HOUSE BILL NO. 335

INTRODUCED BY J. JOHNSON, B. BROWN, BLAYLOCK, LARSON, THOMAS, KIMBERLEY, SQUIRES, DAVIS, COBB

IN THE HOUSE

IN	THE HOUSE
JANUARY 22, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION & CULTURAL RESOURCES.
	FIRST READING.
FEBRUARY 21, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL DO PASS AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
FEBRUARY 22, 1991	PRINTING REPORT.
MARCH 5, 1991	SECOND READING, DO PASS.
MARCH 6, 1991	ENGROSSING REPORT.
MARCH 7, 1991	THIRD READING, PASSED. AYES, 91; NOES, 4.
	TRANSMITTED TO SENATE.
IN	THE SENATE
MARCH 8, 1991	INTRODUCED AND REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION & CULTURAL RESOURCES.
	FIRST READING.
MARCH 25, 1991	COMMITTEE RECOMMEND BILL BE CONCURRED IN AS AMENDED. REPORT ADOPTED.
MARCH 28, 1991	SECOND READING, CONCURRED IN.
APRIL 1, 1991	THIRD READING, CONCURRED IN. AYES, 48; NOES, 0.

IN THE HOUSE

APRIL 8, 1991 RECEIVED FROM SENATE.

SECOND READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

APRIL 9, 1991

THIRD READING, AMENDMENTS CONCURRED IN.

SENT TO ENROLLING.

REPORTED CORRECTLY ENROLLED.

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INTRODUCED BY John Johnson Bol Braun Dilly John Johnson Bol Braun Dilly Johnson Libon A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ALLOW AN ELEMENTARY

DISTRICT AND A HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT WITH CONTIGUOUS

BOUNDARIES TO FORM A K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICT; AMENDING SECTIONS

20-6-101, 20-9-402, 20-9-406, 20-9-502, AND 20-20-101, MCA;

8 AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. K-12 school district unification -- procedure. (1) An elementary district and a high school district with contiguous district boundaries may unify into a K-12 school district. The unification must be conducted under the following procedure:

- (a) A unification proposition may be introduced in the districts by either of the following methods:
- (i) the trustees may pass a resolution requesting the county superintendent to order an election to consider a unification proposition involving their districts; or
- (ii) not less than 20% of the electors of the elementary district and the high school district who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301 may petition the county superintendent, requesting an election to consider a unification proposition involving their

districts.

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- 2 (b) When the county superintendent receives a
 3 resolution or a valid petition from each of the districts
 4 included in the unification proposition, the county
 5 superintendent shall, within 10 days after receipt of the
 6 last resolution or petition and as provided by 20-20-201,
 7 order the trustees of the districts included in the
 8 unification proposition to call a unification election.
 - (c) The districts shall call and conduct an election in the manner prescribed in this title for school elections.

(d) After the county superintendent receives

- certificate of election provided for in 20-20-416 from the trustees of the districts included in a unification proposition, the county superintendent shall determine if the unification proposition has been approved in the districts. If the districts have approved the unification proposition, the county superintendent shall, within 10 days after receipt of the certificate of election, order the unification of the districts. The order must specify the number for the unified K-12 school district. The county superintendent shall send a copy of the order to the board of county commissioners, the trustees of the districts incorporated in unification order, the and the
- 25 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Funding for K-12 school

superintendent of public instruction.

districts. (1) Unless otherwise provided by law, a K-12 school district formed under the provisions of [sections 1 through 3] is subject to the following provisions:

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- 4 (a) The number of elected trustees of the K-12 school 5 district must be in accordance with the provisions of 6 20-3-341.
- 7 (b) Tuition for attendance in the K-12 school district 8 must be calculated according to the provisions of 20-5-311 9 through 20-5-313.
- 10 (c) Calculations for the following must be made 11 separately for the elementary school program and the high 12 school program:
 - (i) notwithstanding the provisions of 20-9-311(2) through (4), the calculation of ANB for purposes of determining the foundation program schedule payments must be in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-316 through 20-9-319;
 - (ii) the elementary foundation program amount for the district must be in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331, and the high school foundation program amount for the district must be in accordance with 20-9-333;
- 22 (iii) state equalization aid amounts must be under the 23 provisions of 20-9-347; and
- 24 (iv) county retirement levies must be under the 25 provisions of 20-9-501.

- 1 (d) For the purposes of budgeting for the K-12 school 2 district, the trustees shall adopt a single fund for any of 3 the budgeted or nonbudgeted funds described in 20-9-201 for 4 the costs of operating all grades and programs of the 5 district.
- 6 (2) An elementary district and a high school district
 7 that form a K-12 school district under the provisions of
 8 [sections 1 through 3] may not be considered an enlarged
 9 district for the purpose of bonus payments under 20-6-401
 10 through 20-6-408.
- 11 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), 12 the trustees of a K-12 school district shall adhere to the 13 provisions of law for elementary and high school districts.
- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Contracts protected. Whenever 15 an elementary district and a high school district form a 16 K-12 school district under the provisions of [sections 1 17 through 3), a district superintendent, principal, teacher, 18 or other employee of the school districts who has a 19 continuing contract or right of tenure under Montana law is 20 protected, and the board of trustees of the K-12 school 21 district in which the person will perform duties shall 22 recognize and give effect to the contract or right of 23 tenure.
- Section 4. Section 20-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
- 25 "20-6-101. Definition of elementary and districts, high

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school districts, and K-12 school districts. (1) As used in this title, except as defined in 20-9-402 for bonding purposes or unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of this title to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by this title. High school districts may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts.

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- (2) An elementary district is a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all grades up to and including grade 8 and for preschool programs and kindergartens. A high school district is a district organized for the purpose of providing those public educational services authorized by this title for all grades beyond grade 8, including postsecondary programs, except 17 those programs administered by community college districts or the Montana university system. A K-12 school district is a district unified from the territory of an elementary district and the territory of a high school district that 21 had contiguous boundaries and is organized for the purpose 22 of providing public education for all grades up to and 23 including grade 12 and for preschool programs and 24 kindergartens.
 - (3) An elementary district shall--be is known as

- "District No. ..., County" and a high school district, except a high school district where a county high school is operated, shall--be is known as "High School District No., County". A K-12 school district is known as "K-12 School District No., County". Any A district shall-be is a body corporate and, as such a body corporate, may sue and be sued, contract and be 7 contracted with, and acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real or personal property for school purposes, within limitations prescribed by law. Unless the context clearly 10 indicates otherwise, the trustees of elementary districts, 11 12 and high school districts, shall and K-12 school districts have the same types of powers, duties, and responsibilities 13 14 authorized and imposed by the laws of Montana.
 - (4) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, an elementary district operating a high school in a county that has not been divided into high school districts shall-be is considered a high school district under this title and the trustees of the elementary district shall--be are the trustees of the high school district. Such-an An elementary district operating a high school shall may not have the bonding authority of a high school district. However, the elementary district may exercise its bonding authority, in the manner provided by law, for high school purposes.
 - (5) As used in this title, unless the context clearly

