HOUSE BILL NO. 724

INTRODUCED BY ELLIOTT, PIPINICH, STANG, KENNEDY, B. BROWN, SVRCEK, DARKO, VAUGHN, SWIFT, PETERSON, FARRELL, HARP

IN THE HOUSE

- FEBRUARY 8, 1991 INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.
- FEBRUARY 9, 1991 FIRST READING.
- FEBRUARY 21, 1991 COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS. REPORT ADOPTED.
- FEBRUARY 22, 1991 PRINTING REPORT.
- FEBRUARY 23, 1991 SECOND READING, DO PASS.
- FEBRUARY 25, 1991 ENGROSSING REPORT.
 - THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 92; NOES, 7.

TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.

IN THE SENATE

FEBRUARY 27, 1991

FEBRUARY 26, 1991

-

MARCH 19, 1991

MARCH 23, 1991

MARCH 25, 1991

INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.

FIRST READING.

COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN. REPORT ADOPTED.

SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.

THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 47; NOES, 1.

RETURNED TO HOUSE.

IN THE HOUSE

MARCH 25, 1991

RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

1 INTRODUCED BY 2 (Brown togher in Al -3 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE USE OF 5 UNPROCESSED TIMBER FROM STATE LANDS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR 6 UNPROCESSED TIMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES: AND DIRECTING THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 26.6.411, ADMINISTRATIVE 7 8 RULES OF MONTANA."

9

10 WHEREAS, the forest products industry accounts for 46%
11 of the economic base of Montana's seven western counties;
12 and

13 WHEREAS, the jobs of American mill workers are lost when14 raw logs are exported overseas; and

WHEREAS, the United States Congress enacted the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 to prohibit the export of unprocessed timber originating from federally owned and state-owned lands; and

WHEREAS, the Department of State Lands has promulgated
rules prohibiting the export of unprocessed timber
originating from state-owned lands in Montana; and

22 WHEREAS, existing law creates a loophole that allows 23 private landowners in Montana to export unprocessed timber 24 from their own lands and then substitute timber purchased 25 from state lands for the exported supply; and WHEREAS, the decrease in timber available for export
 from the states of Oregon and Washington may increase the
 pressure to export unprocessed timber from private lands in
 Montana.

5

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA: 7 Section 1. The Department of State Lands shall amend 8 Rule 26.6.411, Administrative Rules of Montana, to read: 9 "26.6.411 AGREEMENT NOT TO EXPORT STATE LOGS (1) This 10 rule carries out the purposes of section 491 of the Forest 11 Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 12 (referred to hereinafter as the Act) which became effective on September 10, 1990 and the definitions stated in that Act 13 are hereby incorporated by reference. The text of the Act 14 15 be found on pages H5920 through H5924 of the may Congressional Record for July 30, 1990. [proper citation to 16 be added when available] This rule replaces and supercedes 17 18 any prohibitions imposed by subsection 491(d)(3)(B) of the

19 Act.

25

20 (2) Any person purchasing timber from the state of 21 Montana must first have entered into an agreement with the 22 department (referred to hereinafter as a nonexport 23 agreement) containing the following commitments on behalf of 24 the purchaser:

(a) Unprocessed timber, as defined in the Act,



LC 0153/01

INTRODUCED BILL

10

11

12

13

14

15

LC 0153/01

originating from lands owned by the state of Montana shall 1 not: 2 (i) be exported from the United States; or 3 (ii) be sold, traded, exchanged, or otherwise given to any person unless that person agrees not to export such 5 unprocessed timber from the United States and agrees to 6 require such a prohibition in any subsequent resale or other 7 transaction involving such unprocessed timber; or 8 (iii) be used in substitution for exported unprocessed 9 timber originating from private lands in Montana; 10 11 (b) in the event purchaser violates any of the provisions of the nonexport agreement, the department, after 12 13 notice and opportunity for a hearing, may: (i) terminate any timber sale contracts or timber sale 14 15 permits with that purchaser; and/or future (ii) bar purchaser from entering into any 16 contracts for the purchase of timber with the state of 17 Montana for a period of up to five (5) years. 18 (d)(c) For purposes of such nonexport agreement, the 19 following definitions apply: term-"export" 20 (i) "Export" shall-mean means either direct or indirect 21 export to a foreign country and occurs on the date that a 22 person enters into a contract or other binding transaction 23 for the export of unprocessed timber or, if that date cannot 24 be established, when unprocessed timber is found in an 25 -3-

