HOUSE BILL NO. 22

2nd Special Session

Introduced and Referred to Committee on State Administration:
 6/23/82
 Died in Committee

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A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT TO TRANSFER CONTROL OF 5 THE MONTANA STATE PRISON. THE SHAN RIVER YOUTH FOREST CAMP, THE PINE HILLS SCHOOL. THE MOUNTAIN VIEW SCHOOL. AND THE 7 FUNCTIONS OF THE DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF INSTITUTIONS TO A CORRECTIONS COMMISSION: TO ESTABLISH A CORRECTIONS COMMISSION; PROVIDING THE COMMISSION WITH AN 9 10 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR; PROVIDING FOR AN APPROPRIATION; AMENDING 11 SECTIONS 2-15-2302, 2-18-103, 7-4-2913, 7-6-2427, 18-2-301, 12 18-4-104, 20-7-404, 20-9-304, 41-5-103, 41-5-206, 41-5-523, 13 41-5-902, 44-5-202, 44-5-213, 46-18-203, 46-19-303, 14 46-19-305, 46-23-103, 46-23-401, 46-23-1001, 50-3-102, 15 50-21-103, 53-1-101, 53-1-202, 53-1-204, 53-1-206, 53-1-301 16 THROUGH 53-1-304, AND 53-30-105, MCA; AND REPEALING SECTION 17 53-30-201, MCA.#

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

20 NEW_SECTION: Section 1. Corrections commission -allocation -- composition -- terms. (1) There is a 21 22 corrections commission.

23 (2) The corrections commission is allocated to the 24 department of administration for administrative purposes 25 only as prescribed in 2-15-121, except:

	(a)	the	commission	may	hire	personnel.	ane
2-15-	121(2) (d)	does not apply;	and			

- 3 (b) 2-15-121(3)(b) does not apply to allocation of office space at institutions under the control of the commission.
- 6 (3) The commission is composed of five members 7 appointed by the governor as follows:
- 8 (a) one member having professional qualifications in 9 juvenile corrections:
- 10 (b) one member having professional qualifications in 11 adult corrections:
- 12 (c) one member having professional qualifications in 13 law enforcement; and
- 14 (d) two members who have demonstrated an active 15 interest in statewide issues regarding correctional policies. 16
- (4) The appointment of each member is subject to the 17 confirmation of the senate. However, the governor may 18 appoint a member to assume office before the senate meets at 19 its next regular session to consider the appointment. A 20 member so appointed has all the powers of the office upon 21 assuming that office and is a de iure officer. 22 notwithstanding the fact that the senate has not yet 23 confirmed the appointment. If the senate does not confirm 24

the appointment of a member, the governor shall appoint a

200	member	to	serve	for	the	remainder	of	the	term.
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- (5) A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as regular appointments, and the member appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term to which he is appointed.
- (6) The members shall serve staggered terms of 5 years. The initial appointments shall be as follows:
 - (a) two members for 3-year terms;
- (b) one member for a 4-year term; and
- (c) two members for 5-year terms.

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- (7) Members may be removed by the governor only for 11 cause. 12
- commission*s 13 NEW SECTION. Section 2. Corrections powers and duties. The corrections commission shall: 14
 - (1) establish the state's correction policy which shall include but not be limited to policies relating to punishment, public security, deterrence, and rehabilitation;
 - (2) have control and supervision over the juvenile and adult correctional programs and institutions in this state;
 - (3) adopt rules, not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the state, for its own government which are proper and necessary for the execution of the powers and duties conferred upon it by law;
- 23
- 24 (4) provide, subject to the laws of the state, rules 25 for the government of the state's correctional programs and

- institutions;
- (5) keep a record of its proceedings; 2
- (6) report as provided in 2-7-102; 3
- (7) have, when not otherwise provided by law, control
- of all books, records, buildings, grounds, and other
- property of the correctional programs and institutions under
- control of the commission; 7
- (8) have general control of all receipts 8
- disbursements of the correctional programs and institutions 9
- under the control of the commission; and 10
- (9) appoint an executive director of corrections, fix 11
- his term of office and salary, and generally prescribe his 12
- 13 duties.

- NEW SECTION. Section 3. Executive director Ωf 14
- corrections -- powers and duties. In accordance with the
- policies and rules established by the corrections 16
- commission, the executive director of corrections shall: 17
- (1) supervise the administration of all institutions, 18
- commission's the under facilities, and services 19
- Jurisdiction; 20
- (2) employ personnel as required in the administration 21
- of the provisions of [sections 2 through 5]; 22
- (3) prescribe the duties of all personnel of 23
- correctional programs and institutions and rules governing 24
- transfer of employees from one program or institution to 25

- another or transfers within facilities of each institution;
- 2 (4) institute programs for the training and
- 3 development of personnel and may suspend, discharge, or
- 4 otherwise discipline personnel in accordance with policies
- 5 prescribed by the commission:
- 6 (5) establish programs of research, statistics, and
 - planning, including studies and evaluation of the
- 8 performance of the various functions and activities of the
- 9 correctional programs and institutions, studies affecting
- 10 the treatment of offenders, and information about other
- 11 programs;

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- 12 (6) make an annual report to the governor and the
- 13 legislature on the work of the commission, including:
- 14 (a) statistics and other data:
- 15 (b) income derived by the commission from agriculture.
- 16 livestock, and other farming activities and from prison
- 17 inmates* activities:
- 18 (c) a summary of expenditures of the commission; and
 - (d) recommendations for legislation affecting the
- 20 commission:
- 21 (7) submit annually a report to the governor and the
- 22 legislature analyzing the adequacy of the corrections
- 23 policies adopted by the commission and the extent to which
- 24 those policies have been successful: and
- 25 (8) periodically submit to the commission an analysis

