HOUSE BILL NO. 868

INTRODUCED BY STEPPLER

IN THE HOUSE FEBRUARY 14, 1991 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TAXATION. FEBRUARY 15, 1991 FIRST READING. MARCH 22, 1991 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED. MARCH 23, 1991 PRINTING REPORT. APRIL 3, 1991 SECOND READING, DO PASS AS AMENDED. ON MOTION, RULES SUSPENDED. BILL PLACED ON THIRD READING THIS DAY. THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 89; NOES, 9. APRIL 4, 1991 ENGROSSING REPORT. TRANSMITTED TO SENATE. IN THE SENATE INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE APRIL 4, 1991 ON TAXATION. FIRST READING. APRIL 10, 1991 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED. APRIL 15, 1991 SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN. THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. APRIL 16, 1991 AYES, 47; NOES, 2. RETURNED TO HOUSE WITH AMENDMENTS. IN THE HOUSE APRIL 18, 1991 RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS

CONCURRED IN.

APRIL 19, 1991

THIRD READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

LC 1595/01

HOUSE BILL NO. 868 1 2 3 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE

5 DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS : REOUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CALCULATE UNIT VALUES FOR COAL 6 7 PRODUCTION BASED ON 1988 PRODUCTION: EXCLUDING COAL MINES в THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988, FROM THE UNIT 9 VALUE CALCULATION; REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO DISTRIBUTE 10 COAL GROSS PROCEEDS BASED ON UNIT VALUE; PROVIDING A SEPARATE DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS TAXES FOR COAL 11 12 MINES THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988; REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO SEND EXCESS REVENUE TO THE 13 14 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE: REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO REDISTRIBUTE EXCESS REVENUE TO THE COUNTIES; PROVIDING A 15 STATUTORY APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-23-703 AND 16 17 17-7-502; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE 18 APPLICABILITY DATE."

19

20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Department to calculate unit 22 value. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), for the 23 purposes of the distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes 24 collected under this part, the department shall determine 25 the unit value of coal in each taxing unit. The unit value

Montana Legislative Council

1 for coal for each taxing unit is the guotient obtained by 2 dividing the gross proceeds taxes calculated on coal 3 produced in that taxing unit in calendar year 1988 by the 4 number of tons of coal extracted, treated, and sold in that 5 taxing unit during 1988. 6 (2) The unit value calculation does not apply to coal 7 mines that began production after December 31, 1988. 8 Section 2. Section 15-23-703, MCA, is amended to read: 9 "15-23-703. Taxation of gross proceeds -- taxable value 10 for bonding and quaranteed tax base aid to schools. (1) The 11 county assessor shall compute from the reported gross 12 proceeds from coal a tax roll that he shall transmit to the 13 county treasurer on or before September 15 each year. The county assessor may not levy or assess any mills against the 14 15 reported gross proceeds of coal but shall levy a tax of 5% 16 against the value of the reported gross proceeds as provided in 15-23-701(1)(d). The county treasurer shall proceed to 17 18 give full notice to each coal producer of the taxes due and 19 to collect the taxes as provided in 15-16-101. 20 (2) For bonding, county classification, and all nontax 21 purposes, the taxable value of the gross proceeds of coal is

45% of the contract sales price as defined in 15-35-102(5).
 (3) The taxable value of gross proceeds for the purpose
 of computing guaranteed tax base aid for schools is the
 amount of tax received by a district in the previous year
 INTRODUCED BILL

-2-

LC 1595/01

LC 1595/01

divided by the number of mills levied by the district in the
 previous year, multiplied by 1,000. This amount must be
 added to the district, county, and statewide taxable value
 when computing guaranteed tax base aid under 20-9-368.

5 <u>(4) Except as provided in subsection (7), the county</u> 6 <u>treasurer shall calculate and distribute to the state,</u> 7 <u>county, and eligible school districts in the county the</u> 8 <u>amount of the coal gross proceeds tax, determined by</u> 9 <u>multiplying the unit value calculated in [section 1] times</u> 10 <u>the tons of coal extracted, treated, and sold on which the</u> 11 <u>coal gross proceeds tax was owed during the preceding</u> 12 calendar year.

13 (47(5) The Except as provided in subsections (6) and 14 (7), the county treasurer shall credit ali--taxes--collected 15 the amount determined under this-part subsection (4) and the 16 amounts received under [section 3]:

17 (a) to the state and to the counties that levied mills
18 against production in the relative proportions required by
19 the levies for state and county purposes in the same manner
20 as property taxes were distributed in the year--1989 fiscal
21 year 1990 in the taxing jurisdiction; and

(b) to school districts in the county that either levied mills against production or used nontax revenue, such as Public Law 81-874 money, in lieu of levying mills against production, in the same manner that property taxes collected

or property taxes that would have been collected would have 1 2 been distributed in 1989 the 1990 school fiscal year in the 3 school district. Δ (6) (a) If the total tax liability in a taxing jurisdiction exceeds the amount determined in subsection 5 6 (4), the county treasurer shall, immediately following the 7 distribution from taxes paid on May 31 of each year, send В the excess revenue to the department for redistribution as 9 provided in [section 3]. 10 (b) If the total tax liability in a taxing jurisdiction 11 is less than the amount determined in subsection (4), the 12 taxing jurisdiction is entitled to a redistribution as 13 provided by [section 3]. 14 (7) The county treasurer shall credit all taxes 15 collected under this part from coal mines that began 16 production after December 31, 1988: 17 (a) to the state and to the counties in the relative 18 proportions required by the levies for state and county 19 purposes in the same manner as property taxes were 20 distributed in the previous fiscal year in the taxing 21 jurisdiction, except that: 22 (i) no distribution may be made to the state 23 equalization aid levy provided by 20-9-360; and 24 (ii) the mill levies in effect for county elementary and

25 high school equalization in fiscal year 1990 must be used in

-3-

LC 1595/01

-4-

1 computing the distribution to county elementary and high 2 school equalization; and 3 (b) to school districts in the county in the same 4 manner that property taxes were distributed in the previous 5 school fiscal year in the school district." 6 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Department determine to 7 redistribution of coal gross proceeds to taxing 8 jurisdictions. (1) The excess revenue received by the 9 department from county treasurers as provided in 10 15-23-703(6)(a) is statutorily appropriated, as provided in 11 17-7-502, for allocation to the county for redistribution as 12 provided in subsections (2) and (3). 13 (2) Each year the department shall determine the amount

of tax collected under this part from within each taxing unit in the county. If the amount collected is less than the amount determined under 15-23-703(4), the department shall, on or before June 30 of each year, send the amount of the difference to the county treasurer for redistribution as provided in 15-23-703(5).

