## HOUSE BILL NO. 940

# INTRODUCED BY WANZENRIED, PECK, JERGESON, B. BROWN, BIANCHI, KADAS, NATHE, HAMMOND, GRINDE BY REQUEST OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

# IN THE HOUSE

	IN THE HOUSE
FEBRUARY 19, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION & CULTURAL RESOURCES.
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 23, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 25, 1991	PRINTING REPORT.
MARCH 27, 1991	ON MOTION, CONSIDERATION PASSED.
MARCH 28, 1991	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
	ENGROSSING REPORT.
	ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED TO ALLOW TO PLACE ON THIRD READING
	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 56; NOES, 43.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
	IN THE SENATE
MARCH 28, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION & CULTURAL RESOURCES.
	FIRST READING.
APRIL 11, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.
APRIL 13, 1991	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
APRIL 15, 1991	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 35; NOES, 13.

IN THE HOUSE

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

APRIL 16, 1991

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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	HOUSE BILL NO. 940	
INTRODUCED		B& Bio-
Marian	BY REQUEST OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF	
7 1x 50 (1/2)	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	CHINO,

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A RELIABLE CASH FLOW TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ALLOWING STATE ADVANCES FOR REVENUE TO BE RAISED BY COUNTY EQUALIZATION LEVIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-212, 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-334, 20-9-335, 20-9-344, 20-9-346, AND 20-9-347, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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#### STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because the superintendent of public instruction is granted rulemaking authority in 20-9-347(2) to adopt rules with regard to state advances to support the basic county tax and the basic special tax for county equalization for foundation program funding. The procedure is intended to ensure that the county equalization revenue is fully realized by school districts in a timely manner, regardless of delinquent or protested taxes. It is anticipated that the county superintendent of schools shall continue to calculate and report to the school districts the revenue generated in support of the elementary and high school basic county

1 equalization levies for foundation program funding.

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3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

4 Section 1. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read:

5 "20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county 6 treasurer of each county shall:

- (1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting of its apportionment to the several districts which are entitled to a portion of the money according to the apportionments ordered—by calculations of the county superintendent. A separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund supported by a countywide levy for a specific, authorized
- 15 (a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary
  16 foundation programs;
- 17 (b) the basic special tax for high schools in support
  18 of the high school foundation programs;
- 19 (c) the county tax in support of the county's high 20 school transportation obligation;
- 21 (d) the county tax in support of the elementary and 22 high school district retirement obligations; and
- 23 (e) any other county tax for schools, including the 24 community colleges, which may be authorized by law and
- 25 levied by the county commissioners;

purpose, including:

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(2) whenever requested, notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection (1) of this section and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent;

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- (3) keep a separate accounting of the expenditures for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district:
  - (4) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district and for each nonbudgeted fund established by each district;
  - (5) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
  - (6) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if no fund is designated by law. Interest and penalties on delinquent school taxes shall be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.
- 25 (7) send all revenue received for a joint district,

- part of which is situated in his county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months thereafter until the end of the school fiscal year;
- 5 (8) at the direction of the trustees of a district, 6 assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and 7 revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 8 6, part 11;
- 9 (9) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund 10 in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money 11 available in all funds of the district to make payment of 12 the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made 13 in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- 14 (10) invest the money of any district as directed by the 15 trustees of the district within 3 working days of the 16 direction;
  - (11) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered warrants, amounts and types of revenue received, and the cash balance;
- 22 (12) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for 23 the county tax for a vocational-technical center when levied 24 by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of 25 20-16-202; and

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(13) invest the money received from the basic county tax in support of the elementary foundation programs and the basic special tax in support of the high school foundation programs within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b).

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(14) remit to the state treasurer, no later than January 5 and June 20 of the school fiscal year, the balance of the funds realized pursuant to subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), including all interest earned, in repayment of a state advance for county equalization as prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333 (1)(a) and (1)(b)."

Section 2. Section 20-9-331, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-331. Basic county tax and other revenues for county equalization of the elementary district foundation program. (1) The county commissioners of each county shall levy an annual basic tax of 33 mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county, except for property subject to a tax or fee under 23-2-517,

the purposes of local and state foundation program support.

The revenue collected from this levy must be apportioned to
the support of the foundation programs of the elementary

23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204, for

school districts in the county and to the state special

6 revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the 7 following manner:

(a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenue identified in subsection (2) must be subtracted from the total of the foundation programs of all elementary districts of the county.

(b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance-the difference-determined-in-subsection--(1)(a) repay a state advance for county equalization, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.

(c)--If--revenue--from-the-basic-levy-prescribed-by-this
section-when-combined-with-the-other-revenue-from-subsection
(2)-is-insufficient-to-fully-fund-the-percentage--determined

in---28-9-347(i)(b)--and--the--county--is--eligible--for--an apportionment-of-state-equalization-aid-under-che-provisions of-28-9-347(i)(c),-the-county--superintendent--shall--notify the--superintendent-of-public-instruction-of-the-deficiency. The-superintendent-of-public-instruction-shall-increase--the state--equalization--aid--payments--to--the-districts-in-the affected-county-to-offset-the-deficiency--A-payment-may--not be--made-under-this-subsection-(c)-that-allows-a-district-to receive--foundation--program--funding--in--excess---of---the foundation-program-amount-of-the-district-

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- (2) The revenue realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed by this section and the revenue from the following sources must be used for the equalization of the elementary district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting must be kept of the revenue by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) the portion of the federal Taylor Grazing Act funds distributed to a county and designated for the common school fund under the provisions of 17-3-222;
  - (b) the portion of the federal flood control act funds distributed to a county and designated for expenditure for the benefit of the county common schools under the provisions of 17-3-232;
  - (c) all money paid into the county treasury as a result

- of fines for violations of law, except money paid to a justice's court, and the use of which is not otherwise specified by law;
- 4 (d) any money remaining at the end of the immediately
  5 preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's
  6 accounts for the various sources of revenue established or
  7 referred to in this section;
- 8 (e) any federal or state money distributed to the 9 county as payment in lieu of property taxation, including 10 federal forest reserve funds allocated under the provisions 11 of 17-3-213;
- 12 (f) gross proceeds taxes from coal under 15-23-703;
- 13 (g) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new 14 production, as defined in 15-23-601, and local government 15 severance taxes on any other production occurring after 16 December 31, 1988; and
- 17 (h) anticipated revenue from property taxes and fees 18 imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 19 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
- Section 3. Section 20-9-333, MCA, is amended to read:
  - \*20-9-333. Basic special levy and other revenues for county equalization of high school district foundation program. (1) The county commissioners of each county shall
- 24 levy an annual basic special tax for high schools of 22

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mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable

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property within the county, except for property subject to a tax or fee under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204, for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue collected from this levy must be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of high school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the following manner:

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- (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenue identified in subsection (2) must be subtracted from the sum of the county's high school tuition obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all high school districts of the county.
- (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance—the difference—determined—in—subsection—(1)(a) repay a state advance for county equalization, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.
- te}--ff-revenue-from-the-basic-levy-prescribed--by--this

- (2) The revenue realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed in this section and the revenue from the following sources must be used for the equalization of the high school district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting must be kept of the revenue by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- 20 (a) any money remaining at the end of the immediately
  21 preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's
  22 accounts for the various sources of revenue established in
  23 this section:
- 24 (b) any federal or state money distributed to the 25 county as payment in lieu of property taxation, including

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- federal forest reserve funds allocated under the provisions
  for 17-3-213;
  - (c) gross proceeds taxes from coal under 15-23-703;

- (d) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new production, as defined in 15-23-601, and local government severance taxes on any other production occurring after December 31, 1988; and
- (e) anticipated revenue from property taxes and fees imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
- 11 Section 4. Section 20-9-334, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "20-9-334. Apportionment of county equalization moneys by county superintendent. The county superintendent shall separately apportion the revenues—deposited—in state advances for the basic county tax account and the revenues deposited—in state advances for the basic special tax for high schools account, as prescribed in 20-9-347, to the several districts of the county on a monthly basis. The apportionments shall be known as "county equalization moneys". Before the revenues are apportioned, the county superintendent makes—the-monthly-apportionments—he shall:
  - (1) deduct from the revenues available in the basic county tax account the amount required for the month to pay the county's obligation for elementary transportation reimbursements; and