1 export yard or pond, bundled or otherwise prepared for shipment, or aboard an ocean-going vessel. An export yard or 2 pond is an area where sorting and/or bundling of logs for 3 4 shipment outside the United States is accomplished. Timber 5 is exported indirectly when export occurs as a result of a sale to another person or as a result of any subsequent 6 7 transaction. 8 (ii) "Substitution" means the purchase of unprocessed timber originating from state forests as provided in 9

77-5-101, MCA, to be used as replacement for unprocessed

timber from private lands in Montana that is exported by the

purchaser. Substitution occurs when a person purchasing

timber from the state of Montana has exported unprocessed

timber from private lands in the state during the period of

16 (e)(d) The nonexport agreement may be terminated by the 17 purchaser upon the termination of any and all contracts or 18 permits for the purchase of unprocessed timber originating 19 from lands owned by the state of Montana. The nonexport 20 agreement may be terminated by the department upon thirty 21 (30) days notice.

one (1) year prior to the purchase date.

(3) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall
not apply to any contract or permit for the purchase of
unprocessed timber from state lands entered into before the
effective date of such nonexport agreement.

-4-

1 (4) The prohibitions of such nonexport agreement shall 2 not apply to specific quantities of grades and species of 3 unprocessed timber originating from state lands which the 4 United States secretary of commerce determines by rule to be 5 surplus to the needs of timber manufacturing facilities in 6 the United States as provided in the Act.

7 (5) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall be
8 suspended or modified as provided in any order of the
9 president of the United States pursuant to subsections 491
10 (e), (f), or (i) of the Act."

-End-

-5-

52nd Legislature

LC 0153/01

APPROVED BY COMM. ON NATURAL RESOURCES

TITTAL NO. 1 INTRODUCED BY arned 2 al Known Coghin awill . A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE USE OF HAS 5 UNPROCESSED TIMBER FROM STATE LANDS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR 6 UNPROCESSED TIMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES: AND 7 DIRECTING THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 26.6.411, ADMINISTRATIVE RULES OF MONTANA." 8

9

10 WHEREAS, the forest products industry accounts for 46% 11 of the economic base of Montana's seven western counties; 12 and

13 WHEREAS, the jobs of American mill workers are lost when 14 raw logs are exported overseas; and

15 WHEREAS, the United States Congress enacted the Forest 16 Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 to 17 prohibit the export of unprocessed timber originating from federally owned and state-owned lands; and 18

19 WHEREAS, the Department of State Lands has promulgated 20 rules prohibiting the export of unprocessed timber 21 originating from state-owned lands in Montana; and

22 WHEREAS, existing law creates a loophole that allows 23 private landowners in Montana to export unprocessed timber 24 from their own lands and then substitute timber purchased 25 from state lands for the exported supply; and

ana leoisiative Counce

1 WHEREAS, the decrease in timber available for export from the states of Oregon and Washington may increase the 2 3 pressure to export unprocessed timber from private lands in 4 Montana.

S

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

7 Section 1. The Department of State Lands shall amend 8 Rule 26.6.411, Administrative Rules of Montana, to read: 9 "26.6.411 AGREEMENT NOT TO EXPORT STATE LOGS (1) This

10 rule carries out the purposes of section 491 of the Forest 11 Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 12 (referred to hereinafter as the Act) which became effective 13 on September 10, 1990 and the definitions stated in that Act 14 are hereby incorporated by reference. The text of the Act 15 be found on pages H5920 through H5924 of the may 16 Congressional Record for July 30, 1990. [proper citation to 17 be added when available) This rule replaces and supercedes any prohibitions imposed by subsection 491(d)(3)(B) of the 18 19 Act.

20 (2) Any person purchasing timber from the state of 21 Montana must first have entered into an agreement with the 22 department (referred to hereinafter as a nonexport 23 agreement) containing the following commitments on behalf of the purchaser: 24

25 (a) Unprocessed timber, as defined the Act.

