HOUSE BILL ..... 673
Introduced by D. Brown, et al.
2/07 Introduced2/07 Referred to Judiciary2/07 First Reading
2/07 Fiscal Note Requested
$2 / 12$
$2 / 14$
2/15
4/01
$4 / 02$
4/02 Adverse Committee Report Adopted
Hearing
Fiscal Note Received
Fiscal Note Printed
Committee Report--Bill Not Passed as
Amended
Motion Failed to Reject Adverse
Committee Report and Place on 2 nd
Reading (Motion Requires $3 / 5$ Vote
to Pass)


BY REQUEST OF THE GAMING ADVISORY COUNCIL

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO GENERALLY REVISE THE PUBLIC GAMBLING LAWS OF MONTANA; PROHIBITING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FROM OBTAINING GAMBLING OPERATOR'S LICENSES EXCEPT UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; PRORATING GAMBLING PERMIT FEES; ESTABLISHING A SEASONAL OPERATOR'S LICENSE AND PERMITS; PROVIDING FOR CARD GAME TOURNAMENTS; ELIMINATING THE LIVE BINGO AND KENO TAX AND MODIFYING THE LIVE BINGO AND KENO PERMIT FEE; EXPANDING PROVISIONS GOVERNING SPORTS POOLS; AUTHORIZING THE LIVE CARD GAME OF BLACKJACK, VIDEO GAMBLING MACHINE PROMOTIONAL TOURNAMENTS, LIMITED WAGERING IN PUBLIC PLACES, FANTASY SPORTS LEAGUES, AND CRANE GAMES; PROVIDING STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS; AMENDING SECTIONS 17-7-502, 23-5-112, 23-5-114, 23-5-115, 23-5-123, 23-5-136, $23-5-152$, 23-5-154, 23-5-158, 23-5-162, 23-5-176, 23-5-177 23-5-306, 23-5-308, 23-5-309, 23-5-311, 23-5-312, 23-5-313, 23-5-406, 23-5-407, 23-5-412, 23-5-413, 23-5-501, 23-5-503, 23-5-602, 23-5-603, 23-5-608, 23-5-610, 23-5-611, 23-5-612, 23-5-621, 23-5-625, 23-5-631, AND 41-5-203, MCA; REPEALING SECTION 23-5-409, MCA; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATES AND A TERMINATION DATE."

## STATEMENT OF INTENT

A statement of intent is required for this bill because [sections $30,37,48$, and 63] authorize the department of justice to adopt rules concerning blackjack, sports pools, video gambling machine promotional tournaments, and crane games. It is the legislature's intent that rules adopted by the department provide adequate protection for both the playing and nonplaying public and ensure the integrity of fee and tax revenues generated from the games, if applicable.
(1) Because blackjack is a major new form of gambling authorized by this bill, the legislature contemplates that comprehensive rules governing the conduct and regulation of the game will be adopted. The rules must include but are not limited to the following provisions:
(a) Blackjack tables must be numbered, have no more than seven betting spaces, and provide places for tip betting.
(b) Drop boxes must be numbered and have one lock to secure the box to the blackjack table and one or two separate locks to secure the contents placed in the box.
(c) A dealing shoe or shuffiing device may not be used unless approved by the department. The department shall implement a procedure for a manufacturer to submit a prototype of the shoe or device to the department for
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examination.
(d) Cards must be designed to diminish the ability of a player to place concealing marks on them.
(e) The department may not adopt rules requiring operators to use chips with standardized colors and edge spots. However, the department shall adopt rules requiring that blackjack chips must be distinguishable from chips used in other card games (e.g., poker) to ensure the integrity of blackjack tax revenues.
(f) A drop box must be opened and counted by at least a two-person count team.
(g) An operator shall maintain daily accounting records documenting the activity at each blackjack table. Daily cash profits must be deposited in the operator's account at a financial institution within 5 days after the day of play.
(h) Department rules governing dealing of cards and play of the game must be consistent with the requirements of [section $30(5)$ and (6)].
(2) Section 23-5-501 is amended by revising the definition of a sports pool. This revision eliminates the requirement that sports pools be conducted on a card divided into squares or spaces in which the names of pool participants are written. Therefore, sports pools may take a variety of forms, subject to certain restrictions. The department shall adopt rules describing the various types of
sports pools that will qualify. Furthermore, the department shall develop and implement a procedure for reviewing and approving variations of approved sports pools.
(3) A video gambling machine promotional tournament in which no money is wagered is intended to serve as a trade stimulant only. The department shall priescribe the tournament permit application form, define the procedure for obtaining a permit, and provide basic rules for conducting a tournament. Procedures for submitting a promotional device to the department for approval, similar to those used for submitting associated equipment, also must be specified. In addition, the rules must describe specifications for a promotional device used to modify a video gambling machine to ensure that the machine's software and hardware capabilities are unaltered when the machine is returned to normal play.
(4) [Sections 1 through 3], amending 23-5-112, exempt crane games from the definition of gambling. Rules adopted by the department must ensure that crane games are not used as gambling devices. In developing rules, the department must be mindful that crane game players include children as well as adults. Rules must also describe procedures for obtaining a license and permit and define the department's responsibility for onsite inspection of the machines.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
Section 1. Section 23-5-112, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-112. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter:
(1) "Applicant" means a person wno nas appilied for a license or permit issued by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(2) "Application" means a written request for a license or permit issued by the department. The department shall adopt rules describing the forms and information required for issuance of a license.
(3) "Authorized equipment" means, with respect to live keno or bingo, equipment that may be inspected by the department and that randomly selects the numbers.
(4) "Bingo" means a gambling activity played for prizes with a card bearing a printed design of 5 columns of 5 squares each, 25 squares in all. The letters $B-I-N-G-O$ must appear above the design, with each letter above one of the columns. No more than 75 numbers may be used. One number must appear in each square, except for the center square, which may be considered a free play. Numbers are randomly drawn using authorized equipment until the game is won by the person or persons who first cover a previously designated arrangement of numbers on the bingo card.
(5) "Bingo caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live bingo.
(6) "Card game table" or "table" means a live card game table authorized by permit and made available to the public on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
(7) "Dealer" means a person with a dealer's license issued under part 3 of this chapter.
(8) "Department" means the department of justice.
(9) "Distributor" means a person who:
(a) purchases or obtains from another person equipment of any kind for use in gambling activities; and
(b) sells, leases, or otherwise furnishes the equipment to another person for use in public.
(10) "Gambling" or "gambiing activity" means risking money, credit, deposit, check, property, or any other thing of value for a gain that is contingent in whole or in part upon lot, chance, or the operation of a gambling device or gambling enterprise. The term does not include the operation of a crane game as governed under [sections 58 through 67].

## (ll) "Gambling device" means a mechanical,

 electromechanicai, or electronic device, machine, slot machine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or system used or intended for use in any gambling activity.[^0]agreement or an attempted activity, scheme, or agreement to provide gambling or a gambling device to the public.
(13) "Gross proceeds" means gross revenue received less prizes paid out.
(14) "Illegal gambling device" means a gambling device not specifically authorized by statute or by the rules of the department.
(15) "Illegal gambiing enterprise" means a gambiing enterprise that violates a statute or a rule of the department.
(16) "Keno" means a game of chance in which prizes are awarded using a card with 8 horizontal rows and 10 columns on which a player may pick up to 10 numbers. A keno caller. using authorized equipment, shall select at random at least 20 numbers out of numbers between 1 and 80 , inclusive.
(17) "Keno caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live keno.
(18) "License" means an operator's, dealer's, or manufacturer-distributor's license issued to a person by the department.
(19) "Licensee" means a person who has received a license from the department.
(20) "Live card game" or "card game" means a card game that is played in public between persons on the premises of
a licensed gambling operator.
(21) "Lottery" or "gift enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have paid or promised to pay valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining the property or a portion of it or for a share or interest in the property upon an agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by lot or chance. However, "gift enterprise" does not mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter; or
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rocec associavions may gave away at publir drawings at fairs and rodecs.
(22) "Manufacturer" means a persor. who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipment of any $k$ ind to be used as a gambling device.
(23) "Operator" means a person who purchases, receives, or acquires, by lease or otherwise, and operates or controls for use in public, a gambling device or gambling enterprise authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(24) "Permit" means approval from the department to make available for public play a gambling device or gambling
enterprise approved by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter．
（25）＂Person＂or＂persons＂means both natural and artificial persons and all partnerships，corporations， associations，clubs，fraternal orders，and societies， including religious and charitable organizations．
（26）＂premises＂means the physical building or property within or upon which a licensed gambling activity occurs，as stated on an operator＇s license application and approved by the department．
（27）＂Public gambling＂means gambling conducted in：
（a）a place，building，or conveyance to which the public has access or may be permitted to have access；or
（b）a place of public resort，including but not limited to a facility owned，managed，or operated by a partnership， corporation，association，club，fraternal order，or society， including a religious or charitable organization．
（28）＂Raffle＂means a gift enterprise in which each participant buys a chance or chances to win a prize．
（29）＂Slot machine＂means a mechanical，electrical， electronic，or other gambiing device，contrivance，or machine that，upon insertion of a coin，currency，token， credit card，or similar object or upon payment of any valuable consideration，is available to play or operate，the play or operation of which，whether by reason of the skill
of the operator or application of the element of chance，or both，may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the gambling device to receive cash，premiums，merchandise， tokens，or anything of value，whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner．This definition does not apply to video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter．
（30）＂Video gambling machine＂is a gambling device specifically authorized by part 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department．＂