- (2) deduct from the revenues available in the basic special tax for high schools account the amount required for the month to pay the county's obligation for high school out-of-county tuition."
- Section 5. Section 20-9-335, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-335. Formula for apportionment calculation of county equalization moneys. (1) After making such deductions prescribed in 20-9-334, the county superintendent shall apportion—the—remaining—amount—of—moneys calculate and report county apportionment and revenue available in the basic county tax account to the several-public elementary school districts of the county and in the basic special tax for high schools account to the several public-secondary high school districts of the county in proportion to their needs under the foundation program in accordance with the following procedure:
- (a) determine the percentage that the county equalization moneys available for the support of the foundation programs of the public elementary school districts in the county is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all public elementary school districts:
- 23 (b) multiply the foundation program amount of each
  24 public elementary school district by the percentage
  25 determined in subsection (1)(a) above to determine the

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portion of the county equalization moneys available to each public elementary school district.

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- (2) The above procedure shall also be applied for public-secondary high school districts.
- (3) No-territory Territory situated within a county shall may not be excluded from the apportionment calculations of the county equalization moneys under this section solely because such the territory lies within the boundaries of a joint district. Cash balances to the credit of any district at the end of a school fiscal year shall may not be considered in the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section.
- (4) The county equalization moneys apportioned reported under these procedures shall-constitute are the first source of revenue in calculating the financing of the public elementary and secondary high school district foundation program. The county superintendent shall use apportionment procedure prescribed in this section in computing the estimated revenues for the financing of the ensuing year's foundation program for budgeting purposes."
- Section 6. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:
- \*20-9-344. Purpose of state equalization aid and duties of the board of public education for distribution -conditions of first payment. (1) The money available for state equalization aid must be distributed and apportioned

to provide an annual minimum operating revenue for the 1 2 elementary and high schools in each county, exclusive of 3 revenues required for debt service and for the payment of 4 any costs and expense incurred in connection with any adult education program, recreation program, school food services 5 6 program, new buildings and grounds, and transportation.

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- 7 (2) The board of public education shall administer and distribute the state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:
  - (a) adopt policies for regulating the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law and in a manner that provides for state advances for county equalization and monthly distribution to each district of its foundation program amount and to each county and district distribution of its quaranteed tax base aid:
- 18 (b) have the power to require reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it considers necessary; and
  - (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to the aid as established by the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public

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- education may not increase or decrease the state 1 2 equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference that may occur during the school fiscal year 3 4 between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source 5 of school revenue.
  - (3) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction withhold to distribution of state equalization aid or order the county superintendent of schools to withhold county equalization money from a district when the district fails to:
- 11 (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or 12 rules adopted by the board of public education; or
  - (b) maintain accredited status.

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- (4) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public education to withhold distribution of state equalization aid or county equalization money, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing before the board of public education, as provided under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
- (5) If a district or county receives more equalization aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer shall return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the department of commerce.
- 24 (6) (a) The first foundation program payment and 25 guaranteed tax base aid payment must be based on an estimate

- of 20% of the entitlement of each district or county and 1 distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year. 2
- (b) Each subsequent monthly payment must be at least 7% 3 of the entitlement of each district or county." 4
- Section 7. Section 20-9-346, MCA, is amended to read: 5
- \*20-9-346. Duties of the superintendent of public instruction for state equalization aid distribution. The superintendent of public instruction shall administer the distribution of the state equalization aid by:
- (1) establishing the annual entitlement of each district and county to state equalization aid, based on the 12 data reported in the retirement and general fund budgets for 13 each district that have been duly adopted for the current 14 school fiscal year and verified by the superintendent of 15 public instruction and by applying the verified data under 16 the provisions of the state equalization aid allocation 17 procedure prescribed in 20-9-347;
  - (2) recommending to the board of public education the entitlement of all districts and counties to state equalization aid to enable the board of public education to order the distribution of state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization;
  - (3) distributing by state warrant or electronic transfer the state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization, for each district or county entitled to

- the aid, to the county treasurer of the respective county or county where the district is located, in accordance with the distribution ordered by the board of public education:
- 4 (4) keeping a record in-his--office of the full and complete data concerning money available for state equalization aid, state advances for county equalization, and the entitlements for state equalization aid of the districts of the state;
- 9 (5) reporting to the board of public education the 10 estimated amount that will be available for state 11 equalization aid; and
- 12 (6) reporting to both houses of the state legislature 13 in any year when a session is convened:
- 14 (a) the figures and data available in his office 15 concerning distributions of state equalization aid during 16 the preceding 2 school fiscal years;
- 17 (b) the amount of state equalization aid then
  18 available:
- 19 (c) the apportionment made of the available money but
  20 not yet distributed; and
- (d) the latest estimate of accruals of money availablefor state equalization aid; and
- 23 (e) the amount of state advances and repayment for 24 county equalization."
- Section 8. Section 20-9-347, MCA, is amended to read:

- 1 "20-9-347. Formula for state equalization aid 2 apportionment in support of foundation program -- state 3 advances. (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall apportion the state equalization aid available for support 5 of the foundation program, individually for the elementary 6 districts of a county or the high school districts of a county, in accordance with 20-9-346 and on the basis of the R following procedure:
- 9 (a) Determine the percentage that the total funds
  10 available to all counties in the state in support of the
  11 foundation program (including the state money available for
  12 state equalization aid in support of the foundation program)
  13 is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all
  14 counties.
- 15 (b) Determine the percentage that the total funds
  16 available in each county in support of the foundation
  17 programs in the county (excluding state money available for
  18 state equalization aid in support of the foundation program)
  19 is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all
  20 districts of the county.
- 21 (c) Counties in which the percentage determined in 22 subsection (1)(b) exceeds the percentage determined in
- subsection (1)(a) are not entitled to an apportionment of the state equalization aid in support of the foundation
- 25 program.

(d) After elimination of the counties referred to in subsection (1)(c), determine the percentage that the total money available to all remaining counties in support of the foundation program (including the state money available for state equalization aid in support of the foundation program) is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all remaining counties.

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- (e) Each district of each remaining county is entitled to an apportionment of the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program equal to the difference between the percentage determined in subsection (1)(d) and the percentage determined for the county in subsection (1)(b) multiplied by the foundation program amount for the district.
  - (2) The superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) supply the county treasurer and the county superintendent with a report of the apportionments of state equalization aid in support of the foundation program of each district of the county, and the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program must be apportioned to the districts in accordance with the report;
- (b) in the manner described in 20-9-344, provide for a state advance to each county in an amount that is no less than the amount anticipated to be raised for the basic county tax fund in 20-9-331 and the basic special tax fund

- in 20-9-333. The county treasurer shall remit repayment for 2 the state advances solely from the revenue available to the
  - funds in 20-9-212(1)(a) and (1)(b).