20 (3) Any amount by which the total amount received by 21 the department for redistribution is less than or more than 22 the redistribution amount determined in subsection (2), the 23 department shall calculate and redistribute the shortage or 24 excess amount in the following manner:

25 (a) If a county does not receive the entire amount to

LC 1595/01

which it is entitled under subsection (2), the shortage amount must be divided by the total distribution for the county determined under 15-23-703(4) to obtain a shortage percentage. The shortage percentage must be multiplied by the amount that is available for redistribution to each taxing unit, and this amount must be redistributed to each respective taxing unit.

8 (b) If there are excess amounts after the 9 redistribution provided for in subsection (2), the excess 10 amounts must be redistributed to the county of origin in 11 proportion to the amount the county contributed for 12 redistribution.

13 (4) The county treasurer shall distribute the money
14 received under subsections (2) and (3) as provided in
15 15-23-703(5).

16 Section 4. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:

17 "17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition --18 requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an 19 appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending 20 by a state agency without the need for a biennial 21 legislative appropriation or budget amendment.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be
effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both
of the following provisions:

25 (a) The law containing the statutory authority must be

-5-

-6-

LC 1595/01

l listed in subsection (3).

2 (b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory
3 appropriation must specifically state that a statutory
4 appropriation is made as provided in this section.

5 (3) The following laws are the only laws containing 6 statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812; 7 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-111; 8 [section 3]; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117; 9 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 10 17-3-212; 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 19-8-504; 19-9-702; 19-9-1007; 19-10-205; 19-10-305; 19-10-506; 19-11-512; 11 19-11-513; 19-11-606; 19-12-301; 19-13-604; 20-6-406; 12 13 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-610; 23-5-612; 14 23-5-1016; 23-5-1027; 27-12-206; 37-51-501; 39-71-2504; 15 53-6-150: 53-24-206; 61-2-406; 61-5-121; 67-3-205; 16 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103: 17 82-11-136: 82-11-161; 90-3-301; 90-4-215; 90-4-613; 90-6-331; 90-9-306; and section 13, House Bill No. 861, Laws 18 19 of 1985.

(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the
principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying,
and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due,
that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of
Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements
authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state

-7-

treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 30, 1991.)"

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 5. Codification instruction. 9 [Sections 1 and 3] are intended to be codified as an 10 integral part of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, and the 11 provisions of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, apply to 12 [sections 1 and 3].

13NEW SECTION.Section 6.Effectivedate--14applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991, and15applies retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to the16distribution and redistribution of coal gross proceeds taxes17levied against coal produced after December 31, 1989.

-End-

-8-

LC 1595/01

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE Form BD-15 In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for <u>HB0868</u>, <u>as introduced</u>.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to generally revise the distribution of coal gross proceeds; requiring the Department of Revenue to calculate unit values for coal production based on 1988 production; excluding coal mines that began production after December 31, 1988, from the unit value calculation; requiring county treasurers to distribute coal gross proceeds based on unit value; providing a separate distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes for coal mines that began production after December 31, 1988; requiring county treasurers to send excess revenue to the Department of Revenue; requiring the Department of Revenue to redistribute excess revenue to the counties; providing a statutory appropriation; and providing an effective date and a retroactive applicability date.

Assumptions:

- 1. Implementation of the proposal would require the state to pay the coal-producing counties the difference between the current year's coal gross proceeds and the 1988 total unit value of that coal. This would result in a payment from the state's general fund of \$44,898 in FY92 and \$375,292 in FY93.
- 2. Implementation of the proposal will require reprogramming (an additional 0.50 FTE in FY92) of the existing revenue/control system to segregate coal gross proceeds receipts.

FISCAL IMPA	<u>\CT</u> :	<u>.</u>
Department	of	Revenue:

		FY '92			FY '93	
<u>Expenditures:</u>	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
F.T.E.	0	0.50	0.50	0	Ō	0
Personal Services	0	5,200	5,200	0	0	0
Operations	0	1,000	1,000	0	0	0
Transfers	0	44,898	44,898	0	375,292	<u> </u>
Total	0	51,098	51,098	0	375,292	375,292
<u>Funding:</u>						
General Fund	0	51,098	51,098	0	375,292	375,292

Impact to General

DATE

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR Office of Budget and Program Planning DON STEPPLER, PRIMARY SPONSOR

(51,098)

DATE

(375, 292)

Fiscal Note for <u>HB0868</u>, as introduced

Fiscal Note Request <u>HB0868</u>, <u>as introduced</u> Form BD-15 page 2

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The proposal would redistribute coal gross proceeds receipts among counties based on unit values calculated on 1988 production and tax revenue. This redistribution may result in the state owing money to the counties. The state would, if the proposal is adopted, owe the coal-producing counties \$44,898 in FY92 and \$375,292 in FY93. Had the proposal been in effect in calendar year 1989, the state would have owed the coal-producing counties \$374,470 in FY91.