- 1 of the programs and institutions under his administration
- 2 and an analysis and evaluation of the adequacy and
- 3 effectiveness of programs, personnel, buildings, and
- facilitles.
- 5 NEW SECTION. Section 4. Institutions in commission.
- 6 The following institutions are under the control of the
- 7 commission:
 - (1) Montana state prison;
- 9 (2) Mountain View school;
- 10 (3) Pine Hills school;
- 11 (4) Swan River youth forest camp; and
- 12 (5) any other institution that provides care and
- 13 services for juvenile delinquents, including but not limited
- 14 to youth forest camps and juvenile reception and evaluation
- 15 centers.
- 16 NEW SECTION. Section 5. Exception to pay schedules.
- 17 The commission may authorize a separate pay schedule for
- 18 medical doctors if the rates provided in the adjusted
- 19 schedules under 2-18-311 and 2-18-312 are not sufficient to
- 20 attract and retain fully licensed and qualified physicians
- 21 at state institutions under the commission's control.
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 6. Appropriation. (1) All funds
- 23 previously appropriated to the department of institutions
- 24 for the division of corrections and for the following
- 25 institutions for fiscal year 1983 are transferred to the

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- (a) Montana state prison; 2
- (b) Mountain View school:
- (c) Pine Hills school;
- (d) Swan River youth forest camp; and
- (e) any other institution which provides care and services for juvenile delinquents, including but not limited 7 to youth forest camps and juvenile reception and evaluation centers. 9
- (2) There is appropriated from the general fund to the 10 commission established in [section 1] for fiscal year 1983 11 [s____] for the administrative costs of the operation of 12 the commission and the salary of the executive director of 13 14 corrections.
 - NEW SECTION. Section 7. Name changes. (1) Any references to "department of institutions" or to "department", meaning the department of institutions, are changed to "corrections commission" or "commission". whichever is applicable, meaning the corrections commission created in [section 1] in the following:
- (a) 41-5-403, 41-5-511, 41-5-803, 41-5-805, 41-5-901, 21 22 41-5-903, 41-5-911 through 41-5-913, and 41-5-922;
- (b) Title 46, chapter 23; and 23
- (c) 53-30-106, 53-30-107, 53-30-109 through 53-30-111, 24 53-30-202 through 53-30-204, 53-30-208 through 53-30-214, 25

and 53-30-226 through 53-30-229. 1

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- (2) The code commissioner shall change the terms in 2 the sections cited in subsection (1) in accordance with this 3 section.
- NEW SECTION. Section 8. Transfer of legal custody. 5 All adults and youths committed under Title 41, chapter 5, or Title 46 to the legal custody of the department of 7 institutions prior to the effective date of this act are transferred to the legal custody of the corrections 9 commission. 19
- Section 9. Section 2-15-2302, MCA, is amended to read: 11 #2-15-2302. Board of pardons -- composition --12 allocation -- quasi-judicial. (1) There is a board of 13 pardons. 14
 - (2) The board consists of three members and an auxiliary member, at least one of whom shall have particular knowledge of Indian culture and problems. Members of the including the auxiliary member, shall possess board. academic training which has qualified them for professional practice in a field such as criminology, education, psychiatry, psychology, law, social work, sociology, or guidance and counseling. Related work experience in the areas listed may be substituted for these educational requirements. 24
 - (3) The auxiliary member shall attend any meeting that 25

a regular board member is unable to attend, and at that time
the auxiliary member has all the rights and responsibilities
of a regular board member.

- (4) The board is allocated to the department of administration for administrative purposes only as prescribed in 2-15-121. However, the board may hire its own personnel, and 2-15-121(2)(d) does not apply.
- 8 (5) The board, including the auxiliary member, is 9 designated as a quasi-judicial board for purposes of 2-15-124, except board members shall be compensated as 10 11 provided by legislative appropriation."
- 12 Section 10. Section 2-18-103, MCA, is amended to read: "Z-18-103. Officers and employees excepted. Parts 1 13 and 2 do not apply to the following positions in state 14 15 qovernment:
- 16 (1) elected officials;

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- 17 (2) county assessors and their chief deputy;
 - (3) officers and employees of the legislative branch;
- 19 (4) judges and employees of the judicial branch;
- 20 (5) members of boards and commissions appointed by the 21 governor, appointed by the legislature, or appointed by 22 other elected state officials;
 - (6) Officers or members of the militia;
- 24 (7) agency heads appointed by the governor;
- 25 (8) academic and professional administrative personnel

- 1 with individual contracts under the authority of the board 2 of regents of higher education;
- (9) academic and professional administrative personnel 3 who have entered into individual contracts with the state school for the deaf and blind under the authority of the 5 state board of public education;
- 7 (10) teachers under the authority of the department of 8 institutions:
- 9 (111 teachers under the authority of the corrections 10 commission:
- 11 flif(12) investment officer and assistant investment 12 officer of the board of investments; and
- +12+(13) four professional staff positions under the 13 14 board of oil and gas conservation."
- Section 11. Section 7-4-2913, MCA, is amended to read: 15
- #7-4-2913. Payment of costs of Inquest. Whenever an 16 inquest is held because of the death of an individual 17

- confined in the state prison, the county clerk of the county
- where the inquest is held shall make out a statement of all 19
- the costs incurred by the county in the inquest, properly 20
- certified by the coroner of the county. This statement shall 21
- be sent to the department--of--institutions warden of the 22
- Montana_state_prison for approval, and after approval, the 23
- department warden shall pay the costs out of the money 24
- appropriated for the support of the state prison to the 25

Section 12. Section 7-6-2427, MCA, is amended to read:

#7-6-2427. Special provisions for certain charges
related to criminal prosecutions. {1} Notwithstanding
7-6-2426, all costs of a criminal prosecution. including
attorneys' fees, of an offense committed in the state prison
are not charges against the county in which the state prison
is located. Such costs shall be paid by the department—of

(2) When a criminal action is removed before trial, the costs accruing upon such removal and trial must be a charge against the county in which the indictment was found or information filed.

