### HOUSE BILL 889

# Introduced by O'Keefe, et al.

2/15	Introduced
2/15	Referred to Natural Resources
1/16	First Reading
2/16	Fiscal Note Requested
2/21	Fiscal Note Received
2/22	Fiscal Note Printed
3/08	Hearing
3/21	Committee ReportBill Passed as
	Amended
4/03	2nd Reading Do Pass as Amended
-	Motion Failed

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1 2 3 A BILL FOR AN ACT 5 RESTORATION AND REPLACEMENT OF 6 WATER RESOURCES AND FOR WATER RESOURCES AND BENEFICIAL USES OF WATER THAT ARE 7 8 DIMINISHED OR DEGRADED BY PERMITTED MINING OPERATIONS: 9 ESTABLISHING A WATER RESTORATION AND REPLACEMENT FINANCIAL 10 ASSURANCE REQUIREMENT: **ESTABLISHING** ADMINISTRATIVE 11 PROCEDURES: REVISING MANDAMUS PROCEDURES: PROVIDING FOR 12 REVOCATION OF PERMITS: AMENDING SECTIONS 82-4-301, 82-4-302, 13 82-4-303, 82-4-311, 82-4-321, 82-4-322, 82-4-323, 82-4-335, 82-4-337, 82-4-339, 82-4-340, 82-4-341, 82-4-351, 82-4-352, 14 15 82-4-353, 82-4-354, 82-4-355, 82-4-360, AND 82-4-362, MCA; 16 PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN 17 APPLICABILITY DATE." 18

STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill to provide guidance to the department of state lands for the adoption of rules to establish requirements for the content of water protection plans, interpret the definition of beneficial uses of water, define the types of department expenses that may be included in calculating the water

resources assessment fee, and define the terms and conditions of financial assurance mechanisms.

department shall adopt rules that define the specific subjects, types of data, and level of water monitoring that an applicant for an operating permit must include in the 2-year baseline study of water resources, hydrology, and beneficial uses within a water protection area. The information collected by the applicant must be sufficient to allow the department to assess the cumulative impacts of the proposed operations upon the hydrology, quantity, and quality of water resources and upon beneficial uses in the water protection area. The department's rules must also identify the specific types of analyses an applicant must prepare in order to provide an adequate assessment of the consequences of proposed mining operations on water resources and beneficial uses, the potential for restoration or replacement of water resources and beneficial uses that may be diminished or degraded by the proposed operations, and the estimated costs of restoration and replacement of the water resources and beneficial uses.

The department's rules must define the characteristics of significant aesthetic values and significant wildlife habitat that are defined in [section 3] as beneficial uses

24 of water resources. Significant wildlife habitat must

25 include habitat for state and federally designated



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threatened and endangered species and all species of wildlife and fish that are classified as game species and for which licenses are required for hunting and fishing in the state.

[Section 8(3)] authorizes the department to assess a water resources assessment fee not to exceed the actual amount of contractor and employee expenses of the department to provide for timely and adequate review of the water protection plan. The department's rules should authorize the use of the money collected from the water resources assessment fee for expenses, such as for hiring temporary employees and contracted consultants and data collection and analysis.

In adopting rules to set forth the specific terms and conditions of financial assurance mechanisms authorized by [section 10], the department shall consult and, to the greatest extent practicable, rely upon concepts and requirements contained in Rules 16.44.801 through 16.44.823, Administrative Rules of Montana.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 82-4-301, MCA, is amended to read:

**\*\*82-4-301.** Legislative findings. (1) The extraction of mineral by mining is a basic and essential activity making an important contribution to the economy of the state and

the nation. At the same time, proper reclamation of mined land and former exploration areas not brought to mining 3 stage is necessary to prevent undesirable land and surface water conditions detrimental to the general welfare, health, safety, ecology, and property rights of the citizens of the 5 state. Mining and exploration for minerals take place in diverse areas where geological, topographical, climatic, biological, and sociological conditions are significantly different, and reclamation specifications must 10 accordingly. It is not practical to extract minerals or explore for minerals required by our society without 11 12 disturbing the surface or subsurface of the earth and 13 without producing waste materials, and the very character of many types of mining operations precludes 14 15 restoration of the land to its original condition. The 16 legislature finds that land reclamation as provided in this 17 part will allow exploration for and mining of valuable 18 minerals while adequately providing for the subsequent beneficial use of the lands to be reclaimed. 19

(2) The legislature finds that beneficial uses of surface water and ground water may be adversely affected by mining and exploration for minerals and that requirements to ensure the protection of the state's water resources are necessary. The legislature finds that restoration or replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial

- uses is necessary if those resources and beneficial uses are 1 diminished or degraded as a result of mining and exploration 2 for minerals and that the restoration or replacement should 3
- be accomplished at no increased cost to water users." 5 Section 2. Section 82-4-302, MCA, is amended to read:

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- 6 "82-4-302. Purpose. (1) The purposes of this part are 7 to provide:
  - (a) that the usefulness, productivity, and scenic values of all lands and-surface-waters involved in mining and mining exploration within the boundaries and lawful jurisdiction of the state will receive the greatest reasonable degree of protection and reclamation to beneficial use:
- 14 (b) authority for cooperation between private and governmental entities in carrying this part into effect; 15
- (c) for the recognition of the recreational and 16 aesthetic values of land as a benefit to the state of 17 18 Montana; and
- (d) protection to all waters within the boundaries and 19 lawful jurisdiction of the state that may be adversely 20 21 affected by mining;
- (e) for restoration or replacement of the quantity and 22 quality of waters that are diminished or degraded by mining; 23
- (f) that water users do not incur increased costs in 24 continuing beneficial uses of water resources in areas where 25

- mining for minerals occurs; and
- td)(g) priorities and values to the aesthetics of our 3 landscape, waters, and ground cover.
- (2) Although both the need for and the practicability 4 5 reclamation will control the type and degree of reclamation in any specific instance, the basic objective will be to establish, on a continuing basis, the vegetative cover, soil stability, water condition, and safety condition appropriate to any proposed subsequent use of the area."
- Section 3. Section 82-4-303, MCA, is amended to read: 10
- 11 \*82-4-303. Definitions. As used in this part, unless 12 the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions 13 apply:
- 14 (1) "Abandonment of surface or underground mining" may be presumed when it is shown that continued operation will 15 16 not resume.
- 17 (2) "Beneficial uses" means those beneficial uses of 18 water resources defined in 85-2-102(2) and other uses of 19 water resources that include but are not limited to
- 20 maintenance of minimum streamflows, public and private water
- 21 leases, significant aesthetic values, and significant
- 22 wildlife habitat.
- 23  $(\frac{1}{2})$  "Board" means the board of land commissioners or a state employee or state agency as may succeed to its 24
- powers and duties under this part.

(4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of state lands provided for in 2-15-3202.

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- (3)(5) "Cyanide ore-processing reagent" means cyanide or a cyanide compound used as a reagent in leaching operations.
- +4+(6) "Department" means the department of state lands.
  - t5†(7) "Disturbed land" means that area of land or surface water disturbed, beginning at the date of the issuance of the permit, and it comprises that area from which the overburden, tailings, waste materials, or minerals have been removed and tailings ponds, waste dumps, roads, conveyor systems, leach dumps, and all similar excavations or covering resulting from the operation and which have not been previously reclaimed under the reclamation plan.
  - t6†(8) "Exploration" means all activities conducted on or beneath the surface of lands resulting in material disturbance of the surface for the purpose of determining the presence, location, extent, depth, grade, and economic viability of mineralization in those lands, if any, other than mining for production and economic exploitation, as well as all roads made for the purpose of facilitating exploration, except as noted in 82-4-310.
- 24 (7)(9) "Mineral" means any ore, rock, or substance, 25 other than oil, gas, bentonite, clay, coal, sand, gravel,

- phosphate rock, or uranium, taken from below the surface or from the surface of the earth for the purpose of milling, concentration, refinement, smelting, manufacturing, or other subsequent use or processing or for stockpiling for future
- 6 (8)(10) "Mining" commences when the operator first mines
  7 ores or minerals in commercial quantities for sale,
  8 beneficiation, refining, or other processing or disposition
  9 or first takes bulk samples for metallurgical testing in
  10 excess of aggregate of 10,000 short tons.

use, refinement, or smelting.

- 11 (9)(11) "Ore processing" means milling, heap leaching,
  12 flotation, vat leaching, or other standard hard-rock mineral
  13 concentration processes.
- 14 (10) "Person" means any person, corporation, firm,
  15 association, partnership, or other legal entity engaged in
  16 exploration for or mining of minerals on or below the
  17 surface of the earth, reprocessing of tailings or waste
  18 materials, or operation of a hard-rock mill.
- 19 (11) "Placer deposit" means naturally occurring,
  20 scattered or unconsolidated valuable minerals in gravel or
  21 alluvium lying above bedrock.
- 22 (±2)(14) "Placer or dredge mining" means the mining of
  23 minerals from a placer deposit by a person or persons.
- 24 (±3)(15) "Reclamation plan" means the operator's written
  25 proposal, as required and approved by the board, for

- reclamation of the land that will be disturbed. The proposal shall include, to the extent practical at the time of application for an operating permit:
- 4 (a) a statement of the proposed subsequent use of the land after reclamation;

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- (b) plans for surface gradient restoration to a surface suitable for the proposed subsequent use of the land after reclamation is completed and the proposed method of accomplishment;
- 10 (c) the manner and type of revegetation or other
  11 surface treatment of disturbed areas;
  - (d) procedures proposed to avoid foreseeable situations of public nuisance, endangerment of public safety, damage to human life or property, or unnecessary damage to flora and fauna in or adjacent to the area;
    - (e) the method of disposal of mining debris;
  - (f) the method of diverting surface waters around the disturbed areas where necessary to prevent pollution of those waters or unnecessary erosion;
  - (g) the method of reclamation of stream channels and stream banks to control erosion, siltation, and pollution;
- 22 (h) maps and other supporting documents as may be 23 reasonably required by the department; and
- 24 (i) a time schedule for reclamation that meets the requirements of 82-4-336.

- tit47(16) (a) "Small miner" means a person, firm, or corporation that engages in the business of mining or reprocessing of tailings or waste materials that does not remove from the earth during any calendar year material in excess of 36,500 tons in the aggregate, that does not hold an operating permit under 82-4-335 except for a permit issued under 82-4-335(2), and that conducts:
- (i) an operation resulting in not more than 5 acres of
   the earth's surface being disturbed and unreclaimed; or
- 10 (ii) two operations which disturb and leave unreclaimed
  11 less than 5 acres per operation if the respective mining
  12 properties are:
- (A) the only operations engaged in by the person, firm,or corporation;
  - (B) at least 1 mile apart at their closest point; and
- (C) not operated simultaneously except during seasonal transitional periods not to exceed 30 days.
- (b) For the purpose of this definition only, the department shall, in computing the area covered by the operation, exclude access or haulage roads that are required by a local, state, or federal agency having jurisdiction over that road to be constructed to certain specifications if that public agency notifies the department in writing that it desires to have the road remain in use and will
- 25 maintain it after mining ceases.

tistical "Surface mining" means all or any part of the process involved in mining of minerals by removing the overburden and mining directly from the mineral deposits exposed, including but not limited to open-pit mining of minerals naturally exposed at the surface of the earth, mining by the auger method, and all similar methods by which earth or minerals exposed at the surface are removed in the course of mining. Surface mining does not include the extraction of oil, gas, bentonite, clay, coal, sand, gravel, phosphate rock, or uranium or excavation or grading conducted for on-site farming, on-site road construction, or other on-site building construction.

fi6;(18) "Underground mining" means all methods of
mining other than surface mining.

tity (19) "Unit of surface-mined area" means that area of land and surface water included within an operating permit actually disturbed by surface mining during each 12-month period of time, beginning at the date of the issuance of the permit, and it comprises and includes the area from which overburden or minerals have been removed, the area covered by mining debris, and all additional areas used in surface mining or underground mining operations which by virtue of mining use are susceptible to erosion in excess of the surrounding undisturbed portions of land.

ft8+(20) "Vegetative cover" means the type of

vegetation, grass, shrubs, trees, or any other form of
natural cover considered suitable at time of reclamation.

3 (21) "Water protection area" means the area proposed for
4 mining that would be subject to an operating permit and the
5 area that is 1 mile upgradient by 2 miles crossgradient by 3
6 miles downgradient of the respective hydrologic slopes of
7 surface water and ground water flowing through the proposed
8 permitted area.

9 (22) "Water protection plan" means the operator's
10 written proposal, as required and approved by the board, for
11 the protection of water resources within the water
12 protection area. The board shall adopt rules setting forth
13 requirements for the content of the proposal, provided that
14 the proposal must include the following elements:

15 <u>(a) a list containing the names and addresses of all</u>
16 water users in the water protection area;

(b) a detailed assessment of the existing water resources, hydrology, and beneficial uses within the water protection area, including a 2-year baseline study sufficient to enable the department to assess the potential and probable cumulative impacts of the proposed operations upon the hydrology, quantity, and quality of water resources and upon beneficial uses in the water protection area;

(c) an assessment of the consequences of the proposed
 operations on the hydrology, quantity, and quality of water

LC 0856/01

resources in the water protection area, including the potential for diminishment or degradation of water resources and the potential for adverse effects on beneficial uses;

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- (d) an assessment of the potential for water resources and beneficial uses that may be diminished or degraded to be permanently restored or replaced to the approximate hydrologic characteristics, quantity, and quality that existed prior to the commencement of the proposed operations and the proposed methods of restoration or replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses; and
- (e) the estimated cost of restoring or replacing any water resources that may be diminished or degraded by the proposed operations and the estimated cost of ensuring the continuation of beneficial uses within the water protection area at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that existed prior to the commencement of the proposed operations.
- (23) "Water resources" means all streams, lakes, wells, springs, irrigation systems, wetlands, watercourses, waterways, drainage systems, and other bodies of surface water and ground water, including natural and manmade water bodies regardless of ownership and any of these water bodies that are outside the state's boundaries but within the boundaries of a water protection area.
  - (24) "Water user" means a person or entity holding a

- water right, as provided in Title 85, chapter 2, and a state

  or federal agency or unit of government with jurisdiction

  over water resources or beneficial uses."
- 4 Section 4. Section 82-4-311, MCA, is amended to read:
- \*82-4-311. Hard-rock mining account. All fees, fines, 5 penalties, and other uncleared moneys-which money that have 6 7 been or will be paid to the department of-state-lands under 8 the provisions of this part shall must be placed in the state special revenue fund in the state treasury and 10 credited to a special account to be designated as the hard-rock mining and reclamation account. This account shall 11 12 be is available to the department by appropriation and shall 13 must be expended for the research, reclamation, and revegetation of land and the rehabilitation, restoration, 14 and replacement of water resources affected by any mining 15 16 operations. Any unencumbered and any unexpended balance of 17 this account remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall may 18 not lapse but shall must be carried forward for the purposes of this section until expended or until appropriated by 19
- Section 5. Section 82-4-321, MCA, is amended to read:

subsequent legislative action."

- 22 \*\*82-4-321. Administration. The board is charged with 23 the responsibility of administering this part. In order to
- 24 implement its terms and provisions, the board shall from
- 25 time to time promulgate such rules as the board shall deem

necessary. The board may delegate such powers, duties, and functions to the department as it deems necessary for the performance of its luties as administrator of this part. The board shall employ experienced, qualified persons in the field fields of mined-land reclamation and water protection, restoration, and replacement who, for the purpose of this part, are referred to as supervisors."

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Section 6. Section 82-4-322, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-322. Investigations, research, and experiments. The board shall—have has the authority to conduct or authorize investigations, research, experiments, and demonstrations in reclamation and water protection, restoration, and replacement and to collect and disseminate nonconfidential information relating to mining."