> SECOND READING -2-10 NJA

1	originating from lands owned by the state of Montana shall
2	not:
3	(i) be exported from the United States; or
4	(ii) be sold, traded, exchanged, or otherwise given to
5	any person unless that person agrees not to export such
6	unprocessed timber from the United States and agrees to
7	require such a prohibition in any subsequent resale or other
8	transaction involving such unprocessed timber+; or
9	(iii) be used in substitution for exported unprocessed
10 ·	timber originating from private lands in Montana;
11	(b) in the event purchaser violates any of the
12	provisions of the nonexport agreement, the department, after
13	notice and opportunity for a hearing, may:
14	(i) terminate any timber sale contracts or timber sale
15	permits with that purchaser; and/or
16	(ii) bar purchaser from entering into any future
17	contracts for the purchase of timber with the state of
18	Montana for a period of up to five (5) years.
19	dd(c) For purposes of such nonexport agreement, the
20	following definitions apply: term-"export"
21	(i) "Export" shall-mean means either direct or indirect
22	export to a foreign country and occurs on the date that a
23	person enters into a contract or other binding transaction
24	for the export of unprocessed timber or, if that date cannot
25	be established, when unprocessed timber is found in an

export yard or pond, bundled or otherwise prepared for shipment, or aboard an ocean-going vessel. An export yard or pond is an area where sorting and/or bundling of logs for shipment outside the United States is accomplished. Timber is exported indirectly when export occurs as a result of a sale to another person or as a result of any subsequent transaction.

LC 0153/01

8 (ii) "Substitution" means the purchase of unprocessed 9 timber originating from state forests as provided in 10 77-5-101, MCA, to be used as replacement for unprocessed 11 timber from private lands in Montana that is exported by the 12 purchaser. Substitution occurs when a person purchasing 13 timber from the state of Montana has exported unprocessed 14 timber from private lands in the state during the period of 15 one (1) year prior to the purchase date. 16 (d) The nonexport agreement may be terminated by the 17 purchaser upon the termination of any and all contracts or 18 permits for the purchase of unprocessed timber originating 19 from lands owned by the state of Montana. The nonexport 20 agreement may be terminated by the department upon thirty 21 (30) days notice. 22 (3) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall

(3) The provisions or such nonexport agreement shall
 not apply to any contract or permit for the purchase of
 unprocessed timber from state lands entered into before the
 effective date of such nonexport agreement.

-4-

1 (4) The prohibitions of such nonexport agreement shall 2 not apply to specific quantities of grades and species of 3 unprocessed timber originating from state lands which the 4 United States secretary of commerce determines by rule to be 5 surplus to the needs of timber manufacturing facilities in 6 the United States as provided in the Act.

7 (5) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall be 8 suspended or modified as provided in any order of the 9 president of the United States pursuant to subsections 491 10. (e), (f), or (i) of the Act."

-End-

1 2 INTRODUCED BY (Kanna The init A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE USE OF UNPROCESSED TIMBER FROM STATE LANDS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR 5 6 UNPROCESSED TIMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES; AND DIRECTING THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 26.6.411, ADMINISTRATIVE 7 8 RULES OF MONTANA."

9

10 WHEREAS, the forest products industry accounts for 46%
11 of the economic base of Montana's seven western counties;
12 and

13 WHEREAS, the jobs of American mill workers are lost when
14 raw logs are exported overseas; and

15 WHEREAS, the United States Congress enacted the Forest 16 Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 to 17 prohibit the export of unprocessed timber originating from 18 federally owned and state-owned lands; and

WHEREAS, the Department of State Lands has promulgated
rules prohibiting the export of unprocessed timber
originating from state-owned lands in Montana; and

22 WHEREAS, existing law creates a loophole that allows 23 private landowners in Montana to export unprocessed timber 24 from their own lands and then substitute timber purchased 25 from state lands for the exported supply; and

1 WHEREAS, the decrease in timber available for export 2 from the states of Oregon and Washington may increase the 3 pressure to export unprocessed timber from private lands in Montana.

5

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

7 Section 1. The Department of State Lands shall amend 8 Rule 26.6.411, Administrative Rules of Montana, to read:

9 "26.6.411 AGREEMENT NOT TO EXPORT STATE LOGS (1) This 10 rule carries out the purposes of section 491 of the Forest 11 Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 12 (referred to hereinafter as the Act) which became effective 13 on September 10, 1990 and the definitions stated in that Act 14 are hereby incorporated by reference. The text of the Act 15 be found on pages H5920 through H5924 of the May 16 Congressional Record for July 30, 1990. [proper citation to 17 be added when available] This rule replaces and supercedes 18 any prohibitions imposed by subsection 491(d)(3)(B) of the 19 Act.