Section 13. Section 18-2-301, MCA, is amended to read:

*18-2-301. Bids required -- advertising. (1) It is
unlawful for the board of examiners or any offices,
departments, institutions, or any agent of the state of
Montana acting for or in behalf of the state to do, to cause
to be done, or to let any contract for the construction of
buildings or the alteration and improvement of buildings and
adjacent grounds on behalf of and for the benefit of the
state when the amount involved is \$25,000 or more without
first advertising in at least one issue each week for 3
consecutive weeks in two newspapers published in the state,
one of which must be published at the seat of government and

the other in the county where the work is to be performed,

calling for sealed bids to perform such work and stating the

time and place bids will be considered.

4 (2) All such work may be done, caused to be done, or 5 contracted for only after competitive bidding.

6 (3) If no bid for such work is accepted, the work may
7 not be done or accomplished. The work may be readvertised
8 from time to time until awarded to a qualified competitive
9 bidder.

(4) This section does not apply to work done by inmates at the Montana State prison or at an institution in the department of institutions.*

Section 14. Section 18-4-104, MCA, is amended to read:

14. Purchases exempt from general requirements.

15 (1) Fresh fruits and vegetables (other than potatoes) shall
16 not be included in the supplies to be purchased as provided
17 in this chapter. The department may allow a state agency or
18 institution to purchase fresh fruits and vegetables. An
19 itemized account shall be kept of these purchases and the

account shall be furnished to the department.

(2) Likewise, when immediate delivery of articles or performance of service is required by the public exigencies, the articles or service so required may be procured by open purchase or contract at the place and in the manner in which the articles are usually bought and sold or the services

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engaged between individuals but under the direction of the department.

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- (3) The department of administration may exempt the department of institutions and the corrections commission from the provisions of part 2 of this chapter for the purchase of suitable clothing by the department of institutions or the corrections commission for residents of its their institutions and community-based programs.
- (4) As used in this section, "suitable clothing" means styled, seasonable clothing, which will allow the resident to make a normal appearance in the community."

Section 15. Section 20-7-404, MCA, is amended to read: *20-7-404. Cooperation of state agencies. The state department of health, the department of institutions, the COLLECTIONS COmmissions the department of social and rehabilitation services, and the state school for the deaf and blind shall cooperate with the superintendent of public instruction in assisting school districts in discovering children in need of special education. Nothing herein shall be construed to interfere with the purpose and function of these state agencies."

Section 16. Section 20-9-304, MCA, is amended to read: *20-9-304. Eligibility for and payment of state impact aid. Any district which shall have children of employees of a public institution may be eligible for state impact aid 1 under the following provisions:

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- (1) An "employee" means an employee of a public institution under the administration of the department of institutions, as defined in 53-1-202, or the corrections commission provided for in [section 1] who resides on the property of such a public institution.
- (2) A school district shall receive annually from moneys available for state equalization ald \$150 for each elementary pupil and \$250 for each high school pupil whose parents are employees of an institution located in the school district where the pupil attends school or in a 11 school district which has a tuition agreement with the 12 district where the pupil attends school. 13
 - (3) A district which is eligible for state impact aid shall apply for such aid to the superintendent of public instruction in the manner prescribed by the rules prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (4) The distribution of state impact aid shall be 18 deposited in the general fund of the district and shall not 19 be considered as a part of the state equalization aid but 20 shall be used to reduce the property tax in support of the 21 general fund of the district." 22
- Section 17. Section 41-5-103, MCA, is amended to read: 23 #41-5-103. Definitions. For the purposes of the 24 Montana Youth Court Act, unless otherwise stated the

f-11miles	definitions	annly:

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- 2 (1) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years of age 3 or older•
 - (2) "Agency" means the department—of—institutions
 corrections commission, the department of social and
 rehabilitation services, and any division or department of
 either.
 - (3) "Commit" means to transfer to legal custody.
- (4) "Court", when used without further qualification,
 means the youth court of the district court.
- 11 (5) "Foster home" means a private residence approved
 12 by the court for placement of a youth.
- 13 (6) "Guardianship" means the status created and 14 defined by law between a youth and an adult with the 15 reciprocal rights, duties, and responsibilities.
- (7) "Judge", when used without further qualification,
 means the judge of the youth court.
- 18 (8) (a) "Legal custody" means the legal status created

 19 by order of a court of competent jurisdiction that gives a

 20 person the right and duty to:
- 21 (i) have physical custody of the youth;
- (iI) determine with whom the youth shall live and for what period;
- 24 (iii) protect, train, and discipline the youth; and
- 25 (iv) provide the youth with food, shelter, education,

and ordinary medical care.

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- 2 (b) An individual granted legal custody of a youth 3 shall personally exercise his rights and duties as guardian 4 unless otherwise authorized by the court entering the order.
- 5 (9) **Parent* means the natural or adoptive parent but
 6 does not include a person whose parental rights have been
 7 judicially terminated, nor does it include the putative
 8 father of an illegitimate youth unless his paternity is
 9 established by an adjudication or by other clear and
 10 convincing proof.
- 11 (10) "Youth" means an individual who is less than 18
 12 years of age without regard to sex or emancipation.
- (11) "Youth court" means the court established pursuant
 to this chapter to hear all proceedings in which a youth is
 alleged to be a delinquent youth, a youth in need of
 supervision, or a youth in need of care and includes the
 youth court, the judge, and probation officers.
 - (12) "Delinquent youth" means a youth:
- 19 (a) who has committed an offense which, if committed
 20 by an adult, would constitute a Criminal offense;
- 21 (b) who, having been placed on probation as a 22 delinquent youth or a youth in need of supervision, violates 23 any condition of his probation.
- 24 (13) "Youth in need of supervision" means a youth who commits an offense prohibited by law which, if committed by

