HOUSE BILL 768

Introduced by Measure, et al.

| 2/12 | Introduced |
|------|--------------------------------|
| 2/12 | Referred to Judiciary |
| 2/12 | First Reading |
| 2/19 | Hearing |
| 2/22 | Committee ReportBill Passed as |
| • | Amended |
| 2/25 | 2nd Reading Passed |
| 2/26 | 3rd Reading Failed |

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| 1 | INTRODUCED BY Measure HARP Whalen Gee Yellowten & se |
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| 3 | Gellowant E. E. |
| 4 | M BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE |
| 5 | LANDLORD AND TENANT LAWS; PROVIDING CLARIFICATION OF THE |
| 6 | RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF LANDLORDS AND TENANTS; |
| 7 | PROVIDING FOR LANDLORD ACTION DURING EMERGENCY SITUATIONS; |
| 8 | PROVIDING A REFERENCE DATE FOR SERVICE OF NOTICE BY |
| 9 | CERTIFIED MAIL; ESTABLISHING THAT THE CREATION OF |
| 10 | LANDLORD-TENANT RELATIONSHIP IS PRESUMED UPON RECEIPT OF |
| 11 | RENT OR A DEPOSIT FROM THE TENANT; PREVENTING TRANSFER OF |
| 12 | RENTAL UNIT WITHOUT LANDLORD APPROVAL; PREVENTING A TENANT |
| 13 | FROM REMOVING, REPLACING, OR ADDING LOCKS TO A RENTAL UNIT |
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| 15 | TENANT-OPERATED BUSINESS OR COTTAGE INDUSTRY UPON LANDLOR |
| 16 | CONSENT; PROVIDING FOR TENANT TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL |
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| 18 | SITUATION; PROVIDING FOR LANDLORD TERMINATION OF THE RENTA. |
| 19 | AGREEMENT UPON JUST CAUSE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 70-24-103 |
| 20 | 70-24-108, 70-24-302, 70-24-312, 70-24-321, 70-24-406 |
| 21 | 70-24-422, 70-24-424, AND 70-24-441, MCA." |
| 22 | |
| 23 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: |
| 24 | Section 1. Section 70-24-103, MCA, is amended to read: |

"70-24-103. General definitions. Subject to additional

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- 7 (2) "Court" means the appropriate district court or the 8 appropriate justice's court.
- (3) "Dwelling unit" means a structure or the part of a structure that is used as a home, residence, or sleeping 11 place by a person who maintains a household or by two or 12 more persons who maintain a common household. "Dwelling 13 unit", in the case of a person who rents space in a mobile home park but does not rent the mobile home, means the space 14 15 rented and not the mobile home itself.
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 the dwelling unit or the building of which it is a part

 and also means a manager of the premises who fails to

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 19 appurtenances therein, and the grounds, areas, and
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- 22 (10)(11) "Rent" means all payments to be made to the 23 landlord under the rental agreement.

- embodying the terms and conditions concerning the use and occupancy of a dwelling unit and premises.
- 6 provided by the landlord and one or more of these facilities
- 7 are used in common by occupants in the structure.
- 8 (±3)(14) "Single family residence" means a structure
 9 maintained and used as a single dwelling unit.
- 10 Notwithstanding that a dwelling unit shares one or more
- ll walls with another dwelling unit, it is a single family
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- 17 agreement to occupy a dwelling unit to the exclusion of
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- 22 (a) he has actual knowledge of it;
- 23 (b) in the case of a landlord, it is delivered at the
- 24 place of business of the landlord through which—the—rental
- 25 agreement was made; or

(c) in the case of a landlord or tenant, it is delivered in hand to the landlord or tenant or mailed by registered-or certified mail to him at the place held out by him as the place for receipt of the communication or, in the absence of such designation, to his last-known last-known address. If notice is mailed by certified mail, service of the notice is considered to have been made 3 days after the date of the mailing.