TECHNICAL NOTES:

- 1. The language of the proposal does not allow for the distribution of the shortage described in section 3, part 3. (page 5, line 20)
- 2. The language of the proposal is inconsistent in its reference to political subdivisions of the state, referring to "counties" on the one hand and "taxing units" on the other.

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE Form BD-15 In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB08<u>68</u>, <u>third reading</u>.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to generally revise the distribution of coal gross proceeds; requiring the Department of Revenue to calculate unit values for coal production based on 1988 production; excluding coal mines that began production after December 31, 1988, from the unit value calculation; requiring county treasurers to distribute coal gross proceeds based on unit value; providing a separate distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes for coal mines that began production after December 31, 1988; requiring county treasurers to send excess revenue to the Department of Revenue; requiring the Department of Revenue to redistribute excess revenue to the counties; providing a statutory appropriation; and providing an effective date and a retroactive applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

Department of Revenue

1. Implementation of this proposal would require reprogramming of the existing revenue/control system to separately identify coal gross proceeds receipts. This would require an additional 0.14 FTE in FY92.

		FY '92			FY '93	
<u>Expenditures:</u>	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
FTE	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
Personal Services	0	5,200	5,200	0	0	0
Operating Expenses	0	1,000	1,000	0	0	0
Total	0	6,200	6,200	0	0	0
<u>Funding:</u>						
General Fund			6,200			
General Fund Impact (decrease)			(6,200)			

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The proposal would redistribute coal gross proceeds receipts among counties from mines that began production before January 1, 1989, based on unit values calculated using 1988 production and associated gross proceeds tax revenue. For example, if the proposed legislation had been operational for calendar year 1989 production, then Big Horn, Richland, and Musselshell counties would have received an additional \$1,037,668, \$151,963 and \$8,674 respectively. These funds would have come from Rosebud County.

RÓD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRÉCTÓR Office of Budget and Program Planning

DON STEPPLER. PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB0868, third reading

HB868-#2

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE Form BD-15 In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0868, third reading.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act to generally revise the distribution of coal gross proceeds; requiring the Department of Revenue to calculate unit values for coal production based on 1988 production; excluding coal mines that began production after December 31, 1988, from the unit value calculation; requiring county treasurers to distribute coal gross proceeds based on unit value; providing a separate distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes for coal mines that began production after December 31, 1988; requiring county treasurers to send excess revenue to the Department of Revenue; requiring the Department of Revenue to redistribute excess revenue to the counties; providing a statutory appropriation; and providing an effective date and a retroactive applicability date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

Department of Revenue

1. Implementation of this proposal would require reprogramming of the existing revenue/control system to separately identify coal gross proceeds receipts. This would require an additional 0.14 FTE in FY92.

		FY 192			FY '93	
<u>Expenditures:</u>	<u>Current Law</u>	Proposed Law	Difference	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference
FTE	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
Personal Services	0	5,200	5,200	0	0	0
Operating Expenses	0	1,000	1,000	0	0	0
Total	0	6,200	6,200	0	0	0
Funding:						
General Fund			6,200			
General Fund Impact (decrease)			(6,200)			

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The proposal would redistribute coal gross proceeds receipts among counties from mines that began production before January 1, 1989, based on unit values calculated using 1988 production and associated gross proceeds tax revenue. For example, if the proposed legislation had been operational for calendar year 1989 production, then Big Horn, Richland, and Musselshell counties would have received an additional \$1,037,668, \$151,963 and \$8,674 respectively. These funds would have come from Rosebud County.

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

Office of Budget and Program Planning

PRIMARY SPONSOR DON STEPPLER.

Fiscal Note for <u>HB0868</u>, third reading

HB868-#2

52nd Legislature

3

HB 0868/02 APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 868
2	INTRODUCED BY STEPPLER

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE 4 DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS; REQUIRING THE 5 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CALCULATE UNIT VALUES FOR COAL 6 PRODUCTION BASED ON 1988 PRODUCTION; EXCLUDING COAL MINES 7 THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988, FROM THE UNIT 8 VALUE CALCULATION; REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO DISTRIBUTE 9 COAL GROSS PROCEEDS BASED ON UNIT VALUE; PROVIDING A 10 SEPARATE DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS TAXES FOR COAL 11 MINES THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988; 12 REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO SEND EXCESS REVENUE TO THE 13 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE; REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 14 TO REDISTRIBUTE EXCESS REVENUE TO THE COUNTIES; PROVIDING A 15 STATUTORY APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-23-703 AND 16 17-7-502; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE 17 18 APPLICABILITY DATE."

19

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 20

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Department to calculate unit. 21 value. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), for the 22 purposes of the distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes 23 collected under this part, the department shall determine 24 the unit value of coal FOR EACH MINE in each taxing 25

Montana Legislative Council

HB 0868/02

1	unit. The unit value for coal for EACH MINE IN each taxing
2	unit is the quotient obtained by dividing the gross proceeds
3	taxes calculated on coal produced in that taxing unit in
4	calendar year 1988 by the number of tons of coal extracted,
5	treated, and sold in that taxing unit during 1988.
6	(2) The unit value calculation does not apply to coal
7	mines that began production after December 31, 1988.
8	Section 2. Section 15-23-703, MCA, is amended to read:
9	"15-23-703. Taxation of gross proceeds taxable value
10	for bonding and guaranteed tax base aid to schools. (1) The
11	county assessor shall compute from the reported gross
12	proceeds from coal a tax roll that he shall transmit to the
13	county treasurer on or before September 15 each year. The
14	county assessor may not levy or assess any mills against the
15	reported gross proceeds of coal but shall levy a tax of 5%
16	against the value of the reported gross proceeds as provided
17	in 15-23-701(1)(d). The county treasurer shall proceed to
18	give full notice to each coal producer of the taxes due and
19	to collect the taxes as provided in 15-16-101.
20	(2) For bonding, county classification, and all nontax
21	purposes, the taxable value of the gross proceeds of coal is
22	45% of the contract sales price as defined in 15-35-102(5).
23	(3) The taxable value of gross proceeds for the purpose

24 of computing quaranteed tax base aid for schools is the 25 amount of tax received by a district in the previous year

-2-

HB 868 SECOND READING

divided by the number of mills levied by the district in the
 previous year, multiplied by 1,000. This amount must be
 added to the district, county, and statewide taxable value
 when computing guaranteed tax base aid under 20-9-368.

