## HOUSE BILL 985

# Introduced by Raney

3/11	Introduced
3/11	Referred to Taxation
3/11	First Reading
3/11	Fiscal Note Requested
3/15	Fiscal Note Received
3/15	Fiscal Note Printed
3/21	Hearing
3/27	Tabled in Committee

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1	BILL NO. 180
2	INTRODUCED BY Cava,
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4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT IMPOSING A MOTOR
5	CARRIER TAX ON MOTOR VEHICLES WEIGHING MORE THAN 26,000
6	POUNDS; REQUIRING MOTOR CARRIERS TO OBTAIN A MOTOR CARRIER
7	TAX IDENTIFICATION PLATE OR MARKER; ESTABLISHING MOTOR
8	CARRIER TAX RATES BASED ON WEIGHT AND DISTANCE TRAVELED;
9	ESTABLISHING DIFFERENTIAL TAX RATES FOR VEHICLES WEIGHING
10	MORE THAN 80,000 POUNDS BASED ON WEIGHT, DISTANCE TRAVELED
11	AND NUMBER OF AXLES: PROVIDING AN EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN
12	VEHICLES; PROVIDING A CREDIT AGAINST THE MOTOR CARRIER TAX
13	FOR FUEL TAXES PAID; REQUIRING MOTOR CARRIERS TO FURNISH A
14	BOND; PROVIDING FOR PENALTIES; PROVIDING FOR INTERSTATI
15	AGREEMENTS; PROVIDING FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF MOTOR CARRIED
16	TAX PROCEEDS; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES AND A
17	APPLICABILITY DATE."
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STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because [section 2] requires the department of highways to adopt rules to implement the provisions of [sections 1 through 20], which relate to the taxation of motor carriers based on weight and distance traveled.

It is the intent of the legislature that rules adopted



- by the department must include but not be limited to:
- 2 (1) the application forms that motor carriers file with
- 3 the department of highways for motor carrier tax
- 4 identification plates or markers;
- 5 (2) the form and content of the identification plates
  - or markers;
- 7 (3) the forms, records, and information required for
- 8 the payment of the motor carrier tax;
- 9 (4) the procedures to be followed and information to be
  - submitted by motor carriers in claiming the fuel tax credit;
- 11 (5) the requirements for motor carriers to furnish
- 12 bond;

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- 13 (6) the procedures for suspending or canceling an
- 14 identification plate or marker;
- 15 (7) other rules that may be necessary to implement the
- 16 provisions of [sections 1 through 20].
- 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Legislative

- 20 declaration of purpose. (1) The legislature finds that the
- 21 condition of the state's public highways continues to
- 22 deteriorate and that the costs of completing and preserving
- 23 the state's public highways have outpaced the revenue
- 24 sources that are necessary for the construction and
- 25 maintenance of the state's roads.

INTRODUCED BILL
#8 985

findings

1 (2) The legislature further finds that:

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- (a) the highway funding crisis may be further exacerbated by a reduction in federal highway aid to the state;
- (b) highway users provide a substantial portion of the
   required revenue for highway construction and maintenance;
- 7 (c) a large percentage of highway deterioration is 8 caused by heavy motor vehicles; and
- 9 (d) the current motor fuels taxes and the gross vehicle
  10 weight fees do not equitably account for the costs of
  11 constructing and maintaining the state's highways.
- 12 (3) The legislature declares that the purposes of 13 [sections 1 through 20] are to:
- (a) assign cost responsibility to motor carriers for the use of the state's highways by imposing a motor carrier tax; and
- 17 (b) encourage, through the tax structure, motor
  18 carriers that operate motor vehicles with a combined weight
  19 of more than 80,000 pounds to increase the number of axles
  20 used on their motor vehicles.
- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Rulemaking authority. The department shall adopt rules necessary to implement and administer [sections 1 through 20].
- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Definitions. As used in [sections 1 through 20], unless the context requires