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- (b) created a landlord-tenant relationship."
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Transfer of premises tenant. (1) A tenant who vacates a dwelling unit during the term of his tenancy may not allow the possession of the property to be transferred to a third party or sublet the property unless the landlord or his agent has consented in writing.
- (2) The sale or rental of a mobile home located on a rental lot does not entitle the purchaser or renter to 10 retain rental of the lot unless the purchaser or renter enters into a rental agreement with the owner of the lot. 11
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- tenant may not unreasonably withhold consent to the landlord 14 15 or his agent to enter into the dwelling unit in order to inspect the premises, make necessary or agreed repairs, 16 17 decorations, alterations, or improvements, supply necessary
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- 21 (2) A landlord may enter the dwelling unit without 22 consent of the tenant in case of emergency.
- 24 it to harass the tenant. Except in case of emergency or
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(3) A landlord may not abuse the right of access or use

- the tenant at least 24 hours' notice of his intent to enter
 and may enter only at reasonable times.
 - (4) A landlord has no other right of access except:
- (a) pursuant to court order;
- 5 (b) as permitted by 70-24-425 and 70-24-426(2); or
- 6 (c) when the tenant has abandoned or surrendered the 7 premises.
- 8 (5) A tenant may not remove or replace a lock from or
 9 add a lock to the premises unless the landlord provides the
- 10 new or replacement lock or gives his written permission. If
- a tenant installs a new or replacement lock not supplied by
- 12 the landlord, the tenant shall provide the landlord with a
- 13 key to ensure the landlord's right of access as provided by
- 14 this chapter."

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- 15 Section 6. Section 70-24-321, MCA, is amended to read:
- 16 "70-24-321. Tenant to maintain dwelling unit. (1) A
- 17 tenant shall:

- 18 (a) comply with all obligations primarily imposed upon
- 19 tenants by applicable provisions of building and housing
 - codes materially affecting health and safety;
- 21 (b) keep that part of the premises that he occupies and
- 22 uses as reasonably clean and safe as the condition of the
- 23 premises permits;
- 24 (c) dispose from his dwelling unit all ashes, garbage,
- rubbish, and other waste in a clean and safe manner;

- 1 (d) keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or 2 used by the tenant as clean as their condition permits;
- 3 (e) use in a reasonable manner all electrical,
- 4 plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning,
- 5 and other facilities and appliances, including elevators, in
- 6 the premises;
- 7 (f) conduct himself and require other persons on the
- 8 premises with his consent to conduct themselves in a manner
- 9 that will not disturb his neighbors' peaceful enjoyment of
- 10 the premises; and
- 11 (g) use the parts of the premises including the living
- 12 room, bedroom, kitchen, bathroom, and dining room in a
- 13 reasonable manner considering the purposes for which they
- 14 were designed and intended.
- (2) A tenant may not destroy, deface, damage, impair,
- or remove any part of the premises or permit any person to
- 17 do so.
- 18 (3) This section does not preclude the right of the
- 19 tenant to operate a limited business or cottage industry on
- 20 the premises, subject to state and local laws or
- 21 regulations, if the landlord has consented in writing."
- Section 7. Section 70-24-406, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 "70-24-406. Failure of landlord to maintain premises --
- 24 tenant's remedies. (1) Except as provided in this chapter,
- 25 if there is a noncompliance with 70-24-303 affecting health

1 and safety, the tenant may:

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- (a) deliver a written notice to the landlord specifying the acts and omissions constituting the breach and that the rental agreement will terminate upon a date not less than 30 days after receipt of the notice if the breach is not remedied in 14 days. If the noncompliance results in an emergency situation and the landlord fails to remedy the situation within 3 working days after notice by the tenant of the situation and of the tenant's intention to terminate the rental agreement if the situation is not remedied within 3 working days, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement. The rental agreement terminates as provided in the notice subject to the following exceptions:
- (i) if the breach is remediable by repairs, the payment of damages, or otherwise and the landlord adequately remedies the breach before the date specified in the notice, the rental agreement does not terminate by reason of the breach;
- (ii) if substantially the same act or omission which constituted a prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs within 6 months, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement upon at least 14 days' written notice specifying the breach and the date of termination of the rental agreement; or
- 25 (iii) the tenant may not terminate for a condition