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- (c) adopt rules to implement the provisions of 5 subsection (2)(b)."
- NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is 7 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

## STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

## Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0940, as introduced.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to provide for a reliable cash flow to school districts by allowing state advances for revenue to be raised by county equalization levies; amending various sections, and providing an effective date

#### ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Short term interest rates are 7.71 percent in FY92 and 8.13 percent in FY93 as contained in HB0384.
- 2. The state can sell TANS at 2 percent below the short term rate.
- 3. As a result of advancing to the districts their county equalization funds the state can increase its issue of TANS by \$40 million. These TANS are sold the first day of the fiscal year and retired the last.
- 4. The net interest loss to the state of borrowing thru the issuance of TANS, advancing a portion to districts, and investing the remainder is \$1,092,000 in FY92 and \$1,193,000 in FY93.
- 5. Districts invest the advanced funds at the short term interest rates received by the state.
- 6. 22% of the additional interest earnings of districts are used to reduce state permissive GTB costs by \$687,000 in FY92 and \$725,000 in FY93.
- 7. State advances are made July 15, and the last day of each succeeding month in the minimum 7% amount allowed.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

Office of Public Instruction:

		FY '92			FY '93	
Expenditures:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
School Foundation and GTB	393,797,000	393,110,000	(687,000)	393,325,000	392,600,000	(725,000)
Funding:					•	
General Fund	102,511,000	101,824,000	(687,000)	129,831,000	129,106,000	(725,000)
School Equalization (02)	291,286,000	<u>291,286,000</u>	0	263,494,000	263,494,000	0
Total funding	393,797,000	393,110,000	(687,000)	393,325,000	392,600,000	(725,000)
Revenues:						
General Fund	562,288,000	561,196,000	(1,092,000)	579,601,000	578,408,000	(1,193,000)

## Net Impact:

The net impact of this proposal on the general fund will be to <u>reduce</u> the fund balance by \$405,000 in FY92 and \$469,000 in FY93.

## EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

School districts will receive county equalization funds sooner and as a result will earn additional interest earnings which may be used to the extent they are eligible to reduce their cost of permissive, permissive GTB, voted levies, or increase expenditures

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

DAVID E. WANZENRIED, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0940, as introduced

HB 940

52nd Legislature

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HB 0940/02

Montana Legislative Council

#### APPROVED BY COMM. ON EDUCATION AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

2	INTRODUCED BY WANZENRIED, PECK, JERGESON, B. BROWN, BIANCHI,
3	KADAS, NATHE, HAMMOND, GRINDE
4	BY REQUEST OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
5	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
6	
7	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A
8	RELIABLE CASH FLOW TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ALLOWING STATE
9	ADVANCES FOR REVENUE TO BE RAISED BY COUNTY EQUALIZATION
10	LEVIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-212, 20-9-331, 20-9-333,
11	20-9-334, 20-9-335, 20-9-344, 20-9-346, AND 20-9-347, MCA;
12	AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
13	
14	STATEMENT OF INTENT
15	A statement of intent is required for this bill because
16	the superintendent of public instruction is granted
17	rulemaking authority in 20-9-347(2) to adopt rules with
18	regard to state advances to support the basic county tax and
19	the basic special tax for county equalization for foundation
20	program funding. The procedure is intended to ensure that

the county equalization revenue is fully realized by school

districts in a timely manner, regardless of delinquent or

protested taxes. It is anticipated that the county

superintendent of schools shall continue to calculate and

report to the school districts the revenue generated in

HOUSE BILL NO. 940

1 support of the elementary and high school basic county equalization levies for foundation program funding. 2

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

5 Section 1. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read: 6 "20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The

treasurer of each county shall:

(1) receive and hold all school money subject to

- apportionment and keep a separate accounting of its apportionment to the several districts which are entitled to 11 a portion of the money according to the apportionments 12 ordered -- by calculations of the county superintendent. A 13 separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund
- 14 supported by a countywide levy for a specific, authorized
- 15 purpose, including:

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- 16 (a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary 17 foundation programs;
- (b) the basic special tax for high schools in support 18 19 of the high school foundation programs;
- (c) the county tax in support of the county's high 20 21 school transportation obligation;
- 22 (d) the county tax in support of the elementary and 23 high school district retirement obligations; and
- 24 (e) any other county tax for schools, including the

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community colleges, which may be authorized by law and

levied by the county commissioners;

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- superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection (1) of this section and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent;
- (3) keep a separate accounting of the expenditures for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district;
- (4) keep a separate accounting of the receipts, expenditures, and cash balances for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district and for each nonbudgeted fund established by each district;
- (5) except as otherwise limited by law, pay all warrants properly drawn on the county or district school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
- (6) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if no fund is designated by law.

  Interest and penalties on delinquent school taxes shall be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.

- 1 (7) send all revenue received for a joint district,
  2 part of which is situated in his county, to the county
  3 treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no
  4 later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months
  5 thereafter until the end of the school fiscal year;
  - (8) at the direction of the trustees of a district, assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6, part 11;
- 10 (9) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund 11 in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money 12 available in all funds of the district to make payment of 13 the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made 14 in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- 15 (10) invest the money of any district as directed by the 16 trustees of the district within 3 working days of the 17 direction;
- (11) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered warrants, amounts and types of revenue received, and the cash balance:
- 23 (12) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for 24 the county tax for a vocational-technical center when levied 25 by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of

20-16-202: and

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(13) invest the money received from the basic county tax in support of the elementary foundation programs and the basic special tax in support of the high school foundation programs within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b).

(14) AFTER JULY 1, 1991, remit to the state treasurer, no later than January 5 and June 20 of the school fiscal year, the balance of the funds realized pursuant to subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), including all interest earned, in repayment of a state advance for county equalization as prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333 (1)(a) and (1)(b)."

Section 2. Section 20-9-331, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-331. Basic county tax and other revenues for county equalization of the elementary district foundation program. (1) The county commissioners of each county shall levy an annual basic tax of 33 mills on the dollar of the

except for property subject to a tax or fee under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204, for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue collected from this levy must be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of the elementary school districts in the county and to the state special

taxable value of all taxable property within the county,

8 revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the

following manner:

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10 (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised
11 by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the
12 estimated revenue identified in subsection (2) must be
13 subtracted from the total of the foundation programs of all
14 elementary districts of the county.

15 (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section 16 produces more revenue than is required to finance-the difference-determined-in-subsection--(1)(a) repay a state 17 18 advance for county equalization, the county treasurer shall 19 remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit 20 to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid 21 account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance 22 each subsequent month thereafter, with any final

25 (c)--if--revenue--from-the-basic-levy-prescribed-by-this

which the levy has been set.

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remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for

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section-when-combined-with-the-other-revenue-from-subsection (2)-is-insufficient-to-fully-fund-the-percentage-determined in--20-9-347(i)(b)-and-the-county-is-eligible-for-an apportionment-of-state-equalization-aid-under-the-provisions of-20-9-347(i)(c)-the-county-superintendent-shall-notify the-superintendent-of-public-instruction-of-the-deficiency. The-superintendent-of-public-instruction-shall-increase-the state-equalization-aid-payments-to-the-districts-in-the affected-county-to-offset-the-deficiency. A-payment-may-not be-made-under-this-subsection-(c)-that-ailows-a-district-to receive-foundation-program-funding-in-excess--of---the foundation-program-amount-of-the-district-

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- (2) The revenue realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed by this section and the revenue from the following sources must be used for the equalization of the elementary district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting must be kept of the revenue by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) the portion of the federal Taylor Grazing Act funds distributed to a county and designated for the common school fund under the provisions of 17-3-222;
- (b) the portion of the federal flood control act funds distributed to a county and designated for expenditure for the benefit of the county common schools under the

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1 provisions of 17-3-232;

2 (c) all money paid into the county treasury as a result
3 of fines for violations of law, except money paid to a
4 justice's court, and the use of which is not otherwise
5 specified by law:

- (d) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's accounts for the various sources of revenue established or referred to in this section;
- 10 (e) any federal or state money distributed to the
  11 county as payment in lieu of property taxation, including
  12 federal forest reserve funds allocated under the provisions
  13 of 17-3-213;
- 14 (f) gross proceeds taxes from coal under 15-23-703;
- 15 (g) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new 16 production, as defined in 15-23-601, and local government 17 severance taxes on any other production occurring after 18 December 31, 1988; and
- 19 (h) anticipated revenue from property taxes and fees 20 imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 21 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
- Section 3. Section 20-9-333, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "20-9-333. Basic special levy and other revenues for 24 county equalization of high school district foundation 25 program. (1) The county commissioners of each county shall

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levy an annual basic special tax for high schools of 22 1 mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable 3 property within the county, except for property subject to a tax or fee under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521. 61-3-537, and 67-3-204, for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue collected from this levy must be apportioned to the support of the foundation programs of high school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, 10 in the following manner:

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- (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenue identified in subsection (2) must be subtracted from the sum of the county's high school tuition obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all high school districts of the county.
- (b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance--the difference--determined--in--subsection--(1)(a) repay a state advance for county equalization, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for

which the levy has been set.