(2) Any person purchasing timber from the state of
Montana must first have entered into an agreement with the
department (referred to hereinafter as a nonexport
agreement) containing the following commitments on behalf of
the purchaser:

25 (a) Unprocessed timber, as defined in the Act,

THIRD READING

ntana Legislâtive Counci

LC 0153/01

not: 2 3 (i) he exported from the United States; or (ii) be sold, traded, exchanged, or otherwise given to any person unless that person agrees not to export such S 6 unprocessed timber from the United States and agrees to require such a prohibition in any subsequent resale or other 7 transaction involving such unprocessed timber; or 8 9 (iii) be used in substitution for exported unprocessed 10 timber originating from private lands in Montana; 11 (b) in the event purchaser violates any o£ the 12 provisions of the nonexport agreement, the department, after 13 notice and opportunity for a hearing, may: (i) terminate any timber sale contracts or timber sale 14 15 permits with that purchaser; and/or

originating from lands owned by the state of Montana shall

1

16 (ii) bar purchaser from entering into any future
17 contracts for the purchase of timber with the state of
18 Montana for a period of up to five (5) years.

19 (d;(c) For purposes of such nonexport agreement, the
 20 following definitions apply: term-"export"

21 (i) "Export" shall-mean means either direct or indirect 22 export to a foreign country and occurs on the date that a 23 person enters into a contract or other binding transaction 24 for the export of unprocessed timber or, if that date cannot 25 be established, when unprocessed timber is found in an export yard or pond, bundled or otherwise prepared for shipment, or aboard an ocean-going vessel. An export yard or pond is an area where sorting and/or bundling of logs for shipment outside the United States is accomplished. Timber is exported indirectly when export occurs as a result of a sale to another person or as a result of any subsequent transaction.

8 (ii) "Substitution" means the purchase of unprocessed 9 timber originating from state forests as provided in 10 77-5-101, MCA, to be used as replacement for unprocessed timber from private lands in Montana that is exported by the 11 12 purchaser. Substitution occurs when a person purchasing 13 timber from the state of Montana has exported unprocessed 14 timber from private lands in the state during the period of 15 one (1) year prior to the purchase date. 16 te;(d) The nonexport agreement may be terminated by the 17 purchaser upon the termination of any and all contracts or 18 permits for the purchase of unprocessed timber originating 19 from lands owned by the state of Montana. The nonexport 20 agreement may be terminated by the department upon thirty 21 (30) days notice. 22 (3) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall

not apply to any contract or permit for the purchase of
 unprocessed timber from state lands entered into before the
 effective date of such nonexport agreement.

- 3 -

-4-

LC 0153/01

1 (4) The prohibitions of such nonexport agreement shall 2 not apply to specific quantities of grades and species of 3 unprocessed timber originating from state lands which the 4 United States secretary of commerce determines by rule to be 5 surplus to the needs of timber manufacturing facilities in 6 the United States as provided in the Act.

7 (5) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall be
8 suspended or modified as provided in any order of the
9 president of the United States pursuant to subsections 491
10. (e), (f), or (i) of the Act."

-End-

HB 0724/02

1 HOUSE BILL NO. 724 1 from state lands for the exported supply; and 2 INTRODUCED BY ELLIOTT, PIPINICH, STANG, KENNEDY, B. BROWN, 2 3 SVRCEK, DARKO, VAUGHN, SWIFT, PETERSON, FARRELL, HARP 3 4 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT PROHIBITING THE USE OF 5 5 Montana. 6 UNPROCESSED TIMBER FROM STATE LANDS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR 6 UNPROCESSED TIMBER EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES; AND 7 7 8 DIRECTING THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 26.6.411, ADMINISTRATIVE 8 9 RULES OF MONTANA." 9 10 10 11 WHEREAS, the forest products industry accounts for 46% 11 12 of the economic base of Montana's seven western counties; 12 13 and 13 WHEREAS, the jobs of American mill workers are lost when 14 14 15 raw logs are exported overseas; and 15 16 WHEREAS, the United States Congress enacted the Forest 16 17 Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 to 17 18 prohibit the export of unprocessed timber originating from 18 19 federally owned and state-owned lands; and 19 20 WHEREAS, the Department of State Lands has promulgated 20 Act. 21 rules prohibiting the export of unprocessed timber 21 22 originating from state-owned lands in Montana; and 22 WHEREAS, existing law creates a loophole that allows 23 23 private landowners in Montana to export unprocessed timber 24 24 25 from their own lands and then substitute timber purchased 25 the purchaser:



HB 0724/02

WHEREAS, the decrease in timber available for export from the states of Oregon and Washington may increase the pressure to export unprocessed timber from private lands in

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. The Department of State Lands shall amend Rule 26.6.411. Administrative Rules of Montana, to read:

"26.6.411 AGREEMENT NOT TO EXPORT STATE LOGS (1) This rule carries out the purposes of section 491 of the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 (referred to hereinafter as the Act) which became effective on September 10, 1990 and the definitions stated in that Act are hereby incorporated by reference. The text of the Act may be found on pages H5920 through H5924 of the Congressional Record for July 30, 1990. (proper citation to be added when available] This rule replaces and supercedes any prohibitions imposed by subsection 491(d)(3)(B) of the

(2) Any person purchasing timber from the state of Montana must first have entered into an agreement with the department (referred to hereinafter as a nonexport agreement) containing the following commitments on behalf of

-2-

REFERENCE BILL

HB 724

HB 0724/02

HB 724

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

B

9

10

11

(a) Unprocessed timber, as defined in the Act,
 originating from lands owned by the state of Montana shall
 not:

(i) be exported from the United States; or

4

•

(ii) be sold, traded, exchanged, or otherwise given to
any person unless that person agrees not to export such
unprocessed timber from the United States and agrees to
require such a prohibition in any subsequent resale or other
transaction involving such unprocessed timber; or

10 (iii) be used in substitution for exported unprocessed 11 timber originating from private lands in Montana;

(b) in the event purchaser violates any of the
provisions of the nonexport agreement, the department, after
notice and opportunity for a hearing, may:

15 (i) terminate any timber sale contracts or timber sale 16 permits with that purchaser; and/or

17 (ii) bar purchaser from entering into any future
18 contracts for the purchase of timber with the state of
19 Montana for a period of up to five (5) years.

20 (d)(c) For purposes of such nonexport agreement, the 21 <u>following definitions apply: term-"export"</u>

(i) "Export" shall-mean means either direct or indirect
export to a foreign country and occurs on the date that a
person enters into a contract or other binding transaction
for the export of unprocessed timber or, if that date cannot

-3-

be established, when unprocessed timber is found in an export yard or pond, bundled or otherwise prepared for shipment, or aboard an ocean-going vessel. An export yard or pond is an area where sorting and/or bundling of logs for shipment outside the United States is accomplished. Timber is exported indirectly when export occurs as a result of a sale to another person or as a result of any subsequent transaction. (ii) "Substitution" means the purchase of unprocessed timber originating from state forests as provided in 77-5-101, MCA, to be used as replacement for unprocessed

12 timber from private lands in Montana that is exported by the

13 purchaser. Substitution occurs when a person purchasing

14 timber from the state of Montana has exported unprocessed

15 timber from private lands in the state during the period of

16 one (1) year prior to the purchase date.

17 (e)(d) The nonexport agreement may be terminated by the 18 purchaser upon the termination of any and all contracts or 19 permits for the purchase of unprocessed timber originating 20 from lands owned by the state of Montana. The nonexport 21 agreement may be terminated by the department upon thirty 22 (30) days notice.

(3) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall
not apply to any contract or permit for the purchase of
unprocessed timber from state lands entered into before the

-4-

HB 724

HB 0724/02

and a new for the second stand and a stand and a second a second and the second and the

HB 0724/02

1 effective date of such nonexport agreement.

2 (4) The prohibitions of such nonexport agreement shall 3 not apply to specific quantities of grades and species of 4 unprocessed timber originating from state lands which the 5 United States secretary of commerce determines by rule to be 6 surplus to the needs of timber manufacturing facilities in 7 the United States as provided in the Act.

8 (5) The provisions of such nonexport agreement shall be 9 suspended or modified as provided in any order of the 10 president of the United States pursuant to subsections 491 11 (e), (f), or (i) of the Act."

-End-

-5-