## HOUSE BILL 958

Introduced by Darko
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Introduced Referred to Judiciary First Reading
Fiscal Note Requested
Fiscal Note Received
Fiscal Note Printed
Hearing
Taken from Committee and
Placed on 2nd Reading
2nd Reading Passed as Amended
On Motion Rules Suspended to Place on 3rd Reading this Day
3rd Reading Passed
Transmitted to Senate
First Reading
Referred to Judiciary
Tabled in Committee

> Heuse rilu no. 958
> introduced by dacoreo
> by Request of the department of justice

> A bill for an act entitled: "an act to generally revise the PUBLIC GAMBLING LANS OF MONTANA; PROVIDING STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 2-15-2021, 17-7-502, 23-5-112, 23-5-114, 23-5-123, 23-5-136, 23-5-153, 23-5-154, 23-5-156, 23-5-158, 23-5-162, 23-5-176, 23-5-177, 23-5-306, 23-5-308, 23-5-309, 23-5-406, 23-5-409, 23-5-412, 23-5-413, 23-5-501, 23-5-503, 23-5-603, 23-5-611, 23-5-621, 23-5-625, 23-5-631, AND 41-5-203, MCA."
> be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:
> Section 1. Section 2-15-2021, MCA, is amended to read:
> -2-15-2021. Gaming advisory council -- allocation -composition -- compensation -- annuat biennial report. (1) There is a gaming advisory council.
> (2) The gaming advisory council is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121.
> (3) The gaming advisory council consists of nine members. One member must be from the senate, and one member must be from the house of representatives. The senate committee on committees and the speaker of the house of
representatives shall appoint the legislative members of the council. The seven remaining members must be appointed by the department, with one representing the public at large, two representing local governments, one being a Native American, and three representing the gaming industry.
(4) Each gaming advisory council member is appointed to a 3-year term of office, except that three of the first-appointed original members shall serve a l-year term, three (including both legislative members) shall serve a 2-year term, and three shall serve a 3-year term. A member of the council may be removed for good cause by the appointing body provided for in subsection (3).
(5) The gaming advisory council shall appoint a chairman from its members.
(6) Legislative members of the gaming advisory council are entitled to compensation and expenses, as provided in 5-2-302, while the council is meeting. The remaining members are entitled to travel, meals, and lodging expenses as provided for in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503. Expenses of the council must be paid from licensing fees received by the department.
(7) The gaming advisory council shall, within its authorized budget, hold meetings and incur expenses as it considers necessary to study all aspects of gambing in the state.

INTRODUCED BILL
-2-
(B) (a) The gaming advisory council shall submit an annuat a biennial report to the department, at a time designated by the department, with recommendations for amendments to the gambling statutes, the need for additional or modified department rules, the clarification of existing rules, and other recommendations on the operation of the department or any other gambling-related matter.
(b) The annuat biennial report required under subsection (8)(a) must be affixed to the anmuat-department report on gambling in the state that the department submits that year. The department and council shall submit the two most recent department and council reports to each of the next two regular sessions of the legislature.
(c) The council may submit interim reports to the department as the council considers necessary.
(d) The council shall meet with the department upon request of the department.
(e) The department shall meet with the council upon request of the council.
(9) The department shall give each council member notice and a copy of each proposed change in administrative rules relating to gambling. The notice and copy must be given at the time a notice of proposed rules changes is filed with the secretary of state. The council shall review the proposal, may comment on it, and may attend any hearing
on the proposal. The department shall consider any comment by any council member or by the council as a whole prior to adopting the proposed change."

Section 2. Section 23-5-112, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-112. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter:
(1) "Applicant" means a person who has applied for a license or persit issued by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(2) "Application" means a written request for a license or permit issued by the department. The department shall adopt rules describing the forms and information required for issuance of a license.
(3) "Authorized equipment" means, with respect to live keno or bingo, equipment that may be inspected by the department and that randomly selects the numbers.
(4) "Bingo" means a gambling activity played for prizes with a card bearing a printed design of 5 columns of 5 squares each, 25 squares in all. The letters $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{G}-\mathrm{O}$ must appear above the design, with each letter above one of the columns. No more than 75 numbers may be used. One number must appear in each square, except for the center square, which may be considered a free play. Numbers are randomly drawn using authorized equipment until the game is won by
the person or persons who first cover a previously designated arrangement of numbers on the bingo card.
(5) "Bingo caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live bingo.
(6) "Card game table" or "table" means a live card game table authorized by permit and made available to the public on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
(7) "Card game tournament" means a gambling activity for which a permit has been issued involving participants who pay valuable consideration Eor the opportunity to compete against each other in a series of live card games conducted over a designated period of time.
$+7+(8)$ "Dealer" means a person with a dealer's license issued under part 3 of this chapter.

+ $\theta+(9)$ "Department" means the department of justice.
+9t(10) "Distributor" means a person who:
(a) purchases or obtains from another person equipment of any kind for use in gambling activities; and
(b) sells, leases, or otherwise furnishes the equipment to another person for use in public.
$+\ddagger \theta+111)$ "Gambling" or "gambling activity" means risking money, credit, deposit, check, property, or any other thing of value for a gain that is contingent in whole or in part upon lot, chance, or the operation of a gambling device or

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gambling enterprise. The term does not mean conducting or
participating in a promotional game of chance.
    t¥\sharpf(l2) "Gambling device" means a mechanical,
electromechanical, or electronic device; or a machine, slot
machine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or
system used or intended for use in any gambling activity.
    t¥Z\(l3) "Gambling enterprise" means an activity,
scheme, or agreement or an attempted activity, scheme, or agreement to provide gambling or a gambling device to the public.
(14) "Gift enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have obtained chances to acquire the property or a portion of it by purchasing goods or services. The term does not mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter;
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos; or
(c) a promotional game of chance.
†もヨ†(l5) "Grass proceeds" means gross revenue received less prizes paid out.
t44t(16) "Illegal gambling device" means a gambling device not specifically authorized by statute or by the
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rules of the department.
$\nmid \pm 5+(17)$ "Illegal gambling enterprise" means a gambling enterprise that violates a statute or a rule of the department.
$\dagger \ddagger 6+(18)$ "Keno" means a game of chance in which prizes are awarded using a card with 8 horizontal rows and 10 columns on which a player may pick up to 10 numbers. A keno caller, using authorized equipment, shall select at random at least 20 numbers out of numbers between 1 and 80 , inclusive.
$\nmid ¥ 7+(19)$ "Keno caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live keno.
$\dagger \ddagger 8+(20)$ "License" means an operator's, dealer's, or manufacturer-distributor's license issued to a person by the department.
t $79+(21)$ "Licensee" means a person who has received a license from the department.
$\boldsymbol{f} \boldsymbol{z} \theta+(22)$ "Live card game" or "card game" means a card game that is played in public between persons on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
†壬†(23) "Lottery" or-Hgift-enterprisell means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have paid or promised to pay valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining
the property or a portion of it or for a share or interest in the property upon an agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by lot or chance. However, $\operatorname{Hgift}^{\text {gifenterprise" the term does not }}$ mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter; or
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos; or
(c) a promotional game of chance.
$t \vec{z} \overrightarrow{\underline{t}}(24)$ "Manufacturer" means a person who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipment of any $k i n d$ to be used as a gambling device.
(25) "Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit charitable, religious, scholastic, educational, veterans', Eraternal, beneficial, civic, or service organization established for purposes other than to conduct a gambling activity.
† $23+(26)$ "Operator" means a person who purchases, receives, or acquires, by lease or otherwise, and operates or controls for use in public, a gambling device or gambling enterprise authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this
chapter
＋24†（27）＂Permit＂means approval from the department to make available for public play a gambling device or gambling enterprise approved by the department pursuant to parts $l$ through 6 of this chapter．
$\mathbf{f 5} 5+(28)$＂Person＂or＂persons＂means both natural and artificial persons and all partnerships，corporations associations，clubs，fraternal orders，and societies including religious and charitable organizations．
$+26+(29)$＂Premises＂means the physical building or property within or upon which a licensed gambling activity occurs，as stated on an operator＇s license application and approved by the department．
（30）＂Promotional game of chance＂means a scheme，by whatever name known，for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have not paid or are not expected to pay any valuable consideration or who have not purchased or are not expected to purchase any goods or services for a chance to obtain the property，a portion of it，or a share in it．
＋77＋（31）＂Public gambling＂means gambling conducted in：
（a）a place，building，or conveyance to which the public has access or may be permitted to have access；or
（b）a place of public resort，including but not limited to a facility owned，managed，or operated by a partnership，
corporation，association，club，fraternal order，or society including a religious or charitable organization；or
（c）a place，building，or conveyance to which the public does not have access if players are publicly solicited or the gambling activity is conducted in a predominately commercial manner．
t2日广（32）＂Raffle＂means a gift－－enterprise form of lottery in which each participant buys－a－ehance－－or－－ehanees pays valuable consideration for a ticket to become eligible to win a prize．Winners must be determined by a random selection process approved by department rule．
†マケ†（33）＂Slot machine＂means a mechanical，electrical， electronic，or other gambling device，contrivance，or machine that，upon insertion of a coin，currency，token， credit card，or similar object or upon payment of any valuable consideration，is available to play or operate，the play or operation of which，whether by reason of the skill of the operator or application of the element of chance，or both，may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the gambling device to receive cash，premiums，merchandise， tokens，or anything of value，whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner．This definition does not apply to video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter．
$+\exists \theta+(34)$＂Video gambling machine＂is a gambling device
specifically authorized by part 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department."

## Section 3. Section 23-5-114, MCA, is amended to read:

"23-5-114. Department employees -- activities prohibited. (l) An employee of the departmentf--a--former department--empzoyee--during--the--fifst--365-deys-fotzowing termination--of--empłoymentr--or--any---peace---officer---or proseeter directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling, as designated by the attorney general, may not:
$t \pm t(a)$ serve as an officer or-manager of a eorporation business or organizationt-other-then-a-nonprofit-eorporation or--organizationt that conducts a gambling activity, other than as an officer of a nomprofit organization;
(b) be employed by a licensed operator in any capacity that requires assisting in conducting a gambling activity regulated under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or maintaining records for the gambling activity;
 profit-of-a-gambiting-activity-regutated-by-the-departwent;
$\boldsymbol{+ \exists f ( c )}$ have a beneficial or pecuniary interest in a contract for the manufacture, lease, or sale of a gambling device, the conduct of a gambling activity, or the provision of independent consultant services in connection with a gambling activity; or
(d) participate in a gambling activity governed by parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, except in performing assigned employment duties. An employee may participate in a gambling activity governed by part 10 of this chapter or chapter 4 of this title.
(2) The prohibitions in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) apply to a former designated department employee during the first year following termination from employment with the department if the employee was directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling immediately before termination."

Section 4. Section 23-5-123, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-123. Disposal of money confiscated by reason of violation of gambling laws. All fines, penalties, forfeitures, and confiscated money collected by criminal, civil, or administrative process for a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule of the department must be deposited--one-haif--in-the-state generat-fund-and-one-hazf-in-the-generez-fund-of-the--eounty in-whieh-the-viozetion-oeeurredr distributed as follows:
(1) Funds collected through a criminal proceeding must be distributed according to 3-10-601 or 46-18-235.
(2) One-third of the funds collected through a civil or administrative proceeding must be deposited in the state special revenue fund account maintained for funds used by
the department in administering parts lhrough 6 of this chapter and related rules and may be used by the department to administer parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules. The remainder must be distributed to the county treasurer or the clerk, financial officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the violation occurred for deposit in the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to a penalty payment if the violation occurred in an incorporated city or town within the county."

Section 5. Section 23-5-136, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-136. Injunction and other remedies. (1) If a person has engaged or is engaging in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule or order of the department, the department may:
(a) issue a temporary order to cease and desist from the gambling activity, act, or practice for a period not to exceed 60 days;
(b) following notice and an opportunity for hearing, and with the right of judicial review, under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act:
(i) issue a permanent order to cease and desist from the act or practice, which order remains in effect pending judicial review;
(ii) place a licensee on probation;
(iii) suspend for a period not to exceed 180 days a license or permit for the gambling activity, device, or enterprise involved in the act or practice constituting the violation;
(iv) revoke a license or permit for the gambling activity, device, or enterprise involved in the act or practice constituting the violation;
(v) impose a civil penalty not to exceed $\$ 10,000$ for each violation, whether or not the person is licensed by the department; and
(vi) impose any combination of the penalties contained in this subsection (l)(b); and
(c) bring an action in district court for relief against the act or practice. The department may not be required to post a bond. On proper showing, the court may:
(i) issue a restraining order, a temporary or permanent injunction, or other appropriate writ;
(ii) suspend or revoke a license or permit; and
(iii) appoint a receiver or conservator for the defendant or the assets of the defendant.
(2) The department may issue a warrant for distraint against an operator who fails to pay a civil penalty imposed under subsection (1) or a tax imposed under 23-5-409 or 23-5-610. The department may issue the warrant for the amount of the unpaid penalty or for the amount of the unpaid
tax, plus penalty and accumulated interest on the tax, and shall follow the procedures provided in 15-1-701 through 15-1-708.
+Y)(3) (a) A civil penalty imposed under this section must be collected by the department and deposited-in-the statels-generat-fund-as-required-by distributed as provided in 23-5-123. The local government portion of the penalty payment is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury.
(b) If a person fails to pay the civil penalty, the amount due is a lien on the person's licensed premises and gambling devices in the state and may be recovered by the department in a civil action."

Section 6. Section 23-5-153, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-153. Possession and sale of antique slot machines. (1) For the purposes of this section, an antique slot machine is a mechanically or electronically operated slot machine that at-any-present-time-is-more-than-zs-years otd manufactured before January $1,1965$.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), an antique slot machine may be possessed, located, and operated only in a private residential dwelling.
(3) (a) An antique slot machine may be possessed or located for purposes of display only and not for operation
in any public museum owned and operated by the state, a county, or a city.
(b) A licensed manufacturer-distributor may possess and setz antique slot machines for purposes of selling or otherwise supplying the machines.
(4) A person or entity legaliy possessing a slot machine under subsection (2) or (3) may sell or otherwise supply a machine to another person or entity who may legally possess a slot machine.
t4t(5) An antique slot machine may not be operated for any commercial or charitable purpose."

Section 7. Section 23-5-154, MCA, is amended to read;
"23-5-154. Soliciting or--persueding--persons--to-ptey participation in illegal gambling device activity prohibited. A person who purposely or knowingly advertises for or solicits another person to ptey--or--engege--in--the participate in an illegal gambling enterprise or use of an illegal gambling device is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable under 23-5-161."

Section 8. Section $23-5-156$, $M C A$, is amended to read:
*23-5-156. Obtaining anything of value by fraud or operation of illegal gambling device or enterprise. (l) A person who by--gambitng in an activity involving gambling obtains money, property, or anything of value that does not exceed $\$ 300$ in value by misrepresentation, fraud, or the use
of an illegal gambling device or an illegal gambling enterprise is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in 23-5-161.
(2) A person who by-gambting in an activity involving gambling obtains money, property, or anything of value that exceeds $\$ 300$ in value by misrepresentation, fraud, or the use of an illegal gambling device or an illegal gambling enterprise is guilty of a felony and is punishable as provided in 23-5-162."
Section 9. Section 23-5-158, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-158. Minors not to participate -- penalty exception. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (3), a person may not purposely or knowingly allow a person under 18 years of age to participate in a gambling activity.
tzt A person who violates this section subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and must be punished in accordance with 23-5-161.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person under 18 years of age may not purposely or knowingly participate in a gambling activity. A person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed $\$ 50$ if the proceedings for vialating this subsection are held in justice, municipal, or city court. If the proceedings are held in youth court, the offender must be treated as an alleged youth in need of supervision as
defined in 41-5-103. The youth court may enter its judgment under 41-5-523.
(3) A person under 18 years of age may sell or buy tickets for or receive prizes from a raffle conducted in compliance with 23-5-413 if proceeds from the raffle, minus administrative expenses and prizes paid, are used to support charitable activities, scholarships or educational grants, or community service projects."

Section 10. Section 23-5-162, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-162. Criminal liabilities -- felony. (1) A person who purposely or knowingly violates a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, the punishment for which is a felony, may upon conviction be fined not more than $\$ 50,000$ or imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both, for each violation.
(2) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection 11). the department shall revoke all licenses or permits issued to the person under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and may not issue the person another license or permit under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter."

Section 11. Section 23-5-176, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-176. Qualifications for licensure. (1) A person whom the department determines is qualified to receive a license under the provisions of this chapter, except for the provisions of part 10 , may, based on information available
to, required by, or supplied to the department under department rules, be issued a state gambling license.
(2) The Except as provided in subsection (4), the department shall issue a license unless the department can demonstrate that the applicant is:
(a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
(i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state or;
(ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of gambling; or
tíit(iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental to gambling; or
(b) has been convicted of a felony offense or a gambling-related misdemeanor within 5 years of the date of application, is awaiting trial on charges of committing a felony offense, or is on probation, parole, or deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense; or
tbt(c) is receiving a substantial amount of financing for the proposed operation from an unsuitable source. A lender or other source of money or credit that the department finds to meet the provisions of subsection (2)(a) may be considered an unsuitable source.
(3) The provisions of 37-1-203 and 37-1-205 do not apply to licensing determinations made under this section.
(4) The department may deny a license or permit to an applicant who has falsified a license or permit application. If the falsification is determined after the license or permit has been issued, the department may revoke the license or permit."

Section 12. Section 23-5-177, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-177. Operator of gambling establishment -license -- fee. (1) It is a misdemeanor for a person who is not licensed by the department as an operator to make available to the public for play a gambling device or gambling enterprise for which a permit must be obtained from the department.
(2) To obtain an operator's license, a person shall submit to the department:
(a) a completed operator's license application on a form prescribed and furnished by the department; and
(b) any other relevant information requested by the department.
(3) The department may issue a provisional operator's license to an applicant pending the department's determination as to whether the applicant gualifies for licensure under $23-5-176$. If the department determines that the applicant is qualified, it shall remove the iicense from
provisional status. If the department determines that the applicant is not qualified, it shall revoke the provisional license.
$\boldsymbol{f} \boldsymbol{f}(4)$ An operator's license must include the following information:
(a) a description of the premises upon which the gambling will take place;
(b) the operator's name;
(c) a description of each gambling device or card game table tieensed for which a permit has been issued to the operator by the department for play upon the premises, including the type of game and ticense--number--or--deeat permit number for each tieensed game; and
(d) any other relevant information determined necessary by the department.
( $3+(5)$ The operator's license must be issued annually along with all other tieenses permits for gambling devices or games ticensed issued to the operator.
+4 4 (6) The operator's license must be updated each time a gambling device or card game table tieense permit is newly issued or the device or game is removed from the premises.
+5†(7) The department may not charge a fee for the issuance of an operator's license.

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f 6+(8) \text { The operator's license must be prominently }
$$ displayed upon the premises for which it is issued."

NEW SECTION. Section 13. Illegal sale, assignment, lease, or transfer of license -- penalty. A licensee who purposely or knowingly sells, assigns, leases, or transfers a license or permit in violation of $23-5-110$ is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable in accordance with 23-5-161.

Section 14. Section 23-5-306, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-306. Live card game table -- perinit -- fees -disposition of fees. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises after a finding under 16-4-401(2) may be granted an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables.
(b) The department may issue an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables to a person operating a premises not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises if:
(i) $\ddagger f$ one or more live card game tables were legally operated on a the premises on January 15, 19897--and--the premises--were--not--on-that-date-łicensed-under- $\ddagger 6-4-4 \theta \pm \nmid z \dagger$ but;
(ii) the premises were licensed on thet-date January 15 , 1989, to sell food, cigarettes, or any other consumable product;--an-operator ${ }^{+}$g-tieense-and-an-annyat-permit-for-the ptacement-of-itye-card-game-tabtes-may--be--graneed--to--the person--who--Zegatiy--operated--the--premises-on-fanuary-ł5\%
4909;
(iii) the person has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177; and
(iv) at the time of application for the permit:
(A) the person has continuously operated a live card game table on the premises since January 15, 1989; and
(B) the natural persons who together hold a majority financial interest in the business operated on the premises are the same as on January $15,1989$.
(2) The annual permit fee in lieu of taxes for each live card game table operated in a licensed operator's premises may not be prorated and must be:
(a) $\$ 250$ for the first table; and
(b) $\$ 500$ for each additional table.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes $\$ 100$ of the fee collected under this part for each live card game table.
(4) The department shall forward on a quarterly basis the remaining balance of the fee collected under subsection (2) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the live card game table is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from fees assessed on live card game tables located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The local
government portion of this fee is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury."