Section 7. Section 82-4-323, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-323. Interagency cooperation — receipt and expenditure of funds. The board shall cooperate with other governmental and private agencies in this state and other states and agencies of the federal government and may reasonably compensate them for any services the board requests that they provide. The board may receive federal funds, state funds, and any other funds and, within the limits imposed by the grant, expend them for water protection, restoration and replacement of water resources, reclamation of land affected by mining or exploration, and

for purposes enumerated in 82-4-336."

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- Section 8. Section 82-4-335, MCA, is amended to read:
- 3 \*\*82-4-335. Operating permit -- limitation -- fees. (1)
  4 A person may not engage in mining, ore processing, or
  5 reprocessing of tailings or waste material, construct or
  6 operate a hard-rock mill, use cyanide ore-processing
  7 reagents, or disturb land in anticipation of those
  8 activities in the state without first obtaining an operating
  9 permit from the board. A separate operating permit is
  10 required for each complex.
  - (2) A small miner who intends to use a cyanide ore-processing reagent shall obtain an operating permit for that part of his operation where the cyanide ore-processing reagent will be used or disposed of.
  - (3) Prior to receiving an operating permit from the board, a person shall pay the basic permit fee of \$25 and a water resources assessment fee not to exceed the actual amount of contractor and employee expenses of the department that are necessary to provide for timely and adequate review of the water protection plan. The board may further define these expenses by rule.
  - (4) A person shall submit an application on a form provided by the board<sub>7</sub> which that must contain the following information and any other pertinent data required by rule:
- 25 (a) name and address of the operator and, if a

- corporation or other business entity, the name and address 1 of its principal officers, partners, and the like and its 2 resident agent for service of process, if required by law; 3
- 4 (b) minerals expected to be mined;
- (c) a proposed reclamation plan; 5
- (d) a proposed water protection plan; 6
- 7 (d)(e) expected starting date of operations;
- 8 tet(f) a map showing the specific area to be mined and
- 9 the boundaries of the land which that will be disturbed,
- topographic detail, the location and names of all streams, 10
- roads, railroads, and utility lines on or immediately 11
- adjacent to the area, location of proposed access roads to 12
- be built, and the names and addresses of the surface and 13
- mineral owners of all lands within the mining area, to the 14
- extent known to the applicant; 15
- tf; (g) types of access roads to be built and manner of 16
- 17 reclamation of road sites on abandonment;
- tg)(h) a plan which that will provide, within limits of 18
- normal operating procedures of the industry, for completion 19
- 20 of the operation:
- tht--ground-water--and--surface--water--hydrologic--data 21
- gathered--from--a-sufficient-number-of-sources-and-length-of 22
- 23 time-to-characterize-the-hydrologic-regime;
- (i) a plan detailing the design, operation, 24
- monitoring of impounding structures, including but not 25

- limited to tailings impoundments and water reservoirs,
- sufficient to ensure that the structures are safe and
- 3 stable:
- 4 (i) a plan identifying methods to be used to monitor
- 5 for the accidental discharge of objectionable materials and
- remedial action plans to be used to control and mitigate
- discharges to surface water or ground water; and
- 8 (k) an evaluation of the expected life of any tailings
- 9 impoundment or waste area and the potential for expansion of
- 10 the tailings impoundment or waste site.
- (4)(5) Except as provided in subsection (6) (7), the 11
- 12 permit provided for in subsection (1) for a large-scale
- 13 mineral development as defined in 90-6-302 must be
- 14 conditioned to provide that activities under the permit may
- 15
- not commence until the impact plan is approved under
- 16 90-6-307 and until the permittee has provided a written
- 17 quarantee to the department and to the hard-rock mining
- 18 impact board of compliance within the time schedule with the
- 19 commitment made in the approved impact plan, as provided in
- 90-6-307. If the permittee does not comply with that 20
- commitment within the time scheduled, the board, upon 21
- 22 receipt of written notice from the hard-rock mining impact
- 23 board, shall suspend the permit until it receives written
- 24 notice from the hard-rock mining impact board that the
- 25 permittee is in compliance.

LC 0856/01

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(6) When the department determines that a permittee has become or will become a large-scale mineral developer pursuant to 82-4-339 and 90-6-302(4) and provides notice as required under 82-4-339, within 6 months of receiving the notice, the permittee shall provide the board with proof that he has obtained a waiver of the impact plan requirement from the hard-rock mining impact board or that he has filed an impact plan with the hard-rock mining impact board and the appropriate county or counties. If the permittee does not file the required proof or if the hard-rock mining impact board certifies to the board that the permittee has failed to comply with the hard-rock mining impact review and implementation requirements in Title 90, chapter 6, parts 3 and 4, the board shall suspend the permit until the permittee files the required proof or until the hard-rock mining impact board certifies that the permittee complied with the hard-rock mining impact review and implementation requirements.

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+6+(7) Compliance with 90-6-307 is not required for exploration and bulk sampling for metallurgical testing when the aggregate samples are less than 10,000 tons.

(7)(8) A person may not be issued an operating permit if that person's failure to comply with the provisions of this part, the rules adopted under this part, or a permit or license issued under this part has resulted in the

forfeiture of a bond unless that person meets the conditions
described in 82-4-360."

3 Section 9. Section 82-4-337, MCA, is amended to read:

\*82-4-337. Inspection -- issuance of operating permit -- modification. (1) (a) The board shall cause all applications for operating permits to be reviewed for completeness within 30 days of receipt. The board shall notify the applicant concerning completeness as soon as possible. An application is considered complete unless the applicant is notified of any deficiencies within 30 days of receipt.

(b) Unless the review period is extended as provided in this section, the board shall review the adequacy of the proposed reclamation plan, water protection plan, and plan of operation within 30 days of the determination that the application is complete or within 60 days of receipt of the application if the board does not notify the applicant of any deficiencies in the application. If the applicant is not notified of deficiencies or inadequacies in the proposed reclamation plan, water protection plan, and plan of operation within such time period, the department shall issue a decision to approve the operating permit shall—be issued—upon—receipt—of—the—bond—as—required—in—82—4—338. The department shall promptly notify the applicant of the form and amount of bond which and water restoration and

- replacement financial assurance that will be required. 1
- 2 (c) If, within 15 days of the date the department's
- 3 decision is issued under subsection (1)(b) or (1)(e)(iii)
  - the department does not receive a request for an informal
- 5 conference or a petition to reconsider the decision pursuant
- to 82-4-353(6), the decision is final and the operating 6
- 7 permit must be issued. No proceeding conducted pursuant to
- 82-4-353(6)(c) may exceed 60 calendar days unless extended
- 9 by the board for good cause.
- 10 (d) No permit may be issued until:
- (i) sufficient bond has been submitted pursuant to 11
- 82-4-338+ and the financial assurance requirement of 12
- 13 [section 10] has been satisfied;
- (ii) the administrative requirements of 82-4-353 have 14
- 15 been satisfied;

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- 16 (iii) the department has found that the water protection
- plan is adequate to protect water resources in the water 17
- 18 protection area, as demonstrated by the applicant for an
- 19 operating permit; and
- 20 tc)-(i)-(iv) Prior--to--issuance--of---a---permity
- 21 department shell-inspect has inspected the site, unless the
  - department has failed to act on the application within the
- 23 time prescribed in subsection (1)(b). If the site is not
- accessible due to extended adverse weather conditions, the 24
- 25 department may extend the time period prescribed in

- subsection (1)(b) by not more than 180 days to allow
- inspection of the site and reasonable review.
- (e) (i) The department must serve written notice of a
- time extension upon the applicant in person or by certified
- mail, and any such extension is subject to appeal to the
- board in accordance with the Montana Administrative
- Procedure Act.

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- (ii) If the department determines that additional time
- is needed to review the application and reclamation plan or
- water protection plan for a major operation, the department 10
- and the applicant shall negotiate to extend the period 11
- prescribed in subsection (1)(b) by not more than 365 425 12
- 13 days in order to permit reasonable review.
- application and reclamation plan or water protection plan 14
- are reviewed under the provisions of this subsection, the 15
- 16 department shall issue its decision to approve, approve with
  - conditions, or deny the operating permit at least 60 days

application within the extension period constitutes approval

upon receipt of the bond as required in 82-4-338 and

- 18 before the end of the negotiated extension period.
- (iii) Failure of the board to act upon a complete 19
- of the application, and the permit shall be issued promptly

- certification that the applicant has complied with the 23
- financial assurance requirement established by [section 10]. 24
- (2) The operating permit shall must be granted for the 25

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period required to complete the operation and shall-be is valid until the operation authorized by the permit is completed or abandoned unless the permit is suspended or revoked by the board as provided in this part.

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- (3) The operating permit shall must provide that the reclamation plan and water protection plan may be modified by the board, upon proper application of the permittee or department, after timely notice and opportunity for hearing, at any time during the term of the permit and for any of the following reasons:
- 11 (a) to modify the requirements so they will not 12 conflict with existing laws;
  - (b) when the previously adopted reclamation plan or water protection plan is impossible or impracticable to implement and maintain;
- (c) when significant environmental problem situations are revealed by field inspection."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 10. Water restoration and replacement financial assurance release. (1) The applicant shall provide financial assurance sufficient to ensure the restoration or replacement of specific water resources and the restoration and continuation of beneficial uses within the water protection area at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that existed prior to the commencement of the applicant's proposed operations. The

- department shall determine the amount of financial assurance that the applicant must provide based on an assessment of the water protection plan and the applicant's estimated cost of restoring or replacing water resources and restoring beneficial uses that may be diminished or degraded by the applicant's proposed operations.
  - (2) The applicant may satisfy the financial assurance requirement by:
  - (a) establishing a water restoration and replacement trust fund and making annual payments into the fund;
- 11 (b) filing with the department a bond that is payable
  12 to the state of Montana with surety satisfactory to the
  13 department, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the
  14 requirements of this part and the rules of the board;
- 15 (c) filing an irrevocable letter of credit with the department;
- 17 (d) obtaining water restoration and replacement 18 insurance and submitting a certification of insurance to the 19 department;
- 20 (e) filing with the department a cash deposit, an 21 assignment of a certificate of deposit, or other surety 22 acceptable to the board;
- 23 (f) demonstrating to the department that the applicant 24 meets minimum financial worth and bond rating criteria that 25 show that the applicant has adequate internal resources for

meeting the financial requirement established by subsection
(1); or

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- (g) a combination of financial assurance mechanisms that are acceptable to the department and that may include a trust fund, a surety bond guaranteeing payment into a trust fund, a letter of credit, and insurance.
- (3) The board may accept financial assurance from an applicant for two or more operations. Financial assurance for two or more operations must be adequate to ensure the restoration or replacement of water resources and the continuance of beneficial uses of water resources in the water protection area or areas surrounding the operations at no greater cost to water users than the users incurred under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations.
- (4) The board shall adopt rules to specify the terms and conditions of each financial assurance mechanism authorized by this section that must be met before the board may approve the use of that mechanism by the applicant for purposes of satisfying the financial assurance requirement established by this section.
- (5) The amount of financial assurance approved by the board may not be less than the estimated cost to the state to restore or replace specific water resources and to ensure the continuance of beneficial uses in the water protection

- area at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the proposed operations as set forth in the water protection plan.
  - (6) A public or government agency is not required to provide financial assurance under the provisions of this section.
    - (7) If the department determines that the level of financial assurance provided for a permitted operation does not represent the present costs of water restoration or replacement or restoration of beneficial uses that may be diminished or degraded by the operation, the department may modify the financial assurance requirements of that permit.
- 13 (8) The department may not release an operator from the 14 financial assurance requirement and release funds or 15 terminate the funding mechanisms the operator relied upon to 16 fulfill the financial assurance requirement:
- 17 (a) for a minimum of 10 years after the release of the 18 performance bond as provided in 82-4-338;
  - (b) until the department determines that the quality and quantity of water resources in the water protection area have been permanently restored or replaced and that beneficial uses in the water protection area are continuing at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted
- 25 operations; and

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(c) until a public hearing has been held consistent with the provisions of 82-4-353(4). The department shall make all information that is relevant to the decision on whether to release an operator from the financial assurance requirement readily available to interested persons beginning no later than the date that notice of the public hearing is distributed as required by 82-4-353(4).

- (9) A person may submit to the department information relevant to the department's decision to release an operator from all or any part of the financial assurance requirement for a period of 30 days after the date of the public hearing required by subsection 82-4-353(4).
- (10) A person may request the department to reconsider its decision to release an operator from all or any part of the financial assurance requirement, based upon information the person submits to show that the permittee has not restored or replaced the quantity or quality of water resources or both or has not restored beneficial uses in the water protection area at no greater cost to water users than under the conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations. The department's response to a request to reconsider its decision to release an operator from all or any part of the financial assurance requirement is the final agency decision.
  - Section 11. Section 82-4-339, MCA, is amended to read:

- \*82-4-339. Annual report of activities by permittee —
  fee notice of large-scale mineral developer status. (1)
  Within 30 days after completion or abandonment of operations on an area under permit or within 30 days after each anniversary date of the permit, whichever is earlier, or at such later date as may be provided by rules of the board and each year thereafter until reclamation and restoration and replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses is completed and approved, the permittee shall pay the annual fee of \$25 and shall file a report of activities completed during the preceding year on a form prescribed by the board which report shall:
  - (a) identify the permittee and the permit number:
- (b) locate the operation by subdivision, section, township, and range and with relation to the nearest town or other well-known geographic feature;
- (c) estimate acreage to be newly disturbed by operation in the next 12-month period;
- 19 (d) include the number of persons on the payroll for 20 the previous permit year and for the next permit year at 21 intervals that the department considers sufficient to enable 22 a determination of the permittee's status under 90-6-302(4); 23 and
- 24 (e) update any maps previously submitted or 25 specifically requested by the board. Such maps shall show:

- 1 (i) the permit area;
- (ii) the unit of disturbed land;
- 3 (iii) the area to be disturbed during the next 12-month 4 period;
  - (iv) if completed, the date of completion of operations;
- 6 (v) if not completed, the additional area estimated to
  7 be further disturbed by the operation within the following
- 8 permit year; and

- 9 (vi) the date of beginning, amount, and current status
- 10 of reclamation, protection, restoration, and replacement of
- 11 water resources, and restoration of beneficial uses
- 12 performed during the previous 12 months.
- 13 (2) Whenever the department determines that th
- 14 permittee has become or will, during the next permit year,
- 15 become a large-scale mineral developer, it shall immediately
- 16 serve written notice of that fact on the permittee, the
- 17 hard-rock mining impact board, and the county or counties in
- 18 which the operation is located."
- 19 Section 12. Section 82-4-340, MCA, is amended to read:
- 20 \*82-4-340. Successor operator. When one operator
- 21 succeeds to the interest of another in any uncompleted
- 22 operation by sale, assignment, lease, or otherwise, the
- 23 board may release the first operator from the duties imposed
- 24 upon him by this part as to such operation, provided that
- 25 both operators have complied with the requirements of this

- 1 part and the successor operator assumes the duty of the
- 2 former operator to protect water resources and to complete
- 3 the reclamation of the land and the restoration or
- 4 replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial
- uses, in which case the board shall transfer the permit to
- 6 the successor operator upon approval of the successor
- 7 operator's bond and water restoration and replacement
- 8 financial assurance as required under this part."
- 9 Section 13. Section 82-4-341, MCA, is amended to read:
- 10 "82-4-341. Compliance with reclamation plan and water
- ll protection plan -- reclamation and restoration of water
- 12 resources and beneficial uses by board. (1) Following
- 13 receipt of the permittee's report and at any other
- 14 reasonable time the board may elect, the board shall cause
- 15 the permit area to be inspected to determine if the
- 16 permittee has complied with the reclamation plan, the water
- 17 protection plan, and the board's rules.
- 18 (2) The permittee shall proceed with reclamation and
- 19 the protection of water resources and beneficial uses as
- 20 scheduled in his approved reclamation plan and water
- 21 protection plan. Following written notice by the board
- 22 noting deficiencies, the permittee shall commence action
- 23 within 30 days to rectify these deficiencies and shall
- 24 diligently proceed until the deficiencies are corrected.
- 25 provided that deficiencies that also violate other laws that

require earlier rectification shall be corrected in accordance with the applicable time provisions of such laws. The board may extend performance periods referred to in this section and in 82-4-336 for delays clearly beyond the permittee's control, but only when the permittee is, in the opinion of the board, making every reasonable effort to comply.