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te}--If-revenue-from-the-basic-levy-prescribed--by--this section-when-combined-with-the-other-revenue-from-subsection +2}--is-insufficient-to-fully-fund-the-percentage-determined in--20-9-347(1)(b)--and--the--county--is--eligible--for---an apportionment-of-state-equalization-aid-under-the-provisions of--28-9-347/11/c/;--the--county-superintendent-shall-notify the-superintendent-of-public-instruction-of-the--deficiency-The -- superintendent-of-public-instruction-shall-increase-the state-equalization-aid-payments--to--the--districts--in--the affected--county-to-offset-the-deficiency:-A-payment-may-not be-made-under-this-subsection-(c)-that-allows-a-district--to receive---foundation---program--funding--in--excess--of--the foundation-program-amount-of-the-district;

- (2) The revenue realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed in this section and the revenue from the following sources must be used for the equalization of the high school district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting must be kept of the revenue by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's accounts for the various sources of revenue established in this section;

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- (b) any federal or state money distributed to the county as payment in lieu of property taxation, including federal forest reserve funds allocated under the provisions of 17-3-213;
- 5 (c) gross proceeds taxes from coal under 15-23-703;

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- (d) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new production, as defined in 15-23-601, and local government severance taxes on any other production occurring after December 31, 1988; and
- 10 (e) anticipated revenue from property taxes and fees
  11 imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521,
  12 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
- Section 4. Section 20-9-334, MCA, is amended to read:
  - by county superintendent. The county superintendent shall separately apportion the revenues—deposited—in state advances for the basic county tax account and the revenues deposited—in state advances for the basic special tax for high schools account, as prescribed in 20-9-347, to the several districts of the county on a monthly basis. The apportionments shall be known as "county equalization moneys". Before the revenues are apportioned, the county superintendent makes—the-monthly-apportionments;—he shall:
  - (1) deduct from the revenues available in the basic county tax account the amount required for the month to pay

- the county's obligation for elementary transportation
  reimbursements: and
- 3 (2) deduct from the revenues available in the basic 4 special tax for high schools account the amount required for 5 the month to pay the county's obligation for high school 6 out-of-county tuition."
- 7 Section 5. Section 20-9-335, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-335. Formula for apportionment calculation of 9 county equalization moneys. (1) After making such deductions 10 prescribed in 20-9-334, the county superintendent shall 11 apportion--the--remaining--amount--of--moneys calculate and 12 report county apportionment and revenue available in the 13 basic county tax account to the several-public elementary 14 school districts of the county and in the basic special tax 15 for high schools account to the several public-secondary 16 high school districts of the county in proportion to their 17 needs under the foundation program in accordance with the 18 following procedure:
  - (a) determine the percentage that the county equalization moneys available for the support of the foundation programs of the public elementary school districts in the county is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all public elementary school districts;
- 25 (b) multiply the foundation program amount of each

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public elementary school district by the percentage determined in subsection (1)(a) above to determine the portion of the county equalization moneys available to each public elementary school district.

- (2) The above procedure shall also be applied for public-secondary high school districts.
- shell may not be excluded from the apportionment calculations of the county equalization moneys under this section solely because such the territory lies within the boundaries of a joint district. Cash balances to the credit of any district at the end of a school fiscal year shell may not be considered in the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section.
- under these procedures shall-constitute are the first source of revenue in calculating the financing of the public elementary and secondary high school district foundation program. The county superintendent shall use the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section in computing the estimated revenues for the financing of the ensuing year's foundation program for budgeting purposes."
- Section 6. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

  24 "20-9-344. Purpose of state equalization aid and duties
- 25 of the board of public education for distribution --

- conditions of first payment. (1) The money available for state equalization aid must be distributed and apportioned to provide an annual minimum operating revenue for the elementary and high schools in each county, exclusive of revenues required for debt service and for the payment of any costs and expense incurred in connection with any adult education program, recreation program, school food services program, new buildings and grounds, and transportation.
  - (2) The board of public education shall administer and distribute the state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:
  - (a) adopt policies for regulating the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law and in a manner that provides for state advances for county equalization and monthly distribution to each district of its foundation program amount and to each county and district distribution of its guaranteed tax base aid;
- (b) have the power to require reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it considers necessary; and
- (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to the aid as established by

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- the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- (3) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction to withhold distribution of state equalization aid or order the county superintendent of schools to withhold county equalization money from a district when the district fails to:
- (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or rules adopted by the board of public education; or
- (b) maintain accredited status.

- (4) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public education to withhold distribution of state equalization aid or county equalization money, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing before the board of public education, as provided under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
- (5) If a district or county receives more state equalization aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer shall return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the department of commerce.

- (6) (a) The first foundation program payment and guaranteed tax base aid payment must be based on an estimate of 20% of the entitlement of each district or county and distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year.
- (b) Each subsequent monthly payment must be at least 7% of the entitlement of each district or county."
- Section 7. Section 20-9-346, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-346. Duties of the superintendent of public instruction for state equalization aid distribution. The superintendent of public instruction shall administer the distribution of the state equalization aid by:
- (1) establishing the annual entitlement of each district and county to state equalization aid, based on the data reported in the retirement and general fund budgets for each district that have been duly adopted for the current school fiscal year and verified by the superintendent of public instruction and by applying the verified data under the provisions of the state equalization aid allocation procedure prescribed in 20-9-347;
- (2) recommending to the board of public education the entitlement of all districts and counties to state equalization aid to enable the board of public education to order the distribution of state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization;
- 25 (3) distributing by state warrant or electronic

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equalization

- transfer the state equalization aid and state advances for

  county equalization, for each district or county entitled to

  the aid, to the county treasurer of the respective county or

  county where the district is located, in accordance with the

  distribution ordered by the board of public education;
- 6 (4) keeping a record in-his--office of the full and
  7 complete data concerning money available for state
  8 equalization aid, state advances for county equalization,
  9 and the entitlements for state equalization aid of the
  10 districts of the state;
- 11 (5) reporting to the board of public education the 12 estimated amount that will be available for state 13 equalization aid; and
- 14 (6) reporting to both houses of the state legislature
  15 in any year when a session is convened:
- (a) the figures and data available in his office concerning distributions of state equalization aid during the preceding 2 school fiscal years;
- 19 (b) the amount of state equalization aid then
  20 available;
- 21 (c) the apportionment made of the available money but
  22 not yet distributed; and
- 23 (d) the latest estimate of accruals of money available
  24 for state equalization aid; and
- 25 (e) the amount of state advances and repayment for

l county equalization."

following procedure:

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Section 8. Section 20-9-347, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-347. Formula for state

- apportionment in support of foundation program —— state

  advances. (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall

  apportion the state equalization aid available for support

  of the foundation program, individually for the elementary

  districts of a county or the high school districts of a

  county, in accordance with 20-9-346 and on the basis of the
- 11 (a) Determine the percentage that the total funds
  12 available to all counties in the state in support of the
  13 foundation program (including the state money available for
  14 state equalization aid in support of the foundation program)
  15 is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all
- 17 (b) Determine the percentage that the total funds 18 available in each county in support of the foundation 19 programs in the county (excluding state money available for
- state equalization aid in support of the foundation program)
  is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all
- 22 districts of the county.

counties.

- 23 (c) Counties in which the percentage determined in
- 24 subsection (1)(b) exceeds the percentage determined in
- subsection (1)(a) are not entitled to an apportionment of

the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program.