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an adult, would not constitute a criminal offense,	including
but not limited to a youth who:	

3 (a) violates any Montana municipal or state law 4 regarding use of alcoholic beverages by minors;

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- (b) habitually disobeys the reasonable and lawful demands of his parents or guardian or is ungovernable and beyond their control;
 - (c) being subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually truent from school; or
- 10 (d) has committed any of the acts of a delinquent
 11 youth but whom the youth court in its discretion chooses to
 12 regard as a youth in need of supervision.
- 13 (14) "Youth in need of care" means a youth as defined 14 in 41-3-102.
 - (15) "Custodian" means a person other than a parent or guardian to whom legal custody of the youth has been given but does not include a person who has only physical custody.
- 18 (16) "Necessary parties" include the youth, his
 19 parents, quardian, custodian, or spouse.
- 20 (17) "State youth correctional facility" means a
 21 residential facility for the rehabilitation of delinquent
 22 youth such as Pine Hills school in Miles City, and Mountain
 23 View school in Helena, and Swan River youth forest camp.
- 24 (18) "Shelter care" means the temporary care of youth 25 in physically unrestricting facilities.

1 (19) "Detention" means the temporary care of youth in 2 physically restricting facilities.

(20) "District youth guidance home" means a family-oriented residence established in a judicial district of the state of Montana as an alternative to existing state youth correctional facilities, the function of which is to provide a home and guidance through adult supervision for delinquent youths and youths in need of supervision.

(21) "Restitution" means payments in cash to the victim or with services to the victim or the general community when these payments are made under the jurisdiction of a youth court proceeding."

Section 18. Section 41-5-206, MCA, is amended to read:

#41-5-206. Transfer to criminal court. (1) After a

petition has been filed alleging delinquency, the court may,

upon motion of the county attorney, before hearing the

petition on its merits, transfer the matter of prosecution

to the district court if:

- 19 (a) the youth charged was 16 years of age or more at
 20 the time of the conduct alleged to be unlawful and the
 21 unlawful act is one or more of the following:
- 22 (i) criminal homicide as defined in 45-5-101;
- 23 (ii) arson as defined in 45-6-103;
- 24 (iii) aggravated assault as defined in 45-5-202;
- 25 (iv) robbery as defined in 45-5-401;

(v)	burglary or	aggravated	burglary	as	defined	in
45-6-204:						

- (vi) sexual intercourse without consent as defined in 3 45-5-503; 4
- (vii) aggravated kidnapping as defined in 45-5-303;

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- (viii) possession of explosives as defined in 45-8-335;
- (ix) criminal sale of dangerous drugs for profit as 7 included in 45-9-101; 8
- (x) attempt as defined in 45-4-103 of any of the acts 9 enumerated in subsections (1)(a)(i) through (1)(a)(ix); 10
- (b) a hearing on whether the transfer should be made is held in conformity with the rules on a hearing on a 12 petition alleging delinguency, except that the hearing will 13 14 be to the youth court without a jury;
 - (c) notice in writing of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing is given to the youth, his counsel, and his parents, guardian, or custodian at least 10 days before the hearing: and
 - (d) the court finds upon the hearing of all relevant evidence that there are reasonable grounds to believe that:
- 21 (i) the youth committed the delinquent act alleged;
 - (ii) the seriousness of the offense and the protection of the community require treatment of the youth beyond that afforded by juvenile facilities; and
- 25 (iii) the alleged offense was committed

1	aggressive,	violent.	or	premeditated	manner.
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- (2) In transferring the matter of prosecution to the 2 district court, the court may also consider the following 3 4 factors:
 - (a) the sophistication and maturity of the youth. determined by consideration of his home, environmental situation, and emotional attitude and pattern of living;
 - (b) the record and previous history of the youtn, including previous contacts with the youth court, law enforcement agencies, youth courts in other jurisdictions, prior periods of probation, and prior commitments to Juvenile institutions. However, lack of a prior juvenile history with youth courts will not of itself be grounds for denying the transfer.
 - (c) the severity of the offense;
- (d) the prospects for adequate protection of the 16 public and the likelihood of reasonable rehabilitation of 17 the youth by the use of procedures, services, and facilities 18 currently available to the youth court. 19
- (3) Upon transfer to district court, the judge shall 20 make written findings of the reasons why the jurisdiction of 21 the court was waived and the case transferred to district 22 23 court.
- (4) The transfer terminates the jurisdiction of the 24 court over the youth with respect to the acts alleged in the 25

- petition. No youth may be prosecuted in the district court for a criminal offense originally subject to the jurisdiction of the youth court unless the case has been transferred as provided in this section.
- (5) Upon order of the court transferring the case to the district court, the county attorney shall file the information against the youth without unreasonable delay.
- (6) Any offense not enumerated in subsection (1)(a) that arises during the commission of a crime enumerated in subsection (1)(a) may be:
- 11 (a) tried in youth court;

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- 12 (b) transferred to district court with an offense 13 enumerated in subsection (1)(a), upon motion of the county 14 attorney and acceptance by the district court judge.
 - (7) If a youth is found quilty in district court of any of the offenses enumerated in subsection (1)(a) of this section and is sentenced to the state prison, his commitment shall be to the department—of—institutions corrections commission which shall confine the youth in whatever institution under its control that it considers proper.
- Section 19. Section 41-5-523, MCA, is amended to read:

 #41-5-523. Disposition of delinquent youth and youth

 in need of supervision. (1) If a youth is found to be

 delinquent or in need of supervision, the court may enter

 its judgment making the following disposition:

(a) place the youth on probation;