- (3) Within 30 days after notification by the permittee and when, in the judgment of the board, reclamation of a unit of disturbed land area is properly completed, the permittee shall be notified in writing and his bond on said area shall be released or decreased proportionately to the acreage included within the bond coverage.
- (4) If reclamation of disturbed land is not pursued in accordance with the reclamation plan or if protection of water resources and beneficial uses is not pursued in accordance with the water protection plan and the permittee has not commenced action to rectify deficiencies within 30 days after notification by the board or if reclamation is not properly completed in conformance with the reclamation plan within 2 years after completion or abandonment of operation on any fraction of the permit area or such longer period as may have been authorized hereunder or if, after default by the permittee, the surety either refuses or fails to perform the work to the satisfaction of the board within

the time required therefor, the board may, with the staff, equipment, and material under its control or by contract with others, take such actions as are necessary for required reclamation of the disturbed lands and for restoration and replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses. Such work shall be let on the basis of competitive bidding. The board shall keep a record of all necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the work or activity authorized under this section, including a reasonable charge for the services performed by the state's personnel and the

state's equipment and materials utilized.

by order. The order shall state the amount of necessary expenses incurred by the board in reclaiming the disturbed land and restoring and replacing water resources and restoring beneficial uses and a notice that the amount is due and payable to the board by the permittee and, if applicable, the surety. If the amount specified in the order is not paid within 30 days after receipt of the notice, the attorney general, upon request of the board, shall bring an action on behalf of the state in district court. The surety shall—be is liable to the state for compliance with the reclamation—plan—to—the extent of the reclamation—performance—bond and the permittee or the surety or both are liable to the extent of the financial assurance provided

pursuant to [section 10]. The permittee shall-be is liable 1 for the remainder of the any cost not paid by the surety 2 3 relating to either land reclamation or restoration and replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial 4 5 uses.

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- (6) In addition to the other liabilities imposed by this part, failure to commence action to remedy specific deficiencies in reclamation or restoration and replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses within 30 days after notification by the board or failure to satisfactorily complete reclamation work on any segment of the permit area within 2 years, or such longer period as the board may permit on permittee's application therefor or on the board's own motion, after completion or abandonment of operations on any segment of the permit area shall constitute constitutes sufficient grounds for cancellation of a permit or license and refusal to issue another permit or license to the applicant; provided, however, that such action shall may not be effected while an appeal is pending from any ruling requiring the same."
- Section 14. Section 82-4-351, MCA, is amended to read: 21 22 "82-4-351. Reasons for denial of permit. (1) A permit 23 may be denied for any of the following reasons:
- (a) the plan of operation or reclamation or water 24 protection conflicts with Title 75, chapter 2, as amended, 25

- Title 75, chapter 5, as amended, Title 75, chapter 6, as 1 2 amended, or rules adopted pursuant to these laws:
- 3 (b) the reclamation plan does not provide an acceptable method for accomplishment of reclamation as required by this 5 part; or
- (c) the water protection plan does not provide an 6 acceptable method for protecting water resources as required 7 by this part.
- 9 (2) A denial of a permit shall must be in writing and 10 state the reasons therefor for the denial."
- 11 Section 15. Section 82-4-352, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-352. Reapplication with new reclamation plan or

- 13 water protection plan. A permit may be denied and returned 14 to the applicant with a request that the application be 15 resubmitted with a different plan for reclamation or water 16 protection. The person making application for a permit may
- then resubmit to the board a new plan for reclamation or 17
- 18 water protection."

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- Section 16. Section 82-4-353, MCA, is amended to read: 19
- \*82-4-353. Administrative remedies -- notice -- parties 21 -- hearings -- public information. (1) Upon receipt of an
- 22 application for an operating permit, the department shall
- provide notice of the application by publication in a 23
- newspaper of general circulation in the area to be affected 24
- by the operation. The notice shall be published once a week 25

for 3 successive weeks.

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- (2) All hearings and appeal procedures shall must be in accordance with the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, except for the informational hearing provided for in subsection (4). Any person whose interests may be adversely affected as a result of an action taken pursuant to this part may become a party to any proceeding held hereunder upon a showing that such person is capable of adequately representing the interests claimed.
- (3) As used in this section, "person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity.
- (4) The department shall hold at least one public hearing prior to issuing its decision to approve, conditionally approve, or deny a permit pursuant to 82-4-337 for the purpose of obtaining public comment on the adequacy of the water protection plan and the water restoration and replacement financial assurance to accomplish the purposes of this part. The department may hold one hearing to satisfy the requirements of this subsection and the requirements of and rules adopted under Title 75, chapter 1, parts 1 and 2. No less than 30 days prior to the hearing the department shall:
- 23 (a) give notice of the hearing in newspapers of general
  24 circulation in the area to be affected by the proposed
  25 operation and in the county newspapers of the county or

- counties that would be affected;
- 2 (b) mail written notices of the hearing to water users
- 3 in the water protection area, as identified in the water
- 4 protection plan; and
- 5 (c) take other appropriate actions to ensure broad
- 6 distribution of the hearing notice,
- 7 (5) The department shall ensure that the water
- 8 protection plan, the department's assessment of the water
- 9 protection plan, and information supporting the department's
- 10 determination of the amount of the water restoration and
- 11 replacement financial assurance are readily available for
- 12 public review at the time the department gives notice of the
- hearing provided for in subsection (4).
- 14 (6) A person whose interests may be adversely affected
- 15 as a result of a decision to issue an operating permit
- 16 pursuant to 82-4-337 relating to the water protection plan
- or the water restoration and replacement financial assurance
- 18 may:
- 19 (a) submit to the department information relating to
- 20 the adequacy of the water protection plan and the amount of
- 21 the water restoration and replacement financial assurance
- 22 for a period of 30 days after the date of the public hearing
- 23 provided for in subsection (4);
- 24 (b) request an informal conference with the permittee
- 25 and the department prior to the issuance of an operating

1 permit under this part for the purpose of attempting to resolve any disagreement related to the adequacy of a water protection plan or water restoration and replacement 3 financial assurance; and

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- (c) petition the board to reconsider a decision to issue an operating permit, including requesting a hearing. If a hearing is requested under this subsection, the board shall hold the hearing and shall follow the procedure provided in subsection (4) to give notice of the hearing. Based on the information presented at the hearing, the board may reaffirm the decision to issue the permit, deny the permit, or modify the terms of the permit relating to the water protection plan and the amount of the water restoration and replacement financial assurance. The board's decision following a hearing conducted under this subsection is the final agency decision."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 17. Rights and obligations of permittees and water users. (1) Following completion or abandonment of permitted operations and completion of reclamation, the permittee shall restore or replace the quantity and quality of water resources and beneficial uses in the water protection area to the approximate conditions that prevailed prior commencement of the permitted operations at no greater cost to water users, except that a permittee is not required to

- restore or replace the quantity of a water resource solely to provide for the continuance of a beneficial use if the
- 3 permittee holds a water right that is senior to that
- beneficial use and the permittee has lawfully consumed or 5 used only the water to which the permittee is entitled.
- (2) For the purpose of enforcement of the water 6 protection plan, the department shall presume that water
- resources and beneficial uses in the water protection area
- 9 have been diminished or degraded by the permitted operation
- 10 if the number, location, quantity, rate of flow, quality, or
- hydrologic characteristics of water resources in the water 11
- 1.2 protection area is diminished or degraded or if water users
- in the water protection area are incurring higher costs in 17
- 14 obtaining or maintaining water resources for beneficial uses
- 15 than under the conditions that existed prior to
- commencement of the permitted operations. 16
- 17 (3) A water user within the water protection area may 18 notify the permittee and the department by telephone, in 19 writing, or by both methods that a water resource or 20 beneficial use in the water protection area has been 21 diminished or degraded.
- 22 (4) The permittee shall restore or replace sufficient 23 water on a temporary basis to provide for the continuation 24 of a beneficial use within the water protection area that
- has been diminished or degraded until the water resource and 25

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- 1 beneficial use are permanently restored or replaced or until 2 permittee shows, pursuant to the requirements of 3 subsection (9), that the water resource, beneficial use, or both were not diminished or damaged by the permitted operations. Temporary restoration or replacement of water 6 must be accomplished within the following timeframes after 7 the water user has notified the permittee and the department as provided in subsection (3):
- 9 (a) 24 hours for purposes of providing water for 10 livestock, domestic use, municipal use, or instream flow:
  - (b) 72 hours for irrigation: and

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- (c) 7 days for any other beneficial use.
- (5) If the permittee fails to temporarily restore or replace a water resource, restore a beneficial use, or both, as provided in subsection (4), the department shall, with the staff, equipment, and material under its control or by contract with others, take necessary actions to restore or replace the water resource, restore a beneficial use, or both. The department shall keep a record of all necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the work or activity authorized by this subsection, including a reasonable charge for the services performed by the state's personnel and equipment and the materials used.
- 24 (6) The board by order shall notify the permittee and his surety, if applicable, of actions taken to temporarily

restore or replace a water resource, restore a beneficial 1 2 use, or both. The order must state the amount of necessary expenses incurred by the department and a notice that the 3 4 amount is due and payable to the department by the permittee and by the surety, if applicable. If the amount specified in the order is not paid within 30 days after receipt of the notice, the attorney general, upon request of the board, shall bring an action on behalf of the state in district court. The surety is liable to the state to the extent of 10 the surety's financial participation in any water 11 replacement and restoration financial assurance mechanism 12 provided by the permittee pursuant to [section 10]. The 13 permittee is liable for the remainder of the cost.

(7) Within 6 months of the date of notification by the water user as provided in subsection (3), unless a different time is negotiated with the water user or unless the permittee shows, pursuant to the requirements of subsection (9), that a water resource or beneficial use was not diminished or degraded by the permittee's operations, the permittee shall permanently restore or replace a diminished or degraded water resource and shall permanently restore a diminished or degraded beneficial use at the same location where the water was beneficially used at no greater cost to the water user than under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations.

(8) The permittee shall compensate water users for any economic losses incurred by the diminishment or degradation of a water resource, beneficial use in the water protection area, or both that are not restored or replaced within the time established pursuant to subsection (4).

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- (9) (a) The permittee may request a hearing subject to the provisions of the Montana Administrative Procedure Act and may provide evidence to show that the alleged diminishment or degradation of a water resource or beneficial use was not caused by the permitted operations.
- 11 (b) The permittee has the burden of showing by clear 12 and convincing evidence that the permitted operations did 13 not cause the diminishment or degradation of the water 14 resource or beneficial use.
  - (c) A record must be made of the hearing and of all evidence presented and testimony taken.
  - (d) Based upon the hearing record, the department shall determine whether the water resource, beneficial use, or both were diminished or degraded by the permitted operations.
  - (e) Either the permittee or the water user may request that the department reconsider its determination. The department's response to a request to reconsider is the final agency decision.
- 25 (f) If the department finds that the diminishment or

caused by a permitted operation under this part, the department may find that the water user must reimburse the permittee for the costs the permittee incurred in

degradation of a water resource or beneficial use was not

- temporarily or permanently restoring or replacing the diminished or degraded water resource or restoring the
- 7 beneficial use. If the department determines that the
- diminishment or degradation of a water resource or
- 9 beneficial use was caused by a permitted operation under
- 10 this part, the permittee shall reimburse the water user for
- 11 the costs the water user incurred to participate in the
- hearing provided for in subsection (9)(a).
- NEW SECTION. Section 18. Rights of water users outside
- 14 a water protection area. (1) At any time after receipt of
- 15 the application for an operating permit, the department may
- 16 expand water monitoring beyond the water protection area
- boundaries proposed in the application. The permittee shall
- 18 pay the costs of any additional monitoring that the
- 19 department determines is necessary to ensure protection of
- 20 water resources that may be adversely affected by the
- 21 permitted operations.
- 22 (2) A water user who depends upon a water resource or
- 23 who has a beneficial use that is located outside the water
- 24 protection area boundaries proposed in the permit
- 25 application or the boundaries established by the board

through permit review and issuance may request that the department expand water monitoring beyond the water protection area boundaries to include that water resource, beneficial use, or both. The water user must provide a written statement of the reasons for the request, including supporting information to explain why the water user believes that the water resource, beneficial use, or both may be diminished or degraded by the proposed or permitted operations.

- the burden of showing by clear and convincing evidence that water monitoring should be expanded beyond the water protection area boundaries, except that the permittee has the burden of showing that water monitoring should not be expanded if the water user demonstrates that the water resource or beneficial use in question has been diminished or degraded based upon a comparison of the characteristics of the water resource or beneficial use prior to and after the commencement of the permitted operations. The water user is not required to show that the permitted operations caused the diminishment or degradation of the water resource or beneficial use.
- (4) Either the water user or the permittee may request that the department reconsider its decision on the water user's request that the department expand water monitoring.

- The department's response to a request to reconsider is the final agency decision.
  - (5) Within 180 days after a decision to expand water monitoring beyond the boundary of a water protection area, the department shall decide whether to formally expand the boundaries of the water protection area to include the water resource, beneficial use, or both that were the subject of a water user's request pursuant to subsection (2), unless the water user agrees to an extension of time to allow additional monitoring to occur before the department makes its decision.
  - (6) Either the water user or the permittee may request that the department reconsider its decision on whether to expand the boundary of a water protection area. In instances when, pursuant to subsection (3), the water user has demonstrated that a water resource, beneficial use, or both have been diminished or degraded, the permittee has the burden of showing by clear and convincing evidence that the water protection area should not be expanded.
  - (7) A water user who depends upon a water resource or who has a beneficial use that is included within the expanded boundaries of a water protection area is entitled to all of the rights and obligations of water users included within the original boundaries of the water protection area.
    - Section 19. Section 82-4-354, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-354. Mandamus to compel enforcement. (1) Any A resident of this state or a person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected, with knowledge that a requirement of this part or a rule adopted under this part is not being enforced by a public officer or employee whose duty it is to enforce the requirement or rule, may bring the failure to the attention of the public-officer-or-employee commissioner and to the licensee or permittee by an affidavit stating the specific facts of the failure. Knowingly-making-false-statements-or-charges-in-the affidavit-subjects-the-affiant-to-penalties-prescribed-for false-swearing,-as-provided-in-45-7-202-

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- (2) Within 10 days of receipt of the affidavit, the department shall inspect the operation and location named in the affidavit and, based upon the inspection, the commissioner shall issue a written response to the person who filed the affidavit stating whether the commissioner agrees or disagrees that a violation has taken place and provide a copy to the licensee or permittee.
- the public--officer-or-employee-neglects-or refuses-for--an--unreasonable--time--after--receipt--of--the affidavit--to--enforce--the-requirement-or-rule commissioner determines that there is no violation, the affiant may appeal the commissioner's determination to the board or bring an action of mandamus in the district court of the