Section 2．Section 23－5－112，MCA，is amended to read：
＂23－5－112．Definitions．Unless the context requires otherwise，the following definitions apply to parts $I$ through 6 of this chapter：
（1）＂Applicant＂means a person who has applied for a license or permit issued by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter．
（2）＂Application＂means a written request for a license or permit issued by the department．The department shall adopt rules describing the forms and information required for issuance of a license．
†ヨナ－－MAGthorized－equipment＂－meanst－with－respeet－to－－まive keno－－or－bingo－－－equipment－－that－－may－－be－－inspeeted－by－the department－and－that－randomty－seteets－the－numberst
t4f（3）＂Bingo＂means a gambling activity played for
prizes with a card bearing a printed design of 5 columns of 5 squares each, 25 squares in all. The letters $B-I-N-G-O$ must appear above the design, with each letter above one of the columns. No more than 75 numbers may be used. One number must appear in each square, except for the center square, which may be considered a free play. Numbers are randomly drawn using-eathorized-equipment until the game is won by the person or persons who first cover a previously designated arrangement of numbers on the bingo card.
t5i(4) "Bingo caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live bingo.
+6+(5) "Card game table" or "table" means a live card game table authorized by permit and made available to the public on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
$\dagger 7+(6)$ "Dealer" means a person with a dealer's license issued under part 3 of this chapter.
+8才(7) "Department" means the department of justice.
+9+(8) "Distributor" means a person who:
(a) purchases or obtains from another person equipment of any kind for use in gambling activities; and
(b) sells, leases, or otherwise furnishes the equipment to another person for use in public.
$t \pm \theta+(9)$ "Gambling" or "gambling activity" means risking money, credit, deposit, check, property, or any other thing
of value for a gain that is contingent in whole or in part upon lot, chance, or the operation of a gambling device or gambling enterprise. The term does not include the operation of a crane game as governed under [sections 58 through 67].
$+ \pm \ddagger+(10)$ "Gambling device" means a mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic device, machine, slot machine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or system used or intended for use in any gambling activity.
$\dagger \ddagger z+(11)$ "Gambling enterprise" means an activity, scheme, or agreement or an attempted activity, scheme, or agreement to provide gambling or a gambling device to the public.
$\nmid \nexists \exists+(12)$ "Gross proceeds" means gross revenue received less prizes paid out.
$t+4+(13)$ "Illegal gambling device" means a gambling device not specifically authorized by statute or by the rules of the department. The term includes but is not limited to:
(a) a ticket or card known by any name containing concealed numbers or symbols that may match numbers or symbols designated in advance as prize winners, including a pull tab, punchboard, push card, tip board, pickle ticket, break-open, or jar game and not including a ticket or card issued under part 10 of this titte or used in a nongambling promotional activity approved by the department; and
(b) an apparatus, implement, or device known by any name and specifically designed to be used in conducting an illegal gambling enterprise, including a faro box, faro layout, roulette wheel, roulette table, craps table, money wheel, or slot machine except as provided in 23-5-153.
$+\ddagger 5+(14)$ "Illegal gambling enterprise" means a gambiing enterprise that violates or is not specifically authorized by a statute or a rule of the department. The term includes but is not limited to:
(a) a card game known by any name and involving a bank or fund Erom which a participant may win money or other consideration and that receives money or other consideration lost by the participant, including the card games of blackjack, twenty-one, jacks or better, baccarat, and chemin defer:
(b) a dice game known by any name and in which a participant wagers on the outcome of the roll of one or more dice, including craps, hazard, or chuck-a-luck and not including an activity in which a participant rolls one or more dice for a chance to obtain a drink or music; and
(c) sports betting known by any name and in which a person places a wager on the outcome of an athletic event, including bookmaking, parlay bets, sports sweepstakes, and $\cdots$. sultan sports cards and not including those activities authorized in chapter 4, chapter 5, parts 2 and 5, and

## [section 52].

$\not \pm 6+(15)$ "Keno" means a game of chance in which prizes are awarded using a card with 8 horizontal rows and 10 columns on which a player may pick up to 10 numbers. A keno callery-using-authorized-equipmenty-shatz-seteet selects at random at least 20 numbers out of numbers between 1 and 80 , inclusive.
$\nmid \ddagger \boldsymbol{\ddagger}+(16)$ "Keno caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live keno.
$\dagger \pm 6 \dagger(17)$ "License" means an operator's, dealer's, or manufacturer-distributor's license issued to a person by the department.
ti $9+(18)$ "Licensee" means a person who has received a license from the department.
tzef(19) "Live card game" or "card game" means a card game that is played in public between persons on the premises of a licensed gambling operator.
$f z \ddagger \dagger(20)$ "Lottery" or "gift enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have paid or promised to pay valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining the property or a portion of it or for a share or interest in the property upon an agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by
lot or chance. However, "gift enterprise" does not mean:
(a) lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter; or
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos.
†Zひ†(21) "Manufacturer" means a person who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipment of any $k$ ind to be used as a gambling device.
(22) "Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit charitable, religious, scholastic, educational, veterans', fraternal, beneficial, civic, or service organization established for purposes other than to conduct a gambling activity.
(23) "Operator" means a person who purchases, receives, or acquires, by lease or otherwise, and operates or controls for use in public, a gambling device or gambling enterprise authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(24) "Permit" means approval from the department to make available for public play a gambiing device or gambling enterprise approved by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(25) "Person" or "persons" means both natural and
artificial persons and all partnerships, corporations, associations, clubs, fraternal orders, and societies, including religious and charitable organizations.
(26) "Premises" means the physical building or property within or upon which a licensed gambling activity occurs, as stated on an operator's license application and approved by the department.
(27) "Public gambling" means gambling conducted in:
(a) a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has access or may be permitted to have access; or
(b) a place of public resort, including but not limited to a facility owned, managed, or operated by a partnership, corporation, association, club, fraternal order, or society, inciuding a religious or charitable organization.
(28) "Raffle" means a gift-enterprise form of lottery in which each participant buys--a--chance--or--chanees pays valuable consideration for a ticket to become eligible to win a prize. Winners must be determined by a random selection process approved by department rule.
(29) "Slot machine" means a mechanical, electrical, electronic, or other gambling device, contrivance, or machine that, upon insertion of a coin, currency, token, credit card, or similar object or upon payment of any valuable consideration, is available to play or operate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of the skill
of the operator or application of the element of chance，or both，may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the gambling device to receive cash，premiums，merchandise， tokens，or anything of value，whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner．This definition does not apply to video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter．
（30）＂Video gambling machine＂is a gambling device specifically authorized by part 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department．＂

Section 3．Section 23－5－112，MCA，is amended to read：
＊23－5－112．Definitions．Unless the context requires otherwise，the Eollowing definitions apply to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter：
（1）＂Applicant＂means a person who has applied for a license or permit issued by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter．
（2）＂Application＂means a written request for a license or permit issued by the department．The department shall adopt rules describing the forms and information required for issuance of a license．
†ヨナー－AA keno－－or－－binget－－equipment－－that－－may－－be－－inspected－by－the department－and－that－randomiy－setects－the－numbers．
t4t（3）＂Bingo＂means a gambling activity played Eor
prizes with a card bearing a printed design of 5 columns of 5 squares each， 25 squares in all．The letters $B-I-N-G-O$ must appear above the design，with each letter above one of the columns．No more than 75 numbers may be used．One number must appear in each square，except for the center square， which may be considered a free play．Numbers：are randomly drawn tsing－authorized－equipment until the game is won by the person or persons who first cover a previously designated arrangement of numbers on the bingo card．
t5t（4）＂Bingo caller＂means a person 18 years of age or older who，using authorized equipment，announces the order of the numbers drawn in live bingo．
（5）＂Blackjack＂means a live card game played by a maximum of seven players and one dealer．The object of the game is for a player to obtain a higher total card count than the dealer by reaching 21 or as close to 21 as possible without exceeding that count．
（6）＂Card game table＂or＂table＂means a live card game table authorized by permit and made available to the public on the premises of a licensed gambling operator．
（7）＂Dealer＂means a person with a dealer＇s license issued under part 3 of this chapter．
（8）＂Department＂means the department of justice．
（9）＂Distributor＂means a person who：
（a）purchases or obtains from another person equipment
of any kind for use in gambling activities; and
(b) sells, leases, or otherwise furnishes the equipment to another person for use in public.
(10) "Drop" means the total amount of money that is paid by a player to a dealer to purchase blackjack chips and that is deposited by the dealer in a drop box.
$\dagger \pm \theta+(11)$ "Gambling" or "gambling activity" means risking money, credit, deposit, check, property, or any other thing of value for a gain that is contingent in whole or in part upon lot, chance, or the operation of a gambling device or gambling enterprise. The term does not include the operation of a crane game as governed under [sections 58 through 67].
t¥ti(12) "Gambling device" means a mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic device, machine, slot machine, instrument, apparatus, contrivance, scheme, or system used or intended for use in any gambling activity.
$\mathbf{t} \boldsymbol{\neq} \boldsymbol{f}(13)$ "Gambling enterprise" means an activity, scheme, or agreement or an attempted activity, scheme, or agreement to provide gambling or a gambling device to the public.
$( \pm 3+(14)$ "Gross proceeds" means gross revenue received less prizes paid out.
( $\pm 4+15$ ) "Illegal gambling device" means a gambling device not specifically authorized by statute or by the rules of the department. The term includes but is rot

## limited to:

(a) a ticket or card known by any name and containing concealed numbers or symbols that may match numbers or symbols designated in advance as prize winners, including a pull tab, punchboard, gush card, tip board, pickle ticket, break-open, or jar game and not including a ticket or card issued under part 10 of this title or used in a nongambling promotional activity approved by the department; and
(b) an apparatus, implement, or device known by any name and specifically designed to be used in conducting an illegal gambling enterprise, including a faro box, faro layout, roulette wheel, roulette table, craps table, money wheel, or slot machine except as pravided in 23-5-153.
$t \pm 5 \dagger(16)$ "Illegal gambling enterprise" means a gambiing enterprise that violates or is not specifically authorized by a statute or a rule of the department. The term includes but is not limited to:
(a) a card game known by any name and involving a bank or fund from which a participant may win money or other consideration and that receives money or other consideration lost by the participant, including the card games of jacks or better, baccarat, and chemin de fer;
(b) a dice game known by any name and in which a participant wagers on the outcome of the roll of one or more dice, including craps, hazard, and chuck-a-luck and not

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including an activity in which a participant rolls one or
more dice for a chance to obtain a drink or music; and
    (c) sports betting known by any name and in which a
person places a wager on the outcome of an athletic event,
including bookmaking, parlay bets, sports sweepstakes, and
sultan sports cards and not including those activities
authorized in chapter 4, chapter 5, parts 2 and 5, and
[section 52].
fi6t(17) "Keno" means a game of chance in which prizes are awarded using a card with 8 horizontal rows and 10 columns on which a player may pick up to 10 numbers. A keno callerp--using-authorized-equipmentr-shazz-sezect selects at random at least 20 numbers out of numbers between 1 and 80 , inclusive.
t \(\ddagger 7+(18)\) "Keno caller" means a person 18 years of age or older who, using authorized equipment, announces the order of the numbers drawn in live keno.
\(+ \pm \theta+19)\) "License" means an operator's, dealer's, or manufacturer-distributor's license issued to a person by the department.
t¥9†(20) "Licensee" means a person who has received a Iicense from the department.
tzet(2l) "Live card game" or "card game" means a an authorized card game that is played in public between persons on the premises of a licensed gambling operator:
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## (a) between players; or

(b) in the case of blackjack, between a player and a licensed dealer representing an operator.
$\nmid z \ddagger+(22)$ "Lottery" or "gift enterprise" means a scheme, by whatever name known, for the disposal or distribution of property by chance among persons who have paid or promised to pay valuable consideration for the chance of obtaining the property or a portion of it or for a share or interest in the property upon an agreement, understanding, or expectation that it is to be distributed or disposed of by lot or chance. However, "gift enterprise" does not mean:
(a) Lotteries authorized under part 10 of this chapter; or
(b) cash or merchandise attendance prizes or premiums that the county fair commissioners of agricultural fairs and rodeo associations may give away at public drawings at fairs and rodeos.
t $2 \mathfrak{Z}+(23)$ "Manufacturer" means a person who assembles from raw materials or subparts a completed piece of equipment or pieces of equipraent of any kind to be used as a gambling device.
(24) "Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit charitable, religious, scholastic, educational, veterans'. fraternal, beneficial, civic, or service organization, established for purposes other than to

## conduct a gambling activity.

tz3)(25) "Operator" means a person who purchases, receives, or acquires, by lease or otherwise, and operates or controls for use in public, a gambling device or gambling enterprise authorized under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
tz4t(26) "Permit" means approval from the department to make available for public play a gambiing device or gambling enterprise approved by the department pursuant to parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
tz5t(27) "Person" or "persons" means both natural and artificial persons and all partnerships, corporations, associations, clubs, fraternal orders, and societies, including religious and charitable organizations.
tZ6t(28) "Premises" means the physical building or property within or upon which a licensed gambling activity occurs, as stated on an operator's license application and approved by the department.
t $27+(29)$ "Public gambling" means gambling conducted in:
(a) a place, building, or conveyance to which the public has access or may be permitted to have access; or
(b) a place of public resort, including but not limited to a facility owned, managed, or operated by a partnership, corporation, association, club, fraternal order, or society, including a religious or charitable organization.
f28†(30) "Raffle" means a gift--enterprise form of lottery in which each participant buys a-ehanee--or--ehanees pays valuable consideration for a ticket to become eligible to win a prize. Winners must be determined by a random selection process approved by department rule.
+₹9)(31) "Slot machine" means a mechanical, electrical, electronic, or other gambling device, contrivance, or machine that, upon insertion of a coin, currency, token, credit card, or similar object or upon payment of any valuable consideration, is available to play or operate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of the skill of the operator or application of the element of chance, or both, may deliver or entitle the person playing or operating the gambling device to receive cash, premiums, merchandise, tokens, or anything of value, whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or in any other manner. This definition does not apply to video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter.
t $30+(32)$ "Video gambling machine" is a gambling device specifically authorized by part 6 of this chapter and the rules of the department."

