212. Exemption from taxation; legal process; and

assessments. All contracts, benefits, and contributions

- 2 under the optional retirement program and the earnings
- 3 thereon are:
- 4 (1)--exempt-from-any-state;-county;-or-municipal-tax;
- 5 (2)(1) not subject to execution, garnishment, 6 attachment, or other process;
- 7 (3)(2) not covered or assessable by an insurance 8 quaranty association; and
- 9 (4)(3) unassignable except as specifically provided in the contracts."
- 11 Section 32. Section 15-30-125, MCA, is amended to read:
- 12 "15-30-125. Credit for energy-conserving investments.
- 13 (1) There is a credit against tax liability under this
- 14 chapter as provided in 15-32-109.
- 15 (2) A temporary resident is allowed the credit allowed
- 16 a resident under 15-32-109 to the extent the credit was
- 17 expended in Montana during-the during the course of his
- 18 residency."
- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 33. Repealer. Sections 15-30-103,
- 20 15-30-105, 15-30-106, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111,
- 21 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115, 15-30-117,
- 22 15-30-121, 15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131,
- 23 15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142,
- 24 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, and 19-13-1003,
- 25 AND 80-12-211, MCA, are repealed.

NEW SECTION. Section 34. Codification instruction —

instruction to code commissioner. (1) [Sections 6 through 10

11] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title

15, chapter 30, part 1, and the provisions of Title 15,

chapter 30, part 1, apply to [sections 6 through 10 11].

6

7

8

12

13

14

15

16

21 22

23

24

25

- (2) The code commissioner is instructed to make changes throughout the Montana Code Annotated to reflect the change in definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in 15-30-101.
- 9 NEW SECTION. SECTION 35. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. (1)
 10 IF SENATE BILL NO. 333 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE
 11 LANGUAGE IN [SECTION 6(3) OF THIS ACT] IS VOID.
 - (2) IF SENATE BILL NO. 445 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
 THE APPEAL PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THAT BILL GOVERN THE
 APPEAL PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN [THIS ACT] AND THE 90-DAY
 PROVISION IN [SECTION 10 OF THIS ACT] MUST BE CHANGED TO 60
 DAYS.
- NEW SECTION. Section 36. Saving clause. [This act]
 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
 [the effective date of this act].
 - NEW SECTION. Section 37. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are

- severable from the invalid applications.
- 2 NEW SECTION. Section 38. TRETTOACTIVE Tapplicability
 3 APPLICABILITY. [This act] applies retroactively, within-the
- 4 meaning---of--1-2-1097 to taxable years beginning after
- 5 December 31, 1990 1991.
- NEW SECTION. Section 39. Effective date. [This act] is
- 7 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

-48-

52nd Legislature HB 0996/03 HB 0996/03

1

25

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 996
2	INTRODUCED BY REAM, VAN VALKENBURG, KIMBERLEY, ELLIOTT,
3	DRISCOLL, COHEN, BARNHART
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING
6	STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX
7	BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON
8	MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133,
9	7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-30-101, 15-30-125,
10	15-30-128, <u>15-30-145</u> , <u>15-30-149</u> , 15-30-162, 15-30-241,
11	15-30-303, 15-30-323, 15-31-131, 15-31-202, 15-32-303,
12	15-33-106, 19-3-105, 19-4-706, 19-5-704, 19-6-705, 19-7-705,
13	19-8-805, 19-21-212, 53-6-111, AND 67-11-303, MCA; REPEALING
14	SECTIONS 15-30-103, 15-30-105, <u>15-30-106</u> , 15-30-108,
15	15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114,
16	15-30-115, 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122, 15-30-123,
17	15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136,
18	15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157,
19	19-9-1005, AND 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA; AND PROVIDING
20	AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND ARETROACTIVE AN
21	APPLICABILITY DATE."
22	
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
24	Section 1. Section 7-14-1133, MCA, is amended to read:
25	*7-14-1133. Bonds and obligations. (1) Except for

organization, including a corporation organized under Title 2 32, chapter 4, whose purpose is to advance the economic development of its jurisdiction and of the state and its citizens, an authority may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines, payable out of any revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from: 10 (a) any port or transportation and storage facility; 11 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 7-14-1131 or 67-10-402; 12 (c) grants or contributions from the federal 13 government; or 14 (d) other sources. (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 15 16 authority, without an election and without any limitation of amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if 17 the total amount of principal and interest to become due in 18 19 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for 20 which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the 21 amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 22 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 23 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and 24 possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges,

providing financial support to a private development

rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make

нв 0996/03

the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that year.

- (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in this part, any bonds issued pursuant to this part by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- (4) Bonds issued by an authority, county, or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this part are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within-the meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) (section-6(2)(c)).
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, county, or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this part, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and

-3-

maintenance of the facilities.

(6) Nothing in this section or 7-14-1134 may be construed to limit the use of port authority revenues, including federal and state money as described in 7-14-1136, to make grants and loans or to otherwise provide financial and other support to private development organizations, including corporations organized under the provisions of the development corporation act in Title 32, chapter 4. Under no circumstances may the credit of the state, county, or municipal governments or their agencies or authorities be pledged to provide financial support to such development organizations."

Section 2. Section 7-34-2416, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-34-2416. Tax-exempt status of bonds. Bonds issued by a county pursuant to the provisions of 7-34-2411 through 7-34-2418 are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the-meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) issection-6(2)(c)1."

Section 3. Section 13-37-218, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-37-218. Limitations on receipts from political
committees. (1) A candidate for the state senate may receive

no more than \$1,000 in total combined monetary contributions from all political committees contributing to his campaign,

24 and a candidate for the state house of representatives may

25 receive no more than \$600 in total combined monetar.

receive no more than \$600 in total combined monetary

нв 996

нв 996

HB 0996/03

7

HB 0996/03

1	contributions from all political committees contributing to
2	his campaign. The foregoing limitations shall be multiplied
3	by the inflation factor as defined in $15-3\theta-101(8)$
4	subsection (2) for the year in which general elections are
5	held after 1984; the resulting figure shall be rounded off
6	to the nearest \$50 increment. The commissioner of political
7	practices shall publish the revised limitations as a rule.
8	In-kind contributions may not be included in computing these
9	limitation totals. The limitation provided in this section
10	does not apply to contributions made by a political party
11	eligible for a primary election under 13-10-601.

(2) As used in this section, "inflation factor" means a number determined for each year by dividing the consumer price index for June of the year by the consumer price index for June of 1980."

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Section 4. Section 13-37-303, MCA, is amended to read: *13-37-303. Donation by taxpayer. (1) An individual whose withheld income tax or payment of estimated tax exceeds by more than \$1 his income tax liability for the taxable year may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund. In the case of a joint return; --as--provided--in--15-30-142; of a husband and wife having an income tax overpayment as defined in 15-30-149 of \$2 or more, each spouse may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund.
- (2) An individual with an unpaid tax liability may at

1	the	time	of	payment	donate an	extra	\$1	to	be	paid	to	the
2	fund	١.										

- (3) The department shall provide a place on the face of 3 the blank form of return, provided for in 15-30-144, where an individual may make the donations provided for in subsections (1) and (2). The form shall adequately explain the individual's option to donate \$1 to the fund."
- Section 5. Section 15-30-101, MCA, is amended to read: 8
- *15-30-101. Definitions. For the purpose of this 9 10 chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the 11 following definitions apply:
- 12 (1)-- "Base-year-structure"-means-the-following--elements 13 of-the-income-tax-structure:
- 14 ta)--the--tax--brackets--established--in--15-30-1037-but 15 unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1037-in-effect-on-June 16 30-of-the-taxable-year;
- 17 tb)--the--exemptions---contained---in---15-30-1127---but 18 unadjusted--by--subsections--(7)--and--(8)--of-15-30-1127-in 19 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year;
- tc)--the--maximum---standard---deduction---provided---in 20 21 15-30-1227-but-unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1227-in 22 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year-
- 23 +2)--"Consumer--price--index"--means--the-consumer-price 24 index7-United-States-eity-average7-for-all-items7-using--the 25 1967--base--of--100--as--published--by--the--bureau-of-labor

1	statistics-of-the-U-9department-of-labor-									
2	(3) (1)	"Department"	means	the	department	ο£	revenue.			

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- t4)---Bividend---means--any--distribution--made---by---a corporation---out---of---its--earnings--or--profits--to--its shareholders--or--members,--whether--in--cash--or--in--other property-or-in-stock-of-the-corporation,--other--than--stock dividends--as--herein--defined;---Stock-dividends--means-new stock--issued,--for--surplus--or--profits--capitalized,---to
- f5)(2) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,
 administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person, whether
 individual or corporate, acting in any fiduciary capacity
 for any person, trust, or estate.

shareholders-in-proportion-to-their-previous-holdings-

- (6)(3) "Foreign country" or "foreign government" means any jurisdiction other than the one embraced within the United States, its territories and possessions.
- (7)--"Gross-income"-means-the--taxpayer's--gross--income for--federal-income-tax-purposes-as-defined-in-section-61-of the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-or-as-that-section-may--be tabeled--or--amended;--excluding--unemployment--compensation included--in--federal--gross--income-under-the-provisions-of section-85-of-the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-as-amended;
- (8)--#Inflation-factor#-means-a--number--determined--for each--taxable--year-by-dividing-the-consumer-price-index-for dune-of-the-taxable-year-by-the--consumer--price--index--for

1	T.,	-		-1	Δ	α	Δ	
L	₽₽	m	C 7	-1	3	o	v	7

- 2 (4) "Individual" means a natural person, whether
 3 married or unmarried, adult or minor, subject to payment of
 4 an income tax under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (9)(5) "Information agents" includes all individuals, corporations, associations, and partnerships, in whatever capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, fiduciaries, brokers, real estate 9 brokers, employers, and all officers and employees of the 10 state or of any municipal corporation or political 11 subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt, 12 custody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries, 13 wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, 14 emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or 15 periodical gains, profits, and income with respect to which 16 any person or fiduciary is taxable under this chapter.
- 17 (10)-"Knowingly"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-

computed-under-this-chapter-

- 18 (11)-"Net-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income--of--a

 19 taxpayer-less-the-deductions-allowed-by-this-chapter.
- ti2)-"Paid", --for--the--purposes--of--the-deductions-and credits-under-this-chapter, -means-paid-or-accrued-or-paid-or incurred, -and-the-terms-"paid--or--incurred" --and--"paid--or accrued" --shall--be--construed--according--to--the-method-of accounting-upon-the-basis-of-which--the--taxable--income--is

HB 996

2

25

2	(14)-"Received",forthepurposeofcomputationof
3	taxable-income-under-this-chapter,-means-received-or-accrued
4	andtheterm"receivedoraccrued"shallbe-construed
5	according-to-the-method-ofaccountinguponthebasisof
6	which-the-taxable-income-is-computed-under-this-chapter-
7	(6) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
8	Code of 1954, redesignated as the "Internal Revenue Code of
9	1986" by section 2 of Public Law 99-514, as that code may be
10	amended from time to time by the United States congress. It
11	is the specific intent of the legislature that all
12	amendments by the United States congress must be
13	incorporated into the context of any section of Title 15
14	referring to the Internal Revenue Code.
15	(7) "MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF
16	INCOME A NONRESIDENT OR PART-YEAR RESIDENT RECEIVES FROM
17	SOURCES WITHIN MONTANA. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INCOME
18	EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS OR CONSTITUTION
19	OF THE UNITED STATES.
20	(17)(8) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate,
21	or a partnership.
22	(15)+(8)(9) "Resident" applies only to natural persons
23	and includes, for the purpose of determining liability to
-	and another, and property and accommendations are

the tax imposed by this chapter with reference to the income

of any taxable year, any person domiciled in the state of

(13)-"Purposely"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-

1

24

25

```
from the state and has not established a residence
      elsewhere.
 5
         +16+-"Taxable-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of
      a--taxpayer--less-the-deductions-and-exemptions-provided-for
 7
      in-this-chapter-
          f17)f9)(10) "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable
 8
      year for federal income tax purposes.
10
          (18)(11) "Taxpayer"
                                    includes
                                                any person
11
      fiduciary, resident or nonresident, subject to a tax imposed
12
      by this chapter and does not include corporations."
13
          NEW SECTION. Section 6. State income tax as percentage
14
      of federal. (1) A state income tax is imposed and must be
15
      paid and collected for each taxable year upon:
16
          (a) the federal adjusted FEDERAL taxable income derived
17
      from sources within and outside Montana of each resident and
18
      fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income
19
      taxes under the Internal Revenue Code; and
20
          (b) the federal adjusted FEDERAL taxable income derived
21
      from sources within Montana of each nonresident and
22
      fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income
23
      taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.
24
          (2) "Federal-adjusted ADJUSTED FEDERAL taxable income"
```

Montana and any other person who maintains a permanent place

of abode within the state even though temporarily absent

means the taxpayer's taxable income, as determined for

7

9

10

11

12

13

21

22

23

24

25

- federal income taxes under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, with the following additional deductions:
- (a) income--earned-by-an-enrolled-member-of-a-federally recognized-Indian-tribe-during-the-time-he--both--lives--and works-on-a-reservation;
 - tb>--Montana-income-tax-refunds-or-credits+

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- tc)--interest--income--from--obligations--of--the-United States-government-to-the-extent-the-income--is--exempt--from state-income-tax-under-federal-law;-and
- (d)--military-combat-pay-received-by-a-Montana-resident-INCOME EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS OR CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES MAY BE DEDUCTED.
- (3)(B) A shareholder of a corporation for which the election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect but for which the election provided under 15-31-202 is not in effect may deduct from his federal taxable income any part of the corporation's undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital or other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in the shareholder's federal taxable income by reason of the election under subchapter S. However, to the shareholder's federal taxable income must be added distributions received from the corporation to the extent the distributions would be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S. election were not in effect.

- 1 +41--Nonresidents-taking-any-of-the-deductions-listed-in 2 subsection-(2)-may-claim-only-that--percentage--of--itemized deductions-and-the-personal-exemption-deduction-allowed-from federal---adjusted--gross--income--that--the--percentage--of adjusted-gross-income-earned--from--sources--within--Montana bears-to-the-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-gross-income:
 - t5)--If--a-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-taxable-income-is adjusted-for-state-income-tax-purposes-to-include-any-of-the additional-deductions-or-modifications--of--subsections--(2) through--{4}--and--15-30-107--and--15-30-127;-the-taxpayer's federal-income-tax-liability--must--be--recomputed--on--this adjusted-figure--to--allow--the-state-income-tax-rate-to-be applied-against-it-
- 14 (3) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3)(B), A 15 NONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR PURPOSES OF 16 DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY PURSUANT TO 17 [SECTION 7] IS THE TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY 18 MULTIPLIED BY THE PERCENTAGE DERIVED FROM DIVIDING THE 19 TAXPAYER'S MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME BY THE TAXPAYER'S 20 FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.
 - (B) IF A NONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS ZERO OR A LOSS, THEN HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY PURSUANT TO [SECTION 7] IS THE FULL AMOUNT OF HIS FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY.

-12-

HB 0996/03

- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rate of tax. The rate of state 1 2 income--tax--is--32%--of--a--taxpayer*s--federal--income-tax 3 liability,-excluding-the-self-employment-tax--imposed--under 4 section-14017-Internal-Revenue-Code7-adjusted-as-provided-in 5 fsection--6(5)]: (1) THE RATE OF STATE INCOME TAX IS 30% OF THE SUM OF A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY LESS 7 FEDERAL CREDITS.
- (2) IF A TAXPAYER HAS ADJUSTED HIS FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 6(2)], HE SHALL RECOMPUTE HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY, LESS CREDITS, BEFORE APPLYING 11 THE 30% RATE.

8

9

10

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 12 (3) A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY INCLUDES THE TAX 13 AND PENALTY ON EARLY DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL 14 RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS OR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY DOES NOT INCLUDE 15 16 SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX OR THE SOCIAL SECURITY TAX ON TIPS.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 8. Nonresidents -- determination of in-state income. A nonresident's income from sources within Montana includes income derived from all property owned in this state and from every business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on in this state, INCLUDING GAIN AND INTEREST RECEIVED FROM THE INSTALLMENT SALES OF PROPERTY. It--does--not--include---income---from annuities,--interest--on--bank--deposits,-interest-on-notes, bonds;-or-other-interest-bearing-obliquations;--or--dividends

- 1 on-stock-of-corporationsy-except-to-the-extent-to-which-this
- 2 income--is--a--part--of--the-income-derived-from-a-businessy
- 3 trade;-profession;-or-occupation-carried-on-in--this--state;
- In the case of a business, trade, profession, or occupation
- carried on partly within and partly outside this state by a 5
- nonresident, the income from sources within this state must
 - be determined by apportionment and allocation under rules
- adopted by the department.
- NEW SECTION. SECTION 9. NONRESIDENT ALTERNATIVE GROSS
- 10 RECEIPTS TAX. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE III.
- 11 SECTION 2, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT, EVERY NONRESIDENT
- 12 TAXPAYER REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN AND WHOSE ONLY ACTIVITY
- IN MONTANA CONSISTS OF MAKING SALES AND WHO DOES NOT OWN OR 13
- 14 RENT REAL ESTATE OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WITHIN
- MONTANA AND WHOSE ANNUAL GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN 15
- 16 MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR DOES NOT EXCEED \$100.000 MAY
- 17 ELECT TO PAY AN INCOME TAX OF 1/2 OF 1% OF THE DOLLAR VOLUME
- 18 OF GROSS SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. SUCH
- 19 TAX SHALL BE IN LIEU OF THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER [SECTION 6].
- 20 THE GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE
- 21 YEAR SHALL BE DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF
- 22 ARTICLE IV, SECTIONS 16 AND 17, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX
- 23 COMPACT.
- 24 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Tax return -- contents. (1)
- Each individual, MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT FEDERAL 25

1	RETURN, or fiduciary mentioned in [section 6(1)] shall fi	11e
2	a return, USING THE SAME FILING STATUS USED TO FILE T	гне
3	TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL RETURN, with the department showing:	

- 4 (a) the amount of tax due and payable as reported on 5 the taxpayer's federal income tax return or as recomputed as 6 required in [section 6+5+ 7];
- 7 (b) the amount of tax due under (section 7), less 8 credits, if any, claimed against the tax;

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- (c) A COMPLETE COPY OF THE FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN AND ALL SUPPORTING SCHEDULES AS FILED, A COPY OF ANY AMENDED FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILED. AND any other information necessary for administration of the state income tax, as may be prescribed by the department.
 - (2) If a taxpayer is unable to make his own return, an authorized agent, quardian, or other person charged with the care of the person or property of the taxpayer shall file the return.
- 18 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Payment of state income tax 19 -- refunds -- interest. (1) A taxpayer required to file a 20 state income tax return shall compute the amount of state 21 income tax due and shall, at the time the return is filed, 22 pay to the department any balance of tax in excess of \$1 23 remaining unpaid after crediting the amount withheld as 24 provided under 15-30-202 or any payment of estimated tax as provided under 15-30-242. 25

1	(2) AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER THE CURRENT YEAR'S TAX
2	RETURN IS FILED, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL EXAMINE AND VERIFY THE
3	TAX. If the withheld tax or the estimated tax paid exceeds
4	the state income tax due by more than \$1, the department
5	shall refund the excess to the taxpayer within 90 90 days
6	after receiving the return.

- 7 (3) IF THE AMOUNT OF TAX DUE IS GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT 8 PAID, THE DIFFERENCE MUST BE PAID BY THE TAXPAYER TO THE 9 DEPARTMENT WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT OF THE 10 TAX DUE. IF PAYMENT IS MADE AFTER 60 DAYS, INTEREST MUST BE 11 ADDED AT THE RATE OF 9% PER YEAR ON THE ADDITIONAL TAX. A 12 PENALTY MAY NOT BE ASSESSED IF THE DEFICIENCY IS PAID WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE FIRST NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT DUE IS MAILED 13 14 TO THE TAXPAYER.
- 15 (4) Except as provided in 15-30-321, interest at a 16 rate of 9% a year must be added to any state income tax or 17 portion of tax, from the due date until paid, whether the 18 taxpayer has been granted a filing extension or not.
- 19 t4)(5) If a joint return is made by husband and wife, 20 the liability with respect to the tax is joint and several.