- 1 first judicial district of this state in and for the county
- of Lewis and Clark or in the district court of the county in
- 3 which the land is located. If the commissioner fails to
- 4 respond within 10 days of receipt of the affidavit, the
- 5 affiant may either proceed with an appeal to the board or
- 6 bring an action of mandamus as though the commissioner had
- 7 decided that no violation occurred.
- 8 (4) If the court finds that a requirement of this part
  9 or a rule adopted under this part is not being enforced, it
- 10 shall:
- 11 (a) order the public-officer-or commissioner employee 12 to perform his duties. If he fails to do so, the public
- officer-or commissioner employee must be held in contempt of
- 14 court and is subject to the penalties provided by law.
- (b) require the commissioner to order the licensee or
- 16 permittee who was found to be in violation of this part or a
- 17 rule adopted pursuant to this part to reimburse the person
- 18 who brought the complaint for all of the costs the person
- 19 incurred in appealing the commissioner's decision, bringing
- an action of mandamus, or both. If the department is unable
- 21 to secure reimbursement of the person's costs from the
- 22 licensee or permittee within 60 days of the date of the
- 23 board's decision on an appeal or the court's decision on an
- 24 action of mandamus, the department shall reimburse the
- 25 person, provided that the department may continue to attempt

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- +3+--Anv--person--having--an--interest-that-is-or-may-be adverselv-affected-may-commence-a-civil-action--on--his--own behalf -- to -- compel -- compliance -- with -- this -- part - against - any person-for-the-violation-of-this-part-or-any-ruley-ordery-or permit--issued--under--it---However,--no--such--action---may commencet
- ta)--prior--to--60--days--after--the-plaintiff-has-given notice-in-writing-to--the--department--and--to--the--alleged violator;-or
- tb}--if--the--department-has-commenced-and-is-diligently prosecuting-a-civil-action-to-require--compliance--with--the provisions--of-this-part-or-any-rule;-order-or-permit-issued under-it-
- (5) Any person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected may intervene as a matter of right in any such a civil action brought under this section.
- t4)(6) Nothing in this section restricts any right of any person under any statute or common law to seek enforcement of this part or the rules adopted under it or to seek any other relief."
  - Section 20. Section 82-4-355, MCA, is amended to read:
- "82-4-355. Action for damages to water supply --23 replacement. (1) An owner of an interest in real property 24 who obtains all or part of his supply of water for 25

source--other-than-a-subterranean-stream-having-a-permanent7 2 distinct--and-known-channel may sue the operator engaged in 4 a mining or exploration operation to recover damages for loss in quality or quantity of the water supply resulting from mining or exploration. The owner is required to exhaust 7 the administrative remedy under subsection (2) prior to 8 filing suit related to an operation permitted prior to 9 October 1, 1991. The provisions of [sections 1 through 24] 10 supersede the provisions of this section for operations

permitted after October 1, 1991.

beneficial uses, as defined in 85-2-102, from-an-underground

- (2) (a) An owner described in subsection (1) may file a complaint with the department detailing the loss in quality or quantity of water. Upon receipt of a valid complaint, the department:
- (i) shall investigate the statements and charges in the complaint, using all available information, monitoring data gathered at the exploration or mine site;
- (ii) may require the operator, if necessary, to install monitoring wells or other practices that may be needed to determine the cause of water loss, if there is a loss, in 22 terms of quantity and quality;
- 23 (iii) shall issue a written finding specifying the cause 24 of the water loss, if there is a loss, in terms of quantity 25 and quality;

(iv) shall, if it determines that the preponderance of evidence indicates that the loss is caused by an exploration or mining operation, order the operator, in compliance with Title 85, chapter 2, to provide the needed water immediately on a temporary basis and within a reasonable time replace the water in like quality, quantity, and duration. If the water is not replaced, the department shall order the suspension of the operator's exploration or operating permit until such time as the operator provides substitute water, except that nothing in this section preempts Title 85, chapter 2. The operator may not be required to replace a junior right if the operator's withdrawal or dewatering is not in excess of his senior right.

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- (b) If the department determines that there is a great potential that surface or subsurface water quality and quantity may be adversely affected by a mining or exploration operation, the operator shall install a water quality monitoring program, water quantity monitoring program, or both, which must be approved by the department prior to the commencement of exploration or mining."
- Section 21. Section 82-4-360, MCA, is amended to read:

  "82-4-360. Activity prohibited if bond forfeited or
  reclamation laws violated -- exception. (1) Except as
  provided in subsection (2), a person may not conduct mining
  or exploration activities in this state if that person or

- any firm or business association of which that person was a principal or controlling member had a bond forfeited under this part or if the department determines, based on information supplied by any person, that the applicant is in violation of federal or state mine reclamation laws or
- 7 (2) A person described in subsection (1) may apply for 8 an operations permit or an exploration license or may 9 conclude a written agreement under 82-4-305 if that person 10 first pays to the department:

rules.

the state:

- 11 (a) the full amount of the necessary expenses incurred
  12 by the board under 82-4-341(5) for reclamation of the area
  13 for which the bond was forfeited or in which a violation of
  14 a federal or state mine reclamation law or rule occurred in
- 16 (b) the full amount of any penalties assessed under 17 this part; and
- 16 (c) interest on these amounts and penalties incurred at
  19 the rate of 6% per year."
- Section 22. Section 82-4-362, MCA, is amended to read:
- 21 \*\*82-4-362. Suspension of permits -- hearing. (1) If any 22 of the requirements of this part, the rules adopted under 23 this part, or the reclamation plan have not been complied
- 24 with within the time limits set by the department or board
- 25 or by this part, the department shall serve a notice of

noncompliance on the licensee or permittee or, if necessary,
the commissioner shall order the suspension of the permit.

The notice or order must be handed to the licensee or permittee in person or served by certified or-registered mail addressed to the permanent address shown on the application for a permit. The notice of noncompliance must specify in what respects the operator has failed to comply with this part, the rules adopted under this part, or the reclamation plan.

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- the requirements set forth in the notice of noncompliance or order of suspension within the time limits set therein, the permit may be revoked by order of the board and the performance bond forfeited to the department. The licensee or permittee is entitled to a hearing before the department on the revocation of a permit or license or the forfeiture of a performance bond if a hearing is requested within 30 days after service of notice as provided in subsection (1). The notice must state when those measures may be undertaken and must give notice of opportunity for a hearing. If a hearing is requested within the 30-day period, the permit or license may not be revoked and the bond may not be forfeited until a final decision is made by the department.
- (3) If a permittee fails to pay the fee or file the report required under 82-4-339, the department shall serve

- notice of this failure, by certified mail or personal delivery, on the permittee. If the permittee does not comply within 30 days of receipt of the notice, the commissioner shall suspend the permit. The commissioner shall reinstate the permit upon compliance.
- 6 (4) If the department determines that a permittee is in 7 violation of a federal or state mine reclamation law or rule 8 at any of the permittee's operations within the state, the 9 department shall serve a notice of noncompliance on the 10 permittee in accordance with the procedures specified in 11 subsection (1). The notice must identify the provisions of 12 federal or state mine reclamation laws that the permittee is 1.3 violating, establish a time limit for correction of the 14 violations, and state that the permittee has an opportunity 15 to request a hearing. The permittee is entitled to a hearing 16 if the permittee requests the hearing within 30 days after 17 service of the notice as provided in subsection (1). Within 18 15 days after the close of a hearing held under this 19 subsection, the commissioner shall reaffirm or withdraw the 20 notice of noncompliance, based upon the hearing record. If 21 the commissioner reaffirms the notice, the permittee shall 22 comply with the requirements set forth in the notice within 23 the time limits set therein. If the permittee does not 24 comply, all permits issued to the permittee under this part 25 must be revoked by order of the board. The board shall

- 1 reinstate the permits upon submission of appropriate
- 2 documentation from appropriate agencies of the state and
- 3 federal government that establishes that the permittee has
- corrected the violations that caused the permits issued
- 5 under this part to be revoked."
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 23. Federal water protection and
- 7 replacement legislation. If the U.S. congress approves
- 8 federal legislation establishing water protection and
  - replacement requirements for operations permitted under this
- 10 part that supersede the requirements of this part and if the
- 11 federal legislation authorizes state governments to assume
- 12 primacy for administration of the federal water protection
- 13 and replacement requirements, the department shall take the
- 14 actions necessary to receive federal approval to administer
- 15 the federal requirements.
- 16 NEW SECTION. Section 24. Rulemaking. The department
- 17 shall adopt:

- 18 (1) interim rules to implement [sections 1 through 24]
- 19 to be in place no later than October 1, 1991; and
- 20 (2) final rules to implement [sections 1 through 24] to
- 21 be in place no later than July 1, 1992.
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 25. Codification instruction.
- 23 [Sections 10, 17, 18, 23, and 24] are intended to be
- codified as an integral part of Title 82, chapter 4, part 3,
- 25 and the provisions of Title 82, chapter 4, part 3, apply to

- 1 [sections 10, 17, 18, 23, and 24].
- NEW SECTION. Section 26. Severability. If a part of
- 3 [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
- 4 from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
- 5 act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
- 6 remains in effect in all valid applications that are
- 7 severable from the invalid applications.
- 8 NEW SECTION. Section 27. Applicability. [This act]
- 9 applies to proceedings begun after October 1, 1991.
- NEW SECTION. Section 28. Effective date. [This act] is
- 11 effective on passage and approval.

-End-

#### STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

#### Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0889, as introduced.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to generally revise metal mine reclamation laws to provide for protection of water resources and for the restoration and replacement of water resources and beneficial uses of water that are diminished or degraded by permitted mining operations; establishing a water restoration and replacement financial assurance requirement; establishing administrative procedures; revising mandamus procedures; providing for revocation of permits.

#### **ASSUMPTIONS:**

- 1. HB0889 provides for the submission, evaluation, additional reporting and bonding of a water resources protection area, which are above and beyond the Department of State Lands' existing workload. This will require 2.00 FTE hydrologists and 1.00 FTE engineer, all at grade 15, step 12.
- 2. Permit maintenance, appeals and written findings will be the primary responsibility of 2.50 FTE in assumption 1.
- 3. The fees provided for in this bill would fund only 0.50 FTE.
- 4. Rapid response costs for water complaints would be funded from the Governor's environmental contingency account.
- 5. Volume of data to be analyzed would increase by a factor of about 25%.
- 6. One-time equipment will cost \$17,700 and include 3 computers @ \$3,000 each for modeling for hydrologic analysis, bond modeling and tracking, plus 3 desks, chairs, bookcases and dividers @ \$2,600 per office.
- 7. Contracted services will include: Hearings officer for 100 hours @ \$50/hour = \$5,000 per year. Reimbursement costs for appellant if permittee fails to pay = \$10,000 per year in spending authority. The department would pursue cost recovery from the permittee. Hearings officers would be required for one protracted hearing per year.
- 8. Operating expenses will be \$15,000 per year.
- 9. The department must reimburse a person for the cost of an appeal if the permittee fails to pay within 60 days.
- 10. Revenue will be generated by: Average 20 applications per year \* 1 month application review (average)\*\$1,000/month FTE cost = \$20,000/year; plus \$10,000/year cost recovery on appeals.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

see next page

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

MARK O'KEEFE, PRIMARY SPONSOR

DATE

Fiscal Note for HB0889, as introduced

HB 889

Fiscal Note Request, <u>HB0889</u>, as introduced Form BD-15
Page 2

FISCAL IMPACT:

Department of State Lands, Hard Rock:

		FY 92			FY 93	
Expenditures:	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
F.T.E.	0.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	3.00	3.00
Personal Services	0	112,740	112,740	0	112,740	112,740
Operating Expenses	0	15,000	15,000	0	15,000	15,000
Equipment	0	17,100	17,100	0	0	0
Total	0	144,840	144,840	0	127,740	127,740
Funding:						
General Fund	0	114,840	114,840	0	97,740	97,740
State Special	0	30,000	30,000	0	30,000	30,000
Total	0	144,840	144,840	0	127,740	127,740
Revenue:						
State Special Revenue (02)	0	30,000	30,000	0	30,000	30,000
General Fund Impact			(114,840)			(97,740)

### LONG-RANGE EFFECTS OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

Department expenditures for the implementation would be approximately \$127,740 per year.

HB 0889/02

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## APPROVED BY COMM. ON NATURAL RESOURCES

ı	HOUSE BILL NO. 889
2	INTRODUCED BY O'KEEFE, BIANCHI, KADAS, RANEY, YELLOWTAIL,
3	HARPER, MEASURE, KIMBERLEY, DRISCOLL, COHEN, SOUTHWORTH,
4	BARNHART, DOHERTY, FRITZ, BARDANOUVE, STRIZICH, REAM, DOWELL,
5	WEEDING, PECK, ECK, HOCKETT, KENNEDY
6	
7	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE
8	METAL MINE RECLAMATION LAWS TO PROVIDE FOR PROTECTION OF
9	WATER RESOURCES AND FOR THE RESTORATION AND OR REPLACEMENT
10	OF WATER RESOURCES AND RESTORATION AND CONTINUANCE OF
11	BENEFICIAL USES OF WATER THAT ARE DIMINISHED OR DEGRADED BY
12	PERMITTED MINING OPERATIONS; ESTABLISHING A WATER
13	RESTORATION AND REPLACEMENT FINANCIAL ASSURANCE REQUIREMENT;
14	ESTABLISHING ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES; REVISING MANDAMUS
15	PROCEDURES; PROVIDING FOR REVOCATION OF PERMITS; AMENDING
16	SECTIONS 82-4-301, 82-4-302, 82-4-303, 82-4-311, 82-4-321,
17	82-4-322, 82-4-323, 82-4-335, 82-4-337, 82-4-339, 82-4-340,
18	82-4-341, 82-4-351, 82-4-352, 82-4-353, 82-4-354, 82-4-355,
19	82-4-360, AND 82-4-362, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE
20	EFFECTIVE DATE AND AN APPLICABILITY BATE DATES."
21	
22	STATEMENT OF INTENT
23	A statement of intent is required for this bill to
2.1	provide quidance to the department of state lands for the

adoption of rules to establish requirements for the content

1	of water protection plans, interpretthedefinitionof
2	beneficialusesofwater, PROVIDE CRITERIA FOR THE
3	ESTABLISHMENT OF BOUNDARIES OF WATER PROTECTION AREAS,
4	define the types of department expenses that may be included
5	in calculating the water resources assessment fee, and
б	define the terms and conditions of financial assurance
7	mechanisms.
8	The department shall adopt rules that define the
9	specific subjects, types of data, and level of water
70	monitoring that an applicant for an operating permit must
11	include in the 2-year baseline study of water resources,
12	hydrology, and beneficial uses within a water protection
13	area. The information collected by the applicant must be
14	sufficient to allow the department to assess the cumulative
15	impacts of the proposed operations upon the hydrology,
16	quantity, and quality of water resources and upon beneficial

assessment of the consequences of proposed mining operations on water resources and beneficial uses, the potential for restoration or replacement of water resources and beneficial

uses in the water protection area. The department's rules

must also identify the specific types of analyses an

applicant must prepare in order to provide an adequate

23 uses that may be diminished or degraded by the proposed

24 operations, and the estimated costs of restoration and  $\underline{OR}$ 

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replacement of the water resources and beneficial uses.

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The-department's-rules-must-define--the--characteristics of--significant--aesthetic--values--and-significant-wildlife habitat--that-are-defined-in-(section-3)-as--beneficial--uses of---water--resources---Significant--wildlife--habitat--must include--habitat--for---state---and---federally---designated threatened---and--endangered--species--and--ail--species--of wildlife-and-fish-that-are-classified-as--game--species--and for--which--licenses-are-required-for-hunting-and-fishing-in the-state-

[Section 8(3)] authorizes the department to assess a water resources assessment fee not to exceed the actual amount of contractor and employee expenses of the department to provide for timely and adequate review of the water protection plan, TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE PLAN FOLLOWING PERMIT ISSUANCE, AND TO INVESTIGATE COMPLAINTS PURSUANT TO 82-4-355(3). The department's rules should authorize the use of the money collected from the water resources assessment fee for expenses, such as for hiring temporary employees and contracted consultants and, data collection and analysis, AND PERMIT COMPLIANCE INSPECTIONS AND MONITORING.