Section 4. Section 23-5-114, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-114. Department employees -- activities prohibited. (1) An employee of the department;--a--former department--empteyee--durtng--the--first--965-days-fottowing

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termination--of--emptoyment;--or--any---peace---officer---or
prosecator directly involved with the prosecution,
investigation, regulation, or licensing of gambling, as
designated by the attorney general, may not:
    tzi(a) serve as an officer or-manager of a eorporation
business or organization;-other-than-a-nonprofit-eorporation
or--organization, that conducts a gambling activity, other
than as an officer of a nonprofit organization;
    fZ\--reeeive-or-share-ing
profitt-of-a-gambitng-activity-regutated-by-the-department;
    (b) be employed by a licensed operator in a capacity
    that requires assisting in conducting a gambling activity
    regulated under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or that
    requires maintaining records for the licensed operator's
    gambling activity;
            (3)(C) have a beneficial or pecuniary interest in a
        contract for the manufacture, lease, or sale of a gambling
        device, the conduct of a gambling activity, or the provision
        of independent consultant services in connection with a
        gambling activity; or
            (d) participate in a gambling activity governed by
        parts 1 through 6 of this chapter, except in performing
        assigned employment duties. An employee may participate in a
        gambling activity governed by part 10 of this chapter or
        chapter 4.
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(2) The prohibitions in subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b) apply to a former department employee during the first year following termination from employment with the department if the employee was directly involved with the prosecution, investigation, requlation, or licensing of gambling immediately before termination."

Section 5. Section 23-5-115, HCA, is amended to read:
=23-5-115. Pouers and duties of department -licensing. (I) The department shall administer the provisions of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(2) The department shall adopt rules to administer and implement parts 1 through 5 of this chapter.
(3) The department shall provide licensing procedures, prescribe necessary application forms, and grant or deny license applications.
(4) The department shall prescribe recordkeeping requirements for licensees, provide a procedure for inspection of records, provide a method for collection of taxes, and establish penaities for the delinquent reporting and payment of required taxes.
(5) The department may suspend, revoke, deny, or place a condition on a license issued under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter.
(6) (a) The department may not make public or otherwise disclose information obtained in the application or tax
reporting processes, except for general statistical reporting or studies and as provided in subsection (6) (b).
(b) The department may disclose the following information from a license or permit application:
(i) the applicant's name;
(ii) the address of the establishment where, the gambling activity is to be conducted;
(iii) the name of each person having an ownership interest in the establishment; and
(iv) the types of permits requested by the applicant.
(7) The department shall assess, collect, and disburse any fees, taxes, or charges authorized under parts i firough 6 of this chapter."

Section 6. Section 23-5-123, MCA, is amended to read:
23-5-123. Disposal of money confiscated by reason of violation of gambling laws. All fines, penalties, forfeitures, and confiscated money collected by criminal, civil, or administrative process for a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule of the department must be deposited--one-haif--in-the-state generat-fund-and-one-haif-in-the-generai-fund-of-the--county in-which-the-viotation-oceurred distributed as, follows:
(1) Funds collected through a criminal proceeding must be distributed according to 3-10-601 or 46-18-235.
(2) One-third of the funds collected through a civil or
administrative proceeding must be deposited in the state special revenue fund account maintained for funds used by the department in administering parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules and may be used by the department to administer parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and related rules. The remainder must be distributed to the county treasurer or the clerk, financial officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the violation occurred for deposit in the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to a penalty payment if the violation occurred in an incorporated city or town within the county."

Section 7. Section $23-5-136$, $M C A$, is amended to read:
"23-5-136. Injunction and other remedies. (1) If a person has engaged or is engaging in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of parts 1 through 6 of this chapter or a rule or order of the department, the department may:
(a) issue a temporary order to cease and desist from the gambling activity, act, or practice for a period not to exceed 60 days;
(b) following notice and an opportunity for hearing, and with the right of judicial review, under the Montana Administrative Procedure Act:
(i) issue a permanent order to cease and desist from the act or practice, which order remains in effect pending

department may issue the warrant for the amount of the unpaid penalty or for the amount of the unpaid tax, plus penalty and accumulated interest on the tax, and shall follow the procedures provided in 15-1-701 through 15-1-708.
$+2+(3)$ (a) A civil penalty imposed under this section must be callected by the department and deposited-in-the statels-generat-furd-as-required-by distributed as provided in 23-5-123. The local government portion of the penalty payment is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury.
(b) If a person fails to pay the civil penalty, the amount due is a lien on the person's licensed premises and gambling devices in the state and may be recovered by the department in a civil action."

Section 8. Section 23-5-152, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-152. Possession of illegal gambling device or conducting illegal gambling enterprise prohibited exeeption exceptions. (1) Except as provided in 23-5-153 and subsection subsections (2) through (4) of this section, it is a misdemeanor punishable under 23-5-161 for a person to purposely or knowingly:
(a) have in his possession or under his control or to purposety--or--knowingzy permit to be placed, maintained, or kept in any room, space, enclosure, or building owned,

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leased, or occupied by him or under his management or control an illegal gambling device; or
(b) operate an illegal gambling enterprise.
(2) This-section Subsection (1) does not apply to a public officer or to a person coming into possession of an illegal gambling device in or by reason of the performance of an official duty and holding it to be disposed of according to law.
\(t z+13)\) (a) The department may adopt rules to license persons to manufacture gambling devices that are not legal for public play in the state and are manufactured only for export from the state.
(b) A person may not manufacture or possess an illegai gambling device for export from the state without having obtained a license from the department. The department may charge an administrative fee for the license that ie commensurate with the cost of issuing the license.
(4) An illegal gambling device may be possessed or located in a public museum owned and operated by the state, a county, or a city for display purposes only and not for operation."
Section 9. Section 23-5-154, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-154. Soliciting or--persuading--persons--to-piay participation in illegal gambling devtee activity prohibited. A person who purposely or knowingly advertises
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for or solicits another person to play--or--engege--in--the participate in an illegal gambling enterprise or use of an illegal gambling device is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable under 23-5-161."

Section 10. Section $23-5-158$, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-158. Minors not to participate '- penalty =exception. (1) A Except as provided in subsection (3), a person may not purposely or knowingly allow a person under 18 years of age to participate in a gambling activity.
tzy A person who violates this section subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor and must be punished in accordance with 23-5-161.
(2) Except as provided in subsection 131: a person under 18 years of age may not purposeiy or knowingly participate in a gambiing activity. A person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed $\$ 50$, if the proceedings for violating this subsection are held in a justice's, municipal, or city court. If the proceedings are held in a youth court, the offender must be treated as an alleged youth in need of supervision as defined in 41-5-103. The youth court may enter its judgment under 41-5-523.
(3) A person under 18 years of age may sell or buy tickets for or receive prizes from a raffle conducted in compliance with 23-5-413 if proceeds from the raffle, minus
administrative expenses and prizes paid, are used to support charitable activities, scholarships or educational grants, or community service projects."

Section 11. Section 23-5-162, MCA, is amended to read:
*23-5-162. Criminal liabilities -- felony. (1) A person who purposely or knowingly violates a provision of parts 1 binculit 6 of this cnapter, the punisnment for winch is a Eelony, may upon conviction be fined not more than $\$ 50,000$ or imprisoned for not more than :? izass, or both, for each viclation.
(2) In addition to any penalty imposed under subsection (1). the department snall revoke all licenses or permits issued to the person under parts 1 through 6 of this chapter and may not issue the person another license or permit."

Section 12. Section 23-5-176, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-176. Qualifications for licensure. (1) A person whom the department determines is qualified to receive a license under the provisions of this chapter, except for the provisions of part 10, may, based on information available to, required by, or supplied to the department under department rules, be issued a state gambling license.
(2) The department shall issue a license unless the department can demonstrate that the applicant is:
(a) is a person whose prior financial or other activities or criminal record:
(i) poses a threat to the public interest of the state ori
(ii) poses a threat to the effective regulation and control of gambling; or
titt(iii) creates a danger of illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of gambl,ing or in the carrying on of the business and Einancial arrangements ancidental to gambiing; or
(b) has been convicted of a felony -ffense or a gambing-related misdemeanor within 5 years of the date of application, is awaiting trial on charges of committing a felony offense, or is on probation, parole, or deferred prosecution for comitting a felony offense; or
tbt(c) is receiving a substantial amount of Einancing for the proposed operation from an unsuitable source. A lender or other source of money or credit that the department finds to meet the provisions of subsection (2) (a) may be considered an unsuitable source.
(3) The provisions of 37-1-203 and 37-1-205 do not apply to licensing determinations made under this section."

Section 13. Section 23-5-177, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-177. Operator of gambling establishment -license -- fee. (l) It is a misdemeanor for a person who is not licensed by the department as an operator to make available to the public for piay a gambling device or
gambling enterprise for which a permit must be obtained from the department.
(2) An operator's license must include the following information:
(a) a description of the premises upon which the gambling will take place;
(b) the operator's name;
(c) a description of each gambling. device or card game table tieensed for which a permit has been issued to the operator by the department for play upon the premises, including the type of game and tieense permit number or decat-number for each licensed game; and
(d) ar:y other relevant information determinea nevessary by the departraent.
(3) Regardless of the number of on-premises alcohoitin beverage licenses issued for a premises, the department may issue only one operator's license for the premises. The operator's license must be issued annually along with all other fieenses permits for gambling devices or games ticensed issued to the operator.
(4) The operator's license must be updated each time a gambling device or card game table ticense permit is newly issued or the device or game is removed from the premises.
(5) The department may not charge a fee for the issuance of an operator's license.
(6) The operator's license must be prominently displayed upon the premises for which it is issued."

NEW SECTION. Section 14. Local government prohibition.
(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the department may not issue an operator's license under 23-5-177 to a city, county, or other political subdivision of the state or to an individual or entity who has leased an alcoholic beverage license from a city, county, or other political subdivision.
(2) An operator's license may be issued to a city, county, or other politicai subdivision thit lias citained a pubiicly owned golt course beer and wine license under 16-4-100 no a- airpe an veveragc :ivense under 16-4-208 or to an individual or entity who has leased the license from a city, county, or other political subdivision.