SECTION 12. SECTION 15-30-145, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: *15-30-145. Revision of return by department -examination of records and persons. (1) If, in the opinion

24 of the department, any return of a taxpayer is in any 25

essential respect incorrect, it may revise such return. The

-16-

HB 996

21

22

23

-15-

HB 996

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's
2	correct federal taxable income regardless of whether the
3	internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported
4	federal taxable income. If any taxpayer fails to make return
5	as herein required, the department is authorized to make an
6	estimate of the taxable income of such taxpayer from any
7	information in its possession and to audit and state an
8	account according to such return or the estimate so made by
9	it for the taxes, penalties, and interest due the state from
10	such taxpayer. Except in the case of a person who, with
11	intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a
12	false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this
13	chapter, the amount of tax due under any return shall be
14	determined by the department within 5 years after the return
15	was made and the department thereafter shall be barred from
16	revising any such returns or recomputing the tax due
17	thereon, and no proceeding in court for the collection of
18	such tax shall be instituted after the expiration of said
19	period, notwithstanding the provisions of 15-30-322. The
20	department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's
21	correct federal taxable income within 5 years after the
22	return was made regardless of whether the federal statute of
23	limitations has run. In the case of a person who, with
24	intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a
25	false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this

chapter, the amount of tax due may be determined at any time
after the return is filed and the tax may be collected at
any time after it becomes due and, where no return has been
filed, the tax may be assessed at any time.

(2) The department, for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of any return or for the purpose of making an estimate of taxable income of any person where information has been obtained, may also examine or cause to have examined by any agent or representative designated by it for that purpose any books, papers, or records of memoranda bearing upon the matters required to be included in the return and may require the attendance of the person rendering the return or any officer or employee of such person or the attendance of any person having knowledge in the premises and may take testimony and require proof material for its information, with power to administer oaths to such person or persons. The department may exercise this power regardless of whether the internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported federal taxable income and regardless of whether the federal statute of limitations has run."

22 SECTION 13. SECTION 15-30-149, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: 23 "15-30-149. Credits and refunds -- period of

24 limitations. (1) If the department discovers from the

25 examination of a return or upon claim duly filed by a

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

taxpayer or upon final judgment of a court that the amount of income tax collected is in excess of the amount due or that any penalty or interest was erroneously or illegally collected, the amount of the overpayment shall be credited against any income tax, penalty, or interest then due from the taxpayer and the balance of such excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (2) (a) A credit or refund under the provisions of this section may be allowed only if, prior to the expiration of the period provided by 15-30-145 and by 15-30-146 during which the department may determine tax liability, the taxpayer files a claim or the department determines there has been an overpayment.
- (b) If an overpayment of tax results from a net operating loss carryback, the overpayment may be refunded or credited within the period that expires on the 15th day of the 40th month following the close of the taxable year of the net operating loss if that period expires later than 5 years from the due date of the return for the year to which the net operating loss is carried back.
- (3) Within 6 months after an amended return, a delinquent return, or a claim for refund is filed, the department shall examine said the return or claim and either approve or disapprove it. If said the return or claim is approved, the credit or refund shall be made to the taxpayer

within 60 days after the claim is approved; if the return or
claim is disallowed, the department shall so notify the
taxpayer and shall grant a hearing thereon upon proper
application by the taxpayer. If the department disapproves a
claim for refund, review of the determination of the
department may be had as otherwise provided in this chapter.

- (4) Except as hereinafter provided for, interest shall be allowed on overpayments at the same rate as is charged on delinguent taxes due from the due date of the return or from the date of the overpayment (whichever date is later) to the date the department approves refunding or crediting of the overpayment. With respect to tax paid by withholding or by estimate, the date of overpayment shall be deemed to be the date on which the return for the taxable year was due. No interest shall accrue on an overpayment if the taxpayer elects to have it applied to his estimated tax for the succeeding taxable year, nor shall interest accrue during any period the processing of a return or claim for refund is delayed more than 30 days by reason of failure of the taxpayer to furnish information requested by the department for the purpose of verifying the amount of the overpayment. No interest shall be allowed if:
- (a) the overpayment is refunded within 6 months from the date the return is due or the date the return is filed, whichever date is later;

15

- (b) the overpayment results from the carryback of a net operating loss; or
- (c) the amount of interest is less than \$1.

1

2

3

4

5

7

15

22

23

24

25

- (5) An overpayment not made incident to a bona fide and orderly discharge of an actual income tax liability or one reasonably assumed to be imposed by this law shall not be considered an overpayment with respect to which interest is allowable."
- - (2) A qualifying family member is an individual who:
- 16 (a) is related to the taxpayer by blood or marriage;
- 17 (b) (i) is at least 70 years of age; or
- 18 (ii) is diagnosed by a physician as having senile
 19 dementia of the Alzheimer type; and
- 20 (c) has a family income of \$15,000 or less for the 21 taxable year.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, "family income" means, in the case of an individual who is not married, the federal adjusted gross income of the individual or, in the case of a married individual, the federal adjusted gross

- income of the individual and the individual's spouse.
 - (4) Qualified elderly care expenses include:
- 3 (a) payments by the taxpayer for home health agency
 4 services provided by an organization certified by the
 5 federal health care financing administration, homemaker
 6 services, adult day care, respite care, or health-care
 7 equipment and supplies:
- B (i) provided to the qualifying family member:

dementia of the Alzheimer type.

- 9 (ii) provided by an organization or individual not.

 10 related to the taxpayer or the qualifying family member; and
- 11 (iii) not compensated for by insurance or otherwise;
- 12 (b) subject to the limitations in subsection (4)(a),
 13 payments by the taxpayer for nursing home care of an
 14 individual who is diagnosed by a physician as having senile
- 16 (5) The percentage amount of credit allowable under 17 this section is:
- 18 (a) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income 19 does not exceed \$25,000, 30% of qualified elderly care 20 expenses; or
- 21 (b) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income 22 exceeds \$25,000, the greater of:
- 23 (i) 20% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
- 24 (ii) 30% of qualified elderly care expenses, less 1% for 25 each \$2,000 or fraction thereof by which the federal

HB 996

adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the taxable year exceeds \$25,000.

1

2

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- 3 (6) The dollar amount of credit allowable under this 4 section is:
 - (a) reduced by \$1 for each dollar of the <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income over \$50,000 for a taxpayer whose federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000;
 - (b) limited to \$5,000 per qualifying family member in a taxable year and to \$10,000 total for two or more family members in a taxable year;
 - (c) prorated among multiple taxpayers who each contribute to qualified elderly care expenses of the same qualified family member in a taxable year in the same proportion that their contributions bear to the total qualified elderly care expenses paid by those taxpayers for that qualified family member.
 - (7) A deduction or credit is not allowed under any other provision of this chapter with respect to any amount for which a credit is allowed under this section. The credit allowed under this section may not be claimed as a carryback or carryforward and may not be refunded if the taxpayer has no tax liability.
- 23 (8) In the case of a married individual filing a
 24 separate return, the percentage amount of credit under
 25 subsection (5) and the dollar amount of credit under

subsection (6) are limited to one-half of the figures indicated in those subsections."

Section 15. Section 15-30-162, MCA, is amended to read: 3 *15-30~162. Investment credit. (1) There is allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by 15-30-103 [section 6] a 5 percentage of the credit allowed with respect to certain 7 depreciable property under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or as section 38 may be 9 renumbered or amended. However, rehabilitation costs as set 10 forth under section 46(a)(2)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code 11 of-1954;-or-as-section--46(a)(2)(P)--may--be--renumbered--or 12 amended, are not to be included in the computation of the 13 investment credit. The credit is allowed for the purchase 14 and installation of certain qualified property defined by 15 section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7 16 if the property meets all of the following qualifications:

(a) it was placed in service in Montana; and

17

18

19

- (b) it was used for the production of Montana adjusted gross income.
- 20 (2) The amount of the credit allowed for the taxable
 21 year is 5% of the amount of credit determined under section
 22 46(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7
 23 or as section 46(a)(2) may be renumbered or amended.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2),
 the investment credit allowed for the taxable year may not

HB 996

НВ 0996/03

exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year or \$500, whichever is less.

1 2

3

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- (4) If property for which an investment credit is claimed is used both inside and outside this state, only a portion of the credit is allowed. The credit must be apportioned according to a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the property was located in Montana and the denominator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the taxpayer owned the property. The investment credit may be applied only to the tax liability of the taxpayer who purchases and places in service the property for which an investment credit is claimed. The credit may not be allocated between spouses unless the property is used by a partnership or small business corporation of which they are partners or shareholders.
- (5) The investment credit allowed by this section is subject to recapture as provided for in section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7-or-as-section--47 may-be-renumbered-or-amended."
- Section 16. Section 15-30-241, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-241. Declaration of estimated tax. (1) Every

 Each individual except-farmersy-ranchersy-or-stockmen shall,

 at the time prescribed in subsection (3) of--this--section,

 make a declaration of his estimated tax for the taxable year

bonuses,-or-other-emoluments-can-reasonably-be--expected--to
equal-or-exceed-his-net-income-from-wages,-salaries,-bonuses
or--other-emoluments,-which-are-subject-to-withholding he is
required to file a declaration of his estimated tax under

if his--net-income-from-sources-other-than-wages;-salaries;

7 (2) In the declaration required under subsection (1) of 8 this section, the individual shall state:

the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

- 9 (a) the amount which he estimates as the amount of tax
 10 under \(\frac{15}{30} \frac{103}{30} \) [section 7] for the taxable year;
- 11 (b) the amount which he estimates will be withheld from 12 wages paid by his employer if said individual is an 13 employee;
- (c) the excess of the amount estimated under subsection (2)(a) over the amount estimated under subsection (2)(b), which excess for purposes of this section shall be
- 18 (d) such other information as may be prescribed in
 19 rules promulgated by the department.

considered the estimated tax for the taxable year;

- 20 (3) The declaration required under subsection (1) of 21 this-section shall be filed with the department on or before 22 April 15 of the taxable year, except that if the
- 23 requirements of subsection (1) of-this-section are first
- 24 met:

17

1

25 (a) after April 1 and before October 1 of the taxable

-25- HB 996 -26- HB 996

нв 0996/03 нв 0996/03

year, the declaration shall be filed on or before October 15 of the taxable year;

- (b) after October 1 of the taxable year, the declaration shall be filed on or before February 15 of the succeeding taxable year.
- (4) An individual may make amendments of a declaration filed during the taxable year under subsection (3) of--this section under rules prescribed by the department.
- (5) If, on or before February 15 of the succeeding taxable year, the taxpayer files a return for the taxable year for which the declaration is required and pays in full the amount computed on his return as payable, then under rules prescribed by the department:
- (a) if the declaration is not required to be filed during the taxable year but is required to be filed on or before such February 15, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as such declaration; and
- (b) if the tax shown on the return is greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration previously made or in the last amendments thereof, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as the amendment of the declaration permitted by subsection (4) of-this-section to be filed on or before such February 15.
- (6) The department shall promulgate rules governing

reasonable extensions of time for filing declarations and paying the estimated tax except in the case of taxpayers who are abroad, and no such extension shall be for more than 6 months.

- 5 (7) If the taxpayer is unable to make his own declaration, the declaration shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such the taxpayer.
 - (8) Any individual who fails to file a declaration of estimated tax as required by this section is not subject to the penalties set forth in 15-30-321."
 - *15-30-303. Confidentiality of tax records. (1) Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for the department or any deputy, assistant, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this chapter or any other information secured in the administration of this chapter. It is also unlawful to divulge or make known in any manner any federal return or federal return information disclosed on any return or report required by rule of the department or under this chapter.

-28-

-27- HB 996

BB 996

reports and returns shall not be required to produce any of them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except in any action or proceeding to which the department is a party under the provisions of this chapter or any other taxing act or on behalf of any party to any action or proceedings under the provisions of this chapter or such the other act when the reports or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceedings, in either of which events the court may require the production of and may admit in evidence so much of said the reports or of the facts shown thereby as are pertinent to the action or proceedings and no more.

1

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) Nothing herein shall may be construed to prohibit:
- (a) the delivery to a taxpayer or his duly authorized representative of a certified copy of any return or report filed in connection with his tax;
- (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof; or
- (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the report or return of any taxpayer who shall may bring action to set aside or review the tax based thereon or against whom an action or proceeding has been instituted in accordance with the

1 provisions of 15-30-311 and 15-30-322.

5

10

11

12

25

- 2 (4) Reports and returns shall must be preserved for 3
 3 years and thereafter until the department orders them to be
 4 destroyed.
 - (5) Any offense against subsections (1) through (4) of this-section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and if the offender be is an officer or employee of the state, he shall be dismissed from office and be incapable of holding any public office in this state for a period of 1 year thereafter.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the 13 14 department may permit the commissioner of internal revenue 15 of the United States or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax upon the incomes of individuals or the 16 authorized representative of either such officer to inspect 17 18 the return of income of any individual or may furnish to such the officer or his authorized representative an 19 20 abstract of the return of income of any individual or supply 21 him with information concerning any item of income contained 22 any return or disclosed by the report of any 23 investigation of the income or return of income of any 24 individual, but such permission shall be granted or such

information furnished to such officer or his representative

only	if	the s	statu	tes of	the	Unit	eđ	State	s or	of	such	other
state	, as	the	case	may	be,	gra	int	subs	stanti	all	y si	milar
privi]	leges	s to	the	proper	off	icer	of	this	state	e ch	arged	with
the ad	dmin	istra	tion	of thi	s cha	apter						

- (7) Further, notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the department shall furnish:
- (a)--to---the--department--of--justice--all--information necessary-to--identify--those--persons--qualifying--for--the additional-exemption-for-blindness-pursuant-to-15-30-112(4); for--the--purpose--of--enabling-the-department-of-justice-to administer-the-provisions-of-61-5-105;
- (b)(a) to the department of social and rehabilitation services information acquired under 15-30-301, pertaining to an applicant for public assistance, reasonably necessary for the prevention and detection of public assistance fraud and abuse, provided notice to the applicant has been given;
- fef(b) to the department of fish, wildlife, and parks
 specific information that is available from income tax
 returns and required under 87-2-102 to establish the
 residency requirements of an applicant for hunting and
 fishing licenses; and
- Section 18. Section 15-30-323, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-323. Penalty for deficiency. (1) If the payment

required by 15-36-142(6) [section 10 11] is not made within 60 days or if the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there shall be added to the amount of the deficiency 5% thereof; provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than \$2. Interest will be computed at the rate of 9% per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, the interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the return and tax were originally due as distinguished from the due date as it may have been extended to the date of payment.

(2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition interest thereon at the rate of 9% per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment."

Section 19. Section 15-31-131, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-31-131. Credit for dependent care assistance. (1)

There is a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter allowable to an employer for amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year by the employer for dependent care assistance actually provided to or on behalf of an employee if the assistance is furnished by a registered or licensed day-care provider and pursuant to a program that meets the requirements of section 89(k) and

-32-

-31- HB 996

нв 996

нв 0996/03 нв 0996/03

129(d)(2) through (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (2) (a) The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (1) is 15% of the amount paid or incurred by the employer during the taxable year, but the credit may not exceed \$1,250 of day-care assistance actually provided to or on behalf of the employee.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection, marital status must be determined under the rules of section 21(e)(3) and (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) In the case of an onsite facility, the amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based, with respect to any dependent, must be based upon utilization and the value of the services provided.
- (3) An amount paid or incurred during the taxable year of an employer in providing dependent care assistance to or on behalf of any employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under subsection (1) if the amount was paid or incurred to an individual described in section 129(c)(1) or (2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (4) An amount paid or incurred by an employer to provide dependent care assistance to or on behalf of an employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under subsection (1) if the amount is paid or incurred pursuant to a salary reduction plan or is paid or incurred for services not performed within this state.

- (5) If the credit allowed under subsection (1) is claimed, the amount of any deduction allowed or allowable under this chapter for the amount that qualifies for the credit (or upon which the credit is based) must be reduced by the dollar amount of the credit allowed. The election to claim a credit allowed under this section must be made at the time of filing the tax return.
- В (6) The amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based may not be included in the gross income of the employee to whom the dependent care assistance is provided. However, the amount excluded from the income of an employee under this section may not exceed the limitations provided in section 129(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of Title 15, chapter 30, part 2, with respect to an employee to whom dependent assistance is provided, "wages" does not include any amount excluded under this subsection. Amounts-excluded-under--this subsection--do-not-qualify-as-expenses-for-which-a-deduction is-allowed-to-the-employee-under-15-30-121-
 - (7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax

- year, and likewise through the fifth year succeeding the tax year in which the credit was first allowed or allowable. A credit may not be carried forward beyond the fifth succeeding tax year.
- (8) If the taxpayer is an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the taxpayer elects to take tax credit relief, the election may be made on behalf of the corporation's shareholders. A shareholder's credit must be computed using the shareholder's pro rata share of the corporation's costs that qualify for the credit. In all other respects, the effect of the tax credit applies to the corporation as otherwise provided by law.
- 13 (9) For purposes of the credit allowed under subsection
 14 (1):
- 15 (a) The the definitions and special rules contained in 16 section 129(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the 17 extent applicable; and
 - (b) "Employer" "employer" means an employer carrying on a business, trade, occupation, or profession in this state.
- 20 (c)--"Internal-Revenue-Code"-means-the-federal--Internal
 21 Revenue-Code-as-amended-and-in-effect-on-January-17-1989;"
- 22 Section 20. Section 15-31-202, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "15-31-202. Election by small business corporation. (1)
- 24 A small business corporation may elect not to be subject to
- 25 the taxes imposed by this chapter.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

18

- 1 (2) If a small business corporation makes an election 2 under subsection (1), then:
- 3 (a) with respect to the taxable years of the
 4 corporation for which such election is in effect, such
 5 corporation is not subject to the taxes imposed by this
 6 chapter and, with respect to such taxable years and all
 7 succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply
 8 to such corporation; and
- 9 (b) with respect to the taxable years of a shareholder
 10 of such corporation in which or with which the taxable years
 11 of the corporation for which such election is in effect end,
 12 the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder, and
 13 with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding
 14 taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such
 15 shareholder.
- 16 (3) An election under subsection (1) must be made in 17 accordance with rules prescribed by the department of 18 revenue.
- 19 (4) This election is not effective unless the corporate
 20 net income or loss of such electing corporation is included
 21 in the stockholders' <u>federal</u> adjusted gross <u>taxable</u> income
 22 as defined in ±5-30-111 [section 6].
- 23 (5) Every electing corporation is required to pay the minimum fee of \$10 required by 15-31-204."
- Section 21. Section 15-32-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-32-303. Deduction for purchase of Montana produced organic fertilizer. In addition to all other deductions from adjusted---gross--individual--income--allowed--in--computing taxable-income-under-Title-157-chapter--367---or--from gross corporate income allowed in computing net income under Title 15, chapter 31, part 1, a taxpayer corporation may deduct his its expenditures for organic fertilizer produced in Montana and used in Montana if the expenditure was not otherwise deducted in computing taxable income."

1

2

3

4

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Section 22. Section 15-33-106, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-33-106. Capital gains — dividends exempted. Any capital gains or dividend income realized by an-individual or a corporation from an investment in an SBIC organized in accordance with this part is exempt from taxation under the provisions of Title 15, chapters-30 and chapter 31."

Section 23. Section 53-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-6-111. Department charged with general administration of medical assistance -- adoption of rules to punish fraud. (1) The department of social and rehabilitation services is hereby authorized and empowered to administer and supervise a vendor payment program of medical assistance under the powers, duties, and functions provided in chapter 2 of this title, as amended, and as contemplated by the provisions of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act.

-37-

- 1 (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a 2 system of penalties and sanctions applicable to providers of
 - medical assistance services and supplies who engage in
- 4 fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities. The department
- 5 shall define by rule those activities which are fraudulent,
- 6 abusive, or improper.
- 7 (3) The penalties or sanctions imposed include but are
- 8 not limited to:

3

- 9 (a) required courses of education in the rules
- 10 governing the medicaid program;
- (b) withholding of payments to offset previous improper
- 12 payments to a provider;
- 13 (c) suspension of payments to a provider pending
- 14 resolution of a dispute involving fraudulent, abusive, or
- 15 improper activities;
- 16 (d) suspension of participation in the program for a
- 17 specified period of time; and
- 18 (e) permanent termination of participation in the
- 19 medical assistance program.
- 20 (4) The department is entitled to recover from a
- 21 provider all amounts paid as a result of fraudulent,
- 22 abusive, or improper activities, together with interest at
- 23 the rate set by 15-30-142 [section 10 11] for tax
- 24 deficiencies from the date of such payment.
- (5) In all cases in which a penalty or sanction may be

-38- HB 996

нв 996

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 imposed, a provider is entitled to a hearing under the 2 provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."
- Section 24. Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to read: 3 *67-11-303. Bonds and obligations. (1) An authority may 4 5 borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its 6 bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and 7 upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any 8 revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:
- 9 (a) an airport or air navigation facility or facilities: 10
- 11 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law for 12 airport purposes;
- 13 (c) grants contributions from federal 14 government; or
- 15 (d) other sources.
- 16 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 17 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 18 amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time 19 if the total amount of principal and interest to become due 20 in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds 21 for which revenues from the same source or sources are 22 pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received 23 in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the 24 issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action 25 necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect

- 1 rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, 2 sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in 3 such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and 4 interest due in that year.
- 5 (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as 7 otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued pursuant to this 8 chapter by an authority may be payable as to principal and 9 interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall 10 state on their face the applicable limitations or 11 restrictions regarding the source from which such principal 12 and interest are payable.
- 13 (4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality 14 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to 15 be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose 16 by a political subdivision within---the---meaning---of 17 15-38-111(2)(a) {section-6(2)(c)}.
 - (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter,

HB 0996/03 HB 0996/03

1 prior to the payment of current costs of operation and 2 maintenance of the facilities.