- otherwise, the following definitions apply:
- 2 (1) "Combined weight" means the weight of the motor
  3 vehicle plus the weight of the maximum load that the motor
  4 carrier has declared the vehicle will carry. The combined
  5 weight of motor buses or bus trailers is the light weight of
  6 the vehicle plus the weight of the maximum seating capacity,
  7 including the driver's seat. If a bus has a seating capacity
  8 that is not arranged for separate or individual seats, 18
  9 lineal inches of capacity is the equivalent of a passenger
  10 seat.
- 11 (2) "Common carrier" means a person who:
- (a) transports persons or property for hire; or
- 13 (b) leases, rents, or otherwise provides a motor
  14 vehicle to the public and who in the regular course of
  15 business provides, procures, or arranges for, directly or
  16 indirectly, a driver or operator for the motor vehicle.
- 17 (3) "Contract carrier" means a person, other than a
  18 common carrier, who engages in transportation by motor
  19 vehicle of persons or property for consideration under
  20 continuing contracts with one person or a limited number of
  21 persons either:
- 22 (a) for the furnishing of transportation services 23 through the assignment of motor vehicles for a continuing 24 period of time to the exclusive use of each person served; 25 or

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purpose.

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(b) for the furnishing of transportation services designed to meet the distinct and peculiar needs of each individual customer that are not normally provided by a common carrier.

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- 5 (4) "Department" means the department of highways 6 provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 25.
  - (5) "Extreme mileage" means the total miles that a motor vehicle is operated over the public highways, except the extra miles necessarily operated in traveling detours or temporary routes due to road blockades in the state.
- (6) "Motor carrier" means a common carrier, contract 11 12 carrier, or private carrier.
  - (7) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle in excess of 26,000 pounds combined weight or a vehicle used in combination with any trailing units in excess of 26,000 pounds combined weight that is used on the public highways of this state for the transportation of persons or property.
  - (8) "Private carrier" means a person who operates a motor vehicle over the public highways of this state for the purpose of transporting persons or property when the transportation is incidental to a primary business enterprise, other than transportation, in which the person is engaged.
- 24 (9) "Property" includes but is not limited to permanent 25 loads, such as equipment, appliances, devices, or ballast,

- that are attached to, carried on, or made a part of the 1 vehicle and that are designed to serve some functional 2
- (10) "Public highways" has the same meaning as provided 4
- 5 in 60-1-103. carrier 6 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Motor tax
- identification plate or marker -- application -- fees -temporary pass fees -- surrender of plate or marker -- fee. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4), each motor carrier holding or obtaining a license or permit under Title 61, 10
- issued under Title 69, chapter 12, part 3, shall, before 12

chapter 10, part 2, or a certificate of public convenience

- operating on the public highways in this state, obtain from 13
- the department a motor carrier tax identification plate or 14
- marker for each motor vehicle operated in the state. There 15
- is a \$15 fee for each identification plate or marker. (2) The motor carrier shall file with the department an 17
- application for a motor carrier tax identification plate or 18
- marker on a form prescribed by the department. The 19
- application must contain the name and address of the motor 20
  - carrier, the combined weight of each motor vehicle, and
- other information required by the department. 22
- (3) If the application is in the proper form and if the 23 applicant has complied with the other provisions and 24
- requirements of isections 1 through 201, the department 25

shall issue a motor carrier tax identification plate or marker as provided in this section. The identification plate or marker is valid for 2 years from the date of issuance.

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- (4) In the case of a single trip or a short-term operation not exceeding 10 days, the department may issue a temporary pass for a motor vehicle. The pass must be carried in the motor vehicle for which it is issued. The fee for the temporary pass is \$10 for each motor vehicle.
- (5) When a motor vehicle is no longer authorized for use under a certificate of public convenience issued under Title 69, chapter 12, part 3, or a permit issued under Title 61, chapter 10, part 2, or when the certificate of public convenience or permit for the motor vehicle has been suspended or canceled, the identification plate or marker must be surrendered to the department. There is a \$15 fee for each identification plate or marker that a motor carrier fails to surrender to the department within 30 days of the date of suspension or cancellation.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Issuance and placement of motor carrier tax identification plates and receipts contents. (1) The department shall issue a motor carrier tax identification plate or marker for each motor vehicle contained in the application required under [section 4]. The department shall also issue a receipt stating the combined weight of the motor vehicle and trailer or the combination

of motor vehicles to be used.