NEW SECTION. Section 15. Seasonal operator's license ano permits. (1) The department may issue a seasonal operator's license to a person who chooses to operate a gambling device or gambling enterprise on his premises for 6 consecutive months or less during any 12 -month period. The license expires 6 months after the date it is issued by the department.
(2) A permit issued for a gambling device or gambling enterprise made available for public play under a seasonal operator's license expires on the same date as the seasonal operator's license. The permit fee is one-half of the annualfee charged for that gambling device or gambling enterprise
fee charged for that gambling device or gambling enterprise and may not be prorated．The fee must be distributed in the same proportion and in the same manner as the annual fee．
（3）The provisions of 23－5－177 apply to the issuance of a seasonal operator＇s license and permits．
Section 16．Section 23－5－306，MCA，is amended to read：
wn－5－306．Live card game table－－permit－－fees－－ disporition of fees．（1）（a）A person who has been granted an operator＇s iicense under 23－5－177 and a license to sell pimholic beverages for consumption on the premises may be granted an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables．
（b）The department may issue an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables to a person operating＿a premises not 1 icensed under 16－4－401（2）if：
（i） ff one or more live card game tables were legally operated on a the premises on January 15，1989；－and－－the premises－－were－－not－－on－that－date－まicensed－under－ $46-4-4 \theta$ Itzt but：
（ii）the premises were licensed on that date to sell food，cigarettes，or any other consumable productr－－an operators－ticense－and－an－annuat－permite－for－the－płacement－of tive－－card－－game－－tabtes－－may－－be－－granted－to－the－person－who tegałły－operated－the－premises－on－danuary－ł5т－ま989：i
（iii）the person has been granted an operator＇s license

## under 23－5－177；and

（iv）at the time of application for the permit：
（A）the person has continuously operated a live card game table on the premises since January 15，1989；and
（日）a majority of the natural persons holding a financial interest in the business operated on the premises remains the same as on January 15，1989，except as provided in subsection（I）（c）．

Li if the spouse or a child of a person granted a Mrmit Inder subsectior iilinh acquices controlling Financial interest in the business operated on the premises and obtains an operator＇s license under 23－5－177，the department may grant a permit and annually renew the permit if the spouse or child maintains controlling financial interest in the business．A person seeking a permit under this subsection（c）shall submit to the department sufficient proof of his relationship to the former permitholder．
（2）（a）The Except as provided in［sections 15 and 31］． an operator who offers the game of panquingue or poker shall pay the following annual permit fee in lieu of taxes for each live card game table opereted－in－a－ticensed－－operatorts premises－－may－－not－－be－－prorated－and－must－be used to conduct panguingue or poker：
tat（i）$\$ 250$ for the first table；and

## fbt(ii) $\$ 500$ for each additional table.

(b) The fee imposed in subsection (2)(a) must be prorated on a guarterly basis but may not be prorated to allow a permit to expire before June 30. The department may not grant a refund if a live card game table ceases operation before the permit expires.
$\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}+(c)$ The department shall retain for administrative purposes $\$ 100$ of the fee collected under this---part subsection (2)(a) for each live card game table.
fif(d) The department shall forward on a quarterly basis the remaining balance of the fee collected under suosection (2)(a) to the treasurer of the county or the cieric, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the live card game table is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds from fees assessed on live card game tables located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The local government portion of this fee is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury.
(3) A permit fee may not be imposed under this section on an operator who does not offer the game of panguingue or poker."

Section 17. Section 23-5-306, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-306. Live card game table -- permit -- fees --
disposition of fees. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises may be granted an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables.
(b) The department may issue an annual permit for the placement of live card game tables for conducting games authorized in 23-5-311, except blackjack, to a person operating a premises not licensed under 16-4-401(2) if:
(i) $\ddagger f$ one or more live card game tables were legally operated on a the premises on January 15, 1989\%-and-the
 ber-
(11) the premises ware Iicensed on that date to sell towa, cigarettes, or any orner consumable producti--an
 łive-card-game-tabłes-may-be--granted--to--the--person--whe tegntiy-operated-the-premises-on-danuary- $\ddagger 57-1989 \div$;
(iii) the person has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177; and
(iv) at the time of application for the permit:
(A) the person has continuously operated a live card game table on the premises since January 15, 1989; and
(B) the natural persons who together hold the majority financial interest in the business operated on the premises

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are the same as on January 15, 1989, except as provided in
subsection (1)(c).
    (c) If the spouse or a child of a person granted a
permit under subsection (1)(b) acquires controlling
financial interest in the business operated on the premises
and obtains an operator's license under 23-5-177. the
department may grant a permit and annually renew the permit
if cne spouse or cnild maincarns controlimng iqnancial
interest in the business. A person seeking a permit uncer
this subsection (c) shall submjt to ere iepartmenc
sufficient proof of his relationship to the former
permitholder.
(2) (a) The Except as provided in [sections 15 and 31], an operator who offers the game of panguingue or poker shall pay the following annual permit fee in lieu of taxes for each live card game table operated-in-a-tieensed-operaeor's premises-may-not-be-prorated-and-must--be used to conduct panguingue or poker:
fat(i) \(\$ 250\) for the first table; and
fbt(ii) \(\$ 500\) for each additional table.
(b) The fee imposed in subsection (2)(a) must be prorated on a quarterly basis but may not be prorated to allow a permit to expire before June 30. The department may not grant a refund if a live card game table ceases operation before the permit expires.
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$\boldsymbol{+} \boldsymbol{\dagger}(\mathrm{c})$ The department shall retain for administrative purposes $\$ 100$ of the fee collected under this--part subsection (2)(a) for each live card game table.
$+4+(d)$ The department shall forward on a quarterly basis the remaining balance of the fee collected under subsection (2)(a) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk. finance officer, or eressurer of the city or town in which the live card qame table is located for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. A county is not entitled to proceeds irom fees assessed on live card aame tables located in incorporated cities and towns within the county. The Iocal government portion of this fee is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury.
13) A permit fee or tax may not be imposed under this section on an operator who does not offer the game of panguingue or poker."

Section 18. Section 23-5-308, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-308. Card game dealers -- license. (1) A Except as provided in [section 31], a person may not deal cards in a live card game of panguingue or poker without being licensed annually by the department.
(2) The fee for the first year in which the license is effective is $\$ 25$, and the annual renewal fee is $\$ 25$. The fee may not be prorated.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes the license fee charged for the issuance of a dealer's license.
(4) A licensed dealer shall have on his person, and display upon request, his dealer's license when he is working as a dealer.
(5) The department shall adopt rules to implement temporary licensing procedures until a permanent license is issued to a dealer. The rules must provide that a temporary license may be obtained at the place where a person locally applies for a driver's license and that the receipt received upon mailing an application for a permanent license by certifiec mail, return recelpt requested, also constirutes a temporary license. The department may not assess a fee for the temporary iicense.

Section 19. Section 23-5-308, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-308. Card game dealers -- license. (1) A Except as provided in [section 31], a person may not deal cards in a live card game of blackjack, panquingue, or poker without being licensed annually by the department.
(2) The fee for the first year in which the license is effective is $\$ 75$, and the annual renewal fee is $\$ 25$. The fee may not be prorated.
(3) The department shall retain for administrative purposes the license fee charged for the issuance of a

## dealer's license.

(4) A licensed dealer shall have on his person, and display upon request, his dealer's license when he is working as a dealer.
(5) The department shall adopt rules to implement temporary licensing procedures until a permanent license is issued to a dealer. The rules must provide that a temporary license may be obtained at the place where a person locally applies for a driver's license and that the receipt received upon mailing an application for a permanent license by certified mail, return receipr requested, also constitutes a temporary license The inpartment may not assess a fee for the temporary license."

Section 20. Section $23-5-30 y$, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-309. Presence and control of dealer. (1) A Except as provided in [section 31], a live card game may-not must be played exeept on a live card game table in--the--presence and--under-the-controf-ef-e-ticensed-deater on the premises of a licensed operator.
(2) In addition to meeting the requirements of
subsection (1), a live card game of panguingue or poker must be played in the presence and under the control of a licensed dealer."

Section 21. Section 23-5-309, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-309. Presence and control of dealer. (1) A Except
as provided in [section 31], a live card game may-not must be played ex=ept on a live card game table in-the-presenee and-under-the-controt-of-a-iticensed-deater on the premises of a licensed operator.
(2) In addition to meeting the requirements of subsection (1), a 1ive card game of blackjack, panquingue, or poker must be played in the presence and under the concrol or a licensed dealer."

Section 22. Section 23-5-311. MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-311. Autnorized card qames. 1i) The card games authorized by this part are and are limited to the card games known as blackjack, bridge, cribbage, nearts, panguingue, pinochie, pitch, poker, rummy, solo, and whist.
(2) A person may conduct or participate in a live card game or make a live card game table available for public play of a live card game only if it is specifically authorized by this part and described by department rules.
(3) This part does not apply to games simulated on electronic video gambling machines authorized under part 6 of this chapter."

Section 23. Section 23-5-312, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-312. Prizes not to exceed three hundred dollars. A Except as provided in [section 31], a prize for an individual live card game may not exceed the value of $\$ 300$. Games, and games may not be combined in any manner so as to

## increase the value of the ultimate prize awarded."

Section 24. Section $23-5-313$, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-313. Rules of play to be posted -- rake-off approved -- exception -- certain participant fees prohibited. (1) Rules governing the conduct of each game must be prominently posted within the sight of the players at a live card qame table on the premises of a licensed nperator. The rules must include notice of the maximum percentage rake-off, if any, and must require that the person takina the rake-off do so in an obvious manner.
(2) An operator conducting a card game other than blackjack, panguingue, or poker may not take a rake-off or collect an entrance or administrative fee or any other form of remuneration from a player."

NEW SECTION. Section 25. Limitation on blackjack tables -- permit fee. (1) An operator granted a live card Game table permit under 23-5-306 may place a maximum of five blackjack tables on his premises.
(2) The operator shall pay to the department a permit fee of $\$ 1,000$ for each blackjack tabie placed on his premises. The department shall retain the permit fee for administrative purposes.

NEW SECTION. Section 26. Tax on drop -- records -quarterly statement and payment -- distribution. (1) An operator issued a live card game table permit under 23-5-306
who operates one or more blackjack tables shall pay to the department a quarterly tax equal to 18 of the nominal value of the drop from the operation of each blackjack table on his premises.
(2) An operator shall keep a record of the drop in the form required by the department. At any time during the operator's business hours, the department may inspect the records and any activity related to the game.
(3) An operator shall, within 15 days after the end of each quarter, complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total drop from each blackjack table operated by nim and the total tax die for the precediri quarter. This statement must contain any other relevant information required by the department.
(4) The department shail retain onenalr or the tax collected under this section for administrative purposes. Of the remaining amount, the department shall forward one-thire to the general fund and two-thirds to the treasurer of the county or clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the blackjack table is located. A county is not entitled to the local government share of taxes from a blackjack table located in an incorporated city or town. The local government share of the tax collected under this section is statutorily appropriated to the department, as provided in 17-7-502, for deposit in the county or municipal

## treasury.

## NEW SECTION. Section 27. Equipment required for

 blackjack tables. Each blackjack table placed on an operator's premises must be equipped with a double-locking or triple-locking removable metal box, commonly known as a drop box, into which is deposited cash received from players for the purchase of chips. A table must also be equipped with one of the following devices, which must be approved by the department:(1) a device, commonly known as a dealing shoe, from which cards are dealt and which hoids at least two but no more than six shiffled decks of cards. nr
(2) a mechanical or electronic shuffling device that simultaneously shuffies at least iwo but no mofe than six decks ot cards and provides randomly selected cards for play without dealer participation in the shuffing proces.

