HOUSE BILL 70

Introduced by Strizich

1/03	Introduced
1/03	Fiscal Note Requested
1/03	Referred to Judiciary
1/07	First Reading
1/11	Fiscal Note Received
1/15	Fiscal Note Printed
1/17	Hearing
1/21	Committee ReportBill Passed as Amended
1/24	2nd Reading Passed
1/24	Taken from Engrossing and
	Rereferred to Appropriations
3/11	Hearing
3/22	Tabled in Committee

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case law.

3	BY REQUEST OF THE JOINT INTERIM SUBCOMMITTEE
4	ON ADULT AND JUVENILE DETENTION
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE BOARD
7	OF CRIME CONTROL TO ADOPT STANDARDS FOR THE DESIGN,
8	MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF JAILS AND LOCKUPS; PROVIDING
9	FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF STANDARDS; AND PROVIDING AN
L 0	EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	The intent of [sections 1 through 12] is to authorize
L 4	the board of crime control to adopt standards, review
1.5	applicable design or renovation plans, review inspections
16	for compliance with standards, and assist governing bodies
17	to comply with standards for jails and lockups. It is
18	intended that the board and its staff serve to help jails
19	and lockups comply with standards, rather than solely
20	enforce the standards.
21	The board shall adopt by rule minimum standards of
22	design, maintenance, and operation for jails and lockups.
23	The standards are intended to be an outline of the mandatory
24	minimum necessary for the design, maintenance, and operation
25	of constitutionally acceptable jails and lockups based or

HOUSE BILL NO. 70

INTRODUCED BY STRIZICH

It is intended that the board and its staff inspect jails and lockups for compliance with standards. When a jail 5 or lockup is found to be noncompliant with certain standards, it is intended that any threat to life of inmates 7 staff be immediately remedied. In cases where noncompliance is not life-threatening, it is intended that 9 governing bodies work with the board to develop an action plan to remedy the problem within a reasonable time period. 10 11 If, however, no action plan is developed and no corrective 12 action is taken, it is intended that the board may take 13 appropriate court action, including closure of the facility. 14 It is intended that the board will retain the right to 15 evaluate each design or renovation plan on an individual 16 basis. The design and specifics will be worked out among the 17 board, the local governing body, the respective project architect, appropriate building code inspectors, and the 18 19 state architect. It is not intended that the standards 20 conflict with or supersede existing building codes, health

Finally, it is intended that standards be adopted by

July 1, 1992, but that no facility be closed for

noncompliance with design standards within 3 years of the adoption of the design standards. This is because design

and safety codes, or fire codes.

the "evolving standard of decency" provided in statute and

Design the first the property of the property

involves much time in planning, bonding, and bidding.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Declaration of policy. It is
- 6 the policy of the state of Montana that all jails and
- 7 lockups for adult inmates in the state conform to certain
- 8 minimum standards of design, maintenance, and operation. The
- 9 board and its staff shall regulate and assist jails,
- 10 lockups, and governing bodies in achieving minimum
- 11 standards.
- 12 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions. As used in
- 13 [sections 1 through 12], the following definitions apply:
- 14 (1) "Board" means the board of crime control
- 15 established in 2-15-2006.
- 16 (2) "Detention officer" means a person or a peace
- 17 officer who has full-time or part-time authority and
- 18 responsibility for maintaining custody of inmates and who
- 19 performs tasks related to the operation of a jail or lockup.
- 20 (3) "Governing body" means the entity having authority
- 21 to establish and maintain a jail or lockup.
- 22 (4) "Inmate" means an adult who is confined in a jail
- 23 or lockup.
- 24 (5) "Jail" means a confinement facility for adult
- 25 inmates:

- 1 (a) established and maintained by a city;
- 2 (b) established and maintained by a county;
- 3 (c) established and maintained by two or more local 4 governments; or
- 5 (d) privately owned or operated for one or more units
- 6 of local government.
- 7 (6) "Jail administrator" means the sheriff, chief of
- 8 police, administrator, superintendent, director, or other
- 9 individual serving as the chief executive officer of a jail
- 10 or lockup.
- 11 (7) "Jail staff" means detention officers and personnel
- 12 whose duties include:
- 13 (a) ongoing supervision of the inmates in a jail or
- 14 lockup; or
- 15 (b) support of the fail or lockup operation.
- 16 (8) "Lockup" means a facility for the temporary
- 17 detention of an arrested person for up to 72 hours,
- 18 excluding holidays, Saturdays, and Sundays. The period of
- 19 time a person is held in a lockup may not exceed 96 hours.
- 20 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Powers and duties of board --
- 21 standards -- rulemaking. (1) The board shall:
- 22 (a) establish by rule standards for the design,
- 23 maintenance, and operation of jails and lockups;
- 24 (b) perform other duties as may be necessary to
- 25 implement and enforce standards adopted pursuant to