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- (b) place in a licensed foster home or a home approvedby the court;
- 4 (c) place the youth in a private agency responsible 5 for the care and rehabilitation of such a youth, including 6 but not limited to a district youth guidance home;
- (d) transfer legal custody to the department---ef

 institutions corrections commission; provided, however, that

 in the case of a youth in need of supervision, such transfer

 of custody does not authorize the department-of-institutions

 corrections commission to place the youth in a state youth

 correctional facility and such custody may not continue for

 a period of more than 6 months without a subsequent court

 order after notice and hearing;
 - (e) such further care and treatment or evaluation that the court considers beneficial to the youth, consistent with subsection (1)(d) of this section;
 - (f) order restitution by the youth.
- 19 (2) At any time after the youth has been taken into
 20 custody, the court may, with the consent of the youth in the
 21 manner provided in 41-5-303 for consent by a youth to waiver
 22 of his constitutional rights or after the youth has been
 23 adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision:
 - (a) order the youth to be evaluated by the department
 of--institutions corrections commission for a period not to

exceed 45 days of evaluation at a reception and evaluation center for youths; or

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(b) in the case of a delinquent youth 16 years or older whom the court considers a suitable person for placement at a youth forest camp, notify the executive director of the-department-of--institutions corrections of the finding. The executive director of the department of institutions shall then designate to the court the facility to which the youth shall be delivered for evaluation. The court may then commit the youth to the department -- of institutions corrections commission for a period not to exceed 45 days for the purpose of evaluation as to the youth's suitability for placement and order the youth delivered for evaluation to the youth facility designated by the executive director. If after the evaluation the department-of-institutions commission reports to the court that such child is suitable for placement in a youth forest camp and if there is space available at a camp, the court may then commit such child directly to the youth forest camp under the terms of commitment of this chapter. If the department-of-institutions commission reports and states the reasons to the court why the youth is not suitable for placement, the youth shall be returned to the court for such further disposition as the court may consider advisable under the provisions of this chapter. The costs of transporting the youth to the designated youth facility for evaluation and cost of returning the youth to the court shall be borne by the county of residence of the youth.

(3) No youth may be committed or transferred to a 4 penal institution or other facility used for the execution 5 of sentence of adult persons convicted of crimes except as provided by subsection (2)(b). 7

(4) Any order of the court may be modified at any time.

[5] Whenever the court vests legal custody in an 10 agency, institution, or department, it must transmit with 11 the dispositional judgment copies of a medical report and 12 such other clinical, predisposition, or other reports and 13 information pertinent to the care and treatment of the 14 youth. 15

(6) The order of commitment to the department--of 16 institutions corrections commission shall read as follows: 17

ORDER OF COMMITMENT 18

19 State of Montana)

) 55. 20

County of) 21

In the district court for the Judicial District. 22

on the day of, 19..., aminor of this 23

county, years of age, was brought before me charged 24

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1	with Upon due proof I find that is a suitable
2	person to be committed to the department-ofinstitutions
3	corrections commission.
4	It is ordered that be committed to the department
5	of-institutions corrections commission until
6	The names, addresses, and occupations of the parents
7	are:
8	Name Address Occupation
9	***************************************
10	***************************************
11	The names and addresses of their nearest relatives are:
12	***************************************
13	***************************************
14	Witness my hand this day of A.D. 19
15	*****************
16	Judge**
17	Section 20. Section 41-5-902, MCA, is amended to read:
18	#41-5-902. Rules. The d+rectorof-the-department-of
19	institutions corrections commission may adopt reasonable
20	rules and standards to carry out the administration and
21	purposes of this part.
22	Section 21. Section 44-5-202, MCA, is amended to read:
23	#44-5-202. Photographs and fingerprints. (1) The
24	following agencies may, if authorized by subsections (2)
25	through (5), collect, process, and preserve photographs and

1	fingerprints:
2	(a) any criminal justice agency performing, under law
3	the functions of a police department or a sheriff's office,
4	or both;
5	(b) the corrections commission:
6	<pre>tb)(c) the department of institutions; and</pre>

{c}(d) the department of justice.

- (2) The department-of-institutions parsonnel of the corrections commission may photograph and fingerprint anyone under the jurisdiction of the division of corrections or its successor who is committed to an institution or program under the control of the commission.
- 13 (3) A criminal justice agency described in subsection
 14 (1)(a) shall photograph and fingerprint a person who has
 15 been arrested or noticed or summoned to appear to answer an
 16 information or indictment if:
 - (a) the charge is the commission of a felony;
- 18 (b) the identification of an accused is in issue; or
 - (c) it is required to do so by court order.
- 20 (4) Whenever a person charged with the commission of a
 21 felony is not arrested, he shall submit himself to the
 22 sheriff, chief of police, or other concerned law enforcement
 23 officer for fingerprinting at the time of his initial
 24 appearance in court to answer the information or indictment
 25 against him.

- (5) A criminal justice agency described in subsection (1)(a) may photograph and fingerprint an accused if he has been arrested for the commission of a misdemeanor, except that an individual arrested for a traffic, regulatory, or fish and game offense may not be photographed or fingerprinted unless he is incarcerated.
- (6) Within 10 days the originating agency shall send the state repository a copy of each fingerprint taken on a completed form provided by the state repository.
- (7) The state repository shall compare the fingerprints received with those already on file in the state repository. If it is determined that the individual is wanted or is a fugitive from justice, the state repository shall at once inform the originating agency. If it is determined that the individual has a criminal record, the state repository shall send the originating agency a copy of the individual's complete criminal history record.
- (8) Photographs and fingerprints taken shall be returned by the state repository to the originating agency, which shall return all copies to the individual from whom they were taken:
- 22 (a) if a court so orders; or

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- 23 (b) upon the request of the individual:
- 24 (i) if no charges were filed;
- (ii) if a misdemeanor charge did not result in a 25

conviction; or

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(iii) if the individual was found innocent of the 2 offense charged."