Section 15. Section 23-5-308, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-308. Card game dealers -- license. (1) A person may not deal cards in a live card game of panguingue or poker without being licensed annually by the department.
(2) The fee for the first year in which the license is effective is $\$ 75$, and the annual renewal fee is $\$ 25$. The fee may not be prorated.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes the license fee charged for the issuance of a dealer's license.
(4) A licensed dealer shall have on his person, and display upon request, his dealer's license when he is working as a dealer.
(5) (a) The department shall adopt rules to implement temporary licensing procedures until a permanent license is issued to a dealer.
(b) The rules must provide that:
(i) a temporary license may be obtained at the place where a person locally applies for a driver's license; and that
(ii) the receipt received upon mailing by certified mail an a completed license application for-a-permanent-tieense
and the fee required under subsection (2) by-eertified-meit, return receipt requested, atso constitutes a temporary license.
(c) The department may not assess a fee for the temporary license."

Section 16. Section 23-5-309, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-309. Presence-and-controt-of-deater Requirements for conducting card games. (1) A Except as provided in Isection 171, a live card game may-not must be played exeept on a live card game table in--the--presenee--and-under--the controt--of--a--ticensed-deater for which a permit has been issued and on the premises of a licensed operator.
(2) A live card game of panguinque or poker must be played in the presence and under the control of a licensed dealer:"

NEW SECTION. Section 17. Tournaments. (1) Subject to the department's approval, a licensed operator who has a permit for placing at least 1 live card game table on his premises may conduct up to 12 live card game tournaments a year on his premises. Each tournament may be conducted for no more than 72 consecutive hours. If an operator conducts more than one tournament a year, at least 7 days must lapse between the conclusion of one tournament and the beginning of the next tournament.
(2) (a) At least 10 days before the start of a
tournament, the operator shall submit to the department an application for a tournament permit. The permit application must be accompanied by $a \$ 10$ fee. The department shall retain the fee for administrative purposes.
(b) If a tournament is to be conducted on the premises of more than one licensed operator, each operator shall submit a permit application and processing fee. The permit is applied toward each operator's annual 12-tournament limit.
(3) Permits for placement of additional live card game tables, as provided in 23-5-306, are not required for additional tables authorized under a tournament permit.
(4) Tournament participants must be provided with a copy of the tournament rules before the start of the tournament. A copy of the rules must be posted in a conspicuous location in each area where the tournament is conducted.
(5) A person must be present on the premises during the tournament to oversee the conduct of the card games and to settle disputes among players. This person may be a dealer licensed under 23-5-308.
(6) A licensed operator may charge a tournament participant an entry fee, which may include a fee to cover expenses incurred in conducting the tournament. A participant who has been eliminated from competition during
the tournament may reenter the tournament by paying an additional fee if permitted to do so under tournament rules. A rake-off may not be taken during a tournament card game.
(7) Prizes must be awarded after each game and may not exceed the prize limits in 23-5-312.
(8) The provisions of this part and the department rules governing live card games apply to live card games conducted as part of a tournament unless otherwise provided.

Section 18. Section 23-5-406, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-406. Exempt charitable organizations and facilities. (l) (a) An organization quatified-for granted an exemption under 26 U.S.C. $501(\mathrm{c})(3)$ and, $(\mathrm{c})(4),(\mathrm{c})(8)$, or (c) (19):
(i) on or before January 15, 1989, is exempt from the taxation and fieense--fees the permit fee imposed by this part--An-organization-quatified--for--exemption--under-that section;
(ii) after that-date January 15, 1989, is exempt from taxation under; and need-onty-pay one-half the tieense--fees under permit fee imposed by this part if the organization carries on gambling activities for no more than 60 days a calendar year and-if-the.
(b) An organization provided for in subsection (1)(a) shall:
(i) limit its live bingo and keno activities are
timited to its main premises or place of operations and to events at other places operated by other charitable organizations or by a government unit or entity---The organizetion-shati;
(ii) comply with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno er-raffzes-A-quatifited organization-shati; and
(iii) apply to the department for a cost-free permit to conduct charitable live bingo and or keno games or-raffies.
(2) A long-term care facility, as defined in 50-5-101, or a retirement home or senior citizen center, as defined in subsection (4), that has obtained an operator's license and a permit from the department to operate live bingo or keno is exempt from taxation and the permit fee imposed by this part if the facility:
(a) limits participation in live bingo and keno games to persons using the facility and their guests;
(b) limits live bingo or keno activities to its main premises or place of operation; and
(c) complies with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno.
(3) The department may revoke or suspend the permit of a-quatified an organization or a facility provided for in subsection (1) or (2) if that, after investigation, the department determines that the organization or facility is
eontracting operating or has contracted with a nonqualified organization to-operate that is operating live bingot or kenof-or-rafftes in a predominantly commercial manner.
(4) For purposes of this section:
(a) "retlrement home" means a building in which sleeping rooms without cooking facilities in each room are rented to three or more persons who are 60 years of age or older and who do not need skilled nursing care, intermediate nursing care, or personal nursing care, as defined in 50-5-101; and
(b) "senior citizen center" means a facility operated by a nonprofit or governmental organization that provides services to senior citizens in the form of daytime or evening educational or recreational activities and does not provide living accommodations to senior citizens or sell food or beverages under a license furnished by the state. Services gualifying under this subsection (b) must be recognized in the state plan on aging adopted by the department of family services."

Section 19. Section 23-5-409, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-409. Bingo and keno tax -- records -distribution -- statement and payment. (1) A licensee who has received a permit to operate bingo or keno games shall pay to the department a tax of 5\% 18 of the net-ineome gross proceeds from the operation of each live bingo and keno game
operated on his premises. Por-purposes-of-this-seetiont-unet
 the--cont-of-equipmentr-supptiest-personnetf-and-advertising ałłocated-to-the-games--££-in-any-year-5\%-of-net-income-does not-equat- $\ddagger$-of-gross-proceedst-then-the-ticensee-shati--pay a-tax-of-ま\%-of-gross-proceeda =
(2) A licensee shall keep a record of gross proceeds and-net-ineome in the form the department requires. At all times during the business hours of the licensee the records must be available for inspection by the department.
(3) A licensee shall annually complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total gross proceeds and net income for each live keno or bingo game operated by him and the total amount due as live bingo or keno tax for the preceding year. This statement must contain any other relevant information required by the department.
(4) The department shall forward the tax collected under subsection (3) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed game is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from taxes on live bingo or keno games located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The tax collected under subsection (3) is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to

## the county or municipal treasury."

Section 20. Section 23-5-412, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-412. Card prices and prizes -- exception. The (1) Except as provided in subsection (3):
(a) the price for an individual bingo or keno card may not exceed 50 cents--Bingo-prizes--may--be--paid--in--either tangibłe-personaz-property-or-cash--A;
(b) a prize may not exceed the value of $\$ 100$ for each individual bingo award or keno cardf-モt; and
(c) it is unlawful to, in any manner, combine any awards so as to increase the ultimate value of the award.
(2) Bingo and keno prizes may be paid in either tangible personal property or cash.
13) A variation of the game of keno, as approved by the department, in which a player selects three or more numbers and places a wager on various combinations of these numbers is permissible if:
(a) no more than 50 cents is wagered on each combination of numbers; and
(b) a winning combination does not pay more than $\$ 100$.
(4) A player may give the a keno caller a card with instructions on the card to play that card and its marked numbers for up to the number of successive games that the house allows and that the player has indicated on the card, upon payment of the price per game times the number of
successive games indicated. The player shall remain on the house premises until the card is played or withdrawn. The caller shall keep the card until the end of the number of games indicated, and the department may by rule provide that at that time the caller shall pay the player any prizes won."

Section 21. Section 23-5-413, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-413. Raffle prizes -- permits -- exception. $\dagger \ddagger$
 individtał--raffłe-tieketч-チt-is-unławfuł-tor-in-any-mannert combine-any-awards-so-as-to-increase-the-uttimate--vazue--of the-prise-awarded-for-eaeh-ticket:
$t z+(1)$ (a) A--separate Except as provided in subsection (l)(b), a permit must be issued by the board of county commissioners for each raffle conducted within its jurisdiction. The permit must be issued before the raffle may be conducted. The board of county commissioners may not charge a permit fee or an investigative fee for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization if the organization presents sufficient documentation of its nonprofit status.
(b) If tickets for a raffle are to be sold in more than one county, a permit must be obtained only in the county where the winners of the raffle are to be determined.
(2) Except for a religious corporation sole or
nonprofit organization，a person or organization conducting a raffle shall own all prizes to be awarded as part of the raffle before the sale of any tickets．
（3）A person who has conducted a raffle must submit an accounting to the board of county commissioners within 30 days following the completion of the raffle．

14）The sale of raffle tickets authorized by this part is restricted to events and participants within the geographic confines of the state．
（5）The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a person or an organization，other than a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization may not exceed $\$ 5,000$ ．The prize may be in the form of cash，other intangible personal property， tangible personal property，or real property．Prizes may not be combined in any manner to increase the ultimate value of the prize awarded for each ticket．
 to－a－raffte－conducted－by－a－nonprofit－corporationt
（6）（a）In addition to complying with the requirements of subsections（1）through（5），a religious corporation solef or other nonprofit organization as defined in 23－5－112 if－the－corporation－or－organization－is－permitted－by－the－board of－－county－commissioners－to－conduct－the－raffier－The－boerd－of county－commissioners－may－not－－charge－－a－－permit－－fee－－or－－an
investigative－－fee－－for－－a－－raffte－－conducted－by－a－nonprofit veterans ${ }^{\text {－}}$ organization：
tbt－－The－nomprofit－organization－or－－eorporation－－seeking permission－－under－－subsection－†ヨナナat shall eppiy provide the following information to the board of county commissioners when applying for the a raffle permit and－provide－the fotłowing－information：
（i）the cost and number of raffle tickets to be sold；
（ii）the charitable purposes the proceeds of the raffle are intended to benefit；and
（iii）the proposed prizes and their value．
tet－－A－veterana－organization－seeking－exemption－from－the permit－fee－or－an－investigative－fee－shatz－present－evidence－of the－－organization＇s－－nonprofit－status－to－the－board－of－eounty commissioners：
taf（b）The proceeds from the sale of the－raffte tickets for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or a nonprofit organization may be used only for charitable purposes or to pay for prizes．The－raffie－prize－must－－be－in tangibte－－personat－－property－－onty－－and－－not－in－moneyp－eashy stock－－bondsf－evidence－of－indebtednessf－or－other－－intangible personat－－property－－None－of－the－proceeds Proceeds may not be used for the administrative cost of conducting the raffle．
（c）The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation

Sole or nonprofit organization may equal or exceed $\$ 5,000$ if the prize is in th form of tangible personal property. If the value of the prize is less than $\$ 5,000$, the prize may be in the form of cash, other intangible personal property, tangible personal property, or real property."

## Section 22. Section 23-5-501, MCA, is amended to read:

23-5-501. Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:

 benefieiati-eiviet-or-serviee-organizationt-other--than--one estabitshed--for--the-purpose-of-eondueting-or-partieipating in-a-sports-poot:
$+z+(1)$ "Sports pool" means a gambling enterprise based on a sports event involving natural persons or animals that is conducted on a card divided into squares or spacest--with the--names--of--the--partieipants-in-the-pooz-writeten-within such-squares-or-spaeesp-for-which-consideration-in-meney-is paid--by-the-person-płaying-for-each arranged in columns and horizontal rows. Each square or space for-the represents a chance to win momey-or-other-items-of-vatue-on-any-sports event-wherein-the-partieipants--in--such--sports--event--are meturaz--persens-er-antmats and may be purchased for cash by a participant in the pool. After all squares or spaces are
purchased and before the start of the sports event, numbers are randomly assigned to the rows and columns providing a two-number designation for each square or space.
(2) "Value of a sports pool" means the total amount paid by persons to participate in a sports pool."

Section 23. Section 23-5-503, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-503. Rules. (1) The card used for recording the pool and upon which the squares or spaces appear shatz must clearly indicate in advance of the sale of any chances the number of chances to be sold in that specific pool, the name of the event, the consideration to be paid for each chance, and the total amount to be paid to the winners.
(2) The name or initials of the participant who purchased a square or space on the sports pool card must be written within the square or space.
$\boldsymbol{f} \boldsymbol{f}(3)$ A chance to participate in a sports pool may not be sold other than upon the premises in which the sports pool is conducted. An individual chance to participate in a sports pool may not be sold for a consideration in excess of \$5;-and-the. The total amount to be paid to the winners of any individual sports pool may not exceed the value of $\$ 500$ and may consist of cash or other items of value. Except as provided in subsection t3t (4), the winner of any sports pool shall receive a 100 payout of the value of the sports pool. An administrative or other fee may not be charged or
deducted from the amount paid by the participants for the opportunity to participate in a sports pool.
+3+(4) A nonprofit organization that maintains and opens to inspection upon reasonable demand records to verify that the retained portion is used to support charitable activities, scholarships or educational grants, or community service projects may retain up to $50 \%$ of the value of a sports pool."

Section 24. Section 23-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-603. Video gambling machines -- possession -play -- restriction. (1) A person licensed operator may make available for public play only the number of approved video gambling machines specifically authorized by this part.
(2) The video gambling machines specifically authorized by this part are bingo, keno, and draw poker machines. Only the number of approved machines for which permits have been granted under 23-5-612 may be made available for play by the public on the premises of a licensed operator. The department shall adopt rules allowing a video gambling machine that needs repair to be temporarily replaced while it is being repaired with a video gambling machine that is approved under the permit provisions of this part. A fee may not be charged for the replacement machine.
(3) Machines on premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption on-the--premises must
be placed:
(a) in the a room, area, or other part of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are sold and-normazty or consumed; and
(b) within sight and control of the operator or his employees for the purpose of preventing access to the machines by persons under 18 years of age."

Section 25. Section 23-5-611, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-611. Machine permit qualifications -limitations. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises may be granted a permit for the placement of video gambling machines in his premises.
(b) If video keno or bingo gambling machines were legally operated on a premises on January 15, 1989, and the premises were not on that date licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises or operated for the principal purpose of gaming and there is an operator's license for the premises under 23-5-177, a permit for the same number of video keno or bingo gambling machines as were operated on the premises on that date may be granted to the person who held the permit for such machines on those premises on that date, subject to the provisions of subsection (l)(d).
（c）A person who legally operated an establishment on January 15，1989，for the principal purpose of gaming and has been granted an operator＇s license under 23－5－177 may be granted a permit for the placement of bingo and keno machines in his premises，subject to the provisions of subsection（1）（d）．
（d）The department may issue an annual permit under subsection（1）（b）or（1）（c）if at the time of application for the permit：
（i）the person has continuously operated the video gambling machine on the premises since January 15，1989；and
（ii）the natural persons who together hold a majority financial interest in the business operated on the premises are the same as on January 15， 1989.
（2）An applicant for a permit shall disclose on the application form to the department any information required by the department consistent with the provisions of 23－5－176．
（3）A licensee may not have on the premises or make available for play on the premises more than 20 machines of any combination and－－ne－－more－－than－－t日－－may－be－draw－poker maehines．＂

Section 26．Section 23－5－621，MCA，is amended to read：
＂23－5－621．Video gambling machine specifications－－ rules．（1）The department shall adopt rules describing the
video gambling machines authorized by this part and stating the specifications for video gambling machines authorized by this part．The－－－speeifications－－－in－－－the－－－rułes－－－must substantiatiy－－－fotłow－－－the－－－speeifieations－－contained－－in 23－5－6日6－and－z3－5－6日9－as－those－sections－－read－－on－－September $30 ;-7989=$ Rules adopted by the department must provide，at a minimum，that a video ganbling machine must：
（a）use a random selection process to determine the outcome of each game；
（b）accept only coins，paper currency，or both；
（c）be permitted to contain a mechanism that accepts cash in the form of bills not to exceed $\$ 5$ ；
（d）prevent access to the inside of the machine except through locks；
（e）use a printer device to print a ticket voucher for a winning player upon completion of play．The printer device must create a duplicate copy of tickets printed，which must be retained in the machine．
（f）have both electronic and mechanical meters．The electronic meter readings must be able to be printed by the printing device and displayed on the video screen．
（g）have a nonremovable identification plate providing the manufacturer＇s name，machine model，date of manufacture， and unique machine serial number；
（h）use a surge protector；
(i) issue, by activation of an external switch, an accounting ticket containing a performance synopsis of the machine;
(j) have nonvolatile memory storage for all required accounting ticket information; and
(k) exhibit total immunity to human body electrostatic discharges.
(2) The department shall adopt rules allowing video gambling machines to be imported into this state and used for the purposes of trade shows, exhibitions, and similar activities."

Section 27. Section $23-5-625, ~ M C A$, is amended to read:

## -23-5-625. Video <br> gambling <br> machine

manufacturer-distributor -- license -- fees. (I) $\mathrm{It}(\mathrm{a}$ ) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), it is unlawful for any person to assemble, produce, manufacture, or supply any video gambling machine or associated equipment for use or play in the state without having first been issued a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license by the department. A licensed manufacturer-distributor may supply a video gambling machine only to another licensed manufacturer-distributor or a licensed operator.
$t z+(b)$ The department shall charge an annual license fee of $\$ 1,000$ for the issuance or renewal of a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license.
$\boldsymbol{f}+(\mathrm{C})$ In addition to other license fees, the department may charge the applicant a one-time video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license application processing fee. The processing fee may not exceed the department's actual costs for processing an application.
$t+4(d)$ vil video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's licenses expire on June 30 of each year, and the license fee may not be prorated.
tst(e) The department shall retain the license and processing fees collected for purposes of administering this part, unless otherwise provided.
(2) A licensed operator who is not licensed as a manufacturer-distributor may sell up to 20 video gambling machines in a calendar year if the operator:
(a) had obtained permits for the machines and legally operated them prior to the sale; and
(b) sells the machines to another licensed operator or a licensed manufacturer-distributor.
(3) A lienholder who acquires title to video gambling machines through a foreclosure action involving a licensed operator or manufacturer-distributor may sell the machines to a licensed operator or licensed manufacturer-distributor."

Section 28. Section 23-5-631, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-631. Examination and approval of new video gambling machines and associated equipment -- fee. (1) The department shall examine and may approve a new video gambling machine and associated equipment which are manufactured, sold, or distributed for use in the state before the video gambling machine or associated equipment is sold, played, or used.
(2) A video gambling machine or associated equipment may not be examined or approved by the department until the video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor is licensed as required in 23-5-625.
(3) All video gambling machines approved by the department of commerce prior to October 1, 1989, must be considered approved under this part.
(4) The department shall require the manufacturer-distributor seeking the examination and approval of a new video gambling machine or associated equipment to pay the anticipated actual costs of the examination in advance and, after the completion of the examination, shall refund overpayments or charge and collect amounts sufficient to reimburse the department for underpayments of actual costs.
(5) Payments received under subsection (4) are statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, to defray the costs of examining and approving

## video gambling machines and associated equipment and to issue refunds for overpayments. <br> +5t(6) The department may inspect and test and approve, disapprove, or place a condition upon a video gambling machine prior to its distribution and placement for play by the public." <br> Section 29. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read: <br> "17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both of the following provisions:
(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.
(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812; 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301: 13-37-304; 15-1-111; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 17-3-212; 17-5-404;

| 17-5-4 | 17-5-804; | 19-B-504; | 19-9-702; | 19-9-1007; |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19-10-205; | 19-10-305; | 19-10-506; | 19-11-512; | 19-11-513; |
| 19-11-606; | 19-12-301: | 19-13-604; | 20-6-406; | 20-8-111; |
| 20-9-361; | 23-5-136; 23- | 306; 23-5- | 9; 23-5-610; | 23-5-612; |
| 23-5-631; | 23-5-1016; | 23-5-1027; | 27-12-206; | 37-51-501; |
| 39-71-2504; | 53-6-150; | 53-24-206; | 61-2-406; | 61-5-121; |
| 67-3-205; | 75-1-1101: | 75-5-1108; | 75-11-313; | 76-12-123; |
| B0-2-103; | 82-11-136; | 82-11-161; | 90-3-301; | 90-4-215; |

90-4-613; 90-6-331; 90-9-306; and section 13. House Bill No. B61, Laws of 1985.
(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 30, 1991.)"