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- (d) After elimination of the counties referred to in subsection (1)(c), determine the percentage that the total money available to all remaining counties in support of the foundation program (including the state money available for state equalization aid in support of the foundation program) is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all remaining counties.
- (e) Each district of each remaining county is entitled to an apportionment of the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program equal to the difference between the percentage determined in subsection (1)(d) and the percentage determined for the county in subsection (1)(b) multiplied by the foundation program amount for the district.
  - (2) The superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) supply the county treasurer and the county superintendent with a report of the apportionments of state equalization aid in support of the foundation program of each district of the county, and the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program must be apportioned to the districts in accordance with the report;
- (b) in the manner described in 20-9-344, provide for a state advance to each county in an amount that is no less

- than the amount anticipated to be raised for the basic county tax fund in 20-9-331 and the basic special tax fund in 20-9-333. The county treasurer shall remit repayment for the state advances solely from the revenue available to the funds in 20-9-212(1)(a) and (1)(b).
- subsection (2)(b)."
   NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 9.** Effective date. [This act] is 9 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

(c) adopt rules to implement the provisions of

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 940
2	INTRODUCED BY WANZENRIED, PECK, JERGESON, B. BROWN, BIANCHI,
3	RADAS, NATHE, HAMMOND, GRINDE
4	BY REQUEST OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
5	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
6	
7	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A
8	RELIABLE CASH FLOW TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ALLOWING STATE
9	ADVANCES FOR REVENUE TO BE RAISED BY COUNTY EQUALIZATION
10	LEVIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-212, 20-9-331, 20-9-333,
11	20-9-334, 20-9-335, 20-9-344, 20-9-346, AND 20-9-347, MCA;
12	AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
13	
14	STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because the superintendent of public instruction is granted rulemaking authority in 20-9-347(2) to adopt rules with regard to state advances to support the basic county tax and the basic special tax for county equalization for foundation program funding. The procedure is intended to ensure that the county equalization revenue is fully realized by school districts in a timely manner, regardless of delinquent or protested taxes. It is anticipated that the county superintendent of schools shall continue to calculate and report to the school districts the revenue generated in



There are no changes in this bill, and will not be reprinted. Please refer to yellow copy for complete text.

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HOUSE BILL NO. 940

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1	support	of	the e	lementary	and	high :	school	basic	county
2	equaliza	tion	levies	for found	ation	program	n fundi	ing.	

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
- 5 Section 1. Section 20-9-212, MCA, is amended to read: 6 "20-9-212. Duties of county treasurer. The county
- 7 treasurer of each county shall:
- В (1) receive and hold all school money subject to apportionment and keep a separate accounting of its 9 apportionment to the several districts which are entitled to 10 a portion of the money according to the apportionments 11 12 ordered -- by calculations of the county superintendent. A 13 separate accounting must be maintained for each county fund 14 supported by a countywide levy for a specific, authorized 15 purpose, including:
- 16 (a) the basic county tax in support of the elementary
  17 foundation programs;
- (b) the basic special tax for high schools in support
  of the high school foundation programs;
- 20 (c) the county tax in support of the county's high 21 school transportation obligation;
- (d) the county tax in support of the elementary and high school district retirement obligations; and
- (e) any other county tax for schools, including the community colleges, which may be authorized by law and

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levied by the county commissioners;

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- (2) whenever requested. notify the county superintendent and the superintendent of public instruction of the amount of county school money on deposit in each of the funds enumerated in subsection (1) of this section and the amount of any other school money subject to apportionment and apportion the county and other school money to the districts in accordance with the apportionment ordered by the county superintendent:
- (3) keep a separate accounting of the expenditures for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district;
- (4) keep a separate accounting of the receipts. expenditures, and cash balances for each budgeted fund included in the final budget of each district and for each nonbudgeted fund established by each district:
- (5) except as otherwise limited by law, pay warrants properly drawn on the county or district school money and properly endorsed by their holders;
- (6) receive all revenue collected by and for each district and deposit these receipts in the fund designated by law or by the district if no fund is designated by law, Interest and penalties on delinquent school taxes shall be credited to the same fund and district for which the original taxes were levied.

- (7) send all revenue received for a joint district, part of which is situated in his county, to the county treasurer designated as the custodian of the revenue, no later than December 15 of each year and every 3 months thereafter until the end of the school fiscal year;
- (8) at the direction of the trustees of a district, assist the district in the issuance and sale of tax and revenue anticipation notes as provided in Title 7, chapter 6. part 11;
- (9) register district warrants drawn on a budgeted fund in accordance with 7-6-2604 when there is insufficient money available in all funds of the district to make payment of the warrant. Redemption of registered warrants must be made in accordance with 7-6-2116, 7-6-2605, and 7-6-2606.
- 15 (10) invest the money of any district as directed by the trustees of the district within 3 working days of the 16 17 direction;
- 18 (11) each month give to the trustees of each district an itemized report for each fund maintained by the district, 20 showing the paid warrants, outstanding warrants, registered 21 warrants, amounts and types of revenue received, and the 22 cash balance;
  - (12) remit promptly to the state treasurer receipts for the county tax for a vocational-technical center when levied by the board of county commissioners under the provisions of

1 20-16-202; and

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(13) invest the money received from the basic county tax in support of the elementary foundation programs and the basic special tax in support of the high school foundation programs within 3 working days of receipt. The money must be invested until the working day before it is required to be distributed to school districts within the county or remitted to the state. Permissible investments are specified in 20-9-213(4). All investment income must be deposited, and credited proportionately, in the funds established to account for the taxes received for the purposes specified in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b).

(14) AFTER JULY 1, 1991, remit to the state treasurer, no later than January 5 and June 20 of the school fiscal year, the balance of the funds realized pursuant to subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), including all interest earned, in repayment of a state advance for county equalization as prescribed in 20-9-347. Any funds in excess of a state advance must be used as required in 20-9-331(1)(b) and 20-9-333 (1)(a) and (1)(b)."

Section 2. Section 20-9-331, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-331. Basic county tax and other revenues for county equalization of the elementary district foundation program. (1) The county commissioners of each county shall levy an annual basic tax of 33 mills on the dollar of the

taxable value of all taxable property within the county,

except for property subject to a tax or fee under 23-2-517,

3 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204, for

4 the purposes of local and state foundation program support.

5 The revenue collected from this levy must be apportioned to

6 the support of the foundation programs of the elementary

7 school districts in the county and to the state special

8 revenue fund, state equalization aid account, in the

9 following manner:

(a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenue identified in subsection (2) must be subtracted from the total of the foundation programs of all elementary districts of the county.

(b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance-the difference-determined-in-subsection--(1)(a) repay a state advance for county equalization, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for which the levy has been set.

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section-when-combined-with-the-other-revenue-from-subsection (2)-is-insufficient-to-fully-fund-the-percentage-determined in---20-9-347(1)(b)--and--the--county--is--eligible--for--an apportionment-of-state-equalisation-aid-under-the-provisions of-20-9-347(1)(c),-the-county--superintendent--shall--notify the--superintendent-of-public-instruction-of-the-deficiency: The-superintendent-of-public-instruction-shall-increase--the state--equalisation--aid--payments--to--the-districts-in-the affected-county-to-offset-the-deficiency:-A-payment-may--not be--made-under-this-subsection-(c)-that-allows-a-district-to receive--foundation--program--funding--in--excess---of---the foundation-program-amount-of-the-district:

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- (2) The revenue realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed by this section and the revenue from the following sources must be used for the equalization of the elementary district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting must be kept of the revenue by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) the portion of the federal Taylor Grazing Act funds distributed to a county and designated for the common school fund under the provisions of 17-3-222;
- (b) the portion of the federal flood control act funds distributed to a county and designated for expenditure for the benefit of the county common schools under the

1 provisions of 17-3-232;

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- 2 (c) all money paid into the county treasury as a result
  3 of fines for violations of law, except money paid to a
  4 justice's court, and the use of which is not otherwise
  5 specified by law;
- 6 (d) any money remaining at the end of the immediately
  7 preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's
  8 accounts for the various sources of revenue established or
  9 referred to in this section;
- 10 (e) any federal or state money distributed to the
  11 county as payment in lieu of property taxation, including
  12 federal forest reserve funds allocated under the provisions
  13 of 17-3-213:
  - (f) gross proceeds taxes from coal under 15-23-703;
  - (g) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new production, as defined in 15-23-601, and local government severance taxes on any other production occurring after December 31, 1988; and
- 19 (h) anticipated revenue from property taxes and fees
  20 imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521,
  21 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
  - Section 3. Section 20-9-333, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "20-9-333. Basic special levy and other revenues for county equalization of high school district foundation program. (1) The county commissioners of each county shall

HB 940

HB 940

- nevy an annual basic special tax for high schools of 22 mills on the dollar of the taxable value of all taxable property within the county, except for property subject to a tax or fee under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204, for the purposes of local and state foundation program support. The revenue collected from this levy must be apportioned to the support of the foundation B programs of high school districts in the county and to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account. in the following manner:
  - (a) In order to determine the amount of revenue raised by this levy which is retained by the county, the sum of the estimated revenue identified in subsection (2) must be subtracted from the sum of the county's high school tuition obligation and the total of the foundation programs of all high school districts of the county.