Section 22. Section 44-5-213, MCA, is amended to read: #44-5-213. Procedures to ensure accuracy of criminal 5 history records. In order to ensure complete and accurate criminal history record information: 7

- (1) the department of justice shall maintain a 8 centralized state repository of criminal history record information to serve all criminal justice agencies in the 10 state; 11
- (2) dispositions resulting from formal proceedings in a court having jurisdiction in a criminal action against an individual who has been photographed and fingerprinted under 44-5-202 shall be reported to the originating agency and the state repository within 15 days. If the dispositions can readily be collected and reported through the court system; the dispositions may be submitted to the state repository by the administrative office of the courts. 19
- (3) an originating agency shall advise the state 20 repository within 30 days of all dispositions concerning the 21 termination of criminal proceedings against an individual 22 who has been photographed and fingerprinted under 44-5-202; 23
- (4) the corrections commission and the department of 24 institutions shall advise the state repository within 30 25

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read:

days of all dispositions subsequent to conviction of an individual who has been photographed and fingerprinted under 44-5-202;

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- repository prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information to ensure the timeliness of the information. When no final disposition is shown by the state repository records, the state repository shall query the source of the document or other appropriate source for current status. Inquiries shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases in which time is of the essence and the repository is technically incapable of responding within the necessary time period. If time is of the essence, the inquiry shall still be made and the response shall be forwarded as soon as it is received.
- (6) each criminal justice agency shall ensure that all its criminal justice information is complete, accurate, and current; and
- (7) the department of justice shall adopt rules for criminal justice agencies other than those that are part of the judicial branch of government to implement this section.

 The department of justice may adopt rules for the same purpose for the judicial branch of government if the supreme court consents to the rules.**
- Section 23. Section 46-18-203, MCA, is amended to

2 #46-18-203. Revocation of suspended or deferred sentence. A judge, magistrate, or justice of the peace who has suspended the execution of a sentence or deferred the imposition of a sentence of imprisonment under 46-18-201 or his successor is authorized, during the period of the 7 suspended sentence or deferred imposition of sentence, in his discretion, to revoke the suspension or impose sentence and order the person committed. He may also, in his 9 discretion, order the prisoner placed under the jurisdiction 10 of the department-of-institutions corrections commission as 11 provided by law or retain such jurisdiction with his court. 12 Prior to the revocation of an order suspending or deferring 13 the imposition of sentence, the person affected shall be 14 15 given a hearing."

17 read: #46-19-303. Power of governor to enter into contracts. 18 The governor is hereby empowered to designate the 19 corrections commission or the department of institutions to 20 enter into such contracts recommended by the corrections 21 commission or by the department on behalf of this state as 22 may be appropriate to implement the participation of this 23 state in the Western Interstate Corrections Compact pursuant 24 to 46-19-301. 25

Section 24. Section 46-19-303, MCA, is amended to

1	Section 25.	Section	46-19-305+	MCA+	i s	amended	to
2	read:						

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*46-19-305. Hearings requested by other states. The board of pardons, the corrections commission, and the department of institutions shall hold such hearings as may be requested by any other party state pursuant to Article IV(6) of the Western Interstate Corrections Compact."

Section 26. Section 46-23-103. MCA. is amended to 8 read:

#46-23-103. Definitions. Unless the context requires 10 otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply: 11 12

(1) "Board" means the board of pardons provided for in 2-15-2302.

- 14 (2) "Bepartment" "Commission" means the department-of 15 institutions corrections commission provided for in Fitle-29 chapter-15y-part-23 [section 1]. 16
 - (3) "Executive clemency" refers to the powers of the governor as provided by section 12 of Article VI of the constitution of Montana.
 - (4) "Parole" means the release to the community of a prisoner by the decision of the board prior to the expiration of his term, subject to conditions imposed by the board and subject to supervision of the department -- of institutions corrections commission-"
- 25 Section 27. Section 46-23-401, MCA, is amended to

read: 1

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#46-23-401. Definitions. Unless the context requires 2 otherwise, in this part the following definitions apply: 3

(1) "Applicant" means any prisoner who is eligible under 46-23-411 and who signs an application to participate 5 in the supervised release program.

(2) "Board" means the board of pardons provided for in 7 2-15-2302.

(3) "Department" "Commission" means the department-of 9 institutions corrections commission provided for in 10 2-15-2301 [section 1]. 11

(4) "Prisoner" means a person sentenced by a state 12 district court to a term of confinement in the state prison. 13

(5) "State prison" means the Montana state prison at 14 Deer Lodge or any adult correctional facility designated by 15 the department commission. 16

(6) "Sponsor" means any federal, state, county, local, or private agency, Indian tribe and reservation, or any person, group, association, or organization approved by the 19 department commission to undertake the supervision of 20 prisoners participating in the supervised release program. 21

(7) "Supervising agent" means a probation and parole 22

officer of the department Commission." 23

Section 28. Section 46-23-1001, MCA, is amended to 24 read: 25

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1	*46-23-1001.	Definitions.	As use	d In this	part, unless
2	the context requir	es otherwise,	the	following	definitions
3	apply:				

- (1) "Board" means the board of pardons provided for in
 - (2) "Bepartment" "Commission" means the department-of institutions corrections commission provided for in Fitte-2v chapter-15v-part-23 [section 1].

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- (3) "Parole" means the release to the community of a prisoner by the decision of the board prior to the expiration of his term, subject to conditions imposed by the board and subject to supervision of the department commission.
- (4) "Probation" means the release by the court without imprisonment, except as otherwise provided by law, of a defendant found guilty of a crime upon verdict or pleasubject to conditions imposed by the court and subject to the supervision of the department commission upon direction of the court."
- Section 29. Section 50-3-102, MCA, is amended to read:

 "50-3-102. Powers and duties of state fire marshal.