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- indicates otherwise, a county high school shall—be is considered a high school district subject to the limitations prescribed by law for a county high school as a result of its being a part of the county government. The boundaries of the high school district for a county high school shall—be are:
 - (a) the high school district boundaries established by the county high school boundary commission; or

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- (b) if no such boundaries have been established, the county boundaries, except for any territory located in a joint high school district.
- (6) Any A county high school recognized as a high school district under the provisions of subsection (5)(b) above—shall may not have a bonding authority. Instead, the county shall exercise its bonding authority in the manner provided in 20-9-451.
- (7) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, a K-12 school district is subject to the provisions of law for elementary and high school districts."
 - Section 5. Section 20-9-402, MCA, is amended to read:
 - purposes. For the purposes of indebting an elementary district, a high school district, or a community college district by the issuance of bonds under the provisions of this title, the term "school district" shall-mean means any

- elementary district, high school district, <u>K-12 school</u>
 district, or community college district, except the
- 3 following types of high schools recognized as high school

districts without a bonding authority in 20-6-101:

- 5 (1) high schools operated by an elementary district in 6 a county that has not been divided into high school 7 districts; or
- 8 (2) county high schools located in a county that has 9 not been divided into high school districts by the county 10 high school boundary commission."
- 11 Section 6. Section 20-9-406, MCA, is amended to read:
 - The maximum amount for which each an elementary district or a high school district may become indebted by the issuance of bonds, including all indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered warrants, is 45% of the taxable value of the property subject to taxation as ascertained by the last completed assessment for state, county, and school taxes previous to the incurring of such the indebtedness.
- 21 (b) The maximum amount for which a K-12 school district
 22 may become indebted by the issuance of bonds, including all
 23 indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous
 24 issues and registered warrants, is 90% of the taxable value
 25 of the property subject to taxation as ascertained by the

1 last completed assessment for state, county, and school
2 taxes previous to the incurring of the indebtedness.

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- (2) The 45% maximum amounts in subsection (1), however, may not pertain to indebtedness imposed by special improvement district obligations or assessments against the school district or to bonds issued for the repayment of tax protests lost by the district. All bonds issued in excess of such the amount shall—be are null and void, except as provided in this section.
- t27(3) When the total indebtedness of a school district has reached the 45%—limitation limitations prescribed in this section, the school district may pay all reasonable and necessary expenses of the school district on a cash basis in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this chapter.
 - (3)(4) Whenever bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding bonds, any moneys money to the credit of the debt service fund for the payment of the bonds to be refunded are applied towards the payment of such the bonds and the refunding bond issue is decreased accordingly."
 - Section 7. Section 20-9-502, MCA, is amended to read:
- 22 "20-9-502. Purpose and authorization of a building 23 reserve fund by an election. (1) The trustees of any 24 district, with the approval of the qualified electors of the 25 district, may establish a building reserve for the purpose

- of raising money for the future construction, equipping, or
- enlarging of school buildings or for the purpose of
- 3 purchasing land needed for school purposes in the district.
- 4 In order to submit to the qualified electors of the district
- a building reserve proposition for the establishment of or
- 6 addition to a building reserve, the trustees shall pass a
- 7 resolution that specifies:
- 8 (a) the purpose or purposes for which the new or
- 9 addition to the building reserve will be used;
- 10 (b) the duration of time over which the new or addition
- 11 to the building reserve will be raised in annual, equal
- 12 installments;
- 13 (c) the total amount of money that will be raised
- during the duration of time specified in subsection (1)(b);
- 15 and

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- 16 (d) any other requirements under 20-20-201 for the
- 17 calling of an election.
- 18 (2) The total amount of building reserve when added to
- 19 the outstanding indebtedness of the district shall may not
- 20 be more than 45%--of--the--taxable--value--of--the--taxable
- 21 property---of--the--district the limitations provided in
- 22 20-9-406. Such-limitation-shall be-determined-in-the--manner
 - provided -- in -- 20-9-406; A building reserve tax authorization
 - shall may not be for more than 20 years.
- 25 (3) The election shall must be conducted in accordance

with the school election laws of this title, and the electors qualified to vote in the election shall must be qualified under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for a building reserve proposition shall must be substantially in the following form:

OFFICIAL BALLOT

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUILDING RESERVE ELECTION

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS: Make an X or similar mark in the vacant square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--YES" if you wish to vote for the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the building reserve); if you are opposed to the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the building reserve) make an X or similar mark in the square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--NO".

Shall the trustees be authorized to impose an additional levy each year for years to establish a building reserve (add to the building reserve) of this school district to raise a total amount of dollars (\$....), for the purpose(s) (here state the purpose or purposes for which the building reserve will be used)?

BUILDING RESERVE--YES.

BUILDING RESERVE -- NO.

(4) The building reserve proposition shall—be is approved if a majority of those electors voting at the election approve the establishment of or addition to such

the building reserve. The annual budgeting and taxation authority of the trustees for a building reserve shall-be is computed by dividing the total authorized amount by the specified number of years. The authority of the trustees to budget and impose the taxation for the annual amount to be raised for the building reserve shall-lapse lapses when, at a later time, a bond issue is approved by the qualified electors of the district for the same purpose or purposes for which the building reserve fund of the district was established. Whenever a subsequent bond issue is made for the same purpose or purposes of a building reserve, the money in the building reserve shall must be used for such purpose or purposes before any money realized by the bond issue is used."

Section 8. Section 20-20-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-20-101. Definition. As used in this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, "school election" means any election conducted by a district or community college district for the purpose of electing trustees, for authorizing taxation, for authorizing the issuance of bonds by a K-12 school district, an elementary district, or a high school district, or for accepting or rejecting any proposition that may be presented to the electorate for decision in accordance with the provisions of this title."

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Codification instruction.