(b) If the basic levy prescribed by this section produces more revenue than is required to finance—the difference—determined—in—subsection—(‡)(a) repay a state advance for county equalization, the county treasurer shall remit the surplus funds to the state treasurer for deposit to the state special revenue fund, state equalization aid account, immediately upon occurrence of a surplus balance and each subsequent month thereafter, with any final remittance due no later than June 20 of the fiscal year for

which the levy has been set.

(c)--If-revenue-from-the-basic-levy-prescribed--by--this
section-when-combined-with-the-other-revenue-from-subsection
(2)--is-insufficient-to-fully-fund-the-percentage-determined
in--20-9-347(1)(b)--and--the--county--is--eligible--for---an
apportionment-of-state-equalization-aid-under-the-provisions
of--20-9-347(1)(c);--the--county-superintendent-shall-notify
the-superintendent-of-public-instruction-of-the--deficiency;
The--superintendent-of-public-instruction-shall-increase-the
state-equalization-aid-payments---to--the--districts--in--the
affected--county-to-offset-the-deficiency;-A-payment-may-not
be-made-under-this-subsection-(c)-that-allows-a-district---to
receive----foundation----program--funding--in--excess---of---the
foundation-program-amount-of-the-district;

- (2) The revenue realized from the county's portion of the levy prescribed in this section and the revenue from the following sources must be used for the equalization of the high school district foundation programs of the county as prescribed in 20-9-334, and a separate accounting must be kept of the revenue by the county treasurer in accordance with 20-9-212(1):
- (a) any money remaining at the end of the immediately preceding school fiscal year in the county treasurer's accounts for the various sources of revenue established in this section;

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(b) any federal or state money distributed to the county as payment in lieu of property taxation, including federal forest reserve funds allocated under the provisions of 17-3-213:

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- (c) gross proceeds taxes from coal under 15-23-703;
- (d) net proceeds taxes for interim production and new production, as defined in 15-23-601, and local government severance taxes on any other production occurring after December 31, 1988; and
- (e) anticipated revenue from property taxes and fees imposed under 23-2-517, 23-2-803, 61-3-504(2), 61-3-521, 61-3-537, and 67-3-204."
- Section 4. Section 20-9-334, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "20-9-334. Apportionment of county equalization moneys by county superintendent. The county superintendent shall separately apportion the revenues—deposited—in state advances for the basic county tax account and the revenues deposited—in state advances for the basic special tax for high schools account, as prescribed in 20-9-347, to the several districts of the county on a monthly basis. The apportionments shall be known as "county equalization moneys". Before the revenues are apportioned, the county superintendent makes—the-monthly-apportionments—he shall:

(1) deduct from the revenues available in the basic

county tax account the amount required for the month to pay

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- the county's obligation for elementary transportation
  reimbursements; and
- 3 (2) deduct from the revenues available in the basic 4 special tax for high schools account the amount required for 5 the month to pay the county's obligation for high school 6 out-of-county tuition."
  - Section 5. Section 20-9-335, MCA, is amended to read:
  - "20-9-335. Pormula for apportionment calculation of county equalization moneys. (1) After making such deductions prescribed in 20-9-334, the county superintendent shall apportion—the—remaining—amount—of—moneys calculate and report county apportionment and revenue available in the basic county tax account to the several-public elementary school districts of the county and in the basic special tax for high schools account to the several public-secondary high school districts of the county in proportion to their needs under the foundation program in accordance with the following procedure:
  - (a) determine the percentage that the county equalization moneys available for the support of the foundation programs of the public elementary school districts in the county is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all public elementary school districts;
- 25 (b) multiply the foundation program amount of each

-12-

public elementary school district by the percentage determined in subsection (1)(a) above to determine the portion of the county equalization moneys available to each public elementary school district.

- (2) The above procedure shall also be applied for public-secondary high school districts.
- (3) No-territory Territory situated within a county shall may not be excluded from the apportionment calculations of the county equalization moneys under this section solely because such the territory lies within the boundaries of a joint district. Cash balances to the credit of any district at the end of a school fiscal year shall may not be considered in the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section.
- under these procedures shall-constitute are the first source of revenue in calculating the financing of the public elementary and secondary high school district foundation program. The county superintendent shall use the apportionment procedure prescribed in this section in computing the estimated revenues for the financing of the ensuing year's foundation program for budgeting purposes."
- Section 6. Section 20-9-344, MCA, is amended to read:

  "20-9-344. Purpose of state equalization aid and duties
  of the board of public education for distribution ---

- conditions of first payment. (1) The money available for state equalization aid must be distributed and apportioned to provide an annual minimum operating revenue for the elementary and high schools in each county, exclusive of revenues required for debt service and for the payment of any costs and expense incurred in connection with any adult education program, recreation program, school food services program, new buildings and grounds, and transportation.
  - (2) The board of public education shall administer and distribute the state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization in the manner and with the powers and duties provided by law. To this end, the board of public education shall:
  - (a) adopt policies for regulating the distribution of state equalization aid in accordance with the provisions of law and in a manner that provides for state advances for county equalization and monthly distribution to each district of its foundation program amount and to each county and district distribution of its quaranteed tax base aid;
  - (b) have the power to require reports from the county superintendents, budget boards, county treasurers, and trustees as it considers necessary; and
  - (c) order the superintendent of public instruction to distribute the state equalization aid on the basis of each district's annual entitlement to the aid as established by

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- the superintendent of public instruction. In ordering the distribution of state equalization aid, the board of public education may not increase or decrease the state equalization aid distribution to any district on account of any difference that may occur during the school fiscal year between budgeted and actual receipts from any other source of school revenue.
- (3) The board of public education may order the superintendent of public instruction withhold to distribution of state equalization aid or order the county superintendent of schools to withhold county equalization money from a district when the district fails to:
- (a) submit reports or budgets as required by law or rules adopted by the board of public education: or
  - (b) maintain accredited status.

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- (4) Prior to any proposed order by the board of public education to withhold distribution of state equalization aid or county equalization money, the district is entitled to a contested case hearing before the board of public education, as provided under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.
- (5) If a district or county receives more equalization aid than it is entitled to, the county treasurer shall return the overpayment to the state upon the request of the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the department of commerce.