NLT SECTION. Section 28. Cash wagers and cash gratuities prohibited -- pooling of gratuities required. (1) A wager made by a player at a blackjack table may be made in approved chips only.
(2) A gratuity given to a dealer by a player at a blackjack table may be paid in chips only. Chips received by dealers as gratuities must be pooled and distributed in proportion to the number of hours worked by each dealer.

NEW SECTION. Section 29. Limit on hands played

[^1]（iii）allow the player to retain his wager if the count of the dealer＇s hand and player＇s hand is identical．

NEW SECTION．Section 31．Card game tournaments－－ application－－fees－－requirements．（1）Subject to the department＇s approval，a licensed operator who has a permit for placing at least one live card game table on his premises may conduct up to six live card qame tournaments a year on his premises．Each tournament may be conducted for a maximum of 10 consecutive days．If an operator conducts more than one tournament a year，at least 7 days must lapse between the conclusion of one tournament and the beginning of the next tournament．
（2）（a）At least 10 days before the start of a tournament，the operator shall submit to the department an application for a tournament permit．The permit application must be accompanied by a $\$ 10$ fee．The department shall retain the fee for administrative purposes．
（b）If a tournament is to be conducted on the premises of more than one licensed operator，each operator shall submit a permit application and fee as provided in subsection（2）（a）．The permit is applied toward each operator＇s annual six－tournament limit．
（3）Permits for placement of additional live card game tables as provided in 23－5－306 are not required for additional tables authorized under a tournament permit．
(4) Tournament participants must be provided with a copy of the tournament rules before the start of the tournament. A copy of the rules must also be posted in a conspicuous location in each area where the tournament is conducted.
(5) A person must be present on the premises during the tournament to oversee the conduct of the card games and to settle disputes among players. This person need not be a dealer licensed under 23-5-308.
(6) A licensed operator may charge a tournament participant an entry fee, which may include a fee to cover expenses incurred $\quad \mathrm{n}$ conducting cne townamerit. . partisigant who has man eliminated fro sompetitic: duz.... the tournament may reenter the fommament by waymi= additional fee it permitted to do so under the tournament's rules. A rake-cff may not be taken during a card game.
(7) Prizes awarded during a tournament:
(a) may exceed the prize limits provided for in 23-5-312;
(b) are not limited to the total amount collected in entry or other fees; and
(c) must be awarded according to tournament rules.
(8) The provisions of this chapter and department rules governing live card games apply to live card games conducted as part of a cournament unless otherwise provided.

Section 32. Section 23-5-406, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-406. Exempt charitable organizations and facilities. (1) (a) An organization quaitfied-for granted an exemption under 26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3) and, (c)(4), (c)(B), or (c)(19):
(i) on or before January 15, 1989, is exempt from the taxation--and--ifeense-fees permit fee imposed by this part $=$ An-organization-quałified-for-exemption-under-thet-seetioni
(ii) after that-date January 15,1989 , is exempt from taxation--under; and-need-on土y-pay one-half the łteense-fees under, permit fee imposed by this part if the orqanization carifes c. gambiing se-iviticu .... ne more chan ou days á calenaar ven matify-ene.
(b) An orqanization provirad far in subsentinn (l)(a) sha? !
(i) limit its live olngo anc keno activities are fimited to its main premises or place of operations and to events at other places operated by other charitable organizations or by a government unit or entity---qhe organization-shazz;
(ii) comply with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno or-rafftesr-A-quatified orgenization-shatiz; and
(iii) apply to the department for a cost-free permit to conduct charitable live bingo and or keno games or-rafftes.
(2) A long-term care facility as defined in 50-5-101 or a retirement home or senior citizen center as defined in subsection (4) that has obtained an operator's license and a permit from the department to operate live bingo or keno is exempt from the permit fee imposed by this part if the Eacility:
(a) limits participation in live bingo and keno games to persons using the facility and their guests;
(b) limits live bingo or keno activities to its main premises or place of operation; and
(c) complies with other statutes and rules relating to the operation of live bingo and keno.
(3) The department may revoke or suspend the permit of a-quatified an organization or a facility provided for in Subsection (1) or (2) if that, after investigation, the department determines that the organization or facility is contracting operating or has contracted with a nonqualified organization to-operate that is operating live bingot or kenor-or-rafftes in a predominantly commercial manner.
(4) For purposes of this section:
(a) "retirement home" means a building in which sleeping rooms without cooking facilities in each room are rented to three or more persons who are 60 years of age or older and who do not need skilled nursing care, intermediate nursing care, or personal care, as defined in 50-5-101; and
(b) "senior citizen center" means a facility operated by a nonprofit or governmental organization that provides services to senior citizens in the form of daytime or evening educational or recreational astivities and does not provide living accommodations to senior citizens or sell food or beverages under a license furnished by the state. Services qualifying under this subsection (b) must be recognized in the state plan on aging adopted by the department of family services."

Section 33. Section 23-5-407. MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-407. Live bingo or keno permit -- fees -disposition of fees. (1) A person who has been granted an operator's license may be granted an annual permit by the department to conduct live bingo or keno games on specified premises. The permit expires June 30 of each year.
(2) The Except as provided in [section 15], the permit fee for each of-the premises in which a live bingo--of keno game is conducted may-not-be-prorated-and-must-be- $\$ 50 \theta$ is $\$ 250$.
(3) Except as provided in [section 15], the permit fee for each premises in which a live bingo game is conducted is:
(a) $\$ 250$ if any game conducted by the operator has less than 50 players;
(b) $\$ 1,500$ if any game conducted by the operator has 50
or more players but less than 300 players; and(c) $\$ 3,000$ if any game conducted by the operator has300 or more players.
(4) A fee collected under this section must be prorated on a quarterly basis but may not be prorated to allow a permit to expire before June 30 . The department may not grant a refund if a live bingo or keno game ceases operation before the permit expires.
$+\exists+(5)$ The department shall retain the permit fee for administrative eosts purposes."
Section 34. Section 23-5-412, MCA, is amended to read:
n23-5-412. Card prices and prizes ב-excertion. (1) phe Except as provided in subsection (3):
(a) the price for an individual bingo or keno card may not exceed $5 u$ cents?--Bingo--prizes-may-be-paidi-in-either tangibte-personaz-property-or-cash--A;
(b) a prize may not exceed the value of $\$ 100$ for each individual bingo award or $\$ 800$ for each keno card=-ft; and
(c) it is unlawful to, in any manner, combine any awards so as to increase the ultimate value of the award.
(2) Bingo and keno prizes may be paid in either tangible personal property or cash.
(3). A variation of the game of keno, as approved by the department, in which a player selects three or more numbers and places a wager on various combinations of these numbers
is permissible if:
(a) no more than 50 cents is wagered on each combination of numbers; and
(b) a winning combination does not pay off more than $\$ 800$.
(4) A player may give the a keno caller a card with instructions on the card to play that card and its marked numbers for up to the number of successive games that the house allows and that the player has indicated on the card, upon payment of the price per game times the number of successive games indicated. The player shali remain on the nouse oremisec until the card is played or withdrer.. The cabler shali keep the card until the end of the number of games indicated, and the department fiay $\sim_{x}$ rule provide that at tnat time tne caller snail pay the player any prizes won."

Section 35. Section $23-5-413$, $M C A$, is amended to read:
"23-5-413. Raffle prizes -- permits -- exception. tzt Raffie-prizes-may-not-exceed-che-vatue-of--\$5; $\theta \theta \theta-$ for--each individuaz--raffze-tieket--チt-is-untawfut-tof-in-any-mannery eombine-any-awards-so-as-to-inerease-the-uttimate--vatue--of the-prize-awarded-for-each-tieket=
tzt(1) (a) A Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), a separate permit must be issued by the board of county commissioners for each raffle conducted within its

jurisdiction. The permit must be issued before the raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization if it presents sufficient documentation of its nonprofit status.
(b) If tickets for a raffle are to be sold in more than one county, a permit must be obtained only in the county (2) Except for a leigious corporation sole or nonprofit organization, a person or organization conducting a raffle shall own all prizes to be awarded as part of the raffle before the sale of any tickets.
(3) A person who has conducted a raffle must submit an accounting to the board of county commissioners within 30 is restricted to events and participants within the (5) The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a person or an nonprafit organization may not exceed $\$ 5,000$. The prize may tangible personal property, or real property. Prizes may not
be combined in any manner so as to increase the ultimate value of the prize awarded for each ticket.
f3t--tot The-restrietions-of-subsection-fzt-do-not-appyy to-a-raffle-conducted-by-a
(6) (a) In addition to complying with the requirements of subsections (1) through (5), a nonprofit-eorporationt religious corporation solef or other nonprofit organization as defined in 23-5-112 if-the-corporation-ez-organization-is permitted--by--the--beard-of-coenty-comitsasoners-to-conduct Hhe-raffie--The-board-of-eounty-commissioners-may-not-charge a-permit-fee-or-an-invegtigative-fee-for-a-raffie--condueted by-a-nonprofit-veterans+-organization:
tbt--The--nomprofite-organization-or-corporation-seeking permission-under-subsection-t3ttat shall appty provide the following information to the board of county commissioners when applying for the a raffle permit and--provide--the foztowing-information:
(i) the cost and number of raffle tickets to be sold;
(ii) the charitable purposes the proceeds of the raffle are intended to benefit; and
(iii) the proposed prizes and their value.
tet-A-veterans²-organization-seeking-exemption-from-the permit-fee-or-an-investigative-fee-shałt-present-evidenee-of the-organizationtz-nomprofit-gtaeus-to-the-board--of--eounty commissioners.
$+d+(b)$ The proceeds from the sale of the-raffze tickets for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or a nonprofit organization may be used only for charitable purposes or to pay for prizes. The-raffte-prize-must-be-in tangibte-personat-property-onty--and--not--in--moneyt--casht stock;--bonds;-evidence-of-indebtedness;-or-other-intangibie personat-property:-None-of-the-proeeeds proceeds may not be used for the administrative cost of conducting the raffle.
(c) The value of a prize awarded for an individual ticket for a raffle conducted by a religious corporation sole or nonprofit organization may equal or exceed $\$ 5,000$ if the prize is in the form of tangible personal property. Ithe value of the prize is less chan $\$ 5,000$, the prize may bu in the fonill vícash, otier intangipie personat property. tangible personal property, or real properta

Section 36. Section 23-5-501, MCA, is amended to read:
n23-5-501. Befinitions Definition. As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the fotzowing-definttions-appty

 benefieitaty-eivief-or-serviee-organization;-other--than--one estabitshed--for--the-purpose-of-conducting-or-partietpating in-a-spores-peot
tzt--4sports "sports pool" means a card--divided--into
squares-or-spacest-with-the-names-of-the-partieipants-in-the pooz--written--within--such--squares-or-spacest-for gambling activity, other than an activity governed under chapter 4 or chapter 5, part 2 of this title in which consideration-in a person wagers money is-paid-by-the-person-ptaying for each square-er-space-for-the chance to win money or other items of value based on any the outcome of a sports event or series of sports events wherein the partietpants competitors in suth the sports event or series of sports events are natural persons of animals."