LC 0134/01

- 1 [Sections 1 through 3] are intended to be codified as an
- 2 integral part of Title 20, and the provisions of Title 20
- 3 apply to [sections 1 through 3].
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 10. Effective date. [This act] is
- 5 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

52nd Legislature

APPROVED BY COMM. ON EDUCATION AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

HB 0335/02

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+	HOUSE BIBE NO. 333
2	INTRODUCED BY J. JOHNSON, B. BROWN, BLAYLOCK, LARSON,
3	THOMAS, KIMBERLEY, SQUIRES, DAVIS, COBB
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ALLOW AN ELEMENTARY
6	DISTRICT AND TO ATTACH TO A HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT WITH
7	CONTIGUOUS THE SAME BOUNDARIES TO FORM A K-12 SCHOOL
8	DISTRICT; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-6-101, 20-9-402, 20-7-705,
9	20-9-314, 20-9-406, AND 20-9-502, AND-20-20-1017 MCA; AND
10	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
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12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	A STATEMENT OF INTENT IS NECESSARY FOR THIS BILL TO
14	CLARIFY THAT THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL
15	PROMULGATE RULES TO PRESCRIBE PROCEDURES FOR BUDGETING AND
16	FOR REVENUE DISTRIBUTION FOR K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICTS FORMED BY
17	THE ATTACHMENT OF AN ELEMENTARY DISTRICT TO A HIGH SCHOOL
18	DISTRICT. IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO ENCOURAGE
19	THE FORMATION OF K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICTS WHENEVER THE TRUSTEES
20	AND THE ELECTORATE OF DISTRICTS WITH THE SAME BOUNDARIES
21	CHOOSE TO DO SO. IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THIS ACTION, IT MAN
22	BE NECESSARY FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO
23	ADDRESS CERTAIN UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES THROUGH THE
24	RULEMAKING PROCESS.
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3	Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:
4	NEW SECTION. Section 1. K-12 school districts allowed
5	definition procedure for creation. (1) An elementary
6	district with the same district boundaries as a high school
7	district may attach to the high school district for the
8	purpose of establishing a K-12 school district.
9	(2) For the purposes of Title 20, unless the context
10	clearly indicates otherwise, "K-12 school district" means a
11	high school district with an elementary district that has
12	been attached to the high school district under the
13	procedures provided in this section, with the high school
14	district remaining an organized district under the
15	provisions of 20-6-101 and other provisions of law and the
16	elementary district becoming an inactive district under the
17	provisions of 20-6-101.
18	(3) The attachment of an elementary district to a high
19	school district to form a K-12 school district must be
20	conducted under the following procedure:
21	(a) An attachment proposition may be introduced in the
22	districts by either of the following methods:

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

(Refer to Introduced Bill)



attachment proposition involving their districts; or

county superintendent to order an election to consider an

(i) the trustees may pass a resolution requesting the

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(ii) not less than 20% of the electors of the elementary district and the high school district who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301 may petition the county superintendent, requesting an election to consider an attachment proposition involving their districts.

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- (b)(i) When the county superintendent receives a resolution or a valid petition from each of the districts included in the attachment proposition, the county superintendent shall, within 10 days after receipt of the last resolution or petition and as provided by 20-20-201, order the trustees of the districts included in the attachment proposition to call an attachment election in conjunction with a regular school election.
- (ii) The proposition must include the assumption of the bonded indebtedness of the elementary district by the high school district.
- (c) The districts shall call and conduct an election in the manner prescribed in this title for school elections.
 - (d) After the county superintendent receives the certificate of election provided for in 20-20-416 from the trustees of the districts included in an attachment proposition, the county superintendent shall determine if the attachment proposition has been approved in the districts. If the districts have approved the attachment proposition, the county superintendent shall, within 10 days

- after receipt of the certificate of election, order the
 attachment of the elementary district to the high school
 district to take effect on July 1 of the ensuing school
 fiscal year. Within 30 days of the order, the county
 superintendent shall send a copy of the order to the board
 of county commissioners, the trustees of the districts
 included in the attachment order, and the superintendent of
 public instruction.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 2. Funding for K-12 school districts. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (2) through (6), a K-12 school district formed under the provisions of [section 1] is subject to the provisions of law for high school districts.
 - (2) The number of elected trustees of the K-12 school district must be based on the classification of the attached elementary district under the provisions of 20-3-341 and 20-3-351.
- 18 (3) Calculations for the following must be made 19 separately for the elementary school program and the high 20 school program of a K-12 school district:
- 21 (a) the calculation of ANB for purposes of determining 22 the foundation program schedule payments must be in 23 accordance with the provisions of 20-9-311;
 - (b) the basic county tax and revenues for the elementary foundation program amount for the district must

- be determined in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331,
- 2 and the basic special tax and revenues for the high school
- 3 foundation program amount for the district must be
 - determined in accordance with 20-9-333; and
- 5 (c) the guaranteed tax base aid for the permissive levy
- 5 amount for a K-12 school district must be calculated
 - separately, using the mill value per elementary ANB and the
 - mill value per high school ANB as defined in 20-9-366. The
- 9 mills levied in support of the permissive levy of the K-12
- 10 school district must be prorated based on the ratio of the
- 11 general fund budget amounts for elementary school programs
- 12 to the amounts for high school programs in the year prior to
- 13 the formation of the K-12 school district.
- 14 (4) The retirement obligation and eligibility for
- 15 retirement guaranteed tax base aid for a K-12 school
 - district must be calculated and funded as a high school
 - district retirement obligation under the provisions of
- 18 20-9-501.

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- 19 (5) For the purposes of budgeting for a K-12 school
- 20 district, the trustees shall adopt a single fund for any of
 - the budgeted or nonbudgeted funds described in 20-9-201 for
- 22 the costs of operating all grades and programs of the
- 23 district.
- 24 (6) Tuition for attendance in the K-12 school district
- 25 must be determined separately for high school pupils and for

- elementary pupils under the provisions of chapter 5, part 3,
- 2 except that the actual expenditures used for calculations in
- 3 20-5-305 and 20-5-312 must be based on an amount prorated
- between the elementary and high school programs in the
- 5 appropriate funds of each district in the year prior to the
- 6 attachment of the districts.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Transitions after formation of
- 8 K-12 school district. (1) When an attachment order for a
 - K-12 school district becomes effective on July 1 under the
- 10 provisions of [section 1]:
- 11 (a) the board of county commissioners shall execute all
- 12 necessary and appropriate deeds, bills of sale, or other
- 13 instruments for the conveyance of title to all real and
 - personal property of the elementary district to the high
- 15 school district:

- 16 (b) the trustees of the elementary district shall
- 17 entrust the minutes of the board of trustees, the elementary
- 18 district documents, and other records to the high school
- 19 district to which it is attached; and
- 20 (c) the county treasurer shall transfer all
- 21 end-of-the-year warrants and fund balances of the attached
- 22 elementary district to the similar funds established for the
- 23 K-12 school district in the high school district.
- 24 (2) All taxes levied by and revenue due from a previous
- 25 school fiscal year to an elementary district attached to a

high school district must be payable to the appropriate fund
of the high school district.