5 (4) Except as provided in subsection (7), the county ō treasurer shall calculate and distribute to the state, 7 county, and eligible school districts in the county the 8 amount of the coal gross proceeds tax, determined by multiplying the unit value calculated in [section_1] times 9 10 the tons of coal extracted, treated, and sold on which the coal gross proceeds tax was owed during the preceding 11 12 calendar year.

13 (4)(5) The Except as provided in subsections (6) and 14 (7), the county treasurer shall credit all-taxes-collected 15 the amount determined under this-part subsection (4) and the 16 amounts received under [section 3]:

17 (a) to the state and to the counties that levied mills 18 against production in the relative proportions required by 19 the levies for state and county purposes in the same manner 20 as property taxes were distributed in the year-1989 fiscal 21 year 1990 in the taxing jurisdiction; and

(b) to school districts in the county that either
levied mills against production or used nontax revenue, such
as Public Law 81-874 money, in lieu of levying mills against
production, in the same manner that property taxes collected

-3-

HB 868

1	or property taxes that would have been collected would have
2	been distributed in 1989 <u>the 1990 school fiscal year</u> in the
3	school district.
4	(6) (a) If the total tax liability in a taxing
5	jurisdiction exceeds the amount determined in subsection
6	(4), the county treasurer shall, immediately following the
7	distribution from taxes paid on May 31 of each year, send
8	the excess revenue to the department for redistribution as
9	provided in [section 3].
10	(b) If the total tax liability in a taxing jurisdiction
11	is less than the amount determined in subsection (4), the
12	taxing jurisdiction is entitled to a redistribution as
13	provided by [section 3].
14	(7) The county treasurer shall credit all taxes
15	collected under this part from coal mines that began
16	production after December 31, 1988:
17	(a) to the state and to the counties in the relative
18	proportions required by the levies for state and county
19	purposes in the same manner as property taxes were
20	distributed in the previous fiscal year in the taxing
21	jurisdiction, except that:
22	(i) no distribution may be made to the state
23	equalization aid levy provided by 20-9-360; and
24	(ii) the mill levies in effect for county elementary and
25	high school equalization in fiscal year 1990 must be used in

-4-

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HB 868

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1	computing the distribution to southy elementary and bish
	computing the distribution to county elementary and high
2	school equalization; and
3	(b) to school districts in the county in the same
4	manner that property taxes were distributed in the previous
5	school fiscal year in the school district."
6	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Department to determine
7	redistribution of coal gross proceeds to taxing
8	jurisdictions. (1) The excess-revenue-receivedbythe
9	departmentfromcountytreasurersasprovidedin
10	15-23-703(6)(a) COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT
11	ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 4] is statutorily appropriated, as
12	provided in 17-7-502, for allocation to the county for
13	redistribution as provided in subsections (2) and (3).
14	(2) Each year the department shall determine the amount
15	of tax collected under this part from within each taxing
16	unit in the county. If the amount collected BY EACH COUNTY
17	is less than the amount determined under 15-23-703(4) FOR
18	THAT COUNTY, the department shall, on or before June 30 of
19	each year, send the amount of the difference FROM THE STATE
20	SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 4] to the
21	county treasurer for redistribution as provided in
22	15-23-703(5).
23	(3) Any IF THE amount bywhichthetotalamount
24	received by the department for redistribution is less than

1 subsection (2), the department shall calculate and 2 redistribute the shortage or excess amount in the following 3 manner:

4 (a) If a county does not receive the entire amount to which it is entitled under subsection (2), the shortage 5 6 amount AMOUNTS OF EACH TAXING UNIT must be divided by the total distribution-for-the-county SHORTAGE AMOUNTS OF ALL 7 TAXING UNITS determined under 15-23-703(4) to obtain a 8 9 shortage percentage FOR EACH TAXING UNIT. The shortage percentage FOR EACH TAXING UNIT must be multiplied by the 10 11 amount that is available for redistribution to each taxing 12 unit, and this amount must be redistributed to each 13 respective taxing unit. (b) If there are excess amounts 14 after the

15 redistribution provided for in subsection (2), the excess 16 amounts must be redistributed to the county of origin in 17 proportion to the amount <u>EACH TAXING JNIT IN</u> the county 18 contributed for redistribution.

19 (4) The county treasurer shall distribute the money 20 received under subsections-(2)-and-(3) <u>SUBSECTION (3)(B)</u> as 21 provided in 15-23-703(5).

 22
 NEW SECTION.
 SECTION 4.
 COAL
 GROSS
 PROCEEDS

 23
 REDISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT. (1) THERE IS WITHIN THE STATE
 24
 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND A COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION

 25
 ACCOUNT.
 1
 THERE IS WITHIN THE STATE

-6-

-5-

or more than the redistribution amount determined in

25

HB 868

HB 868

HB 868

 1
 (2) ALL MONEY RECEIVED FROM COUNTY TREASURERS AS

 2
 PROVIDED IN 15-23-703(6)(A) MUST BE DEPOSITED BY THE

 3
 DEPARTMENT INTO THE COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION

 4
 ACCOUNT FOR REDISTRIBUTION AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 3].

5 Section 5. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:

6 "17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition --7 requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an 8 appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending 9 by a state agency without the need for a biennial 10 legislative appropriation or budget amendment.