NEW SECTION. Section 37. Sports pool design -department rules. (i) A sports pưd must be desiyned to

(a) there is at loagt ano ..rman from zman the participants in the pool: and
(b) eacn participant nas an equal chance to win the poc:.
(2) Competitors in a sports event or series of sports events may be candomly assigned to each participant in the sports pool or selected by the participants.
(3) The department shall by rule describe the types of sports pools authorized by this part. Variations in the authorized sports pools must be submitted to the department for review and approval before they are made available for public play.

Section 38. Section 23-5-503, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-503. Rules. (1) The card or other device used for recording the sports pool and--upon--which--the--squares--or spaces--appear-shatz must clearly indicate in advance of the sale of any chances the number of chances to be sold in that specific pool, the name of the event or series of events, the consideration to be paid for each chance, and the total amount or percentage to be paid to the winners.
(2) A-hance-co-narticibate-in-a-sports-noot-may-not-be some-orner-ehan-upon-the-premases-4n-whteh-the--sports--poot ts--eonducted=-An-individuaz Each chance to participate in a sports pool may-not must be sold for a-consideration-in excess--of the same amount, which may not exceed $\$ 5$, and the total amount to-be paid to the all winners of any individual sports pool may not exceed the value of $\$ 500$.
(3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), the winner winners of any sports pool shali receive a $100 \%$ payout of the value of the sports pool.
$\dagger^{7}+(b)$ A nonprofit organization that maintains records and opens the records to inspection upon reasonable demand feeards to verify that the retained portion is used to support charitable activities, scholarships or educational grants, or community service projects may retain up to $50 \%$ of the value of a sports pool.
(4) A person or nonprofit organization conducting a

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sports pool may purchase chances to participate in the
sports pool but may not:
    (a) retain any portion of the amount wagered in the
sports pool, except as provided in subsection (3)(b);
    1b) charge a fee for participating in the sports pool;
or
    (c) use the sports pool in any manner to establish odds
Er handicaps or to allow betting or booking against the
person or nonprofit organization conducting the pool."
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    Section 39. Section 23-5-602, MCA, is amended to read:
    "23-5-602. Definitions. As used in this part, the
    following definitions apply:
(1) "Associated equipment" means all proprietary
devices, machines, or parts used in the manufacture or
maintenance of a video gambling machine or promotional
device, including but not limited to integrated circuit
chips, printed wired assembly, printed wired boards.
printing mechanisms, video display monitors, metering
devices, and cabinetry.
(2) "Bingo machine" means an electronic video gambiing machine that, upon insertion of cash, is available to play bingo as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash.

The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.
(3) "Draw poker machine" means an electronic video gambing machine that, upon insertion of cash, is available to play or simulate the play of the game of draw poker as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot macnine or a machine that directiy dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.
(i; "Keno macnine" means an electronic video gawoing machine that, upon insertion of cash. is available to piay keno as defined by rules of the department. The machine utilizes a video display and microprocessors in which, by the skill of the player, by chance, or both, the player may receive free games or credits that may be redeemed for cash. The term does not include a slot machine or a machine that directly dispenses coins, cash, tokens, or anything else of value.
(5) "Net-maehine Gross income" means money put into a video gambling machine minus credits paid out in cash.
(6) "Promotional device" means a device that temporarily modifies a bingo. draw poker, or keno machine to
permit play without insertion of cash.
(7) "Promotional tournament" means an activity conducted by a licensed operator in which two or more players compete against each other for a defined period of time by playing one or more video gambling machines that have been modified by a promotional device.
$+6+(8)$ "Video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor" means a person who assembles, produces, makes, or supplies video gambling machines, promotional devices, or associated equipment for sale, use, or distribution in the state.

Section 40 Section ? 3 5-603, MCA, is amended to read:
"23-5-603. Video gambling machines -- possession -piay -- restriction. (i) A person Iicensed operator may make available for public play only the number of approved video gambling machines specifically autnorized by this part.
(2) The video gambling machines specifically authorized by this part are bingo, keno, and draw poker machines. Only the number of approved machines for which permits have been granted under 23-5-612 may be made available for play by the public on the premises of a licensed operator. The department shall adopt rules allowing a video gambling machine that needs repair to be temporarily replaced while it is being repaired with a video gamoling machine that is approved under the permit provisions of this part. A fee may