In adopting rules to set forth the specific terms and conditions of financial assurance mechanisms authorized by [section 10], the department shall consult and, to the greatest extent practicable, rely upon concepts and

-3-

requirements contained in Rules 16.44.801 through 16.44.823,

Administrative Rules of Montana.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 82-4-301, MCA, is amended to read:

\*82-4-301. Legislative findings. (1) The extraction of 6 mineral by mining is a basic and essential activity making an important contribution to the economy of the state and the nation. At the same time, proper reclamation of mined 9 land and former exploration areas not brought to mining 10 stage is necessary to prevent undesirable land and surface 11 water conditions detrimental to the general welfare, health, 12 safety, ecology, and property rights of the citizens of the 1.3 state. Mining and exploration for minerals take place in 14 diverse areas where geological, topographical, climatic, 15 biological, and sociological conditions are significantly 16 different, and reclamation specifications must vary 17 accordingly. It is not practical to extract minerals or 18 explore for minerals required by our society without 19 disturbing the surface or subsurface of the earth and 20 without producing waste materials, and the very character of many types of mining operations precludes complete 22 restoration of the land to its original condition. The 23 legislature finds that land reclamation as provided in this part will allow exploration for and mining of valuable 25

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- 1 minerals while adequately providing for the subsequent 2 beneficial use of the lands to be reclaimed.
- 3 (2) The legislature finds that beneficial uses of surface water and ground water may be adversely affected by 4 5 mining and exploration for minerals and that requirements to ensure the protection of the state's water resources are 6 necessary. The legislature finds that restoration or 7 replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial 8 9 uses is necessary if those resources and beneficial uses are 10 diminished or degraded as a result of mining and exploration 11 for minerals and that the restoration or replacement should
- be accomplished at no increased cost to water users." 13 Section 2. Section 82-4-302, MCA, is amended to read:

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- 14 \*82-4-302. Purpose. (1) The purposes of this part are 15 to provide:
  - (a) that the usefulness, productivity, and values of all lands and-surface-waters involved in mining and mining exploration within the boundaries and lawful jurisdiction of the state will receive the greatest reasonable degree of protection and reclamation to beneficial use;
- 22 (b) authority for cooperation between private and 23 governmental entities in carrying this part into effect;
- 24 (c) for the recognition of the recreational and 25 aesthetic values of land as a benefit to the state of

- Montana: and
- (d) protection to all waters within the boundaries and
- lawful jurisdiction of the state that may be adversely
- affected by mining;
- (e) for restoration or replacement of the quantity and
- quality of waters that are diminished or degraded by mining;
- 7 (f) that water users do not incur increased costs in
- continuing beneficial uses of water resources in areas where
- mining for minerals occurs; and
- 10 (d)(q) priorities and values to the aesthetics of our
- 11 landscape, waters, and ground cover.
- 12 (2) Although both the need for and the practicability
- 13 of reclamation will control the type and degree of
- 14 reclamation in any specific instance, the basic objective
- 15 will be to establish, on a continuing basis, the vegetative
- 16 cover, soil stability, water condition, and safety condition
- 17 appropriate to any proposed subsequent use of the area."
- 18 Section 3. Section 82-4-303, MCA, is amended to read:
- 19 "82-4-303. Definitions. As used in this part, unless
- 20 the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions
- 21 apply:
- 22 (1) "Abandonment of surface or underground mining" may
- 23 be presumed when it is shown that continued operation will
- 24 not resume.
- 25 (2) "Beneficial uses" means those beneficial uses of

HB 889

- water resources defined in 85-2-102(2) and-other-uses-of
  water--resources-that--include--but--are--not--limited--to
  maintenance-of-minimum-streamflows7-public-and-private-water
  leases7--significant--aesthetic--values7---and---significant
  wildlife-habitat.
- f(2)(3) "Board" means the board of land commissioners or a state employee or state agency as may succeed to its powers and duties under this part.
- 9 (4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of state
  10 lands provided for in 2-15-3202.
- 11 (3)(5) "Cyanide ore-processing reagent" means cyanide 12 or a cyanide compound used as a reagent in leaching 13 operations.
- 14 (4)(6) "Department" means the department of state 15 lands.

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- (5)(7) "Disturbed land" means that area of land or surface water disturbed, beginning at the date of the issuance of the permit, and it comprises that area from which the overburden, tailings, waste materials, or minerals have been removed and tailings ponds, waste dumps, roads, conveyor systems, leach dumps, and all similar excavations or covering resulting from the operation and which have not been previously reclaimed under the reclamation plan.
- 24 (6)(8) "Exploration" means all activities conducted on 25 or beneath the surface of lands resulting in material

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- disturbance of the surface for the purpose of determining
  the presence, location, extent, depth, grade, and economic
  viability of mineralization in those lands, if any, other
  than mining for production and economic exploitation, as
  well as all roads made for the purpose of facilitating
- 7 (7)(9) "Mineral" means any ore, rock, or substance,
  8 other than oil, gas, bentonite, clay, coal, sand, gravel,
  9 phosphate rock, or uranium, taken from below the surface or
  10 from the surface of the earth for the purpose of milling,
  11 concentration, refinement, smelting, manufacturing, or other
  12 subsequent use or processing or for stockpiling for future
  13 use, refinement, or smelting.

exploration, except as noted in 82-4-310.

- 14 t07(10) "Mining" commences when the operator first mines
  15 ores or minerals in commercial quantities for sale,
  16 beneficiation, refining, or other processing or disposition
  17 or first takes bulk samples for metallurgical testing in
  18 excess of aggregate of 10,000 short tons.
- 22 (10)(12) "Person" means any person, corporation, firm,
  23 association, partnership, or other legal entity engaged in
  24 exploration for or mining of minerals on or below the
  25 surface of the earth, reprocessing of tailings or waste

-8-

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HB 0889/02

HB 0889/02

- 1 materials, or operation of a hard-rock mill.
- 3 scattered or unconsolidated valuable minerals in gravel or
- 4 alluvium lying above bedrock.
- 5 (12)(14) "Placer or dredge mining" means the mining of
- 6 minerals from a placer deposit by a person or persons.
- 7 (13)(15) "Reclamation plan" means the operator's written
- 8 proposal, as required and approved by the board, for
- 9 reclamation of the land that will be disturbed. The proposal
- 10 shall include, to the extent practical at the time of
- 11 application for an operating permit:
- (a) a statement of the proposed subsequent use of the
- 13 land after reclamation:
- (b) plans for surface gradient restoration to a surface
- 15 suitable for the proposed subsequent use of the land after
- 16 reclamation is completed and the proposed method of
- 17 accomplishment:
- 18 (c) the manner and type of revegetation or other
- 19 surface treatment of disturbed areas:
- 20 (d) procedures proposed to avoid foreseeable situations
- 21 of public nuisance, endangerment of public safety, damage to
- 22 human life or property, or unnecessary damage to flora and
- fauna in or adjacent to the area;
- 24 (e) the method of disposal of mining debris;
- (f) the method of diverting surface waters around the

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- l disturbed areas where necessary to prevent pollution of
  - those waters or unnecessary erosion;
- 3 (g) the method of reclamation of stream channels and
- 4 stream banks to control erosion, siltation, and pollution;
- 5 (h) maps and other supporting documents as may be
- for reasonably required by the department; and
- 7 (i) a time schedule for reclamation that meets the
- 8 requirements of 82-4-336.
- 9  $(\frac{14}{(16)})$  (a) "Small miner" means a person, firm, or
- 10 corporation that engages in the business of mining or
- 11 reprocessing of tailings or waste materials that does not
- 12 remove from the earth during any calendar year material in
- 13 excess of 36,500 tons in the aggregate, that does not hold
- 14 an operating permit under 82-4-335 except for a permit
- issued under 82-4-335(2), and that conducts:
- 16 (i) an operation resulting in not more than 5 acres of
- 17 the earth's surface being disturbed and unreclaimed; or
- 18 (ii) two operations which disturb and leave unreclaimed
- 19 less than 5 acres per operation if the respective mining
- 20 properties are:
- 21 (A) the only operations engaged in by the person, firm,
- 22 or corporation;
- 23 (B) at least 1 mile apart at their closest point; and
- 24 (C) not operated simultaneously except during seasonal
- 25 transitional periods not to exceed 30 days.

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(b) For the purpose of this definition only, the department shall, in computing the area covered by the operation, exclude access or haulage roads that are required by a local, state, or federal agency having jurisdiction over that road to be constructed to certain specifications if that public agency notifies the department in writing that it desires to have the road remain in use and will maintain it after mining ceases.

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- (15)(17) "Surface mining" means all or any part of the process involved in mining of minerals by removing the overburden and mining directly from the mineral deposits exposed, including but not limited to open-pit mining of minerals naturally exposed at the surface of the earth, mining by the auger method, and all similar methods by which earth or minerals exposed at the surface are removed in the course of mining. Surface mining does not include the extraction of oil, gas, bentonite, clay, coal, sand, gravel, phosphate rock, or uranium or excavation or grading conducted for on-site farming, on-site road construction, or other on-site building construction.
- 21 t16;(18) "Underground mining" means all methods of 22 mining other than surface mining.
- 23 (17)(19) "Unit of surface-mined area" means that area of 24 land and surface water included within an operating permit 25 actually disturbed by surface mining during each 12-month

-11-

- period of time, beginning at the date of the issuance of the permit, and it comprises and includes the area from which 3 overburden or minerals have been removed, the area covered by mining debris, and all additional areas used in surface mining or underground mining operations which by virtue of mining use are susceptible to erosion in excess of the surrounding undisturbed portions of land.
  - t18)(20) "Vegetative cover" means the type vegetation, grass, shrubs, trees, or any other form of natural cover considered suitable at time of reclamation.
- 11 (21) "Water protection area" means the area proposed for mining that would be subject to an operating permit and the area that-is-1-mile-upgradient-by-2-miles-crossgradient-by-3 14 miles-downgradient-of-the-respective--hydrologic--slopes--of 15 surface--water-and-ground-water-flowing-through-the-proposed 16 permitted-area WHERE THE QUALITY, QUANTITY, AND HYDROLOGIC BALANCE OF SURFACE WATER AND GROUND WATER MAY BE ADVERSELY 18 AFFECTED BY CONTAMINATION, DIMINUTION, OR INTERRUPTION 19 PROXIMATELY RESULTING FROM THE PROPOSED MINING OPERATIONS.
  - (22) "Water protection plan" means the operator's written proposal, as required and approved by the board, for the protection of water resources within the water protection area. The board shall adopt rules setting forth requirements for the content of the proposal, provided that

-12-

25 the proposal must include the following elements:

1 (a) a list containing the names and addresses of all
2 water users in the water protection area;

- (b) a detailed assessment of the existing water resources, hydrology, and beneficial uses within the water protection area, including a 2-year baseline study sufficient to enable the department to assess the potential and probable cumulative impacts of the proposed operations upon the hydrology, quantity, and quality of water resources and upon beneficial uses in the water protection area;
- (c) an assessment of the consequences of the proposed operations on the hydrology, quantity, and quality of water resources in the water protection area, including the potential for diminishment or degradation of water resources and the potential for adverse effects on beneficial uses;
- (d) an assessment of the potential for water resources and beneficial uses that may be diminished or degraded to be permanently restored or replaced to the approximate hydrologic characteristics, quantity, and quality that existed prior to the commencement of the proposed operations and the proposed methods of restoration or replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses; and
- (e) the estimated cost of restoring or replacing any water resources that may be diminished or degraded by the proposed operations and the estimated cost of ensuring the continuation of beneficial uses within the water protection

area at no greater cost to water users than under conditions
that existed prior to the commencement of the proposed
operations.

- (23) "Water resources" means all streams, lakes, wells,
  springs, irrigation systems, wetlands, watercourses,
  waterways, drainage systems, and other bodies of surface
  water and ground water, including natural and manmade water
  bodies, regardless of ownership, and-any-of-these-water
  bodies-that-are-outside-the-state's--boundaries--but within
  the boundaries of a water protection area.
  - (24) "Water user" means a person or entity holding a water-right, VALID RIGHT TO APPROPRIATE WATER as provided in Title 85, chapter 2,-and-a-state-or-federal-agency--or--unit of--government--with--jurisdiction--over--water-resources-or beneficial-uses."
- Section 4. Section 82-4-311, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-311. Hard-rock mining account. All fees, fines,

- penalties, and other uncleared moneys-which money that have been or will be paid to the department of-state-lands under the provisions of this part shall must be placed in the state special revenue fund in the state treasury and
- 23 hard-rock mining and reclamation account. This account shall

credited to a special account to be designated as the

- be <u>is</u> available to the department by appropriation and shall
- 25 <u>must</u> be expended for the research, reclamation, and

-13- HB 889 -14- HB 889

revegetation of land and the rehabilitation, restoration, and replacement of water resources affected by any mining operations. Any unencumbered and any unexpended balance of this account remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall may not lapse but shall must be carried forward for the purposes of this section until expended or until appropriated by subsequent legislative action."

Section 5. Section 82-4-321, MCA, is amended to read:

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- "82-4-321. Administration. The board is charged with the responsibility of administering this part. In order to implement its terms and provisions, the board shall from time to time promulgate such rules as the board shall deem necessary. The board may delegate such powers, duties, and functions to the department as it deems necessary for the performance of its duties as administrator of this part. The board shall employ experienced, qualified persons in the field fields of mined-land reclamation and water protection, restoration, and replacement who, for the purpose of this
- Section 6. Section 82-4-322, MCA, is amended to read:

  "82-4-322. Investigations, research, and experiments.

  The board shall—have has the authority to conduct or authorize investigations, research, experiments, and demonstrations in reclamation and water protection, restoration, and replacement and to collect and disseminate

-15-

part, are referred to as supervisors."

- nonconfidential information relating to mining."
- Section 7. Section 82-4-323, MCA, is amended to read:

  \*\*82-4-323. Interagency cooperation -- receipt and
- expenditure of funds. The board shall cooperate with other
  governmental and private agencies in this state and other
  states and agencies of the federal government and may
  reasonably compensate them for any services the board
  requests that they provide. The board may receive federal
  funds, state funds, and any other funds and, within the
  limits imposed by the grant, expend them for water
  protection, restoration and replacement of water resources,
  reclamation of land affected by mining or exploration, and
- Section 8. Section 82-4-335, MCA, is amended to read:

for purposes enumerated in 82-4-336."

- "82-4-335. Operating permit -- limitation -- fees. (1)

  A person may not engage in mining, ore processing, or reprocessing of tailings or waste material, construct or operate a hard-rock mill, use cyanide ore-processing reagents, or disturb land in anticipation of those activities in the state without first obtaining an operating permit from the board. A separate operating permit is required for each complex.
- (2) A small miner who intends to use a cyanide ore-processing reagent shall obtain an operating permit for that part of his operation where the cyanide ore-processing

- 1 reagent will be used or disposed of.
- 2 (3) Prior to receiving an operating permit from the
  - board, a person shall pay the basic permit fee of \$25 and a
- 4 water resources assessment fee not to exceed the actual
- 5 amount of contractor and employee expenses of the department
- 6 that are necessary to provide for timely and adequate review
- of the water protection plan, TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE
- 8 PLAN FOLLOWING ISSUANCE OF A PERMIT, AND TO INVESTIGATE
- 9 COMPLAINTS PURSUANT TO 82-4-355(3). The board may further
- 10 define these expenses by rule.