- caused by himself, a member of his family, or other persons on the premises with his consent;.
- 3 (b) make repairs himself that do not cost more than 1
 4 month's rent and deduct the cost from the rent if he has
 5 given the landlord notice and he the landlord has not made
 6 the repairs within a reasonable time. If the repair is for
 7 an emergency situation and the landlord has not made the
 8 repairs, the tenant may have repairs made only by a licensed
 9 person qualified to make the repairs.
- 10 (2) Except as provided in this chapter, the tenant may
 11 recover actual damages and obtain injunctive relief for any
 12 noncompliance by the landlord with the rental agreement or
 13 70-24-303.
- 14 (3) The remedy provided in subsection (2) of this 15 section is in addition to a right of the tenant arising 16 under subsection (1).
- 17 (4) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord 18 shall return all security recoverable by the tenant pursuant 19 to chapter 25 of this title."
- Section 8. Section 70-24-422, MCA, is amended to read:
- 21 "70-24-422. Noncompliance of tenant generally -22 landlord's right of termination -- damages -- injunction.
- 23 (1) Except as provided in this chapter, if there is a
- 24 noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or a
- 25 noncompliance with 70-24-321 affecting health and safety,

the landlord may deliver a written notice to the tenant pursuant to 70-24-108 specifying the acts and omissions constituting the breach and that the rental agreement will terminate upon a date not less than 14 days after receipt of the notice. If the breach is not remedied within that time, the rental agreement terminates as provided in the notice subject to the following exceptions:

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- (a) If the breach is remediable by repairs, the payment of damages, or otherwise and the tenant adequately remedies the breach before the date specified in the notice, the rental agreement does not terminate.
- (b) If substantially the same act or omission which constituted a prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs within 6 months, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement upon at least 5 days' written notice specifying the breach and the date of the termination of the rental agreement.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), if rent is unpaid when due and the tenant fails to pay rent within 3 days after written notice by the landlord of nonpayment and his the landlord's intention to terminate the rental agreement if the rent is not paid within that period, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement.
- (b) For a rental agreement involving a tenant who rents space to park a mobile home but who does not rent the mobile

- home, the notice period referred to in subsection (2)(a) is 3 15 days.
- 3 (3) If the tenant destroys, defaces, damages, impairs,
 4 or removes any part of the premises in violation of
 5 70-24-321(2), the landlord may terminate the rental
 6 agreement upon giving 3 days' written notice specifying the
 7 breach under the provisions of 70-24-321(2).
- 8 (4) Except as provided in this chapter, the landlord
 9 may recover actual damages and obtain injunctive relief for
 10 any noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or
 11 70-24-321. Except as provided in subsection (5), if the
 12 tenant's noncompliance is purposeful, the landlord may
 13 recover treble damages.
- 14 (5) Treble damages may not be recovered for the tenant's early termination of the tenancy.
- 16 (6) The landlord is not bound by this section if the
 17 landlord elects to use the 30-day notice for termination of
 18 tenancy provided for in 70-24-441."
- 19 Section 9. Section 70-24-424, MCA, is amended to read:
- 20 "70-24-424. Refusal of access -- landlord's remedies.
- 21 (1) If the tenant refuses to allow lawful access, the
- 22 landlord may either obtain injunctive relief to compel
- 23 access or terminate the rental agreement. In either case the
- 24 landlord may recover actual damages.
- 25 (2) If a tenant replaces or adds locks not supplied by

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- the landlord and fails to provide a key as required by

 70-24-312, the landlord may either obtain injunctive relief

 or terminate the lease or rental agreement."
- Section 10. Section 70-24-441, MCA, is amended to read:

 "70-24-441. Termination by landlord or tenant. (1) The
 landlord or the tenant may terminate a week-to-week tenancy
 by a written notice given to the other at least 7 days
 before the termination date specified in the notice.

