HOUSE BILL 898

Introduced by Messmore

2/16	Introduced
2/16	Referred to Judiciary
2/16	First Reading
2/16	Fiscal Note Requested
2/21	Fiscal Note Received
2/22	Hearing
2/22	Tabled in Committee

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INTRODUCED BILL

HB 898

	INTRODUCED BY MESSMORE BILL NO. 898
1	BILL NO. O'
2	INTRODUCED BY MILLS MAIL
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INSTITUTIONS
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT BEFORE
6	A DEFENDANT MAY BE COMMITTED TO THE MONTANA STATE HOSPITAL
7	FOR PURPOSES OF A PSYCHIATRIC EXAMINATION, THE DISTRICT
8	COURT SHALL FIND THAT EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST; AND
9	AMENDING SECTION 46-14-202, MCA."
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
12	Section 1. Section 46-14-202, MCA, is amended to read:
13	*46-14-202. Psychiatric examination of defendant. (1)
14	If the defendant or his counsel files a written notice of
15	his intent to rely on a mental disease or defect under
16	46-14-201 or raises the issue of his fitness to proceed, the
17	court shall appoint at least one qualified psychiatrist or
18	licensed clinical psychologist or shall, as provided in

subsection (3), request the superintendent of the Montana

state hospital to designate at least one qualified

designation may be or include himself, to examine and report

to a hospital or other suitable facility for the purpose of

(2) The court may order the defendant to be committed

psychiatrist or licensed clinical psychologist,

upon the mental condition of the defendant.

3	for the purpose and may direct that a qualified psychiatrist
4	or licensed clinical psychologist retained by the defendant
5	be permitted to witness and participate in the examination.
6	(3) (a) The court shall order the defendant to be
7	committed to the Montana state hospital for purposes of a
8	psychiatric examination by a qualified psychiatrist or
9	licensed clinical psychologist designated by the
10	superintendent of the Montana state hospital under
11	subsection (1), only upon making a finding in writing that
12	extraordinary circumstances exist.
13	(b) Extraordinary circumstances may be found to exist
14	only when the court holds a hearing for purposes of this
15	determination and makes specific findings of fact that one
16	or more of the following circumstances exist:
17	(i) A qualified psychiatrist or licensed clinical
18	psychologist is not available within the county to perform
19	the examination.
20	(ii) All qualified psychiatrists or licensed clinical
21	psychologists within the county have refused to examine the
22	defendant.
23	(iii) There are other extraordinary circumstances, such
24	as:
25	(A) the violent nature of the crime;

the examination for a period of not exceeding 60 days or

such longer period as the court determines to be necessary

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1	(B)	the	community's	reaction	to	the	defendant	or	to	the
2	crime or	both	n; or							

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- (C) other specific extraordinary circumstances that justify examination of the defendant at the Montana state hospital.
- 6 (4) The cost of a psychiatric examination does not
 7 support or justify a finding of extraordinary circumstances
 8 pursuant to subsection (3).
- 9 (3)(5) In the examination any method may be employed which is accepted by the medical profession for the examination of those alleged to be suffering from mental disease or defect.
- 13 (4)(6) The cost of the examination must be paid by the 14 county or the state, or both, according to procedures 15 established under 3-5-902(1)."

-End-