- (6) (a) The first foundation program payment and quaranteed tax base aid payment must be based on an estimate of 20% of the entitlement of each district or county and distributed by July 15 of the school fiscal year.
- (b) Each subsequent monthly payment must be at least 7% of the entitlement of each district or county."
  - Section 7. Section 20-9-346, MCA, is amended to read:
- \*20-9-346. Duties of the superintendent of public instruction for state equalization aid distribution. The superintendent of public instruction shall administer the distribution of the state equalization aid by:
- (1) establishing the annual entitlement of each district and county to state equalization aid, based on the data reported in the retirement and general fund budgets for each district that have been duly adopted for the current school fiscal year and verified by the superintendent of public instruction and by applying the verified data under the provisions of the state equalization aid allocation procedure prescribed in 20-9-347;
- (2) recommending to the board of public education the entitlement of all districts and counties to state equalization aid to enable the board of public education to order the distribution of state equalization aid and state advances for county equalization;
  - electronic (3) distributing by state warrant or

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1	transfer the state equalization aid and state advances for
2	county equalization, for each district or county entitled to
3	the aid, to the county treasurer of the respective county or
4	county where the district is located, in accordance with the
5	distribution ordered by the board of public education;

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- (4) keeping a record in-his--office of the full and complete data concerning money available for state equalization aid, state advances for county equalization, and the entitlements for state equalization aid of the districts of the state;
- (5) reporting to the board of public education the 11 estimated amount that will be available for state 12 13 equalization aid; and
- (6) reporting to both houses of the state legislature 14 in any year when a session is convened: 15
- (a) the figures and data available in his office 16 concerning distributions of state equalization aid during 17 the preceding 2 school fiscal years; 18
- (b) the amount of state equalization aid 19 20 available:
- (c) the apportionment made of the available money but 21 not yet distributed; and 22
- (d) the latest estimate of accruals of money available 23 for state equalization aid; and 24
- (e) the amount of state advances and repayment for 25

county equalization."

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Section 8. Section 20-9-347, MCA, is amended to read: 2

"20-9-347. Pormula for state equalization 3 apportionment in support of foundation program -- state advances. (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall apportion the state equalization aid available for support of the foundation program, individually for the elementary districts of a county or the high school districts of a county, in accordance with 20-9-346 and on the basis of the following procedure:

- (a) Determine the percentage that the total funds available to all counties in the state in support of the foundation program (including the state money available for state equalization aid in support of the foundation program) is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all counties.
- (b) Determine the percentage that the total funds available in each county in support of the foundation programs in the county (excluding state money available for 20 state equalization aid in support of the foundation program) is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all 21 districts of the county. 22
- 23 (c) Counties in which the percentage determined in 24 subsection (1)(b) exceeds the percentage determined in 25 subsection (1)(a) are not entitled to an apportionment of

**HB 940** 

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the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program.

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- (d) After elimination of the counties referred to in subsection (1)(c), determine the percentage that the total money available to all remaining counties in support of the foundation program (including the state money available for state equalization aid in support of the foundation program) is of the total amount of the foundation programs of all remaining counties.
- (e) Each district of each remaining county is entitled to an apportionment of the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program equal to the difference between the percentage determined in subsection (1)(d) and the percentage determined for the county in subsection (1)(b) multiplied by the foundation program amount for the district.
  - (2) The superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) supply the county treasurer and the county superintendent with a report of the apportionments of state equalization aid in support of the foundation program of each district of the county, and the state equalization aid in support of the foundation program must be apportioned to the districts in accordance with the report;
- 24 (b) in the manner described in 20-9-344, provide for a 25 state advance to each county in an amount that is no less

- 1 than the amount anticipated to be raised for the basic
- 2 county tax fund in 20-9-331 and the basic special tax fund
- 3 in 20-9-333. The county treasurer shall remit repayment for
- 4 the state advances solely from the revenue available to the
- 5 funds in 20-9-212(1)(a) and (1)(b).
- 6 (c) adopt rules to implement the provisions of
- 7 subsection (2)(b)."
- 8 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Effective date. [This act] is
- 9 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-



STAN STEPHENS GOVERNOR

# State of Montana Office of the Covernor Welena, Montana 59620 406-444-3111

April 24, 1991

The Honorable Hal Harper Speaker of the House House of Representatives Capitol Station Helena, Montana 59620

The Honorable Joseph P. Mazurek President Montana State Senate Capitol Station Helena, Montana 59620

Dear Speaker Harper and President Mazurek:

In accordance with the power vested in me as Governor by the Constitution and laws of the State of Montana, I hereby veto the adoption of House Bill 940, "AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR A RELIABLE CASH FLOW TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY ALLOWING STATE ADVANCES FOR REVENUE TO BE RAISED BY COUNTY EQUALIZATION LEVIES; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-9-212, 20-9-331, 20-9-333, 20-9-334, 20-9-335, 20-9-344, 20-9-346, AND 20-9-347, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

House Bill 940 appears to facilitate school district cash flow. It is bad business practice for schools and for the state of Montana. I have been advised by the Office of Budget and Program Planning and numerous legislators, that the arbitrage plan would, indeed, have a cost. Using money earmarked for the education of our children to fund an ill-conceived investment plan is not a sound business practice nor good public policy.

School district cash flows have historically been protected by cash reserve accounts. Recent changes to accelerate state payments have increased that protection. With these changes and reasonable planning, school district officials have the mechanisms to avoid the problem this bill purports to solve.

I cannot risk the financial integrity of our school financing system to resolve an issue that has not been demonstrated to be a significant public policy issue.

I therefore veto House Bill 940.

STAN STEPHENS

Governor

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0941, as introduced.

## DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act allowing members of the Sheriffs' Retirement System to purchase an additional year of service for every 5 years of creditable service; limiting the combined purchase of service to 5 years.

## ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Members of the Sheriff's Retirement System (SRS) would be eligible to purchase an additional year of service for each five years of creditable service, up to a combined maximum purchase of five years of service. This service purchased will be used for reaching retirement eligibility and for calculating the retirement benefit.
- 2. Since the bill provides that the member will pay the total actuarial cost of purchasing the service, there will be no actuarial cost to the retirement system. Each individual member will pay the entire cost of his/her increased benefit (which will be more than the total employer and employee contribution rate) and no increased contributions will be required from employers or other employees. Therefore, there is no financial impact to the state or to local government (county) employers.
- 3. While SRS pension trust fund revenues will increase by amounts paid to purchase this service and pension benefits paid out will increase because of the service purchased, the actual impact during the next biennium can not be estimated at this time. The cost of purchasing each year of service under this legislation will be significant and it is not expected that more than a few members will actually purchase the service.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

None.

## LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Since the member must pay the full actuarial cost of providing the benefit enhancement, few members are expected to take advantage of this proposal.

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

STEVE BENEDICT, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0941, as introduced

HB 941

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 941	0
2	INTRODUCED BY Benefit Come Com	James
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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING MEMBERS OF THE
SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO PURCHASE AN ADDITIONAL YEAR
OF SERVICE FOR EVERY 5 YEARS OF CREDITABLE SERVICE; LIMITING
THE COMBINED PURCHASE OF SERVICE TO 5 YEARS; AMENDING
SECTION 19-7-310, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Election to purchase additional service. (1) Except as provided in subsection (6), at any time before retirement, a member may make a written election with the board to purchase 1 additional year of service for every 5 years of creditable service.

- (2) Service purchased under this section must be credited for the purpose of meeting retirement eligibility and for calculating retirement benefits.
- (3) To qualify this service, a member shall:
- 20 (a) make a written election with the board to qualify
  21 the service: and
- 22 (b) contribute to the retirement fund the actuarial
  23 cost of granting the service in the sheriffs' retirement
  24 system, as determined by the board, based on:
  - (i) the member's compensation for the 12 months



immediately preceding the date of his election to cover the
service under the sheriffs' retirement system; and

- 3 (ii) the total contribution rate in effect at the time 4 the service is purchased.
  - (4) Contributions to qualify service under this section may be made in a lump-sum payment or in installments as agreed upon by the member and the board. Payments must be completed prior to retirement.
  - (5) Service qualified under this section may not be:
- 10 (a) credited in any other retirement system under Title
  11 19: or
- 12 (b) used to qualify for the purchase of military 13 service under 19-7-310.
- 14 (6) The combined total of additional years of service 15 purchased under the provisions of 19-7-310 and this section 16 may not exceed 5 years.
- 17 Section 2. Section 19~7-310, MCA, is amended to read:

\*19-7-310. Election to qualify previous military

- service. (1) A member with 15 years or more of service may, at any time prior to his retirement, make a written election with the board to qualify all or any portion of his active service in the armed forces of the United States for the
- 24 of 5 years, except as provided in subsection (3), if he is
- 25 not otherwise eligible to receive credit. To qualify

purpose of calculating retirement benefits, up to a maximum

1 military service, he must contribute to the account the 2 actuarial cost of granting the service, to be determined by 3 the board based on his compensation and normal contribution rate as of his 16th year and as many succeeding years as are 4 5 required to qualify this service, plus accrued interest. 6 Interest accrues from the date on which the member has 7 completed the number of service years in excess of 15 needed 8 to qualify the military service to the date he contributes. He may not qualify more of his military service than he has 9 10 service in the sheriffs' retirement system in excess of 15 years. Military service purchased under this section may not 11 12 be used in determining eligibility for a service retirement.