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- (2) The landlord or the tenant may terminate a month-to-month tenancy by giving to the other at any time during the tenancy at least 30 days' notice in writing prior to the date designated in the notice for the termination of the tenancy.
- (3) The tenancy terminates on the date designated and without regard to the expiration of the period for which, by the terms of the tenancy, rents are to be paid. Unless otherwise agreed, rent is uniformly apportionable from day to day.
- 19 (4) If a landlord terminates a tenancy pursuant to this
 20 section and the reason for termination is not specified or
 21 is not just cause, the tenant may, within 30 days after
 22 notice of the termination, bring an action to determine just
 23 cause for the termination. If the court finds that just
 24 cause does not exist, the court may order injunctive relief,
 25 award damages in the amount of three times the monthly rent,

- 1 and award attorney fees.
- 2 (5) The court shall determine just cause based upon
- 3 circumstances. Just cause for eviction includes:
- 4 (a) failure to pay rent due;
- 5 (b) disorderly conduct by the tenant destroying the
- 6 peace of the other tenants or the neighborhood;
- 7 (c) damage to the premises resulting from the tenant's
- 8 willful misconduct or gross negligence;
- 9 (d) substantial violation of any of the reasonable
- 10 covenants or agreements in the rental agreement;
- (e) substantial violation of reasonable written rules
- 12 and regulations;
- (f) a plan by the owner, in good faith, to board-up or
- 14 demolish the premises due to substantial code violations
- 15 where it is not economically feasible for the owner to
- 16 eliminate the violations;
- 17 (q) a plan by the owner to remove the rental property
- 18 from the rental market;
- 19 (h) refusal by the tenant to accept, at the termination
- 20 of the lease or rental agreement, reasonable changes in the
- 21 lease or rental agreement terms;
- (i) habitual failure by the tenant to pay the rent in a
- 23 timely manner;
- (j) refusal by the tenant to allow the landlord
- 25 reasonable access to the premises for the purpose of repairs

| 1 | or | to | show | the | premises | to | а | prospective | purchaser | : |
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- 2 (k) a decision by the landlord, with good faith
- intentions, to occupy the premises himself or to provide the
- 4 premises to close relatives, such as children, parents, or
- 5 siblings;
- 6 (1) participation by the tenant in unlawful activity;
- 7 (m) rendering of the premises as uninhabitable by an
- 8 extraordinary occurrence or calamitous event outside the
- 9 landlord's control if the landlord is unable to repair the
- 10 premises to a habitable condition within a reasonable time;
 - (n) the necessity of substantial remodeling of the
- 12 premises, during which the premises would be rendered
- 13 uninhabitable;

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- (o) any other cause for termination as provided by this
- 15 chapter; or
- (p) determination by a court that unreasonable action
- 17 by a tenant constitutes just cause.
- 18 (6) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and
- 19 chapter 25 of this title:
- 20 (a) if the landlord terminates the tenancy and the
- 21 tenant vacates the premises prior to the required notice,
- the tenant is entitled to the return of a prorated amount of
- 23 rent for the days remaining upon surrender of the property
- 24 to the landlord; or
- 25 (b) if the tenant terminates the rental agreement and

- vacates the premises without giving proper notice as
- 2 provided in this chapter, the landlord is entitled to
- 3 prorated rent until the premises are rented or until 30 days
- 4 have expired, whichever occurs first."
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction.
- 6 [Section 4] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- 7 of Title 70, chapter 24, part 3, and the provisions of Title
- 8 70, chapter 24, part 3, apply to [section 4].

-End-

52nd Legislature

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ON JUDICIARY

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- (a) pursuant to court order;

- (b) as permitted by 70-24-425 and 70-24-426(2); or
- 6 (c) when the tenant has abandoned or surrendered the 7 premises.
- 8 (5) A tenant may not remove or replace a lock from or
 9 add a lock to the premises unless the landlord provides the
 10 new or replacement lock or gives his written permission. If
 11 a tenant installs a new or replacement lock not supplied by
 12 the landlord, the tenant shall provide the landlord with a
 13 key to ensure the landlord's right of access as provided by
- 14 this chapter."
- Section 6. Section 70-24-321, MCA, is amended to read:
- 16 "70-24-321. Tenant to maintain dwelling unit. (1) A
 17 tenant shall:
- 18 (a) comply with all obligations primarily imposed upon
 19 tenants by applicable provisions of building and housing
 20 codes materially affecting health and safety;
- 21 (b) keep that part of the premises that he occupies and 22 uses as reasonably clean and safe as the condition of the 23 premises permits;
- (c) dispose from his dwelling unit all ashes, garbage,
 rubbish, and other waste in a clean and safe manner;