- 11 (4) A person shall submit an application on a form
- 12 provided by the board, which that must contain the following
- information and any other pertinent data required by rule:
- 14 (a) name and address of the operator and, if a
- 15 corporation or other business entity, the name and address
- 16 of its principal officers, partners, and the like and its
- 17 resident agent for service of process, if required by law;
- (b) minerals expected to be mined;
- (c) a proposed reclamation plan;
- 20 (d) a proposed water protection plan;
- 21 (d)(e) expected starting date of operations;
- 22 (e)(f) a map showing the specific area to be mined and
- 23 the boundaries of the land which that will be disturbed,
- 24 topographic detail, the location and names of all streams,
- 25 roads, railroads, and utility lines on or immediately

- adjacent to the area, location of proposed access roads to
- 2 be built, and the names and addresses of the surface and
  - mineral owners of all lands within the mining area, to the
- 4 extent known to the applicant;
- 5  $\{f\}(g)$  types of access roads to be built and manner of
- 6 reclamation of road sites on abandonment;
  - (g)(h) a plan which that will provide, within limits of
- 8 normal operating procedures of the industry, for completion
- 9 of the operation;
- 10 th)--ground-water--and--surface--water--hydrologic--data
- 11 gathered--from--a-sufficient-number-of-sources-and-length-of
- 12 time-to-characterize-the-hydrologic-regime;
- 13 (i) a plan detailing the design, operation, and
- 14 monitoring of impounding structures, including but not
- 15 limited to tailings impoundments and water reservoirs,
- 16 sufficient to ensure that the structures are safe and
- 17 stable:

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- 18 (j) a plan identifying methods to be used to monitor
  - for the accidental discharge of objectionable materials and
- 20 remedial action plans to be used to control and mitigate
- 21 discharges to surface water or ground water; and
- (k) an evaluation of the expected life of any tailings
- 23 impoundment or waste area and the potential for expansion of
- 24 the tailings impoundment or waste site.
- 25 +4+(5) Except as provided in subsection +(6) +(7), the

mineral development as defined in 90-6-302 must be conditioned to provide that activities under the permit may not commence until the impact plan is approved under 30-6-307 and until the permittee has provided a written guarantee to the department and to the hard-rock mining impact board of compliance within the time schedule with the commitment made in the approved impact plan, as provided in 90-6-307. If the permittee does not comply with that commitment within the time scheduled, the board, upon receipt of written notice from the hard-rock mining impact board, shall suspend the permit until it receives written notice from the hard-rock mining impact board, shall suspend the permit until it receives written notice from the hard-rock mining impact board that the permittee is in compliance.

has become or will become a large-scale mineral developer pursuant to 82-4-339 and 90-6-302(4) and provides notice as required under 82-4-339, within 6 months of receiving the notice, the permittee shall provide the board with proof that he has obtained a waiver of the impact plan requirement from the hard-rock mining impact board or that he has filed an impact plan with the hard-rock mining impact board and the appropriate county or counties. If the permittee does not file the required proof or if the hard-rock mining impact board certifies to the board that the permittee has

-19-

failed to comply with the hard-rock mining impact review and implementation requirements in Title 90, chapter 6, parts 3 and 4, the board shall suspend the permit until the permittee files the required proof or until the hard-rock mining impact board certifies that the permittee has complied with the hard-rock mining impact review and implementation requirements.

+6+ $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$  Compliance with 90-6-307 is not required for exploration and bulk sampling for metallurgical testing when the aggregate samples are less than 10,000 tons.

(7)(8) A person may not be issued an operating permit if that person's failure to comply with the provisions of this part, the rules adopted under this part, or a permit or license issued under this part has resulted in the forfeiture of a bond unless that person meets the conditions described in 82-4-360."

Section 9. Section 82-4-337, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-337. Inspection -- issuance of operating permit
-- modification. (1) (a) The board shall cause all applications for operating permits to be reviewed for completeness within 30 days of receipt. The board shall notify the applicant concerning completeness as soon as possible. An application is considered complete unless the applicant is notified of any deficiencies within 30 days of receipt.

-20-

нв 889

нв 889

(b) Unless the review period is extended as provided in this section, the board shall review the adequacy of the proposed reclamation plan, water protection plan, and plan of operation within 30 days of the determination that the application is complete or within 60 days of receipt of the application if the board does not notify the applicant of any deficiencies in the application. If the applicant is not notified of deficiencies or inadequacies in the proposed reclamation plan, water protection plan, and plan of operation within such time period, the department shall issue a decision to approve the operating permit shall—be issued—upon-receipt—of—the—bond—as—required—in—82-4-338. The department shall promptly notify the applicant of the form and amount of bond which and water restoration and replacement financial assurance that will be required.

- (c) If, within 15 days of the date the department's decision is issued under subsection (1)(b) or (1)(e)(iii) the department does not receive a request for an informal conference or a petition to reconsider the decision pursuant to 82-4-353(6), the decision is final and the operating permit must be issued. No proceeding conducted pursuant to 82-4-353(6)(c) may exceed 60 calendar days unless extended by the board for good cause.
- (d) No permit may be issued until:

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25 (i) sufficient bond has been submitted pursuant to

1 82-4-338: and the financial assurance requirement of 2 [section 10] has been satisfied:

HB 0889/02

3 (ii) the administrative requirements of 82-4-353 have been satisfied;

5 (iii) the department has found that the water protection
6 plan is adequate to protect water resources in the water
7 protection area, as demonstrated by the applicant for an
8 operating permit; and

9 (c)-(i)-(iv) Prior--to--issuance--of---a---permit-10 department shall-inspect has inspected the site, unless the 11 department has failed to act on the application within the 12 time prescribed in subsection (1)(b). If the site is not 13 accessible due to extended adverse weather conditions, the 14 department may extend the time period prescribed in subsection (1)(b) by not more than 180 days to allow 15 16 inspection of the site and reasonable review.

17 <u>(e) (i)</u> The department must serve written notice of <u>a</u>
18 <u>time</u> extension upon the applicant in person or by certified
19 mail, and any such extension is subject to appeal to the
20 board in accordance with the Montana Administrative
21 Procedure Act.

22 (ii) If the department determines that additional time 23 is needed to review the application and reclamation plan or 24 water protection plan for a major operation, the department

25 and the applicant shall negotiate to extend the period

-21<del>-</del> HB 889 -22- HB 889

нв 0889/02

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prescribed	in s	ubsect	ion	(1)(b)	рА	not	nore	than	365	42
days in o	order	to pe	rmit	reaso	nable	e re	view	. <u>W</u>	nen	aı
application	n and	recla	mati	on pla	n or	wate	r pr	otect:	ion	plar
are review	ed unde	r the	prov	ision <b>s</b>	of	this	sub	sectio	on,	the
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hefore the	end of	the r	nagat	iated e	vten	sion	neri	od		

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- (iii) Failure of the board to act upon a complete application within the extension period constitutes approval of the application, and the permit shall be issued promptly upon receipt of the bond as required in 82-4-338 and certification that the applicant has complied with the financial assurance requirement established by [section 10].
- (2) The operating permit shall must be granted for the period required to complete the operation and shall-be is valid until the operation authorized by the permit is completed or abandoned unless the permit is suspended or revoked by the board as provided in this part.
- (3) The operating permit scall must provide that the reclamation plan and water protection plan may be modified by the board, upon proper application of the permittee or department, after timely notice and opportunity for hearing, at any time during the term of the permit and for any of the following reasons:
- 25 (a) to modify the requirements so they will not

1 conflict with existing laws;

2 (b) when the previously adopted reclamation plan or
3 water protection plan is impossible or impracticable to
4 implement and maintain;

(c) when significant environmental problem situationsare revealed by field inspection."

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Water restoration and replacement -- financial assurance -- release. (1) The applicant shall provide financial assurance sufficient to ensure the restoration or replacement of specific water resources and the restoration and continuation of beneficial uses within the water protection area at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that existed prior to the commencement of the applicant's proposed operations. The department shall determine the amount of financial assurance that the applicant must provide based on an assessment of the water protection plan and the applicant's estimated cost of restoring or replacing water resources and restoring beneficial uses that may be diminished or degraded by the applicant's proposed operations.

- 21 (2) The applicant may satisfy the financial assurance requirement by:
- (a) establishing a water restoration and replacement trust fund and making annual payments into the fund;
- 25 (b) filing with the department a bond that is payable

-23- HB 889

-24- HB 889

HB 0889/02

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to the state of Montana with surety satisfactory to the department, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the requirements of this part and the rules of the board;

4 (c) filing an irrevocable letter of credit with the department:

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- (d) obtaining water restoration and replacement insurance and submitting a certification of insurance to the department:
- 9 (e) filing with the department a cash deposit, an 10 assignment of a certificate of deposit, or other surety 11 acceptable to the board; OR
  - (f)--demonstrating--to-the-department-that-the-applicant
    meets-minimum-financial-worth-and-bond-rating-criteria--that
    show--that-the-applicant-has-adequate-internal-resources-for
    meeting-the-financial-requirement-established-by--subsection
    (1);-or
  - (9) (F) a combination of financial assurance mechanisms that are acceptable to the department and that may include a trust fund, a surety bond guaranteeing payment into a trust fund, a letter of credit, and insurance.
- 21 (3) The board may accept financial assurance from an
  22 applicant for two or more operations. Financial assurance
  23 for two or more operations must be adequate to ensure the
  24 restoration or replacement of water resources and the
  25 continuance of beneficial uses of water resources in the

- water protection area or areas surrounding the operations at no greater cost to water users than the users incurred under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations.
  - (4) The board shall adopt rules to specify the terms and conditions of each financial assurance mechanism authorized by this section that must be met before the board may approve the use of that mechanism by the applicant for purposes of satisfying the financial assurance requirement established by this section.
  - (5) The amount of financial assurance approved by the board may not be less than the estimated cost to the state to restore or replace specific water resources and to ensure the continuance of beneficial uses in the water protection area at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the proposed operations as set forth in the water protection plan.
- 18 (6) A public or government agency is not required to
  19 provide financial assurance under the provisions of this
  20 section.
- 21 (7) If the department determines that the level of
  22 financial assurance provided for a permitted operation does
  23 not represent the present costs of water restoration or
  24 replacement or AND restoration of beneficial uses that may
  25 be diminished or degraded by the operation, the department

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may modify the financial assurance requirements of that 2 permit.

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- (8) The department may not release an operator from the financial assurance requirement and release funds or terminate the funding mechanisms the operator relied upon to fulfill the financial assurance requirement:
- 7 (a) for a minimum of 10 years after the release of the performance bond as provided in 82-4-338; В
  - (b) until the department determines that the quality and quantity of water resources in the water protection area have been permanently restored or replaced and that beneficial uses in the water protection area are continuing at no greater cost to water users than under conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations; and
    - (c) until a public hearing has been held consistent with the provisions of 82-4-353(4). The department shall make all information that is relevant to the decision on whether to release an operator from the financial assurance requirement readily available to interested persons beginning no later than the date that notice of the public hearing is distributed as required by 82-4-353(4).
- (9) A person may submit to the department information 23 relevant to the department's decision to release an operator 24 from all or any part of the financial assurance requirement

-27-

for a period of 30 days after the date of the public hearing ٦ required by subsection 82-4-353(4).

(10) A person may request the department to reconsider its decision to release an operator from all or any part of the financial assurance requirement, based upon information the person submits to show that the permittee has not restored or replaced the quantity or quality of water resources or both or has not restored beneficial uses in the water protection area at no greater cost to water users than under the conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations. The department's response to a request to reconsider its decision to release an operator from all or any part of the financial assurance requirement is the final agency decision.

15 Section 11. Section 82-4-339, MCA, is amended to read:

"82-4-339. Annual report of activities by permittee -fee -- notice of large-scale mineral developer status. (1) Within 30 days after completion or abandonment of operations on an area under permit or within 30 days after each anniversary date of the permit, whichever is earlier, or at such later date as may be provided by rules of the board and each year thereafter until reclamation and restoration and OR replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses is completed and approved, the permittee shall pay the annual fee of \$25 and shall file a report of

-28-

HB 889

HB 889

- activities completed during the preceding year on a form prescribed by the board which report shall:
- 3 (a) identify the permittee and the permit number;
- 4 (b) locate the operation by subdivision, section,
- $\,\,$  township, and range and with relation to the nearest town or
- 6 other well-known geographic feature;
- 7 (c) estimate acreage to be newly disturbed by operation
- 8 in the next 12-month period;
- 9 (d) include the number of persons on the payroll for
- 10 the previous permit year and for the next permit year at
- 11 intervals that the department considers sufficient to enable
- a determination of the permittee's status under 90-6-302(4);
- 13 and
- 14 (e) update any maps previously submitted or
- 15 specifically requested by the board. Such maps shall show:
- 16 (i) the permit area;
- 17 (ii) the unit of disturbed land;
- (iii) the area to be disturbed during the next 12-month
- 19 period;
- 20 (iv) if completed, the date of completion of operations;
- 21 (v) if not completed, the additional area estimated to
- 22 be further disturbed by the operation within the following
- 23 permit year; and
- 24 (vi) the date of beginning, amount, and current status
- 25 of reclamation, protection OF WATER RESOURCES, restoration;

- 1 and OR replacement of water resources, and restoration of 2 beneficial uses performed during the previous 12 months.
- 3 (2) Whenever the department determines that the
  4 permittee has become or will, during the next permit year,
  5 become a large-scale mineral developer, it shall immediately
  6 serve written notice of that fact on the permittee, the
  7 hard-rock mining impact board, and the county or counties in
- 9 Section 12. Section 82-4-340, MCA, is amended to read:

which the operation is located."

- 10 **\*\*82-4-340.** Successor operator. When one operator
  11 succeeds to the interest of another in any uncompleted
- 12 operation by sale, assignment, lease, or otherwise, the
- 13 board may release the first operator from the duties imposed
- 14 upon him by this part as to such operation, provided that
- 15 both operators have complied with the requirements of this
- 16 part and the successor operator assumes the duty of the

former operator to protect water resources and to complete

- 18 the reclamation of the land and the restoration or
- 19 replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial
- 20 uses, in which case the board shall transfer the permit to
- 21 the successor operator upon approval of the successor
- 22 operator's bond and water restoration and replacement
- 23 financial assurance as required under this part."
- Section 13. Section 82-4-341, MCA, is amended to read:
- 25 "82-4-341. Compliance with reclamation plan and water

HB 0889/02 HB 0889/02

protection plan — reclamation and restoration OR
REPLACEMENT of water resources and beneficial uses by board.

(1) Following receipt of the permittee's report and at any other reasonable time the board may elect, the board shall cause the permit area to be inspected to determine if the

permittee has complied with the reclamation plan, the water

7 protection plan, and the board's rules.

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the protection of water resources and beneficial uses as scheduled in his approved reclamation plan and water protection plan. Following written notice by the board noting deficiencies, the permittee shall commence action within 30 days to rectify these deficiencies and shall diligently proceed until the deficiencies are corrected, provided that deficiencies that also violate other laws that require earlier rectification shall be corrected in accordance with the applicable time provisions of such laws. The board may extend performance periods referred to in this section and in 82-4-336 for delays clearly beyond the permittee's control, but only when the permittee is, in the opinion of the board, making every reasonable effort to comply.

(3) Within 30 days after notification by the permittee and when, in the judgment of the hoard, reclamation of a unit of disturbed land area is properly completed, the

permittee shall be notified in writing and his bond on said area shall be released or decreased proportionately to the acreage included within the bond coverage.

4 (4) If reclamation of disturbed land is not pursued in accordance with the reclamation plan or if protection of 5 water resources and beneficial uses is not pursued in 6 7 accordance with the water protection plan and the permittee has not commenced action to rectify deficiencies within 30 9 days after notification by the board or if reclamation is 10 not properly completed in conformance with the reclamation plan within 2 years after completion or abandonment of 11 12 operation on any fraction of the permit area or such longer 13 period as may have been authorized hereunder or if, after 14 default by the permittee, the surety either refuses or fails to perform the work to the satisfaction of the board within 15 16 the time required therefor, the board may, with the staff, equipment, and material under its control or by contract 17 18 with others, take such actions as are necessary for required 19 reclamation of the disturbed lands and for restoration and 20 replacement of water resources and restoration of 21 beneficial uses. Such work shall be let on the basis of 22 competitive bidding. The board shall keep a record of all 23 necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the work or activity authorized under this section, including a 25 reasonable charge for the services performed by the state's

нв 889

-32-

personnel and the state's equipment and materials utilized.