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- (2) If a member has retired from active duty in the armed forces of the United States with normal service retirement benefits, he may not qualify his military service under subsection (1). However, a member who is serving or has served in the military reserves with the expectation of receiving a military service pension may qualify his active military service under subsection (1) if his active duty in the armed forces of the United States is not more than 25% of the total of all his years of military service, including reserve and active duty time.
- (3) The combined total purchase of additional years of service under the provisions of [section 1] and this section may not exceed 5 years."

- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction.
- 2 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part
  - of Title 19, chapter 7, part 3, and the provisions of Title
- 4 19, chapter 7, part 3, apply to [section 1].
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is
- 6 effective July 1, 1991.

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1 INTRODUCED BY BA 2 3

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING MEMBERS OF THE SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO PURCHASE AN ADDITIONAL YEAR OF SERVICE FOR EVERY 5 YEARS OF CREDITABLE SERVICE; LIMITING THE COMBINED PURCHASE OF SERVICE TO 5 YEARS; AMENDING SECTION 19-7-310, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 10

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Election purchase additional service. (1) Except as provided in subsection (6), at any time before retirement, a member may make a written election with the board to purchase 1 additional year of service for every 5 years of creditable service.

- 16 (2) Service purchased under this section must be 17 credited for the purpose of meeting retirement eligibility 18 and for calculating retirement benefits.
  - (3) To qualify this service, a member shall:
- (a) make a written election with the board to qualify 20 21 the service: and
- (b) contribute to the retirement fund the actuarial 22 cost of granting the service in the sheriffs' retirement system, as determined by the board, based on:
- 25 (i) the member's compensation for the 12 months



immediately preceding the date of his election to cover the service under the sheriffs' retirement system; and

- 3 (ii) the total contribution rate in effect at the time the service is purchased.
  - (4) Contributions to qualify service under this section may be made in a lump-sum payment or in installments as agreed upon by the member and the board. Payments must be completed prior to retirement.
    - (5) Service qualified under this section may not be:
- (a) credited in any other retirement system under Title 10 19: or 11
- 12 (b) used to qualify for the purchase of military service under 19-7-310. 13
- 14 (6) The combined total of additional years of service purchased under the provisions of 19-7-310 and this section 15 16 may not exceed 5 years.

Section 2. Section 19-7-310, MCA, is amended to read:

\*19-7-310. Election to qualify previous military service. (1) A member with 15 years or more of service may, at any time prior to his retirement, make a written election with the board to qualify all or any portion of his active service in the armed forces of the United States for the purpose of calculating retirement benefits, up to a maximum of 5 years, except as provided in subsection (3), if he is

otherwise eligible to receive credit. To qualify

THIRD READING CONSENT CALENDAR

1 military service, he must contribute to the account the 2 actuarial cost of granting the service, to be determined by 3 the board based on his compensation and normal contribution rate as of his 16th year and as many succeeding years as are 5 required to qualify this service, plus accrued interest. 6 Interest accrues from the date on which the member has 7 completed the number of service years in excess of 15 needed 8 to qualify the military service to the date he contributes. 9 He may not qualify more of his military service than he has 10 service in the sheriffs' retirement system in excess of 15 11 years. Military service purchased under this section may not 12 be used in determining eligibility for a service retirement.

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- (2) If a member has retired from active duty in the armed forces of the United States with normal service retirement benefits, he may not qualify his military service under subsection (1). However, a member who is serving or has served in the military reserves with the expectation of receiving a military service pension may qualify his active military service under subsection (1) if his active duty in the armed forces of the United States is not more than 25% of the total of all his years of military service, including reserve and active duty time.
- 23 (3) The combined total purchase of additional years of
  24 service under the provisions of [section 1] and this section
  25 may not exceed 5 years."

- 1 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction.
- 2 [Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 3 of Title 19, chapter 7, part 3, and the provisions of Title
- 4 19, chapter 7, part 3, apply to [section 1].
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is
- 6 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

52nd Legislature HB 0941/02 HB 0941/02

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 941	1	immediately preceding the date of his election to cover the
2	INTRODUCED BY BENEDICT, D. BROWN, SQUIRES, STRIZICH	2	service under the sheriffs' retirement system; and
3		3	(ii) the total contribution rate in effect at the time
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT ALLOWING MEMBERS OF THE	4	the service is purchased.
5	SHERIFFS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM TO PURCHASE AN ADDITIONAL YEAR	5	(4) Contributions to qualify service under this section
6	OF SERVICE FOR EVERY 5 YEARS OF CREDITABLE SERVICE; LIMITING	6	may be made in a lump-sum payment or in installments as
7	THE COMBINED PURCHASE OF SERVICE TO 5 YEARS; AMENDING	7	agreed upon by the member and the board. Payments must be
8	SECTION 19-7-310, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."	8	completed prior to retirement.
9		9	(5) Service qualified under this section may not be:
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	10	(a) credited in any other retirement system under Title
11	NEW SECTION. Section 1. Election to purchase	11	19; or
12	additional service. (1) Except as provided in subsection	12	(b) used to qualify for the purchase of military
13	(6), at any time before retirement, a member may make a	13	service under 19-7-310.
14	written election with the board to purchase l additional	14	(6) The combined total of additional years of service
15	year of service for every 5 years of creditable service.	15	purchased under the provisions of 19-7-310 and this section
16	(2) Service purchased under this section must be	16	may not exceed 5 years.
17	credited for the purpose of meeting retirement eligibility	17	Section 2. Section 19-7-310, MCA, is amended to read:
18	and for calculating retirement benefits.	18	"19-7-310. Election to qualify previous military
19	(3) To qualify this service, a member shall:	19	service. (1) A member with 15 years or more of service may,
20	(a) make a written election with the board to qualify	20	at any time prior to his retirement, make a written election
21	the service; and	21	with the board to qualify all or any portion of his active
22	(b) contribute to the retirement fund the actuarial	22	service in the armed forces of the United States for the
23	cost of granting the service in the sheriffs' retirement	23	purpose of calculating retirement benefits, up to a maximum
24	system, as determined by the board, based on:	24	of 5 years, except as provided in subsection (3), if he is
25	(i) the member's compensation for the 12 months	25	not otherwise eligible to receive credit. To qualify



HB 941 REFERENCE BILL CONSENT CALENDAR

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military service, he must contribute to the account the 1 actuarial cost of granting the service, to be determined by 3 the board based on his compensation and normal contribution rate as of his 16th year and as many succeeding years as are required to qualify this service, plus accrued interest. Interest accrues from the date on which the member has completed the number of service years in excess of 15 needed to qualify the military service to the date he contributes. 8 He may not qualify more of his military service than he has service in the sheriffs' retirement system in excess of 15 10 years. Military service purchased under this section may not 11 12 be used in determining eligibility for a service retirement. 13

(2) If a member has retired from active duty in the armed forces of the United States with normal service retirement benefits, he may not qualify his military service under subsection (1). However, a member who is serving or has served in the military reserves with the expectation of receiving a military service pension may qualify his active military service under subsection (1) if his active duty in the armed forces of the United States is not more than 25% of the total of all his years of military service, including reserve and active duty time.

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(3) The combined total purchase of additional years of service under the provisions of [section 1] and this section may not exceed 5 years." NEW SECTION. Section 3. Codification instruction.

[Section 1] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 19, chapter 7, part 3, and the provisions of Title 19, chapter 7, part 3, apply to [section 1].

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Effective date. [This act] is

-End-

effective July 1, 1991.

HB 941

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