11 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be 12 effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both 13 of the following provisions:

14 (a) The law containing the statutory authority must be15 listed in subsection (3).

(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory
appropriation must specifically state that a statutory
appropriation is made as provided in this section.

19 (3) The following laws are the only laws containing 20 statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812; 21 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-111; 22 [section 3]; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117; 23 15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411; 24 17-3-212; 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 19-8-504; 19-9-702; 25 19-9-1007; 19-10-205; 19-10-305; 19-10-506; 19-11-512;

-7-

1 19-11-513; 19-11-606; 19-12-301; 19-13-604; 20-6-406; 2 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-610; 23-5-612; 3 23-5-1016; 23-5-1027; 27-12-206; 37-51-501; 39-71-2504; 53-6-150; 53-24-206; 4 61-2-406; 61-5-121; 67-3-205; 5 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 6 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 90-3-301; 90-4-215: 90-4-613: 7 90-6-331: 90-9-306; and section 13. House Bill No. 861, Laws 8 of 1985.

9 (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the 10 principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, 11 and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, 12 that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of 13 Montana, Agencies that have entered into agreements 14 authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state 15 treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount 16 17 sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 18 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for 19 such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 20 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 21 30, 1991.)"

22NEW SECTION.Section 6. Codificationinstruction.23[Sections 1, 3, and \exists 4] are intended to be codified as an24integral part of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, and the25provisions of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, apply to

-8-

HB 868

HB 0868/02

1 [sections 1, 3, and 3 4].

2 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 7. Effective date --3 applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991, and 4 applies retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to the 5 distribution and redistribution of coal gross proceeds taxes 6 levied against coal produced after December 31, 1989.

-End-

-9-

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HB 0868/03

HOUSE BILL NO. 868 INTRODUCED BY STEPPLER

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE 4 DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS; REQUIRING THE 5 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CALCULATE UNIT VALUES FOR COAL 6 PRODUCTION BASED ON 1988 PRODUCTION; EXCLUDING COAL MINES 7 THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988, FROM THE UNIT 8 VALUE CALCULATION; REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO DISTRIBUTE 9 COAL GROSS PROCEEDS BASED ON UNIT VALUE; PROVIDING A 10 SEPARATE DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS TAXES FOR COAL 11 MINES THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988; 12 REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO SEND EXCESS REVENUE TO THE 13 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE; REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE 14 TO REDISTRIBUTE EXCESS REVENUE TO THE COUNTIES; PROVIDING A 15 STATUTORY APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-23-703 AND 16 17-7-502; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE 17 APPLICABILITY DATE." 18

19

20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Department to calculate unit 22 value. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), for the 23 purposes of the distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes 24 collected under this part, the department shall determine 25 the unit value of coal <u>FOR EACH MINE</u> in each taxing

1	unit. The unit value for coal for <u>EACH MINE IN</u> each taxing
2	unit is the quotient obtained by dividing the gross proceeds
3	taxes calculated on coal produced in that taxing unit in
4	calendar year 1988 by the number of tons of coal extracted,
5	treated, and sold in that taxing unit during 1988.
6	(2) The unit value calculation does not apply to coal
7	mines that began production after December 31, 1988.
8	Section 2. Section 15-23-703, MCA, is amended to read:
9	*15-23-703. Taxation of gross proceeds taxable value
10	for bonding and guaranteed tax base aid to schools. (1) The
11	county assessor shall compute from the reported gross
12	proceeds from coal a tax roll that he shall transmit to the
13	county treasurer on or before September 15 each year. The
14	county assessor may not levy or assess any mills against the
15	reported gross proceeds of coal but shall levy a tax of 5%
16	against the value of the reported gross proceeds as provided
17	in 15-23-701(1)(d). The county treasurer shall proceed to
18	give full notice to each coal producer of the taxes due and
19	to collect the taxes as provided in 15-16-101.
20	(2) For bonding, county classification, and all nontax
21	purposes, the taxable value of the gross proceeds of coal is
22	45% of the contract sales price as defined in 15-35-102(5).
23	(3) The taxable value of gross proceeds for the purpose
24	of computing guaranteed tax base aid for schools is the
25	amount of tax received by a district in the previous year

-2- HB 868 THIRD READING AS AMENDED

1 divided by the number of mills levied by the district in the 2 previous year, multiplied by 1,000. This amount must be added to the district, county, and statewide taxable value 3 when computing guaranteed tax base aid under 20-9-368. 4

5 (4) Except as provided in subsection (7), the county 6 treasurer shall calculate and distribute to the state, 7 county, and eligible school districts in the county the amount of the coal gross proceeds tax, determined by 8 multiplying the unit value calculated in [section 1] times 9 the tons of coal extracted, treated, and sold on which the 10 coal gross proceeds tax was owed during the preceding 11 12 calendar year.

(4)(5) The Except as provided in subsections (6) and 13 (7), the county treasurer shall credit all-taxes-collected 14 the amount determined under this-part subsection (4) and the 15 amounts received under (section 3): 16

(a) to the state and to the counties that levied mills 17 against production in the relative proportions required by 18 the levies for state and county purposes in the same manner 19 as property taxes were distributed in the year-1989 fiscal 20 year 1990 in the taxing jurisdiction; and 21

(b) to school districts in the county that either 22 levied mills against production or used nontax revenue, such 23 as Public Law 81-874 money, in lieu of levying mills against 24 production, in the same manner that property taxes collected 25

1 or property taxes that would have been collected would have 2 been distributed in 1989 the 1990 school fiscal year in the 3 school district. 4 (6) (a) If the total tax liability in a taxing 5 jurisdiction exceeds the amount determined in subsection

6 (4), the county treasurer shall, immediately following the 7 distribution from taxes paid on May 31 of each year, send B the excess revenue, EXCLUDING ANY PROTESTED COAL GROSS 9 PROCEEDS TAX REVENUES, to the department for redistribution 10 as provided in [section 3]. 11 (b) If the total tax liability in a taxing jurisdiction 12 is less than the amount determined in subsection (4), the 13 taxing jurisdiction is entitled to a redistribution as 14 provided by [section 3].