- subsection (1)(a); and
- (c) assist governing bodies in the development of jails
 and lockups that comply with the standards.
- 4 (2) (a) The board shall study, develop, and implement 5 standards for the design, maintenance, and operation of 6 jails and lockups by July 1, 1992.
- 7 (b) A facility covered by these standards shall comply 8 with state, local, and federal requirements relating to 9 construction, equipment, fire protection, health, and 10 safety.
- 11 (3) The board may enter into agreement with other
 12 agencies or authorities to provide for joint inspections of
 13 jails and lockups.
- 14 (4) The board shall adopt rules to implement [sections 15 1 through 12].
- NEW SECTION. Section 4. Maintenance standards. The standards adopted for maintenance of jails and lockups must include but may not be limited to standards for:
- 19 (1) maintenance of the physical plant, including the 20 structure, its furnishings, and equipment;
- (2) maintenance of all security systems, such as locks
 and related hardware, surveillance and detection systems,
 and communication systems;
- 24 (3) maintenance of fire safety systems and equipment;
 25 and

- 1 (4) procedures for maintenance of adequate levels of 2 jail and lockup sanitation and housekeeping.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Operation standards. The 4 standards adopted for the operation of jails and lockups 5 must include but may not be limited to standards for:
- 6 (1) establishment of written policies and procedures to7 govern jail and lockup operations;
- 3 (2) staffing levels of jails and lockups;
- 9 (3) selection, training, assignment, and supervision of 10 jail staff;
- 11 (4) admission and release of inmates;
- 12 (5) classification and reclassification of inmates,
- 13 including procedures for assignment to housing, programs,
- 14 and related activities:
- 15 (6) documentation to verify the establishment of 16 standardized recordkeeping systems and the provision of 17 essential functions, programs, and services;
- 18 (7) establishment of systems and procedures for the
- 19 handling of inmate mail, visits, and telephone services;
- 20 (8) procedures for inmate access to media, a general
 21 library, and exercise;
- 22 (9) procedures for inmate access to legal materials,
- 23 legal counsel, and religious material and services;
- 24 (10) jail and lockup security procedures and supervision 25 of inmates;

- 1 (11) the conduct of inmates, including inmate
 2 disciplinary and grievance procedures;
- 3 (12) procedures for supervision and use of the jail and 4 lockup arsenal, firearms, and keys;
- 5 (13) procedures for the searching of prisoners and 6 visitors to the jail or lockup;
- 7 (14) admission of visitors, service providers, and other 8 professionals and for their supervision while in the jail or 9 lockup; and
- 10 (15) provision of essential jail and lockup services, 11 including:
- 12 (a) food services;
- (b) medical, dental, and mental health services;
- 14 (c) laundry services;
- 15 (d) educational, counseling, and other rehabilitative
 16 services;
- 17 (e) prisoner hygiene services and access to personal 18 hygiene items; and
- (f) commissary services.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Design standards. (1) The standards adopted for the design of jails and lockups must include but may not be limited to standards for the design and actual construction of new, modified, or renovated jails and lockups when the cost is in excess of \$50,000.
- 25 (2) Prior to contracting for or constructing a jail or

- lockup, the governing body shall submit all applicable plans
- 2 to the board for review to determine compliance with
- 3 standards.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Inspections -- reports. (1)
- 5 The staff of the board shall annually visit and inspect each 6 jail and lockup in the state for purposes of determining
- 7 whether the jails and lockups comply with standards adopted
- 8 by the board.
- 9 (2) A written report of each inspection must be made to
- 10 the jail administrator and the governing body within 30 days
- 11 following an inspection. The report must specify those areas
- in which the jail or lockup does not comply with applicable
- 13 standards.