3

4

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

24

(6) Subject to the conditions stated in this subsection (6), the governing body of any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency; and may further covenant that at any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority 22 23 issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment 25 of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues

appropriated for such bonds in such manner as the 1 municipalities may determine. The resolution shall state the 2 principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the substance 3 of the covenant respecting deficiencies. No such resolution 4 becomes effective until the question of its approval has 5 6 been submitted to the qualified electors of the municipality 7 at a special election called for that purpose by the governing body of the municipality and a majority of the 9 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 10 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the 11 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 12 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 13 14 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the 15 15 electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 17 resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the 18 covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies 19 pursuant to this section, but such municipality or authority may nevertheless issue bonds under this chapter payable 20 21 solely from the sources referred to in subsection (1) 22 above."

23 Section 25. Section 19-3-105, MCA, is amended to read: 24 "19-3-105. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. The 25 right of a person to a retirement allowance or any other

3

4 5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

25

1	benefit under this chapter and the moneys in the fund
2	created under this chapter is not:
3	(1) subject to execution, garnishment, attachment, or
4	any other process?
5	(2)subject-to-state;-county;-or-municipal-taxes-except
6	for-a-refund-paid-under-19-3-703-of-a-member-s-contributions
7	picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307-19857-as-provided-in
8	19-3-7017-or
9	+3) or assignable except as in this chapter
10	specifically provided."
11	Section 26. Section 19-4-706, MCA, is amended to read:
12	*19-4-706. Exemption from taxation-and legal process.
13	The pensions, annuities, or any other benefits accrued or
14	accruing to any person under the provisions of the
15	retirement system and the accumulated contributions and cash
16	and securities in the various funds of the retirement system
17	are:
18	(1)exemptedfromany-state;-county;-or-municipal-tax
19	of-the-state-of-Montana-except-for-a-withdrawalpaidunder
20	19-4-603ofamember*scontributionspickedupbyan
21	employer-after-June-307-19857-as-provided-in-19-4-6027
22	(2) not subject to execution, garnishment, attachment
23	by trustee process or otherwise, in law or equity, or any

(3) unassignable except as specifically provided in

24

25

other process; and

this chapter." Section 27. Section 19-5-704, MCA, is amended to read: *19-5-704. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of these shall-be is exempt from any state-or-municipal-tax-and from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or any other process whatsoever and shall-be is unassignable except as specifically provided in 19-5-705." Section 28. Section 19-6-705, MCA, is amended to read: "19-6-705, Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of these is: fl}--exempt-from-any-state;--county;--or--municipal--tex except--for--a--refund--paid--under--19-6-403--of-a-member-s contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307--19857 as-provided-in-19-6-402; (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or any other process; and (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 21 22 19-6-706." 23 Section 29. Section 19-7-705, MCA, is amended to read: 24 *19-7-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state

1

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1	annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
2	these is:
3	<pre>tlyexemptfromanystate;county;-or-municipal-tax</pre>
4	except-for-a-refund-paid-under19-7-304(1)ofamember-s
5	contributionspicked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-30,-1985,
6	as-provided-in-19-7-403;
7	(2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
8	any other process; and
9	+3 is unassignable except as specifically provided in
10	19-7-706."
11	Section 30. Section 19-8-805, MCA, is amended to read:
12	*19-8-805. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
13	money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
14	annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
15	these is:
16	<pre>+1}exempt-from-any-state;county;ormunicipaltax</pre>
17	exceptforarefundpaidunder-19-8-503-of-the-member+:
18	contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-3071985
19	as-provided-in-19-8-502;
20	(2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
21	any other process; and
22	(3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in
23	19-8-806."

Section 31. Section 19-21-212, MCA, is amended to read:

*19-21-212. Exemption from texation, legal process, and

-45-

24

25

```
assessments. All contracts, benefits, and contributions
under the optional retirement program and the earnings
thereon are:
   fit--exempt-from-any-state;-county;-or-municipal-tax;
                 subject
                            to execution, garnishment,
   (2)(1) not
attachment, or other process;
    (3)(2) not covered or assessable by an insurance
guaranty association; and
    (4)(3) unassignable except as specifically provided in
the contracts."
    Section 32. Section 15-30-125, MCA, is amended to read:
    "15-30-125. Credit for energy-conserving investments.
(1) There is a credit against tax liability under this
chapter as provided in 15-32-109.
    (2) A temporary resident is allowed the credit allowed
a resident under 15-32-109 to the extent the credit was
expended in Montana during-the during the course of his
residency."
    NEW SECTION. Section 33. Repealer. Sections 15-30-103,
15-30-105,
            15-30-106, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111,
15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115,
                                               15-30-117,
           15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131,
15-30-121,
15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142,
15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, and 19-13-1003,
```

AND 80-12-211, MCA, are repealed.

1	NEW SECTION. Section 34. Codification instruction
2	instruction to code commissioner. (1) [Sections 6 through 10
3	11] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title
4	15, chapter 30, part 1, and the provisions of Title 15,
5	chapter 30, part 1, apply to [sections 6 through $\frac{10}{10}$].
6	(2) The code commissioner is instructed to make changes
7	throughout the Montana Code Annotated to reflect the change
8	in definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in 15-30-101.
9	NEW SECTION. SECTION 35. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. (1)
10	IP SENATE BILL NO. 333 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE
11	LANGUAGE IN [SECTION 6(3) OF THIS ACT] IS VOID.
12	(2) IF SENATE BILL NO. 445 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
13	THE APPEAL PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THAT BILL GOVERN THE
14	APPEAL PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN [THIS ACT] AND THE 90-DAY
15	PROVISION IN [SECTION 10 OF THIS ACT] MUST BE CHANGED TO 60
16	DAYS.
17	(3) (A) IF SENATE BILL NO. 226 IS NOT PASSED AND
18	APPROVED, THEN [THIS ACT] IS VOID.
19	(B) IF SENATE BILL NO. 226 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
20	THE FOLLOWING SECTION IS TO BE CODIFIED IN TITLE 15, CHAPTER
21	30, PART 1, AND THE BRACKETED BLANKS MUST CONTAIN THE DOLLAR
22	AMOUNT OF THE EXEMPTION THAT APPEARS IN 15-30-111(2)(C) AS
23	IT READS IN SENATE BILL NO. 226:
24	"CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT INCOME. (1) THERE IS A

l	CHAPTER FOR THE FIRST [\$] OF QUALIFIED RETIREMENT
2	INCOME RECEIVED BY A TAXPAYER.
3	(2) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION
4	IS 4.5% OF THE FIRST [\$] OF QUALIFIED RETIREMENT
5	INCOME.
6	(3) INCOME QUALIFIES FOR THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION
7	IF IT IS RECEIVED BY THE TAXPAYER FROM ANY OF THE FOLLOWING
8	(A) THE FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACT OR AN
9	OTHER FEDERAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUBJECT TO FEDERAL INCOM
0	TAXATION;
1	(B) THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT LAWS OF MONTANA O
2	ANOTHER STATE;
3	(C) AN ANNUITY, PENSION, OR ENDOWMENT UNDER ANY PRIVAT
4	OR CORPORATE RETIREMENT PLAN OR SYSTEM."
	NEW SECTION. Section 36. Saving clause. [This act
5	
6	does not affect rights and duties that matured, penaltie
7	that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun befor
8	[the effective date of this act].
9	NEW SECTION. Section 37. Severability. If a part of
0	[this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
1	from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [thi
2	act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the par
3	remains in effect in all valid applications that a
4	severable from the invalid applications.
	•

NEW SECTION. Section 38. Retroactive applicability

- 1 APPLICABILITY. [This act] applies retroactively7-within--the
- 2 meaning---of--1-2-1097 to taxable years beginning after
- 3 December 31, ±998 1991.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 39. Effective date. [This act] is
- 5 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

HB 0996/03 HB 0996/03 52nd Legislature

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 996
2	INTRODUCED BY REAM, VAN VALKENBURG, KIMBERLEY, ELLIOTT,
3	DRISCOLL, COHEN, BARNHART
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING
6	STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX
7	BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON
8	MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133,
9	7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-30-101, 15-30-125,
LO	15-30-128, <u>15-30-145</u> , <u>15-30-149</u> , 15-30-162, 15-30-241,
1	15-30-303, 15-30-323, 15-31-131, 15-31-202, 15-32-303,
L 2	15-33-106, 19-3-105, 19-4-706, 19-5-704, 19-6-705, 19-7-705,
L3	19-8-805, 19-21-212, 53-6-111, AND 67-11-303, MCA; REPEALING
1.4	SECTIONS 15-30-103, 15-30-105, <u>15-30-106,</u> 15-30-108,
15	15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114,
16	15-30-115, <u>15-30-116,</u> 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122,
17	15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135,
18	15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156,
19	15-30-157, 19-9-1005, AND 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA;
20	AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE
21	AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
22	
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
24	Section 1. Section 7-14-1133, MCA, is amended to read:
25	"7-14-1133. Ronds and obligations. (1) Except for

providing financial support to a private development organization, including a corporation organized under Title (c) grants government: or (d) other sources.

32, chapter 4, whose purpose is to advance the economic development of its jurisdiction and of the state and its citizens, an authority may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines, payable out of any revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from: 10 (a) any port or transportation and storage facility; 11 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 7-14-1131 or 67-10-402; 12 or contributions from the federal 13 14 15 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 16 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 17 amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if 18 the total amount of principal and interest to become due in 19 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for 20 which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the 21 amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as 22 estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 23 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and 24 possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, 25 rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make

-2-

the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that year.

- may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in this part, any bonds issued pursuant to this part by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- (4) Bonds issued by an authority, county, or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this part are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within—the meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) (section-6(2)(c)).
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, county, or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this part, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and

maintenance of the facilities.

(6) Nothing in this section or 7-14-1134 may be construed to limit the use of port authority revenues, including federal and state money as described in 7-14-1136, to make grants and loans or to otherwise provide financial and other support to private development organizations, including corporations organized under the provisions of the development corporation act in Title 32, chapter 4. Under no circumstances may the credit of the state, county, or municipal governments or their agencies or authorities be pledged to provide financial support to such development organizations."

Section 2. Section 7-34-2416, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-34-2416. Tax-exempt status of bonds. Bonds issued by
a county pursuant to the provisions of 7-34-2411 through
7-34-2418 are declared to be issued for an essential public
and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within
the-meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) [section-6(2)(c)]."

Section 3. Section 13-37-218, MCA, is amended to read:

"13-37-218. Limitations on receipts from political committees. (1) A candidate for the state senate may receive no more than \$1,000 in total combined monetary contributions from all political committees contributing to his campaign, and a candidate for the state house of representatives may receive no more than \$500 in total combined monetary

4

5

6

7

8

12

1.3

- contributions from all political committees contributing to 1 2 his campaign. The foregoing limitations shall be multiplied by the inflation factor as defined in 15-30-101(8) 3 subsection (2) for the year in which general elections are 4 held after 1984; the resulting figure shall be rounded off 5 to the nearest \$50 increment. The commissioner of political 6 practices shall publish the revised limitations as a rule. 7 In-kind contributions may not be included in computing these 8 limitation totals. The limitation provided in this section 9 does not apply to contributions made by a political party 10 eligible for a primary election under 13-10-601. 11
 - (2) As used in this section, "inflation factor" means a number determined for each year by dividing the consumer price index for June of the year by the consumer price index for June of 1980."

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 16 Section 4. Section 13-37-303, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "13-37-303. Donation by taxpayer. (1) An individual whose withheld income tax or payment of estimated tax exceeds by more than \$1 his income tax liability for the taxable year may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund. In the case of a joint return;—as—provided—in—15-30-142; of a husband and wife having an income tax overpayment as defined in 15-30-149 of \$2 or more, each spouse may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund.
 - (2) An individual with an unpaid tax liability may at

the time of payment donate an extra \$1 to be paid to the fund.

(3) The department shall provide a place on the face of the blank form of return, provided for in 15-30-144, where an individual may make the donations provided for in subsections (1) and (2). The form shall adequately explain the individual's option to donate \$1 to the fund."

Section 5. Section 15-30-101, MCA, is amended to read:

9 *15-30-101. Definitions. For the purpose of this 10 chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the 11 following definitions apply:

- (1)--"Base--year-structure"-means-the-following-elements
 of-the-income-tax-structure:
- 14 ta)--the-tax--brackets--established--in--15-30-103y--but

 15 unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-103y-in-effect-on-June

 16 30-of-the-taxable-year;
- 17 (b)--the---exemptions---contained---in---15-30-1127--but
 18 unadjusted-by-subsections--(7)--and--(8)--of--15-30-1127--in
 19 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year?
- 23 (2)--"Consumer-price-index"--means--the--consumer--price
 24 index;--United-States-city-average;-for-all-items;-using-the
 25 1967-base-of--100--as--published--by--the--bureau--of--labor

statistics-of	-the-U-Sdepar	rtment-of-labor.
---------------	---------------	------------------

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3)(1) "Department" means the department of revenue.
- +4)-- #Dividend#---means---any--distribution--made--by--a corporation--out--of--its--earnings--or---profits---to---its shareholders--or--members---whether--in--cash--or--in--other property--or--in--stock-of-the-corporation;-other-than-stock dividends-as-herein-defined; -- "Stock--dividends" -- means--new stock---issued7--for--surplus--or--profits--capitalized7--to shareholders-in-proportion-to-their-previous-holdings-
- (5)(2) "Fiduciary" means a quardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person, whether individual or corporate, acting in any fiduciary capacity for any person, trust, or estate.
- (6)(3) "Foreign country" or "foreign government" means any jurisdiction other than the one embraced within the United States, its territories and possessions.
- +71-- Gross--income -- means--the-taxpayer's-gross-income for-federal-income-tax-purposes-as-defined-in-section-61--of the--Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-or-as-that-section-may-be labeled--or--amendedy--excluding--unemployment--compensation included-in-federal-gross-income--under--the--provisions--of section-85-of-the-Internal-Revenue-Gode-of-1954-as-amended-
- +8)--"Inflation--factor"--means--a-number,-determined-for each-taxable-year-by-dividing-the-consumer-price--index--for June--of--the--taxable--year-by-the-consumer-price-index-for

1 Juney-1980;

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

- (4) "Individual" means a natural person, whether married or unmarried, adult or minor, subject to payment of an income tax under the Internal Revenue Code.
- +9+(5) "Information agents" includes all individuals, corporations, associations, and partnerships, in whatever capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, fiduciaries, brokers, real estate brokers, employers, and all officers and employees of the state or of any municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt, custody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits, and income with respect to Which any person or fiduciary is taxable under this chapter.
- +10)-"Knowingly"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-
- (11)-"Net--income"--means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of-a taxpayer-less-the-deductions-allowed-by-this-chapter-
- (12)-"Paid";-for-the--purposes--of--the--deductions--and credits-under-this-chapter,-means-paid-or-accrued-or-paid-or incurred;--and--the--terms--upaid--or-incurredu-and-upaid-or accrued=-shall-be--construed--according--to--the--method--of accounting--upon--the--basis--of-which-the-taxable-income-is computed-under-this-chapter-

25

НВ 0996/03 НВ 0996/03

1 (13)-"Purposely"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-1
--

2

3

5

22

23

24

25

- fl4;-"Received";--for--the--purpose--of--computation--of
 taxable-income-under-this-chapter;-means-received-or-accrued
 and-the--term--"received--or-accrued"--shall--be--construed
 according--to--the--method--of--accounting-upon-the-basis-of
 which-the-taxable-income-is-computed-under-this-chapter:
- 7 (6) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
 8 Code of 1954, redesignated as the "Internal Revenue Code of
 9 1986" by section 2 of Public Law 99-514, as that code may be
 10 amended from time to time by the United States congress. It
 11 is the specific intent of the legislature that all
 12 amendments by the United States congress must be
 13 incorporated into the context of any section of Title 15
 14 referring to the Internal Revenue Code.
- 15 (7) "MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF

 16 INCOME A NONRESIDENT OR PART-YEAR RESIDENT RECEIVES FROM

 17 SOURCES WITHIN MONTANA. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INCOME

 18 EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS OR CONSTITUTION

 19 OF THE UNITED STATES.
- 20 <u>+7}(8) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate,</u>
 21 or a partnership.
 - (15)(8)(9) "Resident" applies only to natural persons and includes, for the purpose of determining liability to the tax imposed by this chapter with reference to the income of any taxable year, any person domiciled in the state of

-9-

- Montana and any other person who maintains a permanent place
 of abode within the state even though temporarily absent
- 3 from the state and has not established a residence
- 4 elsewhere.
- 5 f16)-"Taxable-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of
 6 a-taxpayer-less-the-deductions-and-exemptions--provided--for
 7 in-this-chapter:
- 8 (±7)(9)(10) "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable
 9 year for federal income tax purposes.
- 10 (18)(11) "Taxpayer" includes any person or
 11 fiduciary, resident or nonresident, subject to a tax imposed
 12 by this chapter and does not include corporations."
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. State income tax as percentage
 of federal. (1) A state income tax is imposed and must be
 paid and collected for each taxable year upon:
- 16 (a) the federal adjusted <u>FEDERAL</u> taxable income derived 17 from sources within and outside Montana of each resident and 18 fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income 19 taxes under the Internal Revenue Code; and
- 20 (b) the federal adjusted <u>FEDERAL</u> taxable income derived 21 from sources within Montana of each nonresident and 22 fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income 23 taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.
- 24 (2) "Pederal--adjusted ADJUSTED FEDERAL taxable income"
 25 means the taxpayer's taxable income, as determined for

-10-

HB 996

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1	federal	income	taxes	und	er the	prov	isions	of	the	Internal
2	Revenue	Code,	with	the	followi	ing	additio	na:	d	eductions
3	ADDITION	S AND D	EDUCTIO	ONS:						

- (a) income-earned-by-an-enrolled-member-of-a--federally recognized--Indian--tribe--during-the-time-he-both-lives-and works-on-a-reservation;
 - tb}--Montana-income-tax-refunds-or-credits;

5

7

15

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 8 (c)--interest-income--from--obligations--of--the--United
 9 States--government--to--the-extent-the-income-is-exempt-from
 10 state-income-tax-under-federal-law--and
- 11 (d)--military-combat-pay-received-by-a-Montana-resident:
 12 THE FOLLOWING INCOME MUST BE DEDUCTED:
- 13 (I) INCOME EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS
 14 OR CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES MAY-BE-DEDUCTED:;
 - (II) ALL PAYMENTS UNDER VETERANS BONUS LAWS; AND
- 16 (III) THE SALARY RECEIVED FROM THE ARMED FORCES BY
 17 RESIDENTS OF MONTANA WHO ARE SERVING ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE
 18 REGULAR ARMED FORCES AND WHO ENTERED INTO ACTIVE DUTY FROM
 19 MONTANA.
 - (3)(B) A shareholder of a corporation for which the election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect but for which the election provided under 15-31-202 is not in effect may deduct from his federal taxable income any part of the corporation's undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital or

- other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in
 the shareholder's federal taxable income by reason of the
 election under subchapter S. However, to the shareholder's
 federal taxable income must be added distributions received
 from the corporation to the extent the distributions would
 be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S.
 election were not in effect.
 - (C) THE FOLLOWING INCOME MUST BE ADDED: INTEREST RECEIVED ON OBLIGATIONS OF ANOTHER STATE, TERRITORY, COUNTY, MUNICIPALITY, DISTRICT, OR OTHER POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF.
 - (4)--Nonresidents-taking-any-of-the-deductions-listed-in subsection-(2)-may-claim-only-that--percentage--of--itemized deductions-and-the-personal-exemption-deduction-allowed-from federal---adjusted--gross--income--that--the--percentage--of adjusted-gross-income-earned--from--sources--within--Montana bears-to-the-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-gross-income-
 - (5)--If--a-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-taxable-income-is adjusted-for-state-income-tax-purposes-to-include-any-of-the additional-deductions-or-modifications--of--subsections--(2) through--(4)--and--15-30-107--and--15-30-1277-the-taxpayer's federal-income-tax-liability--must--be--recomputed--on--this adjusted--figure--to--allow--the-state-income-tax-rate-to-be applied-against-it:
 - (3) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3)(B), A

BB 0996/03

l	NONRESIDENT'S	FEDERAL	INCOME	TAX	LIABILITY	FOR	PURPOSES	OF

- DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY PURSUANT TO 2
- [SECTION 7] IS THE TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL 3 TAX LIABILITY
 - MULTIPLIED BY THE PERCENTAGE DERIVED FROM DIVIDING THE
- 5 TAXPAYER'S MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME BY THE TAXPAYER'S
- 6 FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.
- 7 (B) IF A NONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS
 - ZERO OR A LOSS, THEN HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR
- 9 PURPOSES OF DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY
- 10 PURSUANT TO [SECTION 7] IS THE FULL AMOUNT OF HIS FEDERAL
- 11 TAX LIABILITY.