- 1 (d) keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or 2 used by the tenant as clean as their condition permits;
- 3 (e) use in a reasonable manner all electrical,
 4 plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning,
 5 and other facilities and appliances, including elevators, in
 6 the premises:
- 7 (f) conduct himself and require other persons on the 8 premises with his consent to conduct themselves in a manner 9 that will not disturb his neighbors' peaceful enjoyment of 10 the premises; and
- 11 (g) use the parts of the premises including the living 12 room, bedroom, kitchen, bathroom, and dining room in a 13 reasonable manner considering the purposes for which they 14 were designed and intended.
- 15 (2) A tenant may not destroy, deface, damage, impair, 16 or remove any part of the premises or permit any person to 17 do so.
 - (3) This section does not preclude the right of the tenant to operate a limited business or cottage industry on the premises, subject to state and local laws or regulations, if the landlord has consented in writing."
- Section 7. Section 70-24-406, MCA, is amended to read:
- 23 **70-24-406. Failure of landlord to maintain premises -24 tenant's remedies. (1) Except as provided in this chapter,
 25 if there is a noncompliance with 70-24-303 affecting health

- 1 and safety, the tenant may:
- 2 (a) deliver a written notice to the landlord specifying the acts and omissions constituting the breach and that the 3 4 rental agreement will terminate upon a date not less than 30 days after receipt of the notice if the breach is not 5 6 remedied in 14 days. If the noncompliance results in an 7 emergency situation and the landlord fails to remedy the 8 situation within 3 working days after notice by the tenant 9 of the situation and of the tenant's intention to terminate 10 the rental agreement if the situation is not remedied within 3 working days, the tenant may terminate the rental 11 12 agreement. The rental agreement terminates as provided in 13 the notice subject to the following exceptions:
- (i) if the breach is remediable by repairs, the payment
 of damages, or otherwise and the landlord adequately
 remedies the breach before the date specified in the notice,
 the rental agreement does not terminate by reason of the
 breach;
- (ii) if substantially the same act or omission which constituted a prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs within 6 months, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement upon at least 14 days' written notice specifying the breach and the date of termination of the rental agreement; or
- 25 (iii) the tenant may not terminate for a condition

- caused by himself, a member of his family, or other persons
 on the premises with his consent;
- 3 (b) make repairs himself that do not cost more than 1
 4 month's rent and deduct the cost from the rent if he has
 5 given the landlord notice and he the landlord has not made
 6 the repairs within a reasonable time. If the repair is for
 7 an emergency situation and the landlord has not made the
 8 repairs, the tenant may have repairs made only by a licensed
 9 person qualified to make the repairs.
- 10 (2) Except as provided in this chapter, the tenant may
 11 recover actual damages and obtain injunctive relief for any
 12 noncompliance by the landlord with the rental agreement or
 13 70-24-303.
- 14 (3) The remedy provided in subsection (2) of this 15 section is in addition to a right of the tenant arising 16 under subsection (1).
- 17 (4) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord 18 shall return all security recoverable by the tenant pursuant 19 to chapter 25 of this title."
- Section 8. Section 70-24-422, MCA, is amended to read:
- 21 "70-24-422. Noncompliance of tenant generally -22 landlord's right of termination -- damages -- injunction.
- 23 (1) Except as provided in this chapter, if there is a
- 24 noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or a
- 25 noncompliance with 70-24-321 affecting health and safety,

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- the landlord may deliver a written notice to the tenant pursuant to 70-24-108 specifying the acts and omissions constituting the breach and that the rental agreement will terminate upon a date not less than 14 days after receipt of the notice. If the breach is not remedied within that time, the rental agreement terminates as provided in the notice subject to the following exceptions:
 - (a) If the breach is remediable by repairs, the payment of damages, or otherwise and the tenant adequately remedies the breach before the date specified in the notice, the rental agreement does not terminate.