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- 14 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Failure to meet standards --
- 15 corrective action. (1) If an inspection under [section 7]
- 16 discloses that a jail or lockup does not meet standards
- arodoses ende a jari or rockup does not meet standard
- 17 adopted by the board, the board shall send notice, together
- 18 with the inspection report, to the jail administrator and
 - the governing body responsible for the jail or lockup.
- 20 (2) The jail administrator and the appropriate
- 21 governing body receiving notice of deficiencies shall meet
- 22 promptly to consider the inspection report. The inspection
- 23 personnel shall attend the meeting to advise and consult
- 25 shall prepare a written plan of corrective action. The

concerning appropriate corrective action. The governing body

- 1 governing body may close the jail or lockup or the portion 2 of the jail or lockup failing to meet standards.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Section 9. Corrective action plan approval. The written corrective action plan adopted pursuant to [section 8] must specify the actions to be undertaken and establish a reasonable time schedule for attaining compliance with standards. The board shall review and approve or disapprove the plan and the time schedule.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 10. Failure to take corrective action. (1) The board may petition the district court in which a jail or lockup is located, or the first judicial district court, for an order directing the governing body to correct those areas in which the jail or lockup does not comply with standards or to close the jail or lockup if the governing body fails to:
- 16 (a) initiate corrective action within 6 months of the 17 receipt of an inspection report;
 - (b) correct the noncomplying conditions; or
- 19 (c) close the jail or lockup or the portion of the jail 20 or lockup not complying with standards.
- (2) A petition to the district court must include the 21 22 inspection report regarding the jail or lockup. The 23 governing body has 30 days to respond to the petition.
- 24 (3) The district court shall hold a hearing on the 25 petition and issue an order either:

- (a) dismissing the petition;
- (b) directing that corrective action be initiated in some form by the governing body of the jail or lockup; or
- (c) directing that the jail or lockup be closed.
- (4) If the district court directs that the jail or lockup be closed, the operating authority for that facility shall have the right to appeal the district court's decision
- and to apply for an order staying the closure of the
- facility until the appeal is heard.

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- NEW SECTION. Section 11. When standards applicable. 10
- 11 (1) [Sections 1 through 12] must be implemented upon 12 adoption of standards developed by the board. Inspections 13 must begin after adoption of standards.
 - (2) A jail or lockup may not be closed for noncompliance with standards for operation or maintenance within 2 years of the date of adoption of standards. The board may grant additional time for compliance if it determines no alternative facility is available.
- 19 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), standards 20 relating to the design of a jail or lockup, including 21 plumbing, heating, and wiring, may not be enforced for a period of 3 years from the date of adoption of design 22 23 standards. The board may grant additional compliance if it determines no alternative facility is 24 25 available.

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- 1 (4) If any violations of standards are life-threatening 2 to the inmates or jail personnel, immediate corrective 3 action must be undertaken. The jail administrator shall 4 close the jail or lockup until the threat is removed and 5 corrected.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Role of board -- assistance.
- 7 The board may assist the governing body of a jail or lockup
- 8 in the implementation of standards, preparation of
- 9 corrective plans, planning of new centers, and any other
- 10 area requiring advisory assistance.
- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is
- 12 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-

STATE OF MONTANA - FISCAL NOTE

Form BD-15

In compliance with a written request, there is hereby submitted a Fiscal Note for HB0070, as introduced.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION:

An act authorizing the Board of Crime Control to adopt standards for the design, maintenance, and operation of jails and lockups; providing for the implementation of standards; and providing an effective date.

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. The Board of Crime Control will appoint a nine-member detention center committee.
- The nine-member committee will meet on a quarterly basis and will be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses.
 Those members eligible for compensation as defined by 2-15-124, MCA, shall receive compensation while attending meetings or conducting official board duties.
- 3. The committee will require four permanent staff: a director (Grade 17, Step 2), two inspectors (Grade 15, Step 2), and a secretary (Grade 9, Step 2).

FISCAL IMPACT:

	FY 92			FY 93			
	Current Law	Proposed Law	Difference	<u>Current Law</u>	Proposed Law	Difference	
Expenditures:							
FTE	0.00	4.00	4.00	0.00	4.00	4.00	
Personal Services	0	121,284	121,284	0	127,311	127,311	
Operating Costs	0	42,372	42,372	0	45,072	45,072	
Equipment	0	24,785	<u>24,785</u>	0	3,395	<u>3,395</u>	
Total	0	188,441	188,441	0	175,778	175,778	
Funding:							
General Fund	0	188,441	188,441	0	175,778	175,778	

EFFECT ON COUNTY OR OTHER LOCAL REVENUES OR EXPENDITURES:

The impact on local government is not subject to reasonable estimate / The establishment of jail compliance standards may affect city and country expenditures in order to comply with the standards.