(7) The county treasurer shall credit all taxes 16 collected under this part from coal mines that began

17 production after December 31, 1988:

- 18 (a) to the state and to the counties in the relative 19 proportions required by the levies for state and county
- 20 purposes in the same manner as property taxes were
- 21 distributed in the previous fiscal year in the taxing
- 22 jurisdiction, except that:

15

- 23 (i) no distribution may be made to the state
- 24 equalization aid levy provided by 20-9-360; and
- 25 (ii) the mill levies in effect for county elementary and

-3-

HB 868

HB 868

HB 0868/03

1	high school equalization in fiscal year 1990 must be used in
2	computing the distribution to county elementary and high
3	school equalization; and
4	(b) to school districts in the county in the same
5	manner that property taxes were distributed in the previous
6	school fiscal year in the school district."
7	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Department to determine
8	redistribution of coal gross proceeds to taxing
9	jurisdictions. (1) The excessrevenuereceivedbythe
10	departmentfromcountytreasurersasprovidedin
11	15-23-703(6)(a) COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT
12	ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 4] is statutorily appropriated, as
13	provided in 17-7-502, for allocation to the county for
14	redistribution as provided in subsections (2) and (3).
15	(2) Each year the department shall determine the amount
16	of tax collected under this part from within each taxing
17	unit in the county. If the amount collected BY EACH COUNTY
18	is less than the amount determined under 15-23-703(4) FOR
19	THAT COUNTY, the department shall, on or before June 30 of
20	each year, send the amount of the difference FROM THE STATE
21	SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 4] to the
22	county treasurer for redistribution as provided in
23	15-23-703(5).
24	(3) Any IF THE amount bywhichthetotalamount

25 received by the department for redistribution is less than

-5-

HB 868

or more than the redistribution amount determined in 1 subsection (2), the department shall calculate and 2 redistribute the shortage or excess amount in the following 3 manner: 4

(a) If a county does not receive the entire amount to 5 which it is entitled under subsection (2), the shortage 6 amount AMOUNTS OF EACH TAXING UNIT must be divided by the 7 total distribution -- for -- the county SHORTAGE AMOUNTS OF ALL 8 TAXING UNITS determined under 15-23-703(4) to obtain a 9 shortage percentage FOR EACH TAXING UNIT. The shortage 10 percentage FOR EACH TAXING UNIT must be multiplied by the 11 amount that is available for redistribution to each taxing 12 13 unit, and this amount must be redistributed to each respective taxing unit. 14

are excess amounts after the 15 (b) If there redistribution provided for in subsection (2), the excess 16 amounts must be redistributed to the county of origin in 17 proportion to the amount EACH TAXING UNIT IN the county 18 contributed for redistribution. 19

(4) The county treasurer shall distribute the money 20 received under subsections-(2)-and-(3) SUBSECTION (3)(B) as 21 22 provided in 15-23-703(5).

NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. COAL GROSS PROCEEDS 23 24 REDISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT. (1) THERE IS WITHIN THE STATE 25 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND A COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION

-6-

HB 868

HB 0868/03

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1	ACCOUNT.	1	19-9-1007; 19
2	(2) ALL MONEY RECEIVED FROM COUNTY TREASURERS AS	2	19-11-513; 19-
3	PROVIDED IN 15-23-703(6)(A) MUST BE DEPOSITED BY THE	3	20-8-111; 20-9
4	DEPARTMENT INTO THE COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION	4	23-5-1016; 23-
5	ACCOUNT FOR REDISTRIBUTION AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 3].	5	53-6-150; 53
6	Section 5. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:	6	75-1-1101; 75-
7	"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations definition	7	82-11-136; 8
8	requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an	8	90-6-331; 90-9-
9	appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending	9	of 1985.
10	by a state agency without the need for a biennial	10	(4) There
11	legislative appropriation or budget amendment.	11	principal, inte
12	(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be	12	and securing al
13	effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both	13	that have been
14	of the following provisions:	14	Montana. Agen
15	(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be	15	authorized by
16	listed in subsection (3).	16	treasurer, for
17	(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory	17	17-2-107, as de
18	appropriation must specifically state that a statutory	18	sufficient to
19	appropriation is made as provided in this section.	19	bonds or notes
20	(3) The following laws are the only laws containing	20	such payments.
21	statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812;	21	664, L. 1987, t
22	10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-111;	22	30, 1991.)"
23	<pre>[section 3]; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117;</pre>	23	NEW SECTION
24	15-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411;	24	[Sections 1,
25	17-3-212; 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 19-8-504; 19-9-702;	25	integral part o
-	-7- HB 868		

9-10-205: 19-10-305; 19-10-506; 19-11-512; -11-606; 19-12-301; 19-13-604; 20-6-406; 9-361; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-610; 23-5-612; -5-1027; 27-12-206; 37-51-501; 39-71-2504; 3-24-206: 61-2-406: 61-5-121: 67-3-205; -5-1108: 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 82-11-161; 90-3-301; 90-4-215; 90-4-613; -306; and section 13, House Bill No. 861, Laws

10 (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the 11 principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, 12 and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, 13 that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of 14 Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements 15 authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state 16 treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount 18 sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 19 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for 20 such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 21 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 22 30, 1991.)"

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Codification instruction.
24 [Sections 1, 3, and 3 4] are intended to be codified as an
25 integral part of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, and the

-8-

HB 868

1 provisions of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, apply to 2 [sections l_{1} , 3_{1} , and 3, 4].