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- (b) If substantially the same act or omission which constituted a prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs within 6 months, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement upon at least 5 days' written notice specifying the breach and the date of the termination of the rental agreement.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b), if rent is unpaid when due and the tenant fails to pay rent within 3 days after written notice by the landlord of nonpayment and his the landlord's intention to terminate the rental agreement if the rent is not paid within that period, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement.
- 24 (b) For a rental agreement involving a tenant who rents 25 space to park a mobile home but who does not rent the mobile

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- home, the notice period referred to in subsection (2)(a) is
 15 days.
- 3 (3) If the tenant destroys, defaces, damages, impairs,
 4 or removes any part of the premises in violation of
 5 70-24-321(2), the landlord may terminate the rental
 6 agreement upon giving 3 days' written notice specifying the
 7 breach under the provisions of 70-24-321(2).
- 8 (4) Except as provided in this chapter, the landlord 9 may recover actual damages and obtain injunctive relief for 10 any noncompliance by the tenant with the rental agreement or 11 70-24-321. Except as provided in subsection (5), if the 12 tenant's noncompliance is purposeful, the landlord may 13 recover treble damages.
- 14 (5) Treble damages may not be recovered for the 15 tenant's early termination of the tenancy.
- 16 (6) The landlord is not bound by this section if the
 17 landlord elects to use the 30-day notice for termination of
 18 tenancy provided for in 70-24-441."
- Section 9. Section 70-24-424, MCA, is amended to read:
- 20 "70-24-424. Refusal of access landlord's remedies.
 21 (1) If the tenant refuses to allow lawful access, the
 22 landlord may either obtain injunctive relief to compel
 23 access or terminate the rental agreement. In either case the
 24 landlord may recover actual damages.
- 25 (2) If a tenant replaces or adds locks not supplied by

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| L | the landlord and fails to provide a key as required by |
|---|---|
| 2 | 70-24-312, the landlord may either obtain injunctive relief |
| 2 | or terminate the lease or rental agreement." |

- Section 10. Section 70-24-441, MCA, is amended to read:

 70-24-441. Termination by landlord or tenant. (1) The
- landlord or the tenant may terminate a week-to-week tenancy
 by a written notice given to the other at least 7 days
 before the termination date specified in the notice.
- 9 (2) The landlord or the tenant may terminate a
 10 month-to-month tenancy by giving to the other at any time
 11 during the tenancy at least 30 days' notice in writing prior
 12 to the date designated in the notice for the termination of
- 12 to the date designated in the notice for the termination of 13 the tenancy.
- 14 (3) The tenancy terminates on the date designated and 15 without regard to the expiration of the period for which, by 16 the terms of the tenancy, rents are to be paid. Unless 17 otherwise agreed, rent is uniformly apportionable from day
- otherwise agreed, rent is uniformly apportionable from day
 to day.
- 19 (4) If a landlord terminates a tenancy pursuant to this
- 20 section and the reason for termination is not specified or
- 21 is not just cause, the tenant may, within 30 days after
- 22 notice of the termination, bring an action to determine just
- 23 cause for the termination. If the court finds that just
- 24 cause does not exist, the court may order injunctive relief,
- 25 award damages in the amount of three times the monthly rent,

- and award attorney fees.
- 2 (5) The court shall determine just cause based upon
- 3 circumstances. Just cause for eviction includes:
- 4 (a) failure to pay rent due;
- 5 (b) disorderly conduct by the tenant destroying the
- 6 peace of the other tenants or the neighborhood;
- 7 (c) damage to the premises resulting from the tenant's
- 8 willful misconduct or gross negligence;
- 9 (d) substantial violation of any of the reasonable
- 10 covenants or agreements in the rental agreement;
- 11 (e) substantial violation of reasonable written rules
- 12 and regulations;
- (f) a plan by the owner, in good faith, to board-up or
- 14 demolish the premises due to substantial code violations
- 15 where it is not economically feasible for the owner to
- 16 eliminate the violations;
- 17 (g) a plan by the owner to remove the rental property
- 18 from the rental market;
- (h) refusal by the tenant to accept, at the termination
- 20 of the lease or rental agreement, reasonable changes in the
- 21 lease or rental agreement terms;
- 22 (i) habitual failure by the tenant to pay the rent in a
- 23 timely manner;
- (j) refusal by the tenant to allow the landlord
- 25 reasonable access to the premises for the purpose of repairs