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not be charged for the replacement machine.
(3) Machines on premises licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption on-the--premises must be placed:
(a) in the a room, area, or other part of the premises in which the alcoholic beverages are permitted to be sold and--nermatiy or consumed as determined by the department of revenue when issuing the alcoholic beverages license; and
(b) within sight and control of the licensed operator or his employees for the puipuse if preventing acuess to the machines by persons under 18 years of age."
Section 41. Section 23-5-608, MCA, is amended co read:
-23-5-608. Limitation on amount of money played and value of prizes -- payment of credits in cash. (1) A Except as provided in [section 48], a video gambling machine may not allow more than \(\$ 2\) to be played on a game or award free games or credits in excess of the-fotłowing-amounts?
fat-- \(\$ \neq \theta \theta-\)-game-for-a-video-dzaw-poker-maehiner-and
tot \(\$ 800\) a game for-a-video-keno-or-bingo-machine.
(2) A licensee shall pay in cash all credits owed to a player as shown on a valid ticket voucher."
Section 42. Section \(23-5-610\), \(M C A\), is amended to read:
n23-5-610. Video gambling machine net gross income tax -- records -- distribution -- quarterly statement and
``` payment. (1) An A licensed operator issued a permit under
this part shall pay to the department a video gambling machine tax of \(15 \%\) of net-machine the gross income from each video gambling machine licensed under this part.
(2) An A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall keep a record of net-manime the gross income from each machine in such form as the department may require. The records must at all times during the business nours of the licensee be subiect to inspection by the department.
(3) At A licensed operator issued a permit under this part shall, within 15 days after the end of each quarter, complete and deliver to the department a statement showing the total net-machine gross income from each video gambling machine licensed to him, together with the total amount due the state as video gambling machine net qross income tax for the preceding quarter. The statement must contain other relevant information as the department may require.
(4) (a) The department shall forward one-third of the tax collected under subsection (3) to the general fund.
(b) The department shall forward the remaining two-thirds of the tax collected under subsection (3) to the treasurer of the county or the clerk, finance officer, or treasurer of the city or town in which the licensed machine is located, for deposit to the county or municipal treasury. Counties are not entitled to proceeds from taxes on income

1 from video gambling machines located in incorporated cities

2 and towns. The two-thirds local government portion of tax 3 collected under subsection (3) is statutorily appropriated to the department as provided in 17-7-502 for deposit to the county or municipal treasury."

Section 43. Section 23-5-611, MCA, is amended to read:

\section*{23-5-611. Machine permit qualifications --} limitations. (1) (a) A person who has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 and a license to sell alcoholic beverages for consumpticn on the premises may be granted a permit for the placement of video gambiing machines in his premises
(b) If video keno or bingo gambing machines were legaily operated on a premises on January 15, i389, and the premises were not on that date licensed to sell aiconolic beverages for consumption on the premises or operated for the principal purpose of gaming and there is an operator's license for the premises under 23-5-177, a permit for the same number of video keno or bingo gambling machines as were operated on the premises on that date may be granted to the person who held the permit for such machines on those premises on that date except as provided in subsections (1) (d) and (1)(e).
(c) A Except as provided in subsections (l)(d) and (1)(e), a person who legally operated an establishment on

January 15, 1989, for the principal purpose of gaming and has been granted an operator's license under 23-5-177 may be granted a permit for the placement of bingo and keno machines in his premises.
(d) Except as provided in subsection (1)(e), a permit issued under subsection (1)(b) or (1)(c) may be renewed annually only if a majority of the natural persons who had a 5\% or greater financial interest in the business operated on the premises on January 15, 1989, remain the same.
(e) If the spouse or a child of a person granted a permit under subsectiun (1)(b) or (1)(c) acguires controllinn finsmaial interest ir the business operated on tne premises sud obtains an operator's license under 23-5-i77, the department may grant a permit and annually renew the permit if the spouse or child maintains controlling financial interest in the business. A person seeking a permit under this subsection (e) shall submit to the department sufficient proof of his relationship to the former permitholder.
(2) An applicant for a permit shall disclose on the application form to the department any information required by the department consistent with the provisions of 23-5-176.
(3) A licensee may not have on the premises or make available for play on the premises more than 20 machines of
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any combination and--no--more--than--̇0--may-be-draw-poker
machines."
Section 44．Section 23－5－612，MCA，is amended to read：
＂23－5－612．Machine permits－－fee．（1）The department， upon payment of the fee provided in subsection（2）and in conformance with rules adopted under this part，shall issue to the operator an annual permit for an approved video gambling machine．
（2）The Except as provided in［section 15］，the debartment shall charge an annual permit fee of $\$ 200$ for each video gambling machine permit．The fee must be prorated on a quarterly basis but may not be prorated to allow a permit to expire before June 30．The department may not grant a refund if the video gambling machine ceases operation before the permit expires．
（3）The department shall retain $\$ \neq \theta \theta$ $50 \%$ of the total permit fee collected under subsection（2）for purposes of administering this part．The remaining－$\$ \neq \theta$ balance must be returned on $a$ quarterly basis to the local government jurisdiction in which the gambling machine is located．The local government portion of the fee is statutorily appropriated to the department，as provided in 17－7－502，for deposit in the local government treasury．
ナヨォ－－The－permit－expires－on－June－30－of－each－yearf－and－the fee－may－not－be－prorated．

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＋4f－－A－－－tsed－－－keno－－－machine－－may－－be－－ifeensed－－under subsection－t¥サーマithout－meeting－the－requirements－of－－Zヲ－5－609 fas－－that－－section－－read－－on－－September－－30\％－7989＋－－if－－the appifeant－for－ticensure－can－estabłish－to－the－satisfaction－of the－－department－that；－on－the－date－of－apptication；－he－owns－or possesses－a－machine－that－was－owned－or－operated－in－the－－state
 subsection－－expires－－\｛or－ati－purposes－no－zater－than－dune－30；二9097＂

\section*{Section 45．Sectin 23－5－621，MCA，is amenled to read：}
＂23－5－621．Video gambling machine specifications－ rules．（1）The department shall adopt rules describing the video gambling machines authorized by this part and stating the specifications for video gambling machines authorized by this part．Phe－－－speeifieations－－－in－－－the－－－rutes－－－must substantiatiy－－－fotzow－－－the－－－sperifieations－－eontained－－in z7－5－606－and－z3－5－609－as－those－seetions－－read－－on－－September \(30,-7989\)－Rules adopted by the department must provide，at a minimum，that a video gambling machine must：
（a）use a random selection process to determine the outcome of each game；
（b）accept only coins，paper currency，or both；
（c）be permitted to contain a mechanism that accepts cash in the form of bills not to exceed \(\$ 20\) ；
（d）prevent access to the inside of the machine except
through locks:
(e) use a printer device to print a ticket voucher for a winning player upon completion of play. The printer device must create a duplicate copy of tickets printed, which must be retained in the machine.
(f) have both electronic and mechanical meters. The electronic meter readings must be able to be printed by the printing device and displayed on the video screen.
(g) have a nonremovable identification plate providing the manufacturer's name, machine model, date of manufacture, and unique machine serial number;
(n) use a surge protector;
(i) issue, by activation of ail externai switch, an accounting ticket containing a performance synopsis of the machine;
(i) have nonvolatile memory storage for all required accounting ticket information; and
(k) exhibit total immunity to human body electrostatic discharges.
(2) The department shall adopt rules allowing video gambling machines to be imported into this state and used for the purposes of trade shows, exhibitions, and similar activities."

Section 46. Section 23-5-625, MCA, is amended to read:
-23-5-625. Video
gambling
machine
manufacturer-distributor - license -- fees. (1) (a) fe Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), it is unlawful for any person to assemble, produce, manufacture, or supply any video gambling machine, promotional device, or associated equipment for use or play in the state without having first been issued a video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's license by the department. A licensed manufacturer-distributor may supply a video gambling machine only to another licensed manufacturer-distributor or a licensed operator.
tz+(b) The department shall charge an annual license Lee \(u t \$ 1,000\) ror the ssuance or renewal of a video gambiing machine manufacturer-aistributor's license.
\(r 3+(c)\) In addition to other iicense fees, the department may charge the applicant a one-time video gambing machine manufacturer-distributor's license application processing fee. The processing fee may not exceed the department's actual costs for processing an application.
\(t 4 t(d)\) All video gambling machine manufacturer-distributor's licenses expire on June 30 of each year, and the license fee may not be prorated.
t5t(e) The department shall retain the license and processing fees collected for purposes of administering this part, unless otherwise provided.
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    (2) A licensed operator who is not licensed as a
    manufacturer-distributor may sell up to 20 video gambling
machines in a calendar year if the operator:
(a) had obtained permits for the machines and legally
operated them prior to the sale; and
(0) sells tne machines to another licensed operator or
a licensed manufacturer-distributor.
(3) A Iienhoider who acquires title to video gambiing
machines through a foreclosure action involving a licensed
sperator or manufacturer-distributor may sell the machines

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manufacturer-distributor."

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    Section 47. Section \(23-5-631\), MCA, is amended to read:
    "23-5-631. Examination and approval of new video
gambling machines, promotional devices, and associated
equipment -- fee. (1) The department shall examine and may
approve a new video gambling machine, or promotional device,
and associated equipment wheh--are that is manufactured,
sold, or distributed for use in the state before the video
gambling machine, promotional device, or associated
equipment is sold, played, or used.
    (2) A video gambling machine, promotional device, or
associated equipment may not be examined or approved by the
department until the video gambling machine
manufacturer-distributor is licensed as required in

23-5-625.
(3) All video gambling machines approved by the department of commerce prior to October 1 , 1989, raust be considered approved under this part.
(4) The department shall require the manufacturer-distributor seeking the examination and approval of a new video gambling machine, promotional device. or associated equipment to pay the anticipated actual costs of the examination in advance and, after the completion of the examination. shall refund overpayments or charge and collect amounts sufficient to reimburse the department for underpayments of actual costs.
(5) The department may inspect and test and approve, disapprove, or place a condition upon a video gambling machine or promotional device prior to its distribution and placement for play by the public."

NEW SECTION. Section 48. Promotional tournaments. (i) A licensed operator may apply to the department for a permit to conduct a promotional tournament. The application for a promotional tournament permit must be subraitted to the department at least 20 days before the scheduled start of the tournament and must be accompanied by a \(\$ 30\) fee. The department shall retain the fee to cover the cost of processing the permit.
(2) Each video gambling machine used in a promotional
tournament must have a permit as provided in 23-5-612 and is subject to the 1 imitation provided in 23-5-611(3).
(3) An operator may not charge a player a fee to participate in a promotional tournament.
(4) An operator shall provide each player with a copy of the tournament rules before the start of the promotional tournament. A copy of the rules must be prominently posted in a conspicuous location in the area where the tournament is conducted.
(5) Prizes awarded during a promotional tournament may exceed the prize limits provided for in 23-5-608.
(6) The department shall adopt rules for the conduct of promotional tournaments. The rules iust address but are not limited to:
(a) tournament permit procedures and application form;
(b) promotional device approval procedures and application form; and
(c) specifications for promotional devices.

Section 49. Section 17-7-502, MCA, is amended to read:
"17-7-502. Statutory appropriations -- definition -requisites for validity. (1) A statutory appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), to be
effective, a statutory appropriation must comply with both of the following provisions:
(a) The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection (3).
(b) The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section.
(3) The following laws are the oniy laws containing statutory appropriations: 2-9-202; 2-17-105; 2-18-812; 10-3-203; 10-3-312; 10-3-314; 10-4-301; 13-37-304; 15-1-111; 15-25-123: 15-31-702; 15-36-112; 15-37-117; 15-65-121; -5-10-iU1; io-i-404; 16-1-410; 16-1-411: 17-3-712; 17-5-404; 1\%-5-424: 17-5-804; 19-8-504; 19-9-702; 19-9-1007; 10-10-205; 19-10-305; 19-10 500; 17-11-512; 19-11-513; 19-11-606; 19-12-301; 19-13-604; 20-6-406; 20-8-111; 20-9-361; 23-5-136; 23-5-306; 27-5-409; 23-5-610; 23-5-612; 23-5-1016; 23-5-1027; 27-12-206; 37-51-501; 39-71-2504; 53-6-150; 53-24-206; 61-2-406; 61-5-121; 67-3-205; 75-1-1101; 75-5-1108; 75-11-313; 76-12-123; 80-2-103; 82-11-136; 82-11-161; 90-3-301; 90-4-215; 90-4-613; 90-6-331; 90-9-306; and section 13, House Bill No. 861, Laws of 1985 .
(4) There is a statutory appropriation to pay the principal, interest, premiums, and costs of issuing, paying, and securing all bonds, notes, or other obligations, as due,
that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of Montana．Agencies that have entered into agreements authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state treasurer，for deposit in accordance with 17－2－101 through 17－2－107，as determined by the state treasurer，an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for such payments．（In subsection（3），pursuant to sec．10．Ch． 664．L．1987，the inclusion of 39－71－2504 terminates June 30．1991．）＂

Section 50．Section 17－7－502，MCA，is amended to read：
＂17－7－502．Statutory appropriations－－definition－－ requisites for validity．（1）A statutory appropriation is an appropriation made by permanent law that authorizes spending by a state agency without the need for a biennial legislative appropriation or budget amendment．
（2）Except as provided in subsection（4），to be effective，a statutory appropriation must comply with both of the following provisions：
（a）The law containing the statutory authority must be listed in subsection（3）．
（b）The law or portion of the law making a statutory appropriation must specifically state that a statutory appropriation is made as provided in this section．
（3）The following laws are the only laws containing
statutory appropriations：2－9－202；2－17－105；2－18－812；
10－3－203；10－3－312；10－3－314；10－4－301；13－37－304；15－1－111；
15－25－123；15－31－702；15－36－112；15－37－117；15－65－121；
15－70－101；16－1－404；16－1－410；16－1－411；17－3－212；17－5－404；
17－5－424；17－5－804；19－8－504；19－9－702；19－9－1007；
19－10－205；19－10－305；19－10－506；19－11－512；19－11－513；
19－11－606；19－12－301；19－13－604；20－6－406；20－8－1．11；
20－9－361；23－5－136；23－5－306；［section 26］；z3－5－4日9；
23－5－ミ10；23－5－612；23－5－1016；23－5－1027；27－12－206；
？7－51－501：\(\quad 39-71-2504 ; \quad 53-6-150 ; \quad 53-24-206 ; ~ 61-2-406 ;\)
61－5－121：67－3－205；75－1－1101；75－5－1108；75－11－313；
76－12－123；80－2－103；82－11－136；82－11－161；90－3－301；
90－4－215；90－4－613；90－6－331；90－9－306；and section 13，
House Eill No．861，Laws of 1985.