Section 30. Section 41-5-203, MCA, is amended to read:
-41-5-203. Jurisdiction of the court. (1) Except as
provided in subsection (2), the court has exclusive original jurisdiction of all proceedings under the Montana Youth Court Act in which a youth is alleged to be a delinquent youth, a youth in need of supervision, or a youth in need of care or concerning any person under 21 years of age charged with having violated any law of the state or ordinance of any city or town other than a traffic or fish and game law prior to having become 18 years of age.
(2) Justice, municipal, and city courts have concurrent jurisdiction with the youth court over all alcoholic beverage and gambling violations alleged to have been committed by a youth."

NEW SECTION. Section 31. Codification instruction. [Sections 13 and 17] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 23, chapter 5, parts 1 through 6, and the provisions of Title 23 , chapter 5 , parts 1 through 6 , apply to [sections 13 and 17].

## committee

## ON MOTIDN, PRINTED AND PLACED ON SECOND READING

by REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

A BILL for AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT to GENERALLY REVISE THE PUBLIC GAMBLING LAWS OF MONTANA; PROVIDING STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 2-15-2021, 17-7-502, 23-5-112, 23-5-114, 23-5-123, 23-5-136, 23-5-153, 23-5-154, 23-5-156, 23-5-158, 23-5-162, 23-5-176, 23-5-177, 23-5-306, 23-5-308, 23-5-309, 23-5-406, 23-5-409, 23-5-412, 23-5-413, 23-5-501, 23-5-503, 23-5-603, 23-5-611, 23-5-621, 23-5-625, 23-5-631, AND 41-5-203, MCA."
be it enacted by the legislature of the state of montana:
Section 1. Section 2-15-2021, MCA, is amended to read:
-2-15-2021. Gaming advisory council -- allocation -composition -- compensation -- antuat biennial report. (1) There is a gaming advisory council.
(2) The gaming advisory council is allocated to the department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121.
(3) The gaming advisory council consists of nine members. One member must be from the senate, and one member must be from the house of representatives. The senate committee on committees and the speaker of the house of
representatives shall appoint the legislative members of the council. The seven remaining members must be appointed by the department, with one representing the public at large, two representing local governments, one being a Native American, and three representing the gaming industry.
(4) Each gaming advisory council member is appointed to a 3-year term of office, except that three of the first-appointed original members shall serve a l-year termr three (including both legislative members) shall serve a 2-year term, and three shall serve a 3-year term. A member of the council may be removed for good cause by the appointing body provided for in subsection (3).
(5) The gaming advisory council shall appoint a chairman from its members.
(6) Legislative members of the gaming advisory council are entitled to compensation and expenses, as provided in 5-2-302, while the council is meeting. The remaining members are entitled to travel, meals, and lodging expenses as provided for in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503. Expenses of the council must be paid from licensing fees received by the department.
(7) The gaming advisory council shall, within its authorized budget, hold meetings and incur expenses as it considers necessary to study all aspects of gambing in the state.

SECOND READING HB 958
(8) (a) The gaming advisory council shall submit an annuaz a biennial report to the department, at a time designated by the department, with recommendations for amendments to the gambing statutes, the need for additional or modified department rules, the clarification of existing rules, and other recomendations on the operation of the department or any other gambling-related matter.
(b) The annuat biennial report required under subsection (8)(a) must be affixed to the annuat-department report on gambling in the state that the department submits that year. The department and council shall subait the two most recent department and council reports to each of the next two regular sessions of the legislature
(c) The council may submit interim reports to the department as the council considers necessary.
(d) The council shall meet with the department upon request of the department.
(e) The department shall meet with the council upon request of the council.
(9) The department shall give each council member notice and a copy of each proposed change in administrative rules relating to gambling. The notice and copy must be given at the time a notice of proposed rules changes is filed with the secretary of state. The council shall review the proposal, may comment on it, and may attend any hearing
on the proposal. The department shall consider any comment by any council member or by the council as a whole prior to adopting the proposed change."

Section 2. Section 23-5-112, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-112. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter:
(1) "Applicant" means a person who has applied for a license or permit issued by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(2) "Application" means a witten request for a license or permit issued by the department. The department shall adopt rules describing the forms and information required for issuance of a license.
(3) "Authorized equipment" means, with respect to live keno or bingo, equipment that may be inspected by the department and that randomly selects the numbers.
(4) "Bingo" means a gambling activity played for prizes with a card bearing a printed design of 5 columns of 5 squares each, 25 squares in all. The letters $B-I-N-G-O$ must appear above the design, with each letter above one of the columns. No more than 75 numbers may be used. One number must appear in each square, except for the center square, which may be considered a free play. Numbers are randomly drawn using authorized equipment until the game is won by
the person or persons who first cover a previously
designated arrangement of numbers on the bingo card.
(5) "Bingo caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live bingo.
(6) "Card game table" or "table" means a live card game table authorized by permit and made available to the public on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
17) "Card game tournament" means a gambling activity for which a permit has been issued involving participants who pay valuable consideration for the opportunity to compete against each other in a series of live card games conducted over a designated period of time.
$\boldsymbol{+ 7} \boldsymbol{f}(8)$ "Dealer" means a person with a dealer's license issued under part 3 of this chapter.
f $8+(9)$ "Department" means the department of justice.
+9†(10) "Distributor" means a person who:
(a) purchases or obtains from another person equipment of any kind for use in gambling activities; and
(b) sells, leases, or otherwise furnishes the equiprent to another person for use in public.
$t \neq \theta+(\underline{1 l)}$ "Gambling" or "gambling activity" means risking money, credit, deposit, check, property, or any other thing of value for a gain that is contingent in whole or in part upon lot, chance, or the operation of a gambling device or
gambling enterprise. The term does not mean conducting or participating in a promotional game of chance.
$t \pm+\}(12)$ "Gambling device" means a mechanical. electromechanical, or electronic devicet or a machine, slot machine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or system used or intended for use in any gambling activity.
$\dagger \ddagger \boldsymbol{f}(13)$ "Gambling enterprise" means an activity, scheme, or agreement or an attempted activity, scheme, or agreement to provide gambling or a gambling device to the public.
(14) "Gift enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have obtained chances to acguire the property or a portion of it by purchasing goods or services. The term does not mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter;
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos; or
(c) a promotional game of chance.
$t \pm 3+(15)$ "Gross proceeds" means gross revenue received less prizes paid out.
$t+4+(16)$ "Illegal gambling device" means a gambling device not specifically authorized by statute or by the
rules of the department.
$t \pm 5 \boldsymbol{( 1 7 )}$ "Illegal gambling enterprise" means a gambing enterprise that violates a statute or a rule of the department.
t¥6t(18) "Keno" means a game of chance in which prizes are awarded using a card with $B$ horizontal rows and 10 columns on which a player may pick up to 10 numbers. A keno caller, using authorized equipment, shall select at random at least 20 numbers out of numbers between 1 and 80 r inclusive.
$\boldsymbol{+ 7 7 ( 1 9 )}$ "Keno caller" means a person 18 pears of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live keno.
$+ \pm 8+(20)$ "License" means an operator's, dealer's, or manufacturer-distributor's license issued to a person by the department.
$\nexists 9 \dagger(21)$ "Licensee" means a person who has received a license from the department.
tzefl22) "Live card game" or "card game" means a card game that is played in public between persons on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
titi(23) "Lottery" or-"gife-enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have paid or promised to pay valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining
the property or a portion of it or for a share or interest in the property upon an agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by
 mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter; or
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos; or

## (c) a promotional game of chance.

tzz+(24) "Manufacturer" means a person who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipment of any kind to be used as a garabling device.

## (25) "Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit

 corporation or nomprofit charitable, religious, scholastic, educational, veterans', fraternal, beneficial, civic, or service organization established for purposes other than to conduct a gambling activity.+23+(26) "Operator" means a person who purchases, receives, or acquires, by lease or otherwise, and operates or controls for use in public, a gambling device or gambling enterprise authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this

## chapter.

+Z4t(27) "Permit" means approval from the department to make available for public play a gambling device or gambling enterprise approved by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
$t z 5 t(28)$ "Person" or "persons" means both natural and artificial persons and all partnerships, corporations, associations, clubs, fraternal orders, and societies, including religious and charitable organizations.
tz6t1291 "Premises" means the physical building or property within or upon which a licensed gambling activity occurs, as stated on an operator's license application and approved by the department.
(30). "Promotional game of chance" means a scheme, by Whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have not paid or are not expected to pay any valuable consideration of who have not purchased or are not expected to purchase any goods or services for a chance to obtain the property, a portion of it, or a share in it.
†Z7サ131) "Public gambling" means gambling conducted in:
(a) a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has access or may be permitted to have access; or
(b) a place of public resort, including but not limited to a facility owned, managed, or operated by a partnership,
corporation, association, club, fraternal order, or society, including a religious or charitable organization; or
(c) a place, building, or conveyance to which the public does not have access if players are publicly solicited or the gambling activity is conducted in a predominately commercial manner.
tzet(32) "Raffle" means a gift--enterprise form of lottery in which each participant bays-a-chanee--ar--chances pays valuable consideration for a ticket to become eligible to win a prize. Winners must be determined by a random selection process approved by department rule.
t $\mathbf{2 9} \boldsymbol{+ ( 3 3 )}$ "Slot machine" means a mechanical, electrical, electronic, or other gambling device, contrivance, or machine that, upon insertion of coin, currency, token, credit card, or similar object or upon payment of any valuable consideration, is available to play or aperate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of the skill of the operator or application of the element of chance, or both, may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the gambling device to receive cash, premiums, merchandise, tokens, or anything of value, whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner. This definition does not apply to video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter.
$+3 \theta+(34)$ "Video gambing machine" is a gambling device
specifically authorized by part 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department."
Section 3. Section 23-5-114, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-114. Department employees -- activities prohibited. (1) An employee of the departmenti--a--former department--emptoyee--during--the--first--765-days-fołłowing termínetion--of--empłoyment;--or--any---peace---officer---or prosecteor directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling, as designated by the attorney general, may not:
$t \pm t$ (a) serve as an officer or-manager of a corporation business or organizationt-other-than-a-nonprofte-eorporation or--orgenizationt that conducts a gambling activity, other than as an officer of a nonprofit organization;
(b) be employed by a licensed operator in any capacity that requires assisting in conducting a gambling activity regulated under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or maintaining records for the gambling activity;
trł--reeetve--or--share--int-directiy-or-indireetzyt-any profit-of-a-gambing-activity-regułated-by-the-departments
$+\exists+(c)$ have a beneficial or pecuniary interest in a contract for the manufacture, lease, or sale of a gambling device, the conduct of a gambling activity, or the provision of independent consultant services in connection with a gambling activity; or
(d) participate in a gambling activity governed by parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, except in performing assigned employment duties. An employee may participate in a gambling activity governed by part 10 of this chapter or chapter 4 of this title.
(2) The prohibitions in subsections 11)(a) and (1)(b) apply to a former designated department employee during the first year following termination from employment with the department if the employee was directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling imuediately before termination."

Section 4. Section 23-5-123, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-123. Disposal of money confiscated by reason of violation of gambling lavs. All fines, penalties, forfeitures, and confiscated money collected by criminal, civil, or administrative process for a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule of the department must be deposited--one-hatf--in-the-state generat-fund-and-one-hatf-in-the-generat-fund-of-the--eounty in-whieh-the-viotation-oceurredr distributed as follows:
(1) Funds collected through a criminal proceeding must be distributed according to 3-10-601 or 46-18-235.
(2) One-third of the funds collected through a civil or administrative proceeding must be deposited in the state special revenue fund account maintained for funds used by
the department in administering parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules and may be used by the department to administer parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules. The remainder must be distributed to the county treasurer or the clerk, financial officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the violation occurred for deposit in the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to a penalty payment if the violation occurred in an incorporated city or town within the county."

Section 5. Section 23-5-136, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-136. Injunction and other remedies. (1) If a person has engaged or is engaging in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule or order of the department, the department may:
(a) issue a temporary order to cease and desist from the gambling activity, act, or practice for a period not to exceed 60 days;
(b) following notice and an opportunity for hearing, and with the right of judicial review, under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act:
(i) issue a permanent order to cease and desist from the act or practice, which order remains in effect pending judicial review;
(ii) place a licensee on probation:
(iii) suspend for a period not to exceed 180 days a license or permit for the gambling activity, device, or enterprise involved in the act or practice constituting the violation;
(iv) revoke a license or permit for the gambling activity, device, or enterprise involved in the act or practice constituting the violation:
(v) impose a civil penalty not to exceed $\$ 10,000$ for each violation, whether or not the person is licensed by the department; and
(vi) impose any combination of the penalties contained in this subsection (1)(b); and
(c) bring an action in district court for relief againgt the act or practice. The department may not be required to post a bond. On proper showing, the court may:
(i) issue a restraining order, a temporary or permanent injunction, or other appropriate writ;
(ii) suspend or revoke a license or permit; and
(iii) appoint a receiver or conservator for the defendant of the assets of the defendant.
(2) The department may issue a warrant for distraint against an operator who fails to pay a civil penalty imposed under subsection (1) or a tax imposed under 23-5-409 or 23-5-610. The department may issue the warrant for the amount of the unpaid penalty or for the amount of the unpaid
tax, plus penalty and accumulated interest on the tax, and
shall follow the procedures provided in 15-1-701 through
15-1-708.
$t 2+(3)$ (a) A civil penalty imposed under this section
must be collected by the department and deposited-in-the
staters-generat-fund-as-required-by distributed as provided
in 23-5-123. The local government portion of the penalty
payment is statutorily appropriated to the department, as
provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal
treasury.
(b) If a person fails to pay the civil penalty, the
amount due is a lien on the person's licensed premises and
gambling devices in the state and may be recovered by the
department in a civil action."
Section 6. Section 23-5-153, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-153. Possession and sale of antique slot machines. (1) For the purposes of this section, an antique slot machine is a mechanically or electronically operated slot machine that at-any-present-time-is-more-thon-zs-years otd manufactured before January 1, 1965.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), an antique slot machine may be possessed, located, and operated only in a private residential dwelling.
(3) (a) An antique slot machine may be possessed or located for purposes of display only and not for operation
in any public museum owned and operated by the state, a county, or a city.
(b) A licensed manufacturer-distributor may possess and sett antique slot machines for purposes of selling or otherwise supplying the machines.
(4) A person or entity legally possessing a slot machine under subsection (2) or (3) may sell or otherwise supply a machine to another person or entity who may legally possess a slot machine.
t4t(5) An antique slot machine may not be operated for any comercial or charitable purpose."

Section 7. Section 23-5-154, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-154. Soliciting or--persuading--persons--to-ptay participation in illegal gambling device activity prohibited. A person who purposely or knowingly advertises for or solicits another person to ptay--or--engage--in--the participate in an illegal gambling enterprise or use of an illegal gambling device is guilty of migdemeanor and is punishable under 23-5-161."

Section 8. Section 23-5-156, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-156. Obtaining anything of value by fraud or operation of illegal gambling device or enterprise. (1) A person who by--gambting in an activity involving gambling obtains money, property, or anything of value that does not exceed $\$ 300$ in value by misrepresentation, fraud, or the use
of an illegal gambling device or an illegal gambling enterprise is guilty of misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in 23-5-161.
(2) A person who by-gambting in an activity involving gambling obtains money, property, or anything of value that exceeds $\$ 300$ in value by misrepresentation, fraud, or the use of an illegal gambling device or an illegal gambling enterprise is guilty of a felony and is punishable as provided in 23-5-162."

Section 9. Section 23-5-158, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-158. Minors not to participate -- penalty -exception. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (3), a person may not purposely or knowingly allow a person under 18 years of age to participate in a gambling activity.
tit A person tho violates this section subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and must be punished in accordance with 23-5-161.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), a person under 18 years of age may not purposely or knowingly participate in a gambling activity. A person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed $\$ 50$ if the proceedings for violating this subsection are held in justice, municipal, or city court. If the proceedings are held in youth court, the offender must be treated as an alleged youth in need of supervision as
defined in 41-5-103. The youth court may enter its judgment under 41-5-523.
(3) A person under 18 years of age may sell or buy tickets for or receive prizes from a raffle conducted in compliance with 23-5-413 if proceeds from the raffle, minus administrative expenses and prizes paid, are used to support charitable activities, scholarshipg or educational grants, or community service projects."

Section 10. Section $23-5-162$, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-162. Crininal liabilities -- Eelony. (1) A person who purposely or knowingly violates a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, the punishment for which is a felony, may upon conviction be fined not more than $\$ \mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$ or imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both, for each violation.

〔2) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (1) the department shall revoke all licenses or permits issued to the person under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and may not issue the person another license or permit under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter."

Section 11. Section 23-5-176, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-176. Qualifications for licensure. (1) A person whom the department determines is qualified to receive a license under the provisions of this chapter, except for the provisions of part 10, may, based on information available

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to, required by, or supplied to the department under department rules, be issued a state gambling license.
(2) The Except as provided in subsection (4), the department shall issue a license unless the department can demonstrate that the applicant is:
(a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
(i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state ori
(ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of gambling; or
titif(iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental to gambling; or
(b) has been convicted of a felony offense or a gambling-related misdemeanor within 5 years of the date of application, is awaiting trial on charges of committing a felony offense, or is on probation, parole, or deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense; or
tbt(c) is receiving a substantial amount of financing for the proposed operation from an unsuitable source. A lender or other source of money or credit that the department finds to meet the provisions of subsection (2)(a) may be considered an unsuitable source.
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(3) The provisions of 37-1-203 and 37-1-205 do not apply to licensing determinations made under this section.
(4) The department may deny a license or permit to an applicant who has falsified a license or permit application. If the falsification is determined after the license or permit has been issued, the department may revoke the license or permit."

Section 12. Section 23-5-177, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-177. Operator of gambling establisheent -license -- fee. (1) It is a misdemeanor for a person who is not licensed by the department as an operator to make available to the public for play a gambling device or gambling enterprise for which a permit must be obtained from the department.
(2) To obtain an operator's license, a person shall submit to the department:
(a) a completed operator's license application on a form prescribed and furnished by the department: and
(b) any other relevant information requested by the department.
(3) The department may issue a provisional operator's license to an applicant pending the department's determination as to whether the applicant qualifies for licensure under 23-5-176. If the department determines that the applicant is qualified, it shall remove the license from

## provisional status. If the department determines that the applicant is not qualified, it shall revoke the provisional 1icense.

$t z+(4)$ An operator's license must include the following information:
(a) a description of the premises upon which the gambling will take place;
(b) the operator's name;
(c) a description of each gambling device or card game table tieensed for which a permit has been issued to the operator by the department for play upon the premises, including the type of game and ticense-number--or--decaz pernit number for each tieensed game; and
(d) any other relevant information determined necessary by the department.
t3f(5) The operator's license must be issued annually along with all other tieenses permits for gambling devices or games tifeensed issued to the operator.
$t 4(6)$ The operator's license must be updated each time a gambling device or card game table tieense permit is newly issued or the device or game is removed from the premises.
$+5+171$ The department may not charge a fee for the issuance of an operator's license.
t6t(8) The operator's license must be prominently displayed upon the premises for which it is issued."

NEW SECTION. Section 13. Illegal sale, assignment, lease, or transfer of license -- penalty. A licensee who purposely or knowingly sells, assigns, leases, or transfers a license or permit in violation of 23-5-110 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable in accordance with 23-5-161.

Section 14. Section 23-5-306, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-306. Live card game table -- persit -- fees -disposition of fees. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises after a finding under 16-4-401(2) may be granted an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables.
(b) The department may issue an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables to a person operating a premises not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises if:
(i) $\ddagger f$ one or more live card game tables were legally operated on a the premises on January 15, 1989r--and--the premises--were--not--on-that-date-tieensed-under-t6-4-4日ま fzt but;
(ii) the premiseg were licensed on that-date January 15 , 1989, to sell food, cigarettes, or any other consumable productr--an-operatoris-łicense-and-an-annuat-permit-for-the płacement-of-tive-card-game-tabtes-may--be--granted--to--the person--who--łegatły--operated--the--premises-on-dantary-i5t
${ }^{1989}$ i
(11i) the person has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177; and
(iv) at the time of application for the permit:
(A) the person has continuously operated a live card game table on the premises since January 15, 1989; and
(B) the natural persong who together hold a majority financial interest in the business operated on the premises are the same as on January 15, 1989.
(2) The annual permit fee in lieu of taxes for each live card game table operated in a licensed operator's premises may not be prorated and must be:
(a) $\$ 250$ for the first table; and
(b) $\$ 500$ for each additional table.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes $\$ 100$ of the fee collected under this part for each live cara game table.
(4) The department shall forward on a quarterly basis the remaining balance of the fee collected under subsection (2) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the live card game table is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from fees assessed on live card game tables located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The local
government portion of this fee is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury."