| L | or to | sho | w the | premises | to | a | prospective | purchaser; |
|---|-------|-----|-------|----------|----|---|-------------|------------|
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- 2 (k) a decision by the landlord, with good faith
- 3 intentions, to occupy the premises himself or to provide the
- premises to close relatives, such as children, parents, or
- 5 siblings;
- 6 (1) participation by the tenant in unlawful activity;
- 7 (m) rendering of the premises as uninhabitable by an
- 8 extraordinary occurrence or calamitous event outside the
- 9 landlord's control if the landlord is unable to repair the
- 10 premises to a habitable condition within a reasonable time;
- 11 (n) the--necessity--of substantial remodeling of the
- 12 premises, during which the premises would be rendered
- 13 uninhabitable;
- 14 (o) any other cause for termination as provided by this
- 15 chapter; or
- 16 (p) determination by a court that unreasonable action
- 17 by a tenant constitutes just cause.
- 18 (6) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and
- 19 chapter 25 of this title:
- 20 (a) if the landlord terminates the tenancy and the
- 21 tenant vacates the premises prior to the required notice,
- 22 the tenant is entitled to the return of a prorated amount of
- 23 rent for the days remaining upon surrender of the property
- 24 to the landlord; or
- 25 (b) if the tenant terminates the rental agreement and

- 1 vacates the premises without giving proper notice as
- 2 provided in this chapter, the landlord is entitled to
- 3 prorated rent until the premises are rented or until 30 days
- 4 have expired, whichever occurs first."
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction.
- 6 [Section 4] is intended to be codified as an integral part
- of Title 70, chapter 24, part 3, and the provisions of Title
- 8 70, chapter 24, part 3, apply to [section 4].

-End-

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| 2 | INTRODUCED BY MEASURE, HARP, WHALEN, LEE, YELLOWTAIL, ECK |
|----|---|
| 3 | |
| 4 | A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE |
| 5 | LANDLORD AND TENANT LAWS; PROVIDING CLARIFICATION OF THE |
| 6 | RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF LANDLORDS AND TENANTS; |
| 7 | PROVIDING FOR LANDLORD ACTION DURING EMERGENCY SITUATIONS; |
| 8 | PROVIDING A REFERENCE DATE FOR SERVICE OF NOTICE BY |
| 9 | CERTIFIED MAIL; ESTABLISHING THAT THE CREATION OF A |
| 10 | LANDLORD-TENANT RELATIONSHIP IS PRESUMED UPON RECEIPT OF |
| 11 | RENT OR A DEPOSIT FROM THE TENANT; PREVENTING TRANSFER OF A |
| 12 | RENTAL UNIT WITHOUT LANDLORD APPROVAL; PREVENTING A TENANT |
| 13 | FROM REMOVING, REPLACING, OR ADDING LOCKS TO A RENTAL UNIT |
| 14 | WITHOUT LANDLORD APPROVAL; PROVIDING FOR A LIMITED |
| 15 | TENANT-OPERATED BUSINESS OR COTTAGE INDUSTRY UPON LANDLORD |
| 16 | CONSENT; PROVIDING FOR TENANT TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL |
| 17 | AGREEMENT UPON A LANDLORD'S FAILURE TO REMEDY AN EMERGENCY |
| 18 | SITUATION; PROVIDING FOR LANDLORD TERMINATION OF THE RENTAL |
| 19 | AGREEMENT UPON JUST CAUSE; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 70-24-103, |
| 20 | 70-24-108, 70-24-302, 70-24-312, 70-24-321, 70-24-406, |
| 21 | 70-24-422, 70-24-424, AND 70-24-441, MCA." |
| 22 | |
| 23 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: |

Section 1. Section 70-24-103, MCA, is amended to read:

"70-24-103. General definitions. Subject to additional

HOUSE BILL NO. 768

There are no changes in this bill, and will not be reprinted. Please refer to yellow copy for complete text.