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(5) The board shall notify the permittee and his surety by order. The order shall state the amount of necessary expenses incurred by the board in reclaiming the disturbed land and restoring and OR replacing water resources and restoring beneficial uses and a notice that the amount is due and payable to the board by the permittee and, if applicable, the surety. If the amount specified in the order is not paid within 30 days after receipt of the notice. the attorney general, upon request of the board, shall bring an action on behalf of the state in district court. The surety shall--be is liable to the state for compliance with the reclamation plan to the extent of the performance bond and the permittee or the surety or both are liable to the extent of the financial assurance provided pursuant to [section 10]. The permittee shall-be is liable for the remainder of the any cost not paid by the surety relating to either land reclamation or restoration and OR replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses.

(6) In addition to the other liabilities imposed by this part, failure to commence action to remedy specific deficiencies in reclamation or restoration and OR replacement of water resources and restoration of beneficial uses within 30 days after notification by the board or

failure to satisfactorily complete reclamation work on any segment of the permit area within 2 years, or such longer period as the board may permit on permittee's application therefor or on the board's own motion, after completion or abandonment of operations on any segment of the permit area shall—constitute constitutes sufficient grounds for cancellation of a permit or license and refusal to issue another permit or license to the applicant; provided, however, that such action shall may not be effected while an appeal is pending from any ruling requiring the same."

Section 14. Section 82-4-351, MCA, is amended to read:

12 "82-4-351. Reasons for denial of permit. (1) A permit

13 may be denied for any of the following reasons:

14 (a) the plan of operation or reclamation or water
15 protection conflicts with Title 75, chapter 2, as amended,
16 Title 75, chapter 5, as amended, Title 75, chapter 6, as

amended, or rules adopted pursuant to these laws;

18 (b) the reclamation plan does not provide an acceptable
19 method for accomplishment of reclamation as required by this

20 part; or

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- 21 (c) the water protection plan does not provide an 22 acceptable method for protecting water resources as required 23 by this part.
- (2) A denial of a permit shall must be in writing and state the reasons therefor for the denial."

-33- HB 889

-34- HB 889

Section 15. Section 82-4-352, MCA, is amended to read:

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\*\*82-4-352. Reapplication with new reclamation plan or water protection plan. A permit may be denied and returned to the applicant with a request that the application be resubmitted with a different plan for reclamation or water protection. The person making application for a permit may then resubmit to the board a new plan for reclamation or water protection."

Section 16. Section 82-4-353, MCA, is amended to read:

- "82-4-353. Administrative remedies notice parties hearings public information. (1) Upon receipt of an application for an operating permit, the department shall provide notice of the application by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area to be affected by the operation. The notice shall be published once a week for 3 successive weeks.
- (2) All hearings and appeal procedures shall must be in accordance with the Montana Administrative Procedure Act, except for the informational hearing provided for in subsection (4). Any person whose interests may be adversely affected as a result of an action taken pursuant to this part may become a party to any proceeding held hereunder upon a showing that such person is capable of adequately representing the interests claimed.
- (3) As used in this section, "person" means any

-35-

individual, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity.

2 (4) The department shall hold at least one public

3 hearing prior to issuing its decision to approve,

d conditionally approve, or deny a permit pursuant to 82-4-337

for the purpose of obtaining public comment on the adequacy

6 of the water protection plan and the water restoration and

7 replacement financial assurance to accomplish the purposes

8 of this part. The department may hold one hearing to satisfy

9 the requirements of this subsection and the requirements of

and rules adopted under Title 75, chapter 1, parts 1 and 2.

No less than 30 days prior to the hearing the department

12 shall:

(a) give notice of the hearing in newspapers of general

14 circulation in the area to be affected by the proposed

15 operation and in the county newspapers of the county or

16 counties that would be affected;

17 (b) mail written notices of the hearing to water users

18 in the water protection area, as identified in the water

19 protection plan; and

20 (c) take other appropriate actions to ensure broad

21 distribution of the hearing notice.

22 (5) The department shall ensure that the water

23 protection plan, the department's assessment of the water

24 protection plan, and information supporting the department's

25 determination of the amount of the water restoration and

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1	replacement financial assurance are readily available for
2	public review at the time the department gives notice of the
3	hearing provided for in subsection (4).

- 4 (6) A person whose interests may be adversely affected
  5 as a result of a decision to issue an operating permit
  6 pursuant to 82-4-337 relating to the water protection plan
  7 or the water restoration and replacement financial assurance
  8 may:
- (a) submit to the department information relating to the adequacy of the water protection plan and the amount of the water restoration and replacement financial assurance for a period of 30 days after the date of the public hearing provided for in subsection (4);
- (b) request an informal conference with the permittee

  and the department prior to the issuance of an operating

  permit under this part for the purpose of attempting to

  resolve any disagreement related to the adequacy of a water

  protection plan or water restoration and replacement

  financial assurance; and
- 20 (c) petition the board to reconsider a decision to
  21 issue an operating permit, including requesting a hearing.
  22 If a hearing is requested under this subsection, the board
  23 shall hold the hearing and shall follow the procedure
  24 provided in subsection (4) to give notice of the hearing.
  25 Based on the information presented at the hearing, the board

- may reaffirm the decision to issue the permit, deny the
  permit, or modify the terms of the permit relating to the
  water protection plan and the amount of the water
  restoration and replacement financial assurance. The board's
  decision following a hearing conducted under this subsection
  is the final agency decision."
  - NEW SECTION. Section 17. Rights and obligations of permittees and water users. (1) Following completion or abandonment of permitted operations and completion of reclamation, the permittee shall restore or replace the quantity and quality of water resources and restore beneficial uses in the water protection area to the approximate conditions that prevailed prior to the commencement of the permitted operations at no greater cost to water users, except that a permittee is not required to restore or replace the quantity of a water resource solely to provide for the continuance of a beneficial use if the permittee holds a water right that is senior to that beneficial use and the permittee has lawfully consumed or used only the water to which the permittee is entitled.
- 21 (2)--For---the--purpose--of--enforcement--of--the--water
  22 protection-plan;--the-department--shall--presume--that--water
  23 resources--and--beneficial-uses-in-the-water-protection-area
  24 have-been-diminished-or-degraded-by-the-permitted--operation
  25 if-the-number;--tecation;-quantity;-rate-of-flow;-quality;-or

-38-

-37- HB 889

нв 889

HB 0889/02

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hydrologiccharacteristicsof-water-resources-in-the-water
protection-area-is-diminished-or-degraded-or-if-waterusers
inthewater-protection-area-are-incurring-higher-costs-in
obtaining-or-maintaining-water-resources-for-beneficial-uses
thanundertheconditionsthatexistedpriortothe
commencement-of-the-permitted-operations-

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(3)--A--water--user-within-the-water-protection-area-may notify-the-permittee-and-the--department--by--telephone;--in writing;--or--by--both--methods--that--a--water--resource-or beneficial--use--in--the--water--protection--area--has--been diminished-or-degraded;

(4)--The-permittee-shall-restore-or--replace--sufficient water--on--a-temporary-basis-to-provide-for-the-continuation of-a-beneficial-use-within-the-water--protection--area--that has-been-diminished-or-degraded-until-the-water-resource-and beneficial-use-are-permanently-restored-or-replaced-or-until the---permittee--shows;--pursuant--to--the--requirements--of subsection-(9);-that-the-water-resource;-beneficial-use;--or both--were--not--diminished--or--damaged--by--the--permitted operations;--Temporary--restoration--or-replacement-of-water must-be-accomplished-within-the-following--timeframes--after the-water-user-has-notified-the-permittee-and-the-department as-provided-in-subsection-(3);

ta)--24--hours--for--purposes--of--providing--water--for
livestock;-domestic-use;-municipal-use;-or-instream-flow;

(5)--If--the--permittee--fails-to-temporarily-restore-or replace-a-water-resource;-restore-a-beneficial-use;-or-both; as-provided-in-subsection-(4);-the--department--shall;--with the--staff;--equipment;-and-material-under-its-control-or-by contract-with-others;-take-necessary-actions-to--restore-or replace--the--water--resource;--restore-a-beneficial-use;-or both;-The-department-shall-keep-a-record--of--all--necessary expenses--incurred--in--carrying--out--the--work-or-activity authorized-by-this-subsection;-including-a-reasonable-charge for-the-services-performed--by--the--state-s--personnel--and equipment-and-the-materials-used-

(6)--The--board--by-order-shall-notify-the-permittee-and his-surety;-if-applicable;-of-actions-taken--to--temporarily restore--or--replace--a-water-resource;-restore-a-beneficial use;-or-both;-The-order-must-state-the-amount--of--necessary expenses--incurred--by--the-department-and-a-notice-that-the amount-is-due-and-payable-to-the-department-by-the-permittee and-by-the-surety;-if-applicable;-If-the-amount-specified-in the-order-is-not-paid-within-30-days-after--receipt--of--the notice;--the--attorney--general;--upon-request-of-the-board; shall-bring-an-action-on-behalf-of--the--state--in--district court;--The--surety--is-liable-to-the-state-to-the-extent-of the--surety-s---financial---participation---in---any---water

**HB 889** 

replacementandrestorationfinancial-assurance-mechanism
provided-by-the-permitteepursuanttofsectionl0]The
permittee-is-liable-for-the-remainder-of-the-cost-

(7)--Within-6-months-of-the-date-of-notification-by-the water-user-as-provided-in-subsection-(3);-unless-a-different time-is--negotiated--with--the--water--user--or--unless--the permittee-shows;-pursuant-to-the-requirements-of-subsection (9);-that--a--water--resource--or--baneficial--use--was--not diminished--or--degraded--by-the-permittee-s-operations;-the permittee-shail-permanently-restore-or-replace-a--diminished or--degraded--water-resource-and-shall-permanently-restore-a diminished-or-degraded-beneficial-use-at-the--same--location where--the-water-was-beneficially-used-at-no-greater-cost-to the-water-user-than-under-conditions-that-prevailed-prior-to the-commencement-of-the-permitted-operations;

(8)--The-permittee-shall-compensate-water-users-for--any economic--losses-incurred-by-the-diminishment-or-degradation of-a-water-resource;-beneficial-use-in-the-water--protection area;--or--both-that-are-not-restored-or-replaced-within-the time-established-pursuant-to-subsection-(4);

(9)--(a)-The-permittee-may-request-a-hearing-subject--to
the--provisions--of-the-Montana-Administrative-Procedure-Act
and--may--provide--evidence--to--show---thac---the---alleged
diminishment---or---degradation---of--a--water--resource--or
beneficial-use-was-not-caused-by-the-permitted-operations-

(b)The-permittee-has-the-burden-ofshowingbyclear
andconvincingevidencethat-the-permitted-operations-did
not-cause-thediminishmentordegradationofthewater
resource-or-beneficial-use:

(c)--A--record--must--be--made-of-the-hearing-and-of-all
evidence-presented-and-testimony-taken-

(d)--Based-upon-the-hearing-record; the-department-shall determine-whether-the-water--resource; --beneficial--use; --or both---were---diminished---or---degraded--by--the--permitted operations;

that---the-remittee-or-the-water-user-may--request
that---the--department--reconsider--its--determination---The
department's-response-to-a--request--to--reconsider--is--the
final-agency-decision-

(f)--If--the--department--finds-that-the-diminishment-or degradation-of-a-water-resource-or-beneficial--use--was--not caused--by--a--permitted--operation--under--this--party--the department--may--find-that-the-water-user-must-reimburse-the permittee--for--the--costs---the---permittee---incurred---in temporarity---or--permanently--restoring--or--replacing--the diminished-or--degraded--water--resource--or--restoring--the beneficial--user--if--the--department--determines--that--the diminishment---or---degradation---of--a--water--resource--or beneficiat--use-was-caused-by--a---permitted--operation---under this--party--the-permittee-shall-reimburse-the-water-user-for

-41- HB 889

-42- HB 889

HB 0889/02

the-costs-the-water-user--incurred--to--participate--in--the
hearing-provided-for-in-subsection-(9)(a);

- NEW SECTION. Section 18. Rights of water users outside a water protection area. (1) At any time after receipt of the application for an operating permit, the department may expand water monitoring beyond the water protection area boundaries proposed in the application. The permittee shall pay the costs of any additional monitoring that the department determines is necessary to ensure protection of water resources that may be adversely affected by the permitted operations.
- (2) A water user who depends upon a water resource or who has a beneficial use that is located outside the water protection area boundaries proposed in the permit application or the boundaries established by the board through permit review and issuance may request that the department expand water monitoring beyond the water protection area boundaries to include that water resource, beneficial use, or both. The water user must provide a written statement of the reasons for the request, including supporting information to explain why the water user believes that the water resource, beneficial use, or both may be diminished or degraded by the proposed or permitted operations.
  - (3) The water user outside a water protection area has

-43-

- preponderance of showing by elear--and--convincing A

  preponderance of evidence that water monitoring should be
  expanded beyond the water protection area boundaries,-except
  that--the--permittee--has--the--burden-of-showing-that-water
  monitoring--should--not--be--expanded--if--the--water---user
  demonstrates--that--the--water-resource-or-beneficial-use-in
  question-has--been--diminished--or--degraded--based--upon--a
  comparison--of--the-characteristics-of-the-water-resource-orbeneficial-use-prior-to-and-after-the--commencement--of--the
  permitted-operations--The-water-user-is-not-required-to-show
  that--the--permitted--operations--caused-the-diminishment-or
  degradation-of-the-water-resource-or-beneficial-use.
  - (4) Either the water user or the permittee may request that the department reconsider its decision on the water user's request that the department expand water monitoring. The department's response to a request to reconsider is the final agency decision.
  - (5) Within 180 days after a decision to expand water monitoring beyond the boundary of a water protection area, the department shall decide whether to formally expand the boundaries of the water protection area to include the water resource, beneficial use, or both that were the subject of a water user's request pursuant to subsection (2), unless the water user agrees to an extension of time to allow additional monitoring to occur before the department makes

-44-

l its decision.

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- that the department reconsider its decision on whether to expand the boundary of a water protection area. In instances when, pursuant to subsection (3), the water user has demonstrated that a water resource, beneficial use, or both have been diminished or degraded, the permittee has the burden of showing by elear-and-convincing A PREPONDERANCE OF evidence that the water protection area should not be expanded.
- (7) A water user who depends upon a water resource or who has a beneficial use that is included within the expanded boundaries of a water protection area is entitled to all of the rights and obligations of water users included within the original boundaries of the water protection area.