Section 15. Section 23-5-308, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-30日. Card game dealers -- license. (1) A person may not deal cards in a live card game of panguingue or poker without being licensed annually by the department.
(2) The fee for the first year in which the license is effective is $\mathbf{\$ 7 5}$, and the annual renewal fee is $\mathbf{\$ 2 5}$. The fee may not be prorated.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes the license fee charged for the issuance of a dealer's license.
(4) A licensed dealer shall have on his person, and display upon request, his dealer's license when he is working as a dealer.
(5) (a) The department shall adopt rules to implement temporary licensing procedures until a permanent license is issued to a dealer.
(b) The rules must provide that:
(i) a temporary license may be obtained at the place where a person locally applies for a driver's license; and that
(ii) the receipt received upon mailing by certified mail an a completed license application for-a-permanent-łitense
and the fee required under subsection (2) by-eeretifed-mait, return receipt requested, atse constitutes a temporary license.
(c) The department may not assess a fee for the temporary license."

Section 16. Section 23-5-309, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-309. Presence-and-controt-of-deater Requirements for conducting card games. (1) A Except as provided in [section 17], a live card game mey-not must be played exeept on a live card game table in--the--presenee--and--under--the controt--of--a--ticensed-deater for which a permit has been issued and on the premises of a licensed operator.
(2) A live card game of panguingue or poker must be played in the presence and under the control of a licensed dealer."

NEW SECTION. Section 17. Tournaments. (1) Subject to the department's approval, a licensed operator who has a permit for placing at least 1 live card game table on his premises may conduct up to 12 live card game tournaments a year on his premises. Each tournament may be conducted for no more than 72 consecutive hours. If an operator conducts more than one tournament a year, at least 7 days must lapse between the conclusion of one tournament and the beginning of the next tournament.
(2) (a) At least 10 days before the start of a
tournament, the operator shall submit to the department an application for a tournament permit. The permit application must be accompanied by $a \mathbf{~} \$ 0$ fee. The department shall retain the fee for administrative purposes.
(b) If a tournament is to be conducted on the premises of more than one licensed operator, each operator shall submit a permit application and processing fee. The permit is applied toward each operator's annual l2-tournament limit.
(3) Permits for placement of additional live card game tables, as provided in 23-5-306, are not required for additional tables authorized under a tournament permit.
(4) Tournament participants must be provided with a copy of the tournament rules before the start of the tournament. A copy of the rules must be posted in a conspicuous location in each area where the tournament is conducted.
(5) A person must be present on the premises during the tournament to oversee the conduct of the card games and to settle disputes among players. This person may be a dealer licensed under 23-5-308.
(6) A licensed operator may charge a tournament participant an entry fee, which may inciude a fee to cover expenses incurred in conducting the tournament. A participant who has been eliminated from competition during
the tournament may reenter the tournament by paying an additional fee if permitted to do so under tournament rules. A rake-off may not be taken during a tournament card game.
(7) Prizes must be awarded after each game and may not exceed the prize limits in 23-5-312.
(8) The provisions of this part and the department rules governing live card games apply to live card games conducted as part of a tournament unless otherwise provided.
Section 18. Section 23-5-406, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-406. krewpt charitable organizations and facilities. (1) (a) An organization quatified-isor granted an exemption under 26 U.S.C. $501(c)(3)$ and $(c)(4),(c)(8)$, or (c)(19):
(i) on or before January 15, 1989, is exempt from the taxation and ticense--fees thepermit fee imposed by this part--An-organication-quatified--for--exemption--under--that section;
(ii) after that--date January 15, 1989, is exempt from taxation undert and need-onty-pay one-half the tieense--fees undert permit fee imposed by this part if the organization carries on gambling activities for no more than 60 days a calendar year and-if-the.
(b) An organization provided for in subsection (i)(a) shal1:
(i) limit its live bingo and keno activities are
> timited to its main premises or place of operations and to events at other places operated by other charitable organizations or by a government unit or entity=--The orgenteation-she土ti
> (ii) comply with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno or-rafftes--A-quatified organization-shati; and
> (iii) apply to the department for a cose-free parmit to conduct charitable live bingo and or keno games or-raffles.
> (2) A long-term care facility, as defined in 50-5-101, or a retirement home or senior citizen center, as defined in subsection (4), that has obtained an operator's license and a permit from the departanent to operate live blngo or keno is exempt from taxation and the permit fee imposed by this part if the facility:
> (a) limits participation in live bingo and keno games to persons using the facility and their quests;
(b) limits live bingo or keno activities to its main premises or place of operation; and
(c) complies with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno.
(3) The department may revoke or suspend the permit of a-quatified an organization or a facility provided for in subsection (1) or (2) if that, after investigation, the department determines that the organization or facility is
contracting operating or has contracted with a nonqualified organization eo-operate that is operating live bingor or kenot-er-rafftes in a predominantly comercial manner.

## (4) For purposes of this section:

(a) "retirement home" means a building in which sleeping rooms without cooking facilities in each room are rented to three or more persons who are 60 years of age or older and who do not need skilled nursing care, intermediate nursing care, or personal nursing care, as defined in 50-5-101; and
(b) "senior citizen center" means a Eacility operated by a nonprofit or governmental organization that provides services to senior citizens in the form of daytime or evening educational or recreational activities and does not provide living accommodations to senior citizens or sell food or beverages under a license furnished by the state. Services qualifying under this subsection (b) must be recognized in the state plan on aging adopted by the department of family services."

## Section 19. Section 23-5-409, MCA, is amended to read:

-23-5-409. Bingo and keno tax -- records -digtribution -- btatement and payment. (1) A licensee who has received a permit to operate bingo or keno games shall pay to the department a tax of 5\% 18 of the net-ineome gross proceeds from the operation of each live bingo and keno game
operated on his premises. Por-purposes-of-this-seettont-nnet incomen-means-gross-proeeedsi-as-defined-in-z3-5-itzt--minus the--cont-of-equipmentr-suppitiest-personnetr-and-advertising atłocated-to-the-games--if-in-any-year-5\%-of-net-income-does not-equat-it-of-gross-proceedst-then-the-iteensee-shati--pay a-tax-of-14-of-gross-proceeds=
(2) A licensee shall keep a record of gross proceeds and-net-ineome in the form the department requires. At all times during the business hours of the licensee the records must be available for inspection by the department.
(3) A licensee shall annually complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total gross proceeds and net income for each live keno or bingo game operated by him and the total amount due as live bingo or keno tax for the preceding year. This statement must contain any other relevant information required by the department.
(4) The department shall forward the tax collected under subsection (3) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed game is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from taxes on live bingo or keno games located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The tax collected under subsection (3) is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to
the county or municipal treasury."
Section 20. Section 23-5-412, mCA, is amended to read:
23-5-412. Card prices and prixes -- exception. The (1) Except as provided in subsection (3):
(a) the price for an individual bingo or keno card may not exceed 50 centsf-Bingo-prizes--mar-be--paid--in--either tangibłe-peraonai-property-or-easht-h:
(b) a prize may not exceed the value of $\$ 100$ for each individual bingo award or keno carde- $\ddagger$ t; and
(c) it is unlawful to, in any manner, combine any awards so as to increase the ultimate value of the award.
(2) Bingo and keno prizes may be paid in either tangible personal property or cash.
(3) A variation of the game of keno, as approved by the department, in which a player selects three or more numbers and places a wager on various combinations of these numbers is permissible if:
(a) no more than 50 cents is wagered on each combination of numbers; and
(b) a vinning combination does not pay more than $\$ 100$.
(4) A player may give the a keno caller a card with ingtructions on the card to play that card and its marked numbers for up to the number of successive games that the house allows and that the player has indicated on the card, upon payment of the price per game times the number of
successive games indicated. The player shall remain on the house premises until the card is played or withdrawn. The caller shall keep the card until the end of the number of games indicated, and the department may by rule provide that at that time the caller shall pay the player any prizes won."

Section 21. Section 23-5-413, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-413. Raffle prizes -- permits -- exception. tyt Raffle-prites-may-not-exceed-the-vatue-of--\$57e日五--for-each individuat--raffte-ticket-ite-is-untavfui-tor-in-any-mannert combine-any-awards-so-as-to-increase-the-uttimete-vaiue--of the-prife-avarded-for-each-ticketr
$+z+(1)$ (a) A--separate Except as provided in subsection (l)(b), a pernit must be issued by the board of county comissioners for each raffle conducted within its jurigdiction. The permit must be issued before the raffle may be conducted. The board of county commissioners may not charge a permit fee or an investigative fee for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization if the organization presents sufficient documentation of its nonprofit status.
(b) If tickets for a raffle are to be sold in more than one county, a permit must be obtained only in the county where the winners of the raffle are to be determined.
(2) Except for a religious corporation sole or
nonprofit organization, a person or organization conducting
a raffle shall own all prizes to be awarded as part of the raffle before the sale of any tickets.
(3) A person who has conducted a raffle must submit an accounting to the board of county commissioners within 30 days following the completion of the raffle.
(4) The sale of raffle tickets authorized by this part is restricted to events and participants within the geographic confines of the state.
15) The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a person or an organization, other than a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization may not exceed $\$ 5,000$. The prize may be in the form of cash, other intangible personal property, tangible personal property, or real property. Prizes may not be combined in any manner to increase the ultimate value of the prize awarded for each ticket.
 to-a-raffie-eondueted-by-a-nonprafit-corporationt
(6) (a) In addition to complying with the requirements of subsections (1) through (5), a religious corporation soler or other nonprofit organization as defined in 23-5-112 if-the-eorporation-or-organization-is-permiteed-by-the-beard of--county-commissioners-to-conduct-the-raffzer-The-board-of county-comingsioners-may-not--charge--a--permit--fee--or--an
investigative--fee--for--a--raffte-~conducted-by-a-nonprofit veterans'-organizationt
tbt--The-nonprofit-organization-or--corporation--seeking permission--under--subsection-t $ᄏ+f$ at shall apply provide the following information to the board of county commissioners when applying for the a raffle permit and-provide-the fotłowing-information:
(i) the cost and number of raffle tickets to be sold;
(ii) the charitable purposes the proceeds of the raffle are intended to benefit: and
(iii) the proposed prizes and their value.
fet--A-veterans²-organization-seeking-exemption-from-the permit-fee-or-an-investigative-fee-ghait-present-evidenee-of the--organization²g--nonprofitt-status-to-the-board-of-county commissioners.
tat(b) The proceeds from the sale of the-raffie tickets for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or a nomprofit organization may be used only for charitable purposes or to pay for prizes. The-raffte-prize-must--be--in tangibte--personat--property--onty--and--not-in-moneyt-eashy atoekt-bondst-evidence-of-indebtednesst-or-other-intangibie personat--property--None-of-the-proceeds Proceeds may not be used for the administrative cost of conducting the raffle.
(c) The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation
sole or nonprofit organization may equal or exceed $\$ 5,000$ if
the prize is in the form of tangible personal property. If
the value of the prize is less than $\$ 5,000$, the prize may be
in the fore of cash, other intangible personal property.
tangible personal property, or real property."
Section 22. Section 23-5-501, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-501. Definitions. As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:
†土ナ--N Nonprofit--organizationn---means---a---eharitabłer retigiousp--senotastief--educationałt--veteranśp-fraternazt benefietałt-eiviet-or-service-organizationt-other--than--one estabitshed--for--the-purpere-of-conducting-or-partieipating in-a-sperts-poot=
$t z+(1)$ "Sports pool" means a gambling enterprise based on a sports event involving natural persons or animals that is conducted on a card divided into squares or spacest-with the--names--of--the--partiekpants-in-the-poot-written-within sueh-squares-or-spacest-for-whieh-eonsideration-in-woney-is paid--by-the-person-ptaying-for-each arranged in columns and horizontal rows. Each square or space for-the represents a chance to win meney-or-other-items-of-vatue-on-any-aperts event-wherein-the-partieipantz--in--sweh-sports--event--are naturaz--persent-or-animats and may be purchased for cash by a participant in the pool. After all squares or spaces are
purchased and before the start of the sports event, numbers are randomly assigned to the rows and columns providing a two-number designation for each sguare or space.
(2) "Value of a sports pool" means the total amount paid by persons to participate in a sports pool."

Section 23. Section 23-5-503, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-503. Rules. (1) The card used for recording the pool and upon which the squares or spaces appear shatz must clearly indicate in advance of the sale of any chances the number of chances to be sold in that specific pool, the name of the event, the consideration to be paid for each chance, and the total amount to be paid to the winners.
(2) The name or initials of the participant who purchased a square or space on the sports pool card must be written within the square or space.
$+z+(3)$ A chance to participate in a sports pool may not be sold other than upon the premises in which the sports pool is conducted. An individual chance to participate in a sports pool may not be sold for a consideration in excess of $\$ 5$-and-the. The total amount to be paid to the winners of any individual sports pool may not exceed the value of $\mathbf{\$ 5 0 0}$ and may consist of cash or other items of value. Except as provided in subsection $\boldsymbol{+ 3 +}$ (4), the winner of any sports pool shall receive a 100 payout of the value of the sports pool. An administrative or other fee may not be charged or
 beverages for on-premises consumption on-the--premises must

## be placed:

(a) in the a room, area, or other part of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are sold and--normatzy or consumed; and
(b) within sight and control of the operator or his employees for the purpose of preventing access to the machines by persons under 18 years of age."

Section 25. Section 23-5-611, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-611. Machine permit qualifications limitations. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises may be granted a permit for the placement of video gambling machines in his premises.
(b) If video keno or bingo gambling machines were legally operated on a premises on January 15, 1989, and the premises vere not on that date licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises or operated for the principal purpose of gaming and there is an operator's license for the premises under 23-5-177, a permit for the same number of video keno or bingo gambling machines as were operated on the premiges on that date may be granted to the person who held the permit for such machines on those premises on that date, subject to the provisions of subsection (1)(d).
(c) A person who legally operated an establishment on January 15, 1989, for the principal purpose of gaming and has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 may be granted a permit for the placement of bingo and keno machines in his premises, subject to the provisions of subsection (l)(d).
(d) The department may issue an annual permit under gubsection (l)(b) or (l)(c) if at the time of application for the permit:
(i) the person has continuously operated the video gambling machine on the premises since January 15, 1989; and
(ii) the natural persons who together hold a majority financial interest in the business operated on the premises are the same as on January $15,1989$.
(2) An applicant for a permit shall disclose on the application form to the department any information required by the department consistent with the provisions of 23-5-176.
(3) A licensee may not have on the premises or make available for play on the premises more than 20 machines of any combination and--no--mere--than--it--may-be-draw-poker machimes."

Section 26. Section 23-5-621, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-621. Video gambling machine specifications -rules. (1) The department shall adopt rules describing the
video gambling machines authorized by this part and stating the specifications for video gambling machines authorized by this part. The---specifteations---in---the---rutes---mast substantiazły---fołłow---the---speeiftentions--contained--in 23-5-606-and-23-5-609-as-those-seetions--read--on--September 70r-7989. Rules adopted by the department must provide, at a minimum, that a video gambling machine must:
(a) use a random selection process to determine the outcome of each game:
(b) accept only coins, paper currency, or both;
(c) be permitted to contain a mechanism that accepts cash in the form of bills not to exceed S5;
(d) prevent access to the inside of the machine except through locks;
(e) use a printer device to print a ticket voucher for a winning player upon completion of play. The printer device must create a duplicate copy of tickets printed, which must be retained in the machine.
(E) have both electronic and mechanical meters. The electronic meter readings must be able to be printed by the printing device and displayed on the video screen.
(9) have a nonremovable identification plate providing the manufacturer's nare, machine model, date of manufacture, and unique machine serial number;
(h) use a surge protector;

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## department may charge the applicant a one-time video

 gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license application processing fee. The processing fee may not exceed the department's actual costs for processing an application.t4t(d) All gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's licenses expire on June 30 of each year, and the license fee may not be prorated.
tst(e) The department shall retain the license and processing fees collected for purposes of administering this part, unless otherwise provided.
(2) A licensed operator who is not licensed as a manufacturer-distributor may sell up to 20 video gambling machines in a calendar year if the operator:
(a) had obtained permits for the machines and legally operated them prior to the sale; and
(b) sells the machines to another licensed operator or a licensed manufacturer-distributor.
(3) A lienholder who acquires title to video gambling machines through a foreclosure action involving a licensed operator or manufacturer-digtributor may sell the machines to a licensed operator or licensed manufacturer-distributor."

Section 28. Section 23-5-631, MCA, is amended to read:

233-5-631. Examination and approval of new video gambling machines and associated equipment -- fee. (1) The department shall examine and may approve a new video gambling machine and associated equiprent which are manufactured, sold, or distributed for use in the state before the video gambling machine or associated equiprent is sold, played, or used.
(2) A video gambling machine or associated equipment may not be examined or approved by the department until the video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor is licensed as required in 23-5-625.
(3) All video gambling machines approved by the department of commerce prior to october 1, 1989, must be considered approved under this part.
(4) The department shall require the manufacturer-distributor seeking the examination and approval of a new video gambling machine or associated equipaent to pay the anticipated actual costs of the examination in advance and, after the completion of the examination, shall refund overpayments or charge and collect amounts sufficient to reimburse the department for underpayments of actual costs.
(5) Payments received under subsection (4) are statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, to defray the costs of examining and approving

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video gambling machines and associated equipment and to
issue refunds for overpayments.
+5 + (6) The department may inspect and test and approve, disapprove, or place a condition upon a video gambling machine prior to its distribution and placement for play by the public."
Section 29. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:
-17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both of the following provisions:
(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation sust specificaily state that a statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.
(3) The following lass are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812; 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-111; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 17-3-212; 17-5-404;
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| 17-5-424; | 17-5-804; | 19-8-504; | 19-9-702; | 07; |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19-10-205; | 19-10-305; | 19-10-506; | 9-11-512; | 19-11-513; |
| 19-11-606; | 19-12-301; | 19-13-604 | 20-6-406 | 20-8-111; |
| 20-9-361; |  |  |  |  |
| 23-5-631; | 0 | 23-5-1027; | 27 | ; |
| 39-71-2504; | 53-6-150; | 53-24-206; | 61-2-406 | 61 |
| 67-3-205; | 75-1-1101; | 75-5-1108; | 75-11-313 | 76-12-123 |
| 80-2-103; | 82-11-136: | 82-11-161; | 90-3-301; | 90-4-215; |
| 90-4-613; 90-6-331; |  |  |  |  |
| 861. Laws of 1985. |  |  |  |  |
| (4) There is |  |  |  |  |
| principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, |  |  |  |  |
| and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, |  |  |  |  |
| that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of |  |  |  |  |
| Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements |  |  |  |  |
| authorized |  |  |  |  |
| treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through |  |  |  |  |
| 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount |  |  |  |  |
| sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the |  |  |  |  |
| bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for |  |  |  |  |
| such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. |  |  |  |  |
| 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June |  |  |  |  |
| 30, 1991.) ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Section 30. Section 41-5-203, MCA, is amended to read: |  |  |  |  |
| 1-5-2 | 203. Jutisd | ion of t | court. (l | Except a |

> provided in subsection (2), the court has exclusive original jurigdiction of all proceedings under the Montana Youth Court Act in which a youth is alleged to be a delinquent youth, a youth in need of supervision, or a youth in need of care or concerning any person under 21 years of age charged with having violated any law of the state or ordinance of any city or town other than a traffic or fish and game law prior to having becone 18 years of age.
> (2) Justice, municipal, and city courts have concurrent jurisdiction with the youth court over all alcoholic beverage and gambling violations alleged to have been committed by a youth."

> NEW SECTION. Section 31. Codification instruction. [Sections 13 and 17] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 23 , chapter 5 , parts 1 through 6 , and the provisions of Title 23 , chapter 5 , parts 1 through 6, apply to (sections 13 and 17).

-End-

## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD -15
In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0958, as introduced.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to generally revise the public gambling laws of Montana.

## ASSUMPTIONS:

1. In FY92 and FY93, $\$ 120,000$ of gambling fines, penalties and forfeitures will be assessed and collected. Of the total, $\$ 100,000$ will be of a civil nature and $\$ 20,000$ will be the result of criminal action.
2. Under current law, $50 \%$ of fines, penalties, forfeitures, and confiscated money collected by criminal, civil, or administrative process is deposited in the state general fund and $50 \%$ is deposited in the county general fund for the county in which the violation occurred. This bill allocates criminal fines, penalties, etc., in the same manner as other fines collected by city and justice of the peace courts. This bill also allocates civil or administrative fines, penalties, etc., $33 \%$ to the gambling license fee account (state special revenue) and $67 \%$ (two-thirds) to the county or city in which the violation occurred.
3. Estimated revenues from the live keno/bingo tax are based upon year-to-date fy9l revenue.