- (3) The previous year's general fund budget amounts for the elementary district and the high school district that form a K-12 school district must be combined to determine the budget limitation for the ensuing school fiscal year pursuant to 20-9-315.
- 8 (4) An elementary district and a high school district 9 that form a K-12 school district under the provisions of 10 [section 1] may not be considered an enlarged district for 11 the purpose of bonus payments under 20-6-401 through 12 20-6-408.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 4. Contracts protected. Whenever an elementary district is attached to a high school district to form a K-12 school district under the provisions of [section 1], a district superintendent, principal, teacher, or other employee of the school districts who has a continuing contract or right of tenure under Montana law is protected, and the board of trustees of the high school district in which the person will perform duties shall recognize and give effect to the contract or right of tenure.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Dissolution of K-12 school
 district. The dissolution of a K-12 school district that has
 been formed by the attachment of an elementary district to a

- high school district must be conducted by introducing a proposition for dissolution of the K-12 school district by either of the methods set forth in {section 1(3)} for formation of a K-12 school district. Following receipt of a valid petition or resolution, the county superintendent shall order the trustees to call an election on the dissolution proposition. For the dissolution of a K-12 school district, the trustees and the county superintendent shall adhere to the procedures for attachment set forth in [section 1(3)(b) through (3)(d)] regarding an election and any resulting order.
 - Section 6. Section 20-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:
 - "20-6-101. Definition of elementary and high school districts. (1) As used in this title, except as defined in 20-9-402 for bonding purposes or unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of this title to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by this title. High school districts may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts.
 - (2) (a) An elementary district is a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all grades up to and including grade 8 and for preschool programs and kindergartens. An elementary district may be inactive if the

district attaches to a high school district under the provisions of [section 1] to form a K-12 school district.

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- (b) A high school district is a district organized for the purpose of providing those public educational services authorized by this title for all grades beyond grade 8, including postsecondary programs, except those programs administered by community college districts or the Montana university system. A high school district with an attached elementary district may provide the educational services for an elementary district through the procedures established in (sections 1 through 3).
- "District No. County" and a high school district, except a high school district where a county high school is operated, shall—be is known as "High School District No. County". Any A district shall—be is a body corporate and, as such a body corporate, may sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, and acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real or personal property for school purposes, within the limitations prescribed by law. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of elementary districts and high school districts shall have the same types of powers, duties, and responsibilities authorized and imposed by the laws of Montana.
- (4) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, an

- elementary district operating a high school in a county that
- 2 has not been divided into high school districts shall-be is
- 3 considered a high school district under this title and the
- 4 trustees of the elementary district shall--be are the
 - trustees of the high school district. Such-an An elementary
- 6 district operating a high school shall may not have the
- 7 bonding authority of a high school district. However, the
- 8 elementary district may exercise its bonding authority, in
- 9 the manner provided by law, for high school purposes.
- 10 (5) As used in this title, unless the context clearly
- 11 indicates otherwise, a county high school shall--be is
- 12 considered a high school district subject to the limitations
- 13 prescribed by law for a county high school as a result of
- 14 its being a part of the county government. The boundaries of
- 15 the high school district for a county high school shall-be
- 16 are:
- 17 (a) the high school district boundaries established by
- 18 the county high school boundary commission; or
- 19 (b) if no such boundaries have been established, the
- 20 county boundaries, except for any territory located in a
- 21 joint high school district.
- 22 (6) Any A county high school recognized as a high
- 23 school district under the provisions of subsection (5)(b)
- 24 above--shall may not have a bonding authority. Instead, the
- 25 county shall exercise its bonding authority in the manner

1 provided in 20-9-451."

program purposes.

Section 7. Section 20-9-406, MCA, is amended to read:

The maximum amount for which each an elementary district or a high school district may become indebted by the issuance of bonds, including all indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered warrants, is 45% of the taxable value of the property subject to taxation as ascertained by the last completed assessment for state, county, and school taxes previous to the incurring of such the indebtedness.

(b) The maximum amount for which a K-12 school district, as formed pursuant to [section 1], may become indebted by the issuance of bonds, including all indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered warrants, is up to 90% of the taxable value of the property subject to taxation as ascertained by the last-completed assessment for state, county, and school taxes previous to the incurring of the indebtedness. The total indebtedness of the high school district with an attached elementary district as represented by the issuance of bonds must be limited to the sum of 45% of the taxable value of the property for elementary school program purposes and 45% of the taxable value of the property for high school

1 (2) The 45% maximum amounts determined in subsection
2 (1), however, may not pertain to indebtedness imposed by
3 special improvement district obligations or assessments
4 against the school district or to bonds issued for the
5 repayment of tax protests lost by the district. All bonds
6 issued in excess of such the amount shall-be are null and
7 void, except as provided in this section.

this section, the school district may pay all reasonable and necessary expenses of the school district on a cash basis in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this chapter.

(3)(4) Whenever bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding bonds, any moneys money to the credit of the debt service fund for the payment of the bonds to be refunded are applied towards the payment of such the bonds and the refunding bond issue is decreased accordingly."

Section 8. Section 20-9-502, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-502. Purpose and authorization of a building reserve fund by an election. (1) The trustees of any district, with the approval of the qualified electors of the district, may establish a building reserve for the purpose of raising money for the future construction, equipping, or enlarging of school buildings or for the purpose of

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- purchasing land needed for school purposes in the district.

 In order to submit to the qualified electors of the district

 a building reserve proposition for the establishment of or

 addition to a building reserve, the trustees shall pass a

 resolution that specifies:
 - (a) the purpose or purposes for which the new or addition to the building reserve will be used;

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- 8 (b) the duration of time over which the new or addition 9 to the building reserve will be raised in annual, equal 10 installments;
- 11 (c) the total amount of money that will be raised 12 during the duration of time specified in subsection (1)(b); 13 and
- 14 (d) any other requirements under 20-20-201 for the 15 calling of an election.
 - (2) The total amount of building reserve when added to the outstanding indebtedness of the district shall may not be more than 45%--of--the--taxable--value--of-the-taxable property--of--the--district the limitations provided in 20-9-406. Such-limitation-shall be-determined-in-the-manner provided-in-20-9-406. A building reserve tax authorization shall may not be for more than 20 years.
 - (3) The election shall must be conducted in accordance with the school election laws of this title, and the electors qualified to vote in the election shall must be

qualified under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for

building reserve proposition shall must be substantially

in the following form:

OFFICIAL BALLOT

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUILDING RESERVE ELECTION

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS: Make an X or similar mark in the vacant square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--YES" if you wish to vote for the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the building reserve); if you are opposed to the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the building reserve) make an X or similar mark in the square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--NO".

- Shall the trustees be authorized to impose an additional levy each year for years to establish a building reserve (add to the building reserve) of this school district to raise a total amount of dollars (\$....), for the purpose(s) (here state the purpose or purposes for which the building reserve will be used)?
- BUILDING RESERVE--YES.
- 20 BUILDING RESERVE--NO.
- 21 (4) The building reserve proposition shall—be is
 22 approved if a majority of those electors voting at the
 23 election approve the establishment of or addition to such
 24 the building reserve. The annual budgeting and taxation
 25 authority of the trustees for a building reserve shall—be is

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computed by dividing the total authorized amount by the 1 specified number of years. The authority of the trustees to 2 3 budget and impose the taxation for the annual amount to be 4 raised for the building reserve shall-lapse lapses when, at a later time, a bond issue is approved by the qualified 5 6 electors of the district for the same purpose or purposes for which the building reserve fund of the district was established. Whenever a subsequent bond issue is made for the same purpose or purposes of a building reserve, the 9 money in the building reserve shall must be used for such 10 purpose or purposes before any money realized by the bond 11 issue is used." 12

Section 9. Section 20-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:

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"20-7-705. Adult education fund. (1) A separate adult education fund shall must be established when an adult education program is operated by a district or community college district. The financial administration of such the fund shall must comply with the budgeting, financing, and expenditure provisions of the laws governing the schools.