Section 19. Section 82-4-354, MCA, is amended to read:

\*82-4-354. Mandamus-to-compel--enforcement ENFORCEMENT

-- ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW -- MANDAMUS. (1) Any A resident of this state or a person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected, with knowledge that a requirement of this part or a rule adopted under this part is not being enforced by a public officer or employee whose duty it is to enforce the requirement or rule, may bring the failure to the attention of the public-efficer-er-employee commissioner and to the licensee or permittee by an affidavit stating the

- specific facts of the failure. Knowingly--making--false
  statements-or-charges-in-the-affidavit-subjects-the--affiant
  to--penalties--prescribed-for-false-swearing,-as-provided-in
  45-7-202:
- (2) Within 10 days of receipt of the AN affidavit THAT ALLEGES FACTS DEMONSTRATING PROBABLE CAUSE THAT A VIOLATION OF THIS PART OR A RULE ADOPTED UNDER THIS PART HAS OCCURRED, the department shall inspect the operation and location named in the affidavit and, based upon the inspection, the 10 commissioner shall issue a written response to the person who filed the affidavit, stating whether the commissioner 11 12 agrees or disagrees that a violation has taken place OR 1.3 STATING THAT SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION IS NECESSARY, and 14 provide a copy to the licensee or permittee. IF THE 15 DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION IS 16 NECESSARY, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL INCLUDE IN THE WRITTEN 17 RESPONSE A STATEMENT OF THE REASONS AND A SPECIFIC 18 TIMEFRAME, NOT TO EXCEED 30 DAYS UNLESS THE COMMISSIONER
- 19 DEMONSTRATES GOOD CAUSE THAT MORE TIME IS NEEDED, FOR
- 20 COMPLETION OF THE INVESTIGATION AND ISSUANCE OF THE
- 21 COMMISSIONER'S STATEMENT AGREEING OR DISAGREEING THAT A
- 22 VIOLATION HAS TAKEN PLACE.
- 23 t3) If the public--officer-or-employee-neglects-or
  24 returns-for-an--unreasonable--time--after--receipt--of--the
  25 drttdavit--to--enforce--the-requirement-or-rule commissioner

HB 0889/02

1	determines that there is no violation, the affiant may
2	appeal-the-commissioner's-determination-to-the-board REQUEST
3	AN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING or, IF THE COMMISSIONER'S DECISION
4	IS ARBITRARY, CAPRICIOUS, OR AN ABUSE OF DISCRETION, bring
5	an action of mandamus in the district court of the first
6	judicial district of this state in and for the county of
7	Lewis and Clark or in the district court of the county in
8	which the land is located. If the commissioner fails to
9	respond within 10 days of receipt of the affidavit, the
10	affiant may either proceed with an appeal to the board or
11	bring-an-action-of-mandamus as though the commissioner had
12	decided that no violation occurred OR BRING AN ACTION OF
13	MANDAMUS.
14	(4) If the court finds that a requirement of this part

or a rule adopted under this part is not being enforced, it shall:

tat order the public-officer-or commissioner employee to perform his duties. If he fails to do so, the public officer-or commissioner employee must be held in contempt of court and is subject to the penalties provided by law.

(b)--require-the-commissioner-to-order-the--licensee--or
permittee-who-was-found-to-be-in-violation-of-this-part-or-a
rule--adopted--pursuant-to-this-part-to-reimburse-the-person
who-brought-the-complaint-for-all-of-the--costs--the--person
incurred--in-appealing-the-commissioner's-decisiony-bringing

an-action-of-mandamus;-or-both;-if-the-department-is--unable
to--secure--reimbursement--of--the--person's--costs-from-the
idensee-or-permittee-within-60-days--of--the--date--of--the
board's--decision-on-an-appeal-or-the-court's-decision-on-an
action-of--mandamus;--the--department--shall--reimburse--the
person;-provided-that-the-department-may-continue-to-attempt
to-obtain-reimbursement-from-the-licensee-or-permittee-

(3)--Any--person--having--an--interest-that-is-or-may-be adversely-affected-may-commence-a-civil-action--on--his--own behalf--to--compel--compliance--with--this--part-against-any person-for-the-violation-of-this-part-or-any-ruley-ordery-or permit--issued--under--it---Howevery--no--such--action---may commence:

fa)--prior--to--60--days--after--the-plaintiff-has-given
notice-in-writing-to--the--department--and--to--the--alleged
violator;-or

(b)--if--the--department-has-commenced-and-is-diligently
prosecuting-a-civil-action-to-require--compliance--with--the
provisions--of-this-part-or-any-rule;-order-or-permit-issued
under-it;

(5) THE COURT, IN ISSUING A FINAL ORDER IN ANY ACTION
BROUGHT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3), MAY AWARD COSTS OF
LITIGATION, INCLUDING ATTORNEY AND EXPERT WITNESS FEES, TO
ANY PARTY WHENEVER THE COURT DETERMINES SUCH AWARD IS
APPROPRIATE. THE COURT MAY, IF A TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER

-48-

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- OR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION IS SOUGHT, REQUIRE THE FILING OF A 1 2 BOND OR EQUIVALENT SECURITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MONTANA RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE. 3
- (6) A PERSON HAVING AN INTEREST THAT IS OR MAY BE 4 5 ADVERSELY AFFECTED MAY COMMENCE A CIVIL ACTION ON HIS OWN BEHALF TO COMPEL COMPLIANCE WITH THIS PART AGAINST ANY 7 PERSON FOR THE VIOLATION OF THIS PART OR ANY RULE, ORDER, 8 PERMIT, OR LICENSE ISSUED UNDER IT. HOWEVER, AN ACTION MAY 9 NOT COMMENCE:
- 10 (A) PRIOR TO 60 DAYS AFTER THE PLAINTIFF HAS GIVEN 11 NOTICE IN WRITING TO THE DEPARTMENT AND TO THE ALLEGED 12 VIOLATOR; OR
- 13 (B) IF THE DEPARTMENT HAS COMMENCED AND IS DILIGENTLY 14 PROSECUTING A CIVIL ACTION TO REQUIRE COMPLIANCE WITH THE 15 PROVISIONS OF THIS PART OR ANY RULE, ORDER, PERMIT, OR 16 LICENSE ISSUED UNDER IT.

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- (5)(7) Any person having an interest that is or may be adversely affected may intervene as a matter of right in any such a civil action brought under this--section: SUBSECTION (6).
- 21 (8) A PERSON WHO IS INJURED IN HIS PERSON OR PROPERTY 22 THROUGH THE VIOLATION BY ANY PERMITTEE OR LICENSEE OF A 23 RULE, ORDER, PERMIT, OR LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS PART 24 MAY BRING AN ACTION FOR DAMAGES, INCLUDING REASONABLE 25 ATTORNEY AND EXPERT WITNESS FEES, AGAINST THE PERMITTEE OR

- 1 LICENSEE ONLY IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE EXPLORATION OR 2 MINING OPERATION COMPLAINED OF IS LOCATED. NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION AFFECTS THE RIGHTS ESTABLISHED BY OR LIMITS 3 IMPOSED UNDER TITLE 39, CHAPTER 71.
- 5 (4)(6)(9) Nothing in this section restricts any right 6 of any person under any statute or common law to seek enforcement of this part or the rules adopted under it or to seek any other relief."
- Section 20. Section 82-4-355, MCA, is amended to read: 10 "82-4-355. Action for damages to water supply --11 replacement. (1) An owner of an interest in real property 12 who obtains all or part of his supply of water for 13 beneficial uses, as defined in 85-2-102, from-an-underground 14 source--other-than-a-subterranean-stream-having-a-permanenty 15 distinct;-and-known-channel may sue the operator PERMITTEE 16 OR LICENSEE engaged in a mining or exploration operation to
- 17 recover damages for loss in quality or quantity of the water 18 supply PROXIMATELY resulting from mining or exploration. The
- 19 owner is required to exhaust the administrative remedy under
- 20 subsection (2) (3) prior to filing suit related--to--an
- 22 of--factions-i-through-24)-supersede-the-provisions-of-this

operation-permitted-prior-to-October-17-1991--The-provisions

- section-for-operations-permitted-after-October-17-1991. 23
- 24 (2) PRIMA FACTE EVIDENCE OF INJURY IN A SUIT UNDER THIS 25 SECTION IS ESTABLISHED BY A SHOWING THAT THE ORE BODY OR

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OVERLYING	STRATA	TS	AN	AOUIFER	TN	THAT	LOCATION	AND	THAT	THE

- 2 ORE BODY OR THE OVERLYING STRATA HAS BEEN REMOVED OR
- 3 DISRUPTED. A PRIMA FACIE SHOWING SHIFTS THE BURDEN TO THE
- 4 DEFENDANT PERMITTEE OR LICENSEE TO SHOW THAT THE PLAINTIFF
- 5 OWNER'S WATER SUPPLY WAS NOT INJURED BY THE REMOVAL OR
- 6 DISRUPTION.

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- 7 (2)(3) (a) An owner described in subsection (1) may
  - file a complaint with the department detailing the loss in
- 9 quality or quantity of water. Upon receipt of a valid
- 10 complaint, the department SHALL:
- 11 (i) shall investigate the statements and charges in the
- 12 complaint, using all available information, including THE
- 13 WATER PROTECTION PLAN AND monitoring data gathered at the
- 14 exploration or mine site AND WITHIN THE WATER PROTECTION
- 15 AREA;
- 16 (ii) may require the operator, if necessary, to install
- 17 monitoring wells or other practices that may be needed to
- 18 determine the cause of water loss, if there is a loss, in
- 19 terms of quantity and quality;
- 20 (iii) shall issue WITHIN 90 DAYS a written finding
- 21 specifying the cause of the water loss, if there is a loss,
- 22 in terms of quantity and OR quality;
- 23 (iv) shall;-if-it-determines-that-the--preponderance--of
  - evidence-indicates-that-the-loss-is-caused-by-an-exploration
- 25 or--mining-operation; order the operator, in compliance with

- Title 85, chapter 2, to provide the needed water immediately
  on a temporary basis and within a-reasonable--time 45 DAYS
  replace the water in like quality, quantity, and duration=
- (V) IF the water is not replaced, PURSUANT 5 SUBSECTION (3)(A)(IV), the--department--shall order the б 7 suspension of the operator's exploration or operating permit 8 until such time as the operator provides substitute water, 9 except that nothing in this section preempts Title 85, 10 chapter 2. The operator may not be required to replace a 11 junior right if the operator's withdrawal or dewatering is 1.2 not in excess of his senior right.
  - (b) If the department determines that there is a great potential that surface or subsurface water quality and quantity may be adversely affected by a mining or exploration operation, the operator shall install a water quality monitoring program, water quantity monitoring program, or both, which must be approved by the department prior to the commencement of exploration or mining."
- Section 21. Section 82-4-360, MCA, is amended to read:
- 21 "82-4-360. Activity prohibited if bond forfeited or
  22 reclamation laws violated -- exception. (1) Except as
  23 provided in subsection (2), a person may not conduct mining
  24 or exploration activities in this state if that person or
- 25 any firm or business association of which that person was a

HB 0889/02 HB 0889/02

reclamation plan.

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principal or controlling member had a bond forfeited under this part or if the department determines, based on information supplied by any person, that the applicant is in violation of federal or state mine reclamation laws or rules AT AN OPERATION WITHIN THE STATE.

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- (2) A person described in subsection (1) may apply for an operations permit or an exploration license or may conclude a written agreement under 82-4-305 if that person first pays to the department:
- (a) the full amount of the necessary expenses incurred by the board under 82-4-341(5) for reclamation of the area for which the bond was forfeited or in which a violation of a federal or state mine reclamation law or rule occurred in the state;
- 15 (b) the full amount of any penalties assessed under 16 this part; and
- (c) interest on these amounts and penalties incurred at 17 the rate of 6% per year." 18
- 19 Section 22. Section 82-4-362, MCA, is amended to read:
- 20 "82-4-362. Suspension of permits -- hearing. (1) If any 21 of the requirements of this part, the rules adopted under this part, or the reclamation plan have not been complied 22 23 with within the time limits set by the department or board 24 or by this part, the department shall serve a notice of 25 noncompliance on the licensee or permittee or, if necessary,

-53-

The notice or order must be handed to the licensee or permittee in person or served by certified or--registered 3 mail addressed to the permanent address shown on the application for a permit. The notice of noncompliance must specify in what respects the operator has failed to comply with this part, the rules adopted under this part, or the

the commissioner shall order the suspension of the permit.

- (2) If the licensee or permittee has not complied with q the requirements set forth in the notice of noncompliance or 10 order of suspension within the time limits set therein, the 11 permit may be revoked by order of the board and the 12 performance bond forfeited to the department. The licensee 1.3 or permittee is entitled to a hearing before the department 14 15 on the revocation of a permit or license or the forfeiture 16 of a performance bond if a hearing is requested within 30 days after service of notice as provided in subsection (1). 17 The notice must state when those measures may be undertaken 18 19 and must give notice of opportunity for a hearing. If a hearing is requested within the 30-day period, the permit or 20 license may not be revoked and the bond may not be forfeited 21
  - (3) If a permittee fails to pay the fee or file the report required under 82-4-339, the department shall serve notice of this failure, by certified mail or personal

until a final decision is made by the department.

-54-**HB B89** 

- delivery, on the permittee. If the permittee does not comply within 30 days of receipt of the notice, the commissioner shall suspend the permit. The commissioner shall reinstate the permit upon compliance.
- 5 (4) If the department determines that a permittee is in 6 violation of a federal or state mine reclamation law or rule 7 at any of the permittee's operations within the state, the 8 department shall serve a notice of noncompliance on the 9 permittee in accordance with the procedures specified in 10 subsection (1). The notice must identify the provisions of 11 federal or state mine reclamation laws that the permittee is 1.2 violating, establish a time limit for correction of the 13 violations, and state that the permittee has an opportunity 14 to request a hearing. The permittee is entitled to a hearing 15 if the permittee requests the hearing within 30 days after 16 service of the notice as provided in subsection (1). Within 17 15 days after the close of a hearing held under this 18 subsection, the commissioner shall reaffirm or withdraw the 19 notice of noncompliance, based upon the hearing record. If 20 the commissioner reaffirms the notice, the permittee shall 21 comply with the requirements set forth in the notice within 22 the time limits set therein. If the permittee does not 23 comply, all permits issued to the permittee under this part must be revoked by order of the board. The board shall 24 reinstate the permits upon submission of appropriate 25

- 1 documentation from appropriate agencies of the state and
- 2 federal government that establishes that the permittee has
- 3 corrected the violations that caused the permits issued
- 4 under this part to be revoked."
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 23. Federal water protection and
- 6 replacement legislation. If the U.S. congress approves
- 7 federal legislation establishing water protection and
- replacement requirements for operations permitted under this
- 9 part that supersede the requirements of this part and if the
- 10 federal legislation authorizes state governments to assume
- ll primacy for administration of the federal water protection
- 12 and replacement requirements, the department shall take the
- 13 actions necessary to receive federal approval to administer
- 14 the federal requirements.
- NEW SECTION. Section 24. Rulemaking. The department
- 16 shall adopt:
- 17 (1) interim rules to implement [sections 1 through 24]
- 18 to be in place no later than October 1, 1991; and
- 19 (2) final rules to implement [sections 1 through 24] to
- 20 be in place no later than July 1, 1992.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Section 25. Codification instruction.
- 22 (Sections 10, 17, 18, 23, and 24) are intended to be
- 23 codified as an integral part of Title 82, chapter 4, part 3,
- 24 and the provisions of Title 82, chapter 4, part 3, apply to
- 25 [sections 10, 17, 18, 23, and 24].

1	NEW SECTION. Section 26. Severability. If a part of
2	[this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable
3	from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this
4	act) is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part
5	remains in effect in all valid applications that are
6	severable from the invalid applications.
7	NEW SECTION. Section 27. Applicability. [This act]
8	applies to proceedings-begun:
9	(1) PROPOSED OPERATIONS FOR WHICH AN APPLICATION FOR AN
10	OPERATING PERMIT IS FILED OR FOR WHICH AN APPLICATION FOR AN
11	AMENDED OR REVISED PERMIT TO EXPAND OPERATIONS IS FILED
12	after October 1, 1991; AND
13	(2) OPERATIONS FOR WHICH AN APPLICATION FOR AN
14	OPERATING PERMIT WAS FILED PRIOR TO [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
15	THIS ACT   AND FOR WHICH THE OPERATING PERMIT HAS NOT BEEN
16	ISSUED OR FOR WHICH THE OPERATING PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED AND
17	THE OPERATOR HAS NOT COMMENCED MINING PRIOR TO OCTOBER 1,
18	1992.
19	NEW SECTION. Section 28. Effective date. [This act] is
20	effective on passage and approval.

-End-