## FISCAL IMPACT:



| FY 93 |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Current Law | Proposed Law | Difference |
| 60,000 | 1,200 | $(58,800)$ |
| 0 | 36,800 | 36,800 |
| 60,000 | 82,000 | 22,000 |
| 46,000 | 41,000 | $(5,000)$ |
| 166,000 | 161,000 | $(5,000)$ |
|  |  | $(58,800)$ |

## EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE OR EXPENDITURES:

Revenue for local governments may increase by about $\$ 17,000$ per year under this bill.



PAULA A. DARKO. PRIMARY SPONSOR
Fiscal Note for HBOQS8, as introduced
HB 958

## HOUSE BILL NO. 958

INTRODUCED BY DARKO
BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

A Bill for an act entitled: "an act to generally revise the PUBLIC GAMBLING LANS OF MONTANA; PROVIDING STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS: ANB AMENDING SECTIONS 2-15-2021, 17-7-502, 23-5-112, 23-5-113, 23-5-114, 23-5-115, 23-5-123, 23-5-136, 23-5-152, 23-5-153, 23-5-154, 23-5-156, 23-5-158, 23-5-162, 23-5-176, 23-5-177, 23-5-306, 23-5-308, 23-5-309, 23-5-312, 23-5-313, 23-5-406, 23-5-409, 23-5-412, 23-5-413, 23-5-501, 23-5-503, 23-5-602, 23-5-603, 23-5-610, 23-5-611, 23-5-612, 23-5-621, 23-5-625, 23-5-631, AND 41-5-203, MCA, AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A TERMINATION PROVISION."

## STATEMENT OF INTENT

A STATEMENT OF INTENT IS REQUIRED FOR THIS BILL BECAUSE THE BILL GRANTS RULEMAKING AUTHORITY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. THIS BILL'S AMENDMENTS OF THE LAWS REGULATING SPORTS POOLS ALLOW THOSE POOLS TO TAKE A VARIETY OF FORMS. THE LEGISLATURE IKTENDS THAT THE DEPARTMENT ADOPT RULES DESCRIBING THE VARIOUS TYPES OF SPORTS POOLS THAT WILL QUALIFY AS LEGAL SPORTS POOLS AND THAT THE DEPARTMENT DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A PROCEDURE FOR REVIEWING AND APPROVING VARIATIONS OF APPROVED SPORTS POOLS THAT MEET THE

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REQUIREMENTS OF 23-5-503.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF mONTANA:
    Section 1. Section 2-15-2021, MCA, is amended to read:
    "2-15-2021. Gaming advisory council -- allocation --
composition -- compengation -- annuat biennial report. (1)
There is a gaming advisory council.
    (2) The gaming advisory council is allocated to the
department for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121.
(3) The gaming advisory council consists of nine members. One member must be from the senate, and one member must be from the house of representatives. The senate committee on committees and the speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint the legislative members of the council. The seven remaining members must be appointed by the department, with one representing the public at large, two representing local governments, one being a Native American, and three representing the gaming industry.
(4) Each gaming advisory council member is appointed to a 3-year term of office, except that three of the first-appointed original members shall serve a l-year term, three (including both legislative members) shall serve a 2 -year term, and three shall serve a 3 -year term. A member of the council may be removed for good cause by the
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appointing body provided for in subsection (3).
(5) The gaming advisory council shall appoint a chairman from its members.
(6) Legislative members of the gaming advisory council are entitled to compensation and expenses, as provided in 5-2-302, while the council is meeting. The remaining members are entitled to travel, meals, and lodging expenses as provided for in 2-18-501 through 2-18-503. Expenses of the council must be paid from licensing fees received by the department.
(7) The gaming advisory council shall, within its authorized budget, hold meetings and incur expenses as it considers necessary to study all aspects of gambling in the state.
(8) (a) The gaming advisory council shall submit an annuaz a biennial report to the department, at a time designated by the department, with recommendations for amendments to the gambling statutes, the need for additional or modified department rules, the clarification of existing rules, and other recommendations on the operation of the department or any other gambling-related matter.
(b) The annuaz biennial report required under subsection (8)(a) must be affixed to the annast--department report on gambling in the state that the department submits that year. The department and council shall submit the two
most recent department and council reports to each of the next two regular sessions of the legislature.
(c) The council may submit interim reports to the department as the council considers necessary.
(d) The council shall meet with the department upon request of the department.
(e) The department shall meet with the council upon request of the council.
(9) The department shall give each council member notice and a copy of each proposed change in administrative rules relating to gambling. The notice and copy must be given at the time a notice of proposed rules changes is filed with the secretary of state. The council shall review the proposal, may comment on it, and may attend any hearing on the proposal. The department shall consider any comment by any council member or by the council as a whole prior to adopting the proposed change."

Section 2. Section 23-5-112, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-112. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter:
(1) "Applicant" means a person who has applied for a license or permit issued by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(2) "Application" means a written request for a license
or permit issued by the department．The department shall adopt rules describing the forms and information required for issuance of a license．
（3）＂Authorized equipment＂means，with respect to live keno or bingo，equipment that may be inspected by the department and that randomly selects the numbers．
（4）＂Bingo＂means a gambling activity played for prizes with a card bearing a printed design of 5 columns of 5 squares each， 25 squares in all．The letters $B-I-N-G-O$ must appear above the design，with each letter above one of the columns．No more than 75 numbers may be used．One number must appear in each square，except for the center square， which may be considered a free play．Numbers are randomly drawn using authorized equipment until the game is won by the person or persons who first cover a previously designated arrangement of numbers on the bingo card．
（5）＂Bingo caller＂means a person 18 years of age or older who，using authorized equipment，announces the order of the numbers drawn in live bingo．
（6）＂Card game table＂or＂table＂means a live card game table authorized by permit and made available to the public on the premises of a licensed gambling operator．
（7）＂Card game tournament＂means a gambling activity for which a permit has been issued involving parricipancs who pay valuable consideration for the opportunity to

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compete against each other in a series of live card games

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compete against each other in a series of live card games
conducted over a designated period of time.

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conducted over a designated period of time.
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$\boldsymbol{+ 7} \boldsymbol{f ( 8 )}$＂Dealer＂means a person with a dealer＇s license issued under part 3 of this chapter．
$+8 \dagger(9)$＂Department＂means the department of justice．
＋9 $9(10)$＂Distributor＂means a person who：
（a）purchases or obtains from another person equipment of any kind for use in gambling activities；and
（b）sells，leases，or otherwise furnishes the equipment to another person for use in public．
$t \neq \theta+(11)$＂Gambling＂or＂gambling activity＂means risking money，credit，deposit，check，property，or any other thing of value for a gain that is contingent in whole or in part upon lot，chance，or the operation of a gambling device or gambling enterprise．The term does not mean conducting or participating in a promotional game of chance．