(2) Whenever the trustees of any district establish an adult education program under the provisions of 20-7-702, they shall establish an adult education fund under the provisions of this section. The adult education fund shall must be the depository for all federal, state, and district moneys money received by the district in support of the

1 adult education program.

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(3) The trustees of any district may authorize the levy 3 of a tax of not more than 1 mill on the district, except that trustees of a county high school district that is not unified with an elementary district or of a K-12 school district formed under the provisions of [section 1] may authorize a levy of not more than 2 mills on the district, for the operation of an adult education program when the superintendent of public instruction has approved the 10 educational program to be supported by such the levy. The 11 trustees shall acquire the approval of the superintendent of 12 public instruction shall-have-been-acquired-by-the-trustees 13 before the fourth Monday of June in order to include the expenditures to be financed by the levy in the preliminary 14 budget. The superintendent of public instruction shall 15 16 promulgate rules and forms for such the approval.

- (4) Whenever the trustees of any district decide to offer an adult education program during the ensuing school fiscal year, they shall budget for the cost of such the program in the adult education fund of the preliminary budget. Any expenditures in support of the adult education program under the final adult education budget shall must be made in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title for a budgeted fund.
- 25 (5) When a tax levy for an adult education program

which that has been approved by the superintendent of public instruction is included as a revenue item on the final adult education budget, the county superintendent shall report such the levy requirement to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August and a levy on the district shall must be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."

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Section 10. Section 20-9-314, MCA, is amended to read:

- *20-9-314. Procedures for determining eliqibility and amount of increased average number belonging due to unusual enrollment increase. A district which that anticipates an unusual increase in enrollment in the ensuing school fiscal year, as provided for in 20-9-313(4), may increase its foundation program for the ensuing school fiscal year in accordance with the following provisions:
- (1) Prior to May 10, the district shall estimate the probable--average-number-belonging elementary or high school enrollment to be realized during the ensuing ANB-calculation period school fiscal year, based on as much factual information as may be available to the district.
- (2) No later than May 10, the district shall submit its application for an unusual enrollment increase by elementary or high school level to the superintendent of public instruction. The application must include:
- (a) the average--number--belonging enrollment for the

- preceding ANB-calculation-period school fiscal year;
- 2 (b) the current average number belonging used 3 calculate the foundation program schedule amount for the current school fiscal year;
- 5 (c) the average number belonging that will be used to calculate the foundation program schedule amount for the ensuing school fiscal year;
- 8 (c)(d) the estimated average-number-belonging--for--the 9 ensuing -- ANB -- calculation -- period enrollment, including the 10 factual information on which the estimate is based, as 11 provided in subsection (1); and
- 12 (d)(e) any other information or data that may be 13 requested by the superintendent of public instruction.
- 14 (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall 15 immediately review all the factors of the application and 16 shall approve or disapprove the application or adjust the 17 estimated average number belonging for the ensuing ANB 18 calculation period. After approving an estimate, with or 19 without adjustment, the superintendent of public instruction
- 21 (a) determine the percentage increase that the estimated average--number--belonging--for--the--ensuing--ANB 22 calculation--period enrollment increase is over the current 23 24 average-number-belonging enrollment; and

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shall:

(b) approve an increase of the average number belonging

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used to establish the ensuing year's foundation program in accordance with subsection (5) if the increase in subsection (3)(a) is at least 6%.

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- (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall notify the district of his the decision by the fourth Monday in June.
- by the superintendent of public instruction, the increase of the average number belonging used to establish the foundation program for the ensuing ANB calculation period is the difference between the approved-estimated-average-number belonging enrollment for the ensuing ANB-calculation—period school fiscal year and 106% of the current average-number belonging enrollment. The amount determined is the maximum allowable increase added to the actual—current average number belonging for the purpose of establishing the ensuing year's foundation program.
- (6) Any equalization or entitlement increases resulting from provisions of this section must be reviewed at the end of the ensuing school fiscal year. If the actual average number-belonging enrollment is less than the average number belonging used for foundation program and entitlement calculations, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the foundation program and entitlement calculations using the actual average number belonging. All payments

- 1 received by the district in excess of the revised
- 2 entitlements are overpayments subject to the refund
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction.
- 5 [Sections 1 through 5] are intended to be codified as an
- 6 integral part of Title 20, and the provisions of Title 20
- 7 apply to [sections 1 through 5].

provisions of 20-9-344(3)."

- 8 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Effective date. [This act] is
- 9 effective July 1, 1991.

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-End-

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2	INTRODUCED BY J. JOHNSON, B. BROWN, BLAYLOCK, LARSON,
3	THOMAS, KIMBERLEY, SQUIRES, DAVIS, COBB
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ALLOW AN ELEMENTARY
6	DISTRICT AND TO ATTACH TO A HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT WITH
7	CONTEGUOUS THE SAME BOUNDARIES TO FORM A K-12 SCHOOL
8	DISTRICT; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-6-101, 20-9-402, 20-7-705,
9	20-9-314, 20-9-406, AND 20-9-502, AND-20-20-1017 MCA; AND
.0	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	A STATEMENT OF INTENT IS NECESSARY FOR THIS BILL TO
14	CLARIFY THAT THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL
15	PROMULGATE RULES TO PRESCRIBE PROCEDURES FOR BUDGETING AND
16	FOR REVENUE DISTRIBUTION FOR K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICTS FORMED BY
17	THE ATTACHMENT OF AN ELEMENTARY DISTRICT TO A HIGH SCHOOL
18	DISTRICT. IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO ENCOURAGE
19	THE FORMATION OF K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICTS WHENEVER THE TRUSTEES
20	AND THE ELECTORATE OF DISTRICTS WITH THE SAME BOUNDARIES
21	CHOOSE TO DO SO. IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THIS ACTION, IT MAY
22	BE NECESSARY FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO
23	ADDRESS CERTAIN UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES THROUGH THE
24	RULEMAKING PROCESS.

HOUSE BILL NO. 335

There are no changes in this bill, and will not be reprinted. Please refer to yellow copy for complete text.