3NEW SECTION.Section 7.Effectivedate--4applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991, and5applies retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to the6distribution and redistribution of coal gross proceeds taxes7levied against coal produced after December 31, 1989.

-End-

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SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT

Page 1 of 1 April 9, 1991

MR. PRESIDENT: We, your committee on Taxation having had under consideration House Bill No. 868 (third reading copy -- blue), respectfully report that House Bill No. 868 be amended and as so amended be concurred in:

1. Page 4, lines 17 and 18.
Following: "1988"
Insert: ","
Strike: ":" on line 17 through "counties" on line 18
2. Page 4, line 19.

Strike: "and" Insert: "," Following: "<u>county</u>" Insert: ", and school district"

3. Page 4, line 21 through page 5, line 6. Strike: "<u>in the taxing</u>" on page 4, line 21 through "<u>district</u>" on page 5, line 6

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Signed: Mike Halligen, Chairman

13 4441 Coord.

 $\frac{SBY/16}{\text{Sec. of Senate}}$ 11:30



HB 0868/04

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 868
2	INTRODUCED BY STEPPLER
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE
5	DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS; REQUIRING THE
6	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO CALCULATE UNIT VALUES FOR COAL
7	PRODUCTION BASED ON 1988 PRODUCTION; EXCLUDING COAL MINES
8	THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988, FROM THE UNIT
9	VALUE CALCULATION; REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO DISTRIBUTE
10	COAL GROSS PROCEEDS BASED ON UNIT VALUE; PROVIDING A
11	SEPARATE DISTRIBUTION OF COAL GROSS PROCEEDS TAXES FOR COAL
12	MINES THAT BEGAN PRODUCTION AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1988;
13	REQUIRING COUNTY TREASURERS TO SEND EXCESS REVENUE TO THE
14	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE; REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
15	TO REDISTRIBUTE EXCESS REVENUE TO THE COUNTIES; PROVIDING A
16	STATUTORY APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 15-23-703 AND
17	17-7-502; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND A RETROACTIVE
1 8	APPLICABILITY DATE."
19	

19

20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. Department to calculate unit 22 value. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), for the 23 purposes of the distribution of coal gross proceeds taxes 24 collected under this part, the department shall determine 25 the unit value of coal <u>FOR EACH MINE</u> in each taxing



1 unit. The unit value for coal for EACH MINE IN each taxing 2 unit is the quotient obtained by dividing the gross proceeds 3 taxes calculated on coal produced in that taxing unit in 4 calendar year 1988 by the number of tons of coal extracted, 5 treated, and sold in that taxing unit during 1988. 6 (2) The unit value calculation does not apply to coal 7 mines that began production after December 31, 1988. 8 Section 2. Section 15-23-703, MCA, is amended to read: 9 "15-23-703. Taxation of gross proceeds -- taxable value 10 for bonding and guaranteed tax base aid to schools. (1) The 11 county assessor shall compute from the reported gross 12 proceeds from coal a tax roll that he shall transmit to the 13 county treasurer on or before September 15 each year. The 14 county assessor may not levy or assess any mills against the 15 reported gross proceeds of coal but shall levy a tax of 5% 16 against the value of the reported gross proceeds as provided 17 in 15-23-701(1)(d). The county treasurer shall proceed to 18 give full notice to each coal producer of the taxes due and 19 to collect the taxes as provided in 15-16-101. 20 (2) For bonding, county classification, and all nontax

purposes, the taxable value of the gross proceeds of coal is
45% of the contract sales price as defined in 15-35-102(5).
(3) The taxable value of gross proceeds for the purpose
of computing guaranteed tax base and for accords is the

24 of computing guaranteed tax base aid for schools is the 25 amount of tax received by a district in the previous year

-2-

HB 868 REFERENCE BILL AS AMENDED

HB 868

divided by the number of mills levied by the district in the
 previous year, multiplied by 1,000. This amount must be
 added to the district, county, and statewide taxable value
 when computing guaranteed tax base aid under 20-9-368.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (7), the county 5 treasurer shall calculate and distribute to the state, 6 7 county, and eligible school districts in the county the amount of the coal gross proceeds tax, determined by 8 multiplying the unit value calculated in [section 1] times q. the tons of coal extracted, treated, and sold on which the 10 coal gross proceeds tax was owed during the preceding 11 12 calendar year.

13 (4)(5) The Except as provided in subsections (6) and 14 (7), the county treasurer shall credit all-taxes-collected 15 the amount determined under this-part subsection (4) and the 16 amounts received under [section 3]:

(a) to the state and to the counties that levied mills
against production in the relative proportions required by
the levies for state and county purposes in the same manner
as property taxes were distributed in the year-1989 fiscal
year 1990 in the taxing jurisdiction; and

(b) to school districts in the county that either
levied mills against production or used nontax revenue, such
as Public Law 81-874 money, in lieu of levying mills against
production, in the same manner that property taxes collected

-3-

1 or property taxes that would have been collected would have 2 been distributed in 1989 the 1990 school fiscal year in the 3 school district. 4 (6) (a) If the total tax liability in a taxing jurisdiction exceeds the amount determined in subsection 5 6 (4), the county treasurer shall, immediately following the 7 distribution from taxes paid on May 31 of each year, send 8 the excess revenue, EXCLUDING ANY PROTESTED COAL GROSS 9 PROCEEDS TAX REVENUES, to the department for redistribution 10 as provided in (section 3). 11 (b) If the total tax liability in a taxing jurisdiction 12 is less than the amount determined in subsection (4), the 13 taxing jurisdiction is entitled to a redistribution as 14 provided by [section 3]. 15 (7) The county treasurer shall credit all taxes 16 collected under this part from coal mines that began 17 production after December 31, 1988, + 18 fa)--to-the-state-and-to-the-counties in the relative 19 proportions required by the levies for state and, county, 20 AND SCHOOL DISTRICT purposes in the same manner as property 21 taxes were distributed in the previous fiscal year in-the 22 taxing-jurisdiction--except-that+ 23 ti)--no--distribution--may--be---made---to---the---state 24 equalization-aid-levy-provided-by-20-9-360; and 25 tii)-the-mill-levies-in-effect-for-county-elementary-and