- 2 (2) The receipt must be carried in the motor vehicle at
  3 all times. A person may not load a motor vehicle in excess
  4 of its combined weight except as may be necessary for
  5 passenger loading.
  - (3) The identification plate or marker must be fastened or displayed in a conspicuous place on the motor vehicle.
- 8 (4) An identification plate or marker issued under this9 section is nontransferable.
- NEW SECTION. **Section 6.** Motor carrier tax for use of highways. (1) A motor carrier operating within the state shall pay to the state a motor carrier tax for the use of the highways of the state.
  - (2) The tax rate applies to each motor vehicle and is based on the declared combined weight of the motor vehicle and in accordance with the weight tax rates shown in the tables in [section 7].
    - (3) For the purposes of computing the tax due:
  - (a) table "A" applies to motor vehicles subject to the tax imposed by this section that do not require a special permit issued under 61-10-107 to operate a motor vehicle with a combined weight in excess of 80,000 pounds; and
  - (b) table "B" applies to motor vehicles subject to the tax imposed by this section that require a special permit issued under 61-10-107 to operate a motor vehicle with a

1	combined weight in excess of 80,000	pounds.	1	44,001 to 46,000					63.0	
2	(4) The tax for each motor	vehicle when table A or	2	46,001 to 48,000				1	65.0	
3	table B is used is computed by m	3	48,001 to 50,000			67.0				
4	mileage traveled in the state duri	ng the taxable period by	4	50,001 to 52,000		69.5				
5	the appropriate weight tax rate as it appears in the table.			52,001 to 54,000		72.0				
6	(5) For the purposes of [sections 7 and 14] and this			54,001 to 56,000			75.0			
7	section, the declared combined weight is the actual weight			56,001 to 58,000			78.0			
8	of the motor vehicle and its load, determined by scale			58,001 to 60,000					81.0	
9	weights or records required by [sections 1 through 20].			60,001 to 62,000		85.0				
10	NEW SECTION. Section 7. Motor carrier tax tables. (1)			62,001 to 64,000		89.0				
11	The following table is used when determining the tax imposed			64,001 to 66,000					93.0	
12	by [section 6(3)(a)]:			66,001 to 68,000					98.0	
13				68,001 to 70,000				1	04.0	
14	Declared Combined	Fee Rates	14	70,001 to 72,000				1	10.0	
15	Weight Groups	Per Mile	15	72,001 to 74,000				1	16.0	
16	(Pounds)	(Mills)	16	74,001 to 76,000				122.0		
17	26,001 to 28,000	44.0	17	76,001 to 78,000				127.0		
18	28,001 to 30,000	46.5	18	78,001 to 80,000				132.0		
19	30,001 to 32,000	48.5	19	(2) The follow	ring table	is used	when d	eterminin	g the	
20	32,001 to 34,000	51.0	20	tax imposed by (sec	tion 6(3)	(b)]:				
21	34,001 to 36,000	53.0	21	Axle-₩e	eight Mile	eage Tax	Rate Tabl	е В		
22	36,001 to 38,000	55.0	22	Declared Combined	1	Number of	Axles			
23	38,001 to 40,000	57.0	23	Weight Groups	5	б	7	8	9 or	
24	40,001 to 42,000	59.0	24	(Pounds)		(Mills)			more	
25	42,001 to 44,000	61.0	25	0 to 80,000	134.0	122.0	115.0	111.0	106.0	

1	80,001 to 82,000	139.0	125.0	117.0	113.0	108.0
2	82,001 to 84,000	145.0	128.0	120.0	115.0	110.0
3	84,001 to 86,000	152.0	132.0	123.0	118.0	112.0
4	86,001 to 88,000	160.0	136.0	126.0	121.0	114.0
5	88,001 to 90,000	170.0	141.0	129.0	124.0	116.0
6	90,001 to 92,000	181.0	148.0	133.0	126.0	118.0
7	92,001 to 94,000	193.0	156.0	137.0	129.0	121.0
8	94,001 to 96,000	206.0	165.0	142.0	133.0	124.0
9	96,001 to 98,000		175.0	147.0	137.0	127.0
10	98,001 to 100,000		187.0	153.0	142.0	130.0
11	100,001 to 102,000			159.0	147.0	133.0
12	102,001 to 104,000			166.0	152.0	136.0
13	104,001 to 105,500			174.0	157.0	140.0

14 (3) For the purposes of this section, 1 mill is equal to one-tenth of a cent.