ROD SUNDSTED, BUDGET DIRECTOR

DATE

Office of Budget and Program Planning

ILLIAM STRIZICH, PRIMARY SPONSOR

Fiscal Note for HB0070, as introduced

HB 70

APPROVED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

2	INTRODUCED BY STRIZICE
3	BY REQUEST OF THE JOINT INTERIM SUBCOMMITTEE
4	ON ADULT AND JUVENILE DETENTION
5	
6	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE BOARD
7	OF CRIME CONTROL TO ADOPT STANDARDS FOR THE BESIGN
8	ENVIRONMENT, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF JAILS AND
9	LOCKUPS; PROVIDING FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF STANDARDS; AND
10	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE."
11	
12	STATEMENT OF INTENT
13	The intent of [sections 1 through 12] is to authorize
14	the board of crime control to adopt standards, review
15	applicable design ENVIRONMENTAL or renovation plans, review
16	inspections for compliance with standards, and assist
17	governing bodies to comply with standards for jails and
18	lockups. It is intended that the board and its staff serve
19	to help jails and lockups comply with standards, rather than
20	solely enforce the standards.
21	The board shall adopt by rule minimum ENVIRONMENTAL
22	STANDARDS AND standards of-design, FOR THE maintenance, and
23	operation for OF jails and lockups. The standards are
24	intended to be an outline of the mandatory minimum necessary
25	for the design ENVIRONMENT, maintenance, and operation of

HOUSE BILL NO. 70

1	constitutionally acceptable jails and lockups based on the
2	"evolving standard of decency" provided in statute and case $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) $
3	law.
4	It is intended that the board and its staff inspect
5	jails and lockups for compliance with standards. When a jail
6	or lockup is found to be noncompliant with certain
7	standards, it is intended that any threat to life of inmates
8	or staff be immediately remedied. In cases where
9	noncompliance is not life-threatening, it is intended that
10	governing bodies work with the board to develop an action
11	plan to remedy the problem within a reasonable time period.
12	If, however, no action plan is developed and no corrective
13	action is taken, it is intended that the board may take
14	appropriate court action, including closure of the facility.
15	It is intended that the board will retain the right to
16	evaluate each design ENVIRONMENTAL or renovation plan on an
17	individual basis. The design ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN and
18	specifics will be worked out among the board, the local
19	governing body, the respective project architect, AND
20	appropriate building code inspectors,andthestate
21	architect. It is not intended that the standards conflict
22	with or supersede existing building codes, health and safety
23	codes, or fire codes.

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Finally, it is intended that standards be adopted by July 1, 1992, but that no facility be closed for

- 7 noncompliance with design ENVIRONMENTAL standards within 3
- years of the adoption of the design ENVIRONMENTAL standards.
- 3 This is because design -- involves ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS
- INVOLVE much time in planning, bonding, and bidding.

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- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
- 7 NEW SECTION. Section 1. Declaration of policy. It is
- the policy of the state of Montana that all jails and
- 9 lockups for adult inmates in the state conform to certain
- 10 minimum standards--of--design;--maintenance; ENVIRONMENTAL

STANDARDS AND STANDARDS OF MAINTENANCE and operation. The

- 12
- board and its staff shall regulate and assist jails,
- 13 lockups. and governing bodies in achieving minimum
- 14 standards.
- NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions. 15 As used
- 16 [sections 1 through 12], the following definitions apply:
- 17 (1) "Board" means the board of crime control
- 18 established in 2-15-2006.
- 19 (2) "Detention officer" means a person or a peace
- 20 officer who has full-time or part-time authority and
 - responsibility for maintaining custody of inmates and who
- 22 performs tasks related to the operation of a jail or lockup.
- 23 (3) "ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS" MEANS SPECIFIC STANDARDS
- 24 FOR THE JAIL OR LOCKUP ENVIRONMENT, INCLUDING BUT NOT
- 25 LIMITED TO THE NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET PER INMATE AND THE AIR

- TEMPERATURE IN CELLS AND OTHER ROOMS.
 - entity having (3)(4) "Governing body" means the
- authority to establish and maintain a jail or lockup.
- +4)(5) "Inmate" means an adult who is confined in a
- jail or lockup.
- (5)(6) "Jail" means a confinement facility for adult
- inmates:

- (a) established and maintained by a city;
 - (b) established and maintained by a county;
- (c) established and maintained by two or more local 10
- 11 governments; or
- (d) privately owned or operated for one or more units 12
- of local government. 13
- +6+(7) "Jail administrator" means the sheriff, chief of 14
- police, administrator, superintendent, director, or other
- individual serving as the chief executive officer of a jail 16
- or lockup. 17
- (7)(8) "Jail staff" means detention officers and 18
- 19 personnel whose duties include:
- (a) ongoing supervision of the inmates in a jail or 20
- lockup; or 21
- (b) support of the jail or lockup operation. 22
- (8)(9) "Lockup" means a facility for the temporary 23
- detention of an arrested person for up to 72 hours,
- excluding holidays, Saturdays, and Sundays. The period of

- time a person is held in a lockup may not exceed 96 hours.
- 2 NEW SECTION. Section 3. Powers and duties of board --
- 3 standards -- rulemaking. (1) The board shall:
- 4 (a) establish by rule standards for the design
 - ENVIRONMENT, maintenance, and operation of jails and
- 6 lockups;

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- 7 (b) perform other duties as may be necessary to
- 8 implement and enforce standards adopted pursuant to
 - subsection (1)(a); and
- 10 (c) assist governing bodies in the development of jails
- 11 and lockups that comply with the standards.
- 12 (2) (a) The board shall study, develop, and implement
- 13 standards for the design ENVIRONMENT, maintenance, and
- 14 operation of jails and lockups by July 1, 1992.
- 15 (b) A facility covered by these standards shall comply
- 16 with state, local, and federal requirements relating to
- 17 construction, equipment, fire protection, health, and
- 18 safety.
- 19 (3) The board may enter into agreement with other
- 20 agencies or authorities to provide for joint inspections of
- 21 jails and lockups.
- 22 (4) The board shall adopt rules to implement (sections
- 23 1 through 12].
- 24 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Maintenance standards. The
- 25 standards adopted for maintenance of jails and lockups must

- include but may not be limited to standards for:
- 2 (1) maintenance of the physical plant, including the
 - structure, its furnishings, and equipment;
- 4 (2) maintenance of all security systems, such as locks
- 5 and related hardware, surveillance and detection systems,
- 6 and communication systems;
- 7 (3) maintenance of fire safety systems and equipment;
- 8 and

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- 9 (4) procedures for maintenance of adequate levels of
- 10 jail and lockup sanitation and housekeeping.
- 11 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Operation standards. The
- 12 standards adopted for the operation of jails and lockups
- 13 must include but may not be limited to standards for:
- 14 (1) establishment of written policies and procedures to
- 15 govern jail and lockup operations;
- 16 (2) staffing levels of jails and lockups;
- 17 (3) selection, training, assignment, and supervision of
- 18 jail staff;

- (4) admission and release of inmates;
- 20 (5) classification and reclassification of inmates,
- 21 including procedures for assignment to housing, programs,
- 22 and related activities;
- 23 (6) documentation to verify the establishment of
- 24 standardized recordkeeping systems and the provision of
- 25 essential functions, programs, and services;

1	(7)	establish	ment o	of syste	ems	and	procedures	for	the
2	handling	of inmate	mail,	visits,	and	telep	nhone servi	ces;	

- 3 (8) procedures for inmate access to media, a general 4 library, and exercise;
- 5 (9) procedures for inmate access to legal materials,6 legal counsel, and religious material and services;
- 7 (10) jail and lockup security procedures and supervision
 8 of inmates:
- 9 (11) the conduct of inmates, including inmate
 10 disciplinary and grievance procedures;
- (12) procedures for supervision and use of the jail and lockup arsenal, firearms, and keys;
- (13) procedures for the searching of prisoners andvisitors to the jail or lockup;
 - (14) admission of visitors, service providers, and other professionals and for their supervision while in the jail or lockup; and
- 18 (15) provision of essential jail and lockup services,
 including:
- 20 (a) food services;

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- 21 (b) medical, dental, and mental health services;
- 22 (c) laundry services;
- 23 (d) educational, counseling, and other rehabilitative
 24 services;
- 25 (e) prisoner hygiene services and access to personal