HB 868

HB 0868/04

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1	high-school-equalization-in-fiscal-year-1990-must-be-used-in
2	computingthedistributiontocounty-elementary-and-high
3	school-equalization; and
4	<pre>(b)to-school-districtsinthecountyinthesame</pre>
5	mannerthat-property-taxes-were-distributed-in-the-previous
6	school-fiscal-year-in-the-school-district."
7	NEW SECTION. Section 3. Department to determine
8	redistribution of coal gross proceeds to taxing
9	jurisdictions. (1) The excessrevenuereceivedbythe
10	departmentfromcountytreasurersasprovidedin
11	15-23-703(6)(a) COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT
12	ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 4] is statutorily appropriated, as
13	provided in 17-7-502, for allocation to the county for
14	redistribution as provided in subsections (2) and (3).
15	(2) Each year the department shall determine the amount
16	of tax collected under this part from within each taxing
17	unit in the county. If the amount collected BY EACH COUNTY
1 8	is less than the amount determined under 15-23-703(4) FOR
19	THAT COUNTY, the department shall, on or before June 30 of
20	each year, send the amount of the difference FROM THE STATE
21	SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED IN [SECTION 4] to the
22	county treasurer for redistribution as provided in
23	15-23-703(5).
24	(3) Any IF THE amount bywhichthetotalamount

received by the department for redistribution is less than 25

-5-

HB 868

or more than the redistribution amount determined in subsection (2), the department shall calculate and redistribute the shortage or excess amount in the following manner:

5 (a) If a county does not receive the entire amount to which it is entitled under subsection (2), the shortage 6 amount AMOUNTS OF EACH TAXING UNIT must be divided by the 7 total distribution -- for -- the county SHORTAGE AMOUNTS OF ALL 8 9 TAXING UNITS determined under 15-23-703(4) to obtain a 10 shortage percentage FOR EACH TAXING UNIT. The shortage percentage FOR EACH TAXING UNIT must be multiplied by the 11 12 amount that is available for redistribution to each taxing 13 unit, and this amount must be redistributed to each 14 respective taxing unit.

15 (b) If there are excess amounts after the redistribution provided for in subsection (2), the excess 16 17 amounts must be redistributed to the county of origin in 18 proportion to the amount EACH TAXING UNIT IN the county 19 contributed for redistribution.

20 (4) The county treasurer shall distribute the money 21 received under subsections-(2)-and-(3) SUBSECTION (3)(B) as 22 provided in 15-23-703(5).

23 NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. COAL GROSS PROCEEDS 24 REDISTRIBUTION ACCOUNT. (1) THERE IS WITHIN THE STATE 25 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND A COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUTION

-6-

HB 868

HB 0868/04

ann a sa shannada an sa sa la sa la sara shi kandar la shi kantar a sa shika na marana mangala mangala ka sa sh

HB 0868/04

(2) ALL MONEY RECEIVED FROM COUNTY TREASURERS	AS
WIDED IN 15-23-703(6)(A) MUST BE DEPOSITED BY	THE
ARTMENT INTO THE COAL GROSS PROCEEDS REDISTRIBUT	ION
COUNT FOR REDISTRIBUTION AS PROVIDED IN [SECTION 3].	
Section 5. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:	:
*17-7-502. Statutory appropriations definition	
quisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is	an
propriation made by permanent law that authorizes spend	ing
a state agency without the need for a bienn	ial
gislative appropriation or budget amendment.	
(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to	be
fective, a statutory appropriation must comply with b	oth
the following provisions:	
(a) The law containing the statutory authority must	be
sted in subsection (3).	
(b) The law or portion of the law making a statut	огу
ppropriation must specifically state that a statut	ory
ppropriation is made as provided in this section.	
(3) The following laws are the only laws contain	ing
atutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-8	12;
-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-1	11;
ection 3]; 15-25-123; 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-1	.17;
-65-121; 15-70-101; 16-1-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-4	111;
7-3-212; 17-5-404; 17-5-424; 17-5-804; 19-8-504; 19-9-7	02:

1 19-9-1007; 19-10-205; 19-10-305; 19-10-506; 19-11-512; 2 19-11-513; 19-11-606; 19-12-301; 19-13-604; 20-6-406; 3 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 23-5-306; 23-5-409; 23-5-610; 23-5-612; 4 23-5-1016; 23-5-1027; 27-12-206; 37-51-501; 39-71-2504; 5 53-6-150; 53-24-206; 67-3-205; 61-2-406; 61-5-121; 6 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 7 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 90-3-301; 90-4-215; 90-4-613; 8 90-6-331; 90-9-306; and section 13, House Bill No. 861, Laws 9 of 1985.

10 (4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the 11 principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, 12 and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due, 13 that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of 14 Montana. Agencies that have entered into agreements 15 authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state 16 treasurer, for deposit in accordance with 17-2-101 through 17 17-2-107, as determined by the state treasurer, an amount 18 sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the 19 bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for 20 such payments. (In subsection (3), pursuant to sec. 10, Ch. 21 664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 22 30, 1991.)"

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Codification instruction.
24 [Sections 1, 3, and 3 4] are intended to be codified as an
25 integral part of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, and the

-8-

HB 868

.

1 provisions of Title 15, chapter 23, part 7, apply to

2 [sections 1, 3, and 3 4].

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....

3 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Effective date --

4 applicability. [This act] is effective July 1, 1991, and

5 applies retroactively, within the meaning of 1-2-109, to the

6 distribution and redistribution of coal gross proceeds taxes

7 levied against coal produced after December 31, 1989.

-End-

HB 868