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NEW SECTION. Section 8. Motor carrier tax supplemental. The motor carrier tax imposed by [section 6] is in addition to all other licenses required or fees or taxes imposed on motor vehicles in this state in consideration for the use of the public highways of this state.

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Taxes required of interstate motor carriers. A motor carrier engaged exclusively in the conduct of interstate transportation shall pay to the department the motor carrier tax imposed by [section 6].

- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Violation -- penalty. A motor
  carrier who violates any provision of [sections 1 through
  guilty of a misdemeanor and is subject to a fine of
  not more than \$500.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 11.** Exemptions. (1) The following 6 motor vehicles are exempt from the fees imposed by [section 7 4] and the taxes imposed by [section 6]:
- 8 (a) motor vehicles owned or operated by the United 9 States, the state of Montana, or any county, municipality, 10 district, or other political subdivision of the state;
- 11 (b) motor vehicles used for the transportation of 12 unprocessed agricultural products from fields to processing 13 plants or storage points;
- 14 (c) vehicles exempt from property taxation under 15 15-6-201(1)(a), (1)(c) through (1)(e), (1)(g), (1)(o), and 16 (1)(g).
- 17 (2) For the purposes of this section, "agricultural
  18 products" means crops, livestock, or products produced in
  19 farming operations or crops, livestock, or products in their
  20 unmanufactured or unprocessed states.
- 21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 12.** Credit for fuel tax. A tax
  22 paid under 15-70-204, 15-70-321, or 15-70-322, either
  23 directly by the collection of the tax by the vendor from the
  24 customer or indirectly by adding the amount of the tax to
  25 the price paid for the fuel by the customer, is a credit

determines that the

against the amount of tax imposed by [section 6]. A credit under this section is allowed when the person claiming the credit submits on forms prescribed by the department the amount of tax paid under 15-70-204, 15-70-321, or 15-70-322.

- NEW SECTION. Section 13. Statement to accompany payment records collection of tax refunds. (1) Except as provided in [section 14], each motor carrier shall, on or before the last day of each month, complete on forms prescribed by the department a statement showing the extreme mileage traveled in the state and the declared combined weight for each motor vehicle operated in the state in the preceding calendar month, together with the total amount of tax due, and shall pay to the department the total amount due shown by the statement.
- (2) The department shall examine each statement and compute the tax due. The amount computed by the department is the tax imposed, assessed against, and payable by the motor carrier making the statement for the month for which the statement is filed. If the tax found to be due is greater than the amount paid, the deficiency must be paid by the motor carrier to the department within 10 days after written notice of the amount of the deficiency is mailed by the department to the motor carrier. If the tax imposed is less than the amount paid, the difference must be applied as a credit against tax liability for subsequent months or

- refunded if there is no subsequent tax liability.
- (3) If the tax is not paid on or before the due date, there must be assessed a penalty of 10% of the amount of the tax, unless it is shown that the failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to neglect. If any tax under this chapter is not paid when due, interest must be added to the tax at the rate of 1% a month or fraction of a month, computed on the total amount of tax and penalty from the due date until paid.
- NEW SECTION. Section 14. Annual and quarterly reports payment. (1) Whenever the department determines that the estimated annual tax payable by a motor carrier will be less than \$100 and each motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier is less than 30,000 pounds combined weight, the department may authorize the motor carrier to file an annual statement in lieu of the monthly statement required by [section 13]. Annual statements must be filed and payments must be made on or before February 28 for the preceding calendar year.
- estimated annual tax payable by a motor carrier will be less than \$3,600, the department may authorize the motor—carrier to—file quarterly statements in lieu of the monthly