4

8

- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rate of tax. The Tate of state 12
- 13 income-tax--is--32%--of--a--taxpayer's--federal--income--tax
- 14 liabilityy--excluding--the-self-employment-tax-imposed-under
- 15 section-14017-Internal-Revenue-Code7-adjusted-as-provided-in
- fsection-6(5)); (1) THE RATE OF STATE INCOME TAX IS 30% OF 16
- THE SUM OF A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY LESS 17
- 18 FEDERAL CREDITS.
- 19 (2) IF A TAXPAYER HAS ADJUSTED HIS FEDERAL TAXABLE
- 20 INCOME AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 6(2)], HE SHALL RECOMPUTE HIS
- FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY, LESS CREDITS, BEFORE APPLYING 21
- 22 THE 30% RATE.
- 23 (3) A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY INCLUDES THE TAX
- 24 AND PENALTY ON EARLY DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL
- 25 RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS OR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT PLANS. A

-13-

- 1 TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY DOES NOT INCLUDE SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX OR THE SOCIAL SECURITY TAX ON TIPS.
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Nonresidents -- determination 3
- of in-state income. A nonresident's income from sources
- within Montana includes income derived from all property
- owned in this state and from every business, trade,
- profession, or occupation carried on in this state,
- INCLUDING GAIN AND INTEREST RECEIVED FROM THE INSTALLMENT
- SALES OF PROPERTY. It--does--not--include--income--from
- 10 annuities,-interest-on-bank--deposits,--interest--on--notes,
- 11 bonds,--or--other-interest-bearing-obligations,-or-dividends
- 12 on-stock-of-corporations,-except-to-the-extent-to-which-this
- 13 income-is-a-part-of-the--income--derived--from--a--businessy
- 14 tradey--professiony--or-occupation-carried-on-in-this-state;
- 15 In the case of a business, trade, profession, or occupation
- 16 carried on partly within and partly outside this state by a
- 17 nonresident, the income from sources within this state must
- 18 be determined by apportionment and allocation under rules
- 19 adopted by the department.

24

- NEW SECTION. SECTION 9. NONRESIDENT ALTERNATIVE GROSS 20
- 21 RECEIPTS TAX. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE III,
- 22 SECTION 2, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT, EVERY NONRESIDENT
- 23 TAXPAYER REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN AND WHOSE ONLY ACTIVITY
- IN MONTANA CONSISTS OF MAKING SALES AND WHO DOES NOT OWN OR
- RENT REAL ESTATE OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WITHIN 25

HB 996

-14-

- MONTANA AND WHOSE ANNUAL GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN

 MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR DOES NOT EXCEED \$100,000 MAY

 ELECT TO PAY AN INCOME TAX OF 1/2 OF 1% OF THE DOLLAR VOLUME
- OF GROSS SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. SUCH
- THE GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE

TAX SHALL BE IN LIEU OF THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER (SECTION 6).

- 7 YEAR SHALL BE DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF
- 7 YEAR SHALL BE DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF
- 8 ARTICLE IV, SECTIONS 16 AND 17, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX
- 9 COMPACT.

5

- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Tax return -- contents. (1)
- 11 Each individual, MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT FEDERAL
- 12 RETURN, or fiduciary mentioned in [section 6(1)] shall file
- a return, USING THE SAME FILING STATUS USED TO FILE THE
- 14 TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL RETURN, with the department showing:
- 15 (a) the amount of tax due and payable as reported on
- 16 the taxpayer's federal income tax return or as recomputed as
- 17 required in [section 6+5+ 7];
 - (b) the amount of tax due under [section 7], less
- 19 credits, if any, claimed against the tax;
- 20 (C) A COMPLETE COPY OF THE FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME
- 21 TAX RETURN AND ALL SUPPORTING SCHEDULES AS FILED, A COPY OF
- 22 ANY AMENDED FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILED, AND
- 23 any other information necessary for administration of the
- 24 state income tax, as may be prescribed by the department.
- 25 (2) If a taxpayer is unable to make his own return, an

- authorized agent, guardian, or other person charged with the
 - care of the person or property of the taxpayer shall file
- 3 the return.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Payment of state income tax
- 5 -- refunds -- interest. (1) A taxpayer required to file a
 - state income tax return shall compute the amount of state
- income tax due and shall, at the time the return is filed,
- 8 pay to the department any balance of tax in excess of \$1
- 9 remaining unpaid after crediting the amount withheld as
- 10 provided under 15-30-202 or any payment of estimated tax as
- 11 provided under 15-30-242.
- 12 (2) AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER THE CURRENT YEAR'S TAX
- 13 RETURN IS FILED, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL EXAMINE AND VERIFY THE
- 14 TAX. If the withheld tax or the estimated tax paid exceeds
- 15 the state income tax due by more than \$1, the department
- 16 shall refund the excess to the taxpayer within 30 90 days
- 17 after receiving the return.
- 18 (3)--IP-THE-AMOUNT-OF-TAX-DUE-IS-GREATER-THAN-THE-AMOUNT
- 19 PAID; --THE--DIFFERENCE--MUST--BE-PAID-BY-THE-TAXPAYER-TO-THE
- 20 DEPARTMENT-WITHIN-60-DAYS-AFTER-NOTICE-OF-THE-AMOUNT-OF--THE
- 21 TAK--DUE;-IF-PAYMENT-IS-MADE-AFTER-60-DAYS;-INTEREST-MUST-BE
- 22 ADDED-AT-THE-RATE-OF-9%-PER-YEAR-ON-THE--ADDITIONAL-TAK--A
- PENALTY-MAY-NOT-BE-ASSESSED-IP-THE-DEFICIENCY-IS-PAID-WITHIN
- 24 60--DAYS--AFTER-THE-FIRST-NOTICE-OF-THE-AMOUNT-DUE-IS-MAILED
- 25 TO-THE-TAXPAYER:

(3) IF THE AMOUNT OF TAX DUE IS GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT PAID, THE DIFFERENCE MUST BE PAID BY THE TAXPAYER TO THE DEPARTMENT WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX AS COMPUTED, WITH INTEREST ADDED AT THE RATE OF 9% PER YEAR OR FRACTION THEREOF ON THE ADDITIONAL TAX. IN SUCH CASE, THERE MAY BE NO PENALTY BECAUSE OF THE UNDERPAYMENT, PROVIDED THE DEFICIENCY IS PAID WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE FIRST NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT IS MAILED TO THE TAXPAYER.

1

2

3

4

5

б

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(3)(4) Except as provided in 15-30-321, interest at a rate of 9% a year must be added to any state income tax or portion of tax, from the due date until paid, whether the taxpayer has been granted a filing extension or not.

(4)(5) If a joint return is made by husband and wife, the liability with respect to the tax is joint and several.

*15-30-145. Revision of return by department -examination of records and persons. (1) If, in the opinion
of the department, any return of a taxpayer is in any
essential respect incorrect, it may revise such return. The
department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's
correct federal taxable income regardless of whether the
internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported
federal taxable income. If any taxpayer fails to make return
as herein required, the department is authorized to make an

estimate of the taxable income of such taxpayer from any

estimate of the taxable income of such taxpayer from any information in its possession and to audit and state an account according to such return or the estimate so made by it for the taxes, penalties, and interest due the state from such taxpayer. Except in the case of a person who, with intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this chapter, the amount of tax due under any return shall be determined by the department within 5 years after the return was made and the department thereafter shall be barred from 10 11 revising any such returns or recomputing the tax due thereon, and no proceeding in court for the collection of 12 such tax shall be instituted after the expiration of said 13 14 period, notwithstanding the provisions of 15-30-322. The 15 department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's correct federal taxable income within 5 years after the 16 return was made regardless of whether the federal statute of 17 limitations has run. In the case of a person who, with 18 19 intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this 20 21 chapter, the amount of tax due may be determined at any time 22 after the return is filed and the tax may be collected at 23 any time after it becomes due and, where no return has been filed, the tax may be assessed at any time. 24

(2) The department, for the purpose of ascertaining the

нв 0996/03

2

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

correctness of any return or for the purpose of making an estimate of taxable income of any person where information has been obtained, may also examine or cause to have examined by any agent or representative designated by it for that purpose any books, papers, or records of memoranda bearing upon the matters required to be included in the return and may require the attendance of the person rendering the return or any officer or employee of such person or the attendance of any person having knowledge in the premises and may take testimony and require proof material for its information, with power to administer oaths to such person or persons. The department may exercise this power regardless of whether the internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported federal taxable income and regardless of whether the federal statute of limitations has run."

1

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

SECTION 13. SECTION 15-30-149, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"15-30-149. Credits and refunds -- period of

limitations. (1) If the department discovers from the

examination of a return or upon claim duly filed by a

taxpayer or upon final judgment of a court that the amount

of income tax collected is in excess of the amount due or

that any penalty or interest was erroneously or illegally

collected, the amount of the overpayment shall be credited

against any income tax, penalty, or interest then due from

the taxpayer and the balance of such excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.

- 3 (2) (a) A credit or refund under the provisions of this 4 section may be allowed only if, prior to the expiration of 5 the period provided by 15-30-145 and by 15-30-146 during 6 which the department may determine tax liability, the 7 taxpayer files a claim or the department determines there 8 has been an overpayment.
 - (b) If an overpayment of tax results from a net operating loss carryback, the overpayment may be refunded or credited within the period that expires on the 15th day of the 40th month following the close of the taxable year of the net operating loss if that period expires later than 5 years from the due date of the return for the year to which the net operating loss is carried back.
 - (3) Within 6 months after an amended return, a delinquent return, or a claim for refund is filed, the department shall examine said the return or claim and either approve or disapprove it. If said the return or claim is approved, the credit or refund shall be made to the taxpayer within 60 days after the claim is approved; if the return or claim is disallowed, the department shall so notify the taxpayer and shall grant a hearing thereon upon proper application by the taxpayer. If the department disapproves a claim for refund, review of the determination of the

нв 0996/03 нв 0996/03

10

11

22

department may be had as otherwise provided in this chapter.

1

2

3

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

- (4) Except as hereinafter provided for, interest shall be allowed on overpayments at the same rate as is charged on delinquent taxes due from the due date of the return or from the date of the overpayment (whichever date is later) to the date the department approves refunding or crediting of the overpayment. With respect to tax paid by withholding or by estimate, the date of overpayment shall be deemed to be the date on which the return for the taxable year was due. No interest shall accrue on an overpayment if the taxpayer elects to have it applied to his estimated tax for the succeeding taxable year, nor shall interest accrue during any period the processing of a return or claim for refund is delayed more than 30 days by reason of failure of the taxpaver to furnish information requested by the department for the purpose of verifying the amount of the overpayment. No interest shall be allowed if:
- (a) the overpayment is refunded within 6 months from the date the return is due or the date the return is filed, whichever date is later;
- 21 (b) the overpayment results from the carryback of a net 22 operating loss; or
 - (c) the amount of interest is less than \$1.
- 24 (5) An overpayment not made incident to a bona fide and 25 orderly discharge of an actual income tax liability or one

reasonably assumed to be imposed by this law shall not be considered an overpayment with respect to which interest is allowable."

Section 14. Section 15-30-128, MCA, is amended to read:

5 "15-30-128. Credit for expense of caring for certain 6 elderly family members. (1) There is a credit against the 7 tax imposed by this chapter for qualified elderly care 8 expenses paid by an individual for the care of a qualifying 9 family member during the taxable year.

- (2) A qualifying family member is an individual who:
- (a) is related to the taxpayer by blood or marriage:
- (b) (i) is at least 70 years of age; or
- (ii) is diagnosed by a physician as having senile dementia of the Alzheimer type; and
- 15 (c) has a family income of \$15,000 or less for the taxable year.
- 17 (3) For purposes of this section, "family income"

 18 means, in the case of an individual who is not married, the

 19 <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income of the individual or, in the

 20 case of a married individual, the <u>federal</u> adjusted gross

 21 income of the individual and the individual's spouse.
 - (4) Qualified elderly care expenses include:
- 23 (a) payments by the taxpayer for home health agency
 24 services provided by an organization certified by the
 25 federal health care financing administration, homemaker

-22-

-21- НВ 996

HB 0996/03 HB 0996/03

10

11

services, adult day care, respite care, or health-care equipment and supplies:

(i) provided to the qualifying family member;

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

13 14

15

18

19

20

21

22

- (ii) provided by an organization or individual not related to the taxpayer or the qualifying family member; and
 - (iii) not compensated for by insurance or otherwise;
 - (b) subject to the limitations in subsection (4)(a), payments by the taxpayer for nursing home care of an individual who is diagnosed by a physician as having senile dementia of the Alzheimer type.
- 11 (5) The percentage amount of credit allowable under 12 this section is:
 - (a) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income does not exceed \$25,000, 30% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
- 16 (b) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income 17 exceeds \$25,000, the greater of:
 - (i) 20% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
 - (ii) 30% of qualified elderly care expenses, less 1% for each \$2,000 or fraction thereof by which the <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the taxable year exceeds \$25,000.
- 23 (6) The dollar amount of credit allowable under this section is:
- 25 (a) reduced by \$1 for each dollar of the <u>federal</u>

adjusted gross income over \$50,000 for a taxpayer whose federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000;

- 3 (b) limited to \$5,000 per qualifying family member in a 4 taxable year and to \$10,000 total for two or more family 5 members in a taxable year;
 - (c) prorated among multiple taxpayers who each contribute to qualified elderly care expenses of the same qualified family member in a taxable year in the same proportion that their contributions bear to the total qualified elderly care expenses paid by those taxpayers for that qualified family member.
- 12 (7) A deduction or credit is not allowed under any
 13 other provision of this chapter with respect to any amount
 14 for which a credit is allowed under this section. The credit
 15 allowed under this section may not be claimed as a carryback
 16 or carryforward and may not be refunded if the taxpayer has
 17 no tax liability.
- 18 (8) In the case of a married individual filing a

 19 separate return, the percentage amount of credit under

 20 subsection (5) and the dollar amount of credit under

 21 subsection (6) are limited to one-half of the figures

 22 indicated in those subsections."
- Section 15. Section 15-30-162, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-162. Investment credit. (1) There is allowed as

 a credit against the tax imposed by ±5-30-±03 [section 6] a

-23- НВ 996

-24- HB 996

нв 0996/03

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

percentage of the credit allowed with respect to certain depreciable property under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or as section 38 may be renumbered or amended. However, rehabilitation costs as set forth under section 46(a)(2)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code of--19547--or--as--section--46(a)(2)(F)-may-be-renumbered-or amended, are not to be included in the computation of the investment credit. The credit is allowed for the purchase and installation of certain qualified property defined by section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended, if the property meets all of the following qualifications:

1

3

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- (a) it was placed in service in Montana; and
- (b) it was used for the production of Montana adjusted gross income.
 - (2) The amount of the credit allowed for the taxable year is 5% of the amount of credit determined under section 46(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547--as--amended7 or as section 46(a)(2) may be renumbered or amended.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), the investment credit allowed for the taxable year may not exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year or \$500, whichever is less.
- 23 (4) If property for which an investment credit is 24 claimed is used both inside and outside this state, only a 25 portion of the credit is allowed. The credit must be

apportioned according to a fraction the numerator of which 1 2 is the number of days during the taxable year the property 3 was located in Montana and the denominator of which is the number of days during the taxable year the taxpayer owned 4 5 the property. The investment credit may be applied only to the tax liability of the taxpayer who purchases and places 7 in service the property for which an investment credit is claimed. The credit may not be allocated between spouses unless the property is used by a partnership or small business corporation of which they are partners or 10 11 shareholders.

- 12 (5) The investment credit allowed by this section is
 13 subject to recapture as provided for in section 47 of the
 14 Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7-or-as-section-47
 15 may-be-renumbered-or-amended."
 - Section 16. Section 15-30-241, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-241. Declaration of estimated tax. (1) Every

 Each individual except-farmers, ranchers, or stockmen shall, at the time prescribed in subsection (3) of this section, make a declaration of his estimated tax for the taxable year if his-net-income-from-sources-other-than-wages, salaries, bonuses, or other-emoluments can reasonably be expected to equal-or exceed his net-income-from-wages, salaries, bonuses or other-emoluments, which are subject to withholding he is required to file a declaration of his estimated tax under

-26-

-25- НВ 996

нв 996

HB 0996/03

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

the	provisions	οf	the	Internal	Revenue	Code.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- (2) In the declaration required under subsection (1) of this section, the individual shall state:
- (a) the amount which he estimates as the amount of tax under ±5-30-±03 [section 7] for the taxable year;
 - (b) the amount which he estimates will be withheld from wages paid by his employer if said individual is an employee;
- 9 (c) the excess of the amount estimated under subsection
 10 (2)(a) over the amount estimated under subsection (2)(b),
 11 which excess for purposes of this section shall be
 12 considered the estimated tax for the taxable year:
- (d) such other information as may be prescribed in rules promulgated by the department.
 - (3) The declaration required under subsection (1) of this-section shall be filed with the department on or before April 15 of the taxable year, except that if the requirements of subsection (1) of--this--section are first met:
 - (a) after April 1 and before October 1 of the taxable year, the declaration shall be filed on or before October 15 of the taxable year;
- 23 (b) after October 1 of the taxable year, the 24 declaration shall be filed on or before February 15 of the 25 succeeding taxable year.

- 1 (4) An individual may make amendments of a declaration
 2 filed during the taxable year under subsection (3) of-this
 3 section under rules prescribed by the department.
 - (5) If, on or before February 15 of the succeeding taxable year, the taxpayer files a return for the taxable year for which the declaration is required and pays in full the amount computed on his return as payable, then under rules prescribed by the department:
 - (a) if the declaration is not required to be filed during the taxable year but is required to be filed on or before such February 15, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as such declaration; and
 - (b) if the tax shown on the return is greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration previously made or in the last amendments thereof, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as the amendment of the declaration permitted by subsection (4) of-this--section to be filed on or before such February 15.
- 20 (6) The department shall promulgate rules governing
 21 reasonable extensions of time for filing declarations and
 22 paying the estimated tax except in the case of taxpayers who
 23 are abroad, and no such extension shall be for more than 6
 24 months.
- 25 (7) If the taxpayer is unable to make his own

4

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

25

declaration, the declaration shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the quardian or other person charged 2 with the care of the person or property of such the taxpayer.

1

3

4

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (8) Any individual who fails to file a declaration of 5 6 estimated tax as required by this section is not subject to the penalties set forth in 15-30-321." 7
 - Section 17. Section 15-30-303, MCA, is amended to read: *15-30-303. Confidentiality of tax records. (1) Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for the department or any deputy, assistant, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this chapter or any other information secured in the administration of this chapter. It is also unlawful to divulge or make known in any manner any federal return or federal return information disclosed on any return or report required by rule of the department or under this chapter.
 - (2) The officers charged with the custody of such reports and returns shall not be required to produce any of them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except in any action or proceeding to which the department is a party under the

- provisions of this chapter or any other taxing act or on behalf of any party to any action or proceedings under the 3 provisions of this chapter or such the other act when the reports or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceedings, in either of which events the court may require the production of and may admit in evidence so much of said the reports or of the facts shown thereby as are pertinent to the action or proceedings and no more.
 - (3) Nothing herein shall may be construed to prohibit:
 - (a) the delivery to a taxpayer or his duly authorized representative of a certified copy of any return or report filed in connection with his tax;
 - (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof; or
 - (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the report or return of any taxpayer who shall may bring action to set aside or review the tax based thereon or against whom an action or proceeding has been instituted in accordance with the provisions of 15-30-311 and 15-30-322.
- 22 (4) Reports and returns shall must be preserved for 3 23 years and thereafter until the department orders them to be 24 destroyed.
 - (5) Any offense against subsections (1) through (4) of

-30-

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

\$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and if the offender be is an officer or employee of the state, he shall be dismissed from office and be incapable of holding any public office in this state for a period of 1 year thereafter.