 (1) For the purpose of reducing the state's fire loss, the state fire marshal shall:
- (a) make at least one inspection a year of each state
 institution in the department of institutions and submit a

- copy of the report to the department of institutions with recommendations in regard to fire prevention, fire protection, and public safety;
- to the make at least one inspection a year of each state
 institution under the control of the corrections commission
 and submit a copy of the report to the commission with
 recommendations in regard to fire preventions fire
 protections and public safety:
- 9 thicl make at least one inspection a year of each
 10 unit of the Montana university system and submit a copy of
 11 the report to the commissioner of higher education with
 12 recommendations in regard to fire prevention, fire
 13 protection, and public safety;
- 14 (e)(d) inspect public, business, or industrial
 15 buildings and require conformance to law and rules
 16 promulgated under the provisions of this chapter;
- 17 (d)(a) assist local fire and law enforcement 18 authorities in arson investigations and supervise such 19 investigations when, in his judgment, supervision is
- 20 necessary:
- 21 telf[] review all training programs on investigation
 22 of accidental and incendiary fires;
- 23 (fflg) provide fire prevention and fire protection 24 information to public officials and the general public;
- 25 tgt[h] encourage and assist local fire authorities in

fire prev	entic	on programs	and adop	ot standards	and	implem	ent	a
program	to	encourage	fire	departments	to	neet	Suc	:h
standards	: 1							

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thill be the state entity primarily responsible for promoting fire safety at the state level and to represent the state in structural fire matters;

fill) encourage coordination of all services and agencies in structural fire matters to reduce duplication and fill voids in services;

ttt(k) establish rules concerning responsibilities and procedures to be followed when there is a threat of explosive material in a building housing state offices;

fk+111 keep in his office a record of all fires occurring in the state, the origin of the fires, and all facts, statistics, and circumstances relating thereto which have been determined by investigations under the provisions of chapter 63 of this title; and, except for statements of witnesses given during an investigation and information that may be held in confidence under 50~63-403, the record shall be open at all times to public inspection; and

†††(E) make an annual report to the attorney general containing a detailed statement of his official action and the transactions of his department, and the attorney general shall, in turn, submit the report to the governor with such recommendations and comments thereon as he considers

1	necessar	y.

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- (2) The state fire marshal may:
- (a) adopt rules necessary for safeguarding life and 3 property from the hazards of fire and explosion and carrying into effect the fire prevention laws of this state; and 5
- (b) if necessary to safeguard life and property under 6 rules promulgated pursuant to this section, maintain an 7 action to enjoin the use of all or a portion of a building or restrain a specific activity until there is compliance with the rules." 10
- Section 30. Section 50-21-103, MCA, is amended to 11 read: 12
- #50-21-103. Limitations on right to perform autopsy or 13 dissection. The right to perform an autopsy, dissect a human 14 body, or make any post-mortem examination involving 15 dissection of any part of a body is limited to cases where: 16
 - (1) specifically authorized by law;
 - (2) a coroner is authorized to hold an inquest and then only to the extent that the coroner may authorize dissection or autopsy:
- (3) authorized by a written statement of the deceased: 21 whether the statement is of a testamentary character or 22 otherwise; 23
- (4) authorized by the husband, wife, or next of kin 24 responsible by law for burial to determine the cause of 25

death and then only to the extent so authorized	death and	then	only	to	the	extent	50	authorized
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- (5) the decedent died in a hospital operated by the United States veterans administration. Montana school for the deaf and blind, the corrections commissions or an institution in the department of institutions leaving no surviving husband, wife, or next of kin responsible by law for burial and the manager or superintendent of the hospital or institution where death occurred obtains authority on order of the district court to determine the cause of death and then only to the extent authorized by court order;
- (6) the decedent died in the state, was a resident, but left no surviving husband, wife, or next of kin charged by law with the duty of burial and the attending physician obtains authority on order of the district court for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of death and then only to the extent authorized by court order after it has been shown that the physician made diligent search for the next of kin responsible by law for burial.*
- Section 31. Section 53-1-101, MCA, is amended to read:

 #53-1-101. Definitions. Unless the context requires

 otherwise, in this chapter the following definitions apply:
- (1) *Department* means the department of institutions provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 23.
- 24 (2) "Director" means the director of institutions 25 provided for in 2-15-2301.

1	(3) "Institution" means any of the institutions list	ed
2	in 53-1-202 <u>and [section 4]</u> •*	
3	Section 32. Section 53-1-202, MCA, is amended to rea	d

- 4 "53-1-202. Institutions in department. (1) The
- 5 following institutions are in the department:
- 6 (a) Galen state hospital;
- 7 (b) Montana veterans' home;
- 8 te}--State-prisont
- 9 (d)--Mountain-View-school;
- 10 fel--Pine-Hills-schoolf
- 11 tf+(c) Boulder River school and hospital;
- 12 (g)(d) Warm Springs state hospital;
- 13 this Montana center for the aged;
- 14 tij--Swan-River-youth-forest-campt
- 15 (j)(f) Eastmont training centerts
- 16 (k)--Any-other--institution--which--provides--core--and
- 17 services-for-juvenile-delinquentsy-ineluding-but-net-limited
- 18 to--youth-forest-camps-and-juvenile-feception-and-evaluation
- 19 centers
- 20 (2) A state institution may not be moved,
- 21 discontinued, or abandoned without prior consent of the
- 22 legislature."
- 23 Section 33. Section 53-1-204, MCA, is amended to read:
- 24 #53-1-204. Responsibility of warden-----and
- 25 superintendents of institutions. The warden---or

superintendents of institutions in the department are responsible for the immediate management and control of their respective institutions, subject to the general policies and programs established by the department.