- 1 hygiene items; and
- 2 (f) commissary services.
- NEW SECTION. Section 6. Besign ENVIRONMENTAL
- 4 standards. (1) The standards adopted for the design
- 5 <u>ENVIRONMENT</u> of jails and lockups must include but may not be
- 6 limited to standards for the design ENVIRONMENT and actual
- 7 construction of new, modified, or renovated jails and
- 8 lockups when the cost is in excess of \$50,000.
- 9 (2) Prior to contracting for or constructing a jail or
- 10 lockup, the governing body shall submit all applicable plans
- 11 to the board for review to determine compliance with
- 12 standards.
- NEW SECTION. Section 7. Inspections -- reports. (1)
- 14 The staff of the board shall annually visit and inspect each
- 15 jail and lockup in the state for purposes of determining
- 16 whether the jails and lockups comply with standards adopted
- 17 by the board.
- 18 (2) A written report of each inspection must be made to
- 19 the jail administrator and the governing body within 30 days
- 20 following an inspection. The report must specify those areas
- 21 in which the jail or lockup does not comply with applicable
- 22 standards.
- 23 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Failure to meet standards --
- corrective action. (1) If an inspection under [section 7]
- 25 discloses that a jail or lockup does not meet standards

adopted by the board, the board shall send notice, together 1 with the inspection report, to the jail administrator and 2 the governing body responsible for the jail or lockup. 3

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- (2) The jail administrator and the appropriate governing body receiving notice of deficiencies shall meet promptly to consider the inspection report. The inspection personnel shall attend the meeting to advise and consult 7 concerning appropriate corrective action. The governing body shall prepare a written plan of corrective action. The 9 10 governing body may close the jail or lockup or the portion of the jail or lockup failing to meet standards. 11
 - NEW SECTION. Section 9. Corrective action plan -approval. The written corrective action plan adopted pursuant to [section 8] must specify the actions to be undertaken and establish a reasonable time schedule for attaining compliance with standards. The board shall review and approve or disapprove the plan and the time schedule.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 10. Failure to take corrective action. (1) The board may petition the district court in which a jail or lockup is located, or the first judicial district court, for an order directing the governing body to correct those areas in which the jail or lockup does not comply with standards or to close the jail or lockup if the governing body fails to:
 - (a) initiate corrective action within 6 months of the

- receipt of an inspection report;
- 2 (b) correct the noncomplying conditions; or
- (c) close the jail or lockup or the portion of the jail 3 or lockup not complying with standards.
- 5 (2) A petition to the district court must include the inspection report regarding the jail or lockup. The 6 7 governing body has 30 days to respond to the petition.
- (3) The district court shall hold a hearing on the 9 petition and issue an order either:
- 10 (a) dismissing the petition;

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- (b) directing that corrective action be initiated in 11 12 some form by the governing body of the jail or lockup; or
 - (c) directing that the jail or lockup be closed.
 - (4) If the district court directs that the jail or lockup be closed, the operating authority for that facility shall have the right to appeal the district court's decision and to apply for an order staying the closure of the
- 18 facility until the appeal is heard.
- 19 NEW SECTION. Section 11. When standards applicable.
- (1) [Sections 1 through 12] must be implemented upon 20 adoption of standards developed by the board. Inspections 21
- 22 must begin after adoption of standards.
- 23 (2) A jail or lockup may not be closed for
- noncompliance with standards for operation or maintenance 24
- within 2 years of the date of adoption of standards. The

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- board may grant additional time for compliance if it
 determines no alternative facility is available.
- 3 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), standards
 4 relating to the design ENVIRONMENT of a jail or lockup,
 5 including plumbing, heating, and wiring, may not be enforced
- 6 for a period of 3 years from the date of adoption of design
- 7 ENVIRONMENTAL standards. The board may grant additional time
- 8 for compliance if it determines no alternative facility is
- 9 available.
- 10 (4) If any violations of standards are life-threatening
- 11 to the inmates or jail personnel, immediate corrective
- 12 action must be undertaken. The jail administrator shall
- 13 close the jail or lockup until the threat is removed and
- 14 corrected.
- 15 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Role of board -- assistance.
- 16 The board may SHALL assist the governing body of a jail or
- 17 lockup in the implementation of standards, preparation of
- 18 corrective plans, planning of new centers, and any other
- 19 area requiring advisory assistance.
- NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date. [This act] is
- 21 effective July 1, 1991.

-End-