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the department may permit the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax upon the incomes of individuals or the authorized representative of either such officer to inspect the return of income of any individual or may furnish to such the officer or his authorized representative an abstract of the return of income of any individual or supply him with information concerning any item of income contained in any return or disclosed by the report of any investigation of the income or return of income of any individual, but such permission shall be granted or such information furnished to such officer or his representative only if the statutes of the United States or of such other state, as the case may be, grant substantially similar privileges to the proper officer of this state charged with the administration of this chapter.
 - (7) Further, notwithstanding any of the provisions of

this section, the department shall furnish:

2 fay--to--the--department--of--justice--all---information
3 necessary--to--identify--those--persons--qualifying--for-the
4 additional-exemption-for-blindness-pursuant-to-15-30-112(4)7
5 for-the-purpose-of-enabling-the--department--of--justice--to
6 administer-the-provisions-of-61-5-105?

(b)(a) to the department of social and rehabilitation services information acquired under 15-30-301, pertaining to an applicant for public assistance, reasonably necessary for the prevention and detection of public assistance fraud and abuse, provided notice to the applicant has been given;

ter(b) to the department of fish, wildlife, and parks specific information that is available from income tax returns and required under 87-2-102 to establish the residency requirements of an applicant for hunting and fishing licenses; and

(d)(c) to the board of regents information required under 20-26-1111."

Section 18. Section 15-30-323, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-30-323. Penalty for deficiency. (1) If the payment required by 15-30-142+6; [section 10 11] is not made within 60 days or if the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there shall be added to the amount of the deficiency 5% thereof; provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than \$2.

HB 996

Interest will be computed at the rate of 9% per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, the interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the return and tax were originally due as distinguished from the due date as it may have been extended to the date of payment.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition interest thereon at the rate of 9% per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment."
- Section 19. Section 15-31-131, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-31-131. Credit for dependent care assistance. (1)

 There is a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter allowable to an employer for amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year by the employer for dependent care assistance actually provided to or on behalf of an employee if the assistance is furnished by a registered or licensed day-care provider and pursuant to a program that meets the requirements of section 89(k) and 129(d)(2) through (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (2) (a) The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (1) is 15% of the amount paid or incurred by the employer during the taxable year, but the credit may not exceed \$1,250 of day-care assistance actually provided to or

- on behalf of the employee.
- 2 (b) For the purposes of this subsection, marital status
 3 must be determined under the rules of section 21(e)(3) and
 4 (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 5 (c) In the case of an onsite facility, the amount upon 6 which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based, with 7 respect to any dependent, must be based upon utilization and 8 the value of the services provided.
- 9 (3) An amount paid or incurred during the taxable year 10 of an employer in providing dependent care assistance to or 11 on behalf of any employee does not qualify for the credit 12 allowed under subsection (1) if the amount was paid or 13 incurred to an individual described in section 129(c)(1) or 14 (2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 15 (4) An amount paid or incurred by an employer to
 16 provide dependent care assistance to or on behalf of an
 17 employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under
 18 subsection (1) if the amount is paid or incurred pursuant to
 19 a salary reduction plan or is paid or incurred for services
 20 not performed within this state.
- 21 (5) If the credit allowed under subsection (1) is 22 claimed, the amount of any deduction allowed or allowable 23 under this chapter for the amount that qualifies for the 24 credit (or upon which the credit is based) must be reduced 25 by the dollar amount of the credit allowed. The election to

claim a credit allowed under this section must be made at the time of filing the tax return.

3

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- subsection (1) is based may not be included in the gross income of the employee to whom the dependent care assistance is provided. However, the amount excluded from the income of an employee under this section may not exceed the limitations provided in section 129(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of Title 15, chapter 30, part 2, with respect to an employee to whom dependent care assistance is provided, "wages" does not include any amount excluded under this subsection. Amounts-excluded-under-this subsection-do-not-qualify-as-expenses-for-which-a--deduction is-allowed-to-the-employee-under-15-30-121:
- (7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise through the fifth year succeeding the tax year in which the credit was first allowed or allowable. A credit may not be carried forward beyond the fifth succeeding tax year.
 - (8) If the taxpayer is an S corporation, as defined in

- section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the taxpayer
 elects to take tax credit relief, the election may be made
 on behalf of the corporation's shareholders. A shareholder's
 credit must be computed using the shareholder's pro rata
 share of the corporation's costs that qualify for the
 credit. In all other respects, the effect of the tax credit
 applies to the corporation as otherwise provided by law.
- 10 (a) The the definitions and special rules contained in 11 section 129(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the 12 extent applicable τ_i and
- 13 (b) "Employer" "employer" means an employer carrying on
 14 a business, trade, occupation, or profession in this state.
 - (c)--"Internal--Revenue-Code"-means-the-federal-Internal
 Revenue-Code-as-amended-and-in-effect-on-January-1;-1989;"
- Section 20. Section 15-31-202, MCA, is amended to read:
- 18 *15-31-202. Election by small business corporation. (1)
- 19 A small business corporation may elect not to be subject to
- 20 the taxes imposed by this chapter.

15

16

- 21 (2) If a small business corporation makes an election 22 under subsection (1), then:
- 23 (a) with respect to the taxable years of the 24 corporation for which such election is in effect, such 25 corporation is not subject to the taxes imposed by this

нв 996

нв 0996/03 нв 0996/03

5

6

7

8

9

10

20

chapter and, with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such corporation; and

4

7

R

9

10

14

15

16

17

- (b) with respect to the taxable years of a shareholder of such corporation in which or with which the taxable years of the corporation for which such election is in effect end, the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder, and with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder.
- 11 (3) An election under subsection (1) must be made in 12 accordance with rules prescribed by the department of 13 revenue.
 - (4) This election is not effective unless the corporate net income or loss of such electing corporation is included in the stockholders' <u>federal</u> adjusted gross <u>taxable</u> income as defined in 15-30-111 [section 6].
- 18 (5) Every electing corporation is required to pay the
 19 minimum fee of \$10 required by 15-31-204."
- Section 21. Section 15-32-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-32-303. Deduction for purchase of Montana produced
 organic fertilizer. In addition to all other deductions from
 adjusted-gross-individual-income-allowed-in--computing
 taxable-income-under-Title-157-chapter-307-or-from gross
 corporate income allowed in computing net income under Title

- 1 15, chapter 31, part 1, a taxpayer corporation may deduct
 2 his its expenditures for organic fertilizer produced in
 3 Montana and used in Montana if the expenditure was not
 4 otherwise deducted in computing taxable income."
 - Section 22. Section 15-33-106, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-33-106. Capital gains -- dividends exempted. Any capital gains or dividend income realized by an--individual or a corporation from an investment in an SBIC organized in accordance with this part is exempt from taxation under the provisions of Title 15, chapters-30 and chapter 31."
- Section 23. Section 53-6-111, MCA, is amended to read: 11 12 *53-6-111. Department with charged general administration of medical assistance -- adoption of rules to 13 punish fraud. (1) The department of social and 14 15 rehabilitation services is hereby authorized and empowered 16 to administer and supervise a vendor payment program of 17 medical assistance under the powers, duties, and functions 18 provided in chapter 2 of this title, as amended, and as 19 contemplated by the provisions of Title XIX of the federal
- 21 (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a
 22 system of penalties and sanctions applicable to providers of
 23 medical assistance services and supplies who engage in
 24 fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities. The department
 25 shall define by rule those activities which are fraudulent,

-37- HB 996 -38- HB 996

Social Security Act.

abusive, or improper.

1

8

9

10

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- 2 (3) The penalties or sanctions imposed include but are 3 not limited to:
- 4 (a) required courses of education in the rules 5 governing the medicald program;
- 6 (b) withholding of payments to offset previous improper
 7 payments to a provider:
 - (c) suspension of payments to a provider pending resolution of a dispute involving fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities;
- 11 (d) suspension of participation in the program for a 12 specified period of time; and
- (e) permanent termination of participation in the medical assistance program.
 - (4) The department is entitled to recover from a provider all amounts paid as a result of fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities, together with interest at the rate set by 15-30-142 [section 10 11] for tax deficiencies from the date of such payment.
 - (5) In all cases in which a penalty or sanction may be imposed, a provider is entitled to a hearing under the provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."

-39-

provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."

Section 24. Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to read:

"67-11-303. Bonds and obligations. (1) An authority may
borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its

- bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:
- 4 (a) an airport or air navigation facility or facilities:
- 6 (b) taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law for airport purposes;
- 8 (c) grants or contributions from the federal 9 government; or
 - (d) other sources.

- 11 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 12 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 13 amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time 14 if the total amount of principal and interest to become due 15 in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds 16 for which revenues from the same source or sources are 17 pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received 18 in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the 19 issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action 20 necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect 21 rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, 22 sufficient to make the revenues from the pleaged source in 23 such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and 24 interest due in that year.
 - (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and

may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- (4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within---the--meaning--of 15-30-111(2)(a) fsection-6(2)(c)).
- or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and maintenance of the facilities.
- 23 (6) Subject to the conditions stated in this subsection 24 (6), the governing body of any municipality having a 25 population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued

-41-

pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency; and may further covenant that at any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a 10 11 general tax upon all the taxable property in the 12 municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such 13 taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount 14 applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a 15 rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the 16 deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority 17 18 issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities 19 may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues 20 21 appropriated for such bonds in such manner as the 22 municipalities may determine. The resolution shall state the 23 principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the substance of the covenant respecting deficiencies. No such resolution 24

becomes effective until the question of its approval has

-42- HB 996

нв 0996/03

been submitted to the qualified electors of the municipality at a special election called for that purpose by the governing body of the municipality and a majority of the electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the extent applicable, as provided for municipal general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an election called by cities and towns, and as provided for county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the electors voting thereon vote against approval of the resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies pursuant to this section, but such municipality or authority may nevertheless issue bonds under this chapter payable solely from the sources referred to in subsection (1) above."

1

3

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

25

Section 25. Section 19-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:

*19-3-105. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. The right of a person to a retirement allowance or any other benefit under this chapter and the moneys in the fund created under this chapter is not:

23 (1) subject to execution, garnishment, attachment, or
24 any other process;

-43-

for-a-refund-paid-under-i9-3-703-of-a-member-s-contributions
picked-up-by-an-employer-after-dune-307-i9857-as-provided-in
19-3-701:-or

4 (3) or assignable except as in this chapter 5 specifically provided."

6 Section 26. Section 19-4-706, MCA, is amended to read:

7 **19-4-706. Exemption from taxation-and legal process.
8 The pensions, annuities, or any other benefits accrued or
9 accruing to any person under the provisions of the
10 retirement system and the accumulated contributions and cash
11 and securities in the various funds of the retirement system
12 are:

13 (1)--exempted-from-any-state;-county;-or--municipal--tax
14 of--the--state-of-Montana-except-for-a-withdrawal-paid-under
15 19-4-603--of--a--member*s--contributions--picked--up--by--an
16 employer-after-June-30;-1905;-as-provided-in-19-4-602;

17 (2) not subject to execution, garnishment, attachment
18 by trustee process or otherwise, in law or equity, or any
19 other process; and

20 (3) unassignable except as specifically provided in this chapter."

Section 27. Section 19-5-704, MCA, is amended to read:

23 "19-5-704. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
24 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
25 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of

-44-

нв 996

нв 996

1

2

3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

HB 0996/03

1	these shall-be is exempt from any state-or-municipal-tax-and
2	from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or any other
3	process whatsoever and shall-be is unassignable except as
4	specifically provided in 19-5-705."
5	Section 28. Section 19-6-705, MCA, is amended to read:
6	"19-6-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
7	money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
8	annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
9	these is:
10	(1)exemptfromanystate;county;-or-municipal-tax
11	except-for-arefundpaidunderl9-6-403ofamember-s
12	contributionspicked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-30,-1985,
13	as-provided-in-19-6-402;
14	(2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
15	any other process; and
16	+3 is unassignable except as specifically provided in
17	19-6-706."
18	Section 29. Section 19-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:
19	"19-7-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
20	money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
21	annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
22	these is+
23	(1)exempt-from-any-state;county;ormunicipaltax
24	exceptforarefundpaid-under-19-7-304(1)-of-a-member's

contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307--19857

-45-

25

```
as-provided-in-19-7-403;
   (2) exempt from levy, sale, qarnishment, attachment, or
any other process; and
   (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in
19-7-706."
    Section 30. Section 19-8-805, MCA, is amended to read:
    "19-8-805. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any
money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state
annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of
these is:
    f1}--exempt--from--any--state;--county;-or-municipal-tax
except-for-a-refund-paid--under--19-8-503--of--the--member+s
contributions--picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307-19857
as-provided-in-19-8-502;
    +2 exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
any other process; and
    (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in
19-8-806."
    Section 31. Section 19-21-212, MCA, is amended to read:
    "19-21-212. Exemption from taxation; legal process; and
assessments. All contracts, benefits, and contributions
under the optional retirement program and the earnings
thereon are:
```

tl)--exempt-from-any-state;-county;-or-municipal-tax;

-46~

execution,

to

t2†(1) not subject

garnishment,

- 1 attachment, or other process;
- 2 (3)(2) not covered or assessable by an insurance
- 3 quaranty association; and
- 4 (4)(3) unassignable except as specifically provided in
- 5 the contracts."
- Section 32. Section 15-30-125, MCA, is amended to read:
- 7 "15-30-125. Credit for energy-conserving investments.
- 8 (1) There is a credit against tax liability under this
- 9 chapter as provided in 15-32-109.
- 10 (2) A temporary resident is allowed the credit allowed
- 11 a resident under 15-32-109 to the extent the credit was
- 12 expended in Montana during-the during the course of his
- 13 residency."
- NEW SECTION. Section 33. Repealer. Sections 15-30-103,
- 15 15-30-105, <u>15-30-106</u>, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111,
- 16 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115, <u>15-30-116</u>,
- 17 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126,
- 18 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137,
- 19 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, and
- 20 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA, are repealed.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Section 34. Codification instruction --
- 22 instruction to code commissioner. (1) [Sections 6 through 18
- 23 11) are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title
- 24 15, chapter 30, part 1, and the provisions of Title 15,
- 25 chapter 30, part 1, apply to [sections 6 through 10 11].

- 1 (2) The code commissioner is instructed to make changes
 - throughout the Montana Code Annotated to reflect the change
- 3 in definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in 15-30-101.
- 4 NEW SECTION. SECTION 35. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. (1)
- 5 IF SENATE BILL NO. 333 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE
- 6 LANGUAGE IN [SECTION 6(3) OF THIS ACT] IS VOID.
- 7 (2) IF SENATE BILL NO. 445 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
- 8 THE APPEAL PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THAT BILL GOVERN THE
- 9 APPEAL PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN [THIS ACT] AND THE 96-DAY
- 10 60-DAY PROVISION IN [SECTION ±0 11 OF THIS ACT] MUST BE
- 11 CHANGED TO 60 30 DAYS.
- 12 (3) (A) IF SENATE BILL NO. 226 IS NOT PASSED AND
- 13 APPROVED, THEN [THIS ACT] IS VOID.
- 14 (B) IF SENATE BILL NO. 226 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
- 15 THE FOLLOWING SECTION IS TO BE CODIFIED IN TITLE 15, CHAPTER
- 16 30, PART 1, AND THE BRACKETED BLANKS MUST CONTAIN THE DOLLAR
- 17 AMOUNT OF THE EXEMPTION THAT APPEARS IN 15-30-111(2)(C) AS
- 18 IT READS IN SENATE BILL NO. 226:
- 19 "CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT INCOME. (1) THERE IS A
- 20 RETIREMENT INCOME CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS
- 21 CHAPTER FOR THE FIRST [\$] OF QUALIFIED RETIREMENT
- 22 INCOME RECEIVED BY A TAXPAYER.
- 23 (2) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION
- 24 IS 4.5% OF THE FIRST [\$] OF QUALIFIED RETIREMENT
- 25 INCOME.

1	(3) INCOME QUALIFIES FOR THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION
2	IF IT IS RECEIVED BY THE TAXPAYER FROM ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
3	(A) THE FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACT OR ANY
4	OTHER FEDERAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUBJECT TO FEDERAL INCOME
5	TAXATION;
6	(B) THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT LAWS OF MONTANA OR
7	ANOTHER STATE;
8	(C) AN ANNUITY, PENSION, OR ENDOWMENT UNDER ANY PRIVATE
9	OR CORPORATE RETIREMENT PLAN OR SYSTEM."
10	NEW SECTION. Section 36. Saving clause. [This act]
11	does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
12	that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
13	[the effective date of this act].
14	NEW SECTION. Section 37. Severability. If a part of
15	[this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
16	from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
17	act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
18	remains in effect in all valid applications that are
19	severable from the invalid applications.
20	NEW SECTION. Section 38. TRETTOACTIVE applicability

NEW SECTION. Section 39. Effective date. [This act] is

APPLICABILITY. [This act] applies retroactively,-within--the meaning---of--1-2-109, to taxable years beginning after

21

22 23

24 25 December 31, 1998 1991.

effective on passage and approval.

1 , 4 47

Page 1 of 1 April 15, 1991

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Taxation having had under consideration House Bill No. 996 (third reading copy -- blue), report that House Bill No. 996 be amended and as so amended be concurred in:

1. Page 48, lines 21 and 22. Following: "CHAPTER" on line 21 Strike: remainder of line 21 through "TAXPAYER" on line 22

2. Page 48, line 23.

Following: "(2)"

Insert: "(a)"

Following: "SECTION"

Insert: "for taxpayers whose filing status is single, married filing separately, or head of household"

3. Page 48, line 25. Following: "INCOME."

Insert: "The amount of the credit may not exceed [4.5% of the amount of the exemption provided for in Senate Bill No. 226].

- (b) The amount of the credit for taxpayers filing jointly is 4.5% of the first [\$] of qualified retirement income earned by each person."
- 4. Page 49, lines 3 through 9.

Following: "(A)" on line 3

Strike: remainder of line 3 through "SYSTEM" on line 9 Insert: "systematic payments of a definitely determinable amount from a qualified pension plan, as that term is used in section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, or systematic payments received as the result of contributions made to a qualified pension plan that are paid to the recipient or to the recipient's beneficiary upon the cessation of employment;

- (b) payments received as the result of past service and cessation of employment in the uniformed services of the United States;
- (c) lump-sum distributions from pension or profitsharing plans to the extent that the distributions are included in federal adjusted gross income;
- (d) distributions from individual retirement, deferred compensation, and self-employed retirement plans recognized under sections 401 through 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent that the distributions are not considered to be premature distributions for federal income tax purposes; or

(e) amounts after cessation of regular employment received from fully matured, privately purchased annuity contracts"

Signed: Mike Halligan, Chairman Sec. of Sen.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

Page 1 of 1 April 15, 1991

MR. PRESIDENT:

We, your committee on Taxation having had under consideration House Bill No. 996 (third reading copy -- blue), report that House Bill No. 996 be amended and as so amended be concurred in:

1. Page 48, lines 21 and 22. Following: "CHAPTER" on line 21 Strike: remainder of line 21 through "TAXPAYER" on line 22

2. Page 48, line 23.

Following: "(2)"

Insert: "(a)"

Following: "SECTION"

Insert: "for taxpayers whose filing status is single, married filing separately, or head of household"

3. Page 48, line 25. Following: "INCOME."

Insert: "The amount of the credit may not exceed [4.5% of the amount of the exemption provided for in Senate Bill No. 226].

- (b) The amount of the credit for taxpayers filing jointly is 4.5% of the first [\$] of qualified retirement income earned by each person."
- 4. Page 49, lines 3 through 9.

Following: "(A)" on line 3

Strike: remainder of line 3 through "SYSTEM" on line 9 Insert: "systematic payments of a definitely determinable amount from a qualified pension plan, as that term is used in section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, or systematic payments received as the result of contributions made to a qualified pension plan that are paid to the recipient or to the recipient's beneficiary upon the cessation of employment;

- (b) payments received as the result of past service and cessation of employment in the uniformed services of the United States:
- (c) lump-sum distributions from pension or profitsharing plans to the extent that the distributions are included in federal adjusted gross income;
- (d) distributions from individual retirement, deferred compensation, and self-employed retirement plans recognized under sections 401 through 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent that the distributions are not considered to be premature distributions for federal income tax purposes; or
- (e) amounts after cessation of regular employment received from fully matured, privately purchased annuity contracts"

Mike Hallgan, Chairman

Signed: Mike Hall
Mike Hall

Fig. 4/15—Sec. of Sen.