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Section 34. Section 53-1-206, MCA, is amended to read: *53-1-206. Participation by institutions in research programs. The department corrections commission may direct require that a penal and corrective institution of the state to participate in and cooperate with programs of research and development being conducted and carried on by any units of the Montana university system, by any of the other educational institutions of the state of Montana, or by any foundation or agency thereof in the fields of science, health, education, and natural resources. These programs may include the voluntary participation of the immates of the institution in testing and experimental work conducted as a part thereof. Any funds received from the authorized programs may be shared with the participating inmates or otherwise held and used for the welfare and rehabilitation thereof and may not become a part of the regular budgeted operation of the institution.*

Section 35. Section 53-1-301, MCA, is amended to read:

estimates

1	(1) establish industries in <u>facilities under their</u>
2	jurisdiction: including institutions under the department of
3	institutions and the corrections commission, which will
4	result in the production or manufacture of such products and
5	the rendering of such services as may be needed by any
6	department or agency of the state or any political
7	subdivision thereof, by any agency of the federal
8	government, by any other states or their political
9	subdivisions, or by nonprofit organizations and that will
10	assist in the rehabilitation of residents in institution
11	such facilities;

(2) contract with private industry for the sale of goods or components manufactured or produced in shops under its jurisdiction;

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- (3) print catalogs describing goods manufactured or produced by institutions a facility and distribute the catalogs;
- 18 (4) fix the sale price for goods produced or
 19 manufactured at institutions a <u>facility</u>. Prices shall not
 20 exceed prices existing in the open market for goods of
 21 comparable quality.
- 22 (5) require institutions a facility under its
 23 jurisdiction to purchase needed goods from other
 24 institutions facilities:
- 25 (6) provide for the repair and maintenance of property

and equipment of institutions a facility by residents of institutions facilities:

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- 3 (7) provide for construction projects up to the 4 aggregate sum of \$25,000 per project, by residents of 5 enoitutions facilities; provided. however. said 6 construction work is not covered by a collective bargaining 7 agreement:
- 8 (8) provide for the repair and maintenance at an 9 institution a facility of furniture and equipment of any 10 state agency:
- 11 (9) provide for the manufacture at an-institution a 12 facility of motor vehicle license plates and other related 13 articles:
 - (10) with the approval of the commission or department, sell manufactured or agricultural products and livestock on the open market;
 - (11) provide for the manufacture at en--institution a facility of highway, road, and street marking signs for the use of the state or any of its political subdivisions, except when the manufacture of the signs is in violation of a collective bargaining contract;
- 22 (12) (a) pay an inmate or resident of an-institution a facility from receipts from the sale of products produced or 23 24 manufactured or services rendered in a program in which he 25 is working.

- 1 (b) Payment for the performance of work may be based on the following criteria:
- 3 (i) knowledge and skill:
- (ii) attitude toward authority;
- (iii) physical effort:

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- (iv) responsibility for equipment and materials;
- 7 (v) regard for safety of others.
- 8 (c) The maximum rate of pay shall be determined by the 9 appropriation established for each program."
- 10 Section 36. Section 53-1-302, MCA, is amended to read:
- 11 #53-1-302. Disposition of receipts from sale of goods.
- an institution in the department of institutions or the 13

Receipts from the sale of goods produced or manufactured by

corrections commission shall be deposited in the revolving

- fund account for the use of the industries program of the 15
- appropriate institution. At the end of each biennium, all
- unobligated revolving funds over a \$50,000 ending-fund 17
- balance, except for those funds reserved for equipment 18
- replacement as determined by an equipment replacement 19
- schedule, shall revert to the state general fund account." 20
- Section 37. Section 53-1-303, MCA, is amended to read: 21
- #53-1-303. Prohibited acts. Unless permitted by the 22
- department or the corrections commission, arranging for the 23
- labor of a resident of an institution in the department of 24
- institutions or the corrections commission is prohibited." 25

Section 38. Section 53-1-304, MCA, is amended to read:
#53-1-304. Supervision of industries program. ∓he ∆0
industries program shall be supervised by the director of
the department of institutions or his designated
representative or by the corrections commission, provided
the administration of the industries program is separate
from the administration of any institution where the program
may be located."

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Section 39. Section 53-30-105, MCA, is amended to 9 10 read:

*53-30-105. Good time allowance. (1) The department-of institutions corrections commission shall adopt rules providing for the granting of good time allowance for inmates employed in any prison work or activity. The good time allowance shall operate as a credit on his sentence as imposed by the court, conditioned upon the inmate's good behavior and compliance with the rules made by the department-or the worden commission. The rules adopted by the department commission may not grant good time allowance to exceed:

- (a) 10 days per month for inmates assigned to maximum. close+ and medium I security classifications:
- 23 (b) 13 days per month for those classified as medium 24 II and minimum security classifications:
- 25 (c) 15 days per month for inmates after having been

- assigned as medium II or minimum security for an 1 uninterrupted period of 1 year;
- (d) 13 days per month for those inmates enrolled in 3 school who successfully complete the course of study or who while so enrolled are released from prison by discharge or 5 parole; 6
 - (e) 3 days per month for those inmates participating in self-improvement activities designated by the department.
- (2) In the event of an attempted escape by an inmate 9 or a violation of the rules prescribed by the department---or 10 warden commission, the Inmate may be punished by the 11 forfeiture of part or all good time allowances. The--warden 12 of--the--state--prison--shall--advise--the-department-of-any 13 attempted-escape-or-violation-of-rules-on-the--part--of--the 14 inmater--Any-punishment-by-forfeiture-of-good-time-allowance 15 must-be-approved-by-the-departments 16
- (3) A person may not earn good time under this section 17 while he is on probation or parole." 18
- NEW SECTION. Section 40. Codification. Section 1 is 19 intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 2, 20 chapter 15, part 10, and the provisions of Title 2, chapter 21
- 15. apply to section 1. NEW SECTION. Section 41. Repealer. Section 53-30-201. 23
- MCA. is repealed. 24

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NEW_SECTION. Section 42. Effective date. This act is 25

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effective July 1, 1982.

-End-