HB 335

2	INTRODUCED BY J. JOHNSON, B. BROWN, BLAYLOCK, LARSON,
3	THOMAS, KIMBERLEY, SQUIRES, DAVIS, COBB
4	
5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO ALLOW AN ELEMENTARY
6	DISTRICT AND TO ATTACH TO A HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT WITH
7	CONTIGUOUS THE SAME BOUNDARIES TO FORM A K-12 SCHOOL
8	DISTRICT; AMENDING SECTIONS 20-6-101, 20-9-402, 20-7-705,
9	20-9-314, 20-9-406, AND 20-9-502, AND-20-20-101, MCA; AND
10	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	A STATEMENT OF INTENT IS NECESSARY FOR THIS BILL TO
14	CLARIFY THAT THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL
15	PROMULGATE RULES TO PRESCRIBE PROCEDURES FOR BUDGETING AND
16	FOR REVENUE DISTRIBUTION FOR K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICTS FORMED BY
17	THE ATTACHMENT OF AN ELEMENTARY DISTRICT TO A HIGH SCHOOL
18	DISTRICT. IT IS THE INTENT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO ENCOURAGE
19	THE FORMATION OF K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICTS WHENEVER THE TRUSTEES
20	AND THE ELECTORATE OF DISTRICTS WITH THE SAME BOUNDARIES
21	CHOOSE TO DO SO. IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THIS ACTION, IT MAY
22	BE NECESSARY FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO
23	ADDRESS CERTAIN UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES THROUGH THE
24	RULEMAKING PROCESS.
25	

HOUSE BILL NO. 335

(Refer to Introduced Bill)
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:
NEW SECTION. Section 1. R-12 school districts allowed
definition procedure for creation. (1) An elementary
district with the same district boundaries as a high school
district may attach to the high school district for the
purpose of establishing a K-12 school district.
(2) For the purposes of Title 20, unless the context
clearly indicates otherwise, "K-12 school district" means a
high school district with an elementary district that has
been attached to the high school district under the
procedures provided in this section, with the high school
district remaining an organized district under the
provisions of 20-6-101 and other provisions of law and the
elementary district becoming an inactive district under the
provisions of 20-6-101.
(3) The attachment of an elementary district to a high
school district to form a K-12 school district must be
conducted under the following procedure:
(a) An attachment proposition may be introduced in the
districts by either of the following methods:
(i) the trustees may pass a resolution requesting the
county superintendent to order an election to consider an
attachment proposition involving their districts; or

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

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(ii) not less than 20% of the electors of the elementary district and the high school district who are qualified to vote under the provisions of 20-20-301 may petition the county superintendent, requesting an election to consider an attachment proposition involving their districts.

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- (b)(i) When the county superintendent receives a resolution or a valid petition from each of the districts included in the attachment proposition, the county superintendent shall, within 10 days after receipt of the last resolution or petition and as provided by 20-20-201, order the trustees of the districts included in the attachment proposition to call an attachment election in conjunction with a regular school election.
- (ii) The proposition must include the assumption of the bonded indebtedness of the elementary district by the high school district.
- (c) The districts shall call and conduct an election in 17 the manner prescribed in this title for school elections.
 - (d) After the county superintendent receives the certificate of election provided for in 20-20-416 from the trustees of the districts included in an attachment proposition, the county superintendent shall determine if the attachment proposition has been approved in the districts. If the districts have approved the attachment proposition, the county superintendent shall, within 10 days

-3-

after receipt of the certificate of election, order the 1 attachment of the elementary district to the high school district to take effect on July 1 of the ensuing school 3 fiscal year. Within 30 days of the order, the county superintendent shall send a copy of the order to the board of county commissioners, the trustees of the districts included in the attachment order, and the superintendent of public instruction.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Funding for K-12 school districts. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (2) through (6), a K-12 school district formed under the provisions of [section 1] is subject to the provisions of 13 law for high school districts.

- (2) The number of elected trustees of the K-12 school district must be based on the classification of the attached elementary district under the provisions of 20-3-341 and 20-3-351.
- 18 (3) Calculations for the following must be made 19 separately for the elementary school program and the high school program of a K-12 school district:
- 21 (a) the calculation of ANB for purposes of determining 22 the foundation program schedule payments must be in 23 accordance with the provisions of 20-9-311;
 - (b) the basic county tax and revenues elementary foundation program amount for the district must

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be determined in accordance with the provisions of 20-9-331, and the basic special tax and revenues for the high school foundation program amount for the district must be determined in accordance with 20-9-333; and

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- amount for a K-12 school district must be calculated separately, using the mill value per elementary ANB and the mill value per high school ANB as defined in 20-9-366. The mills PERMISSIVE AMOUNT TO BE levied in-support-of-the permissive-levy-of FOR the K-12 school district must be prorated based on the ratio of the general-fund-budget FOUNDATION PROGRAM amounts for elementary school programs to the FOUNDATION PROGRAM amounts for high school programs in the year-prior-to-the-formation-of-the-K-12-school-district.
- (4) The retirement obligation and eligibility for retirement guaranteed tax base aid for a K-12 school district must be calculated and funded as a high school district retirement obligation under the provisions of 20-9-501.
- (5) For the purposes of budgeting for a K-12 school district, the trustees shall adopt a single fund for any of the budgeted or nonbudgeted funds described in 20-9-201 for the costs of operating all grades and programs of the district.
- (6) Tuition for attendance in the K-12 school district

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must be determined separately for high school pupils and for elementary pupils under the provisions of chapter 5, part 3, except that the actual expenditures used for calculations in 20-5-305 and 20-5-312 must be based on an amount prorated between the elementary and high school programs in the appropriate funds of each district in the year prior to the

attachment of the districts.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Transitions after formation of K-12 school district. (1) When an attachment order for a K-12 school district becomes effective on July 1 under the provisions of {section 1}:

- (a) the board of county commissioners shall execute all necessary and appropriate deeds, bills of sale, or other instruments for the conveyance of title to all real and personal property of the elementary district to the high school district:
- 17 (b) the trustees of the elementary district shall
 18 entrust the minutes of the board of trustees, the elementary
 19 district documents, and other records to the high school
 20 district to which it is attached; and
- 21 (c) the county treasurer shall transfer all 22 end-of-the-year warrants and fund balances of the attached 23 elementary district to the similar funds established for the 24 K-12 school district in the high school district.
- 25 (2) All taxes levied by and revenue due from a previous

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school fiscal year to an elementary district attached to a high school district must be payable to the appropriate fund of the high school district.

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- (3) The previous year's general fund budget amounts for the elementary district and the high school district that form a K-12 school district must be combined to determine the budget limitation for the ensuing school fiscal year pursuant to 20-9-315.
- (4) An elementary district and a high school district that form a K-12 school district under the provisions of [section 1] may not be considered an enlarged district for the purpose of bonus payments under 20-6-401 through 20-6-408.
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Contracts protected. Whenever an elementary district is attached to a high school district to form a K-12 school district under the provisions of [section 1], a district superintendent, principal, teacher, or other employee of the school districts who has a continuing contract or right of tenure under Montana law is protected, and the board of trustees of the high school district in which the person will perform duties shall recognize and give effect to the contract or right of tenure.
- NEW SECTION. Section 5. Dissolution of K-12 school district. The dissolution of a K-12 school district that has

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1 been formed by the attachment of an elementary district to a high school district must be conducted by introducing a 3 proposition for dissolution of the K-12 school district by either of the methods set forth in [section 1(3)] for formation of a K-12 school district. Following receipt of a valid petition or resolution, the county superintendent 7 shall order the trustees to call an election on the dissolution proposition. For the dissolution of a K-12 9 school district, the trustees and the county superintendent 10 shall adhere to the procedures for attachment set forth in 11 [section 1(3)(b) through (3)(d)] regarding an election and 12 any resulting order.