SENATE

SENATE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AMENDMENT

April 16, 1991 10:19 am Mr. Chairman: I move to amend House Bill No. 996 (third reading copy, second printing, includes Ream amendment -- blue) as follows:

1. Page 11, line 15.
Following: "LAWS;"
Strike: "AND"

2. Page 11, following line 19.

Insert: "(IV) Unemployment compensation included in federal gross income under the provisions of section 85 of the internal revenue code;

(V) All tips covered by section 340 (K) of the Internal Revenue Code, as received by persons for services rendered by them to patrons of premises licensed to provide food, beverage, or lodging."

ADOPT

REJECT

Signed:

And. Coord.

Sec. of Senate

"7-14-1133. Bonds

HB 0996/04

9

10 11

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 996
2	INTRODUCED BY REAM, VAN VALKENBURG, KIMBERLEY, ELLIOTT,
3	DRISCOLL, COHEN, BARNHART
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING
6	STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX
7	BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON
8	MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133,
9	7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-30-101, 15-30-125,
10	15-30-128, <u>15-30-145</u> , <u>15-30-149</u> , 15-30-162, 15-30-241,
11	15-30-303, 15-30-323, 15-31-131, 15-31-202, 15-32-303,
12	15-33-106, 19-3-105, 19-4-706, 19-5-704, 19-6-705, 19-7-705,
13	19-8-805, 19-21-212, 53-6-111, AND 67-11-303, MCA; REPEALING
14	SECTIONS 15-30-103, 15-30-105, <u>15-30-106</u> , 15-30-108,
15	15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114,
16	15-30-115, <u>15-30-116,</u> 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122,
17	15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135,
18	15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156,
19	15-30-157, 19-9-1005, AND 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA;
20	AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE
21	AN APPLICABILITY DATE."
22	
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
24	Section 1. Section 7-14-1133, MCA, is amended to read:



and obligations. (1) Except for

- providing financial support to a private development 1 organization, including a corporation organized under Title 3 32, chapter 4, whose purpose is to advance the economic development of its jurisdiction and of the state and its citizens, an authority may borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue bonds therefor, including 7 refunding bonds, in such form and upon such terms as it determines, payable out of any revenues of the authority,
 - (a) any port or transportation and storage facility;
 - (b) taxes levied pursuant to 7-14-1131 or 67-10-402;
- 12 (c) grants or contributions from the federal government; or 13
 - (d) other sources.

including revenues derived from:

- (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the authority, without an election and without any limitation of amount, except that no bonds may be issued at any time if the total amount of principal and interest to become due in any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds for which revenues from the same source are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received in that year, as estimated in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the
- 22
- 23 bonds. The authority shall take all action necessary and
- possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges,
- 25 rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make

-2-

HB 996

HB 0996/04

the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of principal and interest due in that year.

- may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided in this part, any bonds issued pursuant to this part by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- (4) Bonds issued by an authority, county, or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this part are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within—the meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) fsection-6(2)(c)).
- (5) For the security of any such bonds, the authority, county, or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds may be paid from any revenues referred to in this part, prior to the payment of current costs of operation and

1 maintenance of the facilities.

- (6) Nothing in this section or 7-14-1134 may construed to limit the use of port authority revenues, including federal and state money as described in 7-14-1136. to make grants and loans or to otherwise provide financial and other support to private development organizations, including corporations organized under the provisions of the development corporation act in Title 32, chapter 4. Under no circumstances may the credit of the state, county, or municipal governments or their agencies or authorities be pledged to provide financial support to such development organizations."
 - Section 2. Section 7-34-2416, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "7-34-2416. Tax-exempt status of bonds. Bonds issued by a county pursuant to the provisions of 7-34-2411 through 7-34-2418 are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within the-meaning-of 15-30-111(2)(a) [section-6(2)(c)]."
- Section 3. Section 13-37-218, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "13-37-218. Limitations on receipts from political committees. (1) A candidate for the state senate may receive no more than \$1,000 in total combined monetary contributions from all political committees contributing to his campaign, and a candidate for the state house of representatives may receive no more than \$600 in total combined monetary

R

12

13

2 his campaign. The foregoing limitations shall be multiplied 3 the inflation factor as defined in 15-30-101(8) 4 subsection (2) for the year in which general elections are 5 held after 1984; the resulting figure shall be rounded off 6 to the nearest \$50 increment. The commissioner of political 7 practices shall publish the revised limitations as a rule. 8 In-kind contributions may not be included in computing these limitation totals. The limitation provided in this section 9 10 does not apply to contributions made by a political party 11 eligible for a primary election under 13-10-601.

contributions from all political committees contributing to

1

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (2) As used in this section, "inflation factor" means a number determined for each year by dividing the consumer price index for June of the year by the consumer price index for June of 1980."
 - Section 4. Section 13-37-303, MCA, is amended to read:
- "13-37-303. Donation by taxpayer. (1) An individual whose withheld income tax or payment of estimated tax exceeds by more than \$1 his income tax liability for the taxable year may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund. In the case of a joint return;—as—provided—in—15-30-142; of a husband and wife having an income tax overpayment as defined in 15-30-149 of \$2 or more, each spouse may donate \$1 to be paid to the fund.
- 25 (2) An individual with an unpaid tax liability may at

1	the time of	pay me nt	donate	an	extra	\$1	to	be	paid	to	the
2	fund.										

- 3 (3) The department shall provide a place on the face of 4 the blank form of return, provided for in 15-30-144, where 5 an individual may make the donations provided for in 6 subsections (1) and (2). The form shall adequately explain 7 the individual's option to donate \$1 to the fund."
 - Section 5. Section 15-30-101, MCA, is amended to read:
- 9 "15-30-101. Definitions. For the purpose of this 10 chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the 11 following definitions apply:
 - (i)--"Base--year-structure"-means-the-following-elements
 of-the-income-tax-structure:
- 14 (a)--the-tax--brackets--established--in--15-30-1037--but
 15 unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1037-in-effect-on-dune
 16 30-of-the-taxable-year?
- 17 (b)--the---exemptions--contained--in--15-30-1127--but
 18 unadjusted-by-subsections--(7)--and--(8)--of--15-30-1127--in
 19 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year;
- 20 (e)--the---maximum---standard---deduction---provided--in
 21 15-30-1227-but-unadjusted-by-subsection-(2)-of-15-30-1227-in
 22 effect-on-June-30-of-the-taxable-year:
- 23 (2)--"Consumer-price-index"--means--the--consumer--price
 24 index7--United-States-city-average7-for-all-items7-using-the
 25 1967-base-of--100--as--published--by--the--bureau--of--labor

HB 0996/04

-	Bedeligered of the O.S. department of 12501.
2	(3)(1) "Department" means the department of revenue.
3	(4) "Dividend" meansanydistributionmadebya
4	corporationoutofitsearningsorprofitstoits
5	shareholdersormembersywhetherincashorinother
6	propertyorinstock-of-the-corporation;-other-than-stock
7	dividends-as-herein-defined"Stockdividends"meansnew
8	stockissuedyforsurplusorprofitscapitalizedyto
9	shareholders-in-proportion-to-their-previous-holdings-
10	(5)(2) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,
11	administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person, whether
12	individual or corporate, acting in any fiduciary capacity
13	for any person, trust, or estate.
14	(6)(3) "Foreign country" or "foreign government" means
15	any jurisdiction other than the one embraced within the
16	United States, its territories and possessions.
17	(7)=Grossincome=meansthe-taxpayer-s-gross-income
18	for-federal-income-tax-purposes-as-defined-in-section-61of
19	theInternal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-or-as-that-section-may-be
20	<pre>tabeledoramended;excludingunemploymentcompensation</pre>
21	included-in-federal-gross-incomeundertheprovisionsof
22	section-85-of-the-Internal-Revenue-Code-of-1954-as-amended-
23	(8)#Inflationfactor#meansa-number-determined-for
24	each-taxable-year-by-dividing-the-consumer-priceindexfor
25	Juneofthetaxableyear-by-the-consumer-price-index-for

2	(4) "Individual" means a natural person, whether
3	married or unmarried, adult or minor, subject to payment of
4	an income tax under the Internal Revenue Code.
5	(9)(5) "Information agents" includes all individuals,
6	corporations, associations, and partnerships, in whatever
7	capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or
8	personal property, fiduciaries, brokers, real estate
9	brokers, employers, and all officers and employees of the
0	state or of any municipal corporation or political
1	subdivision of the state, having the control, receipt,
2	custody, disposal, or payment of interest, rent, salaries,
3	wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations,
4	emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or
.5	periodical gains, profits, and income with respect to which
6	any person or fiduciary is taxable under this chapter.
.7	(10)-"Knowingly"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-
8	(11)-"Netincome"means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of-a
.9	taxpayer-less-the-deductions-allowed-by-this-chapter-
0	(12)-"Paid"7-for-thepurposesofthedeductionsand
1	credits-under-this-chapter;-means-paid-or-accrued-or-paid-or
2	incurred;andtheterms"paidor-incurred"-and-"paid-or
23	accrued#-shall-beconstruedaccordingtothemethodof
4	accountinguponthebasisof-which-the-taxable-income-is
25	computed-under-this-chapter-

June;-1980;

2	+14)-"Received",forthepurposeofcomputationof
3	taxable-income-under-this-chapter,-means-received-or-accrued
4	and-theterm*receivedoraccrued*shallbeconstrued
5	accordingtothemethodofaccounting-upon-the-basis-of
6	which-the-taxable-income-is-computed-under-this-chapter-
7	(6) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue
8	Code of 1954, redesignated as the "Internal Revenue Code of
9	1986" by section 2 of Public Law 99-514, as that code may be
10	amended from time to time by the United States congress. It
11	is the specific intent of the legislature that all
12	amendments by the United States congress must be
13	incorporated into the context of any section of Title 15
14	referring to the Internal Revenue Code.
15	(7) "MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME" MEANS THE AMOUNT OF
16	INCOME A NONRESIDENT OR PART-YEAR RESIDENT RECEIVES FROM
17	SOURCES WITHIN MONTANA. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INCOME
18	EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS OR CONSTITUTION
19	OF THE UNITED STATES.
20	<pre>f7}(B) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate,</pre>
21	or a partnership.
22	(15)(9) "Resident" applies only to natural persons
23	and includes, for the purpose of determining liability to
24	the tax imposed by this chapter with reference to the income
25	of any taxable year, any person domiciled in the state of

-9-

113)-"Purposely"-is-as-defined-in-45-2-101-

1

2	of abode within the state even though temporarily absent
3	from the state and has not established a residence
4	elsewhere.
5	(16)-"Taxable-income"-means-the-adjusted-gross-income-of
6	a-taxpayer-less-the-deductions-and-exemptionsprovidedfor
7	in-this-chapter.
8	$+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}$ "Taxable year" means the taxpayer's taxable
9	year for federal income tax purposes.
10	$(\pm\theta)(\pm\theta)(\pm\theta)$ "Taxpayer" includes any person or
11	fiduciary, resident or nonresident, subject to a tax imposed
12	by this chapter and does not include corporations."
13	NEW SECTION. Section 6. State income tax as percentage
14	of federal. (1) A state income tax is imposed and must be
15	paid and collected for each taxable year upon:
16	(a) the federal adjusted FEDERAL taxable income derived
17	from sources within and outside Montana of each resident and
18	fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income

(b) the federal adjusted FEDERAL taxable income derived

(2) "Pederal--adjusted ADJUSTED FEDERAL taxable income"

from sources within Montana of each nonresident and

fiduciary required to make a return and pay federal income

means the taxpayer's taxable income, as determined for

-10-

taxes under the Internal Revenue Code; and

taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.

Montana and any other person who maintains a permanent place

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	federal income taxes under the provisions of the Internal
2	Revenue Code, with the following additionaldeductions
3	ADDITIONS AND DEDUCTIONS:
4	(a) income-earned-by-an-enrolled-member-of-afederally
5	recognizedIndiantribeduring-the-time-he-both-lives-and
6	works-on-a-reservation;
7	<pre>fb;Montana-income-tax-refunds-or-credits;</pre>
8	(c)interest-incomefromobligationsoftheUnited
9	Statesgovernmenttothe-extent-the-income-is-exempt-from
10	state-income-tax-under-federal-law;-and
11	<pre>fd;military-combat-pay-received-by-a-Montana-resident-</pre>
12	THE FOLLOWING INCOME MUST BE DEDUCTED:
13	(I) INCOME EXEMPTED FROM STATE TAXATION UNDER THE LAWS
14	OR CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES MAY-BE-BEBUGTED;
15	(II) ALL PAYMENTS UNDER VETERANS BONUS LAWS; AND
16	(III) THE SALARY RECEIVED FROM THE ARMED FORCES BY
17	RESIDENTS OF MONTANA WHO ARE SERVING ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE
18	REGULAR ARMED FORCES AND WHO ENTERED INTO ACTIVE DUTY FROM
19	MONTANA;
20	(IV) UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION INCLUDED IN FEDERAL
21	GROSS INCOME UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 85 OF THE
22	INTERNAL REVENUE CODE;
23	(V) ALL TIPS COVERED BY SECTION 3402(K) OF THE INTERNAL
24	REVENUE CODE, AS RECEIVED BY PERSONS FOR SERVICES RENDERED
25	BY THEM TO PATRONS OF PREMISES LICENSED TO PROVIDE FOOD,

-11-

1 BEVERAGES, OR LODGING. 2 (3)(B) A shareholder

19

20

21

22

23

24

2 (3)(B) A shareholder of a corporation for which the 3 election provided for under subchapter S. of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect but for which the election provided under 15-31-202 is not in effect may deduct from his federal taxable income any part of the corporation's 7 undistributed taxable income, net operating loss, capital or other gains, profits, or losses required to be included in 9 the shareholder's federal taxable income by reason of the 10 election under subchapter S. However, to the shareholder's 11 federal taxable income must be added distributions received 12 from the corporation to the extent the distributions would 13 be treated as taxable dividends if the subchapter S. 14 election were not in effect.

- 15 (C) THE FOLLOWING INCOME MUST BE ADDED: INTEREST
 16 RECEIVED ON OBLIGATIONS OF ANOTHER STATE, TERRITORY, COUNTY,
 17 MUNICIPALITY, DISTRICT, OR OTHER POLITICAL SUBDIVISION
 18 THEREOF.
 - (4)--Nonresidents-taking-any-of-the-deductions-listed-in subsection-(2)-may-claim-only-that--percentage--of--itemized deductions-and-the-personal-exemption-deduction-allowed-from federal---adjusted--gross--income--that--the--percentage--of adjusted-gross-income-earned--from--sources--within--Montana bears-to-the-taxpayer-s-federal-adjusted-gross-income-
- 25 (5)--If--a-taxpayer's-federal-adjusted-taxable-income-is

HB 0996/04

- adjusted-for-state-income-tax-purposes-to-include-any-of-the
 additional-deductions-or-modifications-of--subsections--(2)
 through--(4)--and--15-30-107--and--15-30-1277-the-taxpayer's
 federal-income-tax-liability--must--be--recomputed--on--this
 adjusted--figure--to--allow--the-state-income-tax-rate-to-be
 applied-against-it-
- 7 (3) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3)(B), A

 8 NONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR PURPOSES OF

 9 DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY PURSUANT TO

 10 [SECTION 7] IS THE TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY

 11 MULTIPLIED BY THE PERCENTAGE DERIVED FROM DIVIDING THE

 12 TAXPAYER'S MONTANA ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME BY THE TAXPAYER'S

 13 FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (B) IF A NONRESIDENT'S FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS

 ZERO OR A LOSS, THEN HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY FOR

 PURPOSES OF DETERMINING HIS STATE INCOME TAX LIABILITY

 PURSUANT TO [SECTION 7] IS THE FULL AMOUNT OF HIS FEDERAL

 TAX LIABILITY.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Rate of tax. The Tate of State income—tax—is—32%—of—a—taxpayer s—federal—income—tax liability—excluding—the—self—employment—tax—imposed—under section—1401—Internal—Revenue—Code—adjusted—as—provided—in fsection—6(5)1—(1) THE RATE OF STATE INCOME TAX IS 30% OF THE SUM OF A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY LESS FEDERAL CREDITS.

- 1 (2) IF A TAXPAYER HAS ADJUSTED HIS FEDERAL TAXABLE
 2 INCOME AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 6(2)], HE SHALL RECOMPUTE HIS
 3 FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY, LESS CREDITS, BEFORE APPLYING
 4 THE 30% RATE.
- 5 (3) A TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY INCLUDES THE TAX
 6 AND PENALTY ON EARLY DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL
 7 RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS OR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT PLANS. A
 8 TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY DOES NOT INCLUDE
 9 SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX OR THE SOCIAL SECURITY TAX ON TIPS.
- 10 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Nonresidents -- determination 11 of in-state income. A nonresident's income from sources 12 within Montana includes income derived from all property 13 in this state and from every business, trade, 14 profession, or occupation carried on in 15 INCLUDING GAIN AND INTEREST RECEIVED FROM THE INSTALLMENT 16 SALES OF PROPERTY. it--does--not--include---income---from 17 annuities, -- interest--on--bank -- deposits, -- interest-on-notes, 18 bonds;-or-other-interest-bearing-obligations;--or--dividends 19 on-stock-of-corporationsy-except-to-the-extent-to-which-this 20 income--is--a--part--of--the-income-derived-from-a-business; 21 trade7-profession7-or-occupation-earried-on-in--this--state; 22 In the case of a business, trade, profession, or occupation 23 carried on partly within and partly outside this state by a 24 nonresident, the income from sources within this state must be determined by apportionment and allocation under rules

- 1 adopted by the department.
- 2 NEW SECTION. SECTION 9. NONRESIDENT ALTERNATIVE GROSS
- 3 RECEIPTS TAX. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE III,
- 4 SECTION 2, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT, EVERY NONRESIDENT
- 5 TAXPAYER REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN AND WHOSE ONLY ACTIVITY
- 6 IN MONTANA CONSISTS OF MAKING SALES AND WHO DOES NOT OWN OR
- 7 RENT REAL ESTATE OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WITHIN
- 8 MONTANA AND WHOSE ANNUAL GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN
- 9 MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR DOES NOT EXCEED \$100,000 MAY
- 10 ELECT TO PAY AN INCOME TAX OF 1/2 OF 1% OF THE DOLLAR VOLUME
- 11 OF GROSS SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, SUCH
- 12 TAX SHALL BE IN LIEU OF THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER [SECTION 6].
- 13 THE GROSS VOLUME OF SALES MADE IN MONTANA DURING THE TAXABLE
- 14 YEAR SHALL BE DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF
- 15 ARTICLE IV, SECTIONS 16 AND 17, OF THE MULTISTATE TAX
- 16 COMPACT.
- 17 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Tax return -- contents. (1)
- 18 Each individual, MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT FEDERAL
- 19 RETURN, or fiduciary mentioned in (section 6(1)) shall file
- 20 a return, USING THE SAME FILING STATUS USED TO FILE THE
- 21 TAXPAYER'S FEDERAL RETURN, with the department showing:
- 22 (a) the amount of tax due and payable as reported on
- 23 the taxpayer's federal income tax return or as recomputed as
- 24 required in [section 6(5) 7];
- 25 (b) the amount of tax due under [section 7], less

-15-

- credits, if any, claimed against the tax;
- 2 (c) A COMPLETE COPY OF THE FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME
- 3 TAX RETURN AND ALL SUPPORTING SCHEDULES AS FILED, A COPY OF
- ANY AMENDED FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILED, AND
- 5 any other information necessary for administration of the
- 6 state income tax, as may be prescribed by the department.
 - (2) If a taxpayer is unable to make his own return, an
- 8 authorized agent, guardian, or other person charged with the
- 9 care of the person or property of the taxpayer shall file
- 10 the return.

- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Payment of state income tax
- 12 -- refunds -- interest. (1) A taxpayer required to file a
- 13 state income tax return shall compute the amount of state
- 14 income tax due and shall, at the time the return is filed,
- pay to the department any balance of tax in excess of \$1
- 16 remaining unpaid after crediting the amount withheld as
- 17 provided under 15-30-202 or any payment of estimated tax as
- 18 provided under 15-30-242.
- 19 (2) AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER THE CURRENT YEAR'S TAX
- 20 RETURN IS FILED, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL EXAMINE AND VERIFY THE
- 21 TAX. If the withheld tax or the estimated tax paid exceeds
- 22 the state income tax due by more than \$1, the department
- 23 shall refund the excess to the taxpayer within 30 90 days
- 24 after receiving the return.
- 25 (3)--IP-THE-AMOUNT-OP-TAX-DUE-IS-GREATER-THAN-THE-AMOUNT

L	PAID7-THE-DIPPERENCE-MUST-BE-PAID-BYTHETAXPAYERTOTHE
2	DEPARTMENTWITHIN-60-DAYS-APTER-NOTICE-0P-THE-AMOUNT-OP-THE
3	TAK-DUEIP-PAYMENT-IS-MADE-APTER-60-DAYS7-INTEREST-MUSTBE
4	ADDEDATTHERATE-OF-9%-PER-YEAR-ON-THE-ADDITIONAL-TAX/
5	PENALTY-MAY-NOT-BE-ASSESSED-IP-THE-BEPIGIENCY-IS-PAID-WITHIN
6	60-DAYS-APTER-THE-FIRST-NOTICE-OP-THE-AMOUNT-BUEISMAILE
7	TO-THE-TAXPAYER-

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- (3) IF THE AMOUNT OF TAX DUE IS GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT PAID, THE DIFFERENCE MUST BE PAID BY THE TAXPAYER TO THE DEPARTMENT WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX AS COMPUTED, WITH INTEREST ADDED AT THE RATE OF 9% PER YEAR OR FRACTION THEREOF ON THE ADDITIONAL TAX. IN SUCH CASE, THERE MAY BE NO PENALTY BECAUSE OF THE UNDERPAYMENT, PROVIDED THE DEFICIENCY IS PAID WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE FIRST NOTICE OF THE AMOUNT IS MAILED TO THE TAXPAYER.
- (3)(4) Except as provided in 15-30-321, interest at a rate of 9% a year must be added to any state income tax or portion of tax, from the due date until paid, whether the taxpayer has been granted a filing extension or not.
- t4†(5) If a joint return is made by husband and wife,
 the liability with respect to the tax is joint and several.
- 22 SECTION 12. SECTION 15-30-145, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
 23 "15-30-145. Revision of return by department -24 examination of records and persons. (1) If, in the opinion
 25 of the department, any return of a taxpayer is in any

-17-

essential respect incorrect, it may revise such return. The 1 department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's 2 correct federal taxable income regardless of whether the 3 internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported federal taxable income. If any taxpayer fails to make return as herein required, the department is authorized to make an estimate of the taxable income of such taxpayer from any 7 information in its possession and to audit and state an account according to such return or the estimate so made by 9 it for the taxes, penalties, and interest due the state from 10 such taxpayer. Except in the case of a person who, with 11 intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a 12 false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this 13 chapter, the amount of tax due under any return shall be 14 determined by the department within 5 years after the return 15 was made and the department thereafter shall be barred from 16 revising any such returns or recomputing the tax due 17 thereon, and no proceeding in court for the collection of 18 such tax shall be instituted after the expiration of said 19 period, notwithstanding the provisions of 15-30-322. The 20 department may revise the return to determine the taxpayer's 21 correct federal taxable income within 5 years after the 22 return was made regardless of whether the federal statute of 23 limitations has run. In the case of a person who, with 24

intent to evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a

-18- НВ 996

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

false or fraudulent return violating the provisions of this chapter, the amount of tax due may be determined at any time after the return is filed and the tax may be collected at any time after it becomes due and, where no return has been filed, the tax may be assessed at any time.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- (2) The department, for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of any return or for the purpose of making an estimate of taxable income of any person where information has been obtained, may also examine or cause to have examined by any agent or representative designated by it for that purpose any books, papers, or records of memoranda bearing upon the matters required to be included in the return and may require the attendance of the person rendering the return or any officer or employee of such person or the attendance of any person having knowledge in the premises and may take testimony and require proof material for its information, with power to administer oaths to such person or persons. The department may exercise this power regardless of whether the internal revenue service has revised the taxpayer's reported federal taxable income and regardless of whether the federal statute of limitations has run."
- 23 SECTION 13. SECTION 15-30-149, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
 24 "15-30-149. Credits and refunds -- period of
 25 limitations. (1) If the department discovers from the

- examination of a return or upon claim duly filed by a taxpayer or upon final judgment of a court that the amount of income tax collected is in excess of the amount due or that any penalty or interest was erroneously or illegally collected, the amount of the overpayment shall be credited against any income tax, penalty, or interest then due from the taxpayer and the balance of such excess shall be refunded to the taxpayer.
 - (2) (a) A credit or refund under the provisions of this section may be allowed only if, prior to the expiration of the period provided by 15-30-145 and by 15-30-146 during which the department may determine tax liability, the taxpayer files a claim or the department determines there has been an overpayment.
 - (b) If an overpayment of tax results from a net operating loss carryback, the overpayment may be refunded or credited within the period that expires on the 15th day of the 40th month following the close of the taxable year of the net operating loss if that period expires later than 5 years from the due date of the return for the year to which the net operating loss is carried back.
 - (3) Within 6 months after an amended return, a delinquent return, or a claim for refund is filed, the department shall examine said the return or claim and either approve or disapprove it. If said the return or claim is

-20-

approved, the credit or refund shall be made to the taxpayer within 60 days after the claim is approved; if the return or claim is disallowed, the department shall so notify the taxpayer and shall grant a hearing thereon upon proper application by the taxpayer. If the department disapproves a claim for refund, review of the determination of the department may be had as otherwise provided in this chapter.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (4) Except as hereinafter provided for, interest shall be allowed on overpayments at the same rate as is charged on delinguent taxes due from the due date of the return or from the date of the overpayment (whichever date is later) to the date the department approves refunding or crediting of the overpayment. With respect to tax paid by withholding or by estimate, the date of overpayment shall be deemed to be the date on which the return for the taxable year was due. No interest shall accrue on an overpayment if the taxpayer elects to have it applied to his estimated tax for the succeeding taxable year, nor shall interest accrue during any period the processing of a return or claim for refund is delayed more than 30 days by reason of failure of the taxpayer to furnish information requested by the department for the purpose of verifying the amount of the overpayment. No interest shall be allowed if:
- 24 (a) the overpayment is refunded within 6 months from 25 the date the return is due or the date the return is filed,

-21-

1 whichever date is later:

16

- 2 (b) the overpayment results from the carryback of a net3 operating loss; or
- 4 (c) the amount of interest is less than \$1.
- 5 (5) An overpayment not made incident to a bona fide and orderly discharge of an actual income tax liability or one reasonably assumed to be imposed by this law shall not be considered an overpayment with respect to which interest is allowable."
- Section 14. Section 15-30-128, MCA, is amended to read:
- 11 *15-30-128. Credit for expense of caring for certain
 12 elderly family members. (1) There is a credit against the
 13 tax imposed by this chapter for qualified elderly care
 14 expenses paid by an individual for the care of a qualifying
 15 family member during the taxable year.
 - (2) A qualifying family member is an individual who:
- 17 (a) is related to the taxpayer by blood or marriage;
 - (b) (i) is at least 70 years of age; or
- 19 (ii) is diagnosed by a physician as having senile 20 dementia of the Alzheimer type; and
- 21 (c) has a family income of \$15,000 or less for the 22 taxable year.
- 23 (3) For purposes of this section, "family income"
 24 means, in the case of an individual who is not married, the
- 25 <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income of the individual or, in the

case of a married individual, the <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income of the individual and the individual's spouse.

(4) Qualified elderly care expenses include:

1

2

3

5

7

В

9

12

13

14

15

16

19

20

21

24

- (a) payments by the taxpayer for home health agency services provided by an organization certified by the federal health care financing administration, homemaker services, adult day care, respite care, or health-care equipment and supplies:
 - (i) provided to the qualifying family member:
- 10 (ii) provided by an organization or individual not related to the taxpayer or the qualifying family member; and
 - (iii) not compensated for by insurance or otherwise;
 - (b) subject to the limitations in subsection (4)(a), payments by the taxpayer for nursing home care of an individual who is diagnosed by a physician as having senile dementia of the Alzheimer type.
- 17 (5) The percentage amount of credit allowable under 18 this section is:
 - (a) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income does not exceed \$25,000, 30% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
- 22 (b) for a taxpayer whose <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income
 23 exceeds \$25,000, the greater of:
 - (i) 20% of qualified elderly care expenses; or
- 25 (ii) 30% of qualified elderly care expenses, less 1% for

-23-

- each \$2,000 or fraction thereof by which the <u>federal</u>
 adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the taxable year
 exceeds \$25,000.
- 4 (6) The dollar amount of credit allowable under this 5 section is:
 - (a) reduced by \$1 for each dollar of the <u>federal</u> adjusted gross income over \$50,000 for a taxpayer whose federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000;
- (b) limited to \$5,000 per qualifying family member in a taxable year and to \$10,000 total for two or more family members in a taxable year;
 - (c) prorated among multiple taxpayers who each contribute to qualified elderly care expenses of the same qualified family member in a taxable year in the same proportion that their contributions bear to the total qualified elderly care expenses paid by those taxpayers for that qualified family member.
- 18 (7) A deduction or credit is not allowed under any
 19 other provision of this chapter with respect to any amount
 20 for which a credit is allowed under this section. The credit
 21 allowed under this section may not be claimed as a carryback
 22 or carryforward and may not be refunded if the taxpayer has
 23 no tax liability.
- 24 (8) In the case of a married individual filing a 25 separate return, the percentage amount of credit under

-24-

HB 0996/04

6

7

8

12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

subsection (5) and the dollar amount of credit under subsection (6) are limited to one-half of the figures indicated in those subsections."

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

21

22

23

24

- Section 15. Section 15-30-162, MCA, is amended to read:

 "15-30-162. Investment credit. (1) There is allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by 15-30-103 [section 6] a percentage of the credit allowed with respect to certain depreciable property under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or as section 38 may be renumbered or amended. However, rehabilitation costs as set forth under section 46(a)(2)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954; or as section-46(a)(2)(F)—may—be—renumbered—or amended; are not to be included in the computation of the investment credit. The credit is allowed for the purchase and installation of certain qualified property defined by section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of-1954; as amended; if the property meets all of the following qualifications:
 - (a) it was placed in service in Montana; and
- 19 (b) it was used for the production of Montana adjusted
 20 gross income.
 - (2) The amount of the credit allowed for the taxable year is 5% of the amount of credit determined under section 46(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amendedy or as section 46(a)(2) may be renumbered or amended.

-25-

25 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2),

- the investment credit allowed for the taxable year may not exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year or \$500, whichever is less.
- 4 (4) If property for which an investment credit is 5 claimed is used both inside and outside this state, only a portion of the credit is allowed. The credit must be 7 apportioned according to a fraction the numerator of which 8 is the number of days during the taxable year the property 9 was located in Montana and the denominator of which is the 10 number of days during the taxable year the taxpayer owned 11 the property. The investment credit may be applied only to 12 the tax liability of the taxpayer who purchases and places 13 in service the property for which an investment credit is claimed. The credit may not be allocated between spouses 14 15 unless the property is used by a partnership or small business corporation of which they are partners or 16 17 shareholders.
 - (5) The investment credit allowed by this section is subject to recapture as provided for in section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code of-19547-as-amended7-or-as-section--47 may-be-renumbered-or-amended."
- Section 16. Section 15-30-241, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "15-30-241. Declaration of estimated tax. (1) Every
- 24 Each individual except-farmers, ranchers, or stockmen shall,
- 25 at the time prescribed in subsection (3) of--this--section,

1	make a declaration of his estimated tax for the taxable year								
2	if hisnet-income-from-sources-other-than-wages;-salaries;								
3	bonusesor-other-emoluments-can-reasonably-beexpectedto								
4	equal-or-exceed-his-net-income-from-wages;-salaries;-bonuses								
5	orother-emoluments,-which-are-subject-to-withholding he is								
6	required to file a declaration of his estimated tax under								
7	the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.								

(2) In the declaration required under subsection (1) of this section, the individual shall state:

- 10 (a) the amount which he estimates as the amount of tax
 11 under 15-30-103 [section 7] for the taxable year;
 - (b) the amount which he estimates will be withheld from wages paid by his employer if said individual is an employee;
 - (c) the excess of the amount estimated under subsection (2)(a) over the amount estimated under subsection (2)(b), which excess for purposes of this section shall be considered the estimated tax for the taxable year;
 - (d) such other information as may be prescribed in rules promulgated by the department.
 - (3) The declaration required under subsection (1) of this-section shall be filed with the department on or before April 15 of the taxable year, except that if the requirements of subsection (1) of-this-section are first met:

-27-

- 1 (a) after April 1 and before October 1 of the taxable
 2 year, the declaration shall be filed on or before October 15
 3 of the taxable year;
 - (b) after October 1 of the taxable year, the declaration shall be filed on or before February 15 of the succeeding taxable year.
 - (4) An individual may make amendments of a declaration filed during the taxable year under subsection (3) of--this section under rules prescribed by the department.
 - (5) If, on or before February 15 of the succeeding taxable year, the taxpayer files a return for the taxable year for which the declaration is required and pays in full the amount computed on his return as payable, then under rules prescribed by the department:
 - (a) if the declaration is not required to be filed during the taxable year but is required to be filed on or before such February 15, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as such declaration; and
 - (b) if the tax shown on the return is greater than the estimated tax shown in a declaration previously made or in the last amendments thereof, such the return shall for the purposes of this section be considered as the amendment of the declaration permitted by subsection (4) of-this-section to be filed on or before such February 15.

-28-

(6) The department shall promulgate rules governing reasonable extensions of time for filing declarations and paying the estimated tax except in the case of taxpavers who are abroad, and no such extension shall be for more than 6 months.

1

2

3

5

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (7) If taxpayer is unable to make his own 6 7 declaration, the declaration shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the quardian or other person charged 9 with the care of the person or property of such the 10 taxpaver.
 - (8) Any individual who fails to file a declaration of estimated tax as required by this section is not subject to the penalties set forth in 15-30-321."
 - Section 17. Section 15-30-303, MCA, is amended to read: "15-30-303. Confidentiality of tax records. (1) Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, it is unlawful for the department or any assistant, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee to divulge or make known in any manner the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report or return required under this chapter or any other information secured in the administration of this chapter. It is also unlawful to divulge or make known in any manner any federal return or federal return information disclosed on any return or report required by rule of the department

-29-

1 or under this chapter.

15

22

23

- (2) The officers charged with the custody of such 2 reports and returns shall not be required to produce any of 3 them or evidence of anything contained in them in any action 4 or proceeding in any court, except in any action or 5 proceeding to which the department is a party under the provisions of this chapter or any other taxing act or on 7 behalf of any party to any action or proceedings under the 9 provisions of this chapter or such the other act when the 10 reports or facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceedings, in either of which events the court 11 may require the production of and may admit in evidence so 12 much of said the reports or of the facts shown thereby as 13 14 are pertinent to the action or proceedings and no more.
 - (3) Nothing herein shall may be construed to prohibit:
- (a) the delivery to a taxpayer or his duly authorized 16 17 representative of a certified copy of any return or report filed in connection with his tax; 18
- (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to 19 prevent the identification of particular reports or returns 20 21 and the items thereof; or
 - (c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the report or return of any taxpayer who shall may bring action to set aside or review the tax based thereon or against whom an action or

proceeding has been instituted in accordance with the provisions of 15-30-311 and 15-30-322.

- (4) Reports and returns shall must be preserved for 3 years and thereafter until the department orders them to be destroyed.
- (5) Any offense against subsections (1) through (4) of this-section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and if the offender be is an officer or employee of the state, he shall be dismissed from office and be incapable of holding any public office in this state for a period of 1 year thereafter.
- department may permit the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States or the proper officer of any state imposing a tax upon the incomes of individuals or the authorized representative of either such officer to inspect the return of income of any individual or may furnish to such the officer or his authorized representative an abstract of the return of income of any individual or supply him with information concerning any item of income contained in any return or disclosed by the report of any investigation of the income or return of income of any individual, but such permission shall be granted or such

-31-

information furnished to such officer or his representative
only if the statutes of the United States or of such other
state, as the case may be, grant substantially similar
privileges to the proper officer of this state charged with
the administration of this chapter.

(7) Further, notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the department shall furnish:

ta)--to---the--department--of--justice--ail--information necessary-to--identify--those--persons--qualifying--for--the additional-exemption-for-blindness-pursuant-to-15-30-112(4)7 for--the--purpose--of--enabling-the-department-of-justice-to administer-the-provisions-of-61-5-1057

(b)(a) to the department of social and rehabilitation services information acquired under 15-30-301, pertaining to an applicant for public assistance, reasonably necessary for the prevention and detection of public assistance fraud and abuse, provided notice to the applicant has been given;

tc?(b) to the department of fish, wildlife, and parks specific information that is available from income tax returns and required under 87-2-102 to establish the residency requirements of an applicant for hunting and fishing licenses; and

23 (d)(c) to the board of regents information required
24 under 20-26-1111."

Section 18. Section 15-30-323, MCA, is amended to read:

-32-

нв 996

нв 996

8

q

10

21

22

25

"15-30-323. Penalty for deficiency. (1) If the payment required by 15-38-142(6) [section 18 11] is not made within 60 days or if the understatement is due to negligence on the part of the taxpayer but without fraud, there shall be added to the amount of the deficiency 5% thereof; provided, however, that no deficiency penalty shall be less than \$2. Interest will be computed at the rate of 9% per annum or fraction thereof on the additional assessment. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subsection, the interest shall in all cases be computed from the date the return and tax were originally due as distinguished from the due date as it may have been extended to the date of payment.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(2) If the time for filing a return is extended, the taxpayer shall pay in addition interest thereon at the rate of 9% per annum from the time when the return was originally required to be filed to the time of payment."

Section 19. Section 15-31-131, MCA, is amended to read: "15-31-131. Credit for dependent care assistance. (1) There is a credit against the taxes otherwise due under this chapter allowable to an employer for amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year by the employer for dependent care assistance actually provided to or on behalf of an employee if the assistance is furnished by a registered or licensed day-care provider and pursuant to a

- program that meets the requirements of section 89(k) and 1 129(d)(2) through (6) of the Internal Revenue Code. 2
- (2) (a) The amount of the credit allowed under 3 subsection (1) is 15% of the amount paid or incurred by the employer during the taxable year, but the credit may not 5 exceed \$1,250 of day-care assistance actually provided to or 7 on behalf of the employee.
 - (b) For the purposes of this subsection, marital status must be determined under the rules of section 21(e)(3) and (4) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 11 (c) In the case of an onsite facility, the amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based, with 12 respect to any dependent, must be based upon utilization and 13 14 the value of the services provided.
- (3) An amount paid or incurred during the taxable year 15 16 of an employer in providing dependent care assistance to or on behalf of any employee does not qualify for the credit 17 18 allowed under subsection (1) if the amount was paid or 19 incurred to an individual described in section 129(c)(1) or (2) of the Internal Revenue Code. 20
- (4) An amount paid or incurred by an employer to provide dependent care assistance to or on behalf of an employee does not qualify for the credit allowed under 23 subsection (1) if the amount is paid or incurred pursuant to 24 a salary reduction plan or is paid or incurred for services

-34-

7

8

q

10

11

12

13

19

20

1 not performed within this state.

2

3

4

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (5) If the credit allowed under subsection (1) is claimed, the amount of any deduction allowed or allowable under this chapter for the amount that qualifies for the credit (or upon which the credit is based) must be reduced by the dollar amount of the credit allowed. The election to claim a credit allowed under this section must be made at the time of filing the tax return.
- (6) The amount upon which the credit allowed under subsection (1) is based may not be included in the gross income of the employee to whom the dependent care assistance is provided. However, the amount excluded from the income of an employee under this section may not exceed the limitations provided in section 129(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of Title 15, chapter 30, part 2, with respect to an employee to whom dependent care assistance is provided, "wages" does not include any amount excluded under this subsection. Amounts-excluded-under--this subsection--do-not-qualify-as-expenses-for-which-a-deduction is-allowed-to-the-employee-under-15-30-121.
- (7) Any tax credit otherwise allowable under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability for the next succeeding tax year.

 Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year.

may be carried forward and used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise through the fifth year succeeding the tax year in which the credit was first allowed or allowable. A credit may not be carried forward beyond the fifth succeeding tax year.

- (8) If the taxpayer is an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the taxpayer elects to take tax credit relief, the election may be made on behalf of the corporation's shareholders. A shareholder's credit must be computed using the shareholder's pro rata share of the corporation's costs that qualify for the credit. In all other respects, the effect of the tax credit applies to the corporation as otherwise provided by law.
- 14 (9) For purposes of the credit allowed under subsection
 15 (1):
- 16 (a) The the definitions and special rules contained in 17 section 129(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the 18 extent applicable; and
 - (b) "Employer" "employer" means an employer carrying on a business, trade, occupation, or profession in this state.
- 21 (c)--*Internal-Revenue-Gode"-means-the-federal--Internal
 22 Revenue-Gode-as-amended-and-in-effect-on-January-17-1989-"
- Section 20. Section 15-31-202, MCA, is amended to read:

 124 *15-31-202. Election by small business corporation. (1)

 25 A small business corporation may elect not to be subject to

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

the taxes imposed by this chapter.