(2) Whenever the department

- 24 statement required by (section 13). Quarterly statements
- 25 must be filed and payments must be made on or before the due

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1 date as follows:

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- 2 (a) for the first calendar quarter, May 31:
  - for the second calendar quarter, August 31: (b)
    - for the third calendar quarter, November 30; and
  - for the fourth calendar quarter, February 28.
- (3) The department may withdraw the authorization upon the mailing of notice to the motor carrier at the motor 7 8 carrier's last-known address. The provisions of [section 13] 9 apply to the statements and taxes due under this section.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 15. Bonding, release of surety, and additional bond -- exceptions. (1) Except as provided in this section, a motor carrier subject to the provisions of [sections 1 through 20] is required to furnish bond in a form prescribed by the department to secure its compliance with [sections 1 through 20] and the payment of all taxes, interest, and penalties due under [sections 1 through 20].
  - (2) The department shall fix the amount of the bond required of a motor carrier equivalent to twice the estimated:
- 20 (a) monthly tax payments if the motor carrier is 21 required to file monthly reports as provided in [section 22 131: or
  - (b) annual or quarterly tax payments if the motor carrier is authorized by the department to file annual or quarterly reports as provided in (section 14).

- 1 (3) A surety on a bond furnished by a motor carrier as provided in this section must be released and discharged from any liability to the state accruing on the bond after 3 the expiration of 30 days from the date upon which the surety has lodged with the department a written request to be released and discharged, but this provision may not operate to relieve, release, or discharge the surety from any liability already accrued or that may accrue before the expiration of the 30-day period. Upon receiving a release 9 10 request, the department shall promptly notify the motor carrier who furnished the bond, and unless the motor 1.1 carrier, on or before the expiration of the 30-day period, 12 files a new bond in accordance with the requirements of this 13 14 section or makes a deposit in lieu of a bond as provided in subsection (6), the department shall require the motor 15 16 carrier to surrender the motor carrier tax identification plate or marker for every vehicle covered by the bond. 17
  - (4) The department may require a motor carrier to give a new or additional surety bond if, in the department's opinion, the security of the surety bond previously filed by the motor carrier becomes impaired or inadequate. Upon failure of the motor carrier to give a new or additional surety bond within 30 days after being requested to do so by the department, the department shall require the motor carrier to surrender the motor vehicle tax identification

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plate or marker for every vehicle covered by the bond.

- (5) If a bond under this section becomes inoperative, the authority under the certificate of public convenience issued under Title 69, chapter 12, part 3, or a permit issued under [sections 1 through 20] is suspended for any affected motor vehicles until the requirements of this section have been met by the motor carrier.
- 8 (6) A motor carrier may, instead of giving the bond 9 required by this section, deposit with the department money 10 in the amount of the bond directed to be furnished.
- 11 (7) The department, upon good cause, may reduce the 12 bond amount or waive the bond required by this section.

NEW SECTION. Section 16. Procedure to compute tax in absence of statement -- penalty and interest -- hearing. (1) If a person fails to file a statement required by [section 13 or 14] within the time required, the department shall, immediately after the time for filing has expired, make a proposed assessment of the amount of taxes due, based on information available to the department, for the period that the person failed to file a statement. The department shall add to the amount of motor carrier taxes due a penalty of 10% of the tax due plus interest at the rate of 1% a month or fraction of a month computed on the total amount of motor carrier taxes and penalty. Interest must be computed from the date the motor carrier taxes were due to the date of

- payment. The department shall mail to the motor carrier required to file a statement under [section 13 or 14] and to pay the motor carrier tax, a letter setting forth the amount of motor carrier tax, penalty, and interest due. The letter must also contain a statement that if payment is not made, a warrant for distraint may be filed. The department may waive the 10% penalty if reasonable cause for the failure to file the statement required by [section 13 or 14] is provided to the department.
  - (2) A motor carrier against whom an assessment is made under this section may file with the department a written protest against the proposed assessment and a request for an oral hearing in the manner prescribed by [section 17].
  - NEW SECTION. Section 17. Assessment deficiency assessment hearing interest. (1) When the department determines that the amount of tax due is greater than the amount disclosed by a return, it shall mail to the motor carrier a notice of the additional tax proposed to be assessed. Within 30 days after mailing of the notice, the motor carrier may file with the department a written protest against the proposed additional tax, setting forth the grounds upon which the protest is based, and may request in the protest an oral hearing or an opportunity to present additional evidence relating to the tax liability. If no