Section 6. Section 20-6-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-6-101. Definition of elementary and high school districts. (1) As used in this title, except as defined in 20-9-402 for bonding purposes or unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term "district" means the territory, regardless of county boundaries, organized under the provisions of this title to provide public educational services under the jurisdiction of the trustees prescribed by this title. High school districts may encompass all or parts of the territory of one or more elementary districts.

(2) (a) An elementary district is a district organized for the purpose of providing public education for all grades up to and including grade 8 and for preschool programs and

kindergartens. An elementary district may be inactive if the district attaches to a high school district under the provisions of [section 1] to form a K-12 school district.

- (b) A high school district is a district organized for the purpose of providing those public educational services authorized by this title for all grades beyond grade 8, including postsecondary programs, except those programs administered by community college districts or the Montana university system. A high school district with an attached elementary district may provide the educational services for an elementary district through the procedures established in [sections 1 through 3].
- (3) An elementary district shall—be is known as "District No. County" and a high school district, except a high school district where a county high school is operated, shall—be is known as "High School District No. County". Any A district shall—be is a body corporate and, as such a body corporate, may sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, and acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real or personal property for school purposes, within the limitations prescribed by law. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the trustees of elementary districts and high school districts shall have the same types of powers, duties, and responsibilities authorized and imposed by the laws of Montana.

- elementary district operating a high school in a county that
 has not been divided into high school districts shall-be is
 considered a high school district under this title and the
 trustees of the elementary district shall-be are the
 trustees of the high school district. Such-an An elementary
 district operating a high school shall may not have the
 bonding authority of a high school district. However, the
 elementary district may exercise its bonding authority, in
 the manner provided by law, for high school purposes.
- 11 (5) As used in this title, unless the context clearly
 12 indicates otherwise, a county high school shall—be is
 13 considered a high school district subject to the limitations
 14 prescribed by law for a county high school as a result of
 15 its being a part of the county government. The boundaries of
 16 the high school district for a county high school shall—be
 17 are:
 - (a) the high school district boundaries established by the county high school boundary commission; or
- 20 (b) if no such boundaries have been established, the 21 county boundaries, except for any territory located in a 22 joint high school district.
 - (6) Any A county high school recognized as a high school district under the provisions of subsection (5)(b) above-shall may not have a bonding authority. Instead, the

county shall exercise its bonding authority in the manner provided in 20-9-451."

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Section 7. Section 20-9-406, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-406. Limitations on amount of bond issue. (1) (a)
The maximum amount for which each an elementary district or
a high school district may become indebted by the issuance
of bonds, including all indebtedness represented by
outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered
warrants, is 45% of the taxable value of the property
subject to taxation as ascertained by the last completed
assessment for state, county, and school taxes previous to
the incurring of such the indebtedness.

(b) The maximum amount for which a K-12 school district, as formed pursuant to [section 1], may become indebted by the issuance of bonds, including all indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds of previous issues and registered warrants, is up to 90% of the taxable value of the property subject to taxation as ascertained by the last-completed assessment for state, county, and school taxes previous to the incurring of the indebtedness. The total indebtedness of the high school district with an attached elementary district as represented by the issuance of bonds must be limited to the sum of 45% of the taxable value of the property for elementary school program purposes and 45% of the taxable value of the property for high school

program purposes.

(2) The 45% maximum amounts determined in subsection

(1), however, may not pertain to indebtedness imposed by
special improvement district obligations or assessments
against the school district or to bonds issued for the
repayment of tax protests lost by the district. All bonds
issued in excess of such the amount shall-be are null and
void, except as provided in this section.

t27(3) When the total indebtedness of a school district has reached the 45%--limitation limitations prescribed in this section, the school district may pay all reasonable and necessary expenses of the school district on a cash basis in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this chapter.

t3)(4) Whenever bonds are issued for the purpose of refunding bonds, any moneys money to the credit of the debt service fund for the payment of the bonds to be refunded are applied towards the payment of such the bonds and the refunding bond issue is decreased accordingly."

Section 8. Section 20-9-502, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-9-502. Purpose and authorization of a building reserve fund by an election. (1) The trustees of any district, with the approval of the qualified electors of the district, may establish a building reserve for the purpose of raising money for the future construction, equipping, or

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1	enlarging of school buildings or for the purpose of
2	purchasing land needed for school purposes in the district.
3	In order to submit to the qualified electors of the district
4	a building reserve proposition for the establishment of or
5	addition to a building reserve, the trustees shall pass a
6	resolution that specifies:

(a) the purpose or purposes for which the new or addition to the building reserve will be used;

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- 9 (b) the duration of time over which the new or addition 10 to the building reserve will be raised in annual, equal 11 installments:
- 12 (c) the total amount of money that will be raised 13 during the duration of time specified in subsection (1)(b); 14 and
- 15 (d) any other requirements under 20-20-201 for the calling of an election.
- 17 (2) The total amount of building reserve when added to
 18 the outstanding indebtedness of the district shall may not
 19 be more than 45%--of--the--taxable--value--of--the--taxable
 20 property---of--the--district the limitations provided in
 21 20-9-406. Such-limitation-shall be-determined-in-the--manner
 22 provided--in--20-9-406. A building reserve tax authorization
 23 shall may not be for more than 20 years.
- 24 (3) The election shall must be conducted in accordance
 25 with the school election laws of this title, and the

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electors qualified to vote in the election shall must be
qualified under the provisions of 20-20-301. The ballot for
a building reserve proposition shall must be substantially
in the following form:

OFFICIAL BALLOT

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUILDING RESERVE ELECTION

7 INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS: Make an X or similar mark in the 8 vacant square before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--YES" if 9 you wish to vote for the establishment of a building reserve 10 (addition to the building reserve); if you are opposed to 11 the establishment of a building reserve (addition to the 12 building reserve) make an X or similar mark in the square 13 before the words "BUILDING RESERVE--NO".

Shall the trustees be authorized to impose an additional levy each year for years to establish a building reserve (add to the building reserve) of this school district to raise a total amount of dollars (\$....), for the purpose(s) (here state the purpose or purposes for which the building reserve will be used)?