1

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

- 2 (2) If a small business corporation makes an election
 3 under subsection (1), then:
 - (a) with respect to the taxable years of the corporation for which such election is in effect, such corporation is not subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter and, with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such corporation; and
 - (b) with respect to the taxable years of a shareholder of such corporation in which or with which the taxable years of the corporation for which such election is in effect end, the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder, and with respect to such taxable years and all succeeding taxable years, the provisions of this part apply to such shareholder.
- 17 (3) An election under subsection (1) must be made in 18 accordance with rules prescribed by the department of 19 revenue.
- 20 (4) This election is not effective unless the corporate
 21 net income or loss of such electing corporation is included
 22 in the stockholders' <u>federal</u> adjusted gross <u>taxable</u> income
 23 as defined in 15-30-111 [section 6].
- 24 (5) Every electing corporation is required to pay the minimum fee of \$10 required by 15-31-204."

1 Section 21. Section 15-32-303, MCA, is amended to read: 2 "15-32-303. Deduction for purchase of Montana produced 3 organic fertilizer. In addition to all other deductions from adjusted---gross--individual--income--allowed--in--computing taxable-income-under-Title-157-chapter--307--or--from gross corporate income allowed in computing net income under Title 7 15, chapter 31, part 1, a taxpayer corporation may deduct his its expenditures for organic fertilizer produced in 9 Montana and used in Montana if the expenditure was not 10 otherwise deducted in computing taxable income."

Section 22. Section 15-33-106, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-33-106. Capital gains -- dividends exempted. Any capital gains or dividend income realized by an-individual or a corporation from an investment in an SBIC organized in accordance with this part is exempt from taxation under the provisions of Title 15, chapters-30 and chapter 31."

Section 23. Section 53-6-111, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-6-111. Department charged with general administration of medical assistance -- adoption of rules to punish fraud. (1) The department of social and rehabilitation services is hereby authorized and empowered to administer and supervise a vendor payment program of medical assistance under the powers, duties, and functions provided in chapter 2 of this title, as amended, and as contemplated by the provisions of Title XIX of the federal

Market was the file of the weather than the file of the west of the west has a file at the file of the file of the west of the file of the

Social Security Act.

1

2

3

4

6

10

11

14

15

16

19

- (2) The department shall adopt rules establishing a system of penalties and sanctions applicable to providers of medical assistance services and supplies who engage in fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities. The department shall define by rule those activities which are fraudulent, abusive, or improper.
- 8 (3) The penalties or sanctions imposed include but are not limited to:
 - (a) required courses of education in the rulesgoverning the medicaid program;
- (b) withholding of payments to offset previous improper
 payments to a provider;
 - (c) suspension of payments to a provider pending resolution of a dispute involving fraudulent, abusive, or improper activities;
- (d) suspension of participation in the program for aspecified period of time; and
 - (e) permanent termination of participation in the medical assistance program.
- 21 (4) The department is entitled to recover from a 22 provider all amounts paid as a result of fraudulent, 23 abusive, or improper activities, together with interest at 24 the rate set by \frac{15-30-142}{5-30-142} \frac{[section \frac{10}{20} \frac{11}{20}]}{5-30-142} for tax deficiencies from the date of such payment.

- 1 (5) In all cases in which a penalty or sanction may be 2 imposed, a provider is entitled to a hearing under the 3 provisions of Title 2, chapter 4, part 6."
- Section 24. Section 67-11-303, MCA, is amended to read:

 "67-11-303. Bonds and obligations. (1) An authority may
 borrow money for any of its corporate purposes and issue its
 bonds therefor, including refunding bonds, in such form and
 upon such terms as it may determine, payable out of any
 revenues of the authority, including revenues derived from:
- 10 (a) an airport or air navigation facility or
 11 facilities:
- (b) taxes levied pursuant to 67-11-301 or other law for airport purposes;
- 14 (c) grants or contributions from the federal
 15 government; or
- 16 (d) other sources.
- 17 (2) The bonds may be issued by resolution of the 18 authority, without an election and without any limitation of 19 amount, except that no such bonds may be issued at any time 20 if the total amount of principal and interest to become due 21 any year on such bonds and on any then outstanding bonds 22 for which revenues from the same source or sources are pledged exceeds the amount of such revenues to be received 23 24 in that year as estimated in the resolution authorizing the 25 issuance of the bonds. The authority shall take all action

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

necessary and possible to impose, maintain, and collect rates, charges, rentals, and taxes, if any are pledged, sufficient to make the revenues from the pledged source in such year at least equal to the amount of such principal and interest due in that year.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- (3) The bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may bear interest as provided in 17-5-102. Except as otherwise provided herein, any bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by an authority may be payable as to principal and interest solely from revenues of the authority and shall state on their face the applicable limitations or restrictions regarding the source from which such principal and interest are payable.
- .(4) Bonds issued by an authority or municipality pursuant to the provisions of this chapter are declared to be issued for an essential public and governmental purpose by a political subdivision within---the---meaning---of 15-30-111(2)(a) (section-6(2)(c)).
- or municipality may by resolution make and enter into any covenant, agreement, or indenture and may exercise any additional powers authorized to be exercised by a municipality under Title 7, chapter 7, parts 44 and 45. The sums required from time to time to pay principal and interest and to create and maintain a reserve for the bonds

may be paid from any revenues referred to in this chapter,

prior to the payment of current costs of operation and

maintenance of the facilities.

(6) Subject to the conditions stated in this subsection (6), the governing body of any municipality having a population in excess of 10,000, with respect to bonds issued pursuant to this chapter by the municipality or by an authority in which the municipality is included, may by resolution covenant that in the event that at any time all revenues, including taxes, appropriated and collected for such bonds are insufficient to pay principal or interest then due, it will levy a general tax upon all of the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency: and may further covenant that at any time a deficiency is likely to occur within 1 year for the payment of principal and interest due on such bonds, it will levy a general tax upon all the taxable property in the municipality for the payment of such deficiency, and such taxes are not subject to any limitation of rate or amount applicable to other municipal taxes but are limited to a rate estimated to be sufficient to produce the amount of the deficiency. In the event more than one municipality having a population in excess of 10,000 is included in an authority issuing bonds pursuant to this chapter, the municipalities may apportion the obligation to levy taxes for the payment

HB 0996/04

нв 0996/04

1

3

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

of, or in anticipation of, a deficiency in the revenues 2 appropriated for such bonds in such manner as 3 municipalities may determine. The resolution shall state the 4 principal amount and purpose of the bonds and the substance 5 of the covenant respecting deficiencies. No such resolution 6 becomes effective until the question of its approval has 7 been submitted to the qualified electors of the municipality at a special election called for that purpose by the 8 9 governing body of the municipality and a majority of the 10 electors voting on the question have voted in favor thereof. 11 The notice and conduct of the election is governed, to the 12 extent applicable, as provided for municipal general 13 obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 42, for an 14 election called by cities and towns, and as provided for 15 county general obligation bonds in Title 7, chapter 7, part 16 22, for an election called by counties. If a majority of the 17 electors voting thereon vote against approval of the 18 resolution, the municipality has no authority to make the 19 covenant or to levy a tax for the payment of deficiencies 20 pursuant to this section, but such municipality or authority 21 may nevertheless issue bonds under this chapter payable 22 solely from the sources referred to in subsection (1) 23 above."

Section 25. Section 19-3-105, MCA, is amended to read:

25 "19-3-105. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. The

24

right of a person to a retirement allowance or any other benefit under this chapter and the moneys in the fund created under this chapter is not?

4 (1) subject to execution, garnishment, attachment, or 5 any other process;

(2)--subject-to-state;-county;-or-municipal-taxes-except

for-a-refund-paid-under-i9-3-783-of-a-member-s-contributions

picked-up-by-an-employer-after-dune-30;-i985;-as-provided-in

19-3-701;-or

10 (3) or assignable except as in this chapter
11 specifically provided."

Section 26. Section 19-4-706, MCA, is amended to read:

*19-4-706. Exemption from taxation-and legal process. The pensions, annuities, or any other benefits accrued or accruing to any person under the provisions of the retirement system and the accumulated contributions and cash and securities in the various funds of the retirement system are:

(1)--exempted--from--any-state;-county;-or-municipal-tax of-the-state-of-Montana-except-for-a-withdrawal--paid--under 19-4-603--of--a-member's--contributions--picked--up--by--an employer-after-June-30;-1985;-as-provided-in-19-4-602;

23 (2) not subject to execution, garnishment, attachment
24 by trustee process or otherwise, in law or equity, or any
25 other process; and

-44~

-43- HB 996

нв 996

HB 0996/04

1 t3) unassignable except as specifically provided in 2 this chapter." 3 Section 27. Section 19-5-704, MCA, is amended to read: 4 *19-5-704. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any 5 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of 6 7 these shall-be is exempt from any state-or-municipal-tax-and 8 from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or any other 9 process whatsoever and shall-be is unassignable except as 10 specifically provided in 19-5-705." 11 Section 28. Section 19-6-705, MCA, is amended to read: 12 "19-6-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any 13 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state 14 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of 15 these is: 16 (1) -- exempt-from-any-state; -- county; -- or -- municipal -- tax 17 except--for--a--refund--paid--under--19-6-403--of-a-member+s 18 contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307--1985; 19 as-provided-in-19-6-402; 20 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or 21 any other process; and 22 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 23 19-6-706." Section 29. Section 19-7-705, MCA, is amended to read: 24

25

- money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state 1 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of 2 3 these is: 4 fl}--exempt--from--any--state;--county;-or-municipal-tax 5 except-for-a-refund-paid-under--19-7-304(1)--of--a--member's 6 contributions--picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-307-19857 7 as-provided-in-19-7-403: (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or 8 9 any other process; and (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 10 19-7-706." 11 12 Section 30. Section 19-8-805, MCA, is amended to read: 13 "19-8-805. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any ' 14 money received or to be paid as a member's annuity, state 15 annuity, or return of deductions or the right of any of 16 these is: 17 18
 - (1)--exempt-from-any-state;--county;--or--municipal--tax
 except--for--a--refund--paid--under-19-8-583-of-the-member1s
 contributions-picked-up-by-an-employer-after-June-38;--1985;
 as-provided-in-19-8-582;
 - 21 (2) exempt from levy, sale, garnishment, attachment, or
 22 any other process; and
 - 23 (3) is unassignable except as specifically provided in 19-8-806."
 - Section 31. Section 19-21-212, MCA, is amended to read:

HB 996

19

20

"19-7-705. Exemption from taxes-and legal process. Any

-45-

- 1 *19-21-212. Exemption from taxation; legal process; and assessments. All contracts, benefits, and contributions 2 under the optional retirement program and the earnings thereon are:
- fly--exempt-from-any-state;-county;-or-municipal-tax;
- 6 f2f(1) not subject to execution. garnishment. 7 attachment, or other process;
- 8 t3f(2) not covered or assessable by an insurance quaranty association: and
- 10 (4)(3) unassignable except as specifically provided in 11 the contracts."
- Section 32. Section 15-30-125, MCA, is amended to read: 12
- 13 "15-30-125. Credit for energy-conserving investments.
- (1) There is a credit against tax liability under this 14 15 chapter as provided in 15-32-109.
- 16 (2) A temporary resident is allowed the credit allowed
- 17 a resident under 15-32-109 to the extent the credit was
- 18 expended in Montana during-the during the course of his
- 19 residency."

24

- NEW SECTION. Section 33. Repealer. Sections 15-30-103, 20
- 21 15-30-105, 15-30-106, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111,
- 22 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115, 15-30-116,
- 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126,
- 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137,
- 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, and

- 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA, are repealed.
- NEW SECTION. Section 34. Codification instruction --
- instruction to code commissioner. (1) {Sections 6 through 10
 - 11] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title
- 15, chapter 30, part 1, and the provisions of Title 15,
- chapter 30, part 1, apply to [sections 6 through ±0 11].
- (2) The code commissioner is instructed to make changes
- throughout the Montana Code Annotated to reflect the change
- in definition of "Internal Revenue Code" in 15-30-101.
- 10 NEW SECTION. SECTION 35. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. (1)
- IF SENATE BILL NO. 333 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN THE 11
- 12 LANGUAGE IN [SECTION 6(3) OF THIS ACT] IS VOID.
- 13 (2) IF SENATE BILL NO. 445 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
- 14 THE APPEAL PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THAT BILL GOVERN THE
- 15 APPEAL PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN [THIS ACT] AND THE 98-DAY
- 16 60-DAY PROVISION IN [SECTION 10 11 OF THIS ACT] MUST BE
 - CHANGED TO 60 30 DAYS.

- 18 (3) (A) IF SENATE BILL NO. 226 IS NOT PASSED AND
- 19 APPROVED, THEN [THIS ACT] IS VOID.
- 20 (B) IF SENATE BILL NO. 226 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN
- 21 THE FOLLOWING SECTION IS TO BE CODIFIED IN TITLE 15, CHAPTER
- 22 30, PART 1, AND THE BRACKETED BLANKS MUST CONTAIN THE DOLLAR
- AMOUNT OF THE EXEMPTION THAT APPEARS IN 15-30-111(2)(C) AS 23
- 24 IT READS IN SENATE BILL NO. 226:
- 25 "CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED RETIREMENT INCOME. (1) THERE IS A

2	CHAPTER PORTHEPIRST{\$}OFQUALIFIEDRETIREMENT
3	INCOME-RECEIVED-BY-A-TAXPAYER.
4	(2) (A) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY THIS
5	SECTION FOR TAXPAYERS WHOSE FILING STATUS IS SINGLE, MARRIED
6	FILING SEPARATELY, OR HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD IS 4.5% OF THE FIRST
7	[\$] OF QUALIFIED RETIREMENT INCOME. THE AMOUNT OF THE
8	CREDIT MAY NOT EXCEED [4.5% OF THE AMOUNT OF THE EXEMPTION
9	PROVIDED FOR IN SENATE BILL NO. 226].
10	(B) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT FOR TAXPAYERS FILING
11	JOINTLY IS 4.5% OF THE FIRST [\$] OF QUALIFIED RETIREMENT
12	INCOME EARNED BY EACH PERSON.
13	(3) INCOME QUALIFIES FOR THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION
14	IF IT IS RECEIVED BY THE TAXPAYER FROM ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
15	(A) THE-FEDERAL-EMPLOYEBS+-RETIREMENT-SYSTEM-ACT-OR-ANY
16	OTHERPEDERALRETIREMENTSYSTEM-SUBJECT-TO-PEDERAL-INCOME
17	TAXATION;
18	(B)THE-PUBLIC-EMPLOYEE-RETIREMENT-LAWS-OF-MONTANAOR
19	ANOTHER-STATE?
20	(C)AN-ANNUITY7-PENSION7-OR-ENDOWMENT-UNDER-ANY-PRIVATE
21	ORCORPORATE-RETIREMENT-PLAN-OR-SYSTEM: SYSTEMATIC PAYMENTS
22	OF A DEFINITELY DETERMINABLE AMOUNT FROM A QUALIFIED PENSION
23	PLAN, AS THAT TERM IS USED IN SECTION 401 OF THE INTERNAL
24	REVENUE CODE, OR SYSTEMATIC PAYMENTS RECEIVED AS THE RESULT

OF CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO A QUALIFIED PENSION PLAN THAT ARE

-49-

RETIREMENT INCOME CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS

1

25

1	PAID TO THE	RECIPIENT	OR TO	THE	RECIPIENT'S	BENEFICIARY	UPO
2	THE CESSATI	ON OF EMPI	OYMENT	•			

- 3 (B) PAYMENTS RECEIVED AS THE RESULT OF PAST SERVICE AND
 4 CESSATION OF EMPLOYMENT IN THE UNIFORMED SERVICES OF THE
 5 UNITED STATES;
- 6 (C) LUMP-SUM DISTRIBUTIONS FROM PENSION OR PROFIT7 SHARING PLANS TO THE EXTENT THAT THE DISTRIBUTIONS ARE
 8 INCLUDED IN FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME;
- 9 (D) DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT, DEFERRED
 10 COMPENSATION, AND SELF-EMPLOYED RETIREMENT PLANS RECOGNIZED
 11 UNDER SECTIONS 401 THROUGH 408 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,
 12 TO THE EXTENT THAT THE DISTRIBUTIONS ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO
 13 BE PREMATURE DISTRIBUTIONS FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES;
- 15 (E) AMOUNTS AFTER CESSATION OF REGULAR EMPLOYMENT

 16 RECEIVED FROM FULLY MATURED, PRIVATELY PURCHASED ANNUITY

 17 CONTRACTS."
- NEW SECTION. Section 36. Saving clause. [This act]
 does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties
 that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before
- 21 [the effective date of this act].

14

OR

- NEW SECTION. Section 37. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
- 25 act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part

-50-

- remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Section 38. TRETTOACTIVE TO applicability
 4 APPLICABILITY. [This act] applies retroactively, within-the
- 5 meaning--of--1-2-1097 to taxable years beginning after
- 6 December 31, ±990 1991.
- NEW SECTION. Section 39. Effective date. [This act] is
- effective on passage and approval.

-End-



STAN STEPHENS GOVERNOR

State of Montana Office of the Covernor Helena, Montana 59620 406-444-3111

April 19, 1991

The Honorable Hal Harper Speaker of the House House of Representatives Capitol Station Helena, Montana 59620

The Honorable Joseph P. Mazurek President Montana State Senate Capitol Station Helena, Montana 59620

Dear Speaker Harper and President Mazurek:

In accordance with the power vested in me as Governor by the Constitution and laws of the State of Montana, I hereby veto the adoption of House Bill 996, "AN ACT REPEALING THE EXISTING STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND IMPOSING A STATE INCOME TAX BASED ON A PERCENTAGE OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX PAYABLE ON MONTANA TAXABLE INCOME; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-14-1133, 7-34-2416, 13-37-218, 13-37-303, 15-30-101, 15-30-125, 15-30,128, <u>15-30-145</u>, <u>15-30-149</u>, 15-30-162, 15-30-241, 15-30-303, 15-30-323, 15-31-131, 15-31-202, 15-32-303, 15-33-106, 19-3-105, 19-4-706, 19-5-704, 19-6-705, 19-7-705, 19-8-805, 19-21-212, 53-6-111, AND 67-11-303, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 15-30-103, 15-30-105, 15-30-106, 15-30-108, 15-30-110, 15-30-111, 15-30-112, 15-30-113, 15-30-114, 15-30-115, <u>15-30-116</u>, 15-30-117, 15-30-121, 15-30-122, 15-30-123, 15-30-126, 15-30-131, 15-30-132, 15-30-135, 15-30-136, 15-30-137, 15-30-142, 15-30-143, 15-30-156, 15-30-157, 19-9-1005, AND 19-13-1003, AND 80-12-211, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE AN APPLICABILITY DATE."

This bill raises taxes on working couples in Montana by over \$50 million dollars during the next five years. It is clear that this is a general tax increase and is therefore unacceptable.

Montanans have just completed the filing of their state and federal income taxes. When they multiply their Federal taxes by 30% as called for in this bill, they know that "revenue neutral" really means they will pay more taxes.

This bill is particularly onerous to senior citizens. supposed "revenue neutrality" actually results in an increased tax burden on retirees and senior citizens with qualified pension income of 64%.

In addition, Montanans must not be subject to the whims of Federal tax policy. Under this legislation, our state runs the risk of losing stability and control of our tax system by subjecting it to the dictates of politicians on the Potomac. When Montana's income tax is so closely tied to federal tax policy, Montana taxpayers will be stuck with double increases. They will be burdened with one increase for any federal boost, and then an automatic increase because of the coordination of Montana's income tax that this bill creates.

By enacting this legislation, the Legislature has abdicated its responsibility to determine tax policy for Montana. They turn that responsibility over to the federal government for all their future actions and future generations of Montanans. is an abrogation of duty which is not in the best interest of Montana.

The flat tax will eliminate federal tax deductibility on state income tax returns and it will eliminate the advantage that working couples have in filing separate state returns. Why should Montanans - who support family values - be forced to pay state taxes based on a federal formula that is so unfair to families?

Finally, this bill will not do what its supporters claim. They say it will simplify tax filing for Montanans. Anyone who receives interest from U.S. savings bonds or other federal notes or bonds or who receives unemployment insurance must still compute his or her income tax in the old way. same is true for anyone who gets tips as part of their work, receives military pay or is a native American.

Montanans have seen tax increases virtually every year of the last two decades. Montanans, and this administration, are asking when does it all stop. It stops now - no new taxes.

Sincerely,

STAN STEPHENS

Governor