（4）There is a statutory appropriation to pay the
principal，interest，premiums，and costs of issuing，paying，
and securing all bonds，notes，or other obligations，as due，
that have been authorized and issued pursuant to the laws of
Montana．Agencies that have entered into agreements
authorized by the laws of Montana to pay the state
treasurer，for deposit in accordance with 17－2－101 through
17－2－107，as determined by the state treasurer，an amount
sufficient to pay the principal and interest as due on the
bonds or notes have statutory appropriation authority for
such payments．（in subsection（3），pursuant to sec． 10 ，ch．

664, L. 1987, the inclusion of 39-71-2504 terminates June 30, 1991.)"

Section 51. Section 41-5-203, MCA, is amended to read:
"41-5-203. Jurisdiction of the court. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the court has exclusive original jurisdiction of all proceedings under the Montana Youth Court Act in which a youth is alleged to be a delinquent youth, a youth in need of supervision, or a youth in need of care or concerning any person under 21 years of age charged with having violated any law of the state or ordinance of any city or town other than a traffic or fish and game law p:ior to having become 18 years of age.
(2) Justice, municipal, and city courts have concurrent jurisdiction with the youth court over all alcoholic beverage and gambling violations alleged to have been committed by a youth."

NEW SECTION. Section 52. Wagering between persons. (1) Two or more natural persons in a public place may wager against each other on the outcome of a contest, exhibition, or other event in which they are not participants if:
(a) the persons are physically in the presence of each other at the time the wagers are placed and a person is not serving as an agent for another person;
(b) a person, including a licensed operator, does not receive or have a right to receive, directly or indirectly,
a profit, remuneration, or compensation from the wagering, except any amount that the person may win as a participant on the same basis as other participants; and
(c) the wagering is conducted in a fair and honest manner and is not designed, devised, or adapted to permit predetermination of the winner or prevent a person from winning.
(2) A licensed operator may hold wagers placed by persons under subsection (1) until completion of the contest, exhibition, or other event
(3) This section does not apply to gambling activities conducted under chapter 4 or chapter 5 , part 2 or 5 , of this title.

NEW SECTION. Section 53. Fantasy sports leagues defined. As used in [sections 53 through 571, a "fantasy sports league" means a gambling activity conducted in the following manner:
(1) A fantasy sports league consists of a limited number of persons or groups of persons who pay an entrance fee for membership in the league. The entrance fee may include an administrative fee.
(2) Each league member creates a fictitious team composed of athletes from a given professional sport, such as baseball, basketball, or football. Player selection is conducted through random drawings or a bidding process.
(3) After the initial teams are selected, interim replacement of players may occur by trade or purchase. A specific fee, which may not exceed the total entrance fee, is charged for each transaction.
(4) A method, as defined by league rules, is devised to permit each team to compete against other teams in the league. Points are awarded to a team according to the performance of individual players or teams or both during a designated time period.
(5) A member may be eligible to receive a payout based on the number of points accumulated. Payouts, which may be in the form of cash or prizes, are awarded according to league rules.
(6) Rules governing the conduct of the fantasy sports league must be provided in writing to each member.

\section*{NEW SECTION. Section 54. Fantasy sports leagues} authorized. It is lawful to conduct or participate in a fantasy sports league.

NEW SECTION. Section 55. Payouts -- administrative fees charged by commercial establishments. (1) The total value of payouts to all league members must equal the amount collected for entrance, administrative, and transactions fees, minus payment for administrative expenses.
(2) If a commercial establishment charges an administrative fee Eor conducting a fantasy sports league,
the fee for each participant may not be more than \(15 \%\) of the amount charged as a participant's entrance fee.

NEW SECTION. Section 56. Sports betting prohibited -applicability. [Sections 53 through 57] do not:
(I) authorize betting or wagering on the outcome of an individual sports event; or
(2) apply to gambling activities governed under chapter 4 or chapter 5 , part 2 or 5 , of this title.

NEW SECTION. Section 57. Violations. A person who purposely or knowingly violates or procures, aids, or abets in a violation of [sections 53 through 57] is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable under 23-5-161.

NEW SECTION. Section 58. Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply to [sections 58 through 67]:
(1) "Crane game" means a device activated by the insertion of a coin or token by which the player uses one or more buttons, contral sticks, or similar means of control or a combination of those means of control to position a mechanical or electromechanical claw or other retrieval device over a prize and attempts to retrieve it.
(2) "Department" means the department of justice as provided for in 2-15-2001.
(3) "Person" means a natural or artificial person, partnership, corporation, or association.

\section*{NEW SECTION. Section 59. License and permit required.} A person may not make a crane game available for public play in this state without obtaining an annual crane game operator's license and an annual crane game permit.

NEW SECTION. Section 60. License
application
procedure. (1) To obtain a crane game operator's license, a person shall submit a completed application on a form prescribed and furnished by the department along with any other relevant information requested.
(2) The department shall approve an application uniess the applicant fails to supply the requested information or for reasons set forth in 23-5-176.
(3) If the application is approvad, the department shall issue to the applicant a crane game operator's license. The department may place reasonable conditions on the license.
(4) A crane game operator's license is effective January 1 through December 31 and must be renewed annually. The department may deny a renewal if the operator has violated [sections 58 through 67] or a department rule.

NEW SECTION. Section 61. Crane game permit -- fee. (1) After obtaining a crane game operator's license under [section 60], a Iicensee shall annually apply to the department on a form prescribed and furnished by the department for a permit for each crane game he intends to
make available for public play. The application must specify the locations where the crane game is to be located and must be accompanied by a permit fee of \(\$ 35\). The department shall retain the fee, which may not be prorated, upon issuance of the permit.
(2) The department shall approve an application unless the applicant fails to supply the requested information or permit fee or for reasons set forth in 23-5-176.
(3) If the application is approved, the department shall issue to the applicant a crane game permit, which must be affixed to the game.
(4) A permit is effective Januaxy 1 through December 31 and must be renewed annually. The department may deny a renewal if the operator has violated isections 58 through 67) or a department rule.
(5) If a crane game is moved to a location other than one of the locations specified in the permit application, the operator shall notify the department of the new location.

NEW SECTION. Section 62. Crane game requirements. A crane game may be made available for public play if:
(1) a license and permit is obtained under [sections 58 through 671;
(2) the amount paid for the right to play the crane game does not exceed \(\$ 2\);
(3) a cash prize is not awarded and a merchandise prize is not redeemable for cash;
(4) the system for awarding prizes does not require forfeiture of a previously won prize unless the prize is traded for a prize of equal or greater value;
(5) the claw or retrieval device within the crane game is capable of reaching, lifting, and dispensing all prizes within the machine;
(6) the controls for the crane game are clearly labeled as to function and instructions for operating the game are conspicuously posted; and
(7) the crane game does not contain a variable resistor or any turnscrew, knob, potentiometer, or similar device that may be used to alter the closing strength of the game's claw or retrieval device.

NEW SECTION. Section 63. Rules. The department shall adopt rules to implement [sections 58 through 67]. The rules must address but are not limited to license and permit procedures and inspection of crane games.

NEW SECTION. Section 64. Authority of local governments. A local government may not license or regulate a crane game governed under [sections 58 through 67] or assess or charge any fees or taxes unless specifically authorized by statute.

NEW SECTION. Section 65. Violations. A person who
purposely or knowingly violates or who procures, aids, or abets in a violation of [sections 58 through 67] is guilty of an offense punishable by a fine not to exceed \(\$ 10,000\), imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed \(I\) year, or both. A penalty imposed under this section may be in addition to a penalty imposed under [section 67].

NEW SECTION. Section 66. Prosecution. A violation of [sections 58 through 67] or a department rule must be prosecuted in the same manner as provided in 23-5-172.

NEW SECTION. Section 67. Administrative remedies -judicial review. (1) If a person has engaged in or is engaging in an act or practice in violation of [sections 58 through 671 or a department rule or order, the department may exercise any of the administrative remedies provided for in 23-5-136.
(2) A person aggrieved by a final order of the department may obtain a review of the order in district court in accordance with 23-5-137.

NEW SECTION. Section 68. Repealer. Section 23-5-409, MCA, is repealed.

NEW SECTION. Section 69. Codification instruction. (1) [Sections 14, 15, 31, 37, 48, and 52 through 57] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 23, chapter 5 , parts 1 through 6 , and the provisions of Title 23, chapter 5, parts 1 through 6, apply to [sections 14, 15,

31, 37, 48, and 52 through 571.
(2) [Sections 25 through 30] are intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 23 , chapter 5 , part 3 , and the provisions of Title 23 , chapter 5 , part 3 , apply to [sections 25 through 30].

NEW SECTION. Section 70. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of lthis actl is invalid in one or more of its applications, the part remains in effect in all valic applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

NEW SECTION. Section 71. Effective dates -termination. i1) (a) [Sections 1, 30, 58 through 67, 69, 70 and this sectionj are effective on passage and approval.
(b) [Sections 32, 33, and 68] are effective Juivi. 1991.
(c) [Sections 3, 12, 17, 19, 21, 22, 25 through 29, and 50] are effective January \(1,1992\).
(d) The remaining sections are effective October 1 , 1991.
(2) [Sections 58 through 67] terminate December 31, 1993.

\section*{STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE}

Form BD-15
In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for \(\underline{\text { HBO673, as introduced }}\)

\section*{DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:}

An act to generally revise the public gambling laws of Montana.

\section*{ASSUMPTIONS:}
1. Penalties for violations of public gambling laws will remain approximately the same during the 1993 biennium as in FY90. 2.600 blackjack tables will be licensed in Montana, beginning January 1 , 1992 , with average annual "drop" per table to be \(\$ 380,000\). Total annual tax and permit fee revenue from 600 tables is \(\$ 2,880,000\). If 1,200 tables were to be licensed with the same average "drop" per table, the total annual revenue would be \(\$ 5,760,000\).
3. 1,500 new dealers will be licensed to deal blackjack. \$75 is charged for the first annual license and \(\$ 25\) for annual renewals.
4. Proration of video machine permits will mean that \(82 \%\) of the machines will be licensed for 4 quarters of each year; \(7 \%\) for 3 quarters; \(6 \%\) for two; and \(5 \%\) for 1 quarter.
5. Two changes from current law, allowing video machines to accept \(\$ 20\) bills, and raising the poker machine limit payout to \(\$ 800\) may have an impact on revenue, but it is impossible to measure that impact at this time.
6. The bill repeals the live bingo and keno tax, revises annual permit fees from \(\$ 500\) to \(\$ 250\) for a live keno game, and establishes a range of permit fees for live bingo games depending upon the number of players for each premises.
7. 19.00 FTE, including 10.00 FTE Grade 16 investigators, are added to the Gambling Control Division of the Department of Justice for regulatory purposes. It is assumed that these FTE will be filled during all of FY92 although the effective date for blackjack is January 1, 1992.
8. Operating expenses are estimated at \(33 \%\) of personal services expenses. State-up equipment purchases are reflected in FY92 only.
9. Current law is represented by the executive base budget for the Gambling Control Division.

\section*{FISCAL IMPACT:}
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see next page

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Fiscal Note Request, HB 0673 , as introduced
Form BD-15
Page 2
FISCAL IMPACT:
Department of Justice-Gambling Control Division
Expenditures:

FTE
Personal Services
Operating Costs
Equipment
Total
EX 92

Funding:
Gambling Lic Fees (02)
Blackjack permits/tax (02)
Total

\section*{Reyenues:}

Gambling Fines (01)
Gambling Fines (02)
Fines/Local Government
Blackjack tables (02)
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ FY'92 } \\
\hline Current Law & Proposed Law & Difference \\
\hline 31,00 & 50,00 & 19,00 \\
963,700 & \(1,520,200\) & 556,500 \\
397,000 & 583,000 & 186,000 \\
90,200 & 452,800 & 362,600 \\
\hline \(1,450,900\) & \(2,556,000\) & \(1,105,100\) \\
& & \\
\(1,450,900\) & \(1,450,900\) & 0 \\
0 & \(1,105,100\) & \(1,105,100\) \\
\hline \(1,450,900\) & \(2,556,000\) & \(1,105,100\) \\
& & \\
52,500 & 0 & \((52,500)\) \\
0 & 35,000 & 35,000 \\
52,500 & 70,000 & 17,500 \\
0 & 600,000 & 600,000 \\
0 & 112,500 & 112,500 \\
0 & 190,000 & 190,000 \\
0 & 570,000 & 570,000 \\
0 & 380,000 & 380,000 \\
\(1,257,500\) & \(1,176,500\) & \((81,000)\) \\
\(1,243,000\) & \(1,098,000\) & \((145,000)\) \\
\hline \(2,605,500\) & \(4,232,000\) & \(1,626,500\) \\
& & \\
& & 137,500
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Current Lay & Proposed Law & Difference \\
\hline 31.00 & 50.00 & 19.00 \\
\hline 963,700 & 1,549,800 & 586,100 \\
\hline 398,400 & 584,400 & 186,000 \\
\hline 90,400 & 90,400 & 0 \\
\hline 1,452,500 & 2,224,600 & 772,100 \\
\hline 1,452,500 & 1,452,500 & 0 \\
\hline 0 & 772.100 & 772.100 \\
\hline 1,452,500 & 2,224,600 & 772,100 \\
\hline 52.500 & 0 & \((52,500)\) \\
\hline 0 & 35,000 & 35,000 \\
\hline 52,500 & 70,000 & 17,500 \\
\hline 0 & 600,000 & 600,000 \\
\hline 0 & 37,500 & 37,500 \\
\hline 0 & 380,000 & 380,000 \\
\hline 0 & 1,140,000 & 1,140,000 \\
\hline 0 & 760,000 & 760,090 \\
\hline 1,257,500 & 1,176,500 & \((81,090)\) \\
\hline 1.243.000 & 1.098,000 & (145,090) \\
\hline 2,605,500 & 5,297,000 & 2,691,500 \\
\hline & & 327,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUE OR EXPENDITURES:
The various revenue changes contained in the bill, primarily the introduction of blackjack, are expected to increase revenue to cities and counties by about \(\$ 250,000\) in FY92 and \(\$ 630,000\) in Fy93.```


[^0]:    (12) "Gambiing enterprise" means an activity, scheme, or

[^1]:    simultaneously－－maximum initial wager．（1）A player may not play more than two spots at a blackjack table at one time．
    （2）The maximum amount of the initial wager made by a player during a hand of blackjack is $\$ 10$ ．

    NEW SECTION．Section 30．Rules．The department shail aきッド rules for administering［sections 25 through 30］．The rules must address but need not be limited to：
    （1）physical characteristics of a blackjack table，drop box，dealing shce，sards，and chips；
    （2）procedures for converting cash to chips at a blackjack table，incliding procedures for obtaining chips to ensure the integrity of the tax provided for in［section 26］；
    （3）procedures for transporting a drop box and for counting drop box cash；
    （4）recordkeeping and tax reporting requirements；
    （5）the method for dealing cards．The rules must require cards to be dealt face up to players and prohibit players from touching the cards．
    （6）play of the game．The rules must：
    （i）permit splitting，doubling down，tip betting，and insurance betting；
    （ii）prohibit the dealer from receiving another card if the count of his hand equals 17 or greater；and