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\section*{\(+ \pm \pm+(12)\)＂Gambling device＂means a mechanical，}
``` electromechanical，or electronic devicet or a machine，slot machine，instrument，apparatus，contrivance，scheme，or system used or intended for use in any gambling activity．
\(\nmid \neq \boldsymbol{Z}+(13)\)＂Gambling enterprise＂means an activity． scheme，or agreement or an attempted activity，scheme，or agreement to provide gambling or a gambling device to the public．
（14）＂Gift enterprise＂means a scheme，by whatever name

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            f(B+(9) "Department" means the department of justice.
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            f(B+(9) "Department" means the department of justice.
            f9+(10) "Distributor" means a person who:
            f9+(10) "Distributor" means a person who:
                    ny kind for use in gambling activities; and
                    ny kind for use in gambling activities; and
            nother person for use in public.
            nother person for use in public.
        t\ddagger0+(ll) "Gambling" or "gambling activity" means risking
        t\ddagger0+(ll) "Gambling" or "gambling activity" means risking
rticipating in a promotional game of chance.
rticipating in a promotional game of chance.
lectromechanical, or electronic device; or a machine, slot
lectromechanical, or electronic device; or a machine, slot
chine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or
chine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or
used or intended for use in any gambling activity
used or intended for use in any gambling activity
    łぎ\(13) "Gambling enterprise" means an activity
    łぎ\(13) "Gambling enterprise" means an activity
me, or agreement or an attempted
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me, or agreement or an attempted

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known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have obtained chances to acquire the property or a portion of it by purchasing goods or services. The term does not mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter;
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations ray give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos; or
(c) a promotional game of chance.
$\dagger \pm 3+(15)$ "Gross proceeds" means gross revenue received less prizes paid out.
t¥\& (16) "Illegal gambling device" means a gambling device not specifically authorized by statute or by the rules of the department. THE TERM INCLUDES:
(A) A TICKET OR CARD KNOWN BY ANY NAME CONTAINING CONCEALED NUMBERS OR SYMBOLS TEAT MAY MATCH NUMBERS OR SYMBOLS DESIGNATED IN ADVANCE AS PRIZE WINNERS, INCLUDING A PULL TAB, PUNCHBOARD, PUSH CARD, TIP BOARD, PICKLE TICKET, BREAK-OPEN, OR JAR GAME AND NOT INCLUDING A TICKET OR CARD ISSUED UNDER PART 10 OF THIS TITLE OR USED IN A NONGAMBLING PROMOTIONAL ACTIVITY APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT; AND
(B) AN APPARATUS, IMPLEMENT, OR DEVICE KNONN BY ANY NAME AND SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED TO BE USED IN CONDUCTING AN ILLEGAL GAMBLING ENTERPRISE, INCLUDING A FARO BOX, FARO

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LAYOUT, ROULETTE WHEEL, ROULETTE TABLE, CRAPS TABLE, MONEY WHEEL, OR SLOT MACHINE EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN 23-5-153.
\(\nmid \pm 5+(17)\) "Illegal gambling enterprise" means a gambling enterprise that violates OR IS NOT SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY a statute or a rule of the departraent. THE TERM INCLUDES:
(A) A CARD GAME KNOWN BY ANY NAME AND INVOLVING A BANK OR FUND FROM WHICH A PARTICIPANT MAY WIN MONEY OR OTHER CONSIDERATION AND THAT RECEIVES MONEY OR OTHER CONSIDERATION LOST BY THE PARTICIPANT, INCLUDING THE CARD GAMES OF BLACKJACK, TWENTY-ONE, JACKS OR BETTER, BACCARAT, AND CHEMIN DE FER;
(B) A DICE GAME KNOWN BY ANY NAME AND IN WHICH A PARTICIPANT WAGERS ON THE OUTCOME OF THE ROLL OF ONE OR MORE DICE, INCLUDING CRAPS, HAZARD, OR CHUCK-A-CUCK AND NOT INCLUDING AN ACTIVITY IN WHICH A PARTICIPANT ROLLS ONE OR MORE DICE FOR A CHANCE TO OBTAIN A DRINK OR MUSIC; AND
(C) SPORTS BETTING KNOWN BY ANY NAME AND IN WHICH A PERSON PLACES A WAGER ON THE OUTCOME OF AN ATHLETIC EVENT, INCLUDING BOOKMAKING, PARLAY BETS, SPORTS SWEEPSTAKES, AND SULTAN SPORTS CARDS AND NOT INCLUDING THOSE ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED IN CHAPTER 4 OR CHAPTER 5, PARTS 2 AND 5.
\(t \pm 6 \dagger(18)\) "Keno" means a game of chance in which prizes are awarded using a card with 8 horizontal rows and 10 columns on which a player may pick up to 10 numbers. A keno caller, using authorized equipment, shall select at random
at least 20 numbers out of numbers between 1 and \(B 0\), inclusive.
\(\nmid ¥ 7+(19)\) "Keno caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live keno.
\(t \pm 8+(20)\) "License" means an operator's, dealer's, or manufacturer-distributor's license issued to a person by the department.
ty9 (21) "Licensee" means a person who has received a license from the department.
\(t z \theta+(22)\) "Live card game" or "card game" means a card game that is played in public between persons on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
tztt(23) "Lottery" or-igift-enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have paid or promised to pay valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining the property or a portion of it or for a share or interest in the property upon an agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by lot or chance. However, \({ }^{\text {gitft-enterprisen }}\) the term does not mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter; \(\theta r\)
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums
that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos; or
(c) a promotional game of chance.
\(t z z+(24)\) "Manufacturer" means a person who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipment of any kind to be used as a gambiing device.
(25) "Nomprofit organization" means a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit charitable, religious, scholastio, educational, veterans', fraternal, beneficial, civic, or service organization established Eor purposes other than to conduct a gambling activity.
\(+2 \exists+(26)\) "Operator" means a person who purchases, receives, or acquires, by lease or otherwise, and operates or controls for use in public, a gambling device or gambling enterprise authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
\(+24+(27)\) "Permit" means approval from the department to make available for public play a gambling device or gambling enterprise approved by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
tz5t(28) "Person" or "persons" means both natural and artificial persons and all partnerships, corporations, associations, clubs, fraternal orders, and societies,
including religious and charitable organizations.
ti6f(29) "Premises" means the physical building or property within or upon which a licensed gambling activity occurs, as stated on an operator's license application and approved by the department.
(30) "Promotional game of chance" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have not paid or are not expected to pay any valuable consideration or who have not purchased or are not expected to purchase any goods or services for a chance to obtain the property, a portion of it, or a share in it.
tz7+(31) "Public gambling" means gambling conducted in:
(a) a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has access or may be permitted to have access; or
(b) a place of public resort, including but not limited to a facility owned, managed, or operated by a partnership, corporation, association, club, fraternal order, or society, including a religious or charitable organization; or
(c) a place, building, or conveyance to which the public does not have access if players are publicly solicited or the gambling activity is conducted in a predominately commercial manner.
†zBt(32) "Raffle" means a gife--enterprise Eorm of lottery in which each participant buys-a-ehanee-or-ehances

\section*{pays valuable consideration for a ticket to become eligible to win a prize. Winners must be determined by a random selection process approved by department rule.}
+29+(33) "Slot machine" means a mechanical, electrical, electronic, or other gambling device, contrivance, or machine that, upon insertion of a coin, currency, token, credit card, or similar object or upon payment of any valuable consideration, is available to play or operate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of the skill of the operator or application of the element of chance, ar both, may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the gambling device to receive cash, premiums. merchandise, tokens, or anything of value, whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner. This definition does not apply to video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter.
t \(30 \boldsymbol{f}(34)\) "Video gambling machine" is a gambling device specifically authorized by part 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department."

SECTION 3. SECTION 23-5-113, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
-23-5-113. Department as criminal justice agency seized property. (1) The department is a criminal justice agency. Designated agents of the department are granted peace officer status, with the power of search, seizure, and arrest, to investigate gambling activities in this state
regulated by parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department and to report violations to the county attorney of the county in which they occur.
(2) Upon conviction for any violation of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, the court may order any property seized by a department agent during a lawful search to be forfeited to the department, sold, if necessary, and disposed of under 23-5-123."

Section 4. Section 23-5-114, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-114. Department employees -- activities prohibited. (1) An employee of the departmenty-a-former department-empłoyee-during--the--first--365--days--fettowing termination---of---emptoymener---or--any--peace--officer--or proseeuter directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling, as designated by the attorney general, may not:
\(t \pm f(a)\) serve \(a s\) an officer or-manager of a eorporation business or organizationf-other-than-a-nonprofit-corporation or-organizationt that conducts a gambling activity, other than as an officer of a nonprofit organization;
(b) be employed by a licensed operator in any capacity that requires assisting in conducting a gambling activity regulated under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or maintaining records for the gambling activity;

-13-
H日 958

\section*{profit-of-a-gambiting-aetivity-regułated-by-the-department;}
f \(\boldsymbol{f}(\mathrm{C})\) have \(a\) beneficial or pecuniary interest in a contract for the manufacture, lease, or sale of a gambing device, the conduct of a gambling activity, or the provision of independent consultant services in connection with a gambling activity; or
(d) participate in a gambling activity governed by parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, except in performing assigned employment duties. An employee may participate in a gambling activity governed by part 10 of this chapter or chapter 4 of this title.
(2) The prohibitions in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) apply to a former designated department employee during the first year following termination from employment with the department if the employee was directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling immediately before termination."

\section*{SECTION 5. SECTION 23-5-115, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:}

23-5-115. Powers and duties of department licensing. (1) The department shall administer the provisions of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(2) The department shall adopt rules to administer and implement parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(3) The department shall provide licensing procedures, prescribe necessary application forms, and grant or deny

\section*{license applications.}
(4) The department shall prescribe recordkeeping requirements for licensees, provide a procedure for inspection of records, provide a method for collection of taxes, and establish penalties for the delinquent reporting and payment of required taxes.
(5) The department may suspend, revoke, deny, or place a condition on a license issued under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(6) (a) The department may not make public or otherwise disclose information obtained in the application or tax reporting processes, except for general statistical reporting or studies and as provided in subsection (6)(b).
(b) The department may disclose the following information from a license or permit application:
(i) the applicant's name;
(ii) the address of the business where the activity under the license or permit is to be conducted;
(iii) the name of each person having an ownership interest in the business;
(iv) the types of permits requested by the applicant; and
(v) any other relevant information that is obtained in the application or tax reporting process or as a result of other department operations and that may be disclosed only
to a federal, state, city, county, or tribal criminal justice agency, the department of revenue, and the federal internal revenue service.
(7) The department shall assess, collect, and disburse any fees, taxes, or charges authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter."

Section 6. Section 23-5-123, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-123. Disposal of money confiscated by reason of violation of gambling laws. All fines, penalties, forfeitures, and confiscated money collected by criminal, civil, or administrative process for a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule of the department must be deposited--one-hazf--in--the--state gencrat--fund-and-one-hatf-in-the-generat-fund-of-the-county in-whieh-the-viotacion-oceurred: distributed as follows:
(1) Funds collected through a criminal proceeding must be distributed according to 3-10-601 or 46-18-235.
(2) One-third of the funds collected through a civil or administrative proceeding must be deposited in the state special revenue fund account maintained for funds used by the department in administering parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules and may be used by the department to administer parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules. The remainder must be distributed to the county treasurer or the clerk, financial officer, or treasurer of

H8 958
the city or town in which the violation occurred for deposit in the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to a penalty payment if the violation occurred in an incorporated city or town within the county."

Section 7. Section 23-5-136, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-136. Injunction and other remedies. (1) If a person has engaged or is engaging in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule or order of the department, the department may:
(a) issue a temporary order to cease and desist from the gambling activity, act, or practice for a period not to exceed 60 days;
(b) following notice and an opportunity for hearing, and with the right of judicial review, under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act:
(i) issue a permanent order to cease and desist from the act or practice, which order remains in effect pending judicial review;
(ii) place a licensee on probation;
(iii) suspend for a period not to exceed 180 days a license or permit for the gambling activity, device, or enterprise involved in the act or practice constituting the violation:
(iv) revoke a license or permic for the gambling

HB 958
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activity, device, or enterprise involved in the act or
practice constituting the violation;
(v) impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for
each violation, whether or not the person is licensed by the
department; and
(vi) impose any combination of the penalties contained in this subsection (l)(b); and
(c) bring an action in district court for relief against the act or practice. The department may not be required to post a bond. On proper showing, the court may:
(i) issue a restraining order, a temporary or permanent injunction, or other appropriate writ;
(ii) suspend or revoke a license or permit; and
(iii) appoint a receiver or conservator for the defendant or the assets of the defendant.
(2) The department may issue a warrant for distraint against an operator who fails to pay a civil penalty imposed under subsection (1) or a tax imposed under 23-5-409 or 23-5-610. The department may issue the warrant for the amount of the unpaid penalty or for the amount of the unpaid tax, plus penalty and accumulated interest on the tax, and shall Follow the procedures provided in 15-1-701 through 15-1-708.
$+z+13)$ (a) A civil penalty imposed under this section must be collected by the department and deposited--in--the

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-18-
\]
states--generat-fund-as-required-by distributed as provided in 23-5-123. The local government portion of the penalty payment is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury.
(b) If a person fails to pay the civil penalty, the amount due is a lien on the person's licensed premises and gambling devices in the state and may be recovered by the department in a civil action."

SECTION 8. SECTION \(23-5-152\), MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
-23-5-152. Possession of illegal gambling device or conducting illegal gambling enterprise prohibited -exeeption exceptions. (1) Except as provided in 23-5-153 and subsection subsections (2) through (4) of this section, it is a misdemeanor punishable under 23-5-161 for a person to purposely or knowingly:
(a) have in his possession or under his control or to purposety-or-knowingły permit to be placed, maintained, or kept in any room, space, enclosure, or building owned, leased, or occupied by him or under his management or control an illegal gambling devicei or

\section*{(b) operate an illegal gambling enterprise.}
12) Ihis--seetion Subsection (1) does not apply to a public officer or to a person coming into possession of an illegal gambling device in or by reason of the performance
of an official duty and holding it to be disposed of according to law.
(zis 3) (a) The department may adopt rules to license persons to manufacture gambling devices that are not legal for public play in the state and are manufactured only for export from the state.
(b) A person may not manufacture or possess an illegal gambling device for export from the state without having obtained a license from the department. The department may charge an administrative fee for the license that is commensurate with the cost of issuing the license.
14) An illegal gambling device may be possessed or
located in a public or private museum for display purposes only and not for operation."

Section 9. Section 23-5-153, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-153. Possession and sale of antique slot machines. (1) For the purposes of this section, an antique slot machine is a mechanically or electronically operated slot machine that at-any-present-time-is-more-than-z5--years
 TIME IS MORE THAN 25 YEARS OLD.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), an antique slot machine may be possessed, located, and operated only in a private residential dwelling.
(3) (a) An antique slot machine may be possessed or
located for purposes of display only and not for operation in any public museum owned and operated by the state, a county, or a city.
(b) A licensed manufacturer-distributor OR A PERSON LICENSED UNDER SUBSECTION (4) may possess and-setit antique slot machines for purposes of COMMERCIALLY selling or otherwise supplying the machines.
14) A PERSON OTHER THAN A LICENSED MANUFACTURER-DISTRIBUTOR MAY NOT SELL MORE THAN THREE ANTIQUE SLOT MACHINES IN A 12-MONTH PERIOD WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING FROM THE DEPARTMENT AN ANNUAL LICENSE FOR SELLING THE MACHINES. THE FEE FOR THE LICENSE IS S50 A YEAR. TEE FEE MUST BE RETAINED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES. THE DEPARTMENT MAY NOT ISSUE A LICENSE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION TO A LICENSED OPERATOR.
(4)(5) A person or entity legally possessing a slot machine under subsection (2) or (3) may sell or otherwise supply a machine to another person or entity who may legally possess a slot machine.
\(t+f+5 t(6)\) An antique slot machine may not be operated for any commercial or charitable purpose."

Section 10. Section 23-5-154, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-154. Soliciting or--persuading--persons--to--piey participation in illegal gambling deviee activity prohibited. A person who purposely or knowingly advertises
for or solicits another person to play-or-engage-in-the participate in an illegal gambling enterprise or use of an illegal gambling device is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable under 23-5-161."

Section 11. Section 23-5-156, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-156. Obtaining anything of value by fraud or operation of illegal ganbling device or enterprise. (1) A person who by-gambiting in an activity involving gambling obtains money, property, or anything of value that does not exceed \(\$ 300\) in value by misrepresentation, fraud, or the use of an illegal gambling device or an illegal gambling enterprise is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable as provided in 23-5-161.
(2) A person who by-gambiting in an activity involving gambling obtains money, property, or anything of value that exceeds \(\$ 300\) in value by misrepresentation, fraud, or the use of an illegal gambling device or an illegal gambling enterprise is guilty of a felony and is punishable as provided in 23-5-162."

Section 12. Section \(23-5-158, M C A\), is amended to read:
"23-5-158. Minors not to participate -- penalty -exception. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (3), a person may not purposely or knowingly allow a person under 18 years of age to participate in a gambling activity.
try A person who violates this seetion subsection is
guilty of a misdemeanor and must be punished in accordance with 23-5-161.
(2). Except as provided in subsection (3), a person under 18 years of age may not purposely or knowingly participate in a gambling activity. A person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \(\$ 50\) if the proceedings for violating this subsection are held in justice, municipal, or city court. If the proceedings are held in youth court, the offender must be treated as an alleged youth in need of supervision as defined in 41-5-103. The youth court may enter its judgment under 41-5-523.
(3) A person under 18 years of age may sell or buy tickets for or receive prizes from a raffle conducted in compliance with 23-5-413 if proceeds from the raffle, minus administrative expenses and prizes paid, are used to support charitable activities, scholarships or educational grants, or community service projects."

Section 13. Section 23-5-162, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-162. Criminal liabilities -- felony. (l) A person who purposely or knowingly violates a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, the punishment for which is a felony, may upon conviction be fined not more than \(\$ 50,000\) or imprisoned for not more than 10 years, or both, for each violation.
(2). In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (1), the department shall revoke all licenses or primits issued to the person under parts 1 through 6 of tins chapter and may not issue the person another license or permit under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter."

Section 14. Section 23-5-176, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-176. Qualifications for licensure. (1) A person whom the department determines is qualified to receive a license under the provisions of this chapter, except for the provisions of part 10, may, based on information available to, required by, or supplied to the department under department rules, be issued a state gambling license.
(2) The Except as provided in subsection (4), the department shall issue a license unless the department can demonstrate that the applicant is:
(a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
(i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state ori
(ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of gambling; or
tít (iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental to gambling; or
（b）has been convicted of a felony offense or－－a gambiting－retated－misdemeanor within 5 years of the date of applicationT－is－－awaittng－－triat－on－charges－of－committing－a fetony－offensef or is on probation，parole，or deferred prosecution for committing a felony offense；or
fbt（c）is receiving a substantial amount of financing for the proposed operation from an unsuitable source．A lender or other source of money or credit that the department finds to meet the provisions of subsection（2）（a） may be considered an unsuitable source．
（3）The provisions of 37－1－203 and 37－1－205 do not apply to licensing determinations made under this section．

14）The department may deny a license or permit to an applicant who has falsified a license or permit application． If the falsification is determined after the license or permit has been issued，the department may revoke the license or permit．＂

Section－士2：－－Seetion－33－5－士77\％－Ment－is－amended－to－read＊
 ticense－－－－－feer－ftナ－モt－is－a－misdemeanor－for－a－person－who－is not－ticensed－by－－the－－department－－as－－an－－operator－－to－－make avaitabłe－－to－－the－－pubłie－－for－－płay－－a－－gambiting－deviee－or gambting－enterprise－for－whieh－a－permit－must－be－obtained－from the－department－
tZy－－qo－obtain－an－operatorts－－titeenses－－a－－pergen－－shati

\section*{submit－to－the－department：}
tà－－a－－eompłeted－－operatorts－－ticense－－appłication－on－a form－preseribed－and－furnished－by－the－department－－and
fby－－any－other－retevant－－information－－requested－－by－－the department：
f3†－－The－－department－－may－issue－a－provisionat－operatoris tieense－－－to－－－an－－－apptieant－－－pending－－－the－－－depertment＇s determination－as－to－－whether－－the－－appiteant－－quatifies－－for
 the－appticant－is－quatifiedf－it－shati－remove－the－tieense－from provisionat－status－－白－the－department－－determines－－that－－the applieant－－ig－not－quatifiedi－it－shati－revoke－the－provisionai treenser
tZ†t4t－－An－operatoris－ticense－must－inctude－the－fotzowing informetion：
tat－－a－－desefiption－－of－－the－－premises－－upon－－which－－the gambitng－witi－take－ptace；

> tbr--the-operator's-namer
fet－a－deseription－of－each－gambiting－deviee－or－card－－game tabie－－ticensed for－－whieh－－a－permit－has－been－issued－to－the operator－by－the－－department－－for－－ptay－－upen－－ehe－－premisest tnetuding－－the－－type－－of－－game－－and－－tieence－number－or－decai permit－number－for－each－ifeensed－game；－and
tdt－－any－other－rełevant－information－deefmined－neeessary by－the－department－
 atong--with--ałt-other-iteenses permits-for-gambting-devices or-games-iteensed issued-to-the-operator
 a-gambłing-device-or-card-game-tabłe-tieense permit-is-newły tssued-or-the-device-or-game-is-removed-from-the-premises-
+5†t7t--中he-department-may-not--eharge--a--fee--for--the issuance-of-an-operator's-łfeense:
 displayed-upan-the-premifes-for-which-it-is-issued-4

SECTION 15. SECTION 23-5-177, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ: "23-5-177. Operator of gambling establishment license -- fee. (l) It is a misdemeanor for a person who is not licensed by the department as an operator to make available to the public for play a gambling device or gambling enterprise for which a permit must be obtained Erom the department.
12) To obtain an operator's license, a person shall submit to the department:
(a) a completed operator's license application on a Form prescribed and furnished by the department;
(b) any other relevant information requested by the department; and
(c) a license application processing fee, as required in subsection ( 8 ).
(3) Before issuing an operator's license, the department shall approve, in accordance with [section 16], the premises in which the gambling activity is to be conducted.
(4) Except as provided in isection 16], regardless of
the number of on-premises alcoholic beverage licenses issued for a premises, the department may issue only one operator's license for the premises.
(2t(5) An operator's license must include the following information:
(a) a description of the premises upon which the gambling will take place;
(b) the operator's name;
(c) a description of each gambling device or card game table tieensed for which a permit has been issued to the operator by the department for play upon the premises, including the type of game and fieense--number-or--decat permit number for each ticensed game; and
(d) any other relevant information determined necessary by the department.
(3t(6) The operator's license must be issued annually along with all other tieenses permits for gambling devices or games fieensed issued to the operator.
\(t 4+(7)\) The operator's license must be updated each time a video gambling device machine, bingo, keno, or card game