protest is filed, the amount of the tax proposed to be

assessed becomes final upon the expiration of the 30-day period. If a protest is filed, the department shall reconsider the proposed assessment and, if the motor carrier has so requested, shall grant the motor carrier an oral hearing. After consideration of the protest and the evidence presented at an oral hearing, the department's action upon the protest is final when it mails notice of its action to the motor carrier.

- (2) When a deficiency is determined and the tax becomes final, the department shall mail a notice and demand for payment to the motor carrier. The tax is due and payable at the expiration of 10 days from the date of the notice and demand. A deficiency assessment bears interest until paid at the rate of 1% a month or fraction of a month, computed from the original due date of the return.
- NEW SECTION. Section 18. Warrant for distraint. If all or a part of the tax imposed by [sections 1 through 20] is not paid when due, the department may issue a warrant for distraint in the manner provided in Title 15, chapter 1, part 7. The resulting lien has precedence over any other claim, lien, or demand that may be subsequently filed and recorded.
- NEW SECTION. Section 19. Daily records and monthly reports -- audits -- cooperative agreements. (1) A motor carrier shall keep daily records, on forms prescribed by the

- department, for all motor vehicles used during the current month.
- (2) Except as provided in [section 14], on or before the last day of the following month, the motor carrier shall certify to the department, on forms prescribed by the department, the true and correct summaries of the daily records, showing the extreme mileage traveled in this state during the preceding month, the amount of fuel tax paid, and other information that the department may require.
- 10 (3) The department may audit the books and records of a
  11 motor carrier to ensure that the proper amount of tax
  12 imposed by [sections 1 through 20] has been paid. An audit
  13 may be done on the premises of the motor carrier or at any
  14 other convenient location.
- 15 (4) The department may require the motor carrier to
  16 provide the department with records, books, or other
  17 documents necessary to verify the correct amount of tax.
- 18 (5) The motor carrier shall maintain and have available 19 for inspection by the department records, books, or other 20 documents for the preceding 5 years.
- 21 (6) Except in the case of a person who, with intent to
  22 evade the tax, purposely or knowingly files a false or
  23 fraudulent return violating the provisions of [sections 1
  24 through 20], the amount of tax due under a return must be
  25 determined by the department within 5 years after the return

- is made, and thereafter the department is barred from revising the return or recomputing the tax due and no proceeding in court for the collection of the tax may be instituted unless notice of additional tax was provided within the 5-year period.
- 6 (7) An application for revision may be filed with the 7 department by a motor carrier within 5 years from the 8 original due date of the return.
- 9 (8) The department may enter into a cooperative 10 agreement with another state or states for exchange of 11 information and auditing of motor carriers who operate motor 12 vehicles interstate. An agreement, arrangement, declaration. 13 or amendment is not effective until stated in writing and 14 filed with the department. The agreement may provide for 15 determining which motor carriers each state will audit, 16 motor carrier records requirements, audit procedures, 17 exchange of motor carrier information, and other provisions 18 that facilitate the administration of the agreement. Each 19 state shall forward the findings of the audits to the other 20 state as stipulated in the agreement. The department may 21 serve the findings of an audit conducted by another state of 22 a motor carrier operating in this state on the motor carrier 23 in the form of an assessment as though the audit was 24 conducted by the department.
  - NEW SECTION. Section 20. Distribution of tax proceeds.

- The proceeds of the motor carrier tax imposed by [section 6]
- 2 must be deposited in an account in the state special revenue
  - fund to the credit of the department. The department may
- 4 spend an amount from that account in accordance with an
- 5 appropriation by the legislature, based on an estimate of
- 6 the costs of collecting and disbursing the proceeds of the
- 7 tax. The balance of the motor carrier tax proceeds received
- 8 each reporting period is allocated to the highway
- 9 reconstruction trust fund account in the state special
- 10 revenue fund.

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- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 21. Codification instruction.
- 12 [Sections 1 through 20] are intended to be codified as an
- 13 integral part of Title 61, and the provisions of Title 61
- 14 apply to [sections 1 through 20].
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 22. Effective dates --
- 16 applicability. (1) Except for the purposes of subsection
- 17 (2), [this act] is effective December 31, 1991, and applies
- 18 to motor carriers operating in the state after December 31,
- 19 1991.
- 20 (2) For the purposes of promulgating administrative
- 21 rules to implement (sections 1 through 20), [this act] is
- 22 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0985, as introduced.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act imposing a tax on motor vehicles weighing more than 26,000 pounds; requiring motor carriers to obtain a motor carrier tax identification plate or marker; establishing motor carrier tax rates based on weight and distance traveled; establishing differential tax rates for vehicles weighing more than 80,000 pounds based on weight, distance traveled, and number of axles; providing an exemption for certain vehicles; providing a credit against the motor carrier tax for fuel taxes paid; requiring motor carriers to furnish a bond; providing for penalties; providing for interstate agreements; providing for the distribution of motor carrier tax proceeds.

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Under current law, motor carriers pay an annual fee based on the gross vehicle weight of the vehicle.
- 2. In addition to all current taxes, under the proposed legislation, motor carriers would pay a tax based on the weight of cargo hauled per mile. The GVW Division of the Department of Highway would submit motor carriers a bill for taxes due based on a monthly report submitted by the motor carrier. The GVW Division would assist motor carriers in logging the weight per mile hauled at various locations throughout the state.
- 3. Fuel taxes paid by the motor carrier will be credited against the amount of taxes due from the motor carrier. Some motor carriers would receive a refund.
- 4. Due to the need to log the mileage and weight of cargo haul at various locations throughout the state, three new weigh stations would need to be constructed. The estimated cost to construct three weigh stations is \$1,250,000.
- 5. An additional 57.00 FTE compliance officers (grade 12) would be employed. Of these, 10.00 FTE would be roving officers who would require 10 additional vehicles.
- 6. An additional 20.00 FTE auditors (grade 12) would be employed to audit the records of the trucking industry. These auditors would be traveling half of the year.
- 7. Administrative and support staff would also be increased by 13.00 FTE clerks (grade 8), 2.00 FTE technicians (grade 10), and 1.00 FTE supervisor (grade 13).
- 8. Fifteen computer terminals would be installed for the additional administrative and audit staff.
- 9. Applications, permits, and plates or markers would be need to purchased and distributed.
- 10. Other costs including telephone, per diem, office supplies, and other operating expenses would increase.
- 11. The estimated number of temporary passes is based on the temporary trip license permits currently issued each year .
- 12. All figures are based on the current level of trucking with no increase or decrease assumed.

FISCAL IMPACT:

see next page

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

BOB RANEY, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HBO985, as introduced

HB 985-1

Fiscal Note Request,  $\underline{HB0985}$ , as introduced Form BD-15 Page 2

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

Department of Highways:

		FY '92			FY '93	
Expenditures:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
FTE	0	93.00	93.00	0	93.00	93.00
Personal Services	0	2,105,625	2,105,625	0	2,105,625	2,105,625
Operating Costs	0	652,177	652,177	0	452,177	452,177
Capital Outlay	0	1,050,000	1.050.000	0	0	0
Total	0	3,807,802	3,807,802	0	2,557,802	2,557,802
Funding:						
State Special	0	3,807,802	3,807,802	0	2,557,802	2,557,802
Revenue:						
State Special Revenue	0	11,918,330	11,918,330	. 0	11,618,330	11,618,330
Net Impact:	0	8,110,528	8,110,528	0	9,060,528	9,060,528

### LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

- 1. The proposed tax increases the amount of funds available for constructing either federally-subsidized or non-federally subsidized road construction projects. Using current federal/state matching ratios, the proposed tax could leverage approximately \$45 million in federal funds for road construction.
- 2. The proposed tax may decrease the tonnage of freight carried through the state and/or the number of motor carriers operating in the state.