20 BUILDING RESERVE--YES.

21 BUILDING RESERVE--NO.

(4) The building reserve proposition shall—be is approved if a majority of those electors voting at the election approve the establishment of or addition to such the building reserve. The annual budgeting and taxation

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authority of the trustees for a building reserve shall-be is computed by dividing the total authorized amount by the specified number of years. The authority of the trustees to budget and impose the taxation for the annual amount to be raised for the building reserve shall-lapse lapses when, at a later time, a bond issue is approved by the qualified electors of the district for the same purpose or purposes for which the building reserve fund of the district was established. Whenever a subsequent bond issue is made for the same purpose or purposes of a building reserve, the money in the building reserve shall must be used for such purpose or purposes before any money realized by the bond issue is used."

Section 9. Section 20-7-705, MCA, is amended to read:

"20-7-705. Adult education fund. (1) A separate adult education fund shall must be established when an adult education program is operated by a district or community college district. The financial administration of such the fund shall must comply with the budgeting, financing, and expenditure provisions of the laws governing the schools.

(2) Whenever the trustees of any district establish an adult education program under the provisions of 20-7-702, they shall establish an adult education fund under the provisions of this section. The adult education fund shall must be the depository for all federal, state, and district

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moneys $\underline{\text{money}}$ received by the district in support of the adult education program.

- of a tax of not more than 1 mill on the district, except that trustees of a county high school district that is not unified with an elementary district or of a K-12 school district formed under the provisions of [section 1] may authorize a levy of not more than 2 mills on the district, for the operation of an adult education program when the superintendent of public instruction has approved the educational program to be supported by such the levy. The trustees shall acquire the approval of the superintendent of public instruction shall—have—been—acquired—by—the—trustees before the fourth Monday of June in order to include the expenditures to be financed by the levy in the preliminary budget. The superintendent of public instruction shall promulgate rules and forms for such the approval.
 - offer an adult education program during the ensuing school fiscal year, they shall budget for the cost of such the program in the adult education fund of the preliminary budget. Any expenditures in support of the adult education program under the final adult education budget shall must be made in accordance with the financial administration provisions of this title for a budgeted fund.

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(5) When a tax levy for an adult education program which that has been approved by the superintendent of public instruction is included as a revenue item on the final adult education budget, the county superintendent shall report such the levy requirement to the county commissioners on the second Monday of August and a levy on the district shall must be made by the county commissioners in accordance with 20-9-142."

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- Section 10. Section 20-9-314, MCA, is amended to read:
- "20-9-314. Procedures for determining eligibility and amount of increased average number belonging due to unusual enrollment increase. A district which that anticipates an unusual increase in enrollment in the ensuing school fiscal year, as provided for in 20-9-313(4), may increase its foundation program for the ensuing school fiscal year in accordance with the following provisions:
- (1) Prior to May 10, the district shall estimate the probable-average-number-belonging elementary or high school enrollment to be realized during the ensuing ANB-calculation period school fiscal year, based on as much factual information as may be available to the district.
- 22 (2) No later than May 10, the district shall submit its
 23 application for an unusual enrollment increase by elementary
 24 or high school level to the superintendent of public
 25 instruction. The application must include:

- (a) the average-number--belonging enrollment for the preceding ANB-calculation-period school fiscal year;
- 3 (b) the current average number belonging used to
 4 calculate the foundation program schedule amount for the
 5 current school fiscal year;
- 6 (c) the average number belonging that will be used to
 7 calculate the foundation program schedule amount for the
 8 ensuing school fiscal year;
- 9 tc†(d) the estimated average-number-belonging-for-the
 10 ensuing-ANB-calculation--period enrollment, including the
 11 factual information on which the estimate is based, as
 12 provided in subsection (1); and
- 15 (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall
 16 immediately review all the factors of the application and
 17 shall approve or disapprove the application or adjust the
 18 estimated average number belonging for the ensuing ANB
 19 calculation period. After approving an estimate, with or
 20 without adjustment, the superintendent of public instruction
 21 shall:
 - (a) determine the percentage increase that the estimated average-number-belonging-for-the-ensuing-ANB calculation-period enrollment increase is over the current average-number-belonging enrollment; and

(b) approve an increase of the average number belonging used to establish the ensuing year's foundation program in accordance with subsection (5) if the increase in subsection (3)(a) is at least 6%.

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- (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall notify the district of his the decision by the fourth Monday in June.
- by the superintendent of public instruction, the increase of the average number belonging used to establish the foundation program for the ensuing ANB calculation period is the difference between the approved-estimated-average-number belonging enrollment for the ensuing ANB-ealeulation-period school fiscal year and 106% of the current average-number belonging enrollment. The amount determined is the maximum allowable increase added to the actual-current average number belonging for the purpose of establishing the ensuing year's foundation program.
- (6) Any equalization or entitlement increases resulting from provisions of this section must be reviewed at the end of the ensuing school fiscal year. If the actual average number-belonging enrollment is less than the average number belonging used for foundation program and entitlement calculations, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the foundation program and entitlement calculations

- using the actual average number belonging. All payments received by the district in excess of the revised entitlements are overpayments subject to the refund provisions of 20-9-344(3)."
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Codification instruction.
 6 [Sections 1 through 5] are intended to be codified as an
 7 integral part of Title 20, and the provisions of Title 20
 8 apply to [sections 1 through 5].
- 9 NEW SECTION. SECTION 12. COORDINATION INSTRUCTION. IF
 10 HOUSE BILL NO. 470 IS PASSED AND APPROVED, THEN [SECTION 4
 11 OF THIS ACT] MUST READ AS FOLLOWS:

"SECTION 4. TENURE PROTECTED -- HIRING PREFERENCE FOR

- NONCERTIFIED EMPLOYEES. (1) WHENEVER AN ELEMENTARY

 14 DISTRICT IS ATTACHED TO A HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT TO FORM A

 15 K-12 SCHOOL DISTRICT UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 1], A
- 16 DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT, PRINCIPAL, TEACHER, OR OTHER
 17 CERTIFIED EMPLOYEE OF THE ELEMENTARY DISTRICT WHO HAS A
- 18 RIGHT OF TENURE UNDER MONTANA LAW CONTINUES TO HAVE TENURE
- 19 IN THE K-12 DISTRICT AND THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE HIGH
- 20 SCHOOL DISTRICT IN WHICH THE PERSON WILL PERFORM DUTIES
- 21 SHALL RECOGNIZE AND GIVE EFFECT TO THE RIGHT OF TENURE.
- 22 (2) A NONCERTIFIED, NONPROBATIONARY EMPLOYEE OF AN
- 23 ELEMENTARY DISTRICT THAT IS ATTACHED TO A HIGH SCHOOL
- 24 DISTRICT TO FORM A K-12 DISTRICT MUST BE GIVEN PREFERENCE IN
- 25 HIRING FOR ANY POSITION WITH THE K-12 DISTRICT FOR WHICH THE

- 1 EMPLOYEE HAS SUBSTANTIALLY EQUAL QUALIFICATIONS AND, UPON
- 2 ACCEPTANCE OF A POSITION, MAY NOT BE GIVEN PROBATIONARY
- 3 STATUS."
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is
- 5 effective July 1, 1991.

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