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table tieense permit is newly issued or the deviee machine
or game is removed from the premises.
t5+(8) The department may-not shall charge an applicant
who has submitted an operator's license application on or
after July l, 1991, a one-time license application
processing fee to cover the actual cost incurred by the
department in determining whether the applicant gualifies
for licensure under 23-5-176 the-issuance-of-an-operatorts
zieense. After making its determination, the department
shall refund any overpayment or charge and collect amounts
sufficient to reimburse the department for any underpayment
of actual costs.
tGf(9) The operator's license must be prominently
displayed upon the premises for which it is issued."
NEW SECTION. SECTION 16. PREMISES APPROVAL. (1) EXCEPT
AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (4), THE DEPARTMENT MAY APPROVE A
PREMISES FOR ISSUANCE OF AN OPERATOR'S LICENSE IF THE
PREMISES MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN SUBSECTIONS (2)
AND (3).
(2) THE PREMISES MUST:
(A) BE A STRUCTURE OR FACILITY THAT IS CLEARLY DEFINED
BY PERMANENTLY INSTALLED WALLS THAT EXTEND FROM FLOOR TO
CEILING;
(B) HAVE A UNIQUE ADDRESS ASSIGNED BY THE IOCAL
GOVERNMENT IN WHICH THE PREMISES IS LOCATED; AND

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(C) HAVE A PUBLIC EXTERNAL ENTRANCE LEADING TO A STREET OR OTHER COMMON AREA.
(3) IF THE PREMISES SHARES A COMMON INTERNAL WALL WITH ANOTHER PREMISES FOR WHICH AN OPERATOR'S LICENSE HAS BEEN ISSUED, THE COMMON WALL MUST BE PERMANENTLY INSTALLED, OPAQUE, AND EXTEND FROM FLOOR TO CEILING AND ANY ACCESS BETWEEN THE PREMISES THROUGH A DOOR OR OTHER OPENING IN THE WALL MAY NOT ALLOW PUBLIC ACCESS.
(4) A SECOND OPERATOR'S LICENSE MAY BE ISSUED OR RENEWED UNTIL JUNE 30 , 1996, FOR A PERSON OPERATING A GAMBLING ACTIVITY ON A PREMISES THAT DID NOT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (2) AND SUBSECTION (3) IF:
(A) THE SECOND OPERATOR'S LICENSE WAS ISSUED TO THE PERSON ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1991; OR
(B) (I) THE APPLICATION FOR THE SECOND OPERATOR'S LICENSE WAS RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1991;
(II) A SECOND ON-PREMISES ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES LICENSE WAS OBTAINED FOR THE PREMISES ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1; 1991; AND
(III) SUBSTANTIAL PHYSICAL MODIFICATIONS TO THE PREMISES WERE MADE ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1991.

NEW SECTION. Section 17. Illegal sale, assignnent, lease, or transfer of license -- penalty-A licensee who purposely or knowingly sells, assigns, leases, or transfers
-30-
HB 958

\footnotetext{
a license or permit in violation of 23－5－110 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable in accordance with 23－5－161．

Section－t4－－－Section－23－5－3067－MEA7－is－amended－to－read
 disposition－－of－－fees－ーtモt－tat－A－person－who－has－been－granted an－operator」s－tieense－ander－ż3－5－さ77－and－a－łieense－－to－sełt ateohotie－－beverages－for－consumption－on－the－premises－after－a
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tbt－－The－－department－－may－issue－an－annuat－permit－for－the ptacement－of－tive－card－game－tabłes－to－a－person－－operating－－a premises－－not－－tieensed－－te－－seti－－ateohotie－－beverages－－Eor Consumption－on－the－premises－if4
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tift－the－premises－were－ticensed－on－that－date January－t5y 19997－to－setu－foodt－－eigarettest－－or－－any－－other－－consumabłe productr－－an－operatorts－itieense－and－an－annuat－permit－for－the ptacement－of－tive－card－game－tables－may－－be－－granted－－te－－the person－－who－－tegatiy－－operated－－the－－premises－on－Jantary－ \(\mathrm{th}_{7}\) \({ }^{1909}{ }_{\mathbf{I}}\)
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tBt－－the－naturat－persono－who－together－－hotd－－a－－majortty finanetat－－interest－in－the－business－operated－on－the－premises are－the－same－as－on－fanuary－ \(\mathbf{4 5 7 - 1 9 8 9}\)
†Zす－－The－annuat－permit－fee－in－t4eu－－of－－taxes－－for－－each łive－－card－－game－－tabłe－－operated－－in－－a－łicensed－operator \({ }^{1}{ }_{s}\) premises－may－not－be－prorated－and－must－bet
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tbł－－\＄50日－for－each－additionaz－tabłe．
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SECTION 18. SECTION 23-5-306, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
"23-5-306. Live card game table -- permit -- fees -disposition of fees. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises may be granted an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables.
(b) The department may issue an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables to a person operating a premises not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises if:
(i) \(\ddagger f\) one or more live card game tables were legally operated on a the premises on January 15, 1989f--and--the
 bet:
(ii) the premiges were licensed on that date to sell food, cigarettes, or any other consumable productr-an operator's-tieense-and-an-annuat-permit-for-the-ptacement-of tive--eard--game--tabłes--may--be--granted-to-the-person-who tegatty-operated-the-premises-on-danuary-ł5;-ま989-;
(iii) the person has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177; and
(iv) at the time of application for the permit:
(A) a live card game table has been continuously operated on the premises since January 15,1909 , except that
> a live card game table need not have been continuously operated on the premises for a period, not exceeding 5 years, during which the persons referred to in subsection (l)(b)(iv)(B) held a security interest in the premises; and
> (B) a majority of the natural persons who are owners holding a financial interest in the business operated on the premises remains the same as on January 15. 1989, except as provided in subsection (1)(c).
> (c) If the spouse or a child of a person granted a permit under subsection (l)(b) acquires controlling Einancial interest in the business operated on the premises and obtains an operator's license under 23-5-177, the department may grant a permit and annually renew the permit if the spouse or child maintains controlling financial interest in the business. A person seeking a permit under this subsection (c) shall submit to the department sufficient proof of his relationship to the former permitholder.
> (2) (a) The Except as provided in [section 23], an operator who offers the game of panguingue or poker shall pay the following annual permit fee in lieu of taxes for each live card game table operated-in-a-łieensed-operators premises-may-not-be-prorated-and-must--be used to conduct panguingue or poker:
> fat(i) \(\$ 250\) for the first table; and
tbt(ii) \(\$ 500\) for each additional table.
(b) The fee imposed in subsection (2)(a) must be prorated on a quarterly basis but may not be prorated to allow a permit to expire before June 30 . The department may not grant a refund if a live card game table ceases operation before the permit expires.
( \(3+(c)\) The department shall retain for administrative purposes \(\$ 100\) of the fee collected under this--part subsection (2)(a) for each live card game table.
t4f(d) The department shall forward on a quarterly basis the remaining balance of the fee collected under subsection (2)(a) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the live card game table is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from fees assessed on live card game tables located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The local government portion of this fee is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury.
(3) A permit fee may not be imposed under this section on an operator who does not offer the game of panguingue or poker."

Section 19. Section 23-5-308, MCA, is amended to read:
23-5-308. Card game dealers -- license. (1) A EXCEPT

AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 231, A person may not deal cards in a live card gane of panguingue or poker without being licensed annually by the department.
(2) The fee for the first year in which the license is effective is \(\$ 75\), and the annual renewal fee is \(\$ 25\). The fee may not be prorated.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes the license fee charged for the issuance of a dealer's license.
(4) A licensed dealer shall have on his person, and display upon request, his dealer's license when he is working as a dealer.
(5) (a) The department shall adopt rules to implement temporary licensing procedures until a permanent license is issued to a dealer.
(b) The rules must provide that:
(i) a temporary license may be obtained at the place where a person locally applies for a driver's license; and thet
(ii) the receipt received upon mailing by certified mail an a completed license application for-a--permanent--tieenae and the fee required under subsection (2) by-eertified-mait, return receipt requested, atoo constitutes a temporary license.
(c) The department may not assess a fee for the
temporary license."
Section 20. Section 23-5-309, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-309. Presence--and-controt-of-deater Requirements for conducting card games. (1) \(A\) Except as proyided in [section 47 23], a live card game may-not must be played except on a live card game table in-the-presence--and--under the--controt--of--a--まteensed-deater for which a permit has been issued and on the premises of a licensed operator.
(2) A live card game of panguingue or poker must be played in the presence and under the control of a licensed dealer."

SECTION 21. SECTION 23-5-312, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
-23-5-312. Prizes not to exceed three hundred dollars.
A Except as provided in [section 231, a prize for an individual live card game may not exceed the value of \(\$ 300=\) Games, and games may not be combined in any manner so as to increase the value of the ultimate prize awarded."

SECTION 22. SECTION 23-5-313, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
-23-5-313. Rules of play to be posted -- rake-off approved. Rules governing the conduct of each game must be prominently posted within the sight of the players at a live card game table on the premises of a licensed operator. The rules must include notice of the maximum percentage rake-off, if any, and must require that the person taking the rake-off do \(s o\) in an obvious manner. An operator
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conducting a card game other than poker or panguinque may
not take a rake-off or collect an entrance or administrative
fee or any other form of remuneration from a player."
NEW SECTION. Section 23. Tournaments. (1) Subject to the department's approval, a licensed operator who has a permit for placing at least live card game table on his premises may conduct up to 12 live card game tournaments a year on his premises. Each tournament may be conducted for no more than 72 -consecttite-hours 5 CONSECUTIVE DAYS. If an operator conducts more than one tournament a year, at least 7 days must lapse between the conclusion of one tournament and the beginning of the next tournament.
(2) (a) At least 10 days before the start of a tournament, the operator shall submit to the department an application for a tournament permit. The permit application must be accompanied by a $\$ 10$ fee. The department shall retain the fee for administrative purposes.
(b) If a tournament is to be conducted on the premises of more than one licensed operator, each operator shall submit a permit application and processing fee. The permit is applied toward each operator's annual 12-tournament limit.
(3) Permits for placement of additional live card game tables, as provided in 23-5-306, are not required for additional tables authorized under a tournament permit.

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conducted as part of a tournament unless otherwise provided.
Section 24. Section 23-5-406, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-406. Exempt charitable organizations and facilities. (1) (a) An organization quatified-for granted an exemption under 26 U.S.C. \(501(c)(3)\) and, \((c)(4),(c)(B)\), or (c) 119):
(i) on or before January 15, 1989, is exempt from the taxation and fieense-fees the permit fee imposed by this partr--An--organization--quatified--for-exemption-under-that sectioni
(ii) after that-date January 15,1989 , is exempt from taxation undert and need-onty-pay one-half the ticense-fees underf permit fee imposed by this part if the organization carries on gambling activities for no more than 60 days a calendar year and-if-the.
(b) An organization provided Eor in subsection (1)(a) shall:
(i) limit its live bingo and keno activities are timited to its main premises or place of operations and to events at other places operated by other charitable organizations or by a government unit or entity \(\quad\)-- 4 me organizatyon-shati:
(ii) comply with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno or-refftes--A-quatified organization-ghatif: and
(iii) apply to the department for a cest-free permit to conduct charitable live bingo and or keno games or-raffies.
(2) A long-term care facility, as defined in 50-5-101, or a retirement home or senior citizen center, as defined in subsection (4), that has obtained an operator's license and a permit from the department to operate live bingo or keno is exempt from taxation and the permit fee imposed by this part if the facility:
(a) limits participation in live bingo and keno games to persons using the facility and their quests;
(b) limits live bingo or keno activities to its main premises or place of operation; and
(c) complies with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno.
(3) The department may revoke or suspend the permit of a--quatiffed an organization or a facility provided for in subsection (1) or (2) if that, after investigation, the department determines that the organization or facility is eontracting operating or has contracted with a nonqualified organization to--operate that is operating live bingor or kenor-or-raffles in a predominantly comercial manner.

\section*{(4) For purposes of this section:}
(a) "retirement home" means a building in which sleeping rooms without cooking facilities in each room are rented to three or more persons who are 60 years of age or
older and who do not need skilled nursing care, intermediate
nursing care, or personal nursing care, as defined in
50-5-101; and
(b) "senior citizen center" means a facility operated
by a nonprofit or governmental organization that provides
services to senior citizens in the form of daytime or
evening educational or recreational activities and does not
provide living accormodations to senior citizens or sell
food or beverages under a license furnished by the state.
Services qualifying under this subsection (b) must be
recognized in the state plan on aging adopted by the
department of family services."
Section 25. Section 23-5-409, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-409. Bingo and keno tax -- records --
distribution -- atatement and payment. (I) A licensee who
has received a permit to operate bingo or keno games shall
pay to the department a tax of 5\% 하 of the net-ineome gross
proceeds from the operation of each live bingo and keno game
operated on his premises. Por-parposes-of-this-seetiont-nnet
incomen--means-gross-proceedar-as-defined-in-23-5-7ł7t-minus
the-cost-of-equipment-suppitesp-personnetr-and-advertising
ałłoeated-to-the-games--モE-in-any-year-5\%-of-net-ineome-does
not--equat-ty-of-gross-proeeedsf-then-the-tieensee-shamz-pay
a-tax-of-ty-of-gross-proceeds=
(2) A licensee shall keep a record of gross proceeds
and-net--ineome in the form the department requires. At all times during the business hours of the licensee the records must be available for inspection by the department.
(3) A iicensee shall annually complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total gross proceeds and net income for each live keno or bingo game operated by him and the total amount due as live bingo or keno tax for the preceding year. This statement must contain any other relevant information required by the department.
(4) The department shall forward the tax collected under subsection (3) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed game is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from taxes on live bingo or keno games located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The tax collected under subsection (3) is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury."

Section 26. Section 23-5-412, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-412. Card prices and prizes -- exception. The (1) Except as provided in subsection (3):
(a) the price for an individual bingo or keno card may not exceed 50 centsp--Bingo--prizes-may-be-paid-in-either tangibte-personat-property-or-casho-A;
(b) a prize may not exceed the value of \(\$ 100\) for each individual bingo award or keno cardt-ft; and
(c) it is unlawful to, in any manner, combine any awards so as to increase the ultimate value of the award.
(2) Bingo and keno prizes may be paid in either tangible personal property or cash.
(3) A variation of the game of keno, as approved by the department, in which a player selects three or more numbers and places a wager on various combinations of these numbers is permissible if:
(a) no more than 50 cents is wagered on each combination of numbers; and
(b) a winning combination does not pay more than \(\$ 100\).
14) A player may give the a keno caller a card with instructions on the card to play that card and its marked numbers for up to the number of successive games that the house allows and that the player has indicated on the card, upon payment of the price per game times the number of successive games indicated. The player shall remain on the house premises until the card is played or withdrawn. The caller shall keep the card until the end of the number of games indicated, and the department may by rule provide that at that time the caller shall pay the player any prizes won."

Section 27. Section 23-5-413, MCA, is amended to read:
＂23－5－413．Raffle prizes－－pernits－－exception．fもt Raffie－－prifes－－may－－not－erceed－the－vatue－of－\＄5f \(\theta \theta \theta\)－for－each individuat－raffte－ticket－－チt－is－untawfut－tor－in－any－－mannerf combine－－any－－awards－so－as－to－increase－the－uttimate－vatue－of the－prime－awarded－for－eaeh－tieket：
\(t z+(1)\)（a）A－seperate Except as provided in subsection （l）（b），a permit must be issued by the board of county commissioners for each raffle conducted within its jurisdiction．The permit must be issued before the raffle may be conducted．The board of county commissioners may not charge a permit fee or an investigative fee for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization if the organization presents sufficient documentation of its nomprofit status．
（b）If tickets for a raffle are to be sold in more than one county，a permit must be obtained only in the county where the winners of the raffle are to be determined．
（2）Except for a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization，a person or organization conducting a raffle shall own all prizes to be awarded as part of the raffle before the sale of any tickets．
（3）A person who has conducted a raffle must submit an accounting to the board of county commissioners within 30 days following the completion of the raffle．
（4）The sale of raffle tickets authorized by this part
is restricted to events and participants within the geographic confines of the state．
（5）The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a person or an organization，other than a religious corporation sole or nomprofit organization may not exceed \(\$ 5,000\) ．The prize may be in the form of cash，other intangible personal property， tangible personal property，or real property．Prizes may not be combined in any manner to increase the ultimate value of the prize awarded for each ticket．
\(\dagger \exists+-\)－ to－a－raffte－conducted－by－a－nonprofit－corporation；
（6）（a）In addition to complying with the requirements of subsections（1）through（5），a religious corporation solef or other nonprofit organization as defined in 23－5－112 if－the－corporation－or－organiration－is－permitted－by－the－board of－eounty－commissioners－to－conduet－the－raffte－－The－board－of county－－eommisgioners－－may－－not－－charge－－a－－permit－fee－or－an invegtigative－fee－for－a－－raffte－－condueted－－by－－a－－nonprofit veteransか－organization－
tbt－－Phe－－nonprofit－－organization－or－corporation－seeking permission－under－subsection－t3†tat shall apply provide the following information to the board of county commissioners when applying for the a raffle permit and－－provide－－the fotzowing－information：
（i）the cost and number of raffle tickets to be sold；
（ii）the charitable purposes the proceeds of the raffle are intended to benefit；and
（iii）the proposed prizes and their value．
tet－A－＊eterans＋－organtzation－seeking－exemption－from－tine permit－fee－or－an－investigative－fee－shatz－present－evidence－of the－organization＇s－nonprofit－status－te－the－board－－of－－eounty comnissioners：
tat（b）The proceeds from the sale of the－raffze tickets for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or a nomprofit organization may be used only for charitable purposes or to pay for prizes．Phe－raffie－prize－mast－be－in tangibte－personat－property－onty－－and－－not－－in－－moneyp－－eashy stoekf－bondst－evidence－of－indebtednessip－or－other－intangibłe personat－propertyr－Hone－of－the－proceeds Proceeds may not be used for the administrative cost of conducting the raffle．
（c）The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization may equal or exceed \(\$ 5,000\) if the prize is in the form of tangible personal property．If the value of the prize is less than \(\$ 5,000\) ，the prize may be in the form of cash，other intangible personal property． tangible personal property，or real property．＂


the－－context－－etearty－－qequtres－－otherwiser－－the－－－fotłowing definitions－apptyt
†tf－－＂Nonprofte－－－organization＂－－－means－－－a－－charitablet
 benefietati－－eivief－－or－serviee－organizationt－other－than－one estabitshed－for－the－purpose－of－conducting－－or－－participating in－a－sports－poots
†そ†tまさ－－\({ }^{-1}\) Sports－－pooł＂－means－a－gambting－enterprise－based on－a－sports－event－invotving－naturat－pergons－or－animats－－that is－－conducted－on－a－card－divided－into－squares－or－spacest－with the－names－of－the－partieipants－in－－the－－pooz－written－－wtthin such－－squares－or－spaeest－fer－which－consideration－in－money－is paid－by－the－person－płaying－for－each arranged－in－eotumns－and horizontat－－rows－－－Each－square－or－spaee－for－the represents－a ehance－to－win－money－or－other－items－of－vałue－－on－－any－－sports event－－wherein－－the－－participants－－in－－sueh－sports－event－are naturat－persons－or－animais and－may－be－purchased－for－cash－by a－－partieipant－－in－the－pooł－－After－atz－squares－or－spaces－are purehased－and－before－the－start－of－the－sports－eventj－－numbers are－－randomty－－assigned－－to－the－rows－and－eotumns－providing－a two－number－designation－for－each－square－or－spaee－
\(t z+-\psi_{\text {Vatue－of－a－sports－pooł＂－－means－－the－－totat－－amount }}\) paid－by－persons－to－partieipate－in－a－sports－pooz：＂

SECTION 28．SECTION 23－5－501，MCA，IS AMENDED TO READ：
＂23－5－501．Beftnitions Definition．As used in this
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part, unless the context clearly requires atherwise, the fołłowing－definitions－apply：

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tzł－－＂Sports＂sports pool＂means a card－－divided－－into squares－or－spaeest－with－the－names－of－the－participants－in－the poot－－written－－within－－sueh－－squares－or－spaeest－for gambling activity，other than an activity governed under chapter 4 or chapter 5，part 2，of this title in which constderation－in a person wagers money is－paid－by－the－person－płaying for each square－－or－spaee－for－the chance to win money or other items of value based on any the outcome of a sports event or series of sports events wherein the partieipants competitors in sueh the sports event or series of sports events are natural persons or animals．＂
Section－23－－－Section－23－5－5日3t－MEAT－is－amended－to－read
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fZチー－The－－－name－－or－－initints－－of－－the－－partieipant－－whe purehesed－a－square－or－space－on－the－sports－poot－eard－must－－be written－within－the－square－or－spaeez
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 opens－to－inspection－upon－reasonebte－demand－records－to－verify that－the－retained－portion－－is－－used－－to－－support－－charitable aetivitiest－sehotarships－or－edueationet－grantsi－or－community service－－projects－－may－－retain－－up－－to－5日q－of－the－vałue－of－a sports－poot－ㅁ

SECTION 29．SECTION 23－5－503，MCA，IS AMENDED TO READ：
＂23－5－503．Rules．（1）The card or other device used for recording the sports pool and－w upon－whieh－－the－－gquares－－or spaees－－appear－shałt must clearly indicate in advance of the
sale of any chances the number of chances to be sold in that specific pool, the name of the event or series of events, the consideration to be paid for each chance, and the total amount or percentage to be paid to the winners.
(2) A-chanee-to-participate-in-a-sports-poot-may-not-be sotd-other-than-upon-the-premises-in-which-the--sports--poot is--conducted-An-individuet Each chance to participate in a sports pool may-not must be sold for a--eonsideration-in exeess-of the same amount, which may not exceed $\$ 5$, and the total amount to-be paid to the all winners of any individual sports pool may not exceed the value of $\$ 500$. Chances for a series of events may be purchased all at once prior to the occurrence of the first event.
(3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), the winner winners of any sports pool shall receive a $100 \%$ payout of the value of the sports pool.
( $\boldsymbol{H}^{\prime}(\mathrm{b})$ A nonprofit organization that maintains records and opens the records to inspection upon reasonable demand records to verify that the retained portion is used to support charitable activities, scholarships or educational grants, or community service projects may retain up to 50\% of the value of a sports pool.
(4) A person or nonprofit organization conducting a sports pool may purchase chances to participate in the sports pool but may not:
(a) retain any portion of the amount wagered in the sports pool, except as provided in subsection (3)(b);
(b) charge a Eee for participating in the sports pool; or
(c) use the sports pool in any manner to establish odds or handicaps or to allow betting or booking against the person or nonprofit organization conducting the pool."

NEW SECTION. SECTION 30. SPORTS POOL DESIGN -DEPARTMENT RULES. (1) A SPORTS POOL MUST BE DESIGNED TO ENSURE THAT:
(A) THERE IS AT LEAST ONE WINNER FROM AMONG THE PARTICIPANTS IN THE POOL; AND
(B) EACH PARTICIPANT HAS AN EQUAL CHANCE TO WIN THE POOL.
(2) COMPETITORS IN A SPORTS EVENT OR SERIES OF SPORTS EVENTS MAY BE RANDOMLY ASSIGNED TO EACH PARTICIPANT IN THE SPORTS POOL OR BE SELECTED BY THE PARTICIPANTS.
(3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL BY RULE DESCRIBE THE TYPES OF SPORTS POOLS AUTHORIZED BY THIS PART. VARIATIONS IN THE AUTHORIZED SPORTS POOLS MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BEFORE THEY ARE MADE AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC PLAY.

SECTION 31. SECTION 23-5-602, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
"23-5-602. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:
(1) "Associated equipment" means all proprietary devices, machines, or parts used in the manufacture or maintenance of a video gambling machine, including but not limited to integrated circuit chips, printed wired assembly, printed wired boards, printing mechanisms, video display monitors, metering devices, and cabinetry.
(2) "Bingo machine" means an electronic video gambling machine that, upon insertion of cash, is available to play bingo as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.
(3) "Draw poker machine" means an electronic video gambling machine that, upon insertion of cash, is available to play or simulate the play of the game of draw poker as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that directiy dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.
(4) "Keno machine" means an electronic video gambling
> machine that, upon insertion of cash, is available to play keno as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.
> (5) "Net Gross machine income" means money put into a video gambling machine minus credits paid out in cash.
> (6) "Video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor" means a person who assembles, produces, makes, or supplies video gambling machines or associated equipment for sale, use, or distribution in the state."

Section 32. Section 23-5-603, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-603. Video gambling machines -- possession -play -- restriction. (1) A person licensed operator may make available for public play only the number of approved video gambling machines specifically authorized by this part.
(2) The video gambling machines specifically authorized by this part are bingo, keno, and draw poker machines. Only the number of approved machines for which permits have been granted under 23-5-612 may be made available for play by the public on the premises of a licensed operator. The department shall adopt rules allowing a video gambling
machine that needs repair to be temporarily replaced while it is being repaired with a video gambling machine that is approved under the permit provisions of this part. A fee may not be charged for the replacement machine.
(3) Machines on premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption on-the--premises must be placed:
(a) in the a room, area, or other part of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are PERMITTED TO BE sold and-normatiy or consumed; and
(b) within sight--and control of the LICENSED operator or-his-empzoyees for the purpose of preventing access to the machines by persons under 18 years of age."

## SECTION 33. SECTION 23-5-610, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:

"23-5-610. Video gambling machine net gross income tax -- records -- distribution -- quarterly statement and payment. (1) An A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall pay to the department a video gambling machine tax of $15 \%$ of net-mentine the gross income from each video gambling machine licensed under this part. A licensed operator may deduct from the gross income amounts equal to amounts stolen from machines or stolen after being taken out of machines if the amounts are not repaid by insurance and if a law enforcement agency investigated the theft.
(2) An A licensed operator issued a permit under this
part shall keep a record of net-maehtne the gross income fromeach machine in such form as the department may require. The records must at all times during the business hours of the licensee be subject to inspection by the department.
(3) An A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall, within 15 days after the end of each quarter, complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total net-machine gross income from each video gambling machine licensed to him, together with the total amount due the state as video gambling machine net gross income tax for the preceding quarter. The statement must contain other relevant information as the department may require.
(4) (a) The department shall forward one-third of the tax collected under subsection (3) to the general fund.
(b) The department shall forward the remaining two-thirds of the tax collected under subsection (3) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed machine is located, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. Counties are not entitled to proceeds from taxes on income from video gambling machines located in incorporated cities and towns. The two-thirds local government portion of tax collected under subsection (3) is statutorily appropriated to the department as provided in 17-7-502 for deposit to the
county or municipal treasury."
Section 34. Section 23-5-611, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-611. Machine permit qualifications -limitations. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises may be granted a permit for the placement of video gambling machines in his premises.
(b) If video keno or bingo gambling machines were legally operated on a premises on January 15, 1989, and the premises were not on that date licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises or operated for the principal purpose of gaming and there is an operator's license for the premises under 23-5-177, a permit for the same number of video keno or bingo gambling machines as were operated on the premises on that date may be granted to the person who held the permit for such machines on those premises on that date, subject to the provisions of subsection (1)(d).
(c) A person who legally operated an establishment on January 15, 1989, for the principal purpose of gaming and has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 may be granted a permit for the placement of bingo and keno machines in his premises, subject to the provisions of subsection (1)(d).
(d) The department may issue an annual permit under subsection (l)(b) or (l)(c) if at the time of application for the permit:
(i) the person has continuously operated the video gambling machine on the premises since January 15, 1989; and
(ii) the natural persons who together hold a majority financial interest in the business operated on the premises are the same as on January 15, 1989.
(2) An applicant for a permit shall disclose on the application form to the department any information required by the department consistent with the provisions of 23-5-176.
(3) A licensee may not have on the premises or make available for play on the premises more than 20 machines of any combination and-no--more--than--7日--may--be--draw--poker maehines."

SECTION 35. SECTION 23-5-612, MCA, IS AMENDED TO READ:
"23-5-612. Machine permits -- fee. (1) The department, upon payment of the fee provided in subsection (2) and in conformance with rules adopted under this part, shall issue to the operator a an annual permit for an approved video gambling machine.
(2) The department shall charge an annual permit fee of $\$ 200$ for each video gambling machine permit. The fee must be prorated on a quarterly basis but may not be prorated to
allow a permit to expire before June 30．The department may not grant a refund if the video gambling machine ceases operation before the permit expires．
（3）The department shall retain $\$ \neq \theta \theta$ 50\％of the total permit fee collected under subsection（2）for purposes of administering this part．The remaining $\$ \pm \theta \theta$ balance must be returned on a quarterly basis to the local government jurisdiction in which the gambling machine is located．The local government portion of the fee is statutorily appropriated to the department，as provided in 17－7－502，for deposit in the local government treasury．
$\boldsymbol{+ 3 t - - \Psi h e - p e r m i t e - e x p i r e s - o n - д u n e - Э \theta - o f - c a c h - y e a r y - a n d - t h e ~}$ fee－may－not－be－prorated．
t4t－－A－－used－－keno－machine－－may－－－be－－－iteensed－－－under subsection－－†゙チ－without－meeting－the－requitements－of－z̧－5－609 fas－－that－－section－－read－－on－－September－－307－－ $9989 子-$ if－－the appłicent－for－łicensure－ean－estabłish－to－the－satisfaction－of the－department－thetr－on－the－date－of－appifeetiont－he－owns－－or possesses－－a－meehine－that－was－owned－or－operated－in－the－state
 subsection－expires－for－ałt－purposes－no－tater－than－－June－－30t 1989－＂
Section 36．Section 23－5－621，MCA，is amended to read：
＂23－5－621．Video gambling machine specifications－－ rules．（l）The department shall adopt rules describing the

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video gambling machines authorized by this part and stating the specifications for video gambling machines authorized by this part．The－－－specifieations－－－in－－－the－－－rułes－－must substantiatiy－－fotiow－－the－－－speeifteations－－－contained－－in 23－5－6日6－－and－－23－5－6日9－－as－those－sections－read－on－September \(3 \theta_{\bar{r}} \mathbf{- 7 9 8 9}\)－Rules adopted by the department must provide，at a minimum，that a video gambling machine must：
（a）use a random selection process to determine the outcome of each game；
（b）accept only coins，paper currency，or both；
（c）be permitted to contain a mechanism that accepts cash in the form of bills not to exceed \(\$ 5\) ；
（d）prevent access to the inside of the machine except through locks；
（e）use a printer device to print a ticket voucher for a winning player upon completion of play．The printer device must create a duplicate copy of tickets printed，which must be retained in the machine．
（f）have both electronic and mechanical meters．The electronic meter readings must be able to be printed by the printing device and displayed on the video screen．
（g）have a nonremovable identification plate providing the manufacturer＇s name，machine model，date of manufacture， and unique machine serial number：
（h）use a surge protector：
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    (i) issue, by activation of an external switch, an
accounting ticket containing a performance synopsis of the
machine;
    (j) have nonvolatile memory storage for all required
accounting ticket information; and
    (k) exhibit total immunity to human body electrostatic
discharges.
(2) The department shall adopt rules allowing video gambling machines to be imported into this state and used for the purposes of trade shows, exhibitions, and similar activities."
Section 37. Section 23-5-625, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-625. Video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor -- license -- fees. (1) \(\mathbf{f t}\) (a) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), it is unlawful for any person to assemble, produce, manufacture, or supply any video gambling machine or associated equipment for use or play in the state without having first been issued a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license by the department. A licensed manufacturer-distributor may supply a video gambling machine only to another licensed manufacturer-distributor or a licensed operator.
\(t z+(b)\) The department shall charge an annual license fee of \(\$ 1,000\) for the issuance or renewal of a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license.
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$\dagger 3+(c)$ In addition to other license fees, the department may charge the applicant a one-time video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license application processing fee. The processing fee may not exceed the department's actual costs for processing an application.
t4t(d) All video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's licenses expire on June 30 of each year, and the license fee may not be prorated.
t5t(e) The department shall retain the license and processing fees collected for purposes of administering this part, unless otherwise provided.
(2) A licensed operator who is not licensed as a manufacturer-distributor may sell up to 20 video gambling machines in a calendar year if the operator:
(a) had obtained permits for the machines and legally operated them prior to the sale; and
(b) sells the machines to another licensed operator or a licensed manufacturer-distributor.
(3) A lienholder who acquires title to video gambling machines through a foreclosure action involving a licensed operator or manufacturer-distributor may sell the machines to a licensed operator or licensed manuEacturer-distributor."

Section 38. Section 23-5-631, MCA, is amended to read:

23-5-631. Examination and approval of new video gambling machines and associated equipent -- Eee. (1) The department shall examine and may approve a new video gambling machine and associated equipment which are manufactured, sold, or distributed for use in the state before the video gambling machine or associated equipment is sold, played, or used.
(2) A video gambling machine or associated equipment may not be examined or approved by the department until the video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor is licensed as required in 23-5-625.
(3) All video gambling machines approved by the department of commerce prior to October 1. 1989, must be considered approved under this part.
(4) The department shall require the manufacturer-distributor seeking the examination and approval of a new video gambling machine or associated equipment to pay the anticipated actual costs of the examination in advance and, after the completion of the examination, shall refund overpayments or charge and collect amounts sufficient to reimburse the department for underpayments of actual costs.

> (5) Payments received under subsection (4) are statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, to defray the costs of examining and approving

## video gambling machines and associated equipment and to

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t5 \(\boldsymbol{+ ( 6 )}\) The department may inspect and test and approve, disapprove, or place a condition upon a video gambling machine prior to its distribution and placement for play by the public."
Section 39. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:
"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -requisites for validity, (1) A statutory appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending
by a state agency without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both of the following provisions:
(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.
(3) The following laws are the only laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812; 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-111; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117; 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 17-3-212; 17-5-404;
M,
t5>(6) The department may inspect and test and approve,
machine prior to its distribution and placement for play by
the public."
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``` the following provisions:
(b) The law or portion or the law making a statutory
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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 17-5-424; & 17-5-804; & 19-8-504; & 19-9-702; & 19-9-1007; \\
\hline 19-10-205; & 19-10-305; & 19-10-506; & 19-11-512; & 19-11-513; \\
\hline 19-11-606; & 19-12-301; & 19-13-604; & 20-6-406; & 20-8-111; \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{20-9-361; 23-5-136; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-610;} \\
\hline 23-5-631; & 23-5-1016; & 23-5-1027; & 27-12-206; & 37-51-501; \\
\hline 39-71-2504; & 53-6-150; & 53-24-206; & 61-2-406; & 61-5-121; \\
\hline 67-3-205; & 75-1-1101; & 75-5-1108; & 75-11-313; & 76-12-123; \\
\hline 80-2-103; & 82-11-136; & 82-11-161; & 90-3-301; & 90-4-215; \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{90-4-613; 90-6-331; 90-9-306; and section 13, House Bill No.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{861, Laws of 1985.} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. \(10, \mathrm{Ch}\). 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 30, 1991.)"

Section 40. Section 4l-5-203, MCA, is amendea to read: 44-5-203. Jurisdiction of the court. (1) Except as
provided in subsection (2), the court has exclusive original jurisdiction of all proceedings under the Montana Youth Court Act in which a youth is alleged to be a delinquent youth, a youth in need of supervision, or a youth in need of care or concerning any person under 21 years of age charged with having violated any law of the state or ordinance of any city or town other than a traffic or fish and game law prior to having become 18 years of age.
(2) Justice, municipal, and city courts have concurrent jurisdiction with the youth court over all alcoholic beverage and gambling violations alleged to have been committed by a youth."

NEW SECTION. SECTION 41. DEFINITIONS. UNLESS THE CONTEXT REQUIRES OTEERWISE, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS APPLY TO [SECTIONS 41 THROUGH 47]:
(1) "CASINO NIGAT" MEANS A FUNDRAISING EVENT DURING WHICE WAGERS MAY BE MADE IN GAMBLING ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED IN [SECTION 42] THROUGH THE USE OF IMITATION MONEY.
(2) "NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION" MEANS A NONPROFIT CORPORATION OR NONPROFIT CHARITABLE, RELIGIOUS, SCHOLASTIC, EDUCATIONAL, VETERANS', FRATERNAL, BENEFICIAL, CIVIC, SENIOR CITIZENS', OR SERVICE ORGANIZATION ESTABLISHED FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN TO CONDUCT A GAMBLING ACTIVITY.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 42. CASINO NIGHTS ADJTHORIZED. (1) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS MAY CONDUCT OR PARTICIPATE IN A
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CASINO NIGET.
(2) TEE FOLLOWING GAMBLING ACTIVITIES MAY BE CONDUCTED
DURING A CASINO NIGHT:
(A) LIVE CARD GAMES AUTHORIZED UNDER 23-5-311;
(B) LIVE BINGO AND KENO GAMES; AND
(C) RAFFLES.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 43. APPLICATION FOR PERMIT. (1) A
NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION MAY APPLY TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR A
CASINO NIGHT PERMIT ON A FORM PRESCRIBED AND FURNISHED BY
TEE DEPARTMENT. THE APPLICATION MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A FEE
OF \$25.
(2) THE APPLICATION MUST INCLUDE:
(A) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF TEE APPLICANT;
(B) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF TEE APPLICANT'S OFFICERS;
(C) THE LOCATION, DATE, AND TIME AT WHICH THE APPLICANT
WILL CONDUCT THE CASINO NIGHT;
(D) SUFEICIENT EVIDENCE CONCERNING THE STRUCTURE AND
OPERATION OF THE ORGANIZATION TO ENABLE THE DEPARTMENT TO
DETERMINE WHETEER THE APPLICANT IS A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION;
AND
(E) OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION REOUESTED BY THE
DEPARTMENT.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 44. ISSUANCE OF PERMIT --
DISPOSITION OF FEE. (1) AFTER REVIEW OF AN APPLICATION
SUBMITTED UNDER [SECTION 43], THE DEPARTMENT MAY ISSUE TO

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THE APPLICANT A CASINO NIGHT PERMIT. ONLY ONE PERMIT MAY BE ISSUED TO THE APPLICANT EACH YEAR. TEE PERMIT IS VALID FOR ONLY ONE LOCATION AND IS NOT ASSIGNABLE OR TRANSFERABLE.
(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RETAIN THE FEE PROVIDED FOR IN [SECTLION 43] FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 45. REQUIREMENTS FOR CONDUCTING CASINO NIGETS. A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION THAT HAS OBTAINED A PERMIT UNDER [SECTION 44] SHALL CONDUCT A CASINO NIGHT IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:
(1) THE CASINO NIGHT MAY NOT LAST MORE THAN 12 CONSECUTIVE HOURS.
(2) THE CASINO NIGHT MUST BE MANAGED AND OPERATED ONLY BY MEMBERS OF THE NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION THAT WAS ISSUED THE PERMIT UNDER [SECTION 44]. THE MEMBERS MAY NOT BE COMPENSATED FOR THEIR SERVICES.
(3) ONLY MERCHANDISE MAY BE AWARDED AS PRIZES.
(4) PROCEEDS DERIVED FROM THE CASINO NIGHT, AFTER PAYMENT OF REASONABLE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MAY BE USED ONLY FOR A CIVIC, CHARITABLE, OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSE, AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES MAY NOT EXCEED 508 OF THE PROCEEDS.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 46. NONAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN GAMBLING LAWS. THE PROVISIONS OF PARTS 3 AND 4 OF THIS CHAPTER DO NOT APPLY TO LIVE CARD GAMES, LIVE BINGO OR KENO GAMES, OR RAFFLES CONDUCTED DURING A CASINO NIGHT.
new section. SECTION 47. rules. THE department shall

HB 958
-67~
-68-
HB 958
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ADOPT RULES TO ADMINISTER [SECTIONS 41 THROUGH 46]. AT A
MINIMUM, THE RULES MUST ADDRESS APPLICATION PROCEDURES AND
PLAY OF THE GAMES DURING A CASINO NIGHT.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 4B. FANTASY SPORTS LEAGUES DEFINED. AS USED IN [SECTIONS 48 THROUGH 52], A "FANTASY SPORTS LEAGUE" MEANS A GAMBLING ACTIVITY CONDUCTED IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:
(1) A EANTASY SPORTS LEAGUE CONSISTS OE A LIMITED NUMBER OF PERSONS OR GROUPS OF PERSONS WHO PAY AN ENTRANCE FEE FOR MEMBERSGIP IN TBE LEAGUE. THE ENTRANCE FEE MAY INCLUDE AN ADMINISTRATIVE FEE.
(2) EACH LEAGUE MEMBER CREATES A FICTITIOUS TEAM COMPOSED OF ATHLETES FROM A GIVEN PROFESSIONAL SPORT, SUCH AS BASEBALL, BASKETBALL, OR FOOTBALL. PLAYER SELECTION IS CONDUCTED THROUGH RANDOM DRAWINGS OR A BIDDING PROCESS.
(3) AFTER THE INITIAL TEAMS ARE SELECTED, INTERIM REPLACEMENT OF PLAYERS MAY OCCUR BY TRADE OR PURCHASE. A SPECIFIC FEE, WHICH MAY NOT EXCEED THE TOTAL ENTRANCE FEE, IS CHARGED FOR EACH TRANSACTION.
(4) A METHOD, AS DEFINED BY LEAGUE RULES, IS DEVISED TO PERMIT EACH TEAM TO COMPETE AGAINST OTHER TEAMS IN THE LEAGUE. POINTS ARE AWARDED TO A TEAM ACCORDING TO THE PERFORMANCE OF INDIVIDUAL PLAYERS OR TEAMS OR BOTH DURING A DESIGNATED TIME PERIOD.
(5) A MEMBER MAY BE ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE A PAYOUT BASED

ON TEE NUMBER OF POINTS ACCUMULATED. PAYOUTS, WHICH MAY BE IN THE FORM OF CASH OR PRIZES, ARE AWARDED ACCORDING TO LEAGUE RULES.
(6) RULES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE FANTASY SPORTS LEAGUE MUST BE PROVIDED IN WRITING TO EACH MEMBER.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 49. FANTASY SPORTS LEAGUES AUTHORIZED. IT IS LAWFUL TO CONDUCT OR PARTICIPATE IN A PANTASY SPORTS LEAGUE.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 50. PAYOUTS -- ADMINISTRATIVE FEES CHARGED BY COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS. (1) THE TOTAL VALUE OF PAYOUTS TO ALL LEAGUE MEMBERS MUST EQUAL THE AMOUNT COLLECTED FOR ENTRANCE, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND TRANSACTIONS FEES, MINUS PAYMENT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.

> (2) IF A COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES AN ADMINISTRATIVE FEE FOR CONDUCTING A FANTASY SPORTS LEAGUE, THE FEE FOR EACH PARTICIPANT MAY NOT BE MORE THAN $15 \%$ OE THE AMOUNT CHARGED AS A PARTICIPANT'S ENTRANCE FEE.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 51. SPORTS BETTING PROBIBITED -APPLICABILITY. [SECTIONS 48 THROUGH 52] DO NOT:
(1) AUTHORIZE BETTING OR WAGERING ON THE OUTCOME OE AN INDIVIDUAL SPORTS EVENT; OR
(2) APPLY TO GAMBLING ACTIVITIES GOVERNED UNDER CHAPTER 4 OR CHAPTER 5, PART 2 OR 5, OF THIS TITLE.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 52. VIOLATIONS. A PERSON WHO PURPOSELY OR KNOWINGLY VIOLATES OR PROCURES, AIDS, OR ABETS
IN A VIOLATION OF [SECTIONS 48 THROUGH 52] IS GUILTY OF A
MISDEMEANOR PUNISHABLE UNDER 23-5-161.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 53. TRANSFER OE OWNERSHIP
INTEREST. A LICENSED OPERATOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT IN
WRITING BEFORE TRANSFERRING ANY OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN HIS
PREMISES.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 54. CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S
LICENSE -- FEE -- SUBMISSION OF CONTRACT. (1) IT IS A
MISDEMEANOR FOR A PERSON TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT WITR A
LICENSED OPERATOR TO OPERATE ONE OR MORE LIVE CARD GAME
TABLES ON THE OPERATOR'S PREMISES WITHOUT OBTAINING A CARD
ROOM CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE FROM THE DEPARTMENT.
(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CGARGE AN ANNUAL LICENSE FEE
OF S150 FOR ISSUING OR RENEWING A CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S
LICENSE. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RETAIN THE FEE FOR
ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES.
(3) THE APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT AT TEE TIME OF
APPLICATION FOR A CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE A COPY OF
THE AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO WITH THE LICENSED OPERATOR.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 55. MANUFACTURER'S LICENSE FOR
ELECTRONIC BINGO OR KENO EQUIPMENT - - LICENSE AND PROCESSING
FEES. (1) A PERSON MAY NOT ASSEMBLE, PRODUCE, MANUFACTURE,
OR SUPPLY ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT FOR USE IN CONDUCTING LIVE
BINGO OR KENO GAMES IN THIS STATE WITHOUT OBTAINING AN
ANNUAL MANUFACTURER'S LICENSE FROM THE DEPARTMENT. PREMISES.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 54. CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE -- FEE -- SUBMISSION OF CONTRACT. (1) IT IS A MISDEMEANOR FOR A PERSON TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT WITH A LICENSED OPERATOR TO OPERATE ONE OR MORE LIVE CARD GAME TABLES ON THE OPERATOR'S PREMISES WITHOUT OBTAINING A CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE FROM THE DEPARTMENT.
(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CHARGE AN ANNUAL LICENSE FEE OF S 150 FOR ISSUING OR RENEWING A CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RETAIN THE FEE FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES.
(3) THE APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT AT TEE TIME OF APPLICATION FOR A CARD ROOM CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO WITH THE LICENSED OPERATOR.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 55. MANUFACTURER'S LICENSE FOR ELECTRONIC BINGO OR KENO EQUIPMENT -- LICENSE AND PROCESSING FEES. (1) A PERSON MAY NOT ASSEMBLE, PRODUCE, MANUFACTURE, OR SUPPLY ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT FOR USE IN CONDUCTING LIVE ANNUAL MANUFACTURER'S LICENSE FROM THE DEPARTMENT.
(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CHARGE AN ANNUAL LICENSE FEE

OF $\$ 1,000$ FOR ISSUING OR RENEWING A MANUFACTURER'S LICENSE.
(3) A MANUFACTURER'S LICENSE EXPIRES JUNE 30 OF EACH YEAR, AND THE LICENSE FEE MAY NOT EE PRORATED.
(4) IN ADDITION TO THE LICENSE FEE PROVIDED FOR IN

SUBSECTION (2), THE DEPARTMENT MAY CHARGE A ONE-TIME MANUFACTURER'S APPLICATION FEE TO COVER THE ACTUAL COST OF PROCESSING THE ORIGINAL LICENSE. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REFUND AN OVERPAYMENT OR CHARGE AND COLLECT AN AMOUNT SUFFICIENT TO REIMBURSE THE DEPARTMENT FOR UNDERPAYMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.
(5) THE DEPARTMENT SEALL RETAIN FOR ADMINISTRATIVE REIMBURSE THE DEPARTMENT FOR UNDERPAYMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.
(5) THE DEPARTMENT SEALL RETAIN FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES THE LICENSE AND PROCESSING FEES COLLECTED UNDER THIS SECTION.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 56. EXAMINATION AND APPROVAL OF ELECTRONIC BINGO AND KENO EQUTPMENT -- FEE. (1) A LICENSED MANUFACTURER SEALL SUBMIT TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR EXAMINATION A PROTOTYPE OF ANY ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT INTENDED FOR USE IN CONDUCTING LIVE BINGO OR KENO GAMES BEFORE THE EQUIPMENT IS USED IN THE STATE.
(2) BEFORE THE EQUIPMENT IS EXAMINED, THE MANUFACTURER SHALL PAY THE ANTICIPATED EXAMINATION COSTS AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT. THE DEPARTMENT SEALL REFUND AN OVERPAYMENT OR CHARGE AND COLLECT AN AMOUNT SUFFICIENT TO REIMBURSE THE DEPARTMENT FOR UNDERPAYMENT OF ACTUAL COSTS.
(3) UPON COMPLETION OF THE EXAMINATION, THE DEPARTMENT
MAY APPROVE, DISAPPROVE, OR PLACE A CONDITION UPON USE OF
THE EQUIPMENT BEFORE IT IS MADE AVAILABLE FOR USE IN
CONDUCTING LIVE BINGO OR KENO GAMES.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 57. ELECTRONIC LIVE BINGO AND
KENO EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS - - RULES. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
ADOPT RULES DESCRIBING ELECTRONIC LIVE BINGO AND KENO
EQUIPMENT THAT MAY BE APPROVED UNDER [SECTION 56]. AT A
MINIMOM, THE RULES MUST PROVIDE THAT THE EQUIPMENT USE A
RANDOM SELECTION PROCESS TO DETERMINE THE OUTCOME OF EACH
GAME.
NEW SECTION. SECTION 58. INSPECTION OF PREMISES,
RECORDS. AND DEVICES. THE DEPARTMENT OR A LOCAL IAN
ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL MAY INSPECT AT ANY TIME DURING NORMAL
BUSINESS HOURS A PREMISES, AS DEFINED IN 23-5-112, OR A
FACILITY WHERE GAMBLING DEVICES ARE MANUFACTURED OR
DISTRIBUTED. THE INSPECTION MAY INCLUDE THE EXAMINATION OF
RECORDS, EQUIPMENT, AND PROCEEDS RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF
A GAMBLING ACTIVITY OR TO THE MANUFACTURE OR DISTRIBUTION OF
A GAMBLING DEVICE.
NEW SECTION. Section 59. Codification instruction. (1)
[Sections 43 --and 16 , $17,23,30$, AND 53 THROUGH 58] are
intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 23 ,
chapter 5, parts 1 through 6, and the provisions of Title
23, chapter 5, parts 1 through 6, appiy to [sections $\ddagger 3$--and
$16,17,23,30$, AND 53 THROUGE 581.

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(2) [SECTIONS 41 THROUGE 47] ARE INTENDED TO BE CODIFIED AS A SEPARATE PART OF TITLE 23, CHAPTER 5. THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 23, CHAPTER 5, PART 1, APPLY TO [SECTIONS 41 THROUGH 47].
(3) [SECTIONS 48 THROUGH 52] ARE INTENDED TO BE CODIFIED AS AN INTEGRAL PART OF TITLE 23, CHAPTER 5, PARTS 1 THROUGH 6, AND THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE 23, CBAPTER 5, PARTS 1 THROUGH 6, APPLY TO [SECTIONS 48 TBROUGH 52].
NEW SECTION. SECTION 60. EFFECTIVE DATE -TERMINATION. (1) [SECTIONS 18 THROUGH 23, 28 TEROUGH 30, AND THIS SECTION] ARE EFFECTIVE ON PASSAGE AND APPROVAL.
(2) EXCEPT FOR THE FIRST SENTENCE OF SUBSECTION (4) OF 23-5-177, THAT SUBSECTION TERMINATES [5 YEARS AFTER TEE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT].
-End-
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[^0]:    (i) issue, by activation of an external switch, an accounting ticket containing a performance synopsis of the machine:
    (j) have nonvolatile memory storage for all required accounting ticket information; and
    (k) exhibit total immunity to human body electrostatic discharges.
    12) The department shall adopt rules allowing video gambling machines to be imported into this state and used for the purposes of trade shows, exhibitions, and similar activities."

    Section 27. Section 23-5-625, MCA, is amended to read:
    " 23-5-625. Video ganbling machine
    manufacturer-distributor -- license -- fees. (1) it(a) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), it is unlawful for any person to assemble, produce, manufacture, or supply any video gambling machine or associated equipment for use or play in the state vithout having first been issued a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license by the department. A licensed manuEacturer-distributor may supply a video gambling machine only to another licensed manufacturer-distributor or a licensed operator.
    $t z+(b)$ The department shall charge an annual license fee of $\$ 1,000$ for the issuance